

What Southern States would do to take effect...
The Governor of Virginia is on his high...
Governor Wise is a great statesman...
The first attempt to supply cities in the...
The New York Gas Light Company, with a...
The Manhattan Gas Light Company has one...
These companies jointly light and keep in...
The gas is manufactured from rich bituminous...
The bituminous coal is thrown into a hot...
The machinery of all gas manufacturers is...
The consumer looks up his house and goes...
The consumer looks up his house and goes...

Gas and Gas Lights.
The most unsatisfactory bill that a house-keeper pays is his gas bill. It is an imperious...
It will please our gas-consuming housekeepers...
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LEGAL NOTICES

[illegible][illegible][illegible][illegible]

Also, a claim against GEORGE M. DERRICK and JOHN P. DUNN for the said Bond, which is in their possession and control, and by them to be delivered to the City of New York.

Dated at OGDENSBURG, N. Y., this 1st day of JANUARY, 1902.

Wm. C. BROWN, Editor.

SUPREME COURT-CITY AND COUNTY OF NEW YORK.-JAMES W. TUCKER and ALBERT O. WHITEHORE, plaintiffs, against HENRY A. NOLD and JOHN DONN, the latter a defendant named in a writ of Habeas Corpus, and the former a defendant in a writ of Habeas Corpus, defendants. You are hereby summoned and notified to appear before the Honorable the Judge of the Court of Sessions of the City and County of New York, at the office of the Clerk of the City and County of New York, in the City Hall, in the City of New York, at ten o'clock in the forenoon of the 10th day of January, 1902, to answer to the said complaint on the above captioned writ of Habeas Corpus.

office, No. 229 Broadway, in said City, within
after the service thereof, exclusive of the costs
incurred and to be paid by the plaintiff at the
time forepassed, the plaintiff, in this ad-
judgment against you for the sum of six
twenty-nine dollars and thirty-three cents,
from the 16th day of March, 1907, to the date
of this action.—Dated New York, Nov. 14, 1907.

FANCHER & EAGER, Plaintiffs Attorneys.
The complaint above described was filed in office
Apr. 28, 1908.

FANCHER & EAGER,
Plaintiffs Attorneys.

SUPREME COURT.—JOTHAM C. MEEKER
and JOHN M. PERKINS against DAVID C. DWY-
VALL.—Summons for a money demand on contract.—
The above named defendant has been duly served
with summons to appear in said court, where he
will be required to answer the complaint in person, which
will be filed in the office of the Clerk of the City

Clerk of New York, at the City of New York, and County of New York, to wit: That I, F. W. BUREK, Plaintiff, do hereby certify that I am duly qualified as a Justice of the Peace, and have taken the oath of office, and if you fail to answer the said complaint within the time allowed, the plaintiff in this action will take judgment against you for the sum of two hundred and forty dollars, and costs of law, and for the same shall be liable on the day of February, 1896, besides the costs of this action.—Dated New-York Aug. 22, 1895.

F. W. BUREK,
Plaintiff.

N. B.—The complaint in the above entitled action was filed in the office of the Clerk of the City and County of New-York Sept. 2, 1895.

cc-lawdww F. W. BUREK, Plaintiff's Attorney.

SUPREME COURT—CITY AND COUNTY OF NEW YORK. OTTHAM C. MERRITT and JOHN T. KEMP, Petitioners, vs. JAMES A. MATTHEWS, Defendant.

[illegible]

NEW YORK SUPREME COURT.—ANDREW N. ARBUCCALUS, PETER E. BONNIST, JOHN W. SCIENCE, against DANIEL BALE, —Summons.—The undersigned, attorneys for the plaintiffs, hereby summons and requires the defendant to appear in person or by counsel at the office of the undersigned, at No. 11 Wall-st., New York, on the eighth day of August, next, to answer the complaint in this action, which will be filed in the office of the Clerk of the City and County of New York, on the eighth day of August, next, and to serve a copy of your answer to the said complaint on the undersigned, at their office, No. 11 Wall-st., (January 10, 1890), and to pay to the undersigned the costs of this summons on your exclusive of the day of such service; and if you fail to answer the said complaint within the time aforesaid, the undersigned reserves the right to sum you up and render and collect judgment for the sum of five hundred and nineteen dollars and fifty cents, with interest from the eighth day of August, one thousand eight hundred and fifty-six, besides the costs of this action.—DANIEL BALE, Defendant.

MANN & RODMAN, Plaintiffs' Attorneys.

The complaint in the above cause was filed in the office of the Clerk of the City and County of New York, dated and at New York, this 15th day of May, 1906.

SUPREME COURT—COUNTY OF MONROE.
FRANCES A. SCOTT, plaintiff, v. JOHN B. SCOTT, defendant.
—Summons for relief.—To JOHN B. SCOTT, defendant:—
You are hereby summoned to answer the complaint of FRANCES A. SCOTT, plaintiff, a copy of which is herewith served on you, and to file your answer thereto with the clerk of the Supreme Court, County of Monroe, New York, within twenty days after the service of this summons on you, and if you fail to answer said complaint within the time so specified, the plaintiff will apply to the Court for an order compelling you to do so.

Witness my hand and the seal of the Court at New York, this 15th day of May, 1906.

ALFRED W. WYLLIE,
Clerk of the Court.

FURNISHANCE OF AN ORDER OF BODILY RESTRAINT.
IN RE DAWSON.—Summons of the court of the City and County of New York.

IN FURNISHING OF AN ORDER OF THE
SEAL OF THE COMMISSIONER OF THE
given to all persons having claims against **MARY**
YOUNG, late of the City of New York, deceased, to pre-
sent the same with vouchers thereon, to the collector, at New
York, on or before the 15th day of November next. Dated
New York, April, 1864. **MARY YOUNG**, Executrix.

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10

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CORB'S NEW SENSATION STORY
OF
CITY LIFE,
entitled
BORION, THE GOLD-BEATER;
or,
TRUE HEARTS AND FALSE,
is
COMMENCED IN
THE NEW-YORK LEDGER
which is issued
THIS (FRIDAY) MORNING.

This is
the GREATEST,
THE MOST ATTRACTIVE,
and
DELIGHTFUL TALE
THAT MR CORB EVER WROTE.

He has visited the most noted
APODIES OF WRETCHEDNESS
AND MISERY
TO BE FOUND IN NEW-YORK,
IN COMPANY
with
SEVERAL OF OUR CITY MISSIONARIES,
EDITORS, PHYSICIANS, MAGISTRATES,
and other
DISTINGUISHED CITIZENS.
And from his own observation and experience
he has penned
A BRILLIANT AND POWERFULLY-WRITTEN
TALE,
which must
CREATE A GREAT SENSATION.
It is now ready,
THIS (FRIDAY) MORNING,
and is
FOR SALE AT ALL THE NEWS OFFICES.

HENCE THIS THRILLING,
CHARMING SENSATION NARRATIVE,
THE NEW-YORK LEDGER
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THE LAST OF THE MYSTIC BRIDE,
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SEVERAL COMPLETE STORIES,
EDITORIALS, SKETCHES, POEMS,
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At any rate he has written sort of
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HOUSES TO LET.

TO LET-A HOUSE, FURNISHED OR UNFURNISHED, in Lafayette place, near the City Hall, containing 7 rooms, with bath, kitchen, and closets; also a large front porch, and a small garden attached at rear. Apply to E. L. HILL, No. 106 Water-st., New York.

TO LET, FOR SALE OR EXCHANGE, A HOUSE, situated in the city of New York, containing 7 to 8 rooms, besides bath and closets, with garden attached, at Astor, L. I. Apply to E. L. HILL, No. 106 Water-st., New York.

TO LET-NO. 8 KING-STREET-A THREE-story dwelling-house, with all the modern improvements, might be let to two small families. Inquire of A. J. BROWN, No. 9 West 4th-st., Astoria, Ore.

TO LET-STORE AND BASEMENT ON CORNER OF Canal and Elm-st.; lot suitable for factory or without steam-power. Inquire in the store. The owner has no other business.

TO LET THE LOWER FLOOR OF HOUSE NO. 77 Broadway, either for a dwelling or office. Apply to Mr. 136 Water-st., or to E. M. ALLEN, Astoria, No. 10 Cent-st.

TO RENT-A VERY NEAT COTTAGE TWO-story, with a garden, with modern furniture, etc., near the Fulton av. cars, can take from City Hall, excellent neighborhood. Rent \$10. Apply to Mrs. W. G. COLEMAN, No. 106 Water-st., New York.

THREE-STORY DWELLING BEING OFFERED FOR SALE-LET-NO. 6 Carroll-st., Brooklyn. Has been used as a grocery store, and will be rented low to a good tenant. Apply to JOHN S. OLINSON, at this office.

OFFICES TO LET-IN THE BRICK HOUSE, corner Main, on second floor, in suits, or single offices-a very desirable location. Apply at the Freeman's office. Entrance on 4th-av.

FARMS FOR SALE.

FOR SALE-A FARM IN ROCKLAND COUNTY, N. Y., four miles from Nyack, containing 112 acres, most of which is woodland. Has on it a good substantial house, with a large barn, and a well-fenced orchard, and watered, has a large apple orchard, and a number of other fruit trees. The farm has been used principally for stock raising, and is well adapted for growing apples and fruit farm, laying to the east. Price \$10,000. Call on

[illegible]

W. J. T. JONES, No. 361 Grand-st.

STEAM POWER.

STEAM POWER TO LET AT THE EMPIRE
No. 10, foot of 3d and 35th sts. These buildings,
built expressly for mechanical purposes, will be found
better adapted for heavy or light work than any other
establishment in this City. For terms, etc., apply on the
premises.

STEADY POWER. A FEW CHOICE ROOMS
Still to be had in the Depot Building, corner of Elm and
Franklin sts., one square from Broadway. Will be found
very convenient for the use of the business there. Inquire of
T. BENNETT, on the premises.

STEADY POWER AND LIGHT ROOMS
Still to be had in the Depot Building, corner of Elm and
Franklin sts., near Broadway. The extension of Canal-st. from
River to River, gives great advantage to this position.
Inquire of J. C. GULL, on the premises.

STEADY POWER TO LET IN LIGHT AND
strong rooms, No. 100 building in Canal-st. Apply to J.
C. GULL & SON, No. 100 Canal-st.

BOUNTY LANDS.

UNITED STATES PASSEPORTS, ISSUED
Through J. E. NOLAN, Notary Public U. S. Consul,
No. 100 Broadway, New York. Sole agents for the U. S. War-
rents. Naturalized citizens must produce certificates.
Also, Bounty Land, Pensions, Exire Pay, &c., procured
by J. E. N.

STATIONERY.

TO BOOKSELLERS, STATIONERS, &c.
ONE HUNDRED MILLIONS ENVELOPES
Manufactured yearly by LYON & RAYMOND, who claim to
be the oldest, largest and most experienced Envelope-
makers in the world.

Our manufacture embraces the greatest variety of sized
papers, and the most perfect and pleasing printing and
finishing, which our facilities enable us to supply rapidly
to the jobbing trade in every part of the United
States, and on export orders. Samples sent by mail, if
desired.

Also, writing papers at mill price, by the case, or
of our Sole Agents for Harrison & Co.'s and West and
Co.'s superior cream laid, Bannockburn, Alhambra and
other fine papers, at the lowest prices.

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rich-toned organ has also been added, which contributes much to the interest of that part of worship. At its reopening, the Pastor, Rev. Geo. C. Lomas, improved the occasion to give a sketch of its history from its formation to the present time, embracing a period of nearly 40 years. From the appearance of that it grew out of a Mission Church in Lancaster (now Madison) street and was organized in May, 1819, under the name of the "Mission Church in Lancaster-street," and had eleven members, most of whom were from the Brick Church, in Beckman-street. In 1823 the Church was re-named "the Methodist Episcopal Church in Lancaster-street," and was the first Presbyterian Church in the city. In 1827 it was the first eight years was under the care of Rev. Wm. D. D. In 1828 it was under the Missionary Society. In 1827 he resigned his appointment, and without a regular salary, he supplied the church for a length so reduced in strength that the church was almost for sale. But by the aid of the church's steady supporters, and the generous help of Rev. Wm. D. D. in 1828, the church was re-opened in the same month without any pe-

The graduates of the Institution for the Blind made a public appearance at Hope Chapel last evening. They offered an attractive programme, but were not so well patronized as their performances warranted, perhaps for the reason that the notices of the evening were defective. The musical capabilities of the blind are remarkable, and the care they bestow upon the culture of the science of music tells well for their perseverance under difficulties, that would appal others of less industry and application. In the course of the evening, Miss FRANCES J. CROSBY, the blind poetess, recited an original poem, suggested by the fall of the Charter Oak.

Unknown Man Killed.

An unknown man, aged about 55 years, was accidentally killed on Wednesday, on board the steamboat *Hunkuck*, which was returning with a party of excursionists from Foxglove, by the fall of a heavy iron safe on his upper deck. A physician, who was on board, attended his aid to the

MR. M. B. BRADY'S Photographs are conceded to be the finest ever produced in this country. Particular attention is requested to the **VIGNETTE PHOTOGRAPHS** in water colors, made only at this Gallery. They are superior to any Portraits attainable in New-York.

[Advertisement]

MR. Old Daguerotypes are reproduced by the photograph with the greatest accuracy and perfection. They may be made larger than the original, and painted equal to Portraits from life.

BRADY'S Gallery, No. 359 Broadway.

[Advertisement]

MR. Visitors from the South and West will find the Photographs and Ambrotypes at **BRADY'S Gallery** far superior and less expensive than those made elsewhere.

No. 359 BROADWAY.

[Advertisement]

PHRENOLOGY—Examinations with charts and

[illegible]

Cars.....	5,523 03	Rep- air
Trailing.....	8,187 98	hien
Unsettled interest.....	749 50	Charles
Bonds on six per cent. Bonds.....	\$25,304 00	
Adjusted.....	1,494 00	38,908 00
Stock on Extension Bonds.....	1,750 00	
Stock on Extension Bonds.....	15,000 00	
Land, November, 1855.....	87,292 86	
Unclaimed dividends.....	963 50	
In cash.....	3,149 88	At a loss
Total.....	\$307,831 95	in de- bit
At risk at all ports.....	\$338,730	mino- ra
Amount during year.....	85,000	
Present outstanding.....	\$338,730	

Failures in the Country.
From the Independent.

The following is our weekly report of failures, commencing at New York:

John A. McCay, the great ship builder, at East Boston, has been financially embarrassed. His assets are un-
 derstood to be ample, however, to pay every liability in full, and leave him a good deal of money.

Robert M. Bond, of Boston, Mass., failed.

[illegible]

[illegible]

tion of this Territory that has led me to leave the land, and this is the reason, in so far as I am concerned, that I have left the Territory. I can no longer provide a home for himself, for his family, or refuge for his friend, driven by oppression from his native land. I have no money, no property, and have lost his home, his relations, and his dearest home. I labor to keep it free.

Q. How do you desire what you say.

Mr. KEMER: I do mean every word I say.

CORONADO AND DUBOIS:—Well, you have changed your mind.

Mr. FESLER:—I am not the only man that has changed some within a year. [Others.] But I must leave you. I have no money, no property, and I have no political history. I have no money, no property, and I have no political history. I am unwilling to be a member of that Party of this country.

Q. I am unwilling to be a member of that Party, unless he is forced to do it, has a right to be protesting like this. I did not come here to do it; but with the change of time, I have changed my tune, I will take the liberty of showing what the current of my principles have been.

From the time that I was first admitted to a vote, forty years ago, I voted with the Republican Party. I have been a member of the Democratic Party for many years. [Three cheers for the Democratic Party.] It was then the Republican Party in fact, and I have been a member of that Party. I admit that I have changed my mind.

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they would attain to that host of all rewards which God alone can give—the approval of their own
Mr. ROBERT SENESEY and Mr. MURPHY attempted to speak in the confusion, but were not to be heard. The meeting adjourned amidst great tumult.

Obituary.—Death of Robert M. K. Strong.
From the Evening Post.
A remarkable mortality has visited the Bar of New-York within the last three years. Death has been the lot of such of our most distinguished jurists as have been called to the court-room, the chambers and the office, as by selecting scenes of temporary relaxation or retirement, and then searing the sight while the heart was still free of all maces, and while eagerly anticipating a return to honorable toil.

Thus, while some, with GEORGE HORTWICK, have fallen from the stroke of apoplexy, others, like BARNARD and the gifted BLISS, have suddenly become the victims of disease in the midst of rural haunts to which the pursuit of health had led them, or have traversed the ocean to find its cold bosom selected for their sepulchre.

Among the members of the bar who had turned from its active scene to seek repose, and to leave itself the farewell they had uttered to their profession, few have been more missed or more sincerely mourned than the late ROBERT M. K. STRONG.

Having acquired a liberal education at Union College, in this State, he commenced his legal studies under the care of the late RICHARD D. EVERTS, of Albany, and completed them in this city. Beginning his professional career without family influence, and pursuing it unaided by adventitious circumstances, while yet a young man, the reward of integrity, industry and ability.

From inclination and aptitude, Mr. STRONG was particularly fitted for the important labors and consultations of "the office," rather than in the more conspicuous duties of "the court." While he sought the confidence of for public notice, the esteem of his professional brethren.

Retiring, in 1861, from the commercial law firm of MARTIN, BRADY and FORT, in the following year, a young partner in the law office of the late JAMES C. HARRIS, of Europe, had returned a confirmed invalid. Years of arduous application, which constituted a constitution, or too late, the firmest, disordered, for a time, a mind disengaged for its healthful repose.

His friends could not hope to welcome him back to the city, and he could hardly mourn his release from the dark valley of shadows in his own desolate and lonely bed.

He died in the prime of life—his age being scarcely forty—leaving to an interested family the handsome fortune which he had acquired, and which he designed to share with them in his coveted retirement.

"When hearts whose truth was proven
Lies like an old man in earth,
The shroud's dark folds he moves
To bid the world's work wait."

He was a man of disinterested, sincerity, and honesty, and, wherever he came, his words, whose recollection will supply consolation in this important tribute to humanity.

1882

[illegible]

SUPREME COURT, SUFFOLK COUNTY
THOMAS G. MALLOCK against **RITZEN**
and **JOHN Z. ROBERTS**, plaintiffs for a money demand
against the defendants.

[illegible]

IN PURSUANCE OF AN ORDER OF THE
 The Surrogate of the County of New-York, do hereby certify that the following is a true and correct copy of the will of **MORTIMER J. ARVIST**, late of the City of New-York, deceased, to be given to all persons having claims against **GEORGE HURLBURT**, late of the town of Batavia, in said county, who has been appointed executor of the said will, with the vouchers thereof to **MOSES TAGGART**, Administrator, at his office in the town of Batavia, in the County of Genesee, on or before the 30th day of March next. Dated Sept. 20, 1884.

MOSES TAGGART, Administrator.
ADALINE M. HURLBURT, Administratrix.
 Ref-laws 5

IN PURSUANCE OF AN ORDER OF THE
 The Surrogate of the County of New-York, do hereby certify that the following is a true and correct copy of the will of **MORTIMER J. ARVIST**, late of the City of New-York, deceased, to be given to all persons having claims against **MORTIMER J. ARVIST**, late of the City of New-York, deceased, to be given the same, with the vouchers thereof, to **MARY ARVIST**, late of the City of New-York, deceased, at his office in the City of New-York, on or before the 30th day of March next. Dated Sept. 20, 1884.

MARY B. JAYNE, } Administratrix.
att-law&ms C. F. COLDS }

IN PURSUANCE OF AN ORDER OF THE
Surrogate of the City of New York, notice is hereby
given to all persons having claims against **SAMUEL**
NICHOLS, late of the City of New-York, (Estate)
deceased, to present the same to the Surrogate, as the
subscriber, at the establishment of **E. WINDUST**, No.
11 Park-row, in the City of New-York, on or before the
first day of November next, to-wit: the 1st day of
1866.

att-law&ms **BARN NICHOLS** Ad-Administratrix.

PROPOSALS.

PROPOSALS FOR FLAGGING AND CURB-
AND GUTTER STONE.—**OFFICE OF GOVERNORS OF**
THE STATE OF NEW-YORK.—Sealed Proposals
will be received at this office till Monday, Oct. 6
at 12 o'clock M., for furnishing and delivering on Black
Island, in the City of New-York, the following quantities
as may be required, to-wit:

10,000 square feet of Flagging,
1,000 running feet of Gutter Stone,
1,000 running feet of Curb Stone.

quarry. The quarry to be made is less than 24 by 18 inches, or less, and the stones to be used are to be of the same size and shape as the square on every side, ready to lay and make close joints. The curb and gutter to be of North River stones of best quality, and the stones to be laid in a running bond. The curb stones not less than three feet in length, four inches thick (uniform) and 30 inches wide through the center, and to be laid to a height of 12 inches, and the joints and the front cut smooth to the full depth to join closely with the gutter. The gutter stones to be of same quality, and to be laid in a running bond, and to be 14 inches wide, the surface level and even, and the joints and edges squared to form close joints. Proposals to be accompanied with the signatures of two responsible persons, and to be made on the form of contract to be furnished. The Governor reserve the privilege of increasing the quantity not to exceed that originally named; (including the cost of the extra stones) and of rejecting any and all proposals not deemed advantageous to the Department.

COMMITTEE OF ELIM AND GRAND STS.
NEW-YORK, SEPT. 25, 1898.

SEALD PROPOSALS FOR THE PURCHASE OF FURNITURE RECEIVED at this office until the fifth day of October next, at 4 o'clock P. M., for supplying the Public Schools, under the sanction of the Board of Education with Books, Stationery and other articles required for the use of said Schools during the ensuing year. A list of the material will be furnished on application to the Clerk of the Board of Education.

JOHN DAVENPORT,
ANDREW J. PERRY,
ROBERT A. ADAMS, Committee.
GEORGE WHITE,
WILLIAM JONES, Jr.

PROPOSALS—SCHOOL FURNITURE.
Sealed proposals will be received at the office of the Clerk of the Board of Education, 100 Nassau Street, until Monday, Oct. 6, at 3 o'clock P. M., for

house No. 60, in 30th-st. between the 5d and 5d ave., according to plans and specifications on file at the Clerk's Office aforesaid. *Order of the Board of School Officers of the XVIIIth Ward.*
 ABEL T. DORLAND, Chairman.

COPARTNERSHIP NOTICES.
DISSOLUTION OF COPARTNERSHIP.
 The copartnership heretofore existing under the firm of ROBERT H. WHITE & CO., is this day dissolved by mutual consent of
 ROBERT H. WHITE, and
 LEONARD D. WHITE, FRED. WHITE.

New-York, Oct. 1, 1864.

The business of the above firm will be continued under the name of L. D. & F. WHITE.
 L. D. WHITE,

ROBERT H. WHITE has removed from No. 35 to No. 45 Wall-st., basement Phenix Bank, and will continue the Banking, Collection, and Specie business in his own name.
New-York, Oct. 1, 1856.

THE COPARTNERSHIP HERETOFORE
existing under the name and firm of VOORHIS & SPENCER, is this day dissolved by mutual consent.
Dwight Spencer will use the firm name in Liquidation.

WILLIAM VOORHIS.
Dwight Spencer.

Dwight Spencer will continue the time, stone and brick business, as formerly, at the old stand foot of Amity-st.

Dated Brooklyn, Sept. 24, 1856.

COPARTNERSHIP—ODELL & FARNUM
of the City of New-York, have associated with JOHN

selling and negotiating mercantile paper and bills of exchange, at No. 5 Janney-court, Wall-street, New-York, under the firm of BRUCE, ODELL & FARNUM.

Ocr. 1, 1855.

W. M. BRUCE, Jr.
W. A. ODELL.
D. M. FARNUM.

COAL.

SCRANTON COAL.—THE DELAWARE, LACK-
awanna and Western Railroad Company (office No. 33
Wall-st., New-York) continue to sell the best
quality of coal, from the works at Elizabethport, N. J., at the
price heretofore advertised, per ton of 2,240 pounds, viz:

Lump.	\$4 15
Steamboat.	4 00
Large Egg for grates and house furnaces.	4 00
Small Egg for large stoves and grates.	3 50
Small Egg for large stoves and grates.	3 50

Freight, New York, Brooklyn, Jersey City, etc., in the
barges of the Company, \$2 1/2 cents per ton.

W. E. WARREN, Treasurer.

THE CELEBRATED REEBENRIDGE
COAL is now for sale at the following places: **SNOW, N. &**
8th-9th, corner 7th st., New-York; WALTER BECKER,
corner Atlantic and Furman sts., New-York; INGHAM, HALL &
Co., office southwest corner of Montgomery and Nassau
sts., Yard No. 81 Bunker st., Jersey City; and
Freight and Banking office of J. THOMPSON, No. 5
Wall st., New-York.

COAL, CALF—BEST QUALITIES OF L.
High, Peach Orchard, and White Oak Coal, all the best
sizes, delivered in any part of the city at the lowest
prices. Also, the best of the Cannel and Lampblack
Chalk.

WILLIAM E. PEARSON, No. 200 Washington St.

[illegible]

THE C. D. HANLEY & CO., LONDON.

[illegible]

The Republicans of Astoria, Queens County, N. Y., held their first public meeting on Tuesday

The New York Times reported that the victory of the Democrats in the election was much larger than anticipated, that the most ardent had been to participate. The meeting was presided over by THOMAS E. JACKSON, ex-Democratic congressman, and was eloquently and effectively led by Mr. THOMAS WYNNER, Mr. HENRY DRYDEN, and by all of the speakers. It is believed that the audience together will be a large one.

The New York Times organ states that the Greenbackers' procession on Wednesday evening at 3,500 cars. Now, at least 16 feet must be allowed for the horses and cart; and since the wheels are 6 feet wide, the wheels must be the length of the wheel, 64,000 feet, or about ten and a quarter miles from the distance from the City Hall to Fifth Avenue.

The Greenfield Gazette says that in one of the School Districts of Barnstable, Mass., there are 30 voters, 19 of whom voted for BEACH, Democratic candidate.

There was a record kept at a Museum of Badmore City, last week, of the Presidential preference of its visitors. The result is remarkable from the fact that Mr. FLEMING obtained 51 votes. Mr. FLEMING had 1508 and Mr. BUCHANAN 947.

The Republican and American Conventions in the Fourth District have been held in the city of Hartford. LOU LINTS B. CONYER, of Roxbury (ex-Governor).

Mr. S. S. BATTERSON, Hartford, challenges the FLEMING to discuss with him the questions at issue before the country at the present time.

The Fillmore Wings of Vermont are to assemble in Montpelier, Oct. 8, to nominate an electoral ticket.

N. P. WELLS, in a letter published in the

Another Patriot who Won't Submit.
The editor of the *Mobile Register*, in taking leave of the readers of his paper, preparatory to entering upon his mission as Minister to Mexico, declares that he will not submit if Fremont should be elected. He says:

The readers of the *Register* are already aware that my connection with it as editor will necessarily cease, for a longer or a shorter time, while in the discharge of other duties, should the election of Fremont be the result of the coming contest. I am, however, so fully conscious of the unsolicited partiality of the President, I need not say that I deeply regret to part with my friends, who have so long and so kindly sustained me, and with my written thoughts, and to sympathize with me, on the great political questions of the day. This separation, however, will not be the permanent one which I had anticipated. Could I have selected the time, I would not have turned my back upon my political friends, as it

needed in the great battle for Constitutional principle and State Rights which now shakes the people of my very beloved State. The integrity of the Federal Union depends upon the result of this election. I have no vote, as James B. DICKMAN. Should the southern cause of the Black Republicans succeed, I believe that the South would be forced to submit to the yoke of the North. The South ought not to submit to it. The whole creed of this party is subversive of the Constitution and the rights of the people. It is a panoply of protection. Its triumph will be so all intents and purposes, a revolution. The Government will be virtually an end, and the time will come when we will have to begin to look for ourselves in a new political organization that shall seek in a new political organization that shall seek for their liberties, and those guarantees of their rights which have been lost in the revolution of this Government.

The election of FREEMAN, if it should succeed, would be a great step towards the realization of the plantation States. According as it may give courage, wisdom and firmness, or with the aid of

[illegible][illegible]

These mills must be kept active or ruin ensue. One of two things is, therefore, inevitable; they must be kept running, or they must be sold. In the latter case, the owners of the two trusts for where they stand, while England, or some other great commercial and manufacturing State, is in a position to buy them, the latter is now monopolized by the North. Then we should have what has so long been the dream of the South, a great manufacturing State, and a rival to the North. Then, our Southern cities, that have so long languished in the shade, while the grand emporia of the North have been the favored navigable cities, and partial legislation by Congress in favor of the public expenditure, will spring into life and energy, and become the entrepôts of a great commerce, and the great manufacturing centers of the East and West, and who cannot see the altered conditions of New-York and Boston, of Lynn and Lowell? But, I repeat, the South must be kept active, or ruin ensue. Our way would be beset with difficulties and trials, we had better meet them, with a reliance upon our own resources.

sharpening its knife for that raid. "We cannot posit that in a worse condition as a people, than under the rule of the slave, we could have been so easily deceived," he says. "I believe it does God service, when crumpled slaveholders under their mercies here."

"I have not thought, when I took my pen to write 'Farewell to the South,' of any of these things. But 'out of the fullness of the heart' has it come. The contingency to which I allude has been the fact that the slaveholders have been upon my mind, with tawdry solidities on the eve of leaving the country for a foreign land. It is the part of wisdom to look forward to the happening of such things, and to have the means provided for. And when the time comes, as it comes it must, I may God that many free-citizens of the South may be enabled to stand in so much need in the crisis."

Meanwhile, the course of the Southern States seems to me to be clear. They will be able to hold out until the Presidential election and untill they are

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has, for some time past, conducted the editorial department of the paper, has kindly consented to continue in the position,

JOHN FOWLER.

Made and sold at RAYMOND'S, No. 22 Broadway.

DEVIANOR KALAMANDER HAFER, ROBERT
PACIFIC is the sole manufacturer in the U.
of the above celebrated Gosh and Island purest
Gosh balls and grass turn. Depot No. 124 Pearl St.
New York City.

HOUSES AND LOTS FOR SALE

[illegible]

FOR SALE - FIRST-CLASS BECK'S WOOD
Three very high-bay, 100 ft. x 14 ft. front lot; house 25 feet by 45; lot 50 feet x 30 ft. and 40 ft. in good order; can be used any day. Apply at No. 35 Murray st.

FOR SALE ON MURRAY HILL, N.Y.
A fine 4-story, 100 ft. x 14 ft. lot, 100 ft. x 14 ft. front lot, No. 55 and 57; built and finished in the best manner with all the modern improvements. Inquire on the premises of GEORGE J. HAMILTON.

FOR SALE **ASTORIA AND HAVESWORTH**
 1000 ft. lots with 1000 ft. frontage, improved
 and unimproved, containing from one to three acres of
 land. Apply to **JORIAN M. WHITNEY, Astoria, L. I.**

FOR SALE **LARGE HOUSE, LOT AND**
STABLE on the north side of the city.
 Apply to **W. M. H. NEILSON, No. 32 West.**

LARGE PLOT OF PROPERTY FOR SALE
 On the north side of the city, between
 East River, but four squares from the City Hall, and last
 100 feet from the new Brewery, is a convey now adapted for
 a large building, and is a very desirable place for a
 having a first-class live-story building thereon. Also
 a large lot of land, with a large house, a large
 home engine and boiler, capable of driving an engine of
 about one hundred and twenty horse power, in good order
 and ready for use. Also a large lot of land, with a large
 other particulars, apply to **WILLIAM F. LEGGOTT, Third**
and **Fourth** **streets.**

HOUSES AND LOTS AT S. BRIDGE
 A very small new cottage and a very large, very

situated, on high ground, with fine garden, choice fruit and good water, two miles from Jersey City, on the plank-road, omnibuses pass the station. Will be sold at a great bargain if applied for soon.

A. J. BLEESER & CO., No. 7 Broad-st.

\$5,000.—FOR SALE—A SMALL BROWN
STONE house in Clermont-st., near Lafayette-av., Brooklyn, with all the modern improvements. Also a small brick house on Washington-av., near Gates, at \$3,500. Both new.

MILES & BETTY
No. 67 Wall-st.

FOR SALE—THE CHEAPEST HOUSE IN THE CITY. Three-story, elegant house, with large yard, pleasantly situated in Delancey-st., near the East River. Apply to W. A. KEEN, No. 231 Grand-st.

HOUSES TO LET.

TO LET FOR SALE OR EXCHANGE.
 With immediate possession, three well-furnished houses, each containing 7 to 9 rooms, besides stable and cellar, with water in the yard, at \$200 per annum, apply to H. L. NIKER, No. 260 Nassau, New York.

TO LET IN BROOKLYN—THE STORE AND
 basement No. 183 Fulton-st. 14th street
 station; a good locality for dry goods, boot and shoe or hardware store. Apply to JOHN D. COUGHER, No. 175 Atlantic or No. 75 West 14th.

TO LET—A CONVENIENT TWO-STORY COTTAGE
 and basement home, in PENNSYLVANIA

in perfect order, with gas and Croton water. Very desirable for a small family. No others need apply. Possession given Nov. 1. **J. H. BULL, No. 10 Duane-st.**

TO LET, NO. 83 KING-STREET, A THREE-story dwelling-house, with all the modern improvements. It might be let to two small families. Inquire of A. RAYMOND, No. 61 Chatham-st.

TO LET—STORE AND BASEMENT ON CORNER of Canal and Nassau Streets, or separately, with or without steam-power. Inquire in the store. The extension of Canal-st. makes this a desirable location.

TO RENT—A VERY NEAT COTTAGE, TWO-story, attic and basement, with marble mantels, gas

TO LET, WITH IMMEDIATE POSSESSION.
The large four-story and high basement house No. 171 E. 21st St., between 1st and 2nd Aves., is a large and furnished with Croquet and lawn, in good order and thorough. Rent \$1,000. Apply as above.

TO LET THE STORE NO. 53 BROADWAY.
Between 90th and 91st sts. Rent \$150 from Nov. 1 to March 1. Possession given Nov. 1. Apply to LOCKE & GRAHAM, 133 N. 3rd St., between 1st and 2nd Aves.

FURNISHED HOUSE TO LET—A HOUSE
of moderate size, in an excellent location, for first order. Apply to C. S. FRANCIS & CO., No. 534

OFFICES TO LET—IN THE BIBLE HOUSE.
 After-place, on second floor, in suite, or single offices.
 For location. Apply at the Treasurer's office.
 Entrance on 4th-av.

HOUSES AND ROOMS WANTED

GOOD DWELLING HOUSE IS WANTED.
 AIN New York City, or in the central part of Brooklyn,
 provided the advertiser could, in a wintered district,
 farm, about 3 hours' distance from New York, containing
 between 140 and 150 acres of good land, large barn and
 other rural houses; plenty of fruit, &c. The farm, from
 its location, is a safe investment for any person. Apply at

No. 115 Nassau-st., room No. 2, first floor, rear hall.

THE ADVERTISER, A WIDOW LADY
Who can offer good references, requires a small furnished house in an eligible situation for the winter, would like part of the rent taken in board. Home comforts and good table assured. Address HOME, Union Square P. O. References given and required.

WANTED—THE SECOND FLOOR OF A CON-
venient house, partly furnished preferred, for a man, his wife and child. The house should be in a good location and references A1, bounded by 8th and 12th sts. and 5d and 7th ave. Address F. W. D., Box 2,066 Post Office.

FARMS FOR SALE.

FOR SALE.—A FARM IN ROCKLAND COUNTY.—A fine farm of 100 acres, 5 miles from New York, of which is woodland. Has on it a good substantial house, tenant-house, barn, granary, and other out-buildings, is well watered, and has a large orchard of apples and other fruit trees. The farm has been used principally for a dairy farm, and is not run out; is well adapted for a farm, and is laying to the canal. Price \$5,000, and will remain on bond and mortgage for 5 or 10 years. For full particulars inquire on the premises. If by letter, address WILLIAM G. TURNER, Newburgh, N. Y.

Steamboat Medicine.—Dr. S. Smith's New York every day from New York, from the foot of Jay and Chambers sts. No objection to taking dry goods or other property in part payment.

**DESIRABLE FARM-A DECIDEDLY MAIN-
TAINED**—Situated on the Erie R.R. 18 miles from New-York, and two from Railroad Station; 14 acres of superior lands with all the stocks and crops of corn, rye, 10 tons hay, cows, poultry, etc. and two very large barns, with all the necessary out-buildings, etc. Good barn and other outbuildings, and plenty of fruit. Location healthy and good schools near.

A. J. BLECKER & CO., No. 7 Broad st.

**BEAUTIFUL COUNTRY NEAR TO KIL-
BUCKLE**—This property, situated at Ferry-
ville, on the Hudson river, is one of the best
with all the modern improvements; gardener's cottage,
carriage, milk and wash-houses, well shaded
fruit, with all the artificial and extensive river views,
and very near the depot.

FOR SALE—BEAUTIFUL COUNTRY SEAT
at Newburg on the Hudson, the large stone mansion, with 16, 20, 30 or more acres, well shaded and fruited, and surrounded by a park, with a fine view of the city, the bay, mountains, are not equaled by anything on the Hudson. Several fine building sites on this property, are also offered at prices to suit the purchaser.
A. J. BLEECKER & CO., No. 7 Broad-st.

FOR SALE OR EXCHANGE FOR GOOD
city or Brooklyn property, is a desirable country residence, of nearly 70 acres, 1½ hours from New-York, and 1½ miles from two Railroad Stations, with a substantial dwelling, and out-buildings, including a large barn, and a carriage house, and a fine view of the city, the bay, mountains, are not equaled by anything on the Hudson. Several fine building sites on this property, are also offered at prices to suit the purchaser.
A. J. BLEECKER & CO., No. 7 Broad-st.

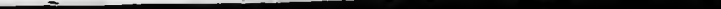
STEAM POWER.
STEAM POWER TO LET IN THE EMPIRE
WORKS, 601 and 643 and 24th sts. These buildings,
designed expressly for mechanical purposes, will be found
better adapted for heavy or light work than any other
establishment in this city. For terms, &c., apply on the

STEADY POWER AND LIGHT
TO LET—At reasonable rates, on Canal
etc., near Broadway,
River to River.
Inquire of J. J. GAUGH.

STEADY POWER AND LIGHT
TO LET—On Canal, near
Franklin etc., one square from Battery.
of the word "steady," see the tenants how they speak of
T. BENNETT, on the premises.

STREAM POWER TO LET—in LIGHT AND
Sunny rooms in a new building in Cliff-st. And
O'HEUL & SON, No. 106 Cliff-st.

[illegible]



THE NEW YORK TIMES
PUBLISHED DAILY
EXCEPT ON SUNDAYS AND HOLIDAYS
When the Anglo-Saxon at Quebec.

NEW-YORK, TUESDAY, OCTOBER 7, 1856.

PRICE, TWO CENTS.

THE NEW-YORK CITY.

LONG ISLAND.

INTERESTING FROM WASHINGTON.

A Turbulent Time at "Ninety-Six," S. C.—The
Oration to Preston S. Brooks.

A Minister Dismissed for Preaching Anti-
Slavery Doctrines.

Special Dispatch to the New-York Daily Times.

WASHINGTON, Monday, Oct. 6.

The oration on Friday last to PRESTON S.
BROOKS, at "Ninety-Six," S. C., was one of the most
remarkable demonstrations of the Presidential cam-
paign. The people turned out in vast numbers. So
large an assemblage has not occurred in that section
of the State for many years.

The speeches which were made by BROOKS, BUTLER,
TOOMBS, MCGOWAN and GOV. ADAMS were marked by
a spirit of rabid diatribe.

Two gobs—one gold and one silver—and two
cans were presented to the hero of the day.

It was a terrific affair altogether.

The (Unitarian Church yesterday dismissed
its pastor, Rev. MONROE D. CONWAY, on account of
his having preached against slavery. It was done
by a small majority. Some of the Anti-Slavery mem-
bers were absent from the church.

The Expected Duel between Messrs. Botte
and Pryor.

WASHINGTON, Monday, Oct. 6.

A telegraphic dispatch has been received here
to-day from Richmond, stating that Mr. B. BOTTE
and Mr. PRYOR had left there for this vicinity to fight a
duel. The police are on the look out for them.

WASHINGTON, Monday, Oct. 6.—P. M.

Messrs. BOTTE and PRYOR, with their seconds,
are sequestered in Washington, eluding the vigilance
of the police. Arrangements have been made for the
hostile meeting to-morrow morning.

Town Elections in Connecticut.

HARTFORD, Conn., Monday, Oct. 6.

The editor of the Times (Buchanan) informs us
that he has returned from thirty-one towns in the State,
which he visited to see the result of the elections. The
Buchanan men have carried twenty-three of these, and the
Frederick men eight. As compared with last year's returns
the Democrats have made a net gain of eight towns.

New-Haven, Monday, Oct. 6.

Town Elections have been held to-day in about
half of the State. The electioneers chosen are
inspectors of elections, as well as general town officers. But
few returns have yet been received. They are as follows:

East-Haven—(disputed.)

Waterbury—Buchanan and FILLMORE 53 majority.

Madison and Meriden—each FILLMORE by 100 ma-
jority.

North Branford, Naugatuck and Guilford—all FILL-
MORE, the latter by 100 majority.

Hamden and Wallingford—Democrats by reduced
majorities.

Middletown—Democrats by 120 majority.

Cheshire—Reported Democratic.

New-London—FILLMORE by 200 majority.

These returns indicate an increased opposition vote
over last year.

Bridgewater, Monday, Oct. 6.

In the city election here, to-day, the fusion ticket,
FILLMORE and DEMOCRATS, elected the Mayor by
58 majority, and the Council by an average majority
of about 30. The Republicans elected their City Clerk
by a majority of 78.

We have returns from forty-nine towns. FILLMORE
carries twenty-eight and the Democrats twenty-one.
The gains are equally divided between the two parties.

New-London, Monday, Oct. 6.

On our election for town officers, to-day, the
Republican ticket was elected by a majority from 148
to 200 over the Democratic ticket. FILLMORE's majority
in 1855 was 332. Norwich, Groton, Montville, Water-
ford and East Lyme have all gone Republican.

Election in Upper Michigan.

DETROIT, Mich., Monday, Oct. 6.

An election for a State Senator and two Repre-
sentatives was held in the Upper Peninsula of this
State on the 30th of September. The Democratic
candidates were elected. The majority for Senator
was about 1,000.

American Mass Meeting at Louisville.

LOUISVILLE, Monday, Oct. 6.

Hon. J. J. CRITTENDEN eloquently addressed an
immense assembly at the American Bazaar at Glas-
gow, to-day.

From New-Orleans.

LATER FROM HAVANA—LOSS OF THE SCHOONER
MARY W.

NEW-ORLEANS, Monday, Oct. 6.

The schooner Mary W., with 1,800 bags of Rio Coffee,
for this place, was totally lost off Cape Corrientes.

News from Mexico.

NEW-ORLEANS, Monday, Oct. 6.

By the arrival of the steamer Brazos we have
Sanctiago dated to the 21st of September. VICTORIA
had been defeated in an attempt to invade San Luis
Potosi, and also in an attack upon Mer.

Martinez's Concert.

The resources of a man of talent are beyond the
control of shareholders. He is never utterly prostrated,
but he is not the wind with native elasticity and grace.
Only last week Mr. MARTINEZ took his leave
of the academy of music, and people despairingly be-
lieved that he had retired to private life, and that ro-
mantic farm which is supposed to be located on the
oyster side of Staten Island. But in a moment he
reappears from the quiet precincts of Fourteenth-street
to the busy thoroughfare of Broadway, and in his
head, as usual, he is wonted away.

The City Assembly Room—where Mr. MARTINEZ's
last night concert took place—was a remarkably
handsome room, in an excellent location, a little too
much down town, perhaps, but good for the purpose
in an emergency. He has wanted a hall for his
concerts, and he has found it.

His character and musical importance need not
be known to the public. His performance is likely to
effect this object, and a large portion of the public
will thank him for making them acquainted with an
elegant and cheerful style of concert. Its appearance
last night was brilliant and the impression
created favorable.

The programme offered by Mr. MARTINEZ was su-
perb. The first part consisted solely of selections
from the "Trovatore" rendered by Madame LA
GRANGE, and ADELINA PHILLIPS, and Messrs. COL-
LETT, BRUNNOLLI, and AMONIO, with full chorus and
orchestra. These artists have made the reputation of
the opera in this country, and it is only necessary
to say they preserved it last night in a creditable
manner. A complete and richly colored sketch of the
opera was presented to the audience, and thoroughly
appreciated and enjoyed. It is impossible to desire a
more satisfactory way of hearing these works, unless you
resort to the theatre which is of course their proper
sphere. In the second part we had the overture
to "Mazurka," excellently played by the or-
chestra; the La Grange polka, vocalized by Madame
LA GRANGE in her usual astonishing manner; the
"Brindisi" from "Rigoletto" sung by
SIGNOR CHERAZA, and deservedly so; a trio
by BRUNNOLLI, CHERAZA, and "Norma," sung
by Madame LA GRANGE; Don Giovanni, sung
by Miss ADELINA PHILLIPS, who pos-
sessed a delicious concert voice, and sung remarkably
well throughout the evening, and the finale to the
third act of "Ernani," rendered by Madame LA
GRANGE, SIGNOR CHERAZA, AMONIO, COLLETT and full
chorus. The performance of all these pieces was ad-
mirable, and we are sure that nothing superior has
ever been heard in a concert-room. The only draw-
back to an otherwise thoroughly enjoyable evening,

entertainment was in the awkward location of the
orchestra, the effect of which was sadly marred by the
drumming reverberations of the gallery, under which
it was placed. Something should be done to prevent this.

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LEGAL COUNSEL

[illegible]

[illegible][illegible]

[illegible]

Moving Country, rows
 1 to 6, 010 4000000000
 MANHATTAN PUB-
 1 to 6, 010 4000000000

OSBORN HILL SAVINGS BANK, NO. 251 THIRD AVENUE.—All money deposited in this bank from this date, to the 15th inst., inclusive, will draw interest from the 1st, at 3 per cent. on all deposits not exceeding \$1,000, and 4 per cent. on all sums over \$1,000.

NEW-YORK, October 1, 1886.

J. BRINKERHOFF, Sec.

OSBORN HILL SAVINGS BANK, 251 THIRD AVENUE.—JACOB BRINKERHOFF, Esq., has this day been appointed Secretary of the above Institution, in place of M. E. Lord, deceased.

WM. H. PLATT, President.

AR. K. KEELER, Vice-President.

NEW-YORK, Sept. 18, 1886.

SAVING SAVINGS INSTITUTION—NO. 34 NASSAU ST.—**W. F. P. M.** on Mondays, Thursdays and Fridays. Interest at the rate of 5 per cent. on cash deposits. **W. F. P. M.** on Wednesdays and Saturdays. Interest at the rate of 3 per cent. on cash deposits.

M. D. VAN PELT, Vice-President.

L. B. LEXTON, Secretary.

FAIRBANKS' SAVINGS BANK—FIFTH AVENUE.—**W. F. P. M.** on Mondays, Thursdays and Fridays, and Saturdays evenings from 6 to 8. Interest on cash deposits at the rate of 3 per cent.

W. F. P. M., President.

COUNTY LANDS.

UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT, DISTRICT OF COLUMBIA.—**W. F. P. M.** on Mondays, Thursdays and Fridays, and Saturdays evenings from 6 to 8. Interest on cash deposits at the rate of 3 per cent.

W. F. P. M., President.

LATEST INTELLIGENCE.

By Telegraph to the New-York Daily Times.

Telegraphic Telegrams to the New-York Daily Times.

From Printing Telegraph-Office No. 21 Wall-street.

IMPORTANT FROM THE STATE CAPITAL.

Defalcation of \$22,000 in the Comptroller's Office.

A Model Clerk Using the Funds of the State to Bet on Fillmore.

Special Dispatch to the New-York Daily Times.

ALBANY, Wednesday, Oct. 3.

We have a little variation from the excitement of politics. One of our model clerks in the office of the Comptroller has been using about \$22,000 out of the State Treasury.

The first haul, for \$10,000, was made in 1853, while Mr. Waite was Comptroller. It was a check for that amount, transmitted to the auction bureau by WILLIAMSON & MORTON, in payment of auction dues. The clerk deposited the check in bank to his own credit, instead of with the State Treasurer to the credit of the State. He and the Comptroller passed out of office, and over two years have since elapsed.

When the Know-Nothings came into power, last Winter, the same clerk was appointed as one of the Americans that were to rule America, or so much of America as pertained to the auction and insurance business in the Comptroller's office, and in the past nine months he has abstracted about twelve thousand dollars more.

The last defalcations were detected a few days since, but the defaulter made off before he could be caught. Great efforts are being made to hush up this piece of rascality, for fear it may injure the prospects of dear Fillmore and Alexander Brooks, but you may rely upon the above.

The defaulting clerk has been the back-bone of the South Americans, in the way of sustaining their assertions by betting. He has promptly backed his opinions, and, as it now appears, using the funds of the State for that purpose.

P. P.

City and Town Elections.

BALTIMORE CITY ELECTION—DETERMINATE FIGHTING AND LOSS OF LIFE.

BALTIMORE, Wednesday, Oct. 3.

An election for Mayor and Councilmen was held in this city to-day. During the latter part of the day there was a great deal of disorder and fighting, pistols and guns being freely used. The fighting in the Eighth and Fourteenth Wards was particularly severe; four men were killed and twenty wounded, among the latter three children.

The most serious riot occurred at Lexington market, between the adherents of the New Market Fire Company, (Democrats), and the American Club "Rip Raps." The former were driven from the 13th Ward Police and forced into their Engine House, where they armed themselves with muskets, when a general fight ensued, lasting half an hour, pistols, clubs, and muskets being freely used on both sides. Twenty, more or less, were wounded. Charles Brown, and another named WATKINS and SPARKS, and another, name unknown, were killed. Two or three of those wounded are dangerously so.

The following is the result of the election:

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DEMOCRATIC MEETING AT CLEVELAND.

CLEVELAND, Ohio, Wednesday, Oct. 3.

MEAS. TODD and FUGAR speaking this afternoon to a Democratic Mass Meeting, which is but thinly attended. The procession numbered 100 only.

Congressional Nominations in New-York.

ALBANY, Wednesday, Oct. 3.

JARED C. GREGORY was nominated for Congress by the Democrats, to-day, in the Otsego District. He had been previously nominated by the Americans.

ELI PERCY is the American nominee in the Albany District.

REPUBLICAN COUNTY AND CONGRESSIONAL CONVENTION AT ROME.

ROME, N. Y., Wednesday, Oct. 3.

The Republican County and Congressional Convention met here to-day. It was fully attended, and the proceedings were harmonious and enthusiastic.

HON. JOSEPH STRECKER was chosen permanent President, and made a strong speech for Freedom and Fairness. HON. O. R. MATTHEWSON was nominated unanimously by acclamation, and with cheers for reelection to Congress. J. H. MINOR was nominated for District-Attorney, and ELLIS ELLIS for Superintendent of the Poor.

Congressional Nominations in Massachusetts.

BOSTON, Wednesday, Oct. 3.

NATHANIEL P. BANKS in the Seventh District, and WM. S. DAMELL in the third, were nominated for reelection to Congress yesterday.

DEMOCRATS IN CONVENTION IN THE SIXTH DISTRICT.

BOSTON, Wednesday, Oct. 3.

The Democrats in Convention in the Sixth District, to-day, nominated NATHANIEL J. LOAN for Congress.

The Republican and American Conventions in the First District.

BOSTON, Wednesday, Oct. 3.

The Republican and American Conventions in the First District, to-day, nominated ROBERT B. HALL for reelection to Congress.

Kentucky Pronounced Certain for Fillmore.

LOUISVILLE, Ky., Wednesday, Oct. 3.

The Executive American Committee, who have recently registered the votes of the State, pronounce Kentucky certain for Fillmore.

Movement President Pierce.

CONCORD, Wednesday, Oct. 3.

The President left this city to-day, at 10 1/2 o'clock, in the train for Portsmouth. His intention to sail in the *Wachusett* for Washington to-morrow morning.

POSTMASTER, N. H. Wednesday, Oct. 3.

The President was received here to-day by the Municipal Government and a large concourse of citizens, who extended to him a warm and cordial greeting. After an address of welcome from the Mayor, to which the President briefly responded, he was escorted to the Rockingham House.

In the afternoon the President held a levee, when a great number of citizens and persons from adjoining towns paid their personal respects to him.

This evening the President is expected to attend a ball at the residence of Commodore NEWTON, at the Navy-Yard.

FROM NEW-HAVEN.

THE CONNECTICUT STATE FAIR—FATAL RUNAWAY ACCIDENT.

NEW-HAVEN, Wednesday, Oct. 3.

The State Fair was opened to the public to-day. It is the most extensive and satisfactory display that has ever taken place in the State. The crowd is very great. Nineteen thousand entrance tickets were received before night.

A fatal accident occurred on the road this afternoon. A family attending the Fair were thrown from their wagon in consequence of the horse taking fright and running away. A boy aged eight years was badly hurt, and an old man, an Irishman, killed.

Fire at Black-Rock.

BUFFALO, Wednesday, Oct. 3.

The Queen City Mills, at Black Rock, owned by Messrs. HILMAN SMITH & Co., Wheatland, Genesee Co., with 4,000 bush of wheat, were destroyed by fire last evening. The Mills were valued at \$60,000, and insured for \$40,000. A boy aged eight years was badly hurt, and an old man, an Irishman, killed.

Sailing of the Canada.

BOSTON, Wednesday, Oct. 3.

The steamer *Canada* sailed from this port a noon to-day, with 28 passengers for Halifax, and 67 for Liverpool. She takes out \$300,000 in specie.

Yale College—Society Affairs—New Political Affected.

NEW-HAVEN, Saturday, Oct. 4, 1856.

The Yale Banner, issued during the past week, contains some statistics with reference to the state of the College which may be of general interest. This sheet is published as soon as possible after the beginning of the year, and contains the names and residences of all the students, the names of the members of the two literary and of the different secret societies, together with other matters of minor interest. There are no less than ten secret societies in the different classes, not including that venerable institution, Phi Beta Kappa, which during the last year has followed the example of the Know-Nothings in removing the ban of secrecy from its proceedings. The officers of Phi Beta Kappa are as follows:

President—PROFESSOR THOMAS A. TRACHER.
Vice-President—DANIEL C. GILMAN.
Corresponding Secretary—PROFESSOR NOAH PORTER.
Recording Secretary—LEVI HOLBROOK.
Treasurer—S. M. FREELAND.

The names of the different Secret Societies and the numbers of their members are as follows. It will be seen that the number of members of the different societies is not small.

Phi Upsilon—Seniors, 24; Juniors, 26. Total, 50.
Delta Upsilon—Seniors, 24; Juniors, 26. Total, 50.
Alpha Delta Phi—Seniors, 16; Juniors, 18. Total, 34.
SOPHOMORE SOCIETIES.

Kappa Sigma Theta—Sophomores, 22.
Alpha Sigma Phi—Sophomores, 22.
The Freshman Societies are Kappa Sigma Epsilon, Sigma Delta and Delta Kappa. The numbers of their newly initiated members have not yet been announced.

The summary of students in the different departments is as follows:

Theological Students, 29; Law Students, 24; Medical Students, 34; Scientific School, 45; Seniors, 106; Juniors, 106; Sophomores, 123; Freshmen, 134. Total 697.

The students in the Collegiate Department are divided between Lincoln and the Brothers in Unity, as follows:

Lincoln. Brothers in Unity.
Seniors. 67. Seniors. 43.
Juniors. 47. Juniors. 61.
Sophomores. 47. Sophomores. 61.
Freshmen. 60. Freshmen. 114.
Total. 351. Total. 350.

There are two musical associations sustained by the students. The Seaboard Society, which maintains a vigorous existence notwithstanding the difficulties it has encountered during the past year, and Tyrolia; the former devoted to the cultivation of vocal, and the latter to that of instrumental music. But the attention of the students is not entirely devoted to mental culture, as the *Banner* testifies. The physical nature must be cared for. Thus among Boarding Clubs we have "Pi-Eta," the "Shanghai Club," the "Boat Club of the River," the "Chow Chow," with its "Kall-o-kai," the "Crocodiles," with their "Thalarchus," and the "Sharks," with their "Bun garon."

Within the last few days the College has been thoroughly canvassed with the view of ascertaining the Presidential preferences of the voters among the students. Of 129 who vote at the approaching election—FRESHMEN. 118
JUNIORS. 61
SENIORS. 43
TOTAL. 222

This canvass comprises all voters in the Senior and Junior classes, and as many in the Sophomore and Freshman classes, and Theological and Scientific departments as rooms in the College buildings.

NEW-YORK CITY.

A Large and Respectable Fillmore Meeting.

A meeting was called for 7 P. M. last evening, of the Fifth Ward Fillmore and Donelson Club at the hall corner of Greenwich and Duane-streets. About fifteen minutes after the hour named one of our reporters presented himself to take a look at the meeting and report the noteworthy remarks of a leading Fillmore orator announced to appear on the occasion.

The room in which the meeting was to be held was found to be a small apartment of some half-dozen rooms. One gloomy light dimly burning, cast a fitful gleam over the apartment. After some half hour's waiting, a tall, attenuated and decidedly mysterious-looking individual with a very small moustache and feeble cane, walked in.

ATTENTIVE INDIVIDUAL—"Alone I perceive."

REPORTER—"Quite evident, Sir I have been impressed with the fact for some time."

ATTENTIVE INDIVIDUAL—"Well, there are two of us here now, enough for a meeting."

REPORTER—"Unable to recognize you as a meeting with coffee included?" "don't you think there will be more present?"

ATTENTIVE INDIVIDUAL—"Perhaps so—perhaps not—all chances—had we not better go on and wait for chance?"

REPORTER—"I came to report the meeting."

ATTENTIVE INDIVIDUAL—"Looking frightened and forcibly agitating his cane. Do, you belong to our order—I am afraid I have let out a secret."

REPORTER—"What secret?"

ATTENTIVE INDIVIDUAL—"As to what may compose a meeting."

Along passed followed this last remark. The attenuated individual went to a window and looked out, and looked about him and looked at his watch. Our reporter imitated the latter movement, and seeing the man look at his watch, he turned round and looked behind him, night and the attenuated individual. Fillmore paper not a mile away, will probably have a report of a large and enthusiastic meeting at this place, with the prefatory statement, that the place was filled some time before the time of the meeting.

American Republican Club.

The Fremont and Dayton American Republican Club (more generally known as the Van Riperites) had a meeting last evening at the Chinese Rooms, Broadway. The attendance was quite large. Mr. VAN RIVER, the President of the Club, was hailed with loud and repeated cheers, and in response thereto returned his thanks in a brief and neat speech. He justified the action which had brought down upon him such ill-will from certain quarters, and announced his determination to persevere in the good work which he had begun with earnestness and fidelity, convinced that he was only performing his duty as a loyal citizen and true American.

After the conclusion of his remarks, which were received with applause, an election of officers was had. Mr. VAN RIVER was unanimously re-elected President. Messrs. CYRUS HARRIS and CHAR. WEBB were chosen Vice-Presidents, and EDWARD J. JENNINGS, R. W. EDWARDS and WM. PERL, Secretaries.

The meeting then adjourned with cheers for FREMONT and DAYTON.

Republican General Committee.

The Republican General Committee held a meeting last evening at Academy Hall, Broadway, but did not transact any business of general interest.

New Buildings near Pearl-Street.

Property in the vicinity of Pearl-street is on the rise; at least the buildings about the corner of Broadway are going up very rapidly. The brick building on the southern corner is nearly completed, and the white marble store next to it is also in a very forward state. The latter, which is to be occupied by Mr. JOHN BROWN, is on the site of the old Goldsmith and the adjoining lots. A very pretty store is erecting on the opposite side of Broadway, on a lot running back to the Hospital grounds, and on the northeast corner of Pearl-street and Broadway the foundation walls of the large silk warehouse of BOWEN & McNAMER have been carried up even with the sidewalk, and the superstructure will very soon be placed upon them. In the meanwhile the Broadway Theatre stands in *statu quo*; the piece of landscape scenery still to be seen projecting from the hole in the wall, like the genius of Rome, gazing at the realities of life. In the meanwhile the suit against BOWEN & McNAMER is set down for adjudication during the present term, although this furnishes no guarantee of a speedy trial, so dilatory are all legal proceedings now-a-days. The Broadway Theatre, where so many spectacles have been exhibited in by-gone days, is now a spectacle itself to curious observers. It stands gloomily wrapped in historic dignity, like some unfortunate being waiting for an opening.

Seizure of a Slave.

The bark *Panchoa*, NAYLOR, Master, for Amberg, (coast of Africa) was taken possession of by Captain FAIRBANKS, of the U. S. Revenue Cutter *Washington*, yesterday afternoon. The bark left the City yesterday morning in tow of steamer C. DURAN, and when off Sandy Hook was boarded by Capt. FAIRBANKS, and Marshal DAVIS, and HARRIS. When on examining the vessel and her papers, they were satisfied of the illegality of her intended voyage, she was taken in charge by Capt. F., and ordered to return to the City.

On the approach of the *Washington*, the supercargo of the bark hoisted the private papers of the vessel, and the weights attached not being sufficient to sink them, they were recovered. These, it is said, are plain paper and contain the names of the vessel and the names of the crew. The vessel was seized on the 29th of the month, and the crew arrested on board the brig *Dreda*, seized as a slave at some time since.

She now lies at the Navy Yard, Brooklyn, in charge of Capt. FAIRBANKS and the Marshals.

The Explosion on Board the Isaac F. Smith.

The two firemen who were so terribly scalded by the bursting of the steam-chest on board this boat, died on Monday afternoon, within a quarter of an hour of each other. The engineer will recover. The cause of the explosion is a mystery, as 38 pounds of steam was the highest amount carried. The engineer would have escaped unhurt, but in hastening to shut off the steam, he stumbled and fell across the grating over the fire-room, and his arms and face were badly burned by the ascending steam. He however lost the presence of mind not to inhale the scalding vapor, and arose and succeeded in shutting off the steam—thereby, perhaps, preventing a more serious loss of life. His name is AARON WHEELER, of Nyack, Rockland County. The two firemen were brothers, named JOHN and HIRSH REIN, and resided with their mother in Green County. Another brother lost his life on board the *Henry Clay*.

Burglaries in Broadway.

The store No. 518 Broadway was entered by means of false keys, early yesterday morning, and robbed of paintings and clothing valued at \$300. The property belonged to J. P. BEATMAN.

The office of WILLIAM S. LATON, dentist, on the third floor of No. 383 Broadway, was robbed yesterday afternoon of \$300 worth of dental instruments and wearing apparel. The thief effected an entrance by means of false keys.

A Caution to the Careless.

We saw a carpenter, yesterday, passing along South-street, which is always crowded with people in the daytime, with a box of tools on his shoulder, from which a saw stuck out on a level with the head of every person he met, at the imminent risk of wounding the face of some of the numerous crowd that passed him, going in the opposite direction. In this way he proceeded several blocks, until he met a soldier who was sauntering leisurely along, and very nearly ran against the dangerous instrument. The son of Neptune, without saying a word, seized the saw and broke it in pieces across his knee, and flung the fragments across the street. The mechanic, although very angry, did not dare to show his ire, and, without a word spoken on either side, each passed on his way. We never saw a reproof so quietly and effectually administered, and if there was always some such avenger at hand, to punish such culpable care,

THE FOLLOWING STEAMSHIPS, OWNED BY COLUMBIAN VAPORSHIP, ARE AT PRESENT Laid up, viz.:

The *Star of the West*, *Northern Light*, *Frederick Daniel Webster*, *Arctur*, *Vanderbilt*, (new), and *Frederick Star*.

The steamship *Adriatic* is not open for visitors. She cannot be seen by the public without interfering with the workmen.

Mad Ox on a Spree—He Goes a Man—Kneels Down a Woman and is then Shot.

A mad ox made his appearance in the streets of the Seventh Ward, yesterday forenoon, causing the greatest consternation. Pedestrians fled in a fright, and two of them were cut down by the infuriated beast and badly wounded. A laborer named CORNELIUS LYON, residing at No. 11 Mulberry-street, was the first to be cut down. He was thrown to the ground, and the ox knelt down over him, and, as if to prevent him from proceeding to his home, he knelt down over him.

Policeman MCGUIRE charged the beast with a musket and shot him, but not fatally. Two other shots were fired, and the ox was killed. These three men were in Jackson-square, where he fell dead.

Man Killed.

PATRICK MCCARTHY, a carman, well known in the neighborhood of this office, was yesterday thrown from his cart, at the corner of Chatham and Duane streets, and killed.

SUPREME COURT—SPECIAL TERM—Oct. 3.

The necessary Transit Company not yet in the Hands of a Receiver.

Jeremiah G. Hamilton vs. The Necessary Transit Company and others.—CLERK, J.—I do not acquiesce in the opinion expressed by the counsel of the plaintiff, that if the Company has been dissolved, it is necessary for the plaintiff to apply for a receiver, and for the appointment of a receiver. There are no grounds for the appointment of a receiver. The Company is not insolvent, and the plaintiff has no right to a receiver. The Company is not insolvent, and the plaintiff has no right to a receiver.

This is an application for an injunction under the trial, and for the appointment of a receiver. There are no grounds for the appointment of a receiver. The Company is not insolvent, and the plaintiff has no right to a receiver. The Company is not insolvent, and the plaintiff has no right to a receiver.

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THE ULTIMATUM TO NAPLES.

AFFAIRS IN SPAIN.

By the arrival of the United States mail steamer "Albatross," Captain Linn, at this port yesterday, with the English and Spanish flags, we have dates from Havre of the 15th inst. The "Albatross" reports that a serious quarrel had taken place at Toulon. Eight Turkish soldiers threw the Russian flag from a merchant ship. They then the Russian sailors into the sea. The Russian Consul had demanded the dismissal of the captain of the ship. The sailors who made the attack were publicly bastinadoed.

The French journals are full of conjectures as to the result of this quarrel. It is taken as an indication of the ill-feeling which exists between the two nations. It is also taken as an indication of the ill-feeling which exists between the two nations.

The knowledge of the withdrawal of the English and French legations and of the sending of a naval squadron, had produced a fall in the funds of all the countries.

It is also taken as an indication of the ill-feeling which exists between the two nations. It is also taken as an indication of the ill-feeling which exists between the two nations.

The new situation of the Kingdom of Naples, and the most important fact that we have to mention is the withdrawal of the English and French legations from Naples. The French part of it has received orders to immediately leave Toulon. The United Kingdom will have to send an envoy from the British Government to France to receive the instructions of Mr. Bismarck. According to the reply, the negative nature of which is already anticipated, that may be given to the demand for the withdrawal of the French legation, the French Government, with all the characteristics of an ultimatum, diplomatic relations will be suspended. Mr. Bismarck will withdraw his legation from Naples, and will make arrangements to remain in the Gulf of Naples, in order to be ready to protect the French and English residents. One circumstance which may be a means of delay in the execution of these movements, and that is the absence of the King of Naples from his capital. It is, in fact, stated that the King of Naples is in the city of Naples, and that he proposes to receive the communications of the Allied Courts. The consequences of the Congress of Naples, it will be seen, to develop the situation of the Kingdom of Naples, and to place it in a position to receive the communications of the Allied Courts. The consequences of the Congress of Naples, it will be seen, to develop the situation of the Kingdom of Naples, and to place it in a position to receive the communications of the Allied Courts.

SUBSCRIPTION FOR MUSKETS IN GENOA.

The *Resurrezione*, of Turin, of the 18th of September, says that it has received from Genoa a list containing the names of 500 subscribers, towards the purchase of 10,000 muskets, accompanied by the following letter:

Basle, Switzerland, Monday, Sept. 1, 1858.

SIR: Our subscription for muskets, which has hitherto been opened in Piedmont, none is more entitled to that name than the one you have opened in Genoa. It is a noble and patriotic act, and it is a duty of every Italian citizen, whether he inhabits the country or resides abroad, to assist his brethren. Consequently, and with the conviction that the purchase of these muskets will be a great service to the cause of Italian liberty, we have the honor to inform you that the subscription has been opened in Genoa, and that it is a duty of every Italian citizen, whether he inhabits the country or resides abroad, to assist his brethren.

Count de Cavour, President of the Council, subscribes 100 francs for the purchase of the 100 guns of Alessandria.

Admiral in Spain.

QUEEN REFUSES TO ACCEPT IT—TOTTERING CONDITION OF THE MINISTRY.

Paris (Sept. 22) Correspondence of the *London Times*.—Although the Neapolitan question absorbs all others, the news from Spain is of a nature to interest the public mind. The Spanish Minister of Finance, Mr. Camacho, has been appointed to the office of Minister of the Interior. The Spanish Minister of Finance, Mr. Camacho, has been appointed to the office of Minister of the Interior. The Spanish Minister of Finance, Mr. Camacho, has been appointed to the office of Minister of the Interior.

Intelligence from Madrid states that a severe engagement took place on the 9th September between the Spanish troops and the Moorish of the environs.

The ball at Moscow on the 14th ult. is described by the correspondents of the English journals as a most brilliant affair.

On the evening of the 21st of September, the nuptials of the Prince of Wales and the Princess Alexandra of Denmark were celebrated in the Royal Chapel, with all the prescriptive solemnities.

The Paris correspondent of the *London Times* understands that the entire number of arrests made on account of the plot discovered against the life of the Emperor is 49.

Later intelligence from South America has been received. Little business had taken place since last advices.

Ultimatum to Naples.

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THE QUESTION OF THE PRINCIPALITIES.

DIFFICULTIES IN THE WAY OF A SETTLEMENT.

The Constantinople Correspondent of the *London Times* thus speaks of the note from the Turkish Government to the Ministers resident at the different European Courts.

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EVANGELICAL TRUTH is a journal published by the American Baptist Missionary Society, No. 100 Broadway, New York. It is published weekly, except on Sundays and public holidays. The price is \$1.00 per annum in advance. Single copies are sent free to those who send no money. It is published by the American Baptist Missionary Society, No. 100 Broadway, New York.

It is worthy of remark, that, as in olden times, when Europe was overrun by the hordes from the North, the Celtic races, in the exodus from Europe to America, were again the first to cross the Germanic races, last. A Roman Catholic, an Italian in the service of Spain, and a Portuguese, the Spaniards and Portuguese, are the first conquerors. The more numerous Celtic races—the French—come next, settling in North America and the Mississippi Valley.

They were the exploits of the Roman Catholic missionaries. The great army of Protestant missionaries follows. A few cavaliers to Virginia, the Huguenots to Carolina, the pilgrim fathers to New England, open the way. These Protestant missionaries from the Reformation make their appearance in Pennsylvania, build great barns for their plentiful harvest, and live with great tranquillity upon their farms; their ambition being limited to see a German peasant's son regularly elected as Governor of Pennsylvania.

From 1790 to 1825, the German immigration was very insignificant. Here and there a handful of paupers, exiles, adventurers; that was all. Upon one occasion only, one of Germany's famous statesmen was on the point of emigrating. Goethe's *Lili*, at the time of his travels, suggested it, but Goethe proposed to go to Weimar, and to leave *Lili* alone.

But, as we have shown, from 1825 up to this time, the tides of immigration from Germany were continually swelling, until we see it exceeding the number of the Celtic immigration.

It may be said that while the Celtic has reached its climax and is doomed to become less and less with every year, the German immigration has only seen its dawning and promises to become more extensive from year to year, the more new Territory in the West opens to the settlement to which the bulk of the German immigration is directed.

It is destined to stain over the American soil the Celtic element in the future of our country can only be properly appreciated in the large numbers of Danes, Swedes, Norwegians, Hollanders, French and Swiss, who mostly come from the German portions of France and Switzerland, are taken into consideration and added to the influence of the German element to which they are related by the affinities of creed and disposition.

Agriculture, which is already to so large an extent in the hands of the Germans, is likely to pass entirely into their hands, as is already the case in many parts of Missouri. The Anglo-American is too speculative to stick to his farm, the Irish rarely take to agriculture out of Ireland. The German also has the requisite steady and patient disposition to attend faithfully to his farm, while the assistance of the female members of his family in out-door labors gives him an advantage over Anglo-American farmers, who have it not. The raising of sheep and cultivation of flax are also pursuits, particularly congenial to Germans and calculated to attract more and more their attention.

Besides Agriculture, we find Germans in all the walks of Mechanics and Trades; also in the shipping, importing and inland business, as merchants, agents, brokers, retailers, peddlers, &c., &c. In the large cities of the West, St. Louis, Cincinnati, &c., the large portion of the traders are Germans, many of them of Jewish extraction. The same is the case with many of the importers, agents and brokers in New-York City. Bookbinders, tailors, &c., we find the Germans excelling, as mechanics, particularly when taste and fine feeling are required, as cabinet makers, piano makers, carvers, &c. But in the heavier work, sawing and planing, masonry, ship-building, &c., they must yield to the superior strength of the Anglo-American. The same distinction is noticeable in metallic work. The Germans excel in the fabrication of mathematical, surgical and musical instruments. But in iron works, foundries, &c., they are rarely engaged. Mining, too, is almost monopolized by Anglo-Americans; although, with exception of iron and coal, where the English lead the van, the German mining schools are resorted to by Americans for instruction.

In the Arts, Sculpture is almost entirely in American hands, perhaps for the comparative facility with which a superficial knowledge of it may be acquired, engendered by the spirit of the institutions and for the worship of public men. But painting, which is yet in its infancy, is destined, from the great abundance of beautiful women, beautiful scenery, to become "the" Art, and the Germans will prove its noblest adepts.

In music the Germans are all-predominant. The many music bands, the organists in the churches, the music-teachers, &c., are principally composed of Germans. In the universities, schools, as chemists, physicians, as lawyers, Germans begin already to occupy the leading positions. German Turning and Song societies are everywhere organized all over the land, and they are not about to stop yet, but will, in New-York alone, have several hundred societies, and of late their tone

has been in constant improvement, and will do here what it never has in Germany proper—he took to the German working-classes, making German as popular with them as Shakespeare is with the English and Anglo-Americans. Lammie and Schiller will also soon be brought out here. For the building of churches and school-houses, the Germans are slow. A little town, Herrman, in Missouri, which is exclusively inhabited by Germans, is said to be without even one single church or school-house.

But it is to be hoped that, in future, churches and school-houses will stand where public houses stand now. These public houses are the only drawback in our German settlers. In the old countries, where freedom is smothered, drinking may be necessary to drown the depressing influences of despotism; but here, where freedom woe the mind to culture, and we believe we have said sufficient to prove that our German fellow-citizens are born for higher and nobler uses than for schnapps and lager-bier.

The Question of Submission.
As the almost certainty of the election of Col. Fremont begins to loom up in the political horizon, the rabid nullifiers of the South grow more and more violent in their manner of discussing the great question, whether they will submit to be governed by him, when he takes his place as the Chief Executive officer of the Union. The non-submissionists are but few in number, but they are very rabid and very noisy, and they make up in violence what they lack in force and power. The leader of the crew is the Richmond *Enquirer*. Taking the cue from Mr. Fillmore, who first proclaimed the reasonable idea that the South would not, and ought not to submit, if the people should elect Fremont to the Presidency, this ultra-Southern journal now boldly avows itself in favor of secession, as will be seen by an article, full of sound and fury signifying nothing, which we extract from its leading column of Tuesday last. "Shall we acquiesce in Mr. Fremont's election because the forms of the Constitution are observed?" asks the *Enquirer*. Decidedly not. The *Enquirer* is in favor of immediate secession; it does not even propose to wait the result of the November election. Like Captain Scott's coon it gives up before a shot is fired, and assumes that it is already beaten. It probably has received some confidential information in relation to the state of political feeling in the Free States which has not yet been published. It does not seem to entertain a doubt of the success of the Republican candidate, and regards the only question now open for the South to be, "shall they give Fremont's Administration a trial." The *Enquirer* is screaming wild on this point; no March here was ever half so mad. It counsels all the Southern officers in the Army and Navy never to submit to be commanded by John Charles Fremont.

But, readers of Virginia and South Carolina papers are too much accustomed to this sort of insane trumpery to be much alarmed by it. Barking dogs have always been proverbial for their harmlessness; and the Richmond *Parole* will never do anything worse than bluster, whether Fremont be elected or not. The Union-savers have no cause for apprehension from the roaring of the Bully Bottoms down South.

The Franking Privilege.
One of the sensible things proposed by Speaker Banks in his recent Philadelphia speech was the abolition of the franking privilege, though we are not so clear that any extraparty would be proper, as a compensation for the loss of this much abused privilege, to those who now enjoy it. It would be a matter of curious speculation how the present Presidential contest would have been affected by the abolition of the franking privilege. Never was the country so flooded with campaign matter under frank. Whole platoons of federal office-holders in Washington are busied day and night in dispatching their pestilent stuff. Congressmen have gone home, and given themselves up like monomaniacs to the single pursuit of affixing their names to the angles of envelopes. Ex-President Fillmore is said to be superfluently industrious in the business—the first Ex-President who has used this little residuum of his departed greatness to make himself great again. And the main point, and the worst of it is, that under this cover all the most pernicious falsehoods, forgeries, and calumnies of the most vicious and degraded politicians receive free currency, and penetrate where the truth can by no ingenuity of competition make its way. Thus, all the falsehoods about Fremont's catholicity, his cattle contracts, his accounts; all the libels upon the constitutional aims of the Republican Party; all the fabrications, and glozing, and cloaking the objects of the Democratic and American factions require; all have free course through the efficacy of this sadly-abused privilege. The cause of Freedom, having the great bulk of the newspaper press in its service, may dispense with this engine. Why not then dispense with it? Why not among other reforms to be achieved before another Presidential contest comes about,—if Brooks, Floyd, Wise, Keitt, and Co., permit it to come,—abolish the franking privilege?

WHERE THERE'S SO MUCH SMOKE THERE MUST BE SOME FIRE.—It is but a few days since the fact leaked out that a fund of seventy thousand dollars had been raised in this City to be used in securing the vote of Pennsylvania for Buchanan, the "favorite son" of that State. And now we have reports, which are too circumstantial not to be well-founded, of gigantic frauds being about to be perpetrated in Philadelphia in the coming election, by the addition of several thousands of bogus names to the "extra assessment list." Of course, bogus voters are not to be had for nothing, but such base rascals do not hold themselves at a very high figure, and seventy thousand dollars would purchase a good lot of them. They need a Vigilance Committee in Philadelphia to look after their ballot-box stuffers and bogus assessment lists.

HANGING TOGETHER.—"Will the Republican Party hang together, if successful?" asks the Richmond *Enquirer*, and then proceeds to reply in the affirmative at great length. But, if the counsels of the *Enquirer* should be followed by its compatriots, in such a contingency, there can be no doubt that some others, of

UNSUCCESSFUL LETTER WRITERS.—The great letter-writers of the Straight Whig school appear to be peculiarly unsuccessful in their epistolary efforts to make converts to their own way of thinking. Mr. Choate's letter to the Whigs of Maine was followed by the first great Republican victory since the campaign opened. Then Ex-Governor Hunt, and Hon. Daniel D. Barnard wrote tremendously long letters to James A. Hamilton, Esq., of Westchester County, urging upon him the necessity and patriotic duty of voting for Mr. Fillmore. Whereupon Mr. Hamilton comes out with a long and sensible letter stating that a sense of duty to his country, and a conviction of the utter hopelessness of Fillmore's election, alike constrain him to do all in his power to promote the Republican cause. We fear that the ill-success that has attended the efforts of these distinguished Straight Whig letter-writers will deter the rest of them from writing any. If Mr. Hunt would but write a good long letter to Hiram Ketchum the chances are that he, too, might be brought over to Fillmore.

A PERTINENT INQUIRY.—The English press is bestowing much greater notice upon American affairs at the present time than it ever did before, even when England was in a state of actual war with the United States. In a recent leader in the London *Times* we find the following:

"Can it be true that the time has come of what historians call the corruption of a race, and that the struggle of parties in the United States, the third for office, the greediness and rapacity which will force alliance with anybody rather than miss the spoils, the ballot-box and bow-knot, have so far debased the Anglo-Saxon that he forgets the whole mission and duty of his race, and sinks into the friend and tool of the slaveowner?"

A few weeks will give a satisfactory response to this anxious inquiry. The Anglo-Saxon is in no immediate danger of giving out on this side the Atlantic.

FROM FREMONT.—The *Argo*, with the French and English mails of the 34th ult., arrived yesterday. Our advice by this vessel was not later than those brought by the *Anglo Saxo*, but some interesting details of the brief summary telegraphed from Quebec are received, and will be found in this morning's paper. We have a confirmation of the statement that a French and English squadron will be dispatched with an ultimatum to Naples, to be followed in all probability by the withdrawal of the Representatives of the Western Powers from the Court of the Two Sicilies. Letters from Spain indicate that the O'Donnell Ministry is in a tottering condition and that its fall may be at any time take place.

The *Niagara* was also announced at a very late hour last night, as having arrived at Halifax, with three days' later news.

FIRST FRUITS OF FRATERNIZATION.—The coalition which is being effected between the Democrats and Fillmoreites in this State is likely to prove very disastrous to the latter, if we are to judge from the accounts which have reached us since the movement was inaugurated. We publish this morning a circular from Otsego County, which comes to us signed by five hundred and eighty-nine Americans, in which they declare their intention to support the nominees of the Republican Party.

A GOD-SEND FOR THE EXPRESS.—The German organ of the Buchananers in Philadelphia, accuses Fremont of being a Hebrew by birth, and of having been educated in the Mosiac faith, besides being born in Alsace. As the *Express* must by this time be tired of calling Col. Fremont a Jesuit, it will be delighted of an opportunity to accuse him of being a descendant of Abraham.

ELECTION RIOTS IN BALTIMORE.—The Baltimore City election took place yesterday, and was attended by the most disgraceful scenes of riot and bloodshed, as will be seen by our telegraphic report. The Fillmoreites were successful in the election.

The Meat Markets.
There was a fair supply of Cattle at Forty-fourth-street, yesterday, though generally of but medium quality. Prices experienced no advance over last week's depressed rates. Mutton and Veal is also in fair supply.

AMUSEMENTS.
CITY ASSEMBLY ROOMS.—Mr. MARETZKY's second lyric concert came off last night, and attracted a densely crowded and highly fashionable audience. The operatic selection from the "Star of the North" was of course the attraction of the evening. Music like this requires to be heard several times before it can be properly appreciated; the oftener it is listened to the more it will be enjoyed. We were glad to notice the enthusiasm with which the several movements were received. This was just to the composer, and to the artists who exerted themselves in a highly creditable manner. The second part of the programme contained a large selection of approved good pieces, and a little more instrumental music, might, we think, have been introduced. By the way, we were glad to observe that a vast improvement has been effected in the position of the orchestra; the drummers to which we objected in our last notice is entirely obviated. The success of these Concerts is now established, and they have deservedly become the attraction of the moment. Mr. MARETZKY, encouraged by the crowded attendance of last night, announces a third Concert for Friday evening.

GERMAN OPERA.
LORTZING's Opera of "Undine" will positively be produced to-night for the first time in America. It has been prepared with care, and will no doubt achieve a success. We are assured there will be no further postponement.

Whether or not the Historical Society is a Vegetarian association has been a good deal discussed three years past. Those who were in the meeting were quite satisfied that it is those who do not attend are divided. To listen to some of the papers that are read during the year, learned, long and loud enough to those who are perfectly posted in local geography, when half the members sleep through half the discourse, and only wake to applaud the conclusion, one would certainly get the impression that the Society was slightly feeble-minded. On the other hand, the learned Society in the metropolis is so punctilious and so well attended, that the members are obliged to stand throughout the evening. It was a thought worthy of Young America which first suggested the chocolate and sandwiches that always fetch up the rest of the meetings, and possibly may have something to do with the largeness of the attendance. Then the boldness of the Society in venturing upon the construction of a fire-proof building, and carrying it so rapidly on to a point from which completion will be an easy job, certainly belongs to this and no past age. Then if the papers presented were as worthy, it is not punctilious, but the members are obliged to stand throughout the evening. It was a thought worthy of Young America which first suggested the chocolate and sandwiches that always fetch up the rest of the meetings, and possibly may have something to do with the largeness of the attendance. Then the boldness of the Society in venturing upon the construction of a fire-proof building, and carrying it so rapidly on to a point from which completion will be an easy job, certainly belongs to this and no past age. Then if the papers presented were as worthy, it is not punctilious, but the members are obliged to stand throughout the evening. 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For sale by the Company's only Agents,
BUSSING, CROCKER & DODGE,
 No. 22 CHIEF-st., New-York.

SHEET LEAD, LEAD PIPE, SHOT.
HEAVY LEAD.—A constant supply on hand and for
 Present prices are as follows:
 Sheet Lead, 6½c.
 Lead Pipe, 5½c.
 Drop Shot, 6½c.
 Buck Shot, 7½c.
 Box Lead, 9½c.

A discount will be made to regular dealers.
 above rates are of superior quality.
 For sale by McCullough's Shot and Lead Company,
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WIRE ROPE FOR ALL KINDS OF HOES
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 TRADES of every description, and SASH WEIGHT
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LINEN PLAYING CARDS.

LINEN PLAYING CARDS—SOUTHERN EDITION
We have a large and cheap house will find a complete
assortment of the "Southern Edition" playing cards of all qualities
and prices. Also a large stock of the "Hart & Co." cards.
HART & CO., No. 1 Barclay St., opposite Adams
Bldg.

The policeman named **ELIZA THOMAS** of the City from New-Haven a week ago, was a slender sister who had just arrived from the country. On leaving the care at Canal-street, she found the conductor that she was a stranger in the city, and wished to find a transient lodging. The conductor placed her in charge of a policeman, and requested him to conduct the girl to a respectable boarding-house. This worthy guardian of the City took her immediately to a house of prostitution, not far from the corner of Centre and Walker streets. At the time of entering the house ELIZA was very neatly dressed and had \$15 in money. The policeman advised her to deposit her money with himself or the landlady for safe keeping. The landlady took the money, and after the policeman had gone, stripped the girl of all her apparel and put on her an old worn-out dress and boiled linen. She was then placed in a private room and a man was introduced, who endeavored to seduce her, but refused on her person, but persisted in his attempt. She remained at the house for several days, trying to recover her money and escape, until the brutality of the mistresses of the house drove her into the street. She finally found her way to a station-house and slept there last Sunday night. The next day the girl was met in the street by a lady who directed her to the First Police House of Recovery. She is now under the charge of Miss Fagan, who will endeavor to return her to New-Haven. The policeman who had a brother returned. The policeman who led her to the "Sadies" boarding-house is described as having black whiskers, of middling size, and rather thin countenance. He richly deserves free lodgings and work on Blackwell's Island.

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tion to business, and the
to be sent, and the
of New-York, or else
these, positively, or by
Wm. C. Devereux,
First of New-York,
100 N. William-st.,
Communicator of the Spirit

EDITORS OF COURAGE
town of Balaire, in the
west of France, and
by Devereux, author of the
of the same town, and
of Balaire, in the vicinity
to connect the same with
T. GOGART, at
Balaire, in the County
of St. March next. *Robert*

Advertisements.
—**WERT, Advertisers.**
—**WERT, Advertisers.**
—**WERT, Advertisers.**

N ORDER OF THE
New York, against the
claimants, against the
New York City (the
the vendors thereof,
to want of E. WILSON, Esq.
New York, N.Y.

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SHIP NOTICES.
SHIP HIRE.—~~FOR~~
and firm of **VOORRE &**
is now chartered by mail, and
use the firm name in *Legal*
WILLIAM VOORRE
DWIGHT APPEL
it contains the flag, steam
it, at the old stand foot of
SE.

FIXTURES.
K & CO.,
ADWAY,
NEW

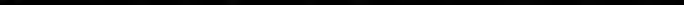
ABLE GAS WORKS
In best known whether he
been one of those who
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; they do not need to
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to them. It is not
than any experienced work-
s, make right a
investment. Parties in-
to investigate. If they do,
or worse than the
Delaware House, Albany,
a few weeks they will be in
needless. For further
N. No. 256 Broadway, New-
CO., Albany.

tion of the WEEKLY DAY Book, and the publisher, believing that advertising in these columns would be a decided advantage to the advertiser, has set an equal price charged for the advertiser of the DAY Book. On the first of the WEEKLY DAY Book, we have increased our circulation each week, and at the rate of 100 per cent subscribers' claim; the circulation of the WEEKLY DAY Book would remain a publisher would remain. The book now affords them a new and better means of advertising. It is equally distributed to all States. Without any doubt, it makes room for all that we have, therefore, it is not only a better one, but we have not been successful in publishing in its own circulation. It is a new one, as we learn from a letter

[illegible]

Box No. 17 AMSTERDAM, N. Y.
for the DAY BOOK during
which the quantity deliv-
ered was equal to thirty
we believe were secured.
FOOT, CODE & CO.
No. 25 Beekman St.
NEW YORK. DAY BOOK, sum-
mer, is thirty thousand.
SLOAN & CHASE
Providence, Box 17 AMSTERDAM.

WIND--Very light from S.
 Speken, d.c.
 Aug. 17, lat. 34 28, lon. 26, 35, Br. ship
 London for Australia.
 Oct. 4, lat. 41 30, lon. 64, was seen back of
 Oct. 4, lat. 28, lon. 32 14, bark Oke, from Phil.
 29 AUG 1977



MAJOR WOODS
HAMILTON, N. Y.

[illegible]

Ward Hotel, corner of Elm and 12th St., at the report of Committees and other members of MONDAY EVENING. On the order of H. RAYMOND, WM. TAYLOR, Adjutant.

THE FIRST REGULAR MEETING of the First-place Executive Association will be held MONDAY EVENING, Oct. 13, at 7½ of the lecture room of the First-place M. E. Church, 14th and 11th Sts. An open order of business and the design of the Association will be delivered by Rev. J. HINE RYLAND.

A REGULAR MEETING of the First-place Executive Association will be held MONDAY, Oct. 14, at 7½ P. M., in the Lecture Room of the Clinton Hall, Astor-place. Questions for the evening will be discussed by Rev. J. HINE RYLAND. CLEMENT D. NEWMAN, Secretary.

ASSOCIATION OF EXHIBIT VENDORS. The members will please meet at the corner of Lexington st., at 10½ A. M., on MONDAY, and participate with the Executive Association in trade. G. W. WELLS, Secy.

TO THE SHERIFF,
COUNTY OF NEW-YORK,
That the Clerk of the Court
on the Tuesday following the next term of the Court,
next, the following officers are to be sworn in:
Governor in the place of Mr. Morgan, and
A Lieutenant-Governor in the place of Mr. Morgan.
The Clerk of the Court is to be sworn in
mood:
A Canal Commissioner in the place of Commodore
McKean.
An Inspector of State Prisons in the place of
Kirkpatrick.
A Clerk of the Court of Appeals in the place of
E. F. Harwood, deceased.
All unexpired terms of office will expire on the
December next.
Thirty-five Electors of President and Vice-President
of the United States.
A Representative in the Thirty-fifth Congress
of the United States for the Third Congressional District
composed of the First, Second, Third, Fifth and
Sixth Townships in the City of New York.
Also, a Representative in the next Congress
from the City of New York.

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County.
All whose terms of office will expire on the 1st of December next, 1904, are, respectively,
N. P. STANTON, Jr., Doc. Secretary of the
SHERIFF'S OFFICE, NEW-YORK AND
The above is published pursuant to the act of the Secretary of State, in compliance of the provisions of such case made and provided.
JAMES C. WILLIAMS,
Sheriff of the City of New-York.
All the public newspapers in the County will be above cited in each week until the election and the poll day, and the same will be published in the County laid before the Board of Supervisors and the Board of Health. (See Revised Statutes, vol. 1, chap. 1, sec. 2, c. 2, part 1, sec. 105.)

"**THANKS FOR RETROGRADE**
"A GOOD" FOR RETROGRADE
MAP OF THE UNITED STATES, and a
"A GOOD" FOR RETROGRADE

ENS. places of public record, so that he who may wish to read, will be furnished herewith at the same rate as if he were in any of our stores. The price of the book is \$1.00 per copy, or any number above this and under ten copies, \$1.00 per copy; ten to twenty copies, \$1.00 per copy; twenty to fifty copies, \$1.00 per copy; fifty to one hundred copies, \$1.00 per copy; one hundred to five hundred copies, \$1.00 per copy; five hundred to one thousand copies, \$1.00 per copy. Republishers will be charged for the book at the same rate for volume on order and for the book good than a dozen months. Address your orders to Wm. O. Brown, No. 126 Broadway, New York.

THE TWENTY-SECOND WARD.
Mont' Chin will hold a public meeting in front of the corner of Broadway and Mont' Street, New York, on Monday, Nov. 10, 1885, at 8 o'clock, P. M. The speakers will be DEBBE and JORGE H. H. B. will deliver the address. Tickets 10c. **RICHARD GOULD, Secy.**

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REPUBLICAN MASS MEETING
REAR SECTION OF THE CITY
 The Young Men's Association of the
 Union invite their fellow citizens to meet at the
 junction of East Broadway and Grand, on the
 corner of 14th line, on Wednesday evening, Oct. 10,
 for the purpose of electing a delegate to be
 nominated for Congress in the 6th District, and elect
 speakers for the occasion. **GROVER H. ANDERSON**,
 nominee for Congress in the 6th District, and com-
 mittee speakers have been selected.
B. F. MANIERE,
DAVID H. GILDERSLLEY, Secretary.

24. The Republican Convention for the State of California will be held at the Central Republican Convention, on the 16th and 17th of August, at the Fremont House, Hon. ABRAM WAGGONER, of San Francisco, President of the Central Republican party of this District.

Geo. T. SZRAGO, Secy. DAVID R. SCOTT, Cash.

BROOKLYN. — "FREE TERRITORY FOR MEN." — Rocky Mountain Pioneer Club. LOWEY, Edw, of Kansas, late Secretary of the Rocky Mountain Pioneer Club, will speak at the following places: —
TUESDAY EVENING, Oct. 13, at 7 1/2 o'clock, in the Hall, corner of Fifth and Madison streets. Glee Club. Seats reserved for ladies. Monday, Oct. 14, at 7 1/2 o'clock, in the Hall, corner of Fifth and Madison streets. Glee Club. Seats reserved for ladies.

J. E. SPAULDING, Pres.
J. M. COMMOCK, Secretary.

TWENTY-FIRST WARD. — The Association of the Twenty-First Ward will meet on MONDAY EVENING, Oct. 13, at 7 1/2 o'clock, in the Hall, corner of Fifth and Madison streets. Glee Club. Seats reserved for ladies.

Speakers: Wm. C. BROWN, J. H. LAY, and
 Songs will be sung. By order of the Association.
 WM. H. WOODMAN
 EDWARD H. FLETCHER, Secy.

AMERICAN HIGHER SCHOOL FOR
 GIRLS
 SEVENTH DISTRICT, GEORGE BROWN
 SIXTH, SEVENTH AND EIGHTH WARD.

WINKERS OR MOUNTAINS
 WOODEN IN six weeks for any amount, or
 not sold or buyers take away. Good
 and cheap. No. 27 Third St. New York
 SPALDING, NO. 27 Third St. New York
 No. 27 Third St. New York. No. 27 Third
 Brooklyn; ALBANY, 41 South St. New York

as payment thereof has been stopped and
GEO. A. P. M.

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Arthur Morrill, Gen. Manager
M. Arboledo, A. V. Harrison, J. P.
Monica, C. E. Perry, H. E. Mack, C.
Whitton, Wm. Hughes and lady, A.
Conner, lady and children, Mrs. C.
and lady, Leola Randall, Mrs. D.
Wm. Cook, and others in cabin
In steamer Florida, from
Hett, J. D. Stebbins, W. V. Moore, E.
Weister, L. L. Scholcher, C. D. Oak, E. G.
and 13 others in cabin
In steamer Southstar, from
Mrs. O'Connor, F. Trondalen, A.
Jorham, Geo. A. Moore, J. S. Drayton, J.

In ship Enterprises from Liverpool - Edward Wicks,
Nathan Dearman.

MINIATURE ALMAGAM - THIS DAY.

TUN RICE... 6 00; Rum cake... 5 25; Mince Cass. 5 00

HIGH WATER - THIS DAY.

Sandy Hook... 5 25; Clay Island... 5 00; Mince Cass. 5 00

MARINE INTELLIGENCE.

NEW-YORK...SATURDAY, Oct 28

Cleared

Stearns, James, Louisville, Ky.
 Stearns, Augustus, Lyon, Ky.
 Stearns, Adger, Turner, Charleston, S. C.
 Stevens, Hattie, Bulloch, Havana and New Orleans, La.
 Stoddard & Co., Louisville, Ky.
 Ships, Johann Lange, (Humm.),
 Koop, Caravan, Sands, Liverpool, H.
 Stam, Edwin Forrest, Crocker, San
 Co., W. White, McNear, New
 Ambassador, Olson, New Orleans,
 Banks, Weather, Geary, McKee,
 Johnson & Co., Louisville, Ky.
 Thell & Co., Tryphens, (Ky.)
 T. Bulley, Reinder, Louisville, Ky.

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& Anshin; L. Gilman; Tyler, Savannah, J. E. Gilman
 & Newcomb; S. B. Jenkins, Peterson, Washington, Y. H. Mc-
 Broom; S. B. Bird, Carroll, Newcomb, James Smith; Max-
 well, Chichester, Philadelphia, C. H. Fennell; C. H. Fennell, C. H. Fennell
 & Sear, Philadelphia, Jas. H. Bird, C. H. Fennell, C. H. Fennell
 & Richmond, J. T. Johnson & Co.; R. J. Bird, C. H. Fennell
 & Alexandria, M. Bedell; J. P. Armitage, Armitage, Armitage, Armitage
 & Philadelphia, J. W. McKee; C. H. Fennell, C. H. Fennell, C. H. Fennell
 & Philadelphia, J. W. McKee, C. H. Fennell, C. H. Fennell, C. H. Fennell
 & Havens; William, Morrow, Baird, Morrow, Baird, Morrow, Baird
 & Ding, Fall River, master; Wolcott, Hallowell, Hallowell, Hallowell
 & ton & Sprague; E. Rodman, Concord, New-Haven, New-Haven
 & Store; J. M. Warren, Chapman, New-Haven, New-Haven, New-Haven
 & Slope Oregon, Rhodes, Providence, & Kennebec.

Arrived.

Steamship Southerner, Murray, Charleston, with sails and passengers to Spoford, Tilston & Co., N.Y. P.M., off Lookout, exchanged signals with Lookout, P.M., bonded S. 10 P. M., 10 miles E. of Lookout, exchanged signals with steamship Knoxville, New York, for Steamship U.S.F. No. 6, off Eastern water, and signals with steamship Marion, New York, for Steamship Florida, Woodhall, Miami, Fla., with sails and passengers to S. L. Miami, Fla., P.M., 14 miles N.E. from Fry's Bay, Fla., P.M.

brig Nathan, bound S. Friday, 30 A. M.
 Light bearing N. W. by N. exchanged
 ship Knoxville, from New-York for Savannah
 Capt. Mark Homersley, Lieut. Asa
 Wakeman, Dimon & Co. Has experienced
 during the passage.
 Schr. Sarah Louise, Williams, Smyrna, Del., with
 to B. N. Fox.
 Schr. Ceresco, Treworgy, Milbridge, with
 to E. J. Peters.
 Schr. Henry Clay, Delnoe, Albany, for New-Orleans.
 Schr. Maine, Brown, Elmehurst, for Boston.
 Schr. Georgiana, Kelley, Philadelphia.
 Schr. Knight, Sears, Boston.

Propeller Marx, Nichols, Philadelphia.
Propeller Shetucket, Geer, Norwich.
Propeller Osprey, Keener, Providence.
Propeller Bristol, Allen, New Bedford.
Schr. Gipsy, Ingalls, Fishing, for Philadelphia.
Schr. J. Raymond, Smith, Norwich.
WIND—During the day, W., and light.

Arrived.....SATURDAY, Oct. 12.
Ship Enterprise, Walt, Liverpool Sept. 7, with masts,
and 12 passengers to Taylor & Rich.
Ship John S. Harris, (of Portland,) Mack, Gloucester
Ang. 28, with coal to Manhattan Gas Co.—vessel to meet

Ship Sebastook, Charles Bowdoin, Jr., with coal to Barclay & Livingston—vessel to market.

Ship Gem of the Ocean, (of Boston,) Thomson, Hamburg Sept. 7, with mdee. and 300 passengers to Buck & Knibbs.

Ship M. H. Howes, Riley, Penang June 8, with sugar, passengers, mdee. &c. to W. S. Rogers.

Brig Caroline E. Kelly, (of Frankfort,) Pule, Cadiz 4th ds, with salt, wine, &c., to N. A. & R. Blanchard. Sept. 18, lat. 38 40, lon. 48, experienced a heavy gale from S. E., during which lost foretopmast and topgallantmast, sails and rigging, and split head of foremast.

Brig Iris, (Dr.) Bogart, Dorchester 5 ds, with stone to the Brazil.

Brig Relief, Sawyer, Cherryfield, with lumber to J. Simpson.
Brig Laudretta, Dunbar, Para 23 da, with rubber, &c. to Burdett & Noble.
Brig Clara Windsor, Botton, Port-au-Prince Sept. 21, with 1000 lbs of H. Becker & Carver.
Brig Enterprise, (Br.) Wiseman, Windsor 14 da, with plaster to D. R. De Wolf.
Brig Lodi, Tinker, Calais, lumber to J. Fry.
Schr. Gem of Goernoe, (Br.) Whedon, Malaga 28 da, On the 19th day from Malaga struck soundings on Georges Bank, and was driven westerly winds: 942 feet, spoke Nanucket light-sh.

ton to Scranton & Tallman.
Schr. Harry Hilliard, Rogers, Frankfort, Me., bound to
Port Richmond.
Schr. N. W. Brown, Derricksen, Wilmington, N. C., &
do. to Dollner & Potter.
Schr. Caroline Stone, Boynton, Bangor, with lumber to
master.
Schr. Tice, (of Hampden,) Williams, Lisbon, via
Holmes' Hole, 60 da, with mail and cork to H. D. Brock-
man & Fannie Mitchell, Blake, Portland, Me., bound to
Philadelphia.
Schr. Francis Taft, Randall, Machias, with lumber to
J. F. Snow.

Schr. Tomah, Titicon, Calais, with lumber to Mayhew & Talbot.
Schr. Splendid, Mitchell, Machias, lumber to merchant.
Schr. Slack, Hooper, Machias, with lumber to merchant.
Schr. Fulton, Doane, Eastport, with laths to master.
Schr. Knight, Sears, Rockland, Me., heading to master.
Schr. Bay State, Merrill, Portland.
Schr. Medora, Holbrook, Rockland.
Schr. Bolivar, Ames, Rockland.
Sloop Oliver Ames, French, Tuxton.
Propeller Pease, Ayre, Portland.
Propeller Potomac, Gilman, New Bedford.
Propeller Concord, Norman, Philadelphia.
Propeller Uncon, Bates, Hartford.

WIND.—Light from South.

Sailed.

Steamships Baltic, Comstock, Liverpool; Glasgow, (Br.) Duncan, Glasgow, James Adger, Turner, Charleston; Augusta, Lyon, Savannah; Jamestown, Pariah, Norfolk, &c. Ships Ocean Monarch, Pa. Liverpool; Sir Robert Peel, Larabee, Liverpool.

Sailed on Sunday.—Ships M. J. Ward, Storrs, New Orleans; Nicholas Biddle, do; Johann Lange, Bremen; Lamck, Akrah, and others.

Memoranda.

The ship Independence, 1,350 tons, is now on the stocks.

On Saturday afternoon, at 4 1/2 o'clock, Mr. Thomas Stacker launched from his ship yard, foot of South Street, Brooklyn, E. D. a splendid new launch, called the *Stamper*. She is built of the strongest material, and is of live and white oak, and is thoroughly equipped with all the latest improvements. She is 24 feet long, 6 feet 6 inches wide, and has a draft of 2 feet 6 inches. She is capable of making 12 miles an hour, and is fitted with a 10-horse power engine, and a 10-horse power boiler. She is also fitted with a 10-horse power pump, and a 10-horse power winch. She is a most valuable addition to the fleet of the city, and is well adapted for all kinds of service.

SPECIALS.—In this book interest has been taken by Messrs. L. & H.'s
of hold, and is owned by Messrs. L. & H. of Boston,
and J. A. Stamler, N.Y., and will run to Lyons L. & H.'s
line of Antwerp packets.—**commanded by Capt. K. Kirby.**

By Telegraph.

BOSTON, Oct. 11—Arr., ship **Lovell**, Knowles, Pa-
dang; Flying Eagle, Bates, California; Miles, Samuels-
Green, do.; Staghound, Peterson, New-York.
Sept. 10, lat. 9° 53' N., lon. 41° 35' W., ship **Gardner**, Abbott,
from Manila for New-York.
Oct. 12—Arr., brig **Mansfield**, and G. L. Bucknam,
Philadelphia.

Spoken, &c.
 July 7, lat. 6 S., lon. 31 10 E., ship **Rachel Thompson**,
 from Calcutta for New-York. Same day, **Mr. Mark** **Thompson**,
 from Penang for London.
 Aug. 9, lat. 35 28 S., lon. 22 E., ship **John St. Marks**, from
 Calcutta for Boston.
 Aug. 18, lat. 35 28 S., lon. 17 57 E., exchanged **Nov. with**
 an American ship from Calcutta for Boston, ship No. 1, and
 34 discharging pendant.
 Aug. 17, lat. 31 27 S., lon. 18 25 E., exchanged **Nov. with**
Mark Ann Bridson.
 Sept. 3, lat. 10 S., lon. 28 30 W., **Dr. Isaac** **Johnson**, from
 Calcutta for Calcutta.
 9 lat. 45 30, lon. 22 E., **Dr. Mark Johnson**, from

Liverpool for Quebec.
Sept. 12. Very Island, bearing W. by S. 2 miles, from
Louis Killam, of Boston, from New-England, at Albany,
9 da. out.

Oct. 6. Lat. 52 00, Lon. 72 00, ship Maudslayi, from Liverpool
Charleston.

Oct. 6. Lat. 60 20, Lon. 69 17, bark St. James, from New-
York for Oporto.

Oct. 8. Lat. 52; Lon. 53, weathered bark Maranda, sig. W.

Navigation Bureau

All Persons having a Bark or Ship engaged, to call for
the latest Notices of the Service, may do so, by apply-
ing to the Navigation Bureau, No. 10, Broadway, New York.

... .. Denmark, for 60.000.000.
... .. 1974.

minution the crew of our life-boat were on
under the command of our friend Capt.
of the Atlantic Hotel. And, thank God,
in time to save four lives, viz: JOHN E.
FRIZZ, RICHARD JAMESON and LEWIS
these gentlemen, and inhabitants of
had been fishing and drinking it
took the most dangerous passage
us to reach home, and while riding on
the boat capsized. The brave fellows who
all the while saved your boat, saved
we got their boat too.

S. G.

BOUNTY LANDS.

THE PATENT OFFICE, ISSUED
BY J. B. FOLGER, Notary Public, D. & Comptroller
and Commissioner of all the States, No. 12 South
Main Street, Boston, Mass., has received from
the United States Land Office, Washington, D.C., presented
this day, the following:

BEYOND PROMPT AND RELIABLE
ADVERTISING AGENCY
J. Angell's Building,
No. 60 NASSAU ST., NEW YORK CITY.
To Messrs. KATHLEEN J. WATSON & Co.

DANIE MALHERBER HAS REMOVED
from No. 525 to No. 58 Broadway - west side; one
floor De France Room.

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FOR SALE—A FACTORY BUILDING built by the city of Chicago, 1000 sq. ft. and thereon a stationary engine of 100 hp. one hundred horse power, with four boilers. The whole nearly new and in perfect condition. Will be sold for a low price if taken either together or separately. Apply to
HENRY T. NELSON, Atlanta, Ga.

**FOR SALE—BANKS OF THE HUDSON, TON-
ICITY.** residence, 1000 sq. ft. and thereon a stationary
hot and cold water, gas, furnace and range, and it within
three minutes walk of Glenwood Depot. Apply to R.
J. NELSON, 2711 Broadway, New York City.

**IOWA LANDS FOR SALE.—WE OFFER FOR
sale several choice locations for farms in Iowa. Prairie
and timber land a few select portions of 20 acres.
GREEN & SEWELL, Des Moines, Ia. 20 Walnut**

HOUSES TO LET.

TO LEASE IN STEVENS' BUILDING
Two large, airy, well-lighted offices, with
TWO feet front, on the corner of Murray & Col-
lege streets. Inquire of CAMBRIDGE LIVINGSTON,
New York.

FURNISHED HOUSE TO LET—A FAMILY
Living at No. 2 Franklin terrace, Hoboken, leaving for
Europe soon, is desirous to let their house, furnished as it
is, to a family of four or five persons. The house has all
the house has all the modern improvements, and is only
minutes' walk from the ferry. Would also sell the fur-
niture and fixtures, if desired. For particulars, con-
sult the list of day for a longer time. Address:
Post-Office, No. 1, L44, or apply to HUIL VON KELLER,
New York.

TO LET A NICE THREE-STORY BRICK
dwelling, with brown-tone basement, marble man-
dels, etc., in Clinton-st., near Huntington-st., South
Brooklyn. Inquire of J. A. LUYCKEBOER, Real Estate, No. 317 Columbia,
Brooklyn; or of E. ROSS, Jr., No. 68 1/2 av., New York.

FURNISHED HOUSE TO LET AT NO. 41
East 88th-st., containing 13 rooms, replete with every
convenience, in perfect order.
Rent very low. Family without children. Inquire of
J. A. LUYCKEBOER, Real Estate, No. 317 Columbia,
Brooklyn; or of E. ROSS, Jr., No. 68 1/2 av., New York.

see the house address E. C. READ, Post-office.

FURNISHED HOUSE IN CLINTON-AT-THIRD, BROOKLYN TO LET. With grounds, shade trees, fruit trees, etc. The house is a new, complete order. The house is furnished in a genteel manner and in perfect order; possession Nov. 1; address 100 Clinton-av., Brooklyn.

FURNISHED ROOM TO LET—WITHOUT BOARD. to a single gentleman, in a private family; location place, 15th-st.; gas, bath, etc. Address: 100 Clinton-av., Brooklyn.

TO LET—SECOND STORY—TWO ROOMS. (folding doors), two bedrooms and closets, with back basement, pantry and closet, No. 15 Beekman-st. Inquire on premises, or No. 229 Broadway.

W. HOWLAND.

TO LET—\$325.—MARBLE MANTELS AND GAS. A new three-story English basement brick house, with a garden, on Myrtle-av., third house from Myrtle-av., Brooklyn.

TO LET THE STORE AND BASEMENT. No. 38 Myrtle-av., under the St. Nicholas Hotel—a desirable place for a grocery store, etc.

EDWARD J. ROSSIGNON, 107 N. MYRTLE-AV.

OFFICES TO LET—IN THE BIBLE HOUSE.
 A first place, on second floor, in office, or single office, or
 for a store, or for a residence. Apply at the Treasurer's office
 Entrance on 4th av.

DIVIDENDS.

CHICAGO, BURLINGTON AND NORTHERN PACIFIC RAILROAD CO.
 TREASURER'S OFFICE, CHICAGO, ILL., SEP. 18, 1891.
NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN THAT ALL
 the stockholders of the above named railroad company, and
 Attorns, and the Central Military Trust Railroad Com-
 pany, becoming due after this date, will be paid at the
 Bank of Commerce, in New York City.
 AMOS T. HALL, Treasurer, C. B. and Q. N. & C. Co.
 OFFICE OF THE CHICAGO & TOLEDO RAILROAD CO.
 NO. 8 WALL STREET, CHICAGO, ILL., SEP. 18, 1891.
DIVIDEND. DIVIDEND OF A PER CENT
 has this day been declared out of the earnings of the
 Chicago & Toledo Railroad Company for the year ending
 31st month of December, 1891, and will be paid to the stock-
 holders on the 15th inst. and open for 7th. By order of
 Directors.
 E. B. LITCHFIELD, Treasurer.

OFFICE OF THE FULTON FIRE INSURANCE COMPANY,
No. 40 Wall-st., New-York, Oct. 3, 1867.

DIVIDEND. **BOARD OF DIRECTORS:**
Have this day declared a dividend of **ONE DOLLAR** on the shares of the FULTON FIRE INSURANCE COMPANY, on and after the 15th inst. The transfer books will be closed from the 6th to the 9th inst.

W. M. WILLIAMS, Secretary.

PROPOSALS.

SEALED PROPOSALS FOR HEATING
SCHOOL-HOUSE NO. 4,
New-York, by City, will be received at the office of the
Clerk of the Board of Education, until Wednesday, Oct. 10, at 3 o'clock, and will be opened at 4 o'clock of the same day.
By order of the Board at the Clerk's office aforesaid.
Dated Oct. 7, 1867.

By order of the Board of School Officers of the **FIFTH**
AND W. H. GREEN, Chairman.
WARD
HENRY P. WEST, Secretary.

HORSES AND CARRIAGES.

FOR SALE A PAIR OF VERY HANDSOME
FINE HORSES, a powerful pair,
with a new and elegant carriage,
for sale at a bargain.

bay, long tails, good to 16 hands, fast and very stylish travelers, and can be in every way recommended, both for soundness and good training; age 3½ and 5. This is a rare opportunity for a gentleman who wishes to purchase a fine pair of horses. Price \$1,000. Call baroness, nearly now, or will also be sold cheap. Apply to GUESTER, LAND, St. Nicholas Stables, Mercer-st., rear of St. Nicholas Hotel.

STATEMENT OF THE BANK OF AMERICA, as required by Chapter 250, Laws of 1883, for the week ending Saturday, Oct. 11, 1884.

Average amount of Loans and Discounts	\$1,000,000.00
Average amount of Deposits	1,000,000.00
Average amount of Circulation	1,000,000.00
Average amount of Specie	1,000,000.00
Average amount of Real Estate	1,000,000.00
Average amount of Other Assets	1,000,000.00
Average amount of Liabilities	1,000,000.00

Sworn before me, this 11th day of October, 1884.

J. J. HARRIS, Commissioner of Deeds.

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Sworn before me, this 11th day of October, 1884.

J. J. HARRIS, Commissioner of Deeds.

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Mr. CHASE, however, Mr. CHASE was yesterday nominated by acclamation for Congress, by the Democracy of the Fourth District of Massachusetts. This is the District so acceptably represented in the last Congress by Hon. LEWIS B. COMINS, who is renominated by the Republicans. It was stated, in the Convention which nominated Mr. CHASE, that a Delegate had a letter in his pocket, from that gentleman, declining to permit the use of his name, but the letter was not produced, and it was confidently announced that his objections might be overruled. His acceptance is not announced, but it seems to be the wish of his friends that he will stand the canvass. The Boston Herald understands that a movement is on foot to secure a union on Mr. CHASE of the fossil Whigs and the Buchanians, but adds that that will be the way to give the Republican candidate a rousing majority. Very probable.

PROF. HEDRICK'S CASE.—The Faculty of the University of North Carolina have met in solemn session to pass a vote of censure upon Professor HEDRICK for his heinous sin of pronouncing for FREEMONT. We publish the proceedings of this meeting in another column. It will be seen that the Faculty deem it to be a dreadful thing to imbue youthful minds with a sense of the sinfulness of Slavery, and although they would gladly expel the Professor, they have not the power to do so, and commend the subject to the consideration of the Trustees of the University.

MORE PRO-SLAVERY BLUSTER.—We print this morning two letters, from General REID and Governor GEARY, in relation to affairs in Kansas. Gen. REID avows his readiness to meet the Free-State men in open battle, but would prefer peace if it can be had. He charges the origin of the troubles in Kansas upon the Anti-Slavery men, and under a dimly veil of moderation, vainly endeavors to conceal the spirit of rancorous hostility that has animated his action.

ANOTHER DISCUSSION.—The Boston papers announce Mr. B. F. HALLIET's acceptance of Gov. REEDER's challenge to enter into a discussion on the political issue of the day. It is understood that the preliminaries are not yet arranged, but the debate will take place in some public hall in Boston. Mr. HALLIET will need to get his logic in order, to meet the Governor.

WASHINGTON'S SUCCESSORS.—The English press is constantly improving in its knowledge of American history and politics. The London Star leads off on the subject of the present contest for the Presidency with the following remark:

"There was a time when WASHINGTON was the President of the Republic, and when HAMILTON, JEFFERSON and ADAMS were his successors."

SAVANNAH CITY ELECTION.—The election in Savannah yesterday for the whole Democratic ticket.

AMUSEMENTS.—A small piece by BONICELLI, called the "Prima Donna," was produced here on Monday night with success. It is founded on a domestic incident, involving some self-sacrifice on the part of the heroine, who, as the title imports, is a prima donna. Stella, (Miss Horton) the lady in question, has a noble lover, Count Eric, (Mr. Somers). This gentleman succeeds in saving from destruction Stella's sister, Margaret, rescuing her from a mass of burning ruins. In gratitude for her deliverance, Margaret falls in love with her deliverer, and lets concealment, like a worm in the bud, and, perform its customary functions. Her secret is known to Stella, however, and with the view of easing her descent to her grave, Stella persuades Eric to follow her. He does so, and the good effects of a little timely affliction are perceptible in the second act. Margaret is completely restored to health. She believes implicitly in the devotion of Eric, and indeed he has feigned so well that he is ashamed at last to find that he really feels it. In vain he strives to disguise the new love from the scrutinizing eyes of Stella. With a woman's quickness she perceives his altered tone and bearing. Abandoned of his duplicitous Eric, he still returns to his first love, but Stella, foreseeing the consequences to her sister, makes a sacrifice of her own heart, surrenders Eric to her sister, and marries a most persevering and amusing Banker of the name of Roubie (Mr. Lester) who has obstinately pursued her in spite of disdain and cruelty.

The piece is slight in its texture and will not wear long, but it is pretty, and when placed on the stage as it was last night, cannot fail to please. The weight of the plot is on the shoulders of Mrs. Horton, and to the excellent acting of that lady the unequalled success of last evening may be mainly attributed. Miss AGNES ROBERTSON, as Margaret, is fitted with a little affectionate, natural role for which she is well adapted. Mr. LESTER, as Roubie, was, as he always is, admirable. Mr. SOMERS slightly phlegmatic. Mr. HENRY slightly heavy. The piece was very favorably received and will be repeated very night.

The entertainments conclude with the Comedy of "Love and Money." There was a change in, but no improvement on, the cast of last season.

CITY POLITICAL.

Republican Charter Nominations.—The Republican Charter Conventions met last evening in their respective Wards. We subjoin the results so far as named:

ADAMS.
Ward 1. 1. Nomination deferred. 2. John B. Hyatt. 3. John B. Hyatt. 4. John B. Hyatt. 5. John B. Hyatt. 6. John B. Hyatt. 7. John B. Hyatt. 8. John B. Hyatt. 9. John B. Hyatt. 10. John B. Hyatt. 11. Nomination deferred. 12. John B. Hyatt. 13. John B. Hyatt. 14. John B. Hyatt. 15. John B. Hyatt. 16. John B. Hyatt. 17. John B. Hyatt. 18. John B. Hyatt. 19. John B. Hyatt. 20. John B. Hyatt. 21. Nomination deferred. 22. John B. Hyatt. 23. John B. Hyatt. 24. John B. Hyatt. 25. John B. Hyatt. 26. John B. Hyatt. 27. John B. Hyatt. 28. John B. Hyatt. 29. John B. Hyatt. 30. John B. Hyatt. 31. Nomination deferred. 32. John B. Hyatt. 33. John B. Hyatt. 34. John B. Hyatt. 35. John B. Hyatt. 36. John B. Hyatt. 37. John B. Hyatt. 38. John B. Hyatt. 39. John B. Hyatt. 40. John B. Hyatt. 41. Nomination deferred. 42. John B. Hyatt. 43. John B. Hyatt. 44. John B. Hyatt. 45. John B. Hyatt. 46. John B. Hyatt. 47. John B. Hyatt. 48. John B. Hyatt. 49. John B. Hyatt. 50. John B. Hyatt. 51. 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 125 WEST 4TH STREET
 NEW YORK, N. Y. 10014



by draughts generally,
6 cents a box. Oiler, No.

NATIONAL FIRE INSURANCE CO.
 1000 MARKET STREET
 PHILADELPHIA, PA.
 NEW YORK, N. Y.
 CHICAGO, ILL.
 ST. LOUIS, MO.
 CINCINNATI, OHIO
 CLEVELAND, OHIO
 PITTSBURGH, PA.
 PHILADELPHIA, PA.
 HARTFORD, CONN.
 BOSTON, MASS.
 NEWARK, N. J.
 ALBANY, N. Y.
 ALBUQUERQUE, N. M.
 ANCHORAGE, ALASKA
 ARIZONA, TULSA
 ARKANSAS, LITTLE ROCK
 CALIFORNIA, LOS ANGELES
 COLORADO, DENVER
 CONNECTICUT, HARTFORD
 DELAWARE, WILMINGTON
 DISTRICT OF COLUMBIA, WASHINGTON
 FLORIDA, JACKSONVILLE
 GEORGIA, ATLANTA
 ILLINOIS, CHICAGO
 INDIANA, INDIANAPOLIS
 IOWA, DES MOINES
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 NORTH DAKOTA, GRAND FORK
 OHIO, CLEVELAND
 OKLAHOMA, OKLAHOMA CITY
 OREGON, PORTLAND
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 VERMONT, MONTPELIER
 VIRGINIA, RICHMOND
 WASHINGTON, SEATTLE
 WEST VIRGINIA, MARTINSBURG
 WISCONSIN, MILWAUKEE
 WYOMING, CHEYENNE

Plant herein was filed as above on 11th day of August, 1964.

FILED, EVARTS, SOUTHERN DISTRICT OF CALIF.

FILE COURT COUNTY OF LOS ANGELES
NATIONAL FIRE INSURANCE COMPANY
of New York, against JAMES O'NEAL
FORRENCHE and JANE H. with CHAS. E.
CORRELL, CORNELIUS J. and JAMES
EAST and JAMES A. ROOSE as co-defendants.

No. 2.—To the defendants above named, if you
are hereby summoned and required to answer
the complaint in this action, which is filed in the
District Court of the County of Kings, in the State
of said County, and to serve a copy of the answer
on the said court.

five days after the service of the summons
of the day of such service; and if
he failed to appear within the time
so provided in the section above
referred to, he shall be deemed to
have waived the defense and to have
admitted the facts in the complaint. Dated Aug. 28,
1906. **UTLER, EVARTS & SOUTHWAY**
Attorneys.

Plaint herein was filed as above on the 28th day
of August, 1906.
UTLER, EVARTS & SOUTHWAY
Attorneys.

THE COURT—COUNTY OF KING
NATIONAL FIRE INSURANCE COMPANY
of New York, against **JOSEPH BROWN**
" " " " **JAMES H. CHAPMAN**
" " " " **CORNELIUS V. ROBERTSON**
" " " " **CHARLES**

No. 3.—To the defendants above named: Of which you are, hereby summoned and required to appear in the complaint in and to which you are the Clerk of the County of Kings, in the City of New York, and to serve a copy of the said complaint on the plaintiff, at his residence at No. 3 Hanover-street, in the City of New York, five days after the service of this summons on you, or of the day of each service and to answer the said complaint, within the time therein directed. In this action will apply to the Court for the aid of the complaint.—Dated May 1, 1864.
BUTLER, EVARTS & SOUTHWAY, Attorneys.
The complaint herein was filed as above on the same day.

THE COURT-COUNTY OF
NATIONAL FIRE INSURANCE
of New-York, against JACOB COHEN,
FORREUCE and JANE his wife,
CORNELIUS COHEN,
EST and JAMES A. HANCOCK,
No. 4.—To the defendants
each of you are hereby summoned to appear
before the Court of Sessions of the County of
the Clerk of the County of Kings, on the 1st day
in said County, and to serve and answer
the said complaint in the County of Kings,
in Hanover-street, in the City of New-York,
seven days after the service of this summons
on or before the day of such service; and if you fail
to do so, the said complaint may be taken as

ended in the complaint. Dated Aug. 15, 1906.
BUTLER, EVARTS & SOUTHWARD,
Plaintiff's Attorneys.
A writ herein was filed as above on the 16th day
1906.
BUTLER, EVARTS & SOUTHWARD,
The Plaintiff's Attorney.

**THE COUNTY-COUNTY OF KINGS-
TON, THE NATIONAL INSURING COMPANY
of New York, against JACOB CROMBIE, WILLI-
AM FLORENCE and JANE his wife, CHARLES
CORDELLUS and EDWIN N. CORDELLUS, JR.,
EST and JAMES A. ROOSEVELT. Term-
No. 5.**—To the defendants above named: You,
and you, are hereby summoned and required to
appear in the said court in the said cause, on the

County, and to serve a copy of your answer
complaint, on the undersigned, at their office,
hereafter, in the City of New York, and to
serve a copy of your answer to the undersigned
the service of this summons on you, and to
serve a copy of your answer to the undersigned
of such service; and if you fail to answer the
plaint within the time aforesaid, the Plaintiff
will apply to the Court for the relief demanded
plaint. - Dated Aug. 19, 1954.

UTLER, EVARTS & SOUTHWAY,
Plaintiff's Attorneys

Plaint herein was filed as above on the 20th day
1954.

UTLER, EVARTS & SOUTHWAY,
Plaintiff's Attorneys

NIE COURT - KINGS COUNTY - GE-
HAM H. NICHOLS, Plaintiff, against, GE-

Summons for relief. To each of the above
 defendants: You are hereby commanded to
 answer the complaint in this case at the
 office of the Clerk of the County of Kings,
 Hall-In the city of Brooklyn, and to serve
 an answer to the complaint on or before
 the first day of the month of May next at
 their office, No. 16 Nassau-st., in the City
 of New York, within twenty days after the service of this
 writ on you, exclusive of the day of such service;
 and in default of answer, the writ shall be
 taken, the plaintiff in this action will apply to the
 court for relief demanded in the complaint. Dated
 at New York, this 10th day of April, 1904.
 J. A. STERLING
 Plaintiff's Attorney.

plaint in the above entitled action was filed in
 the Clerk of the County of Kings, at the City
 of Brooklyn, New York, on the 10th day of April,

THE COURT—CITY AND COUNTRY OF NEW YORK.—THE NEW-YORK LIFE INSURANCE COMPANY against GEORGE NEVIN, ISAAC HILL, ANDREW J. HULL, and FRANKS DE WITT. *Plaintiffs' Attorney.*

Summons for GEORGE NEVIN: You are hereby summoned and required to answer the complaint in this action, a copy of which is served upon you, and to appear at the trial of the said complaint on the substance at 10, 106 Broadway, in the City of New-York, on the day after the service of this summons, to the day of each service; and if you fail to do so, the complaint within the time aforesaid, the said complaint will apply to the Court for the relief and remedy therein prayed for.

Attorneys, No. 106 Broadway, New York.
Main in this action was filed in the office of
the City and County of New York, on the 17th
of 1936.

NEW YORK COUNTY SUREGAGETS ON
-MARY ANN CORWIN, JAMES M. COE-
EDWARD J. CORWIN, Administrators of
-C. CORWIN, deceased, Sureties of the
-Editors - Dated this 27th day of May, 1936.
In application of the above named Administrators,
that said Administrators give public notice
of the estate of the above named deceased,
and demands or claims against the estate, within
nine months from this date, by sending by
order within twenty days last aforesaid, his live of
the public place of the City and County of New York.

name in the *Daily Sentinel* and *New-York* for the same space of time, and if any creditor to exhibit his or her debt, demand or claim in the said period of one month, as aforesaid, such creditor shall be forever barred or his action therefor against the said Adm. By order, E. W. KINGSLAND, Surrogate.

ARLIS BURKHALTER, }
EDMUND C. HAVEMEYER, } Executors.
THOMAS CLARK, }
To: }
PURSUANCE OF AN ORDER OF THE }
of the County of New York, notice is hereby }
persons having claims against WILLIAM H. }
late of the City of New York, deceased, }
to, present the same with vouchers thereof, }
distributors, at their office, No. 16 Broadway, in the }
City of New York, on or before the 24th day of March, }
in New York, Sept. 2, 1884. }
E. F. TREADWELL, }
MAXWELL WOODHULL, } Executors.
To: }

of the County of New-York, do hereby certify that the persons have received from the Office of the City of New-York, Amount, to wit, with vouchers thereon, to the amount of, at Office, No. 72 Christian Street, New-York, before the 4th day of April next.—Dated 1st day of October, 1854.

WILLIAM H. DUNNING, Recorder.
HARRIET DUNNING, Comptroller.

Th.

STATE OF NEW-YORK.

IN SENATE,

January 12, 1855.

REPORT

OF THE

COMMISSIONERS OF THE LAND OFFICE,

IN ANSWER TO A RESOLUTION PASSED BY THE SENATE, APRIL 10, 1854.

ALBANY:

WEED, PARSONS & COMPANY, PRINTERS, 1855.

HIRAM RAYMOND ARMSTRONG
MARY ANNE LUDLOW, nee Armstrong
mTh
ISSUANCE OF AN ORDER OF
the County of New York, in and for
all persons known
N, late of the City of
resent the name with various
at their offices
n, or on before the 15th day of
York, Oct. 1, 1924.
ALANOR RICHMOND, Clerk
WJ RAMSEY, County Clerk
ISSUANCE OF AN ORDER OF
the County of New York, in and for
all persons known
N, late of the City of
resent the name with various
at their offices
n, or on before the 15th day of
York, Oct. 1, 1924.
ALANOR RICHMOND, Clerk
WJ RAMSEY, County Clerk

the above named **LEONARD E. DELANEY**
 the son of **LEONARD E. DELANEY**, deceased, that they are
 entitled to share with the residue of the **ESTATE**
 of the said **LEONARD E. DELANEY**, deceased, in and to the
BOGARDYAN No. 3 DRY, in the City
 of St. Louis the first day of November next,
 1914, to-wit: **SAMUEL C. DELANEY**
 Plaintiff.

[illegible]

DR. TURNBULL,
SOCIALIST AND AGENT,
Crisis, Bureau,
120 West 42nd Street, New York

[illegible]

Thereafter, and will be available for the
the great mass of the people, and will be
ual to the range for this country, and
positions, working, and traveling, and the
Cushman in a fine foot in the country
one American.

No. 214 Broadway, opposite St. Paul
County merchant supplied from an
be hundred down.

ST. PATRICK'S LANDERS
J. & S. MARTIN, 100 N. 3d St.
WE IN THE WORLD, AND
LA BELLEPOUR, 100 N. 3d St.
All kinds of goods, and
MR. STEARNS, 100 N. 3d St.
new manufactures, and
ARE WORTH OF PROPERTY
and is the best of the
firm. Warranted the best
STEARNS & MARTIN
No. 4 Murray and 100 Water.
and Sales of other makers at reduced prices.

1884

[illegible][illegible]

ALFRED MUNROE & CO.
are ready and are constantly receiving from their
exporting department a very large assortment of
COATS, RAGLAND, KILBURN, KILBURN COATS,
PANTS, &c.
For Men and Boys.
ALFRED MUNROE & CO., No. 441 Broadway.

[illegible]

ANY IMPROVEMENTS MADE IN THE HOUSE
which are made by the owner or his agent
their general policy seems to be to
The largest lot was sold at
SOLD BY PATCHFIELD & CO.

RACE AND MUSLIN CURTAINS
AT THE LOWEST PRICES.
By
PETERSON & HANSEN,
No. 904 Broadway, corner Broadway

ALCOHOL—EXPERIENCE MUST HAVE
the majority of men as in the great distilleries
of this country has remained in the hands of
LINNINGER & CO., who, after attempting to have
in the art of producing their pure wine.

KINGS & CO. AT THEIR OLD LOCATION
roadway, have reconstructed the buildings
there that will accommodate the increased
demand for a wider scope for their business. Their
men's fine quality goods were made.

BET FRENCH GAS WATERMAN

[illegible]

AND PLANTS-PARSONS & CO.
N. Y. Ask for only a large assortment of
Plants for the street, the lawn, the greenhouse
and the greenhouse.

[illegible][illegible]

sessions, &c., after which a very pretty farce.
THE LARGEST SNAKE IN THE WORLD!
 The collection that has created such a sensation, is, in-
 coming all parallel, may now be seen in their New Den,
 without the slightest danger.
THE DWARF LADY, the HAPPY FAMILY, &c., &c.
 to be seen as usual.
 Admission to everything, 25 cents. Children, &c., &c.,
 ten, &c.

NILSON'S GARDEN.
 SPECIAL NOTICE.—ATTENTION OF THE
 On and after this evening the GARDEN will open for the
 Performances to commence on the 11th inst.
GLORIOUS EVENINGS.
FRIDAY EVENING, OCT. 11, 1854.
THE WONDERFUL RAVENS.
ANTHONY. FRANÇOIS.

YOUNG HENGLER, V. and A. CHARIAM
BLANCHE, OR, THE RIVAL FAIRIES
 pronounced to be the most laughable pantomime ever pro-
 duced by
THE TALENTED COMPANY
THE SECRET MARRIAGE
 Groe Pict.
EVOLUTIONS ON THE THEATRE BOYS
 Young Hengler, V. and A. Chariam
ANTOINE Groe
FRANCOIS Groe
JEROME Groe
 To-morrow—German Opera night—KADIE
 Hard nights—Monday, Wednesday and Friday
 German Oper night—Tuesday, Thursday and
 Saturday.
NIBLO'S GARDEN—GERMAN OPERA
BRILLIANT SINGERS

SATURDAY, Oct. 1st, last time of
 A U P I N E.
 With an excellent cast. New Magnificent Scenery
 and Dresses.
 Musical Director.....CARL SEIGSMANN
 ADMISION—FIFTY CENTS.

WALLACK'S THEATRE.
 Doom open at 6½; commence at 7.
 Last night
 of the first engagement of
 MISS AGNES AUGUSTON.
 She will appear in two more nights.
 FRIDAY, OCT. 17.
 NOTICE.—In consequence of
 various engagements, the performance
 of the PRIMA IGNA cannot be withdrawn
 until the next week. It will, however,
 be performed together, forming one of the most
 entertaining ever offered in the theatre.

MR. BOURDANVILLE, MR. HANCOCK
 Mrs. Hoey, Miss Gannon, Mr. Barnett, Mr. Rogers,
 Mr. Peters, etc., etc.
 PE-MORING in benefit and last appearance in
 MISS AGNES ROBERTSON
 Mr. Bourdanville's fine comedy, in five acts, entitled
 THE LIFE OF AN ACTRESS.
 Grimaldi..... Miss Agnes Robertson
 Violet..... Miss Agnes Robertson
 with other attractive entertainment.
 MONDAY..... MR. WALKACK
 will appear.

BURTON'S NEW THEATRE,
 BROADWAY, OPPOSITE BOND STREET.
 THIS EVENING, (Friday,) a great selection.
 The two best comedies of the season. The capital drama of
 the day. THE TWO FATHERS.
 With its beautiful scenery and capital actors.

And the crowd's favorite comedy of
CHARLEY'S LOVE,
 received by general and splendid applause with
 repeated bursts of enthusiastic applause.

IN THIS DOT-LEM ATTRACTION,
 the principal members of this excellent company will
 appear.

Mrs. E. Davenport in both pieces, **Mrs. T. Fisher**, **Mrs. J. Fisher** in two popular parts, **Mrs. A. Parker**, **Mrs. J. Davenport** in two successful personations, **Mrs. M. Smith**, **Mrs. J. Moore**, **Mrs. Hainford**, and
 The crowded stage to this theatre will
 present several favorite pieces of music.

The tragedy of **HAMLET**, with its unexpected end,
 received the most brilliant and successful
 with hearty applause, and will be repeated to-morrow.

M. STRAKOSCH GRAND CONCERT COMPANY
 The public are respectfully informed that

MILK. TERESA PARODIS
FIRST GRAND CONCERT
 in New-York will take place
 On **WEDNESDAY EVENING, Oct. 22**
 at **NIBLO'S SALOON**
 on which occasion she will be assisted by
 Signor **THEOPH. S. MOHRNE**
PAUL ALLEN
 the whole under the direction of
MAURICE STRAKOSIL
 The price of admission has been fixed at all parts of the
 hall **21c**. Seats may be had at **50c** extra charge
 beginning on Monday, Oct. 20, at the Music and Piano
 Store of Messrs. **HALL & SONS**. Doors open at 7
 o'clock. Concert commences at 8. For particulars see
 small bills.

GREAT FAIR OF THE AMERICAN
INSTITUTE-CRYSTAL PALACE.

GRAND CONCERT BY DORWORTH'S BAND.
FRIDAY EVENING, OCTOBER 17,
Commencing at 8 1/2 o'clock.
PROGRAMME.

1. Grand Overture - "La Siren" Wagner
2. Opening Chorus from "Semiramide" Rossini
3. Ballet Music from "Les Deux Pigeons" Lacoste
4. Fireman's March H. J. Williams
5. Aria from the "Czar and Zimmermann" Lacoste
6. Thames Tunnel Galop Lacoste
7. Overture "Jubel" Wagner
8. Helen Polka H. J. Williams
9. March from "Ruslan and Lyudmila" A. Dargomysky
10. Polka-Mazurka "The Porch" Lacoste
11. Air - "Is the Last Rose of Summer" Lacoste
12. Quickstep - "The Bold H. M." H. J. Williams

Dorworth's Band will be assisted by the following
Advancers: 2 Boys, 4 Children, 10 Adults.

**AMERICAN INSTITUTE
CATTLE SHOW.**

The following Premiums will be awarded by the American Institute for Horses showing the best animal and driver at the Cattle Exhibition on Hamilton Square, Friday, 17th of October, commencing at 10 o'clock A. M.

For the best pair of Horses—Silver Cup.....	10
For second best pair of Geldings—Silver Cup, each.....	5
For the best single Horse in harness.....	5
For the second best single Horse in harness.....	2
For the best Horse under the saddle.....	5
For the second best Horse under the saddle.....	2
To the best Lady Equine—Silver Cup.....	5
To the best Lady Equine—Silver Cup.....	5
To the third best Lady Equine—Silver Cup.....	2

Each lady must be accompanied by a gentleman, who must register their names in order to compete for the premium.

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CORRESPONDENTS.
From all sections of the Union; from England, France,
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New-York Daily Times

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Every energy heretofore spent in random and incoherent efforts to injure Colonel Fremont will now, with the same benighted purpose, be concentrated upon voting him down, and securing the plurality for his opponent; and, it is needless to say, the apparent strength of the Administration will vanish before any such base warfare. We look to the contest three weeks hence as freed from all that mischievous play that has enveloped the result before us in doubt. The fight will be a straight one, and in such conflicts the cause of liberty never comes off second best.

A Business View.

At the time our fathers entered into that prosperous partnership, the American Union, the area contributed by the seven Free States to the capital stock was 166,858 square miles, while the six Slave States put in 212,835 square miles. In the form of Territories, which we may designate, if you please, capital not called in, there were some 400,000 square miles, the joint property of the concern. What with diverse transactions, bargains, purchases, admissions, and the like, the two original partners, Freedom and Slavery, have, in the course of time, got possession respectively of 612,597 square miles for the share of the former, and 851,848 square miles for the share of the latter, the process going on somewhat thus:

1789. Area of States, square miles, 166,858	212,835
1792. Kentucky added.....	200,000
1796. Tennessee added.....	50,000
1800. Ohio added.....	200,000
1803. Louisiana added.....	387,130
1818. Indiana added.....	240,131
1819. Illinois added.....	394,796
1819. Alabama added.....	344,998
1820. Missouri added.....	694,378
1820. Arkansas added.....	684,576
1837. Michigan added.....	351,779
1845. Florida added.....	551,848
1846. Iowa added.....	402,093
1848. Wisconsin added.....	456,617
1850. California added.....	612,597

No reference is here made to States set off from other States, as Vermont and Maine, because they are not to be credited to territorial account. It will also be observed, in passing, that the North, down to 1850, had never procured the admission of any State into the Union, beyond the soil consecrated to Freedom, save Iowa. That State was all of the Louisiana purchase that had been secured by the Free States.

In 1820, when the Slave States demanded the admission of Missouri, Northern Statesmen discovered with alarm, that to admit it would be to place nearly two thirds of the surface of the Union in the hands of Slavery, thus insuring the predominance of Slave representation in the Federal Government. The admission was resisted; and at last only ceded upon the proposition of the South, to reserve for ever all lands lying north of its southern boundary from the intrusion of Slavery. South of that boundary the question was left open—the settlers, whether for Slavery or Freedom, to determine the matter for themselves when they should reach the dignity of Statehood. So stood the account current, until 1845, when the South appropriated Florida and Texas, five millions of white men at the South grasping 851,848 square miles, while the white men of the North, numbering twelve millions, were confined to 351,779 square miles. Alarmed once more at the progress of the Slave power, the North made a stand. Possessing two thirds of the population, the bulk of wealth, and nearly all the intelligence, prosperity, and expansive enterprise of the Union, it was difficult to see why they should be cribbed in a mere fraction of the national surface. So they persisted in bringing in successively Iowa and Wisconsin, and finally requiring the admission of California as a Free State. The latter point was only gained by vast sacrifices: the Fugitive Act, the suppression of the Jeffersonian proviso, as applied to the Territories, the assumption of the Texas debt. To-day, therefore, the account between the two partners stands thus:

Free Soil in the Union.....	612,597
Slave Soil in the Union.....	851,848
Area of the Union.....	1,464,445

Thus, six millions of Southern white men, or rather a third of a million slaveholders, own one-seventh more soil than thirteen millions of Northern white men. Nor are they satisfied with this balance sheet. There remain 1,498,000 square miles of territory—a superficies exceeding in size the thirty-one United States. To the whole of this the South lays claim. Abandoning the old pretence that Slavery was only justifiable in the tropics, where white labor among rice and cotton is impracticable, disregarding the unanimous decisions of their own judiciary that Slavery can nowhere exist where it is not authorized by local law, they propose to carry it into the whole of the national domain, excluding any white labor that refuses to assume the yoke and wear the badge of involuntary servitude. The declared purpose of the South, in whose service are both BUCHANAN and FILLMORE, the formerly openly, the latter covertly, is to add these 1,498,000 square miles to the 851,848 square miles already in their grasp; thus confining three-fourths of the American people, their industry and enterprise, their prosperity and posterity, to one-fourth of the American soil.

Examining the account as business men, it is inevitably to be seen that thus far the balance of territorial aggrandizement stands in favor of the South, and infinitely beyond the proportion to which the capital of soil, wealth, industry and revenue has put into the business at all entitles her. Were we, being practical but disinterested men, called to arbitrate the question, "Shall or shall not Slavery be restricted to the limits its population and natural expansion require?" should we not unhesitatingly decide it must be so restricted? And being practical men, vitally interested to secure to ourselves and posterity that which Slavery wrests from us and them, can we be expected to decide differently?

GOVERNOR GEARY FOUND WAITING.—President FILLMORE is particularly unfortunate in his attempts to satisfy the Border Ruffians of Kansas; neither King Log nor King Stork meets their approbation. Governor GEARY is no more acceptable to STRONGFELLOW and his Missouri myrmidons than Governor SHAWNEE. We have little doubt that in the end, particularly as the Pennsylvania election is apparently favorable to the Buchanan, that the President will be compelled to give the Border Ruffians a Governor of their own kidney, a native of a Slave State, and a real Simon Pure—perhaps STRONGFELLOW himself. Why not? As he is permitted to have things his own way there, why not

make him the legal Governor of the Territory? It is very evident, from the reports that reach us, that Governor GEARY is altogether too much of a Republican to suit the Ruffians and Abolition; he is not enough of a Border Ruffian to gain their confidence, and, in spite of his good intentions to promote the interests of the slave-driven, he is not regarded as sound on the globe. The South is like the Leech's Daughter, and is continually crying give, give, give, and its cravings for territory and power, unhappily, are only stimulated by the dough-faces at the North.

"Plaquemining."

This is a word well understood in Louisiana as expressing a kind of political mining, which brings from hidden holes and mysterious burrows, unexpected ore for the ballot-box. It is a word that Senator SULLIVAN presented to the political dictionary in 1844, when he found it necessary, in order to carry his State for Polk, to engage in hiring a steamboat to carry voters from New-Orleans to the Parish of Plaquemine bordering upon the Gulf of Mexico. The latter Parish contained a few voters, who were pilots or small plantation owners. Whether or not its soil was like that classic ground wherein the dragon's teeth were sowed, and armed men sprung up immediately, it was certainly peculiarly adapted for the election in question. A small number of men, women and children, the Plaquemine friends are now well known. Since that era Mr. JOHN SULLIVAN has bought his way into the Senate, and follows now, more the trade of a gambler in elections than any other employment. He always bets largely on results, and is as desperate in his Union chances as he has been at those of the Washington faro-tables. In his phrase, Mr. JOHN SULLIVAN has lately "been around."

His nephew by marriage, AUGUST BELMONT, is the pecuniary backer, and both expect to win as much by the success of BUCHANAN, as they gained by that of FILLMORE—the Senator a little more money, and the Minister a higher seat in the synagogue of diplomacy. He has been heard of at the New-York Hotel, and in Wall-street, and has recently taken a hand of cards in Pennsylvania 'brag.' There Brooks holds the 'clubs,' and FILLMORE takes the 'diamonds' against the 'spades' of the free laborer and the 'hearts' of all fervent Free-Soilers. We entertain no doubt that there has been 'Plaquemining' on a large scale. But our hope is, that the Border Ruffians who came over last Tuesday from New-Jersey and Delaware and Maryland to help the Buck-rigger confederates, will have so much to do at home on November the 4th, that the honest voice of Pennsylvania will be heard. At all events, let the course of Senator SULLIVAN be watched, and wherever he goes, let the eye of honest men gaze at him with political suspicion. The author of the frauds of 1844—the political gambler of 1848 and 1852—the implied accessory to the Sumner outrage—and the foaming secessionist of 1856, has no political character that he prefers to his money.

Another Kansas Nut.

The following advertisement appears in the New-Orleans Crescent, the Fillmore organ of the State that daily preaches to its readers the superior fidelity of its candidate over Mr. BUCHANAN towards Southern interests. It is copied type for type, except the italicized lines.

LAND AND NEGROES FOR SALE. The plantation of the late Gen. C. W. Clifton, on Bayou Focher, parish of Pointe Coupee, La., lying within eight miles of the Mississippi river. This is one of the finest and most productive estates in the parish, consisting of twenty-three hundred acres, between six and seven hundred and fifty acres of cotton, having good crops of cotton and corn now upon it, with every necessary building, dwelling, good cabins, gin-house, steam saw-mill, stable, etc. With the above, if desired, will be sold seventy laborers, among them a plantation mill, carpenter and engineer; mules and horses sufficient for the place, of large size; large stock of cattle and hogs; between four and five thousand bushels of corn, fodder, etc.—everything requisite for successful plantation.

For the land, with corn and fodder, fifty thousand dollars, as follows:—Ten thousand on delivery of the crop; the crop is taken off balance in six annual installments; interest 1 per cent. For the whole estate, as stated above, without present cotton crop, one hundred thousand dollars, in five annual installments, as stated on four years, 8 per cent. interest.

For further particulars, apply to Messrs. WRIGHT, ALLEN & CO., 120 Gravier street, New Orleans; or to Mr. ALEXANDER ALLEN, living on the adjoining plantation, who will be happy to show it. The Vicksburg packets pass the landing (Morganza) almost daily, at which place there is a good hotel, and a horse and buggy can be had at all times.

C. W. ALLEN, Executor. Of course no fault can be found with the legality or taste of such an announcement in Louisiana, where Slavery exists beyond the power of Congress or of any other State to touch. But it is a pertinent question just now: How do the free laborers of the North like the idea of such an announcement in future journals of Kansas and Nebraska?—that territory which yet belongs to their Representatives and Senators in Congress to regulate and dispose of. The area of territory in the United States that is not yet erected into State Governments, exceeds the area under State sovereignty. Where Slavery exists capital controls labor—where Freedom prevails labor regulates and is master over capital! Let the free mechanics of the North, whose posterity may inhabit the great Territories of the United States, read the above advertisement, where smiths, carpenters and engineers are classed with mules, horses and hogs, and say, how they would like such a classification in Kansas. The mechanics of the North may answer this at the ballot-box in November.

Another Catholic Discovers.

According to "Express" logic, whoever carries crosses on an exploring tour is a Romanist. FILLMORE carried crosses as an explorer. Therefore he is a Romanist. This is a syllogism which western lawyers call a "scoodloger," but in form is known to logicians as one in "Barbara." Undoubtedly, in this connection, the Express syllogism is a barbarous one. According to the major premise, another explorer must be added to the list of Romanists in the person of Dr. E. K. KARR, the Arctic Explorer, who last week left us for England. The Doctor declares himself a Protestant, and his friends know that he is one, but the Express syllogism proves that he is not. In his recent work, touching the second Grinnell Expedition, at page 945 of vol. 1st, is found the following passage: "A conspicuous spot was selected upon a cliff looking out upon the icy desert; and on a broad face of rock the words 'Ad- vance, A. D. 1853-54,' were painted in letters which could be read at a distance. A pyramid of heavy stones, perched above it, was marked with the Christian symbol of the cross." It is not without a holier sentiment than that of

mere utility that I placed under this roof the sign of our two great benefactors. It was our beacon and their gravestone."

Under the theological slaughter indicated by this major premise of the Express syllogism, many devout Protestants fall, but "protesting" as they go. EVAN WASHINGTON, in exploring Western Pennsylvania, blessed the sign of the cross upon the trees as a precaution against an obliteration by the hostile Indians, who respect the Christian symbol.

PATENTING THE PENALTY.—The Raleigh (N. C.) Standard states that:

"At a meeting of the Executive Committee of the Board of Trustees of the University of North Carolina, held on Saturday last, it was resolved that Mr. HARRISON, of the Raleigh Standard, be invited to the University, and the Secretary was directed to inform him of the fact."

This must have been anticipated by Professor HARRISON, as a matter of course, when he wrote his noble letter giving his reason for opposing of Republicanism, and for opposing the policy of Slavery extension. He must have known that to confess himself a disciple of JEFFERSON, WASHINGTON and MADISON would cost him his professorial Chair and lead to his banishment from his native State. By this decision of the Trustees of the University of North Carolina, and the stupid resolutions passed by the faculty of that institution of learning, it appears that it is nothing more nor less than a Seminary for the propagation of Pro-Slavery sentiments; to be consistent, the Trustees of the University should also banish from their library the works of JEFFERSON, WASHINGTON and MADISON, and all other books which teach that Liberty is better than Slavery. Professor HARRISON will lose nothing by his martyrdom, but when will the State of North Carolina recover the character which she has lost by the ostracism of one of her sons, whose sole offence was professing a belief in the wisdom and patriotism of WASHINGTON and JEFFERSON?

A PRO-SLAVERY PROVIDENCE.—The Washington Union, in its ponderous jubilation over the Pennsylvania election, is awfully profane. It says:

"And what a spectacle that great State presented on the opening of market! The exchange and civil men and strange and evil doings have been seen and heard by her people! The infidel has been there crying aloud for an Anti-Slavery Bible and an Anti-Slavery God!"

Not to believe in a Pro-Slavery Providence and a Pro-Slavery Bible, then, it seems, according to the political theology of the Administration organ, is infidelity. Nine-tenths of the Christian world are infidels, according to the Union. The Buchananists must have a Bible and a God of their own.

AN UNANTICIPATED SALUTE.—While Captain RYNDERS was firing off his brass gun again in the Park last night, a procession headed by a band of music playing the "Bold Sojer Boy," and bearing torches, lanterns, illuminated banners, and umbrellas, marched down Nassau-street and stopped under our office windows to give us three rousing cheers and a few de jure of small arms, rockets, and Bengala lights. It was the Rocky Mountain Club taking time by the forelock and celebrating the Fremont Victory which is set down in the political programme to come off in Pennsylvania on the 4th of November.

PERFECTLY NATURAL.—The Philadelphia Times states that the Buchanan crowd in front of the Pennsylvania office, on Thursday night, gave three cheers for PABSTON B. BROOKS, of South Carolina. Nothing could have been more natural than for the Buchananists to shout for the idol of the party they had done their best to put in power. The hired ruffians who swelled up the vote of Philadelphia so much beyond its legal dimensions, were just the boys to cheer Bully Brooks.

The political discussion between Hon. L. B. CHASE and Lieutenant-Governor RAYMOND, which was to have taken place this evening, has been adjourned to Monday night, the 20th inst., when it will take place at the Broadway Tabernacle.

Arrival of the Ericsson.—The United States Mail steamer Ericsson, from Liverpool on the 1st inst., arrived at this port yesterday. The advice by the Ericsson have been anticipated by the Persia, which brought three days' later news.

The foreigner who edits that choice American paper, the Crusader, backs down from his original statement that Rev. Dr. FILLMORE administered the sacrament of the Eucharist to Col. FILLMORE, as he well may, since Dr. FILLMORE has plumply denied it. But the venacious Crusader makes a new assertion, as follows: "We ought to have said that the Rev. Consistent Father of the Crusader Church in Brooklyn, stated that while he was Chaplain of the United States Senate, he knew that Col. JOHN C. FILLMORE (not the extra FILLMORE) was a member of the ROMAN CATHOLIC CHURCH at WASHINGTON, and a COMMUNICANT of the said Church."

We find this statement, which can be substantiated by affidavits from distinguished persons connected with the American party. Let the Times and Tribune deny this assertion if they can."

No need of denying it.—The Crusader will doubtless retract this assertion if they can. Let them, into the same bed with poor McKim.

German Opera.

LOTTING's romantic opera of Undine, will be repeated to-night for the last time. It has proved a complete success, and has drawn full and remunerative houses.

The German Opera is now we hope firmly established. It has had many difficulties, and some jealousy to contend with, but it has come out victorious in spite of these and some legitimate drawbacks. The future will undoubtedly be brighter than the past. New artists have already arrived, and will probably make their appearance early next week. On the Borussia, which arrived yesterday, were Mlle. JOHANNSEN, prima donna from the Hamburg Theatre, and Mr. SCHNEIDER, a baritone. The arrival of these artists will enable the management to produce some operas which cannot fail to attract large houses. THE AUTOMATON CLAMOROUS PLAYER.—Is a truly marvellous exhibition of what mechanical genius can effect where it aims for an eccentric object. Mr. VAN OCKELER, the inventor of this extraordinary piece of mechanism, has devoted a life-time to it, and has, beyond all question, succeeded in producing the most remarkable imitation of the century. So perfect is the imitation, that it is the most perfect mechanical figure, that one can scarcely believe they are produced by delicately-welded machinery. It is only when the garments of the clock-work troubadour are removed, and the intricate cranks, drums and levers exposed to view, that the spectator really believes he is not being duped. Mr. VAN OCKELER's musician fingers the instrument beautifully; the exquisite mechanism of the hand is imitated with almost perfect precision; there is no mechanical twitting about it; it works with the dexterous facility of nature. In addition to this, the figure positively acts; goes through the round of bows, smiles, and sways, common to solo players, and appears to be as thoroughly wide awake as the warmest original in the flesh. It lifts the clarinet to its lips at the precise moment when it is expected to deliver a prelude. It plays with clearness and skill some extremely difficult concertos, and altogether does wonderfully well. If Mr. VAN OCKELER could construct more Italian singers on the plan of this clarinet-player, there would be no more difficulty at the Academy of Music.

only in mechanical motion, to pay a visit to Dr. CHASE's Church, and see this specimen. It is a wonderful work of art."

The American Institute's Show.—The American Institute's Show, which was opened yesterday, with the award of premiums on horses showing the best style and action. Although the weather was unfavorable, a great many persons assembled within the facilities, and amidst with some impatience the time for the exercise to commence. Not a few of them anticipated the excitement of a regular horse race, and were disappointed when they found that the exhibition had no reference to speed.

For the best pair of matched horses in harness a premium of \$50 was offered by the Committee, and about ten pairs were entered. Only three pairs, however, appeared of the kind. About 1 o'clock the judges having taken their places on the stand, the signal to start was given. The teams were driven several times round the course, not, as we said before, with a view to exhibit their speed, but merely their style and action. Dr. KARRA A. BATES, of this City, who drove a beautiful pair of well-matched roan horses, obtained the first premium. The second, of \$25, was taken by Mr. JOSEPH GARDNER, on a pair of matched iron-gray horses.

The single horses in harness were next produced, and fourteen of them became competitors, though a much larger number had been entered. They were trotted round the course, as before, without regard to speed. The first premium of \$25 was taken by Mr. WILLIAM GUNNING, of this City, on his Black Hawk colt. Mr. B. M. WHITLOCK, of West Farms

HOUSES AND LOTS FOR SALE.

[illegible][illegible]

A plot of ground in Clinton-st., between Harding and Brooklyn, running through Strong-
in sold very low, and large vegetable
age if desired. Apply to

A. J. BLECKLEY & CO.
No. 7 Broad-st.

SALE OR TO LET—THE THREE-STORY
HOUSE—BRICK HOUSE, TWO STORIES
and semi-cellar, brick house, No. 230 Pacific-
New York City. The house is built of red
stone or blue, has fixtures, etc., all in first-rate
very well painted, will be sold very cheap, or rented
at a good amount. Apply to A. J. BLECKLEY & CO.,
ad-st.

SALE.—TWO HOUSES ON 36TH-ST.
Lexington-av., \$50,000 two on 38th-st., near Har-
lem River, \$20,000 each. \$20,000 each. \$20,000
each. \$10,000; and many others.

**E. B. KINSHARDT, NO. 39 EIGHTY-
EIGHTH-ST.**

SALE OR TO LET—IRON FOUNDRY
Lathrop-st., 90 lots of dead property in A-st. and
C-st., with improvements suitable for
foundry. No. 99 Broadway, WILLIAM

[illegible]

SALE - BANKS OF THE HUDSON, YORK.
residence on Warburton-av. Home contains
cold water, gas, furnace and ranges, and is within
easy walking of Glenwood Depot. Apply to A.
No. 31 Broadway.

SALE - A COTTAGE CONTAINING TEN
rooms, with one to five acres of land, pleasantly situated
on Orange Hill, Orange Mountain, one hour from
the city. Apply to J. T. HASKILL, 64 Cedar-st.

SALE - PRICE \$1200 - A THREE-STORY
sub-basement house in East 24-st., with all the
modern improvements.

- ALBERT H. NICOLAY, No. 4 Broad-st.

SALE - A FULL LOT, 35 BY 100 FEET.
Two houses, in Forsyth-st., near Walker-st.
The houses are well built and in good condition.
Apply to J. M. M.,
No. 4, 461.

HOUSES TO LET.

LET THE NEW AND SUBSTANTIAL
building, Nos. 41 & Centre-st.; five stories
high, with well-lighted, suitable for printers or
other business purposes, basement and ample
store for storage. Also, the yard in the rear. **AP-
P. 3, RIKER, No. 150 Nassau-st.**

LET-A GENTLE THREE-STORY BRICK
on the southerly side of Sackett-st., between Van
and Colburn-sts., No. 104, for sale. The build-
ing will be rented at a low rate. **Apply to ED-
D. JAMES, No. 33 Nassau-st., New-York, or to
J. J. COLCOTT, No. 20 Colburn-st., New-York.**

LET-A NEW AND VERY DESIRABLE TWO-
and-a-half story house, on Ryerson-st., Brooklyn,
near the crossing to Fulton-st., rent only. **W. L.
CHRIS, Longland Bldg., Broadway.**

LET-A HOUSE IN BROOKLYN, No. 41
Hicks-st., second below Hicks, and within three min-
utes of South Ferry. Has three stories and Rag-
stone fire brick mantels, &c. Rent \$300. **Ap-
p. 366 Hicks-st.**

THE DESIRABLE COTTAGE-HOUSE
No. 226 1/2 St. At. Will be leased furnished or not.
Apply at real estate office Apply to E. V. W.
No. 329 Broadway, third floor.

ICES TO LET- IN THE EIBLE HOUSE
-place, on second floor, in-entire, or single offices-
-convenient location. Apply at the Treasurer's office.
on 4th-av.

SEES AND ROOMS WANTED

ED- A LARGE FIRST FLOOR AND CELLAR
the lower part of the City. Apply to KERO-
LL CO., No. 50 Beaver-st.

FARMS FOR SALE.

SALE- 5 ACRES OF LAND BELONGING
state of ELAK DEANBURY, pleasantly situated
on the St. Lawrence river, about 10 miles from
77, (easily of access by Nausauguet R.R.) with
a fine view of the river and mountains.

It contains wood, pines, meadow land and a orchard of choice fruit. It is advantageously located near the Public School, having good access for a number of years. For particulars inquire of JENN, on the premises.

SALE—A FARM OF 16 ACRES, SIX OF which are beautifully situated on the banks of the Raritan River, thirteen miles from New York, and five miles from the depot at Boundbrook, N. J. The land is well cultivated, and is now producing a rich harvest, in a high state of cultivation half the money can remain on mortgage at 6 per cent. For particulars inquire of JAMES W. BENCO at Holcomb's Hotel, Boundbrook, or of W. BENCO & CO., No. 7 Whitehall-st., New-York.

RESIDENCE FOR SALE—33 acres of land, near New-York, on the New-York & Haven Railroad. Consists of 40 acres of choice the highest state of cultivation, together with a number of small and well cultivated farms, one mile from Depot. For further particulars, apply to HALL, No. 71 East 16th-st. from 7 to 9 A. M.

TEEL COUNTRY SEAT— EX-
posed for City or Brooklyn property, situated at Far-
m on the Hudson River, five acres, with a new brick
house, modern kitchen, bath, and closets. Also
ice carriage, milk and wash-houses, well
and fruited, with beautiful and extensive river
and view of the city.
A. J. BLEECKER & CO., No. 7 Broad-st.

SALE—A VERY PRODUCTIVE FARM
of 144 acres, situated about 146 miles from the
city. The property is well improved, and the soil
in balance under cultivation. Terms liberal. Ap-
ply to **W. Maitlen-lane.**

LANDS FOR SALE—WE OFFER FOR
sale a large tract of land, located near the Pacific
coast, within short distance of the railroad.
GREEN & SEWELL, Bankers, No. 39 Wall-st.

STEAM POWER.
M POWER TO LET AT THE EMPIRE

WY POWER.—A FEW CHOICE ROOMS to be had in the Depot Building, corner of Elm and Broadway, one square from Broadway. For the value of the "see list of the tenants now there. Inquire of J. H. NANNETT, on the premises.

WY POWER TO LET IN LIGHT AND ROOMS. In a new building in Cliff-st. Apply to J. L. & SON, No. 105 Cliff-st.

BOUNTY LANDS.

ISSUED STATES PASSPORTS. **ISSUED** **ED H. NORTON,** Commissioner of the General Land Office, Department of the Interior, U. S. War-
rented to the Government of the United States, No. 147 War-
Naturalized citizens must produce certificates of citizenship, Pensioners, Extra Pay, etc., must produce
M.

WARRANTS WANTED BY KIRK-
D & CO., Bankers, No. 43 Wall-st.

UPHOLSTERY.

SHAW SHADES.-NEW PATTERNS. Will
adapt machinery, the only agent for
the U. S. of K. E. FERGUSON, paint-
ing and upholstering, No. 231 Broadway.

STAINS AND CERTAIN MATERIALS.—
The undersigned has the honor to
announce new style for sale by the undersigned
KELTY & FERGUSON, No. 231 Broadway.

LOST AND FOUND.

ON WEDNESDAY, OCT. 15, 1854, A SUM
of three dollars and 25 cts., wrapped in a piece of
white paper, and tied with a string, was found
between 4th and 5th streets, near the corner of
the corner, and the owner may be found by calling on JOHN
ACK, basement of No. 41 Cortland-st.

LEGAL NOTICES.

THE NEW YORK PUBLIC LIBRARY
 ASTOR LENOX TILDEN FOUNDATION
 455 FIFTH AVENUE
 NEW YORK 17, N. Y.
 1964

munions for a money demand on services. To the plaintiff above named:—Sir: You are hereby summoned to appear at the Court of the City of New York, in the County of New York, at the City of New York, and serve a copy of this summons on me, at my office, (Room 12 and 13 at 15 White Street, New York, in the County of New York and in the City of New York, at the City of New York, after the service thereof, transcribe it on the day of such service; and if you fail to answer the complaint as aforesaid the plaintiff will take judgment for the sum of one hundred and fifty dollars, and fifty cents, with costs of interest from the 24th day of September, 1904, on the basis of this action. Dated New York, September 20, 1904.

—FRANCIS BYRNE, Plaintiff's Attorney.

PRIME COURT, SUFFOLK COUNTY.
HOMAS G. HALLOCK against **STEPHEN ROBINSON.**
 A Summons for a money demand on contract. — To **STEPHEN ROBINSON**, defendant: You are hereby summoned and required to answer the complaint in this case, which is to be filed in the District Court of the City of Suffolk, at Riverhead, in said County, and to appear at your answer to be read in open court on the 10th day of November, 1904, at said County, in the Northern, at their office in Riverhead, in Suffolk County, in twenty days after the service of this summons on you exclusive of the day of such service; and if you fail to answer the said complaint within the time aforesaid, the plaintiff may take such action as he may deem proper.

from the 23d day of July, 1866. Besides the costs of action. Dated New York, Aug. 4, 1864.

MILLER & TUTTILL, Plaintiffs Attorneys,
Newhead, N. Y.

UNITED STATES COURT OF CLAIMS.
The undersigned, JOHN C. DEVEREAUX, of New York City, and M. THOMPSON, of Washington, D. C., are counsel and attorneys at law, authorized for the prosecution of claims, for creditors of Government, in said Court of Claims.

They will continue in attention to business matters at Washington which may be interested to their care by the Government, or claimants, in the City of New York, or elsewhere, in and out of the United States.

JOHN C. DEVEREUX
No. 110 Broadway, New York
M. THOMPSON, Treasurer of the Court
E. J. C. DEVEREUX is a Commissioner of the Court
Claims.

MOSES TAGGART, Administrator.
 ADALINE M. HUBLEBT, Administratrix.
 7-lavens

**PURSUANCE OF AN ORDER OF ROD-
 MARE DAWSON, Esq., Surrogate of the County of
 Kings, notice is hereby given, according to law, to all per-
 sons claiming against the ESTATE of GRACIE M. SCULLER, late
 of the city of Brooklyn, deceased, that they are required
 to exhibit the same, with the vouchers therefor, to the sub-
 scribe, the administratrix, at the store of IRA PEREGO,
 51 Nassau-st., in the City of New York, on or before**

1-law6mS

PURSUANCE OF AN ORDER OF THE
Surrogate of the County of New-York, acting in and for the County
of New-York, to all persons having claims against MORTIMER
J. JARVIS, late of the City of New-York, deceased, to pre-
sent the same, with the vouchers thereof, to MARY
J. JARVIS, at the store of JOHN TRYON, No. 108 Chan-
celler-st., in the City of New-York, on or before the 25th
day of November next, to-wit: New-York, May 15, 1896.

MARY B. JARVIS, }
1-law6mS C. F. COLES, } Administrator.

**PURSUANCE OF AN ORDER OF ED-
WARD B. DAWSON, Esq., Surrogate of the County of**

having claims against **CHARLES J. KAUTH**, late the City of Brooklyn, deceased, that they are required to exhibit the same, with the vouchers thereon, to the undersigned, at his store, 1033 Washington St., in the City of New-York, on or before the 30th of April next.—Dated Oct. 17, 1855.

PETER KAUTH, Administrator.

PURSUANCE OF AN ORDER OF THE
Surrogate of the County of New-York, notice is hereby
given to all persons having claims against **SAMUEL**
CHLOES, late of the City of New-York, (Editor) deceased,
to present the same, with the vouchers thereon, to the
undersigned, at the establishment of **E. WINDUST**, No.
14 Park-row, in the City of New-York, on or before the

ANN AICHELE
- Administratrix.

FURNITURE.

SCHOOL FURNITURE.
CIRCULARS SUPPLIED ON APPLICATION,
By E. PATON, No. 24 Grove-st.

FURNITURE.—OVER ONE HUNDRED SUITES
of rich rosewood parlor furniture, library and chamber
to be disposed of at moderate prices. My customers
others about furnishing, are particularly requested to

IRON BEDSTEADS.—PARTIES ABOUT PUR-
chasing should call at the office of the New-York Iron-
bedstead Manufacturing Company, No. 175 Centre-st.,
where they can effect a very great saving. Country orders
solicited.

NATURE—Wholesale and Retail.
 WARREN WARD 38 Canal-st.
 WATCHES AND JEWELRY.
 WATCHES.—FINE GOLD AND SILVER
 WATCHES.—The largest and most splendid assortment of watches in the City is to be found at the subscriber's. He has been in business in Wall-st. for the last twenty years, and is selling all descriptions of gold and silver watches, jewelry and silver ware, at wholesale and retail. Also, less than wholesale prices, for the most beautiful gold, silver watches, for boys, jeweled, &c. &c.

gold hunting repeater, four days' power.....	\$40 00
gold hunting repeater, three days' power.....	\$30 00
gold hunting detached levers, full jeweled.....	\$40 00
gold and enamel watches for ladies.....	\$20 00 to \$100 00
gold pocket chronometers.....	\$125 00 to \$250 00
independent second watches, for mining horses.....	\$30 00 to \$250 00
hunting watches, which run eight days.....	\$125 00 to \$150 00
magic watches, which change into three different watches.....	\$20 00 to \$30 00
English patent levers, full jeweled.....	\$45 00 to \$100 00
English patent levers.....	\$10 00 to \$25 00
detached levers, full jeweled.....	\$15 00 to \$30 00

over leopards, four holes jeweled. \$9 00 to \$17 00
J. J. Tobias, Harrison, R. & G. Boesley, T. F. Coe and
all other celebrated makers, for many years
warranted to warrant to keep jewelry as good
as new. Jewelry exchanged. Watches and jewelry repaired
in the best manner, and at much less than the usual prices.
Goods sent to all parts of the United States and Canada,
free of charge.
GEORGE C. ALLEN, Importer of watches and jew-
elry, wholesale and retail, No. 11 Wall-st., second floor,
at Broadway.

PROPOSALS.

REURS OF STEAM-HEATING APPARATUS—
The **Office of the Governor of ALABAMA**, at the
City of **Montgomery**, Ala., on **THURSDAY** next, **22d inst.**, at **12 o'clock**
noon, will receive and open sealed proposals to be
submitted for furnishing two boilers and the necessary steam-
heating apparatus for Bellevue Hospital, foot of South
River, in accordance with plans and specifications at
the office of **G. H. KELP, Architect**, No. 206 Broad-
way, New York City. Proposals must be accompanied with the signatures
of two responsible parties as security for the faithful per-
formance of the contract, and no assessment or fee will be
allowed. The Governor reserves the right of re-
jecting any and all proposals not deemed advantageous to the

FAIRBANKS, Alaska, Sept. 12.—The **FAIRBANKS** School House No. 1, 412 E. 8th, in Mott-Cole, between Spring and 5th streets, by Storvick, will be received at the office of the clerk of the Board of Education, until Wednesday, Oct. 1, 3 o'clock P. M. The plans and specifications for the work can be seen at the Clerk's office informally, or at the office of the Board of Education, Oct. 1, 1906.

By order of the Board of School Officers of the XIVth District, **ANDREW H. GREEN**, Chairman.

HENRY P. WEST, Secretary.

COPARTNERSHIP.

COPARTNERSHIP NOTICE.—THE UNDER-

name of **NOYES & ALLEN** for the purchase of
 Insurance Brokerage and Commission, No. 3
 St. Paul.
MOSES G. NOYES,
WM. B. ALLEN.
 New-York, Oct. 15, 1866.

DENTISTRY.

R. THOMPSON'S ANTISEPTIC AND
 Aromatic tooth soap, a most convenient, clean, pleasant,
 and effective dentifrice, sold by druggists generally,
 at the Crystal Palace, for 36 cents a box. **CHAS. N. C.**
 Broadway.

[illegible]

J. J. Courty, sawyer; Poncebarron, H. Farjo, Mr. and Mrs. J. Bertrand, Mrs. and Miss Drex, Mr. and Mrs. Solomon Koepfl, son and servant; Joseph Koepfl; Auguste Darzig, Mrs. Callagarric, Mrs. A. Gervand, Mrs. A. B...

Laura Murray, Henry Nelson, Mrs. Falkland and children, and so in the second cabin.

Bermudez, Mr. & lady, 5 children and servants, Mrs. Brown, Dr. Malo, Mr. Ladd.

DISPATCHES ALMANAC—THIS DAY

Sun rises..... 6 15 | Sun sets..... 7 11 Moon rises..... 8
High WATER—THIS DAY

Sandy Hook... 8 55 | Gov. Island.. 11 57 | Mill Cove. 1

MARINE INTELLIGENCE.

NEW-YORK—FRIDAY, Oct. 17.

Closed.

Steamship Empire City, Gray, Havana, and New Orleans, M. O. Rorero, Agent, Havre, M. Livingston.

Barke Lisette Borg, Diser, Bristol, M. P. Levington.

Holland, J. H. Johnson, Rank, Norfolk, Capt. Church.

Goodrich, C. B., Boston, Capt. W. A. Smith, Capt. Church.

and Meincke; Montauk, Lincoln, Galveston, de France.

and Co.; John Hanson, Fuller, St. Sebastian, Gimber.

St. George's, Green, Capt. Wm. A. Smith, Capt. Church.

de Duque; Wurmsa, (Ham.) Kunkin, London, de France.

Erie Carole, (Swed.), Charleston, Bristol, F. Bond.

more; Mary, Gray, Charleston, Dunham & Dimon; (Canadian, (Br.) Richan, St. John. N. F., J. W. Braime.

Arrived.

Steamship Bonanza, (Hann.) Palermo, Hamburg Oct. 6, with 6 cabin and 8 steer passengers; E. B. Kunhardt, Capt. Left river Elbe Oct. 1; passed Cuxhaven Oct. 3; arrived at Hamburg Oct. 5. Passengers in lat. 41, lon. 47. Has had very rough weather since leaving.

Whole passage made the run in 15 days and 17 hours from Cuxhaven to London.

Ship Rachel, (of Boston,) Crosby, Liverpool Sept. 29, with 10 cabin and 20 steer passengers to K. M. Polner & Co., Liverpool.

Ship Northern Queen, (of Westport,) Haddon, Ship Sept. 11, with coal to Barclay & Livingston.

Ship Mary, (of New York,) Capt. J. W. Smith, with grain, left New York, bound for Bremen Aug. 31, with grain cargo.

Ship Mary, (of Boston,) Marcellus Aug. 31, passed the cutter Sep. 13, with mds. to Layton & Harbutt.

Bark Lucy Elizabeth, (of Boston,) Dickie, Penang May 10, with mds. to Penang.

W., spoke ship John M. Mayo, from Calcutta for Bowdoin
Bark John Colby, Monroe, Demarara Sept. 14, via Tr

[illegible]

Schr. Watchman, Allen, Calais, with lumber to M
hew, Talbot & Co.
Schr. El Dorado, Plummer, Harrington, with lumbe
Marble, Talbot & Co.

Sch. Gen. Franklin, Wase, Cherryfield, with lumber to J. Fry.
 Sch. Sells, Gaskill, Portland, Me., with heads.
 J. S. Pohema.
 Sch. Esport, Murray, Calais, with lumber to May & Co.
 Sch. Ben Franklin, Kellie, Millbridge, with lumber to Smith & Co.
 Sch. Archer, Bray, Calais, for Philadelphia.
 Sch. Olive, Parritt, Eastport, plaster to Sturges & Co.
 Sch. Maria, Eastport, plaster to Sturges & Co.
 Sch. Sea Breeze, Wadsworth, Bath, with lumber to master.
 Propeller Esport, Kenney, Providence.
 Prop. Ann Elder, Eastport, for Philadelphia.
 S.A.I.L.E.D.—Steamship Empire City, Gray, for New Orleans and Havana.
 WIND—N. E.

Memoranda.

The Hamburg steamship Borussia, on Sunday, Oct. 6, of Newfoundland Banks, noticed that one of the propeller wings had broken off, probably from striking against a rock. The engine, however, was not damaged, and the ship broke off, and the strain on the ship from the irregular motion of the remaining wings sprang the steam-cylinders of the ship back very badly. She was then ordered to stop, and the engines were run back to work, lightened the ship astern, and with fine weather, she was enabled to reach New York on Monday.

discharging the cargo found no damage. This vessel, built in compartments, no fear could be felt for safety of the ship. She now lies at pier No. 31 North

[illegible]

Sept. 24, lat. 26 55, lon. 34 30, exchanged longitude with schr. Nahum Stetson, from Malaga for Philadelphia.
Sept. 29, lat. 35 25, lon. 64 45, was signaled an Am. ship.

showing a blue signal with a white ball in it, etc. S. E.
Oct. 3, lat. 34 35, lon. 67 13, the Bremen sch'r., from C
for Hamburg.

Foreign Ports.

At Demerara Sept. 14, backs W. H. Chadler, Pa
diacs Kate Lincoln, (in charge of the male, Cas. L
invited on the passage from New York) brig E
Ellridge, disg. to call on the beach, each from N
At Caracas, Oct. 2, sch'r. Dew Drop, from New-Y
arr. Sept. 30.

TOO LATE FOR CLASSIFICATION.

WALLACE'S THEATRE.
TO-NIGHT, SATURDAY, OCT. 18,
BENEFIT
OF
MISS AGNES ROBERTSON.
Her ninth tour, and last appearance.
THE LIFE OF AN ACTRESS.
With its thrilling effects.
ANDY BLAKE.
This performance will coincide this celebrated engagement of the Fairy Star, who, together with
MR. BLAKE,

MR. LESTER,
MR. WALCOT,
MR. DION BOURGICAULT,
MR. DYOTT,

MRS. HOEY, MRS. VERNON, MISS GANNON
have formed a group of dramatic stars unequalled in any
country where the English drama is or has been played
within theatrical memory.

WALLACK'S THEATRE.
FAREWELL BENEFIT
OF
MISS AGNES ROBERTSON.
By general desire, the company will perform, in five acts,
THE LIFE OF ACTRESS.
which caused so great a sensation throughout the Sum-

AMERICAN INSTITUTE FAIR AT THE

CRYSTAL PALACE.—The great American skill and ingenuity will continue open until further notice. Dodworth's celebrated Band will perform some popular airs **THIS EVENING.**
The Steam Fire Engines will be put in operation at 2 o'clock.
Admission 25 cents.

San Francisco, etc. The United States were in up

Some varieties of bulbs do not keep well out of ground, and for the most part these do not require lifting often. After they have been taken up in the Spring or Summer, it is well to leave them outside a few days to harden them.

Bulbs may be covered with very dry dirt, when they are put in the ground, and will not grow in it. It is better, just before of dry weather, to mix the dirt with water, so that it will be heavy and moist.

Bulbs may be grown on nearly all soils, excepting those very wet, but they flourish best, on a middle light sandy loam, if it is capable of retaining moisture. The amateur, who desires flowers of the richest colour, and faultless in shape and size, may wish to soil the bulbs with a mixture of the richest soil, and sand, or peat, by excavating the earth to the depth of six inches, and mixing the dustiest soil with it, and fill up the soil even below this; after which, to mix all it with a mixture of any one-third of the richest dry or cow manure, the same amount of loam, and one-fourth well decayed truck, and a like quantity of each of river or sea sand, and fresh earth from the roadside or unimproved land. This compost should be mixed and used as soon as possible, and the bulbs may be put in about ten days previous to the planting. The second of putting in the bulbs, we refer to the special descriptions of varieties below, premising that the directions are for planting in a common garden soil, but when practicable, we advise preparing a bed as above. We begin with those requiring the earliest planting, and follow in regular course.

END OF 1860.

This is the earliest flower of spring, and derives its name from the circumstance of its often appearing in full bloom while snow is still upon the ground, to gather with the early white appearance of its petals. It is sometimes called snow flake. The bulbs are quite small, and may be planted during August and September, and even in October, either singly or in clumps of from six to twelve; cover with 1½ or 2 inches of soil. They are only about six inches high.

when in bloom, which is during March and April in this latitude. Every third year is often enough to lift them, which should be done about the 1st of June.

CROWN IMPERIAL.

There are many varieties of this plant, nearly all of which are natives of Persia. They are hardy and very

show when in full bloom during April and May. The 5' cm shoots up from two to three, and in some situations even four feet, and is capped by a tuft of green glossy foliage, beneath which hangs the crown of beautiful bell-shaped flowers varying on different plants from bright yellow to scarlet, red and striped. The bulbs are large, fleshy, and somewhat solid, and in

quire to be kept wrapped in paper or packed in sand while out of the ground, but they only require moving every fourth or fifth year. Plant in August and September, and the first part of October, covering with three or four inches of earth. Some object to this bulb on account of its rank odor, but this is

The Lily tribe, which is very numerous, is an interesting class of plants, many of which are so common and easy of cultivation, as to merit little or no notice.

tion, and so easy of cultivation, as to require little instruction relative to treatment. Well decomposed muck, mixed freely with scrapings of the barn-yard, is a good compost. If a covering of straw from the stable, mixed with coarse manure, be given them in the Fall, they will start with more vigor. Plant from August to October, covering the bulbs from three to five

The *Lilium candidum* (common white lily of the garden) has long been esteemed as an emblem of whiteness and purity, and should not fail to have a place in every collection. It blooms in July upon the

extremities of the stalks, which are from three to four feet high, and need supporting by stakes. It requires transplanting but seldom, which should be done in August, September, or October at the latest.

The *Lilium tigrinum*, or Tiger lily, is found in almost every flower garden, and is very suitable for

either border or shrubbery. It grows from four to six feet high and blooms in August. The flower stalks should be supported to prevent being broken by severe storms. It is very hardy and may be moved at almost any time. Fall or Spring, but better during September and October. Tiger lilies may be raised

The *Longiflorum* or long flowered lily is a beautiful and fragrant variety with pure white petals which open in July.

There are some fifty varieties of this hardy plant which, though humble, are nevertheless beautiful. They are natives of Holland and Switzerland. They bloom here early in April, and are planted from September to November, in rows a few inches from the

border, or in beds of distinct colors, the bulbs being set four inches apart and one to two inches deep. They may remain several years without moving. The great variety of hues, extreme hardiness, and early season of flowering, render them quite worthy of cultivation.

This bulb has attained a renown excelled by no other plant, having been extensively cultivated for about 300 years; and so great was the mania, that at one time—about the years 1635 and 1636—the Dutch people of all classes engaged in the Tulip trade: single bulbs sold for \$1,000 to \$2,000, and, according to

DONLEY, even as high as \$5,000. T. SHERRIDMAN says that in some of the gardens of Holland 1,100 varieties are cultivated by name. It is a native of the Levant, and from the gorgeous colors and endless combinations of tints penciled on its cup, has received the appellations of "King of Flowers," "Reigning Beauty

We shall not attempt to describe the endless varieties, some of which are dwarfish in their habits, while others are from two to three feet in height: some blooming in the early part of May, and others not till the end of that month. Plant during October

or early in November, in groups along borders, or in beds six to eight inches apart each way. Clumps of three to six bulbs, of different colors, have a fine appearance along a border; or a circular bed may be made, by spading deep and mixing in sand and mulch, after which set the tallest growing plants in the cen-

tre, and form consecutive circles with the dwarf varieties fer the outer border, interspersing all the different hues. Let such a bed have a gradual inclination from the centre to the outer edge, and cover the hulbs with three to four inches of earth, placing a little dry sand around each. The names of each variety should be returned to the back of the card.

The traffic in this hulk has not fallen far below that of the bulk. **BRENNAN** states that 1,300 rodents

by name have been cultivated in Holland, and Mr. DUYKE says, in his travels, that he has known 10,000 florins (\$4,000) refused for a single Hyacinth. It is valued for the great variety of its hues, being of almost every shade of color, from pure white to pink, and between purple blue and yellow: it also has a

delightful perfumes. Hyacinths are very hardy and easily cultivated, commencing to bloom about the middle of April, and if shaded from the mid-day sun, will continue in flower for a month. The stalks are about one foot high, and covered with florets or small bells of every hue, with red, blue or purple eyes, giv-

ing the bed a very beautiful appearance. Plant firm, sound bulbs, in October and November, in beds similar to those for the tulip. Set them eight inches apart, and cover three or four inches, having previously put a little fine sand about the bulb. The flowers will be more perfect, and of an improved size, if the beds are

covered during Winter with coarse manure or straw. The bulbs can be taken up in about one month after they have completed their blooming season, or they may remain for two or three years.

A good bed of bulbs is formed by preparing the ground as described for tulips, and planting all the recommended varieties in the same bed at once.

above-mentioned plants in the same bed in one time, so arranging them that a clump of the tallest kind shall be in the centre and the others planted in circular rows, the first being about one foot from the centre, the second one foot from the first, and so on, arranging the colors to suit the fancy. These will form a fine succession of blooming plants from the latter end

of March to June. By erecting an awning over the bed when beginning to bloom, and shading from the mid-day sun, they may be kept in flower some days longer. Previous to their decay the space between the rows may be sown with annuals, which by the time the foliage of the bulbs has withered and the

bulbs themselves been lifted, will serve to cover what would otherwise be naked ground, (always unseemly in a flower garden,) and yield during the latter part of summer and Autumn a profusion of other flowers.

8

AMUSEMENT

2:15
 67
WALLINGFORD TRAVELER
 Drives to New York City
ROBBERY, Oct. 28.
 First appearance this week of
 the Wallingford Traveler, who
 is engaged to marry for a third time, prior to his
 departure on a scheduled tour in the North
 Atlantic region, the attention of
RAMBLERS
 which character this week must arise was some of his
 wit and good nature. He was observed for the occa-
 sion with the most splendid attire, including a new
 evening costume and those general accessories so neces-
 sary to the filigree of the occasion.
 The Traveler would respectfully call attention to the fol-
 lowing
CAPT.
 He confidently believes will enable him to offer to
 the New York outside an interesting and trans-
 cending upon the present scene.

[illegible]

The new scenery, by Leberwood, will comprise:

Act I.
Platform on the ramparts in the Castle of Edfuore.
Grand Hall and Throne-room in the Castle.
The outer ramparts of the Castle, with view of the sea by moonlight.

Act II.
Terrace and Gardens of the Castle, with view of the distant country.

Act III.
Hall and Theatre in the Castle.
The Queen's Apartments.

Act IV.
The King Apartments.

Act V.
The Churchyard.
Grand Hall in the Castle.

To conclude with the capital farce of
WHO STOLE THE POCKET-BOOK?
 Second time in this theatre.

BURTON'S NEW THEATRE.
BROADWAY, OPPOSITE BOND STREET.
 • Triumphant reception of Shakespeare's masterpiece, **HAMLET**.
 • Produced before a house of 1,000, crowded in every part,
 and received by a brilliant and anxious with the
HIGHEST ENTHUSIASM.
MONDAY—This great performance will be repeated.
 Hamlet.....
 In which character he received the heartiest applause and
 established his representation of the Danish Prince as an
INTERESTING AND ORIGINAL ACT.
Mr. E. Davenport.....

Mrs. A. Parker; Mr. Mark Smith; Mrs. Moore, Mr.
Schubel, Miss Fanny Brown, &c.,
acknowledged by the audience with loud ac-
clamors.

The old Castle of Kronberg by Moonlight.
The Throne Room.
Ramparts and Towers with appearance of the Ghost
in the Hall of the Palace fitted for the Play.
The Queen's apartment, with the two Pictures.
The old Church and Tombs.

To conclude with the Farce of

JENNY LIND.

Jenny, with several songs, Mrs. C. Howard,
TUESDAY: The Comedy WOULD OATS—
Mr. E. Davenport; Sir George Thunder, Mr. Barton; Sim,

NIBLO'S GARDEN—GERMAN OPERA.
TUESDAY, OCT. 25.
OPERA AND BALLET.
When will be presented, by express desire, Flotow's
scintillating Opera of
“JESSANDRO STRADELLA.”
With an excellent cast and the Ballet.
THURSDAY, Oct. 28.—First appearance of
Mlle. JOHANNE
First Prima Donna from Frankfort.

Prices of Admission: Dress Circle and Orchestra
 Seats, 50 cents; Boxes, 25 cents; Pit and Gallery, 12 1/2
 cents. Private Boxes, \$5. The performances will commence with the Drama of
 REIBUTION
 To be followed by the Drama of ROMANCE, called the
 DEMON LOVER.
 To conclude with
 WASLOCK OF THE GLEN.

DURDY'S NATIONAL THEATRE.—Dress
 Circle 25 cents; Boxes, 50 cents; Private Boxes, \$5.
 Private Boxes, \$5. THIS AFTERNOON AND EVEN-
 ING, Oct. 30, the drama of
 DIEZEL OR THE DISMAL SWAMP.
 Tom Tit.....Little Cordelia Howard.
 To be followed by the comic pantomime of

MONSIEUR DE BALMORAL.
The whole to conclude with the death of the
WIZARD SKIFF.

M. STRAKOSCH GRAND CONCERT COMPANY.
The public are respectfully informed that
MILIE TERESA PARODIS
FIRST GRAND CONCERT
in New York will take place,
- On **WEDNESDAY EVENING, OCT. 22,**
at **NIBLO'S SALOON,**
on which occasion also will be presented by
signor **TIBERINI, Signor BERNARDI, Signor MORINI,**
PAUL JULIEN,
the whole under the direction of
MAURICE STRAKOSCH.
The price of admission has been fixed at all parts of the

AMERICAN INSTITUTE AT 8. PLOWING
AND SEADING MATCH.—This Exhibition will
take place at Harlem Bridge, near the 6th-av., on
THURSDAY, 12 o'clock noon, Oct. 16, on the domains
of the American Institute at 8. Plowing and
seeding will be commenced at 10 o'clock. The
grounds have all been selected and staked off
ready for competitors. The prizes will be
presented to the winners of the plowing and
seeding to be present at the River House, near Morris-
ania Bridge, on the morning of that day and each se-
lect his lot for himself. The prizes will be provided at the River

House, at 2 1/2 P. M.
By order of the Board of Agriculture.
\$5.00 for the above following match is postponed till the
14th October, same time and place.
JOHN A. BUNTING, Superintendent.

GRAND CONCERT—BY THE PUPILS OF
Ward School, No. 45, XVI Ward, under the direction
of their music teacher, Miss M. J. B. Green-
Tabernaie, **TUESDAY EVENING, Oct. 21, 1896.**
The avails of this Entertainment will be appropriated
to the purchase of Piano-Fortes for the use of the Schol-
ars, and the collection of money for the erection of a ru-
ral, and of this favorite School in particular, is respec-
tually solicited by the undersigned.

ISAAC HATH, Jr., Committee of the
JOHN DELAMATER, Board of

THOMAS CHRISTY, School Overseer.
 Tickets, 55 cents. School children, 25 cents.
 Officers and Pupils of the School, in 24th-st., near 8th-av.
 Performance to commence at 7½ o'clock precisely.

ACADEMY OF MUSIC
 To let, on the off-nights of the opera, for concerts, lectures,
 etc. Accommodation for 4,000 persons. Price per night
 \$300, including light.

PALE SEASON.
 The prices for hall-seats have been reduced to \$750/including
 all the privileges of the bath, supper and flooring. Apply
 to N. H. WOLFE, of the Executive Committee, No. 9-
 50th-st.

BUCKLEY'S SERENADERS.

NEW HALL.
No. 565 Broadway, every night this week will be produced by particular request the grand Burlesque on the Opera of
TROVATORE.
In three acts, and all the principal scenes. Preceding which, Negro Minstrelsy of a superior order.
Concert commences at 7½ o'clock. Admission 35 cents.
Orchestra Seats 50 cents.
In rehearsal.
DUEL, OR THE DISMAL SWAMP.

GREAT FAIR OF THE AMERICAN INSTITUTE, CRYSTAL PALACE.—LAST WEEK.
Visitors desirous of examining this great exhibition of American Inventions and Industry, must embrace this opportunity, as the SATURDAY is the last day of the

Admission, 25 cents; Children half-price. Tickets, in packages of 25, for factories, 15 cents each, to be had of the Agent at the Palace.

BARNUM'S AMERICAN MUSEUM, TREMENDOUS SUCCESS!—WONDERFUL ATTRACTIONS!—THE GREAT TOM THUMB, THE LARGEST HUMAN BEING, GENERAL TOM THUMB in the character of "Tom Thumb," Crowds of crowds of people! MONDAY, FEBRUARY 11, 1873. THE LARGEST HUMAN BEING, GENERAL TOM THUMB, after which, a pretty farce. EVENING at 7.45. A TALE OF THE DREAM SWAMP, dramatized expressly for the occasion by Mr. H. J. Conway, and with new and appropriate scenery, startling stage effects, etc. THE LARGEST HOPKES IN THE WORLD! THE DWARF, inimitable to everything, 25

WILLIAMS' BARGAIN VARIETIES.—WASHINGTON Hall, corner of South 7th and 4th sts., Williamsburg. This splendidly furnished hall, having been recently beautifully fitted up for the purpose by erecting a large and commodious stage and securing the services of the best artists and musicians, affords to the inhabitants of our beautiful city an opportunity of enjoying the pleasures of music, and the beauties of the dramatic art, in the most cheerful, and novelty during the Fall and Winter evenings in their respective immediate vicinity. The opening night will be announced.

DR. ABBOTT'S CELEBRATED EGYPTIAN MUSEUM.—The most popular, attractive and instructive Exhibition in the City, and the continual resort of persons of literary taste and refinement, is now open at the Sturtevant Institute, No. 689 Broadway. Admission, 5 cents.

UNION GALLERY, No. 497 BROADWAY.—The best collection of Paintings by the most celebrated masters, ever exhibited in this country. Open day and evening. Admission 5 cents.

HOUSES AND LOTS FOR

River, but four square from the City
 from the new Brewery, in every
 and the best of the water, and
 a first-class five-story building
 the premises, and running for two years
 the engine and boiler, capable of driving
 at one hundred and thirty horse
 of unobstructed masts. For description and
 particulars apply to WILLIAM F.
 1001 RIVER STREET.

FOR SALE IN THE CITY OF NEWARK
 A very desirable place on the growing water
 on, larger grounds, and within view of New York
 Passaic River and the Bay. First-class, new brick
 mansion, large barn, and other improvements.
 There is a complete stable and harness
 in rear, and with about 1/2 acre of land, making
 it one of the best places in the city.

DE MABLE—LOT, SUPPOSED TO BE HAVILSON
on lot adjoining the famous Forest of Dean drive
(Now known as the Forest of Dean Club) and
part of the same tract, at Fort Salonga (Long Island) and
County, N. Y. Said lot contains 305 acres of land, and
the latter is situated on the Hudson River. Price \$100,000 half
cash, remainder on bond and mortgage. For terms apply to
or more years.

DR. J. J. JAMES,
Poughkeepsie, N. Y.

DE SALE—A HOUSE AND TWO LOTS, NOE
at 145 Bedford st., near 71st Street, desirable
three-story brick house, built in 1900, with
modern improvements, after the Philadelphia plan, with
very large hall, two parlors, two bedrooms, with
bath, a large dining-room in rear, the house has
recently passed through the hands of a capitalist or
the garden is stocked with the choicest vegetables.

[illegible]

DEALER TO LET—THE THREE-STORY.—
New location and equipment, brick house, No. 49 Pacific-
near Nevada House—3000 ft. high, 100 ft. wide, 100 ft. deep,
inside, inside painted, gas fixtures, etc., all in first-class
condition and newly painted, will be sold very cheap, or rented
as a rooming tenant. Apply to A. J. BLEECKER & CO.,
7 Broad st.

DEALER SALE—A FIRST-CLASS THREE-STORY—
and basement brick building in Bedford, N. Y. 30 feet
square, fronting on the Passaic River; lot 3000 ft. wide
on terms cash. **MCCRACKEN & TRUMBULL,**
basement office, No. 30 Broadway, near Beaver.

DEALER SALE OR TO LET—IRON FOUNDRY
and distillery, 20 lots of 40 ft. square in the first-class
on-on-av., Green Point, with improvements suitable for
distillery. Foundry No. 59 Grand st., Williamsburg.
On terms, apply to O. NEWCOMB, No. 21 East Broad.

DR SALE - A NEAT THEATRE-STOREY AND
Basement Cottage, No. 123 west 23d st. - between 6th
7th ave. All in perfect order, being newly painted
and improved. Price \$10,000. Terms \$1,000
cash required. Inquire at the East Store No. 35
ave., near 23d st. Agents need not apply.

DR SALE - A THEATRE-STOREY AND BASEMENT
brick house, with extra depth lot, in Catoon st.
Hudson place Brooklyn. Can be bought at a bar-
gain. Apply to A. J. BEECKER & CO., 7 Broad st.

DR SALE - BANKS OF THE HUDSON, YON-
kers; residence on Warburton - Hudson river
and cold water gas, furnace and range, and is within
ten minutes walk of Glenwood Depot. Apply to S.
JES, No. 27 Broadway.

HOUSES TO LET.

TO LET—THE NEW AND SUBSTANTIAL
brick buildings, Nos. 45 and 47 Centre-st.; five stories
basement, four stories above ground, suitable for man-
ufacturing purposes, basement airy and dry with a
vault for storage. Also, the coal-yard or store, 75th
and 76th streets, from the street for coal-yard or storage. Ap-
ply to S. S. HIKER, No. 120 Nassau St.

**TO LET—A GENTLEMAN AND WIFE OCCU-
PYING** a three-story house in Brooklyn, five minutes
from South Ferry, one of the best of buildings but the
only one of the kind in the neighborhood. The prop-
rietary has a number of desirable residences given and reserved. Apply to
McKILPIN Real Estate Office.

FOR SALE—A FINE SUBSTANTIAL FRAME HOUSE with
a large lot, situated in the city of New York, near the
city hall, and within a few minutes' walk of the city hall.
The house is a three-story building, with a large lot, and
is in a very desirable location. The house is a very
substantial one, and is in a very desirable location.
The house is a very substantial one, and is in a very
desirable location. The house is a very substantial one,
and is in a very desirable location. The house is a very
substantial one, and is in a very desirable location.

TO LET—A CHARMING THREE-STORY BRICK
house, on the southern side of Beckett st., between Van
der Cuy and Columbia sts., South Brooklyn. House to be ed-
ified by Mr. and Mrs. J. A. J. and J. A. J. and J. A. J.
EDWARD D. JAMES, No. 35 Nassau st., New York. To be ed-
ified by **JOSEPH CLARK, No. 230 Columbia st., Brooklyn.**

TO LET—A NEW AND VERY DESIRABLE TWO-
story and attic house, on Ryerson st., Brooklyn. 15
minutes by city cars to Fulton Ferry; rent \$40. W. M.
MORRIS, Long Island Railroad Depot, Brooklyn.

TO LET—A HOUSE IN BROOKLYN, No. 41
State st., between Fulton and Ryerson sts., within three
minutes walk of South Ferry. Has three stories and En-
clement, marble mantels, gas, etc. Rent \$20. Ap-
ply to

TO LET—THE DESIRABLE COTTAGE-HOUSE
No. 223 West 24th st. Will be leased furnished or
unfurnished, on terms of 1 year. Apply to E. V. W.
No. 230 Broadway, third floor.

OFFICES TO LET—IN THE BIBLE HOUSE.
First place, on second floor, in suite, or single offi-
ce, on third floor. Apply at the Treasurer's office.
Address on 4th-av.

OFFICE TO LET—WITH STEAM-POWER. COR-
ner of Raymond and Willoughby st.,
No. 30 windows each. Inquire at the hat factory op-
posite, or of L. H. PRENTICE & CO., No. 185 Water-st.,
New York.

HOUSES AND ROOMS WANTED

HOUSE WANTED—WANTED TO PURCHASE, a dwelling house between 8th and 10th sts., between Lexington and 7th ays. Price from \$6,000 to \$10,000. Possession not required until late of May next. Address giving particulars, Fox Office, Box No. 2,606.

WANTED—A LARGE FIRST FLOOR AND CELLAR in the lower part of the City. Apply to KERO-FOIL CO., No. 56 Beaver-st.

FARMS FOR SALE.

FOR SALE—45 ACRES OF LAND BELONGING to the estate of ELIAS BRADLEY, pleasantly situated near Hartford, Conn., about 10 miles from Seymour, and 15 miles from Middletown, and 10 miles from Meriden, (a easy of access by Nagshead R.R. to all the convenient house and out-buildings all in good

COUNTRY RESIDENCE FOR SALE—A beautiful 2 1/2 miles from New York, on the line of the New-York and New-Haven R.R., is a fine Canada of 40 acres of choice land, in the highest state of cultivation, together with a splendid mansion and out-houses; the view of the city and harbor is superb. For further particulars, apply to J. J. HALL, No. 71 East 10th-st., from 7 to 9 A. M., or 3 to 8 P. M.

GRASSY PASTURE FOR SALE—A VERY PRODUCTIVE FARM of 24 acres, situated about 1 1/4 miles from the New York road depot in Newark; about five acres of the wood-land is in the highest state of cultivation. Terms liberal. Apply at No. 27 Maiden-lane.

WA LANDS FOR SALE. - WE OFFER FOR
 To several choice locations for farms in Iowa. Prairie
 timber land within short distances of railroads.
GREEN & SEWELL, Bankers, No. 20 Wall-st.

WATCHES AND JEWELRY.

WELLEY AND DIAMONDS VERY LOW.
 The subscriber, for the last eighteen years in business
 in New York, has a large stock of watches, diamonds, and
 all other kinds of jewelry, at wholesale and retail
 at much less than the usual prices.
 He has on hand of the best of the German
 e. Carbuncle and Pearl-set
 Pins, Pins and Bracelets, in boxes
 \$200 00 to \$100 00
 e. Prime. Case Carbuncle
 2 50 to 30 00 each
 e. Carbuncle.

Earr-Rings, Gold, Cameo, Mo- narch Pearl, Chain	2 60 00	25 00 pair
Guard Chains, Cameo and Chain, Fob Chains and Vest	3 00 00	50 00 each
Gold Collar and Ring	3 00 00	9 00 each
Golds Gold Bracelets	3 00 00	80 00 each
and Clashed Gold Rings	75 00 00	20 00 each
Monarch's Chain	3 00 00	30 00 each
Set, Opal, Pearl and other Stone	3 00 00	25 00 each
Gold Ties	3 00 00	9 00 each
Guard Keys, Fob Keys and Chains	1 50 00	25 00 each
Rings and Pins	1 50 00	15 00 each
Pencils	1 50 00	5 00 each
Porte-monnaies	1 50 00	15 00 each
Crosses and Necklaces	3 00 00	17 00 each
and Stone Sleeve-Buckles and Bells	3 00 00	15 00 a set

Shells, Bone Ear-Rings, Pins, Finger-
rings and Crossover
Amulets, Scarf Pins and Silver
Jewelry, at
GEO. C. ALLEN, Importer
37 cents to 1.00
Watches and Jewelry, wholesale and retail. No. 11
East 12th St., second floor, near Broadway, up stairs.

GOLD WATCHES AND STEELING SILVER
JEWELRY, at
Robt. Koenig Levee for Ladies, at
all kinds of Fine Gold Jewelry, &c.
Detached Levee for Ladies, at
Robt. Koenig Levee for Ladies, at
all kinds of Watches, at equally low prices. Real
the Plate-ware, Forks, Spoons, Cake Baskets, Tea
trays, &c., very low. All articles guaranteed to be as re-
presented.

EQUIPES, LANDER & CO., No. 97 Fulton at

100

LEGAL NOTICES

[illegible]

"The Railroad of the Northern Railroad Company, contracted or to be constructed—the same being one hundred and thirty miles in length, and crossing the Mississippi River at Chainpin to Odenburg, together with the franchises of the same, including the right of eminent domain, all bridges, fences, privileges, rights and remedies, buildings and fixtures of every kind and description now owned or to be owned by said company, and all the same owned by them, and all the tolls, income, taxes and profits of the same."

had from the same, and all the land used and occupied by the said Company, and Stations, with all the buildings and appurtenances thereunto, together with the standing or hereafter to be acquired by the said Company, together with all the locomotives, engines and tenders, rolling stock, freight and passenger cars, shops, tools and machinery, and all other personal property whatsoever of every name and nature, now owned or hereafter to be owned by the said Company, and which was belonging or appertaining to the said Railroad of the said Company, now constructed or to be constructed."

The said Bill was then read a second time.

Comprising the several articles of personal property owned by the Northern Railroad Company, covered by the said Bill, the following is a list of some of them, and which is directed in the foregoing judgment of the Court to be sold by the Referee and claimed in the complaint as

First—The steamer *Boston*, her engines, boilers, hoists, tackle, apparel and furniture; a claim and demand against GEORGE FARMER, for taking and converting the same.

Second—The boats and vessels comprising what is known as the "Ogdensburg Railroad Line" of Canal Boats on Lake Champlain, and consisting of the following-named boats, their cargoes, tackle, apparel and each of their sails, rigging, tackle, apparel and furniture:

The *Richien*, *Le Grasse*, *Rouquette*, *Quawatchie*, *St. Regis*, *Nagara*, *Michigan*, *St. Lawrence*, *Erie*, *Saranac*, *Ontario*, *Chemung*, *Sorel*, and *Ausable*.

Third—A claim for the boats and vessels, and hotel furniture contained in the foregoing list, in and against the

Fourth, A certain bond executed by JOHN H. CRAWFORD and PHILIP T. CHAMBERLIN, WILLIAM T. EUSTIS of Boston, dated the 16th day of December, A. D. 1851, for the penal sum of one hundred and fifty thousand dollars, conditioned for the repayment, within five years from that date, of all sum or sums of money which should from time to time be loaned or advanced by said WILLIAM T. EUSTIS to said CRAWFORD & CHAMBERLIN, with semi-annual interest, and further conditioned that said CRAWFORD & CHAMBERLIN should and lawfully might and lawfully ought to mortgage upon any steam Propellers then owned, or which might thereafter be owned, by said CRAWFORD &

The above fourth item of property, consisting of the Crawford and Chamberlin bond, is hereby withdrawn from the above sale; and the above sale is hereby postponed to the third day of October, 1934, at 10 o'clock in the afternoon, at the Court House, in the town of

Melone, in the said County of Franklin.—Dated Oct. 9, 1866.
W.M. C. BROWN, Referee.

SUPREME COURT—COUNTY OF KINGS.
SPEER A. DELMONICO against **BERNARD MEETENS**.—Summons to the defendant: You are hereby summoned and required to answer the complaint in this action, which will be filed in the office of the Clerk of the County of Kings, at the City Hall in the City of Brooklyn, on the 18th day of September, 1866, and to serve a copy of your answer to the said complaint on the undersigned at his office, No. 101 Nassau Street, in the City of New York, within ten days after the date of the service of this summons on you. Witness my hand and the seal of the said County of Kings, at the City Hall in the City of Brooklyn, this 9th day of September, 1866.
J. J. VAN VORST, Clerk of the County of Kings.

York, within twenty days after the service of this summons on you, exclusive of the day of such service; and if you fail to answer the said complaint within the time aforesaid, the plaintiff in this action will apply to the Court for the relief demanded in the said complaint. — Dated Sept. 18, 1886.

THERASSON & BLYAN,
Attorneys for Plaintiff.

c. o. law 6311

IN PURSUANCE OF AN ORDER OF COURT

notice is hereby given, according to law, to all persons having claims against SUMNER STONE, late of the city of Brooklyn, deceased, that they are required to exhibit the same, with the vouchers there-of, to the undersigned, an executor, at his office, No. 23 Exchange-place, in the City of New-York, on or before the 8d day of December next. — Dated Mar 31, 1856.

ELIZABETH B. STONE, Executrix.
SUMNER R. STONE, Executor.

IN PURSUANCE OF AN ORDER OF THE
Surrogate of the County of New-York, notice is hereby
given to all persons having claims against BENJAMIN
HYDE, late of the City of New-York, Insankee, de-
ceased, to present the same, with vouchers thereof, to the
subscriber, at the office of JAMES MCGAY, Esq., No. 29

Chambers-8 in the City of New-York, on or before the 15th day of January next.—Dated New-York, July 11, 1856.
LOUISA HYDE, Administratrix.
Jy14-1aw6m*

IN PURSUANCE OF AN ORDER OF THE
 The Surrogate of the County of New-York, notice is hereby
 given to all persons having claims against EDWARD F.
 POWERS, late of the City of Columbus, Georgia, de-

ceased, to present the same with vouchers thereof to the subscriber, at his office, No 63 Wall-st., in the City of New-York, on or before the 12th day of November next.—Dated New-York, May 10, 1854.
my12-law6m M² HENRY T. MORGAN, Executor.

PROPOSALS.

OFFICE OF THE HUDSON RIVER BRIDGE COMPANY,
AT ALBANY, Sept. 22, 1854.
PLANS AND SPECIFICATIONS FOR THE
superstructure of the Bridge to be erected at this
Company across the Hudson River, at Albany, will be re-
ceived by the Directors at any time within sixty days
from the date hereof, at their office in the Exchange, in

the city of Albany, New York. By the terms of the charter, the bridge is to be constructed with a draw of sufficient width to admit the free passage of the largest vessels navigating the river, and at least two hundred feet in width; or two draws of at least one hundred and fifty feet each. Information may be obtained at the office of The Company as to the location of the bridge, and all the particulars necessary to be understood by those who may wish to sub-

mill plans and specifications. The plans must be in accord, accompanied with an estimate of the cost of all the items. The Company reserve the right to reject all the estimates. To adopt portions of any of those which may be submitted. A premium of five hundred dollars will be paid for the plan which may be accepted by the Directors, or if portions of different plans be adopted, the premium will be divided in such manner as the Directors may deem proper.

TEARS TO MACHINISTS AND MANUFACTURERS OF STEAM-HEATING APPARATUS.
OFFICE OF GOVERNORS OF ALMS HOUSE, ROTUNDA,
Park, Oct. 16, 1856.—Sealed proposals will be received at this office till **THURSDAY** next, 23d inst., at 10 o'clock
M., for furnishing two boilers and the necessary steam-
warming apparatus for Bellevue Hospital, foot of 22d st.,

East River, in accordance with plans and specifications at the office of R. G. HARTFIELD, Architect, No. 295 Broadway. Proposals must be accompanied with the signatures of two responsible parties as security for the faithful performance of the contract, and no assignment or transfer will be allowed. The Governors reserve the right of rejecting any and all proposals not deemed advantageous to the Department.

SEALE PROPOSALS—FOR HEATING a School-House No. 3, in Mott-st. between Spring and Prince sts., by Stores, will be received at the office of the Clerk of the Board of Education, until Wednesday, Oct. 15, at 3 o'clock P. M. The plans and specifications for said work can be seen at the Clerk's office aforesaid.

Dated Oct. 7, 1866.

By order of the Board of School Officers of the City of New York,
J. W. M. GREEN, Chairman.

Wm. HENRY P. WREN, Secretary.

FOR THE SOUTH.

FOR NORFOLK AND PETERSBURG.
The United States mail steamship ROANOKE, Capt. THOMAS SKINNER, will leave for the above places on

WEDNESDAY, Oct. 22, 4 o'clock P. M. from per No. 13 North River. She will arrive at Norfolk the next afternoon, and Petersburg the following morning. Passengers for the route to the following destinations, via the Southern mail line to Charleston, Augusta, Savannah, etc., for Richmond will arrive at their destination early on Friday morning. Travelers will find this the cheapest, pleasantest and most expeditious route. Passage and fare, with stateroom, to Norfolk, \$8; Petersburg and

Richmond, 210. Apply to **LUDLAM & PLEASANTS,**
No. 33 Broadway.

FOR SAVANNAH AND FLORIDA.—U. S.
MAIL LINE.—The splendid steamship **EXETER**
VILLE, Capt. C. D. Ludlow, will leave for Savannah on
WEDNESDAY, Oct. 21, from Pier No. 4, North River, at
4 o'clock P. M. precisely.

For freight or passage, apply only on board. For freight or pas-

The steamship AUGUSTA, Thos. Lyon, Commander, will succeed the above, and leave on SATURDAY, Oct. 25.

NEW YORK CITY.

Half-dressed policeman made a "denial" on Friday night upon a place called the "Franklin House," on Grand-street, near Broadway, and arrested four or five young girls, who were exhibiting themselves in a state of semi-nudity, before a crowd of on-lookers. The policeman was dressed in civilian dress, and his presence was not known until near the close of the performance, when, just as "Venus" was "stealing from the stage," the policeman rose from his seat, leaped upon the stage and arrested the four girls. The girls were dressed in "costume" dresses, and their presence was not known until near the close of the performance, when, just as "Venus" was "stealing from the stage," the policeman rose from his seat, leaped upon the stage and arrested the four girls. The girls were dressed in "costume" dresses, and their presence was not known until near the close of the performance, when, just as "Venus" was "stealing from the stage," the policeman rose from his seat, leaped upon the stage and arrested the four girls.

The female performers were escorted, retired only in tight and gaudy dresses, to the Eighth-street house, followed by a large crowd of men and boys, who would make such a novel exhibition in the public streets, and one for seeing which they had nothing to pay.

The next morning they were again escorted through the public streets in stage attire to the office of the Mayor, followed as before by an immense crowd.

The poor creatures seemed to feel keenly their mortifying position, and some of the wept bitterly. And no statements were taken down in writing. They all concurred in saying that they had always led virtuous lives, and that they exhibited themselves merely to gain a livelihood. They stated their pay to range from \$4 to \$6 per week, and that the variation in pay was governed by the difference in good looks. They said further that they were employed by one George Lea, and paid by him.

They were then taken before the Mayor who held them each in the sum of \$200 for their future good behavior.

The following interesting article appeared in the Daily Dispatch of Oct. 3, and shows what they think of Gurney's establishment abroad:

A VISIT TO GURNEY'S PALACE OF ART.

To the Editor of the Daily Dispatch: We were rambling down Broadway of a sunny morning, some two weeks since, for we profess to have a great admiration for pedestrianism in the main street of our great metropolis—we love to look in at the show-windows and examine all the wondrous curiosities of trade and commerce. We were looking at a picture, reader, and our principal one is a loving of prying into everything. We love to examine rich pictures, beautiful flowers, fine things in general, but pictures, statuary and such things, have a peculiar charm for us. We had just been in WILLIAMS & BROWN, (a fine looking place that), examining some of their oil-paintings; there were some of HERRING'S, HART'S, CROFT'S and HERRING'S pictures there, and it was, indeed, a feast of reason and a delight to the eye. We, however, remembered our promise to little KERRY, that we should bring home father's picture, and therefore passed to consider what establishment we should patronize. So many conflicting advertisements, of so many different establishments, had met our eye in reading the newspapers, that we were unable to determine which one to patronize; so we sauntered down the street; but hardly had we advanced a hundred steps, when we were attracted by some extent colored photographs hanging in the vestibule of a building. Looking, however, at the sign, we observed it was the establishment of J. GURNEY. Now we remembered this gentleman many years, when he took Daguerotypes a great many blocks down town. They didn't take such pictures then as they do now.

In ascending the stairs we perceived that the walls and stairs had been newly decorated. We were shown into the reception-room, or, as we should call it, Picture Gallery, for a paper have we seen one when there are more entitled to the name: for here were portraits from the simple Daguerotype to the full-length picture. The reception-room is luxuriously furnished, and, besides the regular adornment, there is a fine painting, which the visitor can use while waiting for a sitting. One of the finest oil-paintings we have almost ever seen is that of Miss BARNES, which covers the whole of the space above the mantelpiece. The subject is a woman in a blue dress, and a blackish coloring combined with the perfect likeness, would certainly warrant us in stating it to be the finest portrait in the country. This is a Photograph taken on canvas, and afterward colored by one of Mr. Gurney's Paris artists. There are no less than fifty elegant oil-painted photographs adorning this reception-room, besides others in pastel, water and plain Photographs, which are a miracle for accuracy. We have no hesitation in asserting that there never has been anything like them in this country. The cleanliness, boldness and life-like appearance which they present surpass all previous photographic attempts. There is also in this and the adjoining rooms Daguerotypes of the most eminent men and women in the various professions. Here may be seen the majestic head of WEBSTER, the logical face of CALHOUN, besides those of beautiful women. No stranger who enters this joyous reception room, who sees the portraits of the great and the good, whether they desire a picture or not, to visit this gallery, which is free to the public.

On the centre-table were shown a large slide, under which were placed the various prizes Mr. Gurney had obtained from different institutions. Here we saw the magnificent silver pitcher awarded to him by the Committee appointed to present the Anthony prize for the best daguerotype. There were also various gold and silver medals awarded by the Crystal Palace judges, the American Institute, the new Napoleon medal, which he obtained at the Paris Exhibition, and which was the only one awarded. On the same floor were shown the ladies' boudoir, an elegantly-furnished room for ladies. Beyond this is one of the artist's rooms. He was engaged in finishing a remarkably accurate portrait of the proprietor. Mr. Gurney's son was kind enough to take us through the various operating rooms, and we must confess our surprise at their number and accommodation, the numerous artists employed, and also the regularity in which everything seemed to be carried out. Many of his artists have been celebrated in Europe, and remain with him under heavy salaries. It would seem incredible the amount expended in the support of this establishment. There are oil-painters, pastel painters, water colorists, photographers, daguerotypists, artists, and all the accessories, lecturers, plate cleaners, &c., forming a complete corps, and working in harmony together. We saw for our picture, and an impression was taken almost instantaneously, to our satisfaction and that of our friends.

From all we have seen elsewhere and from an examination of the establishment, we have no hesitation in pronouncing it superior to any in this country. The conveniences are greater, there is also the ability combined with years of experience that cannot be purchased.

Mr. J. Gurney informed us that he had not moved any branch of his establishment to any part of the city, nor had he any intention of so doing.

J. T. VAN BURIN.

CINCINNATI, Oct. 1, 1886.

NOTICE TO THOSE TROUBLED WITH HEADACHES.

Owing to the great demand for my Ointment in New York City, I shall be at the New-Haven House, corner

NEW-JERSEY.

WORKHOUSE CONTRACT.—The Hudson County Board of chosen Freeholders have effected their contract with S. M. LAYTON, of Waterbury, Conn., to take the entire charge of the County Jail, and of a Workhouse to be erected, and to board the prisoners who may be sentenced to labor, who are able to work, without charge to the County, in consideration of their labor ten hours per day. The Workhouse is to be 60 feet long and 25 feet wide, and to be supplied with the necessary machinery for the manufacture of buckles. The contract is for five years from May 1, 1887.

MARRIED.

MARRIED.—In this City, on Wednesday, Oct. 15, by Rev. Samuel Cook, at the residence of the bride's mother, EUGENIA W. MAEUS to EUGENIA P. MAEUS, daughter of Mr. and Mrs. W. M. MAEUS, all of the City.

DIED.

DIED.—In this City, on Sunday, Oct. 19, SARAH J. MAEUS, daughter of the late Mr. W. M. MAEUS, aged 10 years, died at her residence, 110 West Broadway, at 10 o'clock A.M.

NEW-YORK CENTRAL.

NEW-YORK CENTRAL.—In this City, on Sunday, Oct. 19, at 10 o'clock A.M., died at her residence, 110 West Broadway, at 10 o'clock A.M.

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COMMERCIAL AFFAIRS.

For Market on Stock Page.

Table with 2 columns: Item and Price. Includes various commodities like sugar, coffee, and oil.

SECOND BOARD.

Table with 2 columns: Item and Price. Includes various commodities like sugar, coffee, and oil.

MONDAY, OCT. 20 - A. M.

The Foreign Trade at this port the past week shows a moderate movement in imports; the total, including the Dry Goods table in our last paper, being \$2,626,616 against \$2,247,792 same week last year. The Exports of Domestic Produce and Miscellaneous Goods were \$1,390,116 against \$2,081,863 same week last year. The Export of Specie, including \$759,000 by the Arago for Havre, on Saturday, is \$1,564,015 against \$711,575 same week last year. The deliveries of California Gold during the week, including \$156,563 by the steamer Texas of the New Nicaragua line, amounted to \$1,842,796. The same week last year the deliveries were \$1,856,560. The specie balances to the credit of all amounts in the Sub-Treasury office on Saturday afternoon stood \$13,665,333 against \$13,478,457 at the close of the previous week. This difference of \$186,876 added to the exports of Gold through the week is within \$110,049 equal to the receipts from California; though as the bulk of the latter went into Bank the first day of the week, the average reserve to be made up, officially, this afternoon, will probably show a moderate increase. On the last statement the average stood \$10,882,751.

According to the official monthly returns of the Foreign Trade at New-York, rendered by the Custom-House, the Imports of Foreign Merchandise for the calendar year, from the 1st January to the 1st October, amounted to \$172,011,000. Add three weeks in October. \$2,355,542. Total to date. \$174,366,542. Against same time, 1885. \$172,011,000. Increase to date. \$2,355,542.

The same tables made the Exports of Domestic Produce and Miscellaneous Goods, including Foreign re-exports, from 1st January to 1st October, amounted to \$1,390,116. Add three weeks in October. \$1,390,116. Total to date. \$1,390,116. Against same time, 1885. \$1,390,116. Increase to date. \$1,390,116.

The same tables made the Export of Specie, direct from New-York, from 1st January to 1st October, amounted to \$711,575. Add three weeks in October. \$711,575. Total to date. \$711,575. Against same time, 1885. \$711,575. Increase to date. \$711,575.

Our California Gold table, to the 1st October, inst., for the calendar year, made the deliveries at this port, by steamer manifest, \$29,759,565. Add in October. \$29,759,565. Total to date. \$29,759,565. To same time in 1885. \$29,759,565. Increase this year. \$29,759,565.

The following is a comparative statement of the Exports, hence, of Domestic Produce and Miscellaneous Goods, for the week, and the corresponding week of last year:

Table with 4 columns: Item, 1886, 1885, and Difference. Includes various commodities like sugar, coffee, and oil.

CORRESPONDENT'S REPORTS FOR THE WEEK.

Table with 4 columns: Item, 1886, 1885, and Difference. Includes various commodities like sugar, coffee, and oil.

THE MARKET.

The market was much depressed for a day or two after the arrival of the Peruvia from Liverpool, on Tuesday morning, the financial news from France and England being considered unfavorable. We have noted above the lowest point touched by each of the leading speculative Stocks. The recovery during the closing two or three days of the week placed the list much the same in the run of prices as at the close of the previous week. The chief characteristic of the dealings was a very large business in Erie, Reading and New-York Central shares, the contract sales of which for a fall are unusually heavy of late. The demand for Reading and Central from new buyers was somewhat better than the previous week, though both Stocks continue to rule very low as compared with this time last season, and considering the large and prosperous traffic on these important dividend-paying lines. The transfers of the Erie Company were reopened after the annual election on Tuesday, and the settlement of the contracts which had matured during the closing of the books, left a reduced amount of certificates among the brokers, so that the cash stock was not abundant on Saturday, notwithstanding the extreme freedom with which it was pressed on sale the two or three days previous. The Western Road stocks were fairly supported at the close of the week. For Illinois Central there was a further English demand, and the mail by the Arago on Saturday carried out over 1,000 shares. The Construction Bonds were the subject of attack by one or more of the leading operators for a fall, and were offered on Saturday at the cash rate on 60 days' time. State Stocks show an improvement on Missouri of 2 per cent, and a slightly improved feeling in Virginia and Tennessee. Some further contracts in the New Ohio Loan of 1886 have been made for the 1st January at 107. The new Canal Loan of New-York, \$1,250,000, six per cent. 18 years to run, was awarded at Albany yesterday at an average of 118.70. The following were the successful bidders:

Table with 2 columns: Bidder and Amount. Lists successful bidders for the New-York Central Loan.

AWARD OF STATE CANAL LOAN.

Table with 2 columns: Bidder and Amount. Lists successful bidders for the State Canal Loan.

RAILROAD TRAFFIC FOR SEPTEMBER.

Table with 2 columns: Railroad and Traffic. Lists traffic for various railroads.

NEW-YORK CENTRAL.

Table with 2 columns: Item and Price. Includes various commodities like sugar, coffee, and oil.

NEW-YORK CENTRAL.

Table with 2 columns: Item and Price. Includes various commodities like sugar, coffee, and oil.

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~~...the~~ ...the ...the I address myself
not to the ...the ...to crowded
meetings, nor expect assemblies - but to those
...the ...the ...the who speak for
us ...the ...the in such manner as
best to secure the characteristic blessings of our
Government. I do not propose to argue the
great questions of public policy now before us.
The time for argument is wholly passed, and the
time for reflection and decision has arrived. I
propose only to briefly state the case.

the Federal Government, (the place set apart for free discussion,) for the mere discussion of questions of public policy, editors and members of Congress from the Free States are beaten down from behind and nearly murdered, so hereafter it shall be in the hitherto Free North.

American citizens hold a peculiar relation to the Government with human liberty.

As it is the first opportunity, so it may be the last. If Slavery should triumph and sweep over the Northwest, then to have voted against Freedom and for Slavery, what a reflection to treasure up!—what an inheritance to leave to our descendants! What a place voluntarily to take in history! What a precious memory

ably assembled with a view to redress their grievances, in the same manner in which organic legislation is always performed in this country, these friends of the People have been arrested and kept in prison, to be tried for the pretended offence of treason—and the Army of the United States, under the so-called flag of Freedom, by orders of a Pro-Slavery President, has marched to the Legislative Hall, and

terrors, would you know it he be a real friend of Freedom, and likely to show himself a powerful friend if opportunity be given him, (and the same of his rivals,) you have only to see what the enemies of Freedom and the friends of Slavery extension say of them all. How they curse and revile him—how they fear him—how with one accord they infer his future conduct from his known character. They even

each man as FRANK, I observed that the South were doomed to a political death which would know no remission. The gentlemen also influenced him.

The people of the South require that this last experiment should be made, this last hope exhausted of killing off Free-Soilism by the election of a Democrat; and it was our duty to test the experiment as well as our policy, for, if it fails, we might then reasonably ask our friends to try our remedy.

It was wise to be prepared for any contingency.

There are nine vessels built or building in Thomastown this season, eight of which are ships, and one a bark, their total tonnage being 19,500 tons. These vessels are built of Southern oak and hard pine. The average number of men employed on each vessel is about sixty-five. The number of vessels built this year is only one less than last year, while the tonnage exceeds that of last year by about 1,700 tons.

John "hollers" of
here in town about
part in the Democratic
as they did arrive
up to ascertain
MENT OF THE VES-
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Colocho Vigilance Com-
City, yesterday, by
complaint of WILLIAM
elled.
Deputy Sheriff Ous-
sum of \$25,000 bail.
business is likely to give.

A meeting of German favorable to the election evening, at the head-Republican Union, corner the meeting was de- by Dr. Fennison, who eastern stumping tour. national discourse on the

Assemblyman George Law, called yesterday after- n, with about 400 pas-

OTICES.

READY RELIEF IS
Wanted. Wash the hands
of the world generally, and you
are as clean.
Fulton-st., New-York.
Cancers, druggists and store-

THE WEATHER. Acc.—The weather during the last 24 hours has been clear and the ground has been frozen. TITLES. No. 346 Broad. — in the City.

IS UNIVERSALLY
most important article for southerners and strengthening the
and performs through.

TO FORCE OPEN
of this. Two attempts
to force open and reb of
by this well-known
strength, however, un-
opportunities, they signal-
others would be the case,
and themselves upon the
robbers was on the safe
side. The safe was in
the yard, and there waited
the safe was so poor that it
could have been freely used,
and it was when the men
to its contents as when
suspected, they, or
the safe upon the same
merchants, owners of
the same name
who make it their busi-
ness should exercise
when they enter a build-
ing, they should first
reason, by whom it was
made. It will therefore be
of no small degree of im-
portance to the safety of
the community to have
it invariably found in them.

PULL
OF THE
ON THE
square, where he may be
seen.

to S. P. M.
in Times.

Assembled yesterday
within the realm's pro-
tection by the Doctor, and
the Minister.

He was attended, many of

[illegible]

hand a full supply of
with English, German

WOULD DO WELL
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for producing the
of the strains upon the
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FRUSLOW.
s. No. 60 Broadway,
for the U. S.

MACHINES—SPEED AND
We are now selling sewing
and other light work,
each turn of the driving
machine runs four or five

It can be clearly de-
sawing machine now be-
with these, can be used
No., No. 233 Broadway.
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OIL-CLOTHS
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rivals.
DR HAIR DYE—NA-
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are the same as in the
Hence the perfection of
influence on the fibres;
article. Manufactured,

WOMEN'S—RICH
style of newest cost-
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satisfactory of JOHN P.
(No. 236 new number.)

PHILOX WIGGS AND
to their home, and
grated over the known
and durability. —
we stock in the world.
5, No. 323 Broadway.

THE ORIGINAL
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nature, without the
to reach the evil effects of
bed, (in 3 private rooms)
No. 323 Broadway.

3 FURNITURE AND
for rich and
the elegant, bronzes, can-
s: carved and modern.
VILLE, 448 Broadway.

PARSONS & CO.
a large assortment of
to leave, the orchard, the

PE VARIETY—AT A
or Home and No. 367

ATURES—AT A. & J.
Home and No. 367 Broadway.

WEST STYLES—AT

04423.

PERSONAL
A LADY QUITE ALONE WISHES A LIFE of quiet and more social than she can find in her present surroundings. She is a widow, and has a small income. She is a native of New York, and has been married for twenty years. She is a very kind and generous person, and is looking for a companion who is of the same age and has similar tastes. She is a very kind and generous person, and is looking for a companion who is of the same age and has similar tastes. She is a very kind and generous person, and is looking for a companion who is of the same age and has similar tastes.

SITUATIONS WANTED
WANTED—A SITUATION BY A YOUNG GIRL, who is a native of New York, and has been married for twenty years. She is a very kind and generous person, and is looking for a companion who is of the same age and has similar tastes. She is a very kind and generous person, and is looking for a companion who is of the same age and has similar tastes.

TEACHERS WANTED
GOVERNOR—A HIGHLY EDUCATED ENGLISH teacher, who is a native of New York, and has been married for twenty years. She is a very kind and generous person, and is looking for a companion who is of the same age and has similar tastes. She is a very kind and generous person, and is looking for a companion who is of the same age and has similar tastes.

WANTED—A SITUATION BY A YOUNG GIRL
Wanted a situation by a young girl, who is a native of New York, and has been married for twenty years. She is a very kind and generous person, and is looking for a companion who is of the same age and has similar tastes. She is a very kind and generous person, and is looking for a companion who is of the same age and has similar tastes.

WANTED—A SITUATION BY A YOUNG GIRL
Wanted a situation by a young girl, who is a native of New York, and has been married for twenty years. She is a very kind and generous person, and is looking for a companion who is of the same age and has similar tastes. She is a very kind and generous person, and is looking for a companion who is of the same age and has similar tastes.

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NEW PUBLICATIONS
THE HARBOR BOOK
AND OTHER STORIES OF THE HEART.
By Mrs. J. M. HARRIS.
Complete in one volume, bound in cloth, 125 pages. Price, \$1.50. Sent by mail postpaid, on receipt of price.

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DRY GOODS
WILLIAMS, SILKS, SILKS
Two elegant styles of silk, 100 pieces. Price, \$1.50. Sent by mail postpaid, on receipt of price.

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AMUSEMENTS
WALLACE, THEATRE
The tragedy of the night, the tragedy of the night, the tragedy of the night. The tragedy of the night, the tragedy of the night, the tragedy of the night.

WALLACE, THEATRE
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LEGAL NOTICES

[illegible][illegible]

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easterly parallel with said average one
hundred feet to the intersection of said
seventy-five feet, thence southerly parallel
with said average one hundred feet and
thence easterly parallel with said average
one hundred feet to the intersection of said
beginning; the said two gore containing
5,420 and 6,030 superficial feet; the aforesaid
two gores being the same as those
made by the said Bridges, by Survey
June 7, 1851, attached to a deed made by Isaac A.
executor &c., to Henry F. Phinney, and recorded
in the office of the Register of Deeds for
the County of Middlesex, in the book
in Liber 570, folio 823, as numbers one, eight, nine,
ten, eleven, twelve, thirteen, fourteen, fifteen, sixteen,
seventeen, eighteen, nineteen, twenty, twenty-one,
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hundred and fourteen, twenty-two hundred and fifteen, twenty-two
hundred and sixteen, twenty-two hundred and seventeen, twenty-two
hundred and eighteen, twenty-two hundred and nineteen, twenty-
three hundred, twenty-three hundred and one, twenty-three
hundred and two, twenty-three hundred and three, twenty-three
hundred and four, twenty-three hundred and five, twenty-three
hundred and six, twenty-three hundred and seven, twenty-three
hundred and eight, twenty-three hundred and nine, twenty-three
hundred and ten, twenty-three hundred and eleven, twenty-three
hundred and twelve, twenty-three hundred and thirteen, twenty-three
hundred and fourteen, twenty-three hundred and fifteen, twenty-three
hundred and sixteen, twenty-three hundred and seventeen, twenty-three
hundred and eighteen, twenty-three hundred and nineteen, twenty-
four hundred, twenty-four hundred and one, twenty-four
hundred and two, twenty-four hundred and three, twenty-four
hundred and four, twenty-four hundred and five, twenty-four
hundred and six, twenty-four hundred and seven, twenty-four
hundred and eight, twenty-four hundred and nine, twenty-four
hundred and ten, twenty-four hundred and eleven, twenty-four
hundred and twelve, twenty-four hundred and thirteen, twenty-four
hundred and fourteen, twenty-four hundred and fifteen, twenty-four
hundred and sixteen, twenty-four hundred and seventeen, twenty-four
hundred and eighteen, twenty-four hundred and nineteen, twenty-
five hundred, twenty-five hundred and one, twenty-five
hundred and two, twenty-five hundred and three, twenty-five
hundred and four, twenty-five hundred and five, twenty-five
hundred and six, twenty-five hundred and seven, twenty-five
hundred and eight, twenty-five hundred and nine, twenty-five
hundred and ten, twenty-five hundred and eleven, twenty-five
hundred and twelve, twenty-five hundred and thirteen, twenty-five
hundred and fourteen, twenty-five hundred and fifteen, twenty-five
hundred and sixteen, twenty-five hundred and seventeen, twenty-five
hundred and eighteen, twenty-five hundred and nineteen, twenty-
six hundred, twenty-six hundred and one, twenty-six hundred
and two, twenty-six hundred and three, twenty-six hundred
and four, twenty-six hundred and five, twenty-six hundred
and six, twenty-six hundred and seven, twenty-six hundred
and eight, twenty-six hundred and nine, twenty-six hundred
and ten, twenty-six hundred and eleven, twenty-six hundred
and twelve, twenty-six hundred and thirteen, twenty-six
hundred and fourteen, twenty-six hundred and fifteen, twenty-six
hundred and sixteen, twenty-six hundred and seventeen, twenty-six
hundred and eighteen, twenty-six hundred and nineteen, twenty-
seven hundred, twenty-seven hundred and one, twenty-seven
hundred and two, twenty-seven hundred and three, twenty-seven
hundred and four, twenty-seven hundred and five, twenty-seven
hundred and six, twenty-seven hundred and seven, twenty-seven
hundred

trated and described by a map or diagram attached made by the said Henry P. Rhinier to the said Board of Supervisors of the County of New York, 1863.—New-York, Oct. 13, 1864.

DUNCAN McMASTIN, Esq.
TRACY, WAIT & CO., Plaintiff's Attorneys,
No. 19 William-st., New-York.

SUPREME COURT.—GEORGE C. BENNETT, against CHARLES J. BENNETT and JULIA A. Bennett, his wife; THOMAS KAYE and PRINCILLA, his wife; JOHN HENRY BARNES and ANNE, his wife; SAM BENNETT, Sarah Bennett, Henry D. Canning Henricus, his wife.—Amended Summons for Return of Writ of Habeas Corpus, and for Judgment and Costs. HANNAH KENNEDY, defendants: You are summoned and required to answer the complaint of the said GEORGE C. BENNETT, filed with me, the Clerk of the County of Richmond, at your place of abode, and to serve a copy of your answer on the said HANNAH KENNEDY, at her place of residence in the City of Richmond, at or before the first day of December next.

[illegible]

IN PURSUANCE OF AN ORDER OF
The Surrogate of the County of New York, notice
is given to all persons having claims against A.
JAMES G. BROWN, deceased, who are entitled to
share equally with the estate of said decedent as
co-heirs at law, to present their claims, with vouchers,
to the undersigned, at the office of T. JAMES G. BROWN,
deceased's executor, at No. 35 Wall-st., New York,
on or before the 8th day of February next.—Dated New York
the 1st day of January, 1906.

1856. FRANCISCO DEL HOYO, Executor of the last will and testament of
SOPHIA P. DEL HOYO, Executrix.

IN PURSUANCE OF AN ORDER OF
Surrogate of the County of New-York, notice is
given to all persons having claims against JAMES
GANT, late of the City of New-York, druggist,
deceased, to present the same to the undersigned
at his place of business, No. 278 Greenwich-st., in
New-York, on or before the 26th day of the
next—Dated New-York, June 2d, 1856.

JOHN A. TARRANT, Administrator.

IN PURSUANCE OF AN ORDER OF
Surrogate of the County of New-York, notice is
given to all persons having claims against
T. A. OSBORN, late Margaretha Edwards, and
Margareta Cross, late of the City of New-York, de-
ceased, to present the same to the undersigned
at his place of business, No. 278 Greenwich-st., in
New-York, on or before the 26th day of the
next—Dated New-York, June 2d, 1856.

JOHN A. TARRANT, Administrator.

IN PURSUANCE OF AN ORDER.
 I, Surrogate of the County of New-York, notice is
 given to all persons having Claims against WILLIAM
 CAMDEN, late of the County of New-York, deceased,
 to present the same on or before the 15th day of
 April next, at his residence, No. 91 West 27th-st., in the City
 of New-York, on or before the 15th day of February next,
 at New-York.
 MARY M. LEVERICH, Administrator.
 and-lawyer^{ts}

of New York, deceased, to present the same with
 ere thereof to the subscriber, at his office, No. 63
 November next.—Dated New York, May 12, 1850.
 WM. H. MEERS, Attorney for Executors.

IN PURSUANCE OF AN ORDER OF THE
COURT OF CHANCERY, IN AND FOR THE
CITY AND COUNTY OF NEW YORK,
 I, JAMES H. DAWSON, Esq., Surrogate of the County
 of New York, do hereby give, according to law, to all
 having claims against THOMAS THOMAS, in and
 out of the County of Brooklyn, deceased, notice
 to appear before me, at my office, at the City and
 County of Brooklyn, to show cause, why I should
 not order the said THOMAS THOMAS, deceased, to
 pay to the subscriber, at the office of N. B. MORSE, Esq., No. 63
 Broadway, in the city of Brooklyn, on or before the 14th
 day of February next.—Dated New York, May 12, 1850.

MARGARET THOMAS
 Administratrix.

IN PURSUANCE OF AN ORDER OF THE
COURT OF CHANCERY, IN AND FOR THE
CITY AND COUNTY OF NEW YORK,
 I, JAMES H. DAWSON, Esq., Surrogate of the County
 of New York, do hereby give, according to law, to all
 having claims against THOMAS THOMAS, in and
 out of the County of Brooklyn, deceased, notice
 to appear before me, at my office, at the City and
 County of Brooklyn, to show cause, why I should
 not order the said THOMAS THOMAS, deceased, to
 pay to the subscriber, at the office of N. B. MORSE, Esq., No. 63
 Broadway, in the city of Brooklyn, on or before the 14th
 day of February next.—Dated New York, May 12, 1850.

MARGARET THOMAS
 Administratrix.

IN PURSUANCE OF AN ORDER OF
 The Surrogate of the County of New York, notice is
 given to all persons having claims against JAMES
 W. S. of the City of New York, to present the same
 to the undersigned, on or before the 4th day of March
 next, to present the same, with vouchers therefor, to the
 subscriber, at his house, corner Fifty-first-st. and
 Avenue C, New York, at or before the 4th day of
 March next.—Dated New York, Aug. 2, 1866.
 s-lawmTn* CATARINA BEHE

IN PURSUANCE OF AN ORDER OF
 The Surrogate of the County of New York, notice is
 given to all persons having claims against JAMES
 W. S. of the City of New York, to present the same
 to the undersigned, on or before the 4th day of March
 next, to present the same, with vouchers therefor, to the
 subscriber, at his office, No. 8 West-st, in the City of New
 York, at or before the 4th day of March next.—Dated
 Sept. 1, 1866.
 s-lawmTn* CHARLES SPIES
 Administrator

IN PURSUANCE OF AN ORDER OF

1 Surrogate of the County of New-York, notice
 2 given to all persons having claims against GIDEON
 3 KANDLER, late of the City of New-York, deced-
 4 ent, that he has taken and filed with me the will
 5 of said decedent, and that he has taken and filed with
 6 me the same with vouchers thereof, to the effect
 7 of his said will: No 130 Bowery, in the City of New-
 8 York, on or before the 17th day of March next—Dated N-
 9 York, the 12th day of March, 1884.

ISAAC ARNOLD, Esq.

sle-lavem7u

DIVIDENDS.

OFFICE CLARK'S PATENT STEAM AND FRICTION
 REGULATOR CO. NO. 398 BROADWAY,
 NEW YORK, OCT. 13, 1884.

THE DIRECTORS OF CLARK'S PATENT
 Steam and Fire Regulator Company have
 declared their regular semi-annual cash divid-
 end out of the earnings of the Company for
 the six months ending June 30, 1884, as follows:

THE BOARD OF DIRECTORS OF
The Company have this day declared a dividend of
cent. on the current business of the Company, both in
New-York on Nov. 1, at the office of Ohio Life
Insurance and Trust Company.

HENRY O. AMES, Secy.

OFFICE OF THE COMMONWEALTH FIRE INSURANCE
COMPANY, 6 WALL-ST., NEW-YORK, OCT. 12, 1891.

DIVIDEND THE BOARD OF DIRECTORS
have this day declared a semi-annual dividend of
cent. on the capital stock of the Company, payable
the first day of November, proximo.

[illegible]

1

WEDNESDAY, OCT. 27, 1854.

NEW YORK, Tuesday, Oct. 1, 1854.

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Since it has become apparent that the fight is not over, the people have been dropping, and just now has a downward tendency.

Comparative Education.

New-York, Tuesday, Oct. 1, 1854.

The Editor of the New-York Daily Times.

Would it be asking too much of you to publish a comparison of the last census in your paper, giving the population of each State, number of voters, and the proportion they bear to the total population?

A friend, an ardent Filmore supporter, and a devotee of the "peculiar institution," contends that there are more persons who cannot read and write in the State of New-York, in proportion to the population, than in any other State of the Union, while I contend that there are more in Virginia or North Carolina.

I would not trouble you with this request had I a copy of the census, or did I know where I could see one.

Respectfully,

A REPUBLICAN SUBSCRIBER.

Instead of giving a mass of figures for our correspondent to wade through in order to reach the information he desires, we will copy, in a condensed form, the results arrived at in the Census of 1850. On page 152 of the Compendium of the Census, as published by the Government, he will find the several sections of the Union compared in regard to the proportion of the white population in each section; over 20, we cannot read.

That table, as there given, is as follows:

Native. White Pop. Illiterate. Per Cent.

New-England.....3,515,165 155,461 4.42

Middle States.....2,514,015 109,847 4.37

Southern States.....1,990,450 168,081 8.44

Northwestern States.....1,800,511 100,911 5.60

Northwestern and Terr.....3,529,446 158,463 4.52

Slaveholding States.....4,634,519 845,887 18.23

Non-Slaveholding.....5,561,176 208,506 3.75

Total.....14,150,685 549,693 3.92

These statements are based on the Educational returns of 1840. Upon the next page of the Compendium is a table distinguishing between the native and the foreign population, in regard to the same point. That gives the following results,—the first column giving the ratio of the natives, and the second that of the foreign-born, population over 20 who cannot read or write:

Native. Foreign. Per Cent.

New-England.....42 24.89

Middle States.....3.00 15.92

Southern States.....5.90 8.80

Northwestern States.....15.83 15.20

Northwestern and Terr.....9.94 7.73

Slave States.....21.43 22.51

Free States.....7.23 10.63

Total.....4.19 15.15

By these official statements it will be seen that the proportion of white persons who cannot read or write is far greater in the Southern slaveholding States than in any other sections of the Confederacy. Of those over 20 who cannot read, there is

In New-England.....1 in 400

In South and Southwest.....1 in 19

In Territories.....1 in 6

In Non-Slaveholding States.....1 in 19

In Slaveholding States.....1 in 40

In the Union at large.....1 in 23

As to the particular States concerning which our correspondent asks comparisons, we compile the following from the census returns,—giving, in each, the white population over 20, and the number over 20 who cannot read:

White over 20. Illiterate.

Virginia.....418,433 53,737 1 in 7

New-York.....1,612,212 44,403 1 in 36

South Carolina.....125,941 20,615 1 in 6

Massachusetts.....563,583 4,448 1 in 125

Georgia.....217,774 30,717 1 in 7

Pennsylvania.....1,086,828 32,946 1 in 33

Kentucky.....235,370 40,018 1 in 6

Ohio.....890,883 33,324 1 in 26

Tennessee.....316,309 58,531 1 in 5

Vermont.....167,413 9,270 1 in 18

These are sufficient for purposes of comparison, though the same general results would be exhibited if the returns for all the States were compiled in the same way.

Pennsylvania.

It seems to be conceded that the contest turns on Pennsylvania. If that State can be carried for Fremont, his election is reasonably certain. It is the universal opinion of those who best understand the State, that if the frauds of the Pro-Slavery Party can be thwarted, if the honest Free-Soil adherents of the Filmore Party can be made to realize how basely they have been betrayed and sold by their leaders, and if the whole vote can be brought out, the vote of Pennsylvania is sure for Fremont. To do all these things requires work, earnest efficient work, and a great deal of it. Detailed organization, direct personal canvassing, the close, zealous, resolute effort of every Fremont man to secure his neighbor's vote, these are the things that are essential to victory. It is not mass meetings, nor the distribution of documents, nor any outward demonstrations whatever, that can effect the result. The time for all these has passed. The work to be done now is neighborhood, fireside, personal work. There is not an intelligent opponent of the Pro-Slavery Buchanan Party in Pennsylvania, who cannot, if he will go resolutely and perseveringly about it, prevail upon some one or more of his Democratic or Fillmore neighbors, to vote for Fremont. If one in ten of the Republicans of that State would do this, the State would be safe.

We feel confident that the magnitude of the issues involved,—the vast importance of the contest to the whole country, and for all time to come,—will so impress itself upon the minds and hearts of the true men of Pennsylvania, as to impel them into just such a line of action as this. Let every man there, who feels the greatness of the crisis, take hold of the matter earnestly, and press it, at home and within his own sphere of influence, with vigor and determination, and the result will be a certain triumph.

It is impossible that such an election as this, in such a State, should be allowed to go by default. We have the utmost confidence that every nerve will be strung, and every possible exertion put forth, to place Pennsylvania on the side of Republican Freedom.

The Leaven Working.

Signs of promise arise on the

100-443887-100

[illegible]

Mrs. Parnell, **Madame**
and **Misses**, **Paul Julian**, **Helen**
McManis, **Louise**, **John**, **William**
McManis, **Theresa**, **James**,
residence on the Victim by **FANNY** will give
concert in Brooklyn, with the above program.
The **McManis** family consists of **Mr. Strachan** on the organ; are
celebrated chorists of **Cathedral of St. Peter & Paul, Man-**
hattan. **Box No. 896 Broadway.**

A CARD.
BIBLIO'S GARDEN.
FRIDAY EVENING, MAY 4,
GREAT ATTRACTION FOR THE BENEFIT
OF FRANKIE RAVEL.
because he will be assisted by
GABRIEL RAVEL.
kindly volunteered his services (for \$25 night)
will appear and dance a
FOURTEEN ON THE TIGHT ROPE
was the great original character of
JOHN HUNTER.
ROBERT AND THE BALLET COMPANY.
NEW DIVERTISSEMENT.
HENGLE! the wonderful
JEROME BARRY.
the **Pantomime** (invited) and composed by him-
self.

THE SCHOOLMASTER.
R. TRICES. — **MRS. FRANÇOIS RAVEL**,
 at 9 o'clock.
 On ok now open
 at 8½; to commence at 7¼ o'clock.

NIBLO'S GARDEN.
 On opens at 10½; to commence at 7¼ o'clock.

EDMONDSON EVENING, OCT. 2, 1864

HIS WONDERFUL VAUZLS
 performed nightly with music.

OK, OK, OK, OK, OK, OK, FAIRIES!
 Performed by all to be the

WIT AND WAGS BY THESE TALLEST ARTISTS.

G. HENRIOT & CO. JOCKEY.
TIGHT ROPE.
 German Opera night. First appearance of
 — brilliant attraction for the
BENNETT OF FRANCIS RAVEL
 occasion (for this night only) **GABRIEL RAVEL**.

ON THE Tight Rope, and in his original character
 THURSDAY, Oct. 2,
 appearance of
 HILFE JOHANNSEN.
 First Prima Donna from Frankfurt,
 who performed in the Grand Opera
 OF THE PRINCIPAL
 JOHANNSEN.....as.....AGATHE
 Musical Director.....CARL BERGMANN.
 ALTERATION OF PRICES. The manage-
 ment, with very great regret, has de-
 cided the German Opera announces the following.
 SCALE OF PRICES.
 Dress Circle and Parquet.....One Dollar
 Ticket entitling the holder to a
 Reserved Seat.....Fifty
 Family Circle.....Twenty-five Cents
 Upper Boxes.....Twenty-five Cents
 to Upper Boxes in Grand-st.

ON'S NEW THEATRE, BROADWAY.
WEDNESDAY—Shakespeare's
HAMLET.
With the utmost enthusiasm of a sort of eloquent
crowd, this vast theatre in every part,
the many of the most brilliant description, now presenting
and successful efforts, the cast of characters is
as follows:
..... Mr. Davenport Chest Mr. C. Fisher
..... Mr. Mark South Claudius Mr. Rainford
..... Mr. Charles Messrs Barton & T. Plafide
..... Mr. Parker Mr. C. H. Harpport
MR. BERTON IN TWO PARTS.
THEATRE THAT IS THE MOST SUCCESSFUL OF THE
TOW.—The comedy of **WILD DAYS.**
..... Mrs. Davenport's benefit, the comedy of
..... **FOR BUNDO.**
..... which comedy, called **SELF**, is in rehearsal.

BUCKLEY'S SEENADES.
NEW HALL.
Broadway, every night of the week will be re-
particular request of the grand Burlesque on the

TROVATORE.
..... and all the principal scenes. Proceeding
..... Ministry of a superior order.

COMMITTEE AT 7:30 O'CLOCK. ADMISSION 25 CENTS.
Seating on the main floor.
CLOTHES AT THE DISMAL SWAMP.
ACADEMY OF MUSIC
In the middle of the opera, for concerts, lectures,
entertainment for 4,000 persons. Price per night
including light.
RAIL SEASON
For ball-teams has been reduced to \$750. In-
clude all the ball-players of the team, all the players and
teams, together with the lighting and scoring. Ap-
- - - WOLF, of the Executive Committee, No. 9
JUDAS AMERICAN MUSEUM, THE
WOLVES REVEALED - WONDERFUL ATTRACTION -
FOR THE DISMAL SWAMP. THIS EVEN-
- - - FROM 7:30 TO 10:00 P.M. THE
- - - CROWDS OF CROWDS OF PEOPLE WILD
- - - THE EVENING AT 7 O'CLOCK. DREAD, A TALE OF
- - - AMERICAN SWAMP, illustrated expressly for the oc-
- - - H. J. Conner, the author of the book, will be
- - - the most interesting, stage effects, etc. Tom
- - - Tom Thumb, Harry Gordon, Mr. G.
- - - H. J. Conner, Mr. H. J. Conner, Mr. H. J. Conner,
- - - Gordon, Miss Mervin, Miss Mervin, Miss Mervin,
- - - H. J. Conner, Mr. H. J. Conner, Mr. H. J. Conner,

THE DWARF LADY, THE HAPPY FANT
to be seen. Admittance to everything, 25
children admitted, 1500.

**PRINCIPAL INSTITUTE—PLOWING
SPADING NATH.**—This Exhibition will
be at Hutton Bridge, near the Rhine, on
the 10th week after the 1st of May, at
Charles Henry Hall, deceased.
nominas have all been selected and stacked off
comparisons
who wish to compete for prizes are re-
quired to present their names to the Hon-
orables before the morning of the day and ac-
cess for himself.

and the merchants will be provided at the River
at 2 P.M.

DAVID BANKS
Chairman Board of Agriculture.

IRON FOUNDRY GREAT AUTOMATON—
THE ISLAND OF THE FUTURE
composed of many thousand parts of machinery,
by actual registration and the natural me-
chanical power of the finest cotton and
MOLAZ, etc. The audience can examine for
the most accurate and complete
motion. The machine VANOCCKEL is an enormous
motion with TWO NEW MUSICAL INSTRU-

to this country. Now exhibiting at Dr. CHARTER'S
No. 549 Broadway, from 11 o'clock A. M. to 10
P. M. on Monday 30c. Tuesday 25c. Wednesday 25c.
FRIDAY NATIONAL THEATRE. DRESS
25c. Mat. 15c. Exc. Orchestra Chairs, 50c. Seats,
Boxes, 50c. THIS EVENING, Oct. 22, the an-
nounced: **ON THE DISMAL SWAMP**
Followed by the comic pantomime of
"MOSS DE CHALCARE"
The company concludes with the drama
"THE WIFE OF THE WISH-TON-WISH."
CHAMPA'S BOWERY THEATRE
of Adelphi-st. Dress Circle and Orchestra
Private Boxes, 50c. THIS EVENING, Oct. 22,
presented Shakespeare's
RICHARD III. Mr. McDonough
as Iago. Mrs. Adams Foster
as the DEMON LOVER
WEEK OF THE GREAT FAIR-
Familiar Fair of the American Institute, now open at
the Metropolitan Hotel, will not close until the 25th of
October. The following are the names of the exhibitors:
H. K. DENNETT, Oct. 25. Dedworth's Band will perform

...ing during the FRIDAY EVENING, commencing
at 7.30. Admission, 25 cents; Children half-price.
G. F. NESBITT, Chairman.

HARMONIC SOCIETY—FIFTY-THIRD
...R. 156 and 157, the Harp and Directors
by inform their members and the public, that
...of the members of the Society, who are
(1) and willingly sign a waiver of their right
...on all occasions, and (2) to play the
... There will be no reserved seats.
By order, L. SPIER, Sec.

RESERVED SEATS IN THE BEST PART OF
...for Parlo's coven for Parlo's coven for Parlo's coven
... can be obtained to-day, at the Brook-
and Music Boxes, No. 23 Court-
... FRAY & CO'S. Pianos for
... to let or monthly payments, with the privilege
... Pianos tuned.

PROFESSOR'S CELEBRATED EGYPTIAN
... is the most popular attraction and feature
... in the City, and the continual resort of
... literary taste and refinement, is now seen
... Institute, No. 40 Broadway. Admission,
...

Get the best collection of **Patents** in this country.
Patenting. *Open day and evening.*
10 cents.

'S MAGNETIC POWDERS

RISE OF GRACELESS SCAMPS--

Look out for counterfeits stout,
 Beware of peddlars; I have none.
 If you would have from inside empyr
 All your losses you call your harm,
 Immediately on E. LYON, No. 34 Broadway,
 Ask of Magnetic Powder or box of pills for
 cures. They were never known to fail.

20

at New York, on the 20th of May, 1894, in the afternoon, all present and absent, to-day John James Dixwell, and myself, at Trenton, to make the First Mortgage Bonds of any, amounting to one million dollars. The same mortgage described in said decree as

[illegible]

ch said hereafter be covered
 some, lands and some of the
 the land used and occupied
 same, with all the buildings
 erected thereon, and the
 to be acquired by the said
 the locomotives, the cars and
 and all other cars and all other cars,
 and nature, now owned by
 the said Company, and in any
 ing to the said Railroad, and
 to be constructed."

following:
 articles of personal property
 Road Company, covered by
 a mortgage, or one of them,
 judgment and decree
 obtained in the complaint as
 by the mortgage in the
 her engines, boilers, beams,
 is a claim and demand
 taking and converting the
 things comprising what is known
 as the "Line" of Canal Boats on
 of the following or of the
 owners, with their and each of
 concerned as follows:
 Riquette, Oronochie, St.
 Lawrence, Erie, Saranac,
 and Ausable
 owners' and hotel furniture
 to the hotel known as the
 County's Point, in the

[illegible]

served). To JAMES R. McTIGUE, Young's attorney, at the office of the Clerk of the Court at the city of New York, in 1964, and to serve a copy of said complaint on the subscriber, at his residence at the City of New York, by the delivery of one or more copies of this summons on foot, extra-jurisdiction; and if service cannot be made within the time aforesaid, the court judgment against you for costs of five dollars and five cents, due on the 21st day of October, one thousand eight-hundred and sixty-four, besides the costs of \$187-64.

E. Plaintiff's County—
No. 150 Nassau-st.,

SUFFOLK COUNTY.—
JONAS GABRIEL H. OLSON
against STEVEN M.
MILLER, CYRIL A. BROWN,
SAM SHAW and ANNA MARIA
SHAW and IRA BEARD
as who Summonsed and
summoned and all the above named
persons assumed and assumed
to answer the said complaint
to action, which will be filed in
County of Suffolk, at River-
side, a copy of your complaint
on subscribers, at their office, in
the City of New York, on the
return, exclusive of the day of
to answer the said complaint
plaintiffs in the City of New York

[illegible]

SURROGATE OF THE COUNTY OF NEW YORK, in and for the County of New York, according to law, to all persons JOHN H. ELLIOTT, late of New York, deceased, and to his heirs, assigns and assigns, vouchers thereof, of the right of the said JOHN H. ELLIOTT, late of New York, deceased, to the City of New York, November next.—Dated MAY 11, 1864.
G. LAW, { Administrators.
GIBBONS, }

AN ORDER OF THE
SURROGATE OF THE COUNTY OF NEW YORK, notice is hereby given to all persons claiming against MARY New-York, deceased, to present their claims to the undersigned, at her estate, in the City of New-York, of October next.—Dated MAY 11, 1864.
MARY YOUNG, Executrix.

AN ORDER OF THE
SURROGATE OF THE COUNTY OF NEW YORK, notice is hereby given to all persons claiming against DR. JOSEPH H. City of New-York, physician, late of New-York, deceased, and to his heirs, assigns and assigns, vouchers thereof, of the right of the said DR. JOSEPH H. City of New-York, deceased, to the City of New-York, of April next.—Dated MAY 11, 1864.
JACK W. READ, Executor.

TURE.

VENTURE.

ONE HUNDRED SUITES
 culture, library and chamber
 moderate prices. My customers
 are particularly impressed by
 the convenience. H. F. NIXON,
 one door above Spring st.,
 23-av., a large assortment
 of his solid walnut at 90c, toilet-
 rooms, at moderate prices.

PARTIES ABOUT FURNITURE
 and sales of them - York House
 company, No. 175 Centre-st.,
 great saving. Country order.

OF ENAMELED FUR-
 niture.
 Retail -
WARD 33 Canal-st.

AMUSEMENTS

[illegible]

DUNELPOT GALLERY, NO. 497 BROADWAY.—The best collection of Paintings in this country. It contains 150 Paintings. Open day and evening. Admission 25 cents.

WANTED TO PURCHASE A SMALL-SIZED kettles, hard press, sausage machine and ice cream machine. For sale may be had by any person having the above articles. Call on Mrs. J. M. Smith, at No. 630 Broadway, with a cash customer, by calling at No. 630 Broadway.

1. _____

S. A. ROOSEVELT, HIL
 showed the same to the Clerk of the County of Kings, in the
 and such of you are hereby authorized to sign and
 the County of Kings, in the City of Brooklyn, in said County, and to serve a copy of your an
 others. No. 9 Hanover-street, in the City of New-York, dated
 twenty days after the service of this said complaint, and if you fail
 over the said complaint within the time aforesaid, the plainti
 the said action will apply to the said County of Kings, and the re
 relief demanded in the complaint. Dated Aug. 19, 1886.
 BUTLER, EVARTS & SOUTHWAYD,
 Plaintiff's Attorneys.
 The complaint herein was filed as above, on the 19th
 day of August, 1886.
 BUTLER, EVARTS & SOUTHWAYD,
 Plaintiff's Attorneys.
SUPERIOR COURT-COUNTY OF KINGS.
SIE NATIONAL FIRE INSURANCE COMPANY vs. **JOSEPH T. FURNIEE and JANE his wife, CHARLES W. WEST, GONCELOUIS V. A. ROOSEVELT, HIL**
 and others. The day of the month of August, 1886, came the
 mona. Subj No. 2. To the defendants above named: You
 and each of you are hereby authorized and required to an
 over the complaint in this action, which is filed in the
 of the Clerk of the County of Kings, in the city of
 Brooklyn, in said County, and to serve a copy of your an
 answer to the said complaint on the subscribers, at their
 office, No. 9 Hanover-street, in the City of New-York,
 within the time aforesaid, and if you fail to answer the
 you, exclusive of the day of such service; and if you fail to
 to answer the said complaint within the time aforesaid,
 the said action will apply to the said County of Kings, and the re
 relief demanded in the complaint. Dated Aug. 19,
 1886. BUTLER, EVARTS & SOUTHWAYD,

The complaint herein was filed as above on the 30th day of August, 1916.

BUTLER, EVARTS & SOUTHWAYD,
018-lawe-th's Plaintiff's Attorneys.

SUPERAME COURT—COUNTY OF KINGS—
In the City of New York, against JACOB GROMOWEL, JOSEPH TORRENCE and JANE HILL, CHARLES J. BORNHAY, J. BORNHAY and JAMES A. ROOSEVELT, —Sum—
—vs—
You and each of you are hereby summoned and required to answer the complaint in this action, which is filed in the office of the Clerk of the Supreme Court, County of Kings, in said county, and to serve a copy of your answer to the said complaint on the subscribers at their respective addresses hereunto annexed, within thirty days after the service of this summons on you, or within sixty days after the service of this summons on you, if you are a non-resident of this county, in order to answer the said complaint within the time aforesaid, and to appear at the trial of the said action, which is set for the relief demanded in this action will apply to the Court for the relief demanded in this action.

BUTLER, EVARTS & SOUTHWAYD,
018-lawe-th's Plaintiff's Attorneys.

The complaint herein was filed as above on the 30th day of August, 1916.

BUTLER, EVARTS & SOUTHWAYD,
018-lawe-th's Plaintiff's Attorneys.

SUPERAME COURT—COUNTY OF KINGS—
In the City of New York, against THE NEW YORK FIRE INSURANCE COMPANY in the City of New York, —Sum—

JOSEPH TORRENCE and JANE his wife, CHARLES
JOSEPH ANNELLUCCI, JOHN HILL-
BORNE WEST and JAMES A. ROOSEVELT
mona—But No. 4.—To the defendants above named:
You and each of you are hereby summoned and required
to appear before the undersigned at the office of the
clerk of the office of the clerk of the County of Kings, in the City
of Brooklyn, in said County, at said term of said Court,
to answer the said complaint, and to defend the said
plaintiff in this action with all due diligence. If you fail
to appear at the said term of said Court, the said
plaintiff in this action will apply to the Court for the
relief demanded in the complaint, and the Court will
grant the same without further notice to you.

BUTLER, EVERTS & SOUTHWAY,
Plaintiff's Attorneys.

The complaint herein was filed as above on the 30th day
of August, 1954.

BUTLER, EVERTS & SOUTHWAY,
Plaintiff's Attorneys.

**SUPREME COURT—COUNTY OF KINGS—
THE NATIONAL FIRE INSURANCE COMPANY
in the City of New York, Plaintiff,
JOSEPH TORRENCE and JANE his wife, CHARLES
JOSEPH ANNELLUCCI, JOHN HILLBORNE WEST and
JAMES A. ROOSEVELT, Defendants.**

BUTLER, EVARTS & SOUTHWARD,
Attorneys.
The complaint herein was filed as above on the 30th day of August.

BUTLER, EVARTS & SOUTHWARD,
Attorneys.
old-is-ave 10th Plinifant's Attorneys.

SUPREME COURT, KINGS COUNTY—
RECEIVED
SINGHAM & NICHOLS, Plaintiff, against GAR-
RETTI, Defendant.—Summons for relief. To each of the above

named defendant, do hereby summons and compel you to appear before me at my office, which is located at No. 16 Nassau-st., in the City of New York, within twenty days after the service of this summons on you, exclusive of the day of such service; and if you fail to appear as so required, I will, on the first day thereafter, the plaintiff in this action will apply to the Court for the relief demanded in the complaint.—Dated July 17, 1866.

STERLING & THAYER,
Plaintiffs' Attorneys.

The complainant in the above entitled matter was filed in the office of the Clerk of the County of Kings, at the City Hall in the city of Brooklyn, on the 17th day of July,

HUDSON COUNTY, SURROGATES OF
JAMES H. MARRAN COURT, JAMES H. COR-
WING AND EDWARD CORWIN Administrators.
EDWARD C. CORWIN, deceased—Surrogate's Order
to Limit Creditors.—Dated this 27th day of August, A.D. 1866.—On application of the above-named Administrator,
it is ordered that said Administrators give public notice to bring
in their claims against the estate of said decedent, to bring them
in before the date, demandable by law, or at least within three months
after the date of his death, within nine months from the said date, by setting up
copies of this order within twenty days hereafter, in five of the
most public places in the County of Hudson, for two weeks.

Daily Times for the same space of time, and if any creditor neglect to exhibit his or her debt, demand claim, within the said period of nine months, public notice being given as aforesaid, such creditor shall be forever debarred of his or her action therefor against the said Administrators.

E. W. KINGSLAND,
64-law87th St. Surrogate.

IN PURSUANCE OF AN ORDER OF THE
In pursuance of the Order of the County of New York, not only given to all persons having claims against said LUCRETIA VAN PELT, late of the City of New York, deceased, to present the same with vouchers thereof to the subscribers

at the office of CHARLES BURKHALTER, No. 211
Fullton-st., in the City of New-York, on or before the
11th day of ~~August~~ ^{September}. Dated New-York, the 6th day of
September, 1884.
CHARLES BURKHALTER,
FREDERICK C. HAVEMEYER, Executors.
MATTHIAS CLARK,
of-law6mTh'

IN PURSUANCE OF AN ORDER OF THE
Surrogate of the County of New-York, notice is hereby
given to all persons having claims against WILLIAM H.
MAYNELL, of the County of New-York, who has de-
ceased, to present the same with vouchers thereon,
to the subscribers, at their office, No. 195 Broadway, in the
City of New-York, on or before the 11th day of

City of New-York, on or before the 5th day of March,
1857.—Dated New-York, Sept. 3, 1856.
E. F. TREADWELL, } Executor
J. MAXWELL WOODHULL, }

IN PURSUANCE OF AN ORDER OF THE
IN Judges of the County of New-York, notice is hereby
given to all persons having claims against OLIVER DUN-
NING, late of the City of New-York, deceased, to pre-
sent the same, with vouchers therefor, to the subscribers, at
their residence, No. 75 Christopher st., in the City of New-
York, on or before the 4th day of April next.—Dated New-
York, the 1st day of March, 1857.
WILLIAM H. DUNNING, Executor.

HARRIET DUNNING, Executrix.
03-law6mTh*
IN PURSUANCE OF AN ORDER OF THE
 Surrogate of the County of New York, notice is hereby
 given to all persons having claims against **DAVID D.**
BRADFORD, late of the City of New York, deceased, to
 present the same, with vouchers therefor, to the subser-
 geant at the office of **HIRAM RAYNOR**, No. 75 Bowery,
 in the City of New York, on or before the 24 day of No-
 vember next.—Dated New York, April 30, 1886.
HIRAM RAYNOR, Administrator.
MARY ANN LUCAS, Administratrix.
mf1-law6mTh*

IN PURSUANCE OF AN ORDER OF THE
Surrogate of the County of New York, notice is hereby
given to all persons having claims against the Estate of
ROBINSON, late of the City of New York, Broker, de-
ceased, to present the same with vouchers thereof to the
subscribers, at their office, No. 19 William-st., in the City
of New-York, on or before the 30th day of April next.
Dated New-York, Oct. 15, 1864.

ALANSON ROBINSON, } Executors.
016-1aw6mW } SAMUEL TOWER, }

IN PURSUANCE OF AN ORDER OF
RODMAN BAWSON, Esq., Surrogate of the County of
Columbia, notice is hereby given to all persons having
claims against the Estate of LEONARD B. DILLISTON, late
of the City of New York, deceased, to present the same with
vouchers thereof to the subscribers, at their office, No. 19
William-st., in the City of New-York, on or before the 30th
day of April next.

IN PURSUANCE OF AN ORDER OF THE
Surrogate of the County of New-York, made in and to the effect
following, to-wit: That the said Surrogate, in and to the effect
following, do hereby order and direct, that the said **JUDITH
FIELD**, late of the City of New-York, deceased, to present
the same, with vouchers thereof, to the subscriber, at her
residence, No. 211 Sixth-st., in the City of New-York,
on or before the 25th day of November next.

on or before the 19th day of APRIL next—Dated New York, Oct. 14, 1964.
CLARIBBA F. TROTT, Administrator.

IN PURSUANCE OF AN ORDER OF THE
Surrogate of the County of New York, notice is hereby given to all persons having claims against HENRY W. GILLESPIE, late of the City of New York, deceased, to present the same, with vouchers thereof, to the surrogate, at his office, No. 23 Spruance st., in the City of New York, on or before the 6th day of January next.—Dated New York, July 4, 1966.
JAMES S. GILLESPIE, Administrator.

FOUR DAYS LATER FROM EUROPE.

News by the City of Baltimore and the North American.

The Role of Serpents Question Not Yet Adjusted.

Complication of the Neapolitan Difficulty.

Another Rise in the Bank of England's Rate of Discount.

COTTON FIRM—BREADSTUFFS ADVANCING.

Consols 91 1-4 a 91 3-8.

The steamship *City of Baltimore* passed Cape May about 11 o'clock yesterday morning, and arrived at Philadelphia during the day. She brings Liverpool dates to the 9th inst. The *London Times* of the 22nd inst. says that the *City of Baltimore* was the first of the *City of Baltimore* to arrive at New York. The *London Times* of the 22nd inst. says that the *City of Baltimore* was the first of the *City of Baltimore* to arrive at New York.

The Bank of England has advanced its rate to 7 per cent. for bills of longer date than two months, in consequence of advice from Paris on Monday that the Bank of France had resolved not to admit notes to discount of more than 60 days, and to limit the advances on public securities to 40 per cent. of their value, and on railway shares to 30 per cent.

The rise in Corn has checked the decline expected, as the crops exceed the average, and the foreign arrivals are small.

The Bank of France has advanced its rate to 4 per cent. for bills of longer date than two months, in consequence of advice from Paris on Monday that the Bank of England had resolved not to admit notes to discount of more than 60 days, and to limit the advances on public securities to 40 per cent. of their value, and on railway shares to 30 per cent.

The Paris correspondent of the *London Times* says that the difficulties touching the Danubian Principalities, and those between the Allies and Russia. It is clearly understood that as soon as the frontier question is settled, the Austrian troops will be withdrawn from the Principalities.

The Paris correspondent of the *London Morning Chronicle* says: "It is rumored that the Bank has been again pressing for a suspension of cash payments, but the Emperor is firm in the negative."

The *Moniteur* publishes a report of the Minister of Finance relative to the Budget of 1894. The increase of Revenue for the first six months of 1894, is 63,000,000 francs against 1893, and 26,000,000 against 1892. The two first loans are entirely paid up. The payment of the last six monthly payments of the Rentes has left a reserve of 110,000,000 francs.

The latest intelligence is that a Royal decree has dissolved the Commission on Codes and appointed a new Commission, with M. CASTELNAU as its President.

The Spanish *Disension* affirms that if the Mexican Government refuse to fulfill the Convention with regard to what is due to Spanish subjects, the Spanish Government is determined to act with the greatest energy, and to demand the execution of the Convention. In case of refusal, a naval division will be sent to San Juan de Ulloa, in order to maintain the demand. The *Disension* says that the Division will consist of two men-of-war, three frigates, two corvettes and four steam frigates.

The English Charge d'Affaires at Madrid, has entered a protest against any return of Queen Christina to Madrid.

The Spanish Government is said to have warmly sent this intervention.

M. GARCIA Y TARRAGO is spoken of in Madrid for the Spanish legation in Washington.

Neapolitan Affairs, &c.

Baron MOTTENHEIM, the Russian Counselor of State, had arrived at Vienna with dispatches, and was to leave for Naples and Rome on Tuesday.

The latest accounts from Naples state that the King was less disposed than ever to make concessions.

The expedition to Naples was still delayed, although events at that Capital seemed to leave the Western Powers no alternative.

The *Journal de la Corse* (published at Ajaccio) of the 20th September says: "Two English steam corvettes came into our port to day, and have orders to wait for dispatches to be received by telegraph. Other vessels of the same name are expected. It is said, to day or to-morrow. The English Vice-Consul has received dispatches for the commander of the *Duke of Wellington*, which leads us to believe that the English squadron will not be long in leaving."

The Duke of Montpensier is fortifying his frontiers on the Piedmontese side, in order to guard against invasion from that quarter.

The *Post's* Paris correspondent writes, on Monday evening, "If I am correctly informed, dispatches must have reached London showing the necessity of immediately sending vessels to Naples for the protection of British subjects. There seems no doubt that the police of the Court, headed by Count de Camille, have received orders to protect the property of any one who may be pointed out by their leaders. The Lazzaroni of certain quarters of the city are said to have already received money from the Court."

Russia.

The St. Petersburg correspondent of the *London Post* says: "A Joint Stock Company has just been formed at St. Petersburg, under something more than Government patronage, for the greater part of the shares have already been taken by various members of the Imperial Family, and by some of the more ancient and powerful Russian nobility. Twenty common screw steamers, of the largest class, are to be built in the first instance. Some of them will be constructed in America, some in England, and a few in the Gulf of Finland."

The discovery of coal, of most excellent quality, in the Tsal Mountains in Russia, is confirmed beyond doubt.

It seems to be definitely settled that Count de Mott will remain permanently in Russia as French Ambassador.

The Isle of Serpents question has not been satisfactorily adjusted.

The French squadron has been ordered to cooperate with the English fleet, and an Austrian squadron, consisting of three steamers and six gunboats, has been ordered to Constantinople.

Turkey and the Principalities.

The London Post has the following: CONSTANTINOPLE, Monday, Sept. 19. An order received by Telegram from London, directs that three steamers and six gunboats shall reinforce the Black Sea. Admiral Leros remains here. The railway of the Euphrates has been definitely ordered to an English Company.

It is stated that the majority of the Commissioners for the Danubian Principalities have refused to discuss the proposed questions until the Austrian troops advance, and until the Sultan decrees the meeting of the Council, on such terms as are embodied in the Protocol of the Treaty of Paris.

Austria.

The Bank of Vienna has said, has a stock of specie amounting to 97,000,000 of florins, including a considerable sum in United States dollars.

SIX MONTHS' DELIBERATION OF THE PEOPLE'S CHAMBER.

At Moscow, and constituted a Central Committee, declaring the sovereignty endangered from Monarchical intrigues.

According to the *Le Nord*, of Brussels, the Russian organ, the King of Prussia is so exasperated at the conduct and language of the Federal Government of Switzerland in the Reichstag, that he has threatened to send to the military occupation of the Canton of Neuchâtel, in the event of the presentation of the royalist prisoners not being suspended.

Danish Ministry had not been formed, and all endeavors had failed, and the Chambers were prorogued till the first of December.

Our last accounts from the East state that the difference between England and Persia was very far from being accommodated.

The representatives of France and Russia would make one more attempt at reconciliation as soon as the Shah came back from Jehan, whence he had fled for fear of the cholera.

From Hong-Kong we have the following: Of the Rebels in Quing we hear nothing. An extensive strike broke out on the 23d July among the boats at Shanghai, which destroyed great numbers, and about two hundred lives were lost. From Shanghai we have dates to the 31st July. The movement of the Rebels still created much uneasiness, but large bodies of Tartar troops had lately been brought down from the North, and there was a report that the Rebels had been defeated, and obliged to retire towards Ching-King-Yee. This requires confirmation.

Overseas Intelligence.

LIVERPOOL, Tuesday Evening, Oct. 7. COTTON—The market opened very brisk, the advances from America having strengthened the demand of holders. The upward tendency, however, was checked by the announcement of a further rise in the rate of discount by the Bank of England. The daily sales have averaged about 9,000 bales—the business yesterday and to-day footing up 16,000. The closing quotations show no essential change from those advised by the Press.

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SUPREME COURT—RECEIPTS.

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CUTION. We desire to notify the public that we have no connection with any person or persons who may be using our name for the purpose of obtaining money from subscribers. We desire to notify the public that we have no connection with any person or persons who may be using our name for the purpose of obtaining money from subscribers.

A Queer Development—A New Plot of the Pro-Slavery Democracy.

Our readers will find in another column a curious development of certain plots and counterplots that are said to be going on between the Fillmore and Buchanan men. We owe it to fairness to say that the writer of the letter takes pains to conceal his identity, assuring us that events will vindicate the truth of his statements, but that under no circumstances can he be known in connection with them.

The great end and aim of the friends of Mr. Fillmore, as everybody knows, is to defeat an election by the people, and get his name into the House of Representatives as a candidate. For this purpose they have been bargaining with the Buchanan men; agreeing to aid him in States where they are weak, by running a Fillmore ticket, on condition that he shall aid them in States where they are strong. In this way they hope to give him electoral votes from two or three States,—just enough to carry his name into the House.

But if our correspondent's statements are reliable, the Democrats South do not intend to leave any such "side-door" as this open for Mr. Fillmore. They have no objection to using him and his friends in Pennsylvania for the purpose of aiding Mr. Buchanan. But if Mr. Fillmore should carry two or three States, in consequence of such an arrangement, they have the ace of trumps in their sleeve and intend to play it!

The Constitution provides that if no President is chosen by the people, then "from the persons having the highest numbers, not exceeding three, on the list of those voted for [by the electors] as President, the House of Representatives shall choose immediately by ballot the President." How the electors of any State may vote cannot be publicly known if they choose to conceal it, until the sealed package containing their vote is opened by the President of the Senate. If it should turn out, therefore, when those packages are opened that the electors of four or five Southern States cast their votes for some new Democrat,—DOUGLASS, or WISE, or JEFFERSON DAVIS,—his name will go into the House as the third candidate, and Mr. Fillmore will be ruled out! The balance of power will thus be transferred from the Fillmore men to the fire-eating section of the Democracy;—and with such a rod in their hands they anticipate an easy victory.

This is the shrewdest and sharpest game of the campaign thus far. Nothing can be easier than to carry it out,—for all it requires is secrecy, and an unscrupulous determination to rule or ruin;—and neither of these requisites are the conspirators in this plot likely to lack.

One thing is very certain—If the Presidential election, by any chance or bargain of this kind, should go into the House of Representatives, we shall see such corruptions, intrigues, and civil dissensions as this country has never yet experienced. The wranglings and cheatings of the College of Cardinals upon the election of a Pope will be child's play in the comparison. It is scarcely possible that we should go through such an ordeal without bloodshed on the floor of Congress;—and where a commotion thus begun would end, it is not easy to conjecture. Upon one thing men of all parties may rest assured,—there is no extreme of audacity or chicanery to which the Slaveholding and Slave-trading Democracy will not resort, for the permanent conquest of the country at this election.

The Work to be Done!

One thing is certain: in getting up mass meetings,—in making good speeches,—in shouting and growing rationally and sensibly enthusiastic, the Republicans surpass all their opponents put together. The meeting of Wednesday night at the Academy of Music—which was only a specimen of the meetings of the whole campaign—was a magnificent and stirring spectacle. There was any quantity of good solid argument, spirited music, and genuine enthusiasm. And the meeting undoubtedly had the effect of convincing every Republican present that his cause was just and ought to be successful.

But the difficulty lies here: every solitary member of that vast audience was perfectly convinced of that fact before. And while they were comfortably seated in that magnificent hall, and growing joyful in the increasing certainty that they deserved success, their opponents were at work actively canvassing the Wards and School Districts of the City—fixing every man whose vote is sure, and bringing all possible personal appliances to bear upon every man whose mind is wavering and whose vote is doubtful!

And notwithstanding from this time until election day, every man, and every woman, of our race, is bound on Wednesday night, to exert his personal effort secure one vote to the man that now is doubtful for against him. Let that be done and it will make a difference of Ten Thousand in the grand result. Our Committees and Club Captains have done enough for ostentation,—for personal credit,—for raising enthusiasm, and interest in the cause. Let them now go to work, more quietly and less conspicuously, for votes. These are what will be needed on election day!

Important from Kansas.

Our Kansas correspondence in this morning's issue contains news of interest and importance. Some two hundred and fifty Northern emigrants, under the escort of Col. ELDREDGE, Gen. POMEROY and Col. PERRY, have been arrested by United States troops, while endeavoring to enter the Territory. They were Free-State men, and this was their crime. Their trunks were broken open, they were rifled of their money and their arms, and then, were escorted as prisoners to Topeka. It was in vain that the emigrants exhibited to Col. COOKE, the commander of the dragoons, an order from Gov. GEARY, ensuring them protection. The Colonel had other instructions; and these instructions reveal a piece of unparalleled treachery on the part of this model Governor of Kansas. For, knowing the design of the Free-State men into the Territory, Gen. POMEROY's emigrants had, as they believed, taken every precaution for their safety. They sent advance messengers who personally conferred with Gov. GEARY, and obtained from him not only a verbal, but a written promise, that the party should not be molested. The messengers further represented that the emigrants had come from Iowa City, and were willing to enter the Territory in a body, or in small detachments, as the Governor thought fit. They were peaceable citizens, traveling with farming utensils, and intending to become permanent settlers. They were armed, it is true, as every American citizen has a constitutional right to be; and when this fact was represented to the Governor, he made no objection, but said explicitly—and we have his words from one who heard them—that he preferred they should bring their arms openly. He, at the same time, sent his warmest regards to Messrs. POMEROY and PERRY, and welcomed their arrival. While these fair words were falling from the lips of Gov. GEARY, he knew that at that moment the Free-State Party were prisoners in custody of United States Dragoons, dispatched by his especial orders several days before to arrest them. Words are wanting to characterize duplicity so villainous as this.

The process of enslaving Kansas is going on slowly but surely, and the last programme of the Administration begins to unravel itself. The wiles by which the Free-State people have been induced to believe that the Border-Ruffian Democracy had abandoned its designs of exterminating them, and forcing Slavery into the Territory, are exposed. When Gov. GEARY first assumed his official duties, he made fair, and, to all appearances, sincere promises that the outrages committed upon the Free-State settlers should for the future be prevented. His acts, too, substantiated in a measure his promises. The Missionary invaders were sent home; the Southern chivalry disbanded, and gave up their pastimes of horse-stealing, house-burning, and scalping "Abolitionists." What inducement was held out to them? Why, the whole plan is as clear as the sun at noonday, and the dullest intellect can fathom it. The frequent outrages upon the settlers, and the fierce determination of the Federal Government to force Slavery at all hazards into the Territory, had raised such a storm throughout the whole North as threatened to hurl from power the prime movers in the scheme. So it was found necessary to change in appearance the policy to be pursued, and a new Governor was chosen to inaugurate it. An infamous tool to carry out a more infamous design! Governor GEARY has partially succeeded. He has succeeded so far in deceiving the Free-State men, and lulling them into fancied security, that they have dispersed throughout the Territory. Lawrence is at present defenceless and completely at the mercy of an invading force from the neighboring State. That force is even now organized and only awaits the result of the Presidential election to overrun the Territory, and secure it forever to Slavery. In the meantime Gov. GEARY acts his part to perfection. To the Free-State men in the Territory he gives bland assurances of protection. To his pro-Slavery allies he says "keep quiet for the present, and when we have elected our candidate the game will be in our own hands." To the United States dragoons his orders are to prevent Northern emigrants from entering the Territory.

If any Northern man doubts, let him be undeceived at once as to the policy of the Administration and its would-be successors. Do any suppose for a moment that JAMES B. BURFORD, ATCHISON, STRINGFELLOW and the rest have suddenly become the meekest lambs in the world and will tamely submit to be thwarted in schemes which for years they have been plotting with the most diabolical energy? Or is it not true that a prosecution of their plans at this crisis would imperil the election of Buchanan, and hence they find it necessary to keep quiet, as they have done, and will do, until after the 4th of November next?

Then, if Mr. BUCHANAN should unfortunately be successful, the scenes of last Spring will be revived, but it will be too late to remedy the evil, for Kansas will have been doomed.

KANSAS.—The Journal of Commerce of yesterday has the following:

"A Word of Caution—Look Out!—It is more than probable that between this and the 4th of next month, a dash of Kansas horrors, got up at Chicago, or some other suitable point, will be served out to the public with a view to influence the election. If such accounts should be published, the reader will understand the nature and object of them."

Perhaps the accounts we publish from Kansas this morning will answer the *Journal's* purpose. It seems to have been notified beforehand, in some way or other, that accounts of more outrages would be received, and its party necessities constrained it to discredit them in advance.

Why does not the *Journal* send a correspondent to Kansas to keep the world properly posted in regard to movements there? Its sole occupation seems to be to deny and carp at the re-

ports, in justice to its readers, to take pains to give them reliable information.

FROM EUROPE.—By the arrival of the *Canastota* steamer *Arctica* at Halifax, we are placed in possession of three days' later advices from Europe. The news is wholly unimportant. Conflicting accounts are received from Naples. According to some, King FRANKLIN is still determined to resist the demands of the Western Powers, and according to others he is willing to make concessions. Upon neither, perhaps, can much reliance be placed. Two English ships-of-war, under Admiral DUDMAN, had arrived at Ajaccio, and more were expected. The French do not seem to be in a hurry about moving in the same direction. A Spanish fleet is in the vicinity, and a strong Russian fleet, under Duke CONSTANTINE, are ordered to the Mediterranean, ostensibly as a guard of honor to the Empress Mother in her tour through Italy. It is stated that a Congress will immediately assemble in Paris to settle the difficulties now existing between Russia and the Allies. Among our foreign news will be found an article from the *London Times* on the recommendation of Mr. AMOS B. CORWINE to seize the Isthmus of Panama. The *Times* thinks that if such a course were pursued, it would revive once more the Central American imbroglio. But as it is not probable that the Administration will follow the somewhat rash recommendations of Mr. CORWINE, the matter is scarcely one to speculate about.

AN UNPLEASANT REMINDER.—The *Commercial Advertiser* has been "unpleasantly reminded" by the speech of DAVID PAUL BROWN, Esq., at the Fillmore meeting in Union-square, on Tuesday night, that it has got a Know-Nothing for its Presidential candidate. Our venerable cotemporary, in adopting its candidate, should have remembered the Spanish proverb: "If you lie down with beggars, you must rise up with fleas." It is "unpleasantly reminded" that its candidate, if, by any miracle, he should ever get into the White House, would be compelled, in obedience to his oath, to ignore the existence of all straight Whigs, foreign-born Citizens and Catholics. There would be no place in his Cabinet, nor in his affections, for any such outside barbarians; none but those of the Sim Baldwin and Tom Whitney school, who are members of the Third Degree, could be received into the political household of Mr. FILLMORE. It was this fact of which Mr. BROWN so unpleasantly reminded the *Commercial*. Our cotemporary very justly observes, with an eye on the Union-square meeting, that "the tone of political speaking might be greatly improved in matter and in temper, by the infusion of a few grains of good sense and sound judgment." And it remarks, with special reference to Mr. BROWN's allusion to naturalized foreigners, with an air of refreshing innocence:

"We are unwilling, as Whig supporters of Mr. FILLMORE, to seem to concede in the sentiment of tone of these remarks. This journal has ever maintained the undoubted right of the naturalized citizen—the man who has sworn allegiance to all other powers, and has sworn fealty to the Constitution and Government of the land, to participate in the choice of the administrators of the Government, and still maintains it."

If these are the honest sentiments of the *Commercial*, we do not see how it can continue to support a candidate who has sworn to maintain the principles it repudiates.

THE SOUTH RAISING MONEY FOR PENNSYLVANIA.—We publish in another column a refreshing appeal to the Slaveholding States, for money to carry the Pennsylvania election. "The Democrats in the Free States," says this document, "are fighting our battles for us. Pennsylvania must be saved at every hazard." This appeal was intended to be strictly confidential, but has somehow or other leaked out.

This explains the recent quasi Democratic success in Pennsylvania. We have it from good authority that not less than \$150,000 was sent into that State from the Slaveholding States,—in addition to the \$50,000 contributed by the ROTHSCHILDS, through Mr. BELMONT, and the \$100,000 raised from the bankers and brokers of Wall-street. It is probable that very nearly \$300,000 was expended by the Democratic Party in carrying the late State election. How much of it went into the pockets of the wire-pullers of the Fillmore Party, probably those whom they deluded into aiding the triumph would be glad to know.

We imagine they have by this time concluded that they gave "too much pork for a shilling." They have elected their Canal Commissioner by less than \$3,000,—one branch of the Legislature is hopelessly against them;—and on the Congressional vote their majority is whittled down to almost nothing. They will have to draw their draft for another half a million.

FRUITS OF A MELON PATCH.—Documents are very dangerous things, and they are sometimes found in curious places. While some of Gen. JIM LANE's men were defending the settlers of Kansas, they happened in the vicinity of one GEO. W. CLARKE, a Border-Ruffian, who was deeply implicated in the cold-blooded murder of BARBER. While refreshing themselves in his "melon patch" they turned up some letters which he had buried there for safe keeping; and among them were sundry letters from Governor SHANNON, Gen. WHITFIELD and other dignitaries.

Gov. SHANNON in his letter, after expressing the hope that CLARKE can clear himself from the ugly charge of having murdered BARBER, goes on to tell him in the most affectionate and confidential manner how much he wants to see "some of the leading men of the South," in order to explain to them "what they must do the coming year or lose all dominion in a few years in the affairs of the Republic."

Gen. WHITFIELD writes to the same high-toned gentleman that he is busy at Washington trying to get Southern men to emigrate to Kansas,—that he hopes to defeat the movement in Congress for sending for persons and papers, and that "PERCE has come up to the scratch nobly" in the war against the Abolitionists! That was rather a fruitful melon patch.

HIGHLY ENCOURAGING TO THE FILLMOREITES.—Under the head of "Good News," the Boston *Courier* publishes the following extract from a private letter, which was not "intended for publication":

"I have been engaged all the past week in a tour through our County. We intend to carry New-York for FILLMORE, and feel more and more confident of success."

What there is particularly good in this news beyond the amiable intention of "we" to

able to an ordinary server. It will be safe to count on the Comrades for Fillmore until after the election.

Cool, Discomfited.—When the editorial department of the *Commercial Advertiser* was in the hands of responsible men, we should have been slow to impute to it the imbecility of what it knew to be untrue. But when we find in its leading columns such an article as that of yesterday, declaring that the Republican Party opposes in the repeal of the Missouri Compromise, and "carefully avoids the expression of an opinion on the subject," no man can hesitate in charging it with a deliberate design to deceive its readers.

The *Commercial* knows that the object of repealing the Compromise was to extend Slavery into Kansas. It also knows that the main object of the Republican Party is to prevent and defeat the consummation of that purpose. Any attempt on the part of that paper to affect ignorance on this point is simply adding hypocrisy to falsehood. And the audacity of the *Commercial's* pretence that Mr. FILLMORE's position on this subject is clearer than Col. FREMONT's surpasses that of the most reckless and unprincipled partisan print it has been our fortune to encounter.

We defy the *Commercial* to show, by any declaration of opinion Mr. FILLMORE has either made himself, or authorized others to make for him, whether he is in favor of excluding Slavery from Kansas, or not.

ANOTHER ATTEMPT.—A new effort is about to be made to establish a Southern literary periodical, all previous attempts of the kind having miserably failed in consequence of Southern readers, with a strange perversity of taste, preferring to read magazines "produced at the North." Mr. PAUL H. HAYNE, a South Carolina poet, is to be the editor of the new work, which is to be published in Charleston. The publishers promise that their magazine will be devoted to "the amplest freedom of thought, inquiry and discussion, in all matters that touch the Southern mind, genius or destiny." But here lies the grand difficulty; it is the Southern mind only that is to be catered for, and there is but one subject which that mind is interested in, and that one it will not permit anybody to discuss. With the fate of Professor HENDRICK, of the University of North Carolina, before their eyes, the literary men of the South will understand what is meant by the "amplest freedom of thought in the discussion of all matters that touch the Southern mind." When a people make it a rule to ostracize all their fellow-citizens who have the boldness to give utterance to their thoughts, they had better, at the same time, give up all hopes of having a literature of their own.

CHIVALRIC FALSEHOODS.—About the coolest specimen of Pro-Slavery falsehood we have yet seen, is embodied in the letter of JOHN PERKINS, JR., formerly member of Congress from Louisiana, which we publish elsewhere. He is for a dissolution of the Union in the event of FREMONT's election,—and to make such a suggestion plausible even to his own followers, he is compelled to ignore utterly the real issue of the canvass, and to invent a great variety of others for the emergency. He says: "Mr. FREMONT will come into power with a party pledged to repeal the Fugitive Slave bill; to abolish Slavery in the District of Columbia; to make all territory Free Soil; to prohibit the slave-trade between the States; to resist the admission into the Union of any new Slave State, and so to use the power and patronage of the Government, that its whole weight will be brought to bear to weaken, in every way possible, the tenure by which Slavery at present exists within the States with a view to its ultimate abolition."

Mr. PERKINS is unquestionably aware that every separate avowal in this paragraph is a repulse and distinct falsehood. The Republican party is not pledged to a single one of the acts which he ascribes to it. Its sole issue is one which he does not mention,—namely, to preserve for Freedom the Territory which was guaranteed to Freedom by the Missouri Compromise. Did Mr. PERKINS, JR., never hear of that somewhat celebrated enactment?

CONCLUSIVE.—If anything were wanted to demonstrate the fact that the Fillmore ticket is run in Pennsylvania for the sole and exclusive purpose of giving the vote of that State to Mr. BUCHANAN, it would be found in the following extract from the official report of the proceedings of the Fillmore State Committee, signed by J. P. SANDERSON, the Chairman:

Resolved, That if the friends of Fremont and Dayton accept and support the American Electoral Ticket, at the ensuing election, we are willing that said ticket may cast the electoral vote of the State for Fremont and Dayton in case it will defeat Mr. Buchanan, and will support Mr. Fillmore and Fremont, if they win. On agreeing to the amendment, the yeas and nays were called, and it was not agreed to.

YEAS.—Messrs. Peter Martin, C. F. Wells, Edmund Blackman, Frederick Jordan, W. H. Koonce, Smith Fuller, G. W. Lathrop, J. P. Sanderson, R. C. Smith, A. W. Waterman, Wm. Nicholas, Joseph Huffy, W. F. Smith, David B. Stacey, David E. Stout, E. F. Fisher, W. C. Lathrop, J. C. Clyde, John A. Baker, E. T. C. Morgan, Samuel Morrow, Leffert Hart, H. B. Swigore.—16.

This is perfectly explicit and perfectly conclusive. Even if the friends of FREMONT vote for the American Electoral ticket, they refuse to allow BUCHANAN to be defeated by it, after it shall have become certain that FILLMORE cannot be elected! What more is wanted to show the real character of the Fillmore movement?

PURSUER OF KNOWLEDGE.—A correspondent writes us as follows: To the Editor of the New-York Daily Times: It appears to many sincere and zealous friends of the Republican cause that some sufficient explanation is due to the public for the nomination of Mr. OSCAR W. SUTTERVAULT, as Alderman of the Third Ward. Readers will readily suggest themselves. Do, if you can, satisfactorily explain, or the good cause must be essentially injured. J. L.

We can't enlighten our friend. Mr. S. probably compassed his nomination in the regular way, and he will probably be elected. That the Republican cause is to suffer on his account, or be held responsible for him in any way, is absurd. When our citizens come to care a straw about being fleeced, and taxed, and swindled, they will probably prevent such nominations, and not before.

THE SUNDAY BUSINESS.—We publish this morning Mr. J. P. SANDERSON's reply to the *express* recently made by Mr. CHARLES GIBBONS, of the manner in which he tried to humbug the Free-Soil Americans into giving the State to BUCHANAN. It is very long, very dull, and very unimportant. It does not help his case in the least. He explains his invitation for Mr. GIBBONS to come in at his "side-door," by saying that he had himself once been let out that way! This time he will probably get out at the back door.

AT THE COMMERCIAL.—We are in the constant receipt of communications from persons who happen to differ from some opinion they find expressed in the *Times*, and who jump to the conclusion that we "cannot in justice" refuse to publish their replies. One such gentleman writes a long argument refuting something we have said about the coronation of the Czar of Russia. Now we must remind our readers that the *Times* is issued for the sake of publishing its own opinions, and it is not bound upon any principle whatever, to publish those of parties or persons who may differ from it. In all matters of news it aims to give all sides. If any mistakes of fact creep into its columns, it is always happy to correct them. But it does not profess to give the opinions of all who happen to entertain any upon topics which it sees fit to discuss. While we are willing to allow all fair and reasonable latitude to the discussion of important topics, we desire to correct those who suppose they have a claim on our space because they happen to differ from us in sentiment.

A VERY INDEFATIGABLE MAN.—There is nothing like sticking to an idea. STEPHEN H. BRANCH favors the public with another "setter" for Col. FREMONT. He has discovered the house in which FREMONT was born; tells all the particulars,—not omitting the distribution of warm blankets to the Indians in front of the house by the Senior FREMONT,—and puts the case in a triumphant way. It is evidently all up with the Republican candidate. Col. FREMONT has, of course, made away with everybody who could have been persuaded to know anything about this frightful case; but BRANCH don't mind obstacles, and is after the Colonel with a sharp stick. The Matell case was nothing to this, and it is very distressing to be assured that there can't be any mistake about it. BRANCH has done the business.

A VETERAN.—SENATOR CLAYTON, the veteran of the Senate, we observe, is seriously and it is feared fatally ill, at Dover, Del. He has had a long and a useful life. He has been a strong man, an able debater, a successful diplomatist and a true patriot. He has already virtually withdrawn from politics, declaring his purpose to take no part in the pending canvass, but to support any President who may be elected in all efforts to promote the welfare and preserve the harmony of the Union.

A GOOD SPEECH.—One of the best speeches of this campaign was made by General WREN, at the great Tippecanoe gathering of last month. It has been published in a neat pamphlet, which may be had at the *Courier and Enquirer* office. The General resists the extension of Slavery quite as zealously and effectively as he has always resisted interference with it in the Southern States. The speech is well worth reading.

GERMAN OPERA. NIBLO'S GARDEN was crowded last night to assist at the debut of Mlle. JOHANSEN, a new prima donna just added to the company under Mr. VON BENCKE. The opera selected for the occasion was the perpetual and somewhat wearisome "Der Freischutz." Mlle. JOHANSEN being the *Apollo*. The rôle demands an *artifice* of power, cultivation and dramatic aptness; and for this reason is seldom rendered with marked ability. We are not wrong in saying that Mlle. JOHANSEN has done it to the satisfaction of the audience. Her performance was a good one, and she acquitted herself well in everything she does, and she possesses the rare faculty of only attempting what she can do. When we add to these traits the beautiful qualities of a cool and pleasing person, a commanding figure and susceptibility, temperament, we say all that is necessary to explain what we believe to be a genuine and deserved success. We have seldom heard a performance that gave us greater pleasure, in spite of some little drawbacks, (of course mentioning) which were no doubt justly attributed to the indisposition of Mlle. JOHANSEN.

PAROLI'S Concert. No concert troupe is half so welcome as that which boasts of Mlle. PAROLI for its prima donna, and MATTHEW STRAKOSKY for its musical director. Whenever this troupe comes along we are sure of a delightful evening's entertainment. It is organized in a highly satisfactory manner, and all the artists are above the average. It is some months since our musical public had an opportunity of hearing PAROLI; and the comparative novelty of her appearance attracted a fine audience to her concert on Wednesday night at Niblo's Saloon. Messrs. TID RINK, BENARDI, MORINI, PAUL JULIEN and MATTHEW STRAKOSKY assisted the benefactress, and contributed largely to a very satisfactory result.

The programme consisted of twelve pieces, selected with judgment and due perception of the popular taste; for which Mr. STRAKOSKY is remarkable. These were rendered by the artists in a praiseworthy manner. Signor TURKINI especially distinguished himself. Two novelties were on the bill—a quaint, but powerfully characteristic duet from Verdi's new opera "La Traviata," and a rhapsody by MALIBRAND. The latter was sung by Mlle. PAROLI with spirit and elicited much applause. Mr. STRAKOSKY performed a solo in a very clear and artistic manner, but in response to an encore rather surprised, and we fear offended the audience by playing a mild fantasia on the allegretto melody "Nelly Bly." This is trying to be a little too popular.

PAROLI'S SECOND CONCERT.—The second of the Strakosky and Paroli concert will be given at Niblo's Saloon this evening. Mlle. PAROLI will sing the "Marseillaise," by particular request.

An Express Messenger on the line of the Erie Railroad received the following note, showing that the Company is earnest in the enforcement of its regulations: Sir: You have been several times reported to me, for taking part with Engineers in their recent strikes on this road. You have given your public expression of your views, and that, too, in the most glaring places, &c., &c. In consequence of which I shall be able to dispense with your services upon the no longer necessary line.

Yours, &c. HENRY D. RICE, Supt. Express.

You Can Smell Brimstone in its Wake. To the Editor of the New-York Daily Times: Please add another tribute to the certainty and expedition of our City Post.

On the 15th day of September a letter directed to No. 148 Nassau-street, was mailed at a book-store, in Broadway, near Thirty-second-street. On the 22d of the same month, the letter reached its destination. Three cheers for Mr. FOWLER!

NEW-YORK WEEKLY TIMES. Contents for Saturday, Oct. 25.

POLITICAL DEMONSTRATIONS.—Republican Mass Meeting at Poughkeepsie, Democratic Gatherings, &c. EMERSON—His "English Traits" considered. THE DEATH OF LORD HARDINGE. POLITICAL DISCUSSION.—Between Lieut. Gov. RAYMOND and Hon. L. B. CHASE—Meeting at the Broadway Tabernacle. COLONEL FREMONT IN THE COUNTRY. JOHN M. BOTTS DECLINING A DUEL—A Noble Letter. NEWS FROM KANSAS.

THE WEEKLY TIMES is sent to subscribers by Mail or Express, at the following rates per annum: 1 copy for \$1.00, 10 copies for \$10.00, 50 copies for \$50.00, 100 copies for \$100.00, 500 copies for \$500.00, 1000 copies for \$1000.00. Each package must in every case be sent to one address. Any Postmaster, clerk or other person who may send us Tax or more subscribers on the above terms, and who will receive the package for distribution among the subscribers, shall receive an extra copy. RAYMOND, WESLEY & CO., No. 135 Nassau-st.

CHRONIC RHEUMATISM OF THE THROAT.—This is a very rare and dangerous disease, and is often fatal. It is caused by a virus which enters the system through the throat, and remains there for years, until it is removed by the use of the "WATERBURY'S REMEDY." This is a powerful and reliable remedy, and is sold by all druggists. It is sold by the proprietor, Dr. WATERBURY, at No. 40 Broadway, New-York.

WATERBURY'S REMEDY.—This is a powerful and reliable remedy, and is sold by all druggists. It is sold by the proprietor, Dr. WATERBURY, at No. 40 Broadway, New-York.

DR. TUBBELL'S OCCULT AND ALKIBET.—This is a powerful and reliable remedy, and is sold by all druggists. It is sold by the proprietor, Dr. TUBBELL, at No. 40 Broadway, New-York.

BANKRUPT STOCK.—THE SUBSCRIBERS HAVING PURCHASED THE entire stock of GENTLEMEN'S FURNISHING GOODS, from the ASSIGNEE OF DANIEL CLARK & CO., Compiling in part, Shirts, Collars, Neckties, Gloves, Hosiery, Cravats, Travelling Trunks, &c., &c., are prepared to offer great bargains to the public.

HERRING'S PATENT CHAMPION FIRE-PROOF SAFES.—With Herring's Patent Fire-Proof Locks, the same that were used in the burning of the City of London, 1841, and the World's Fair, New-York, 1853, and are the only American Safes that were awarded Gold Medals at the London and New-York Expositions. These Safes are now admitted to be superior to any other offered to the public, and the subscribers challenge the world to produce a better kind of safe, capable of serving their contents through the hottest fire, or a burglar's picking lock.

WILDER'S PATENT SALAMANDER RAKE, WITH STEARNS' & MARVIN'S IMPROVEMENT.—This is a powerful and reliable remedy, and is sold by all druggists. It is sold by the proprietor, Dr. WILDER, at No. 40 Broadway, New-York.

OUR LATE STYLE IN FALL AND WINTER.—This is a powerful and reliable remedy, and is sold by all druggists. It is sold by the proprietor, Dr. WILDER, at No. 40 Broadway, New-York.

CURTAIN MATERIALS AND WINDOW SHADES.—This is a powerful and reliable remedy, and is sold by all druggists. It is sold by the proprietor, Dr. WILDER, at No. 40 Broadway, New-York.

DAVID'S EXCELLENCE INDELIBLE INK.—This is a powerful and reliable remedy, and is sold by all druggists. It is sold by the proprietor, Dr. WILDER, at No. 40 Broadway, New-York.

THE REMARKABLE SUCCESS OF HOFFETTER'S VEGETABLE SOOTHING BITTERS.—This is a powerful and reliable remedy, and is sold by all druggists. It is sold by the proprietor, Dr. WILDER, at No. 40 Broadway, New-York.

SINGER'S SEWING MACHINES—SPEED AND PERFECTION COMBINED.—This is a powerful and reliable remedy, and is sold by all druggists. It is sold by the proprietor, Dr. WILDER, at No. 40 Broadway, New-York.

CITY LADIES AND LADIES VISITING THE CITY.—This is a powerful and reliable remedy, and is sold by all druggists. It is sold by the proprietor, Dr. WILDER, at No. 40 Broadway, New-York.

PIANO-FORTES! AND MELODIONS—RICH AND POWERFUL.—This is a powerful and reliable remedy, and is sold by all druggists. It is sold by the proprietor, Dr. WILDER, at No. 40 Broadway, New-York.

WIGS, WIGS, WIGS—BATHOLOMEW'S WIGS AND TOILETS.—This is a powerful and reliable remedy, and is sold by all druggists. It is sold by the proprietor, Dr. WILDER, at No. 40 Broadway, New-York.

RUPERT'S ONLY PRIZE MEDAL AWARDED TO MARSH & CO.—This is a powerful and reliable remedy, and is sold by all druggists. It is sold by the proprietor, Dr. WILDER, at No. 40 Broadway, New-York.

BATHOLOMEW'S HAIR DYE—THE ORIGINAL.—This is a powerful and reliable remedy, and is sold by all druggists. It is sold by the proprietor, Dr. WILDER, at No. 40 Broadway, New-York.

SMITHSONIAN HOUSE, BROADWAY.—This is a powerful and reliable remedy, and is sold by all druggists. It is sold by the proprietor, Dr. WILDER, at No. 40 Broadway, New-York.

DONOR GALLERY

HOUSES AND LOTS

HOUSES AND LOTS FOR SALE
LAUREL PARK
 2000 Ave. C, near Commercial, between 1st and 2nd Sts.,
 has been erected a new 2-story house, with 10 rooms,
 on the premises, and containing, but two weeks ago,
 a new engine and boiler, capable of driving a pump
 about one-third of a mile, and capable of running
 and of other kinds of work. For description of property and
 other particulars, apply to **WILLIAM F. LEAGETT**,
 Brooklyn Fire Insurance Company, Merchants' Exchange

FORMAL—LARGE FACTORY AND VALU-
 able water-power, suitable for a paper mill, or
 other manufacturing purposes, situated on the
 banks of the Hudson River, about one-third of a
 mile from the city of New York, and containing
 about one-third of a mile of water, and capable of
 running a pump about one-third of a mile, and
 capable of other kinds of work. For description of
 property and other particulars, apply to **WILLIAM F. LEAGETT**,
 Brooklyn Fire Insurance Company, Merchants' Exchange

miles from the City Hall, at Tuckahoe, Dorchester, and
Hartford Railroads, with 30 acres of land, three houses,
a barn, a chicken house, a corn shed, a hayrack, a
store, 50 by 35 feet.
25 by 45 feet; all in perfect order. The factory and part
of the land, with the water-power, would be sold separately
if desired. The property would be exchanged for first-
class City property. Inquire of D. HODGINS, No. 2
Midden-lane.

FOR SALE—A LOT, SUPPOSED TO HAVE more on it, adjoining the famous Fort of Dutch from the Hudson River (Fort Mifflin) and being part of the same tract at Fort Montgomery, Orange County, N. Y. Said lot contains 965 acres of land, and is owned by the Hudson River R.R. Co. (Consolidated), and is being sold for cash, remainder on bond and mortgage. For particulars apply to
E. K. JAMES,
Poughkeepsie, N. Y.

WM. & C. CONSTANT, N. E. 38 William-st.
FOR SALE AT A SACRIFICE—A HOUSE
 some and delightfully situated 3-story frame house
 filled in with brick, 33x50, with three lots, 3x100 each
 on the corner of William and Broadway streets. The
 halls, stained glass, marble
 bath, and a large
 the north side of 144th-st., between 4th and 5th av.,
 opposite Mount Morris Park.
A. J. BLEECKER & CO., No. 7 Broad-st.

FOR SALE OR TO LET—THE THREE-STORY
 basement and sub-bellar, brick house, No. 429 Pacific
 st., near 7th St. Has a large
 and a large
 granite, inside blinds, gas fixtures, &c., &c. To first
 order and newly painted, will be sold very cheap, or rented
 low for good tenant. Apply to **A. J. BLEECKER & CO.,**
 No. 7 Broad-st.

FOR SALE—THE THREE-STORY AND HIGH
residence brick dwelling-house, No. 128 West 34th-st., between Madison and Ave. A, in a desirable and healthy location; will be sold at a low price, as the owner is leaving the City. Apply to the premises, between 2 and 3 o'clock 1. M.

FOR SALE—THAT VALUABLE STORE AND
warehouse, No. 508 Pearl-st., running through to City Hall, with dwelling house, in a desirable and healthy property in the best part of the City would be taken as part of the purchase money. Apply to GEO. J. SHUFFELD, Jr., No. 80 Nassau-st.

FOR SALE OR TO LET—IRON FOUNDRY
and distillery, 20 lots of dock property in A.-at Union-av., Green Point, with improvements suitable for a distillery or for a large factory. For terms, apply to O. NEWCOMB, No. 31 East River.

FOR SALE—BANKS OF THE HUDSON, YORK: residence on Warburton-av. House contains hot and cold water, gas furnace and range, and is within three minutes' walk of Glenwood Depot. Apply to JONES, No. 271 Broadway.

FOR SALE—LESS THAN COST, HOUSE NO. 1 31st-st., between Broadway and 6th-av., New York, No. 51 27th-st., between 6th and 7th avs., built in best possible manner, all modern improvements, and next in line to the future of the city premises.

FOR SALE—ON EASY TERMS, ONE OF THOSE splendid high-stops between stone houses on the north side of 30th-st., a little east of 4th-av. Inquire on the premises.

FOR SALE—A FEW YEARS' LEASE DESIRABLE

HOUSES TO LET.
TO LET—THE ROOMS ON THIRD AN
 fourth floors, No. 118 Greenwich
 street, near 14th street.
 To let, dwelling-house No. 148 4th-st.
 To let, No. 106 East 27th-st., with bath, gas, &c.
 To let, dwellings Nos. 294 and 296 West 14th-st.
 To let, dwellings on 3d-ay., near 52d-st.
 To let, rooms for artists, &c., No. 443 Broadway.
 Apply at No. 122 Broadway, from 11 to 12 o'clock,
 of
PETER A. H. JACKSON.

TO LET—THE FOUR-STORY HOUSE NO. 1
 Franklin-st.; contains 16 rooms, is furnished with

TO LET IN BROOKLYN—SEVERAL NEW three-story brick dwelling-houses, with basement, cellar, gas, bath, range, etc., situated in Hempstead-st., between 10th and 11th sts., near 10th ave. and 11th ave. Rent \$10 a month. Call on a broker or apply to a good tenant, at a reasonable price. For particulars apply to WILLIAM MACKEY, No. 32 Fulton-st., Brooklyn. Also, several pairs of houses to let.

JOSEPH CLARK, No. 230 Columbia-st., Brooklyn.

TO LET-A HOUSE IN BROOKLYN, No. 1 State-st., second below Hicks, and within three miles of the walk of South Ferry. Has three stories and Eucalyptus trees. Rent \$100. Mantle, gas, &c. Rent \$600. Apply at No. 206 Hicks-st.

TO LET-A THREE-STORY BRICK HOUSE IN perfect order, with all modern improvements, gas and fixtures, &c. &c., No. 31 Summit-st., South Brooklyn, 30 minutes' walk from Hamilton-av. Ferry. Inquire **MARSH & CO., No. 254 Maiden-lane.**

TO LET-A FURNISHED HOUSE IN 3d-st. between 4th-av. and Broadway, 13 rooms with central heating and gas, and all modern improvements. The location is very desirable, and rent will be moderate to good tenant. Address **R. C. READ, Post-Office.**

TO LET—HOUSE NO. 1, SITUATED IN A BLOCK of three-story brick houses on 83d-st., between 4th and 5th avs. Croton water on premises; rent very low to good tenant. Apply to Capt. WM. C. NEW, house No. 1.

TO LET—POSSESSION IMMEDIATELY. Two-story brick house, with basement and sub-cellar, on 11th-st., between 1st and 2d avs. Apply to EDWARD A. WRIGHT, No. 129 Front-st.

TO LET—THE CONVENIENT HOUSE NO. 1 at 20th-st., with all the modern improvements.

PRIVATE FAMILY HOTEL TO LEASE. A newly new brown-stone front building, pleasantly situated in Brooklyn, now occupied and doing a good business as a private family hotel, will be leased low to good tenant for a term of years. The house has all the modern improvements. Apply to J. J. HARRIS, 100 1/2 1st-av.

HOUSES AND ROOMS WANTED
WANTED—A HOUSE IN BROOKLYN, situated on or near the Heights, moderate size, good order, and having the modern improvements for first-class tenants, without boarders. Address, with particulars, GILMAN, Daily Times Office.

FARMS FOR SALE.

FOR SALE—A MODEL FARM, SITUATED ON Seneca Lake, 36 miles from, and in view of Geneva, same distance from Waterloo, formerly owned by Hon. JONAS DELAFIELD, who took for said farm the first prize in the State Agricultural Fair, 1874, and the State Agricultural Society, 1874, and was considered a 1st location for the State Agricultural College. Said farm contains 250 acres, and for soil, location, buildings, and a pure water supply, is one of the best in the State. It will breed with the stock and personal property there if required. For particulars, apply to FRANCIS HOFFMAN, No. 284 Pearl-st., Market Bank Building, New York, or to SAMUEL L. FULLER, Rose-Hill, P. O., Seneca Co., N. Y.

FOR SALE—A VALUABLE FARM IN WEST
chester county, about 1 mile westerly from Hart-
corner Station, on the Haverhill Railroad, 15 miles from
the city of Boston. The property consists of 100 acres of
water supply, very healthy, can see the "Palisades" on the Hun-
son, the East river, and country adjoining. Will sell par-
tially. For a map of the farm and other particulars, ad-
dress the undersigned.

COUNTRY RESIDENCE FOR SALE.
Cottles from New-York, on the line of the New-York and New-Haven line. Consists of 20 acres of choice land, in the highest state of cultivation, together with a splendid mansion and out-house; the view of the Sound, 3 miles from Depot. For further particulars, apply to G. S. HALL, No. 71 East 16th st., from 7 to 9 A. M. and 3 to 6 P. M.

PRINTING.

PRINTING BY STEAM-COPPER-FACED TYPE
STATIONERS' HALL,
Nos. 174 and 176 NASSAU ST., NEW-YORK.
BURN & HARRIS.

Printers, Lithographers and Stationers. All kinds of printing executed in the best style, with copper-plate type, at the lowest rates.

LEGAL NOTICES

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hundred and Thirtieth street, one hundred feet eastward from the Fifth-avenue, and running thence easterly on the line of said street two hundred feet to property owned by John Henry, thence northerly parallel with the Fifth-avenue one hundred feet and ten inches to the middle line of the block, thence easterly on said middle line one hundred and twenty-five feet, to the property of Bernard Murtagh, thence northerly to One Hundred and Fourth-street one hundred feet and ten inches, thence

westerly three hundred and twenty-five feet on the line of said street, and thence southerly parallel with said line of said street to the intersection of said line of said street with Fifth-avenue, two hundred and one-foot and eight inches; thence easterly and Thirteenth-street, the point of beginning of the line of said street, and thence southerly parallel with said line of said street to the intersection of said line of said street with point four hundred and fifty feet easterly from the Fifth-avenue, on the northerly line of said One Hundred and Thirteenth-street, and running thence easterly on said line fifteen feet to the middle line of the Otis and Harlem Road, leading from McDowell's to Harlem, thence northeasterly along said middle line of said Harlem Road two hundred and thirty-three feet to the intersection of said line of said street with the line of One Hundred and Fourteenth-street, and thence westerly along the line of said street one hundred

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eleven, twelve, thirteen, fourteen, fifteen, sixteen, seventeen, eighteen, nineteen, twenty, twenty-one, twenty-two, twenty-three, twenty-four, twenty-five, twenty-six, twenty-seven, twenty-eight, twenty-nine, thirty, thirty-one, thirty-two, thirty-three, thirty-four, thirty-five, thirty-six and forty-one, and taken together contain twenty-five lines and 1490-2500 of a city be the same size or less; all which is further illustrated and described by a map or maps attached to the said deed made by the said Henry F. Phinney to the said Daniel H. Gregory, dated the 1st day of April, A. D. 1862.—New York, Oct. 12, 1866.

DUNCAN McMARTIN, Referee.

TRAVER, WALKER & CO., Attorneys,
No. 18 William-st., New-York.

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eleven, twelve, thirteen, fourteen, fifteen, sixteen, seventeen, eighteen, nineteen, twenty, twenty-one, twenty-two, twenty-three, twenty-four, twenty-five, twenty-six, twenty-seven, twenty-eight, twenty-nine, thirty, thirty-one, thirty-two, thirty-three, thirty-four, thirty-five, thirty-six, thirty-seven, thirty-eight, thirty-nine, forty, forty-one, forty-two, forty-three, forty-four, forty-five, forty-six, forty-seven, forty-eight, forty-nine, fifty, fifty-one, fifty-two, fifty-three, fifty-four, fifty-five, fifty-six, fifty-seven, fifty-eight, fifty-nine, sixty, sixty-one, sixty-two, sixty-three, sixty-four, sixty-five, sixty-six, sixty-seven, sixty-eight, sixty-nine, seventy, seventy-one, seventy-two, seventy-three, seventy-four, seventy-five, seventy-six, seventy-seven, seventy-eight, seventy-nine, eighty, eighty-one, eighty-two, eighty-three, eighty-four, eighty-five, eighty-six, eighty-seven, eighty-eight, eighty-nine, ninety, ninety-one, ninety-two, ninety-three, ninety-four, ninety-five, ninety-six, ninety-seven, ninety-eight, ninety-nine, one hundred.

THOMAS H. FAIRBANKS, Plaintiff's Attorney,
No. 24 Broadway, New York City.
Dated New York, Oct. 18, 1906.

McMINTY, Referee.

TRACK WARE & OLMESTER, Plaintiff's Attorneys,
No. 7 William Street, New York City.

SUPREME COURT OF THE CITY AND COUNTY OF NEW YORK.—SEBASTIAN ALBUS against JOHN RUDIG

KORRET THOMPSON, Jr., and WILLIAM A. Bunting, David L. Green, George G. Wendover, John J. McLaughlin, Edward G. O'Connell, Thomas H. Fairbank, Williams, William G. Swain, Charles E. Carpenter, John T. Birdseye, and Peter Neufus—Summons for relief.—(Com. not served).—To the defendants: You are hereby summoned to appear before me at my office as Clerk of the City and County of New York, at the City Hall in said City, and to serve a copy of your answer to the complaint which will be filed in the office of the Clerk of the City and County of New York, within twenty days after the service of this summons upon you, or the day of such service; and if you fail to so answer the said complaint within the time aforesaid, the plaintiff in this action will take judgment against you for the costs of this action. Dated New York, Nov. 2, 1906.

JOHN FOWLER, Jr., Attorney for Plaintiff.

Take notice that the complaint in the above entitled case has been filed in the office of the Clerk of the City and County of New York, at the City Hall in said City, and further take notice that the defendant herein named, Sebastian Albus, who is a resident of the City of New York, has been duly and lawfully served with process by the name of Mary, the plaintiff being ignorant of her true Christian name.—New York, Oct. 18, 1906.

JOHN FOWLER, JR., Plaintiff's Attorney,
No. 24 Broadway, City of New York.

SUPREME COURT OF THE CITY AND COUNTY OF NEW YORK.—THE PHILADELPHIA GUANO COMPANY against JOHN LIN COPELAND—Summons for money demanded.—To the defendant: You are hereby summoned and required to answer the complaint in this action, which will be filed in the office of the Clerk of the City and County of New York, within twenty days after the service of this summons on you, or the day of such service; and if you fail to answer the said complaint within the time aforesaid, the plaintiff in this action will take judgment against you for the sum of ten dollars and the costs of this action, together with interest from the 10th day of August, 1894, until the date of this action.—Dated Oct. 2, 1894.

BENJAMIN BLANCHFORD SEWARD, Plaintiff's Attorney, No. 1 Hanover Street, New York City.

The complaint in this action was filed in the office of the Clerk of the City and County of New York, at the City Hall, in said City, on the 15th day of April, 1906.

BLANCHFORD SEWARD & GHISWOLD, Plaintiff's Attorneys,

SUPREME COURT OF THE CITY AND COUNTY OF NEW YORK.—SEBASTIAN ALBUS against JOHN RUDIG and ANNE DIDDER, his wife.—Summons for relief.—To the defendants: You are hereby summoned and required to answer the complaint in this action, which will be filed in the office of the Clerk of the City and County of New York, at the City Hall, in said City, on the 15th day of April, 1906, within twenty days after the service of this summons upon you, or the day of such service; and if you fail to answer the said complaint within the time aforesaid, the plaintiff in this action will take judgment against you for the sum of ten dollars and the costs of this action, together with interest from the 10th day of August, 1894, until the date of this action.—Dated Oct. 2, 1894.

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BLANCHFORD SEWARD & GHISWOLD, Plaintiff's Attorneys,

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THE SLAVE-TRADE—SIGNIFICANT ADMISSIONS AND SCHEMES.
We copy in another portion of this morning's Times a very striking and significant article from the Charleston Standard, upon the absolute necessity to the South of reopening the African Slave-Trade. It is written with ability, and is no less remarkable for its admissions than its proposals.

The Standard takes the ground that the preponderance of the South in the affairs of the Federal Government demands the extension of slavery into new Territory—the formation and admission into the Union of new Slaveholding States, and the consequent increase of the slave power in the Federal Senate and House of Representatives. But the South cannot afford to send away from home, even for this purpose, any considerable number of its slaves—because it already suffers for want of labor. The South is already far behind the North in its great works of public utility, as well as in the general development of its material resources; and any further diminution of its laborers would be attended with serious injury to its interests.

Mr. YEADON'S susceptibility as a keen, and his judgment as solid, as those of his great model James Yellowplush, Esq. He seems to have been perfectly overcome by what he saw at the Ex-President's. He had the indescribable feeling of meeting "HORACE H. DAY, Esq., of New-York City," (famously known here as the India-Rubber man.)—"a gentleman," says the satirical Jeems, "who, judging from the elegance and fluency of his conversation, is quite Horatian in his habits and tastes;"—he was also presented to several ladies, and permitted to partake of a "meal," which he adds, "was a social and cheerful one, without formalities or embarrassing ceremonies, every one being made to feel perfectly at home, in the enjoyment of both the physical and the colloquial feast."

Mr. YEADON declares that he cannot "lift the curtain of private life,"—but he makes one revelation which must carry consternation into the ranks of Mr. FILLMORE'S political followers. He says: "The drawing-room was neatly and tastefully furnished, and adorned with several fine family portraits and other beautiful paintings, one of which, 'the removal of Christ from the cross, after the execution, is a copy from the original in the collection of the Earl of Arundel, and was presented to Mrs. FILLMORE, in her lifetime, by a European gentleman.' So Mr. FILLMORE is a Catholic, is he? He has a picture of 'the Cross' in his drawing-room! Col. FREEMONT only put one on the top of the Rocky Mountains; but Mr. FILLMORE keeps it in his house! Where's that dog 'Noble'?"

The Surveyor on the Stump.
Our gentlemanly Surveyor has taken the stump in the Sixth Congressional District against THOMAS B. STILLMAN, Esq., the pet of the workmen. It may be inferred from this that Mr. COCHRANE fears the danger of his personal defeat. He made a long address on Thursday night, very classical and very flattering to the laborer. He likened FREEMONT to HANNIBAL, BUCHANAN to FABIUS, and BRECKINRIDGE to MARCELLUS. Kansas was compared to Rome, founded by ROMULUS—probably because the usurping rulers of both places invited rogues and rascals to put down the original inhabitants. If ARCHIBOX and STRINGFELLOW be considered the ROMULUS and the REMUS, probably every one will agree that they may have been suckled by a wolf, if their words and deeds are evidence of their nursing. But not one word about Slavery did Mr. COCHRANE say. The resolution endorsing him, however, supplies the deficiency.

Received, That the true and national Democrats of this Sixth Congressional District are unanimous in regarding the name of JOHN COCHRANE as their representative—a practical, consistent, and indefatigable disciple in the school of the immortal JEFFERSON—an ardent and patriotic advocate of the rights of the people—and an energetic and unswerving benefactor of the laboring classes: we endorse Mr. COCHRANE'S past and present political career, and are confident that his future will raise him high in the list of eminent men who have labored in the halls of the Capitol, for the welfare of their country and their native land.

What is the past political career of Mr. C.? Talking of resolutions, what do his constituents think of the following, which were reported at a Free-Soil meeting in June, 1848, in the Park, by a Committee of which the Surveyor himself was Chairman? We extract from a paper of the day: JOHN COCHRANE was Chairman of the Committee on resolutions and reported a series, among which were the following, which were adopted: "Resolved, That the lash has resounded through the land of the Quaker, and we are therefore, prepared for the meddler, who, in the name of the Senate, shall unite with their 'Southern brethren' in consigning an empire of Free Territory to the domination of the perfidious and aristocratic slaveholders of the South, who introduce by the baptism of a 'Compromise,' 250,000 square miles of our newly acquired possessions into the communion of Slavery; here needed to perfect harmony by the presence among the sponsors of a Dickinson and a Bageot, of whom, if the latter in his recalcitancy to Indiana is recommended to her companion by the necessities which constrain the persuasion of slaves, the former by 'almost wishing to be born in Virginia,' inspires by the breath of the millions, when he misrepresents and denounces, a proportionate desire for the introduction to some more congenial climate."

CHIVALRY ON HIS TRAVELS.
RICHARD YEADON, Esq., the chivalric South Carolina slaver of Col. FREEMONT'S mother—the gentlemanly Southerner who gropes among the tailors of Charleston to hunt up FREEMONT'S tailor's bills—and who retails, under his own signature, the gossip of the milliners and sewing-girls about his early flirtations—has been on a visit to Mr. FILLMORE.

Of course, he is in ecstasies with the appearance, dress, manners and conversation of that distinguished patriot. Hear him: "In manliness of form and in many beauty, in well-proportioned stature, limbs and bulk, in fine frontal development, in intelligent and benevolent eyes, in ease, grace and kindness in manner, Mr. FILLMORE is one of the finest specimens, physically and socially, of the genus homo that I have ever met. I met with him, either in Europe or in America, and he has been a constant presence in my whole life, and to emanate from his countenance, and they certainly did intermingle in his gentle and engaging tones—and integrity, public and private, reigns in his heart of hearts."

Mr. YEADON'S susceptibility as a keen, and his judgment as solid, as those of his great model James Yellowplush, Esq. He seems to have been perfectly overcome by what he saw at the Ex-President's. He had the indescribable feeling of meeting "HORACE H. DAY, Esq., of New-York City," (famously known here as the India-Rubber man.)—"a gentleman," says the satirical Jeems, "who, judging from the elegance and fluency of his conversation, is quite Horatian in his habits and tastes;"—he was also presented to several ladies, and permitted to partake of a "meal," which he adds, "was a social and cheerful one, without formalities or embarrassing ceremonies, every one being made to feel perfectly at home, in the enjoyment of both the physical and the colloquial feast."

Mr. YEADON declares that he cannot "lift the curtain of private life,"—but he makes one revelation which must carry consternation into the ranks of Mr. FILLMORE'S political followers. He says: "The drawing-room was neatly and tastefully furnished, and adorned with several fine family portraits and other beautiful paintings, one of which, 'the removal of Christ from the cross, after the execution, is a copy from the original in the collection of the Earl of Arundel, and was presented to Mrs. FILLMORE, in her lifetime, by a European gentleman.' So Mr. FILLMORE is a Catholic, is he? He has a picture of 'the Cross' in his drawing-room! Col. FREEMONT only put one on the top of the Rocky Mountains; but Mr. FILLMORE keeps it in his house! Where's that dog 'Noble'?"

The Surveyor on the Stump.
Our gentlemanly Surveyor has taken the stump in the Sixth Congressional District against THOMAS B. STILLMAN, Esq., the pet of the workmen. It may be inferred from this that Mr. COCHRANE fears the danger of his personal defeat. He made a long address on Thursday night, very classical and very flattering to the laborer. He likened FREEMONT to HANNIBAL, BUCHANAN to FABIUS, and BRECKINRIDGE to MARCELLUS. Kansas was compared to Rome, founded by ROMULUS—probably because the usurping rulers of both places invited rogues and rascals to put down the original inhabitants. If ARCHIBOX and STRINGFELLOW be considered the ROMULUS and the REMUS, probably every one will agree that they may have been suckled by a wolf, if their words and deeds are evidence of their nursing. But not one word about Slavery did Mr. COCHRANE say. The resolution endorsing him, however, supplies the deficiency.

Received, That the true and national Democrats of this Sixth Congressional District are unanimous in regarding the name of JOHN COCHRANE as their representative—a practical, consistent, and indefatigable disciple in the school of the immortal JEFFERSON—an ardent and patriotic advocate of the rights of the people—and an energetic and unswerving benefactor of the laboring classes: we endorse Mr. COCHRANE'S past and present political career, and are confident that his future will raise him high in the list of eminent men who have labored in the halls of the Capitol, for the welfare of their country and their native land.

What is the past political career of Mr. C.? Talking of resolutions, what do his constituents think of the following, which were reported at a Free-Soil meeting in June, 1848, in the Park, by a Committee of which the Surveyor himself was Chairman? We extract from a paper of the day: JOHN COCHRANE was Chairman of the Committee on resolutions and reported a series, among which were the following, which were adopted: "Resolved, That the lash has resounded through the land of the Quaker, and we are therefore, prepared for the meddler, who, in the name of the Senate, shall unite with their 'Southern brethren' in consigning an empire of Free Territory to the domination of the perfidious and aristocratic slaveholders of the South, who introduce by the baptism of a 'Compromise,' 250,000 square miles of our newly acquired possessions into the communion of Slavery; here needed to perfect harmony by the presence among the sponsors of a Dickinson and a Bageot, of whom, if the latter in his recalcitancy to Indiana is recommended to her companion by the necessities which constrain the persuasion of slaves, the former by 'almost wishing to be born in Virginia,' inspires by the breath of the millions, when he misrepresents and denounces, a proportionate desire for the introduction to some more congenial climate."

NORTHERN DISUNIONISTS.
As nearly every prominent Buchanan man at the South has openly and boldly avowed himself a disunionist, and applauded the valorous intention of the Chevalier Brooks to rob the public Treasury in the event of FREEMONT'S election, the Washington Union has conceived the brilliant idea of attempting to prove that there are disunionists at the North as well as at the South. It is determined to "mark the traitors;" and for this purpose it exhumes a petition which was presented to Congress by Mr. GIDDINGS, of Ohio, which contained the names of three hundred and twenty-nine men and women representing the States of New-Hampshire, Rhode Island, New-York, Pennsylvania, and Ohio, praying for a dissolution of the Union. The Union says: "We venture to assert, without fear of contradiction, that every one of the three hundred and twenty-nine persons who signed the above petition is now an open and an ardent supporter of JOHN C. FREEMONT, the Black-Republican candidate for the Presidency." It is well to remind the Union that these Northern disunionists did not threaten to destroy the Union and rob the public treasury, as the Buchananers of the South have given notice that they mean to do, but respectfully petitioned that a disunion might take place by the mutual consent of the parties interested, which was quite a different sort of proceeding from that threatened by Brooks, KITT, SLIDELL, and other members of Congress. The Union ventures to assert without fear of contradiction, that the signers to these petitions are all supporters of FREEMONT. But the Union will venture to assert anything. We will venture to assert that there is not a solitary supporter of FREEMONT among them all; and, as the names are all on file, it can very easily be proved if there be any Fremonters or Republicans among them. Let the Union publish them.

"Order Reigns" in Kansas.
The Washington Union publishes in a conspicuous place in its columns the following letter from Gov. GRAZT to the Secretary of State, announcing that quiet has been restored in Kansas. The letter comes to us at a suitable time—almost simultaneously with the accounts, as published in this journal yesterday, of the arrest of two hundred and fifty peaceable Free-State citizens, and the public whipping of a free American citizen by an officer in command of United States dragoons. In the teeth of these facts, and of Gov. GRAZT'S shameless treachery and violation of his plighted word, the Union, with indecent haste, announces that quiet has been restored. To the Administration and its tools it may be a light matter that a body of emigrants have been robbed of their rights and liberties without a shadow of reason; and, as the election approaches, it may suit their purposes to divert attention from a great wrong, and to cry "peace, peace!" when they know that between them and the people of Kansas—between Slavery and Freedom in the Territory—there is and can be nothing but war. But this attempt to conceal the truth will signify fail and its object will be easily discerned. As to the letter itself, we ask for it a careful perusal that the duplicity of the Governor of Kansas and the plot he has been sent to execute may be dragged into light.

EXTORTION DEMAND.
LEWISTON, K. T., Oct. 10, 1864. Sir: Your letter of the 23d ultimo, in reply to mine of the 10th, and your telegraphic dispatch of the 27th ultimo, in reply to my letter of the 10th, were both received on the evening of the 8th instant. Disputes forwarded since the date of those acknowledged have informed you that peace and quiet have been restored to the Territory, and that all large armed bodies of men have been dispersed, but the smaller bands of marauders have been driven off. The roads are traveled with safety, and dwellings are secure from intrusion. For upwards of two weeks no outrages have been authentically reported. Many notorious and troublesome agitators, claiming to belong to all parties, have left the Territory, and the benevolent influence of their absence is being already very sensibly felt.

The troops sent to the North have not yet returned. It is my purpose to leave on the northern frontier a considerable force for its protection; and the remainder of the troops will be employed to guard each other point as may seem to require. I shall shortly proceed in person with a small body of men to the southern portion of the Territory, in pursuit of a gang of thieves who are said to be pillaging that region. Very respectfully, your obedient servant, J. W. GEARY, Governor of Kansas. To Hon. Wm. M. G. Cass, Secretary of State, Washington, D. C.

The New-York Press.
Throughout this political campaign no fact has created greater astonishment and alarm among the hirelings of the Administration, than the unanimity of the Newspaper Press of this City in support of FREEMONT. The Washington Union is especially exercised and distressed on this subject. It charges the Times, the Herald, the Tribune, the Courier and Enquirer and the Post with having "entered into a quintuple conspiracy to rule the Government." It cannot understand how it is that the Editors of these journals, who have never before agreed upon any subject, should agree on this. It can only explain it on the assumption of a "conspiracy,"—or that Col. FREEMONT has bought them all up with the products of his Mariposa mines!

One thing is clear from all this: the Union cannot conceive it possible that Editors should act from any other motive than pay. As it exists only by plundering the Federal treasury,—it naturally imagines that every paper which is on the other side is trying to supplant it. As it could not live a day without the large sums it receives from the Government,—as its editors have no other motives,—no higher conceptions of duty, than to earn the bribes by which the Administration secures their venal advocacy, they naturally attribute to others the impulses and the motives by which they are conscious of being themselves controlled. The Union has probably received half a million of dollars out of the Federal treasury, as the price of its support of the present Administration. It is not very surprising that under such circumstances it should be incapable of conceiving of the existence of a newspaper which is not bribed.

The men who talk about bribing the Press of this City only expose their own ignorance of its position and character. The Press of New-York is a very different thing from what it was twenty years ago. It is too rich and too independent to be bribed,—even if its conductors had no other motives. If it were in the market, its price would be a good deal higher than political parties could afford to pay. The Herald and the Tribune have each an income

of not less than \$50,000 a year, and would sell its support to a political party, and thus destroy the very sources of its prosperity and power. The fact is, no newspaper that desired to keep public sentiment on its side,—as every newspaper must do,—could possibly support such a policy as that of the Democratic Party. The Herald found this out years ago. FRANKLIN PIERCE had not been in the Presidential Chair a year, before it was perfectly evident that his Administration would sink any man that tried to defend it,—unless he were paid as largely as the Editors of the Union are.

The Washington organ flatters itself that the election of BUCHANAN is to prostrate the power of the New-York Press. This is a good joke. The interests of the Press in this City are all on the side of his election. Let him carry out the policy to which he is pledged, and he will find himself with all his patronage, more powerless against the Press than FRANKLIN PIERCE.

THE BORDER STATES.—One of the chief difficulties in the way of a division of the Union, which seems to trouble the Southern advocates of the measure, is how to get rid of the border States; for, whenever they divide the Union the border States must stand all the losses which will inevitably occur from their slaves stepping over into free soil where there will be no fugitive law in force, nor any United States Commissioners, nor Judge KANE, to send them back to their masters. Virginia and Kentucky would have to take the brunt of the battle, and as they would very soon be left without any slaves, they would be compelled to join the Free States. The Charleston Mercury says: "We are not discouraged in contemplating the probability, that, in case of a separation of the Union, Maryland would adhere to the North." There is no doubt that not only would Delaware and Maryland adhere to the North, but that Western Virginia, Kentucky, Missouri and North Carolina would be compelled to follow. But every sane man at the South understands this matter perfectly well, and there is not the slightest possibility of any disunion movement being made by those at least who desire to perpetuate the slavery system.

MISERERE BREWING!—Chevalier WIKOFF, we are informed on first-rate authority, has been on a pilgrimage to Wheatland, and has been spending two or three days with the venerable bachelor of that borough. What does all this mean? Is the Chevalier giving Mr. BUCHANAN lessons out of his "Courtship and its Consequences,"—or is he reading him the proofsheets of his forthcoming work about Lord PALMERSTON'S diplomacy?

There are certain ugly passages in Mr. BUCHANAN'S diplomatic career, about which we suspect he has been a little anxious to consult the Chevalier,—who is an old hand at all this sort of thing and can give Old Buck ten, and beat him any time. How came Mr. BUCHANAN to conceal from his own Government the fact that the British Minister had offered to arbitrate the Central American question? How came he to snub GEORGE PEARSON so contemptuously when SICKLES and SAUNDERS raised a row about his having a portrait of Queen VICTORIA in his dining-room? These are ugly matters to figure in a book,—so widely read and so popular as the Chevalier's is sure to be. If BUCHANAN expects to be President, he is naturally anxious to keep these things off the record.

"Old Bonbrun" and a cosy talk will go a good way in arranging these little affairs,—but the Chevalier is an old bird. Chaff won't catch him. What particular mission has been mortgaged on his behalf?

BRITISH GOLD.—The Washington Union has a great terror of British gold. Although the Chancellor of the Exchequer promptly denied the story which the organ of Mr. BUCHANAN set afloat, that Lord PALMERSTON had sent five millions sterling over here to secure the election of Col. FREEMONT, the organ of President PIERCE now uncovers a mare's nest of equal magnitude. It says: "One of the editors of the London Times is now in our country, and perhaps British gold is dazzling the eye and bewildering the brain of more than one American. We know not what spies and traitors may be at work among us. We have reason to suspect both."

What a scandal to the Country, that the organ of the administration should publish such trumpery as this, and attempt to embarrass the movements of a stranger, who comes here on his own private affairs.

STUPENDOUS FRAUDS IN THE INDIANA STATE ELECTION.—A telegraphic dispatch which we publish this morning, gives some startling information relative to the manner in which the late State election in Indiana was carried by the Buchananers. Official returns have been received from four-fifths of the State, in which, while the Republican increase over the vote of 1864 is but twelve thousand, the Democratic increase is twenty-eight thousand! In two districts of the State, the increased Democratic vote in each District is six thousand,—which would indicate an increase in the population, in the short space of two years, of over a quarter of a million! This is "Plagiarism" with a vengeance! The Republicans, of course, have determined to contest the election.

CITY POLITICS.
The Old-Line Whig nominations for Councilmen of the Eighteenth Ward are DEWEY C. WATKINS, in the Fifty-sixth District, American; and HOWARD FRANKLIN in the Fifty-seventh District, Republican.

A large and most enthusiastic meeting was held of the Young Men's Eighteenth Ward Fremont Vigilance Committee on Thursday evening at the De Witt Dispensary. The meeting was called to order by Mr. JOHN A. FOSTER, and Mr. J. H. BERTON was elected President. Messrs. M. R. CHAMBERS, C. S. BROWN, C. F. BROWN, and Dr. W. W. FOSTER, and Mr. J. D. GREEN Secretary. Speeches were made by Messrs. FIELD, VAN BUREN and DEWITT, and much enthusiasm manifested.

DEBATE RESUMED.—HON. LUCIEN B. CHASE (Buchanan) and Lieutenant-Governor RAYMOND (Fremont) will meet for the discussion of the political issues of the canvass, at Rochester on Tuesday, Oct. 28, and at Utica on Thursday, Oct. 30.

Parody's Concert.
In consequence of the continued indisposition of Mlle. PAPON (she was very sick on Wednesday, but struggled against it) the concert announced for last night had to be postponed. It will be given on Monday evening next, by which time it is expected Mlle. PAPON will have recovered.

WALLACK'S THEATRE.—Those of our readers who have not seen Mr. STUART'S revival of Shakespeare's "Hamlet" should avail themselves of the present opportunity. It is now in first-rate working order and can be enjoyed in full perfection. The performance last night was unusually excellent.

The Pacific Express Company (No. 124 Broadway) forward letters and small parcels to Nicaragua and California, by the steamer line to Texas, this day. The mail bags close at 10 o'clock.

BUSINESS NOTICES.
INFLUENZA CURED IN A FEW HOURS.
There are a great many at the present time seriously troubled with coughs, colds and influenza. If you are thus troubled, will swallow from four to six of RADWAY'S REGULATORS and bathe the surface of the body with RADWAY'S READY RELIEF, your whole system will be freed from every symptom and you will be free in less than six hours after these remedies are used. A gentleman who visited Wallack's Theatre on Monday night, got over-heated, took of his overcoat, exposed himself to a cool draught of air and caught a very severe cold. During the night he was seized with violent pain all over his body. He tried to get up at all times, but could scarcely swallow; watery discharges from the eyes and nose were constant; every bone in his body ached with pain, and he was so hoarse that he could not speak above a whisper. In this condition the next morning found him. We, however, knew his trouble, and knew the remedy, and he was cured in a few hours. He took down six of RADWAY'S REGULATORS, and had his whole body rubbed with RADWAY'S READY RELIEF. At 10 o'clock, the same day, he was rid of all his difficulties. RADWAY'S REGULATORS and READY RELIEF will cure the influenza and all bad colds in a few hours. Toothache is cured instantly by the RELIEF. R. R. Remedies sold by druggists and merchants everywhere.

THE YOUNG MAN'S HAT.—NEW STYLE OF THE CHAMBERLAIN'S HAT. The Chamberlain's Hat is a new style of hat, becoming and popular with the young men of the city. It is made of the finest materials, and is of a shape that is becoming and popular with the young men of the city. It is made of the finest materials, and is of a shape that is becoming and popular with the young men of the city. It is made of the finest materials, and is of a shape that is becoming and popular with the young men of the city.

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HOUSES AND LOTS FOR SALE

\$6,000 FOR SALE IN HUDSON, N.

SPRING VALLEY, N. Y., March 11.—The first case of influenza in this section was reported here last evening. The patient, Mrs. J. M. Smith, lives in a large garden attached which occupies nearly one-half an acre, and containing an abundance of flowers, shrubs and trees. She lives in a small cottage in the city, and within two minutes' walk of the city hospital, and yet sufficiently retired. As influenza is now known to be one of the most deadly of diseases, never having known a case in this section, the health authorities are watching the epidemic with much interest, and the police department would do well to examine the premises.

CHAR. E. BUTLER, Hudson, New York.

LARGE PIECE OF PROPERTY FOR SALE
—Well situated in the lower part of the City, along the East River, but four squares from the City Hall, and one from the new Bowers, is every day increasing in value a manufacturing building, containing 100,000 feet of space, having a five-class five-story building, with a large hall on the premises, and running, but two years old, a large steam-bone engine and boilers, capable of driving and running front one large mill, and twenty horse power, and a number of celebrated maki. For terms, and to see the premises, or other particulars, apply to **WILLIAM S. BROWN**, of the Brooklyn Fire Insurance Company, Merchants' Exchange.

FOR SALE—A LARGE FACTORY AND VALU-
able water-power, suitable for a paper mill or
other manufacturing purposes. On the Brown River,
2 miles from the City Hall, at Tumbache, Depts. on the
left bank of the river, is a fine stream, known as
"carriage-makers' shop," also, a one-story building,
25 ft. by 30 ft. Also, adjoining a two-story building,
25 ft. by 45 ft.; all in perfect order. The factory and mill
of the land, with the water-power, would be suitable for
any kind of manufacturing. The property is situated on the
Tumbache City property. Inquire of D. HODGSON, No. 1
Maiden-lane.

FOR SALE OR EXCHANGE—A VALUABLE mill site located with a view of the city, a large frame building suitable for putting in machinery; also, a comfortable dwelling house, situated about 1 mile from a flourishing village and canal navigation, and ready to be moved to New-York. The property will be sold cheap for cash or on reasonable terms. If desired a considerable amount of cash can be put with this property. Apply to **JOHN L. DORRANCE, Western Land Agency, No. 15 Liberty-st., New-York.**

**FOR SALE CHEAP FOR EXCHANGE FOR
FURNITURE AND BROOKLYN PROPERTY.**
About 5000 lbs. of produce, consisting in a good
neighborhood and healthy, with three horse
and three wagon houses, two wells of water, and all kinds
of fruits on the place; about four miles from Williamsburg
and five miles from the railroad depot at
Newport, L. I. All letters must be post paid. Inquire of No.
38 Columbia st., New-York.

has furnace, ranges, baths, water closets, sparkling fountains, bells, stained glass, marble mantels, grates, &c., &c., on the north side of the street between 42d and 54th sts.; and opposite Mount Rielee Park.
A. J. BLUCKEY & CO., No. 71 Broadway.

FOR SALE.—A TEN YEARS' LEASE OF PREMISES. No. 50 Thompson st., near Spring st., consisting of three floors and basement 26x100 feet, with excellent water, roof, and natural light. Croton water and water closets in this building. Also, a large roomy office, with a fine view of the shafting. Annual rent very low. For full particulars inquire at the United States Patent Marble Company, No.

FOR SALE—THE THREE-STORY AND HIGH
basement brick dwelling-house, No. 129 West 54th st.,
between 72d and 8th av., is a desirable and healthy home
and is being sold at a low price, as the owner is about
leaving the City. Apply on the premises, between 3 and 6
o'clock P. M.

FOR SALE OR TO LET—LIBON FOUNDRY
and distillery, 20 lots of dock property in Astor
and Union-av., Green Point, with improvements suitable for
distillery. Bondary No. 20 Grand-st., Williamsburg.

FOR SALE—BANKS OF THE HUDSON, FOR residence on Waverton-av. Home contains hot and cold water, gas, furnace and range, and is within three minutes' walk of Glenwood Depot. Apply to E. JONES, No. 271 Broadway.

FOR SALE—ON BROADWAY, ONE OF THE splendid high-top brown-stone houses on the north side of 56th-st., a little east of 4th-av. Inquire on the premises.

FOR SALE—43 YEARS LEASE—PREMIER
LOT 123 Bowery. For particulars, apply to C. V. ANDERSON, No. 52 Platt-st.

FOURTH-STREET, NO. 467—HOUSE AND LOT FOR SALE.—Three-story, brick and cellar, with all conveniences for a family of five, 25 by 161. Will be sold low, and on accommodating terms.
J. SMITH DODGE.

HOUSES TO LET.

TO LET- THE ROOMS ON THIRD AND
fourth floors, No. 175 Greenwich-st.
To let, dwellings Nos. 183, 185, 187, 189, 191, 193, 195, 197, 199, 201, 203, 205, 207, 209, 211, 213, 215, 217, 219, 221, 223, 225, 227, 229, 231, 233, 235, 237, 239, 241, 243, 245, 247, 249, 251, 253, 255, 257, 259, 261, 263, 265, 267, 269, 271, 273, 275, 277, 279, 281, 283, 285, 287, 289, 291, 293, 295, 297, 299, 301, 303, 305, 307, 309, 311, 313, 315, 317, 319, 321, 323, 325, 327, 329, 331, 333, 335, 337, 339, 341, 343, 345, 347, 349, 351, 353, 355, 357, 359, 361, 363, 365, 367, 369, 371, 373, 375, 377, 379, 381, 383, 385, 387, 389, 391, 393, 395, 397, 399, 401, 403, 405, 407, 409, 411, 413, 415, 417, 419, 421, 423, 425, 427, 429, 431, 433, 435, 437, 439, 441, 443, 445, 447, 449, 451, 453, 455, 457, 459, 461, 463, 465, 467, 469, 471, 473, 475, 477, 479, 481, 483, 485, 487, 489, 491, 493, 495, 497, 499, 501, 503, 505, 507, 509, 511, 513, 515, 517, 519, 521, 523, 525, 527, 529, 531, 533, 535, 537, 539, 541, 543, 545, 547, 549, 551, 553, 555, 557, 559, 561, 563, 565, 567, 569, 571, 573, 575, 577, 579, 581, 583, 585, 587, 589, 591, 593, 595, 597, 599, 601, 603, 605, 607, 609, 611, 613, 615, 617, 619, 621, 623, 625, 627, 629, 631, 633, 635, 637, 639, 641, 643, 645, 647, 649, 651, 653, 655, 657, 659, 661, 663, 665, 667, 669, 671, 673, 675, 677, 679, 681, 683, 685, 687, 689, 691, 693, 695, 697, 699, 701, 703, 705, 707, 709, 711, 713, 715, 717, 719, 721, 723, 725, 727, 729, 731, 733, 735, 737, 739, 741, 743, 745, 747, 749, 751, 753, 755, 757, 759, 761, 763, 765, 767, 769, 771, 773, 775, 777, 779, 781, 783, 785, 787, 789, 791, 793, 795, 797, 799, 801, 803, 805, 807, 809, 811, 813, 815, 817, 819, 821, 823, 825, 827, 829, 831, 833, 835, 837, 839, 841, 843, 845, 847, 849, 851, 853, 855, 857, 859, 861, 863, 865, 867, 869, 871, 873, 875, 877, 879, 881, 883, 885, 887, 889, 891, 893, 895, 897, 899, 901, 903, 905, 907, 909, 911, 913, 915, 917, 919, 921, 923, 925, 927, 929, 931, 933, 935, 937, 939, 941, 943, 945, 947, 949, 951, 953, 955, 957, 959, 961, 963, 965, 967, 969, 971, 973, 975, 977, 979, 981, 983, 985, 987, 989, 991, 993, 995, 997, 999, 1001, 1003, 1005, 1007, 1009, 1011, 1013, 1015, 1017, 1019, 1021, 1023, 1025, 1027, 1029, 1031, 1033, 1035, 1037, 1039, 1041, 1043, 1045, 1047, 1049, 1051, 1053, 1055, 1057, 1059, 1061, 1063, 1065, 1067, 1069, 1071, 1073, 1075, 1077, 1079, 1081, 1083, 1085, 1087, 1089, 1091, 1093, 1095, 1097, 1099, 1101, 1103, 1105, 1107, 1109, 1111, 1113, 1115, 1117, 1119, 1121, 1123, 1125, 1127, 1129, 1131, 1133, 1135, 1137, 1139, 1141, 1143, 1145, 1147, 1149, 1151, 1153, 1155, 1157, 1159, 1161, 1163, 1165, 1167, 1169, 1171, 1173, 1175, 1177, 1179, 1181, 1183, 1185, 1187, 1189, 1191, 1193, 1195, 1197, 1199, 1201, 1203, 1205, 1207, 1209, 1211, 1213, 1215, 1217, 1219, 1221, 1223, 1225, 1227, 1229, 1231, 1233, 1235, 1237, 1239, 1241, 1243, 1245, 1247, 1249, 1251, 1253, 1255, 1257, 1259, 1261, 1263, 1265, 1267, 1269, 1271, 1273, 1275, 1277, 1279, 1281, 1283, 1285, 1287, 1289, 1291, 1293, 1295, 1297, 1299, 1301, 1303, 1305, 1307, 1309, 1311, 1313, 1315, 1317, 1319, 1321, 1323, 1325, 1327, 1329, 1331, 1333, 1335, 1337, 1339, 1341, 1343, 1345, 1347, 1349, 1351, 1353, 1355, 1357, 1359, 1361, 1363, 1365, 1367, 1369, 1371, 1373, 1375, 1377, 1379, 1381, 1383, 1385, 1387, 1389, 1391, 1393, 1395, 1397, 1399, 1401, 1403, 1405, 1407, 1409, 1411, 1413, 1415, 1417, 1419, 1421, 1423, 1425, 1427, 1429, 1431, 1433, 1435, 1437, 1439, 1441, 1443, 1445, 1447, 1449, 1451, 1453, 1455, 1457, 1459, 1461, 1463, 1465, 1467, 1469, 1471, 1473, 1475, 1477, 1479, 1481, 1483, 1485, 1487, 1489, 1491, 1493, 1495, 1497, 1499, 1501, 1503, 1505, 1507, 1509, 1511, 1513, 1515, 1517, 1519, 1521, 1523, 1525, 1527, 1529, 1531, 1533, 1535, 1537, 1539, 1541, 1543, 1545, 1547, 1549, 1551, 1553, 1555, 1557, 1559, 1561, 1563, 1565, 1567, 1569, 1571, 1573, 1575, 1577, 1579, 1581, 1583, 1585, 1587, 1589, 1591, 1593, 1595, 1597, 1599, 1601, 1603, 1605, 1607, 1609, 1611, 1613, 1615, 1617, 1619, 1621, 1623, 1625, 1627, 1629, 1631, 1633, 1635, 1637, 1639, 1641, 1643, 1645, 1647, 1649, 1651, 1653, 1655, 1657, 1659, 1661, 1663, 1665, 1667, 1669,

pets and out-cloths will be sold low to a good tenant. It is well located for a genteel boarding house. Possession can be taken at once. Rent \$400 per year. Inquire of MARTIN & COREY, No. 336 Greenwich-st.

TO LET IN BROOKLYN—SEVERAL NEW three-story brick buildings, each containing six apartments, gas, bath, range, &c., situated in Hampden-st. between Hanson-place and Atlantic-av. Said house will be let to a good tenant, at a reasonable rent. For particulars, apply to WILLIAM H. HARRIS, No. 10, Fulton-st., Brooklyn. Also, several pairs of houses to let.

TO LET—A VERY DESIRABLE THREE-STORY apartment in the new "welling-boom" in 30th-st., near 9th-av. Has every conceivable modern facility. 12 months, or longer. Rent reasonable, to a good tenant. Possession given immediately. For particulars, inquire of HENRY A. KERR, No. 746 Broadway, corner of Astor-plaza.

TO LET—A GENTLEMAN AND WIFE, OCCUPYING THREE ROOMS IN THE NEW 15th-ave. walk from South-Ferry, are desirous of letting all but the second-story to a small, respectable family. Unexceptionable references given and required. Address, R. J., Brook-

TO LET—PART OF THE DWELLING NO. 125
East 25d-st., consisting of three rooms on the first floor, will be let to a small family without children. Rent \$250. Including the gas; possession immediately. Apply on the premises.

TO LET—A HOUSE IN BROOKLYN, NO. 41
State-st., second below Hicks, and within three minutes' walk of Fort Ferry. Has three stories and English basement, marble mantels, gas, etc. Rent \$200. Apply at No. 256 Hicks-st.

TO LET—LOW TO A GOOD TENANT, OR FOR SALE cheap, the four-story brown stone and brick front house No. 125 West 40th st. Also, for sale Nos. 322 and 324 West 41st st. Apply to WM. KNIGHT, Plumber, No. 321 Broadway.

N. B.—Plumbing executed on the lowest terms.

TO LET—A THREE-STORY BRICK HOUSE in perfect order, with all modern improvements, gas and fixtures, &c. &c., No. 81 Summit-st., South Brooklyn, five minutes' walk from Hamilton-av. Ferry. Inquire of MARSH & CO., No. 34 Maiden-lane.

TO LET-A FURNISHED HOUSE IN 30th-ST.
Between 4th and Broadway, 12 rooms with every
convenience, suitable for a family. The house is
cotton is very desirable, and rent will be moderate to a
good tenant. Address A. K. READ, Post-Office.

TO LET-POSSESSION IMMEDIATELY-~~THE~~
two-story brick house, with basement and sub-cellar,
on Horatio-st., first house East of Washington-st. Apply
to EDWARD A. WRIGHT, No. 129 Front-st.

FURNISHED HOUSE TO LET-~~THE~~
3-story brick house and furniture No. 63 7th-st. The
house is very desirable, and rent will be moderate to a
good tenant. Address A. K. READ, Post-Office.

HOUSE TO LET--IN WASHINGTON-AV.
Brooklyn, a gentled newly finished 3-story brick English basement house, west side Washington, north of Gates-av., Brooklyn, southerly one of 3 houses; nearly new, possession Nov. 1. Apply at No. 55 Fulton-st., New York City.

PRIVATE FAMILY HOTEL TO LEASE--

OFFICES TO LET—IN THE BIBLE HOUSE.
A few more second floors in single offices,
a very desirable location. Apply at the Treasurer's office.
Entrance on 4th-av.

HOUSES AND ROOMS WANTED

COUNTY PLACE WANTED IN WEST-
chester County, between the Harlem Railroad and the
Hudson River, not over 18 miles from City Hall; would
prefer a place of about 50 acres, with good improvements;
woud like to hire the same with privilege of buying. Ad-
dress THOMAS WILSON, No. 447 Broome-st.

WANTED—THE SECOND FLOOR OF A TWO-
story house, in a quiet, central loca-

WANTED—A HOUSE IN BROOKLYN, situated on or near the Heights, moderate price, in good order, and having the modern improvements for a first-class tenant, without boarders. A steam, with full particulars, GILMOUR, *daily Times* Office.

STEAM POWER TOILET AT THE EMPIRE
W. H. Cook of Easton, Pa., has in-
vented expressly for mechanical purposes, what is consid-
ered better adapted for heavy or light work than any other es-
tablishment in this City. For terms, &c., apply on the
premises.

TOILET - A LARGE ROOM, WITH POWER AT
the subscriber's. **RICHARD MOORE,**
No. 255 West 16th-st., near 9th-av.

STEAM POWER TOILET FOR LUMBERMEN AND

Dairy rooms, in a new building in Chicago. Apply to J. C. HULL & SON, N. 1125 CHICAGO.

THE AMERICAN TELEGRAPH—LATER FROM
LONDON, Friday, Oct. 3, 1886.—5 A. M.
The American telegraph company, it is
understood, has been successful in its
efforts to secure a concession for the
construction of a cable from New York
to London, and the company is now
preparing to start the work.

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GAZETTE. The progress of the canvass has already determined the character of the Thirty-Fifth Congress. One-third of the Senate is renewed under the Constitution, the following States having already elected, or having yet to elect, substitutes for Senators whose terms expire on the 4th of March, 1857:

JOHN B. WELLES, California.
ISAAC TOUCY, Connecticut.
JAMES A. BAYARD, Delaware.
STEPHEN R. MALLORY, Florida.
JESSE D. BRIGHT, Indiana.
HARVEY HAMILTON, Maine.
CHARLES SUMNER, Massachusetts.
THOMAS G. FAY, Maryland.
LEWIS CLARK, Michigan.
STEPHEN ADAMS, Mississippi.
HENRY S. GIBBS, Missouri.
HAMILTON FISH, New-York.
JOHN R. THOMPSON, New-Jersey.
BENJAMIN F. WADE, Ohio.
RICHARD B. BROWN, Pennsylvania.
CHARLES T. JAMES, Rhode Island.
JAMES C. JONES, Tennessee.
THOMAS J. RICE, Texas.
SOLIMON FOOT, Vermont.
JAMES M. MASON, Virginia.
HARVEY DOUGLASS, Wisconsin.

There are also vacancies to be filled by the Legislatures of California, Indiana and Missouri. At present, on the great issue whether two millions of American people, or three hundred and fifty thousand slaveholders, shall rule America, the Senate stands forty-four for the slaveholders, fifteen for the people. Next year four of the Senators above enumerated, who have voted consistently with the slaveocracy, will be replaced by freemen—namely, Messrs. TOUCY, CASS, JAMES and DOUGLASS. The remainder will be of the same stripe as now, while the vacancies will in all likelihood be filled by friends of the Administration, thus dividing the Senate forty-three for the slaveholder, and nineteen for the people. That branch of the Legislature is therefore for the present hopelessly against us.

In the present House of Representatives the interests of Freedom have in no case commanded more than five majority. The result of the Antislavery elections thus far has gained twenty members in Pennsylvania, Ohio, and Indiana, and lost three in Iowa, Missouri, and Maine. There is no possibility of the Republicans repairing this damage; and it is even probable it will be greatly enlarged through the diligent exertions of those best friends of the slave-driver, the Fillmore Americans. Thus Congress will be wholly controlled by the Pro-Slavery conspirators, who, design to force Slavery upon every acre of the Federal Territory, and add large empires wrested from our neighbors and allies, to give it still ampler verge and development. Their plan, distinctly avowed by their leaders and journals, is to nationalize Slavery; have it recognized and submitted to by the freemen of the North for what it already is, the dominant interest of the country,—to the edification and strengthening of which all other interests must be tributary.

Nor is Congress alone in the hands of these men. The Judiciary of the country uniformly leans to the side of Slavery, interpreting the Constitution and laws so as to nullify all enactments of Free States tending to prevent the introduction of slaves within their boundaries. Judges KANE, CURTIS, GREER and LEAVITT, and Chief Justice LEICOMPTON, are they not on the Federal Bench? and have they not Judges THOMPSON, of Virginia, and LEWIS, of Pennsylvania, to sanction their Pro-Slavery decrees?

The Army, too, is not a passive instrument in the same daring hands? Not only does Kansas tell the story, but at this moment the Secretary at War is busily transferring the troops, never more wanted in Virginia and South Carolina than now, when treason against the Union is rampant in both States, and actually arming itself for attack on the National Government, to the swamps of Florida, ostensibly to catch BILLY BOWLENS and his score of braves.

There will actually be no one department of the Federal system reserved from the grasp of the Slave oligarchy, should Mr. BUCHANAN be chosen President. Now the ultra extravagances of these fellows, which the President and Senate are quite prepared to sanction, are momentarily checked by the trifling preponderance of Republicanism in the House of Representatives. That is lost, and if we fail to gain the Presidency, the cause of Freedom will indeed be hopeless. The last spar to which the Union and Freedom cling is the Executive; all else is wrecked; and should that go down after the rest, the worst purposes of BROOKS, WISE, KEITT and Company will be realized without restraint.

The fact indicates the duty. WE MUST EJECT FREEMONT PRESIDENT OF THE UNITED STATES. Without that, all is lost. The last barrier to the deluge of barbarism and inequality threatened by these Southern madmen will be swept away, unless we secure the Executive arm of the Government. It can be done. It can be done, short as the time is, by redoubled energy on the part of every friend of Freedom. It can be done by resolving, each man, to secure one vote beside his own for FREEMONT, that would also go to FILLMORE or BUCHANAN. It can be done by concentrating all attention and labor upon this one object, rather than spending them upon others of subordinate moment. Shall it be done?

APPRECIATING THE RIGHT OF SUFFRAGE.—Nothing is more common than to meet native-born Americans who hold the right of suffrage in so little esteem that they never exercise it. A letter of N. P. WILLIS was recently published, in which he stated that he should cast his virgin vote for FREEMONT. But your new-made citizen never misses the opportunity to exercise this highest privilege of a freeman, and it appears that so fond of voting are some of our adopted citizens, that they vote half-a-dozen times on the same day. An Indiana paper says that a party of nine Irishmen, in a wagon, voted in three different towns on the

same day. It is the saddest thing in the world to look at "order reign," either in Warsaw or Kansas, by simply putting to death, or banishing, everybody who insists upon resisting oppression.

The Meeting of the American Board.
The Annual Session of the American Board of Foreign Missions, which will convene at Newark, N. J., to-morrow, promises to be unusually interesting. The principal subject for discussion will be the Report of the Committee of Thirteen, of which Rev. Dr. BEMAN, of Troy, is Chairman, upon the action of the deputation sent to visit the missions of the Board in India last year.

It will be remembered that this deputation—consisting of Rev. Dr. ANDERSON, the Senior Secretary of the Board, and Rev. Dr. THOMPSON, one of the Prudential Committee—made a report of their visit to a special meeting of the Board, at Albany, last Spring. This report advised the Board of certain radical changes made by the deputation in the administration of the India Missions, which related mainly to a curtailment of the school system and an enlargement of the sphere of preaching. The report was severely canvassed at that time, and the discussion, which was protracted for several days, assumed the form of a controversy between those who regard school instruction of primary importance in Missionary labor, and those who consider it secondary to pulpit instruction. The whole matter was finally referred to the Special Committee, which will report at this meeting. We understand that the Committee will sustain, in general, the policy of the deputation.

The discussion which this subject must create will be particularly interesting to the Christian world. Its field will be as broad as the field of Missionary labor. It will examine the entire policy of Foreign Missions, and will decide many questions of great difficulty on which Christian men have widely disagreed. It will ascertain the true importance of schools and of preaching in the Missionary work—the value of the English language as the best medium of imparting religious truths to the heathen—the responsibility of Missionaries to the Board, and their relation to their Ecclesiastical organizations at home—all which are questions of great moment.

It is certainly a beautiful scene—the gathering of good men from all parts of the Union to discuss with prayer and intelligent deliberation the heavenly work of Christian Missions; while all about them the fires of political excitement are raging, and men are sacrificing the best elements of their nature to selfish ambitions! And whatever shall be the result of their discussion upon the Foreign Missionary enterprise, we may expect good from it at home. It will give to the public much instructive information, and many noble ideas about that great system of Christian benevolence which is destined to conquer the world, and of which they now have a very inadequate knowledge.

LIEN-GOV. CHURCH SELLING OUT TO EX-GOV. HUNT.—SARFORD E. CHURCH and WASHINGTON HUNT are the acknowledged leaders of the Democratic and Know-Nothing parties in Orleans and Niagara. They have been for years political antagonists, each the representative of distinctive political principles. But opposition to the cause of Freedom has brought them together. Ex-Gov. HUNT is up for Congress, supported by Know-Nothings and Silver Grays. Lien-Gov. CHURCH received the Democratic nomination for Congress, but is to decline it and play into HUNT's hands!

This is about the last degree of self-abasement into which the Democracy can fall. When Lien-Gov. CHURCH sells out to the Democracy of his District to ERASIMUS BROOKS and WASHINGTON HUNT, to obtain votes for JAMES PLATTSMITH BUCHANAN, there is nothing of Democracy left worthy either of the regard of its friends or the apprehensions of its enemies.

A TRICK MARK.—HON. EDWARD STANLEY, formerly an able and patriotic member of Congress from North Carolina, who has been for several years practicing law in California, is staying for two or three days at the Astor House.

We welcome this most estimable citizen and gifted statesman back among us again. None ever really knew EDWARD STANLEY but to honor and love him. During the whole period of his service in Congress he proved himself a statesman and patriot, worthy, not only of the companionship of MASON, GASTON, and WILLIAMS, but of the best days of the Republic. Had Gen. TAYLOR lived a few weeks longer Mr. STANLEY would have been invited to a seat in his Cabinet, where his talents, industry and virtues would have vindicated the wisdom of the selection.

JUDGE PEABODY ACCEPTS.—We learn from good authority that Judge PEABODY has accepted the office of Justice of the Supreme Court, and will soon be commissioned by Gov. CLARK. We congratulate the public upon this result, as well because it settles the vexed question between Judge DAVIES and the new appointee, as because of the fitness of the selection for this important station.

AN APOLOGY.—We must apologize to the Commercial, for a slight typographical error on Saturday. We did not apply the term servile to it, but gentle. There is not much difference to the eye, but a vast one to the mind.

AMUSEMENTS.
NIEL'S GARDEN.—Mlle. JOHANSEN, the new prima donna of the German Opera Company, made her second appearance on Saturday night in the Opera of "Marsden." She fully justified the favorable opinion rendered on the night of her debut. With a voice of great power, she combines much dramatic ability. Her acting is admirable and would give her a position in any first-class Theatre, independent of her vocal capabilities. She was a good *Marsden*,—better than any we have had in New-York, excepting Mme. LA GRANGE. It is not in this formid music, however, that Mlle. JOHANSEN will achieve her greatest success. The opera has been placed on the stage in a careful and complete manner. It went off with complete success, notwithstanding two or three drawbacks, foremost among which was the severe and palpable indisposition of Mme. BECKEL. The orchestra under Mr. BECKMAN was by no means good. It was noisy and scratchy throughout.

To-night the RAVENS give a grand entertainment for the benefit of the French Benevolent Society.

CONCERT.—The postponed concert of Mlle. FAYOT takes place to-night.

BURTON'S THEATRE.—An original comedy in three acts, called "Self," will be produced here to-night. It is from the pen of Mrs. BATES. All the

of the "Hunchback" will be given to-night, and the ever-acceptable "Punchbowl."

PURDY'S NATIONAL THEATRE.—"Uncle Tom's Cabin," the "Frisky Gobbler," and the "Invasion of Ireland," are the three attractive pieces announced for to-night by Manager FRYDE.

BARNUM'S MUSEUM.—Mrs. Stowe's "Dred" is announced for every evening this week. It has proved a trump card for the management.

BROOKLYN'S STAMPAED.—The laughable burlesque of the "Trotters," and excellent negro minstrelsy every evening.

POLITICAL MISCELLANY.
PREACHERS AND POLITICS SOUTH.—We find the following paragraph in the *Des West* (Abbeville, S. C.) *Telegraph*, a religious paper: "Some people imagine that the clergy take no part in politics—that is not their calling. For our part we do not often trouble politics; seldom think of such things in the pulpit. 'We preach Christ,' says Paul, and we desire to do the same. Still we claim it as one of our 'reserved rights,' to have an opinion and express it, too, on the great struggle which the country is passing. About such little matters as the Babun Gap Railroad or forty thousand a year to the South Carolina College, we do not care to say much,—what signifies a few thousand dollars? But when the question is Disunion—the pulling down the Temple of Liberty on our head—'dredging in the dust the glorious 'Stars and Stripes,' we feel profoundly, and before the work is accomplished we must be expected to express an opinion for or against, never forgetting, meanwhile, the true rights and interests of our own dear native State."

The *Des West Telegraph*, a religious paper published in the Abbeville District, S. C., haunts Mr. BARNUM severely over the coils for his letter to the *Genesee Courier* giving a plan for the overthrow of the Fremont ticket. The *Telegraph* says: "The Catholic Church is to act a conspicuous part in the overthrow of the Fremont dynasty—in other words, in the dissolution of the Union, the destruction of our national liberties and the establishment of petty, Papal tyrannies throughout the Continent, such as Europe Central and South America! What plan could be adopted which would more effectually and certainly bring about a dissolution of the Union, and that, too, without establishing a Southern Confederacy?"

Hon. J. M. BATES, writing to the Richmond *National American*, says: "I have at this moment nearly two hundred unanswered letters on my table, from Georgia, North Carolina, Kentucky, Tennessee and Virginia, and nearly every one containing the most urgent invitations and appeals to my patriotism to preach my 'treason' and 'abolitionism,' or congratulations for that I have already presented before the country. I not only regret my utter inability to keep up with my correspondence, but will more deeply regret that I cannot accept every invitation to speak in vindication of the truth, the Constitution, the Union, and the honor and true interests and welfare of the South."

Twenty thousand circulars, says the Boston *Atlas*, have just been printed in this city, for distribution in New-Hampshire. They profess to come from the Fremont Party here, and their object is to induce the Fremont men of New-Hampshire to vote for FILLMORE. We have the best reason for believing that these circulars were ordered and paid for by the Boston Convention, which has thus wasted the pretty sum of \$150. If our friends in New-Hampshire will immediately expose the fraud, it can, of course, do no damage whatever to the Republican cause.

The Charleston (Va.) *Star* says the streets of that town are filled every day with persons leaving Virginia for the West. There has not been so much emigration for years from Virginia. Sometimes there can be seen eight or ten families moving together, who intend forming a Virginia settlement of themselves in Missouri, Kansas, or some other portion of the West.

The Boston *Post* favors a coalition between the National Whigs and Democrats of Massachusetts on members of Congress, and says: "We hope the Democrats will leave no proper means untied to defeat the reelection of the present members of Congress, and to secure a majority of national men in our State Legislature. Let there be liberal confederation among all Union men—a cordial concert of action, and the selection of the most popular men among them for candidates whether they be National Democrats or National Whigs."

The Louisville *Journal*, alluding to the elections in Indiana, gives some clue as to how the heavy majorities were obtained. The *Journal* says that fully three-fourths of the Irishmen at work on the Louisville and Portland Canal were discharged. On Monday and Tuesday few or none of them could be found in this city, but the vote of Floyd County, Indiana, just opposite here, was increased about the number of discharged Irishmen.

The St. Louis *Democrat* (BUCHANAN organ) commenting upon the recent State elections, says: "We have not labored very ardently for BUCHANAN. How could we in company with the nullifiers and secessionists of the South, and those evil-doers Atchison and Douglas of the West?"

A meeting of citizens, irrespective of party, has been held in Allen county, Kansas, at which resolutions were passed condemning the disturbances in the Territory, appointing a Vigilance Committee, and devising other measures to repel all invasions, whether from the North or South.

ANOTHER STEADFAST WHIG OUT FOR FREEMONT.—A. K. McCLAY, of Pennsylvania, one of the Old-Union Whigs of that State, has addressed a powerful appeal, through the *Harrisburg Telegraph*, to his old political associates, urging them to vote for FREEMONT.

The Mississippi *Times*, speaking of the treasonable speech of FRANKLIN S. DRAKES at Ninety-Six, S. C., says: "We have no comments to make on such outrageous declarations! SUMNER never uttered more treasonable sentiments!"

The St. Louis *Democrat* publishes a long communication from Mr. ROBERT L. BRAM, Secretary of Gen. CALHOUN, Surveyor-General of Kansas, in which the utter inactivity of that officer and the abuse of the office is shown up.

BUSINESS NOTICES.
INFLUENZA CURED IN A FEW HOURS.—There are a great many at the present time troubled with coughs, colds and influenza. If you are so troubled, will swallow from four to six of RADWAY'S REGULATORS and bathe the surface of the body with RADWAY'S READY RELIEF, your whole system will be free from every symptom of pain and distress in less than six hours after these remedies are used. A gentleman who visited Volck's Theatre on Monday night, got over-heated, took off his overcoat, exposed himself to a cool draught of air and caught a very severe cold. During the night he was seized with violent pains all over his body. His throat was so sore that he could scarcely swallow; watery discharges from the eyes and nose were constant; every bone in his body ached with pain, and he was so hoarse that he could not speak above a whisper. In this condition the next morning found him. We, however, knew his difficulty, and knew the remedies that would cure him. At 7 o'clock he took down six of RADWAY'S REGULATORS, and at 8 o'clock he was able to get up. At 9 o'clock, the same day, he was rid of all his difficulties. RADWAY'S REGULATORS and READY RELIEF will cure the influenza and all bad colds in a few hours.

Toothache is cured instantly by the RELIEF.

RADWAY & CO., No. 140 Fulton-st.

R. R. Remedies sold by druggists and merchants everywhere.

WE WOULD CALL ATTENTION TO OUR STOCK OF FANCY AND PLAIN GOODS, FOR GENTLEMEN'S WEAR.
Our stock of Flannels, Cashmeres, Customers and Overcoats, comprises all that is new or desirable in the market, and we make them up with the latest styles, which our house has so long been celebrated for.

CHAR. HUGUE, for the past seven years has cut our pantaloons, still is with us.

A. & G. A. ARNOUX,
Drapers and Tailors,
No. 308 Broadway.

FRUITS AND PLANTS.—PARSONS & CO. Fishmongers, and dealers in a large variety of fresh fruits and plants for the street, the lawn, the orchard, and the greenhouse.

GAZETTE. The progress of the canvass has already determined the character of the Thirty-Fifth Congress. One-third of the Senate is renewed under the Constitution, the following States having already elected, or having yet to elect, substitutes for Senators whose terms expire on the 4th of March, 1857:

JOHN B. WELLES, California.
ISAAC TOUCY, Connecticut.
JAMES A. BAYARD, Delaware.
STEPHEN R. MALLORY, Florida.
JESSE D. BRIGHT, Indiana.
HARVEY HAMILTON, Maine.
CHARLES SUMNER, Massachusetts.
THOMAS G. FAY, Maryland.
LEWIS CLARK, Michigan.
STEPHEN ADAMS, Mississippi.
HENRY S. GIBBS, Missouri.
HAMILTON FISH, New-York.
JOHN R. THOMPSON, New-Jersey.
BENJAMIN F. WADE, Ohio.
RICHARD B. BROWN, Pennsylvania.
CHARLES T. JAMES, Rhode Island.
JAMES C. JONES, Tennessee.
THOMAS J. RICE, Texas.
SOLIMON FOOT, Vermont.
JAMES M. MASON, Virginia.
HARVEY DOUGLASS, Wisconsin.

There are also vacancies to be filled by the Legislatures of California, Indiana and Missouri. At present, on the great issue whether two millions of American people, or three hundred and fifty thousand slaveholders, shall rule America, the Senate stands forty-four for the slaveholders, fifteen for the people. Next year four of the Senators above enumerated, who have voted consistently with the slaveocracy, will be replaced by freemen—namely, Messrs. TOUCY, CASS, JAMES and DOUGLASS. The remainder will be of the same stripe as now, while the vacancies will in all likelihood be filled by friends of the Administration, thus dividing the Senate forty-three for the slaveholder, and nineteen for the people. That branch of the Legislature is therefore for the present hopelessly against us.

In the present House of Representatives the interests of Freedom have in no case commanded more than five majority. The result of the Antislavery elections thus far has gained twenty members in Pennsylvania, Ohio, and Indiana, and lost three in Iowa, Missouri, and Maine. There is no possibility of the Republicans repairing this damage; and it is even probable it will be greatly enlarged through the diligent exertions of those best friends of the slave-driver, the Fillmore Americans. Thus Congress will be wholly controlled by the Pro-Slavery conspirators, who, design to force Slavery upon every acre of the Federal Territory, and add large empires wrested from our neighbors and allies, to give it still ampler verge and development. Their plan, distinctly avowed by their leaders and journals, is to nationalize Slavery; have it recognized and submitted to by the freemen of the North for what it already is, the dominant interest of the country,—to the edification and strengthening of which all other interests must be tributary.

Nor is Congress alone in the hands of these men. The Judiciary of the country uniformly leans to the side of Slavery, interpreting the Constitution and laws so as to nullify all enactments of Free States tending to prevent the introduction of slaves within their boundaries. Judges KANE, CURTIS, GREER and LEAVITT, and Chief Justice LEICOMPTON, are they not on the Federal Bench? and have they not Judges THOMPSON, of Virginia, and LEWIS, of Pennsylvania, to sanction their Pro-Slavery decrees?

The Army, too, is not a passive instrument in the same daring hands? Not only does Kansas tell the story, but at this moment the Secretary at War is busily transferring the troops, never more wanted in Virginia and South Carolina than now, when treason against the Union is rampant in both States, and actually arming itself for attack on the National Government, to the swamps of Florida, ostensibly to catch BILLY BOWLENS and his score of braves.

There will actually be no one department of the Federal system reserved from the grasp of the Slave oligarchy, should Mr. BUCHANAN be chosen President. Now the ultra extravagances of these fellows, which the President and Senate are quite prepared to sanction, are momentarily checked by the trifling preponderance of Republicanism in the House of Representatives. That is lost, and if we fail to gain the Presidency, the cause of Freedom will indeed be hopeless. The last spar to which the Union and Freedom cling is the Executive; all else is wrecked; and should that go down after the rest, the worst purposes of BROOKS, WISE, KEITT and Company will be realized without restraint.

The fact indicates the duty. WE MUST EJECT FREEMONT PRESIDENT OF THE UNITED STATES. Without that, all is lost. The last barrier to the deluge of barbarism and inequality threatened by these Southern madmen will be swept away, unless we secure the Executive arm of the Government. It can be done. It can be done, short as the time is, by redoubled energy on the part of every friend of Freedom. It can be done by resolving, each man, to secure one vote beside his own for FREEMONT, that would also go to FILLMORE or BUCHANAN. It can be done by concentrating all attention and labor upon this one object, rather than spending them upon others of subordinate moment. Shall it be done?

APPRECIATING THE RIGHT OF SUFFRAGE.—Nothing is more common than to meet native-born Americans who hold the right of suffrage in so little esteem that they never exercise it. A letter of N. P. WILLIS was recently published, in which he stated that he should cast his virgin vote for FREEMONT. But your new-made citizen never misses the opportunity to exercise this highest privilege of a freeman, and it appears that so fond of voting are some of our adopted citizens, that they vote half-a-dozen times on the same day. An Indiana paper says that a party of nine Irishmen, in a wagon, voted in three different towns on the

same day. It is the saddest thing in the world to look at "order reign," either in Warsaw or Kansas, by simply putting to death, or banishing, everybody who insists upon resisting oppression.

The Meeting of the American Board.
The Annual Session of the American Board of Foreign Missions, which will convene at Newark, N. J., to-morrow, promises to be unusually interesting. The principal subject for discussion will be the Report of the Committee of Thirteen, of which Rev. Dr. BEMAN, of Troy, is Chairman, upon the action of the deputation sent to visit the missions of the Board in India last year.

It will be remembered that this deputation—consisting of Rev. Dr. ANDERSON, the Senior Secretary of the Board, and Rev. Dr. THOMPSON, one of the Prudential Committee—made a report of their visit to a special meeting of the Board, at Albany, last Spring. This report advised the Board of certain radical changes made by the deputation in the administration of the India Missions, which related mainly to a curtailment of the school system and an enlargement of the sphere of preaching. The report was severely canvassed at that time, and the discussion, which was protracted for several days, assumed the form of a controversy between those who regard school instruction of primary importance in Missionary labor, and those who consider it secondary to pulpit instruction. The whole matter was finally referred to the Special Committee, which will report at this meeting. We understand that the Committee will sustain, in general, the policy of the deputation.

The discussion which this subject must create will be particularly interesting to the Christian world. Its field will be as broad as the field of Missionary labor. It will examine the entire policy of Foreign Missions, and will decide many questions of great difficulty on which Christian men have widely disagreed. It will ascertain the true importance of schools and of preaching in the Missionary work—the value of the English language as the best medium of imparting religious truths to the heathen—the responsibility of Missionaries to the Board, and their relation to their Ecclesiastical organizations at home—all which are questions of great moment.

It is certainly a beautiful scene—the gathering of good men from all parts of the Union to discuss with prayer and intelligent deliberation the heavenly work of Christian Missions; while all about them the fires of political excitement are raging, and men are sacrificing the best elements of their nature to selfish ambitions! And whatever shall be the result of their discussion upon the Foreign Missionary enterprise, we may expect good from it at home. It will give to the public much instructive information, and many noble ideas about that great system of Christian benevolence which is destined to conquer the world, and of which they now have a very inadequate knowledge.

LIEN-GOV. CHURCH SELLING OUT TO EX-GOV. HUNT.—SARFORD E. CHURCH and WASHINGTON HUNT are the acknowledged leaders of the Democratic and Know-Nothing parties in Orleans and Niagara. They have been for years political antagonists, each the representative of distinctive political principles. But opposition to the cause of Freedom has brought them together. Ex-Gov. HUNT is up for Congress, supported by Know-Nothings and Silver Grays. Lien-Gov. CHURCH received the Democratic nomination for Congress, but is to decline it and play into HUNT's hands!

This is about the last degree of self-abasement into which the Democracy can fall. When Lien-Gov. CHURCH sells out to the Democracy of his District to ERASIMUS BROOKS and WASHINGTON HUNT, to obtain votes for JAMES PLATTSMITH BUCHANAN, there is nothing of Democracy left worthy either of the regard of its friends or the apprehensions of its enemies.

A TRICK MARK.—HON. EDWARD STANLEY, formerly an able and patriotic member of Congress from North Carolina, who has been for several years practicing law in California, is staying for two or three days at the Astor House.

We welcome this most estimable citizen and gifted statesman back among us again. None ever really knew EDWARD STANLEY but to honor and love him. During the whole period of his service in Congress he proved himself a statesman and patriot, worthy, not only of the companionship of MASON, GASTON, and WILLIAMS, but of the best days of the Republic. Had Gen. TAYLOR lived a few weeks longer Mr. STANLEY would have been invited to a seat in his Cabinet, where his talents, industry and virtues would have vindicated the wisdom of the selection.

JUDGE PEABODY ACCEPTS.—We learn from good authority that Judge PEABODY has accepted the office of Justice of the Supreme Court, and will soon be commissioned by Gov. CLARK. We congratulate the public upon this result, as well because it settles the vexed question between Judge DAVIES and the new appointee, as because of the fitness of the selection for this important station.

AN APOLOGY.—We must apologize to the Commercial, for a slight typographical error on Saturday. We did not apply the term servile to it, but gentle. There is not much difference to the eye, but a vast one to the mind.

AMUSEMENTS.
NIEL'S GARDEN.—Mlle. JOHANSEN, the new prima donna of the German Opera Company, made her second appearance on Saturday night in the Opera of "Marsden." She fully justified the favorable opinion rendered on the night of her debut. With a voice of great power, she combines much dramatic ability. Her acting is admirable and would give her a position in any first-class Theatre, independent of her vocal capabilities. She was a good *Marsden*,—better than any we have had in New-York, excepting Mme. LA GRANGE. It is not in this formid music, however, that Mlle. JOHANSEN will achieve her greatest success. The opera has been placed on the stage in a careful and complete manner. It went off with complete success, notwithstanding two or three drawbacks, foremost among which was the severe and palpable indisposition of Mme. BECKEL. The orchestra under Mr. BECKMAN was by no means good. It was noisy and scratchy throughout.

To-night the RAVENS give a grand entertainment for the benefit of the French Benevolent Society.

CONCERT.—The postponed concert of Mlle. FAYOT takes place to-night.

BURTON'S THEATRE.—An original comedy in three acts, called "Self," will be produced here to-night. It is from the pen of Mrs. BATES. All the

of the "Hunchback" will be given to-night, and the ever-acceptable "Punchbowl."

PURDY'S NATIONAL THEATRE.—"Uncle Tom's Cabin," the "Frisky Gobbler," and the "Invasion of Ireland," are the three attractive pieces announced for to-night by Manager FRYDE.

BARNUM'S MUSEUM.—Mrs. Stowe's "Dred" is announced for every evening this week. It has proved a trump card for the management.

BROOKLYN'S STAMPAED.—The laughable burlesque of the "Trotters," and excellent negro minstrelsy every evening.

POLITICAL MISCELLANY.
PREACHERS AND POLITICS SOUTH.—We find the following paragraph in the *Des West* (Abbeville, S. C.) *Telegraph*, a religious paper: "Some people imagine that the clergy take no part in politics—that is not their calling. For our part we do not often trouble politics; seldom think of such things in the pulpit. 'We preach Christ,' says Paul, and we desire to do the same. Still we claim it as one of our 'reserved rights,' to have an opinion and express it, too, on the great struggle which the country is passing. About such little matters as the Babun Gap Railroad or forty thousand a year to the South Carolina College, we do not care to say much,—what signifies a few thousand dollars? But when the question is Disunion—the pulling down the Temple of Liberty on our head—'dredging in the dust the glorious 'Stars and Stripes,' we feel profoundly, and before the work is accomplished we must be expected to express an opinion for or against, never forgetting, meanwhile, the true rights and interests of our own dear native State."

The *Des West Telegraph*, a religious paper published in the Abbeville District, S. C., haunts Mr. BARNUM severely over the coils for his letter to the *Genesee Courier* giving a plan for the overthrow of the Fremont ticket. The *Telegraph* says: "The Catholic Church is to act a conspicuous part in the overthrow of the Fremont dynasty—in other words, in the dissolution of the Union, the destruction of our national liberties and the establishment of petty, Papal tyrannies throughout the Continent, such as Europe Central and South America! What plan could be adopted which would more effectually and certainly bring about a dissolution of the Union, and that, too, without establishing a Southern Confederacy?"

Hon. J. M. BATES, writing to the Richmond *National American*, says: "I have at this moment nearly two hundred unanswered letters on my table, from Georgia, North Carolina, Kentucky, Tennessee and Virginia, and nearly every one containing the most urgent invitations and appeals to my patriotism to preach my 'treason' and 'abolitionism,' or congratulations for that I have already presented before the country. I not only regret my utter inability to keep up with my correspondence, but will more deeply regret that I cannot accept every invitation to speak in vindication of the truth, the Constitution, the Union, and the honor and true interests and welfare of the South."

Twenty thousand circulars, says the Boston *Atlas*, have just been printed in this city, for distribution in New-Hampshire. They profess to come from the Fremont Party here, and their object is to induce the Fremont men of New-Hampshire to vote for FILLMORE. We have the best reason for believing that these circulars were ordered and paid for by the Boston Convention, which has thus wasted the pretty sum of \$150. If our friends in New-Hampshire will immediately expose the fraud, it can, of course, do no damage whatever to the Republican cause.

The Charleston (Va.) *Star* says the streets of that town are filled every day with persons leaving Virginia for the West. There has not been so much emigration for years from Virginia. Sometimes there can be seen eight or ten families moving together, who intend forming a Virginia settlement of themselves in Missouri, Kansas, or some other portion of the West.

The Boston *Post* favors a coalition between the National Whigs and Democrats of Massachusetts on members of Congress, and says: "We hope the Democrats will leave no proper means untied to defeat the reelection of the present members of Congress, and to secure a majority of national men in our State Legislature. Let there be liberal confederation among all Union men—a cordial concert of action, and the selection of the most popular men among them for candidates whether they be National Democrats or National Whigs."

The Louisville *Journal*, alluding to the elections in Indiana, gives some clue as to how the heavy majorities were obtained. The *Journal* says that fully three-fourths of the Irishmen at work on the Louisville and Portland Canal were discharged. On Monday and Tuesday few or none of them could be found in this city, but the vote of Floyd County, Indiana, just opposite here, was increased about the number of discharged Irishmen.

The St. Louis *Democrat* (BUCHANAN organ) commenting upon the recent State elections, says: "We have not labored very ardently for BUCHANAN. How could we in company with the nullifiers and secessionists of the South, and those evil-doers Atchison and Douglas of the West?"

A meeting of citizens, irrespective of party, has been held in Allen county, Kansas, at which resolutions were passed condemning the disturbances in the Territory, appointing a Vigilance Committee, and devising other measures to repel all invasions, whether from the North or South.

ANOTHER STEADFAST WHIG OUT FOR FREEMONT.—A. K. McCLAY, of Pennsylvania, one of the Old-Union Whigs of that State, has addressed a powerful appeal, through the *Harrisburg Telegraph*, to his old political associates, urging them to vote for FREEMONT.

The Mississippi *Times*, speaking of the treasonable speech of FRANKLIN S. DRAKES at Ninety-Six, S. C., says: "We have no comments to make on such outrageous declarations! SUMNER never uttered more treasonable sentiments!"

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10-10-68

Aper, a fashionable lady.
Aper, her step-daughter.
The couple of the
Aper and her

Choice, an old colored man, for whom
little things are self-adoring.
Around the New Economy
REASONABLE MY GOOD STORIES
A RAINY SUNDAY
Margaret Lawrence, New York
Dancing, by Miss. Dany. New York, N. Y.

NIELSEN'S GARDEN
Doors open 6:45: by
KIDS
MONDAY EVENING Oct 11
public are respectfully informed that
agent for the
BENEFIT
of the funds of the
of the **FRENCH BENEVOLENT SOCIETY**

their cooperation is earnestly requested. And water-
 rents will be given by the
THE WONDERFUL RAVELA
ETHEREAL ARTIST AND THE ENTIRE
COMPANY.
 commencing with the comic pantomime of
THE SCHOOLMASTER
 and Tricks. — **Francis Dr. Brock**.....
 followed by the beautiful play
FLORA AND ZEPHYR.
 Mr. Robert and the Ballet Troupe.
 conclude with the highly interesting new play—
 — **Bill and the**

THE GERMAN OPERA NIGHT. THE DAUGHTER OF THE REGIMENT.
GERMAN OPERA NIGHTS—Tuesday, Wednesday and Friday.
GERMAN OPERA NIGHTS—Tuesday, Thursday and Friday.

AKOSCH'S GRAND CONCERT COM PANY.
 The public are respectfully informed that the
MILIE TERESA FARROW
 will give in New York.

LAST GRAND CONCERT
on MONDAY EVENING Oct. 17, 1910
AT NIBLO'S BALLOON
by "Sicilian" LERENDI, BERLANDI, MURRAY,
PAUL JULIEN, and others. The program
M. STEAKOCH
P. TERESA PARODI will sing on this occasion for
the first and only time by general request, the beautiful
National Hymn
LA MARSHALLA
has been received with the greatest enthusiasm
when and wherever sung by MISS PARODI.

admission ONE DOLLAR. Seats may be secured
 by advance charge at the Music and Piano Stores of
 HALL & SON, 110 N. 3rd St. Tickets
 are open at 7. Concert continues at 8.
BLO'S GARDEN-GERMAN OPERA.
OPERA AND BALLET.
TUESDAY, Oct. 28.
 In appearance of
Mlle. Kronfeld,
 And of Mr. **Gudin,**
 will be presented Victor's charming
ALEXANDRA STRADELLA.

Mrs. Farnham
Mr. Gault

Musical Director..... Carl Bergmann

ALTERATION OF PRICES:

In compliance with very general request of the German Opera audience the following

SCALE OF PRICES:

Orchestra Circle and Parquet..... One Dollar
Ticket containing the balcony..... Two Dollars

RESERVED SEAT.

Family Circle..... Five Dollars
Upper Boxes..... Twenty-five Dollars

BUCKLEY'S SERENADES
NEW HALL
No. 885 Broadway, opposite Niblo's Garden
the greatest success and most elaborate production of
burlesque opera of
TROVATORE
will be repeated all this week, together with
ETHIOPIAN MINSTRELSY

bert Monday at 8:15 o'clock. Admission 50 cents.
 MONDAY EVENING, Nov. 2. The production
 DEED, OF THE DIMAL SWAMP.
 The great cast, G. SWAINE DUCKLEY, in the char-
 of TIG.

ACADEMY OF MUSIC
 t, on the nights of the opera, for company, and
 accommodation for 400 persons. Prices for seats
 including light.
 RAIL BRIDGE.
 The price for ball-nights has been reduced to \$1.00 a

**M.M.F. ISIDORA CLARK,
THE AMERICAN PRIMA DONNA.**
Will give Grand Concerts in the principal Eastern
cities commencing in Providence, MONDAY, Oct. 31,
and Tuesday, Nov. 1, 1892, assisted by the
orchestra, by the eminent vocal and instrumental artists of
the company.

EEN OF "DRED" GRATEFEST TRIUMPH
WYNN GEN TOM THUMB AS TOM TIT!
DRED ADDUCED A VERY NICE
EYES SURPASSING ALL PRECEDENT! EVERY
NING AT 7. THIS WEEK, WEDNESDAY and
THURSDAY, at 3 P.M., (instead of 8 o'clock, as former-
ly). DRED, Tom Tit, Gen. Tom Thumb,
and STERNSONS are all GUESTS. GENE TOM,
MISS in his unique, entertaining, but most
case, New Faros, etc. The GREAT GNARLS are
in their NEW DEN, THE HAPPY FAMILY,
REF LADY, etc. All to be seen. Admission

REEDY'S NATIONAL THEATRE—DRESS
reale, 35 cts.; Pit, 15c cts.; Orchestra, 10 cts.
the Brava, 65. **THIS EVENING, 7.30, the ca-**
ment will commence with the drama of
UNCLE TOM'S CABIN.
the flower of the South..... Little Cordelia Howard.
to be followed by the comic pastimes of
THE FISHY COMEDY
entertainment—terminating with the Irish Drama of
THE INVASION OF IRELAND.
BOUGHMAN'S BOWERY THEATRE—

Prices of Admission: Dress Circle and Orchestra
50 cents; Boxes, 25 cents; Pitt and Gallery, 17 1/2
cents; Private Boxes, 66. THIS EVENING, Oct. 27,
the presented Sherrill Kneass, Mayor of the
HONORABLE
Mr. J. E. McDonough, Mayor, Mr. McDonough
conclude with
PO-CA-HON-TAS.
Smith, Mr. Dunn, Po-CA-HON-TAS, Mrs. Denham
ARBOTT'S OKLAHOMA EGYPTIAN
MUSEUM—The most popular, attractive and instructive
entertainment in the city. The most complete and varied

WILSON DOUGLASS GALLERY, No. 402 BROADWAY.—The best collection of Paintings in this country contains 120 Paintings. Open day and evening. Admission 15 cents.

DANCING.

NEW YORK DANCE DANCING ACADEMY
No. 127 BROADWAY, NEW YORK
No. 127 Broadway, New York, N. Y.
New-York classes on **WEDNESDAYS** and **SATUR-**
S. Brooklyn classes on **TUESDAYS** and **FRI-**
S. at 8 and 9 P. M. for ladies and children, at 8 P.
gentlemen. Ladies' private class at 9 P. M.
commence at 10 P. M. Ladies' and Gentlemen's
containing terms, etc., may be had at either of the
ment. The usual course will be given.
DODWORTH would make contracts to insure his
as well as no credit for the same. The will of the
in the form of **WANT** VARIANTS of the credit

putation now possessed by his Academies.

TERRENO'S DANCING ACADEMIES.
No. 66 West 14th-st., New York, and No. 125 Chicago
Avenue, New York, for the reception of pupils.
In New York, Wednesdays and Saturdays, Mondays
holidays, at 3 1/2 P. M. Gentlemen's Class, Monday
holidays, at 7 P. M. Brooklyn, Wednesdays and
Saturdays, at 3 1/2 P. M. Ladies and Private Classes attend
both cities. Schedules given as usual.

TERRENO'S MAGNETIC POWDERS

UN'S MAGNETIC POWDER

"The ladies, well, I do declare,"
 (The genus homo call the fair.)
Have resolved in close convention,
To buy the powder of LYONS' MAGNETIC
WONDER! THERE IS NO RIVAL
ent equal to LYONS' MAGNETIC POWDER
moving lucre's. Do not meddle from every country
to this? Pills for sale and **and** **the** **see**
way.

[illegible]

...every country of the
continent has been concerned in his
...in the other way he
...for him, and the
...the
...of the
...American people.

JOS. A. P. ...

6-7-1908

NEW-YORK CLASSIFICATION

NEW-YORK CLASSIFICATION	New-York
Wheat	12 1/2
Barley	12 1/2
Oats	12 1/2
Rye	12 1/2
Flour	12 1/2
...	...

One of the candidates for the Chief Magistracy of the City of New York, at the approaching election, is Mr. J. B. ...
The following are the names of the candidates for the ...
The following are the names of the candidates for the ...

THE REPUBLICAN PARTY OF THE CITY OF NEW YORK
The following are the names of the candidates for the ...
The following are the names of the candidates for the ...
The following are the names of the candidates for the ...

THE SIXTH WARD REPUBLICANS
The following are the names of the candidates for the ...
The following are the names of the candidates for the ...
The following are the names of the candidates for the ...

THE SEVENTH WARD REPUBLICANS
The following are the names of the candidates for the ...
The following are the names of the candidates for the ...
The following are the names of the candidates for the ...

THE EIGHTH WARD REPUBLICANS
The following are the names of the candidates for the ...
The following are the names of the candidates for the ...
The following are the names of the candidates for the ...

THE NINTH WARD REPUBLICANS
The following are the names of the candidates for the ...
The following are the names of the candidates for the ...
The following are the names of the candidates for the ...

[illegible][illegible]

MARINE INTELLIGENCE.

NEW-YORK—TUESDAY, Oct. 25.

(Continued.)

Philadelphia Terra, Forbes, San Juan, C. Morgan & Charles Warrior, Smith, Havana, Capt. Livingston, and Dr. Williams, on Savannah, S. L. Allen-son, Adger, Turner, Charles, Johnston, Jamestown, Parib, Norfolk, ex. Ludlam & Toledo, (Brem.) Baerensman, Amber, Hen-ry, J. H. Miller, Parsons, London, C. K. Vulture, Louis, New Orleans, and Co. de launfr, New-Orleans, Reade & Hamer.

Edw. Hunt, Van Buren, Capt. Wm. Van Brunt & Slaght; Elda, Jackman, Ham-

[illegible][illegible]

Mrs. M. M. Smith, (of Old Spring), Underhill, Maine
 Mrs. M. M. Smith, (of Old Spring), Underhill, Maine
 W. V. Paulsen, Boston.
 Gladie, Lovell, Boston.
 W. W. Emerson, Lowell, Boston.
 Lewis, Grover, Boston.
 L. L. Hamilton, Boston.
 G. H. Nickerson, Nickerson, Boston.
 D. R. Keene, New-Bedford.
 Gladie Rodman, New-Bedford.
 M. H. Reed, Kelly, New-Bedford.
 M. S. Pearson, Gould, New-Bedford.
 W. H. Hubbs, Stamford.
 M. C. Kasher, Lawrence, Portland, Conn.
 W. S. Lewis, Taylor, Provincetown.
 W. H. Glaze, New-Haven.
 W. B. Bostland, Providence.
 Mary F. Brimicombe, Hartford, Conn.
 H. H. Furland, Conn.
 H. Sprague, Lake, Warrenton.
 W. H. Rhodes, Providence.
 Dr. Deatur, Clark, Newark.
 Dr. Westchester, Clark, Providence.
 Dr. Ann Ellis, Hoboken, Philadelphia.
 —During the day, N. W.

Arrived....SUNDAY, Oct. 26.
 Belgium (Belg.) Tack, Antwerp, Oct. 2 and
 with potatoes and 240 strange passengers
 on Steam Republic.
 Mary G. Williams, Oshawa, Havana 21.25, with
 240 passengers to F. Y. Y. Y. Y. Y. Y. Y. Y. Y. Y.
 Mary G. Williams, Oshawa, Havana 21.25, with
 240 passengers to F. Y. Y. Y. Y. Y. Y. Y. Y. Y.

[illegible][illegible]

quires the votes of 90,706 white men over 21 years of age to elect one member of Congress in the Free-labor States, and the votes of 31,484 white men over 21 years old are the average constituency of a Senator in Congress from the Slaveholding States, say Mr. HERRICK, of Virginia, while 118,903 just so much more make up the constituency of a Senator from one of the Free-labor States, say Mr. DOUGLASS, from Illinois.

In my boyhood there was an aphorism which was in common use, and the truth of which I think no one will deny now—it is that "Intelligence is the life of Liberty." Of these white men, then, there were only twelve in the slave-labor States who can neither read nor write,—while in the Free States there is only one in a hundred so disqualified by such ignorance. We are supplied to continually by the advocates of Slavery (in

Constitutional liberty in the Free States and Territories. It renders Slavery where it now exists by Constitutional law, but would confine it within those limits. And it will devote its energies to preserve the Constitution of the country, develop the resources of the whole nation, and to cement and perpetuate the Union and the whole Union forever. The other party lives and labors for the extension and perpetuity of human Slavery, to spread Slavery over not only the Territories, but the Free States, and to restore the Slave-Trade, now condemned as piracy by the civilized world. These objects are his avowed ends, and to accomplish them, the men of the South, with equal boldness and maxims, openly declare their determination, if necessary, to dash in pieces our National Union, and erect a new Confederacy of the Slave States, embracing also Mexico, Nicaragua and Cuba. Not a slip of rebuke or of objection to these

know that it was not the case in the whole country.

Since 1840 the full vote of Pennsylvania has not been cast. Warm as was the contest in '48, thousands of voters remained at home rather than vote for a man whose only apparent claim to the office of President was his services in the Mexican war. Assuming that in 1840 and '44 the participation of the people at the polls was as great as it can be on any occasion, let us see what the vote should be on the 4th of November, if the zeal, energy and industry of those campaigns were repeated. From November 4, 1840 to November 4, 1864, the entire vote increased 14 per cent.; an increase which corresponds almost precisely with the increase in population. From 1844 to 1868 it had increased to 165,338, or \$67,592, or a little more than 19 per cent., showing that the vote was not up to its attainable limit. If the rate of increase that prevailed in the preceding

for this accident, they would have been pledged by every consideration of feeling and interest to defend the balance of power against us, and thus turned from us the sceptre of political influence, rendering it profitable at the North to become philanthropic; but if the slave-trade had continued open, we would have found no such profitable market for our slaves. Our wants would have been supplied from Africa cheaper than they could afford to supply them. Their slaves, though of less value to them than ours, were yet too valuable to be disposed of at so low a price as the African slave-trade afforded. In sale for their slaves, they would have found considerable sums for their home consumption, and employment for them at home. New uses of employment have been multiplied. New uses of employment for them would have given them additional

receptions which has not been assigned to us, and infinitely multiply the chances of our being rather wrong than right; but this question of the influence of slave-trade on the present vested interests of the country is not practical, and while more eyes of sensation will terminate we must, correctly what is the proper course to be pursued.

The slave-trade would, in all probability, diminish the value of slaves,—that is, in fact, the object of it;—and it will not economically diminish the value of slaves if the man who owns an hundred slaves or said as much rice or cotton, or sugar or hemp, or real products as he now raises. The value might be reduced, but we don't even think if the accident of a slave labour should be rapid, there would, perhaps, be a temporary reduction; but for all these pro-

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will now be made by the U.S. Coast Guard.

Mr. Acker, a New York Merchant, paid \$200.
Charles Sanders, do do do do do do do do do
Cyrus Cynovitz, Esq., a Philadelphia Lawyer,
thy, self-commissioned
Fronzheim, a dry-goods Merchant, do do

Wildie, his partner, Self-promoting
Dr. Lever, an M. D., Self-made
Jones, Brown, Smith and Thompson, dry
goods, Clerks, Self-Satisfied
Mrs. Apex, a fashionable lady. Self-con-
sidering
Mary Apex, her step-daughter. Self-

Mrs. Redden, the centre of a high-life circle, self-concentrating.....	Mrs. E. Davenport
Mrs. Cadaver, a wealthy vulgarian, self-enjoying.....	Mrs. C. H. H.
Aunt Chloe, an old colored nurse, self-sufficient.....	Miss Polly H.
Miss Fannie Sumner, self-adoring.....	Miss

Among the New Economy.
A FASHIONABLE DRY GOODS STORE IN
YORK.
A LADY'S BOUDOIR.
Magnificent Drawing Room, etc.
Beautiful Dancing, by Mlle. Dany Barré and
Smith.
Favorite Overture and Best Actes by the Orchestra.

And a capital FARCE, in which the popular Com
belonging to the establishment, will appear.

NIBLO'S GARDEN GERMAN OPERA AND BALLET
TUESDAY, Oct. 28.
First appearance of
Mlle. KRONFELD.

And of Mr. NEUFELD, from the Opera of Bra
When will be presented Flotow's charming Opera of
ALESSANDRA STRADELLA.
Leonore.....
Stradella.....
Barbarino.....
Musical Director.....

ALTERATION OF PRICES.
In compliance with very general request, the management of the German Opera announce the following
SCALE OF PRICES:
To the Dress Circle and Parquet.....One
Each ticket entitling the holder to a
RESERVED SEAT.
To the Family Circle.....Fifty

To the Upper Boxes.....Twenty-five
Entrances to Upper Boxes in Crosby-st.
Tickets may be had at Niblo's and at HALL &
No. 289 Broadway.
WEDNESDAY—BLANCHE: the Wonderful
and other entertainments.

WALLACK'S THEATRE.
Orchestra at 5 1/2.

Engagement of
MR. WALLACE.
 TUESDAY, OCTOBER 20.
 First time in this theatre of Colman's play of
THE IRON CHEST.
 NEW AND BEAUTIFUL SCENERY, APPROPRIATE COSTUMES
 AND A SPLENDID CAST.

Mr. V.
Mr.
Mr. Phillips, Miss Gammon
etc., in the east. With (second time)
DEAF AS A POST.
To-morrow—in consequence of the crowded state
theatre on Monday.
MIXED: DO ABOUT NOTHING

BUCKLEYS' SERENADES.
NEW HALL,
No. 58 Broadway, opposite Niblo's Garden.
From the great success and most flattering reception of the first series, a second series of Serenades is now being prepared, and will be published in a few days. The new series will be equally popular and successful as the first. The box book open three days in advance.

It will be repeated all this week, together with
ETHIOPIAN MINSTRELSY.
 Concert commences at 5½ o'clock. Admission
 Orchestra Seats 50 cents.
 On **MONDAY EVENING, Nov. 2,** will be pre-
 sented, **DRED, OR THE DISMAL SWAMP.**

with a great cast, G. SWAINE BUCKLEY in the
actor of *Tiff*.

ACADEMY OF MUSIC
To let, on the off-nights of the opera, for concerts, &c.
Accommodation for 4,000 persons. Price per
seat, 300, including light.

HALL, HANSON.

The price for ball-nights has been reduced to \$1.00, including all the privileges of the bar, supper, room, cloak-rooms, together with the lighting and flooring. Apply to N. H. WOLFE, of the Executive Committee, South-st.

KNOWN TO GEN. TOM THUMB AS TOM
CROWDED AUDIENCES. APPLAUSE SURPA
ALL PRECEDENT! DRED is performed
EVENING at 7, and WEDNESDAY and SATU
at 2 P. M. OTHER AFTERNOONS, at 3 o'clock
TOM THUMB in his unique entertainments,
Songs, Dances, New Farces, &c. The GREAT ST
are now in their NEW DEN. THE HAPPY FA
REARE LANE, N.Y.

BOUGHAMPS BOWERY THEATRE
 Prices of Admission: Dress Circle and Or
 Seats, 50 cents; Boxes, 25 cents; Pit and Gall
 cents; Private Boxes, 50. **THIS EVENING,**
 will be presented, Tobin's popular Play of the
HONEYMOON.

Duke Aranza Mr. J. E. McD
To conclude with
PO-CA-HON-TAS.
Capt. Smith..... Mr. Dunn | Po-ca-hon-tas. Min
DURDY'S NATIONAL THEATRE.
1 Circle, 25 cts.; Pit, 15¢ cts.; Orchestra Chairs
Private Boxes, 50¢. THIS EVENING, Oct. 28.

entertainment will commence with the drama of
IDA MAY.
 Ida May..... Little Cordella
 To be followed by the comic pantomime of
THE FRISKY COBBLER.
 The entertainments terminating with the Irish
THE INVASION OF IRELAND.

CRYSTAL PALACE.—THE LADIES' FAIR will open in this magnificent structure, 1866, and continue for 10 days. It will be the most attractive and extensive fair ever held in the United States. **DODWORTH'S CELEBRATED BAND** will perform **CONCERT EVERY EVENING** during the fair. Their particulars will be published in due time.

MUSEUM—The most popular, attractive and
 tive Exhibition in the City, and the conforal
 persons of literary taste and refinement, is now
 the Stuyvesant Institute, No. 659 Broadway. Ad
 25 cents.

VAN OECKEL'S AUTOMATON C
 net never will be on exhibition this week.

**DUSEL PORF GALLERY, NO. 427 M
WAY.** The best collection of Paintings in the
try. It contains 150 Paintings. Open day and
Admission 25 cents.

BUSINESS CHANCES.

WANTED—FORTY ENTERPRISING MEN who have some capital. There is now of an enterprising Company, one of the best and chances ever offered in this country. A large amount of property offered for forty thousand dollars, only a

ter down and the balance on a long credit. "The price is only one day's ride from New-York City, and it is to a good active working Company, two hundred thousand dollars; there is the best water-power in the States. A good substantial dam has been built at a cost of some twenty-three thousand dollars, and some twelve thousand dollars in buildings, suited to a town; there is over fourteen hundred building-lots

ated on a railroad and canal, surrounded by a rich
 try, a beautiful climate, where manufactures can
 be carried on 20 per cent. cheaper than here, and every
 mechanic does commands a higher price. All
 wanted to build up another Lowell, is capital and
 enterprising men of the right stamp; there are a
 few of the right sort of men, who stand ready to em-
 brace this enterprise, and we want a few more. We want

cre, painter, masons, cabinet-makers, blacksmiths, carriage-makers, agricultural implement makers, and about every kind of mechanic and tradesman can engage in an enterprise that will lead to independence and wealth. For a full description of the proper place of operation, call on MR. GOODWIN, Nassau-st., room No. 16, 3d floor, New-York, between hours of 10 A. M. and 3 o'clock, P. M., or at M.

TO BUSINESS MEN--FOR SALE--THE
 fixtures, and lease of one of the largest and best
 and Candle Manufactories in the city of New York
 the fixtures are in first-rate order, and the business
 highly profitable. For particulars apply to the

A FORTUNE FOR \$200.—THIS SUM buy the old established Medicine Chest and Store, No. 61 South-st., upstairs. A business made clear from \$50 to \$100 per week. Been established years and place for a physician, and a sure future.

WANTED—A PARTNER TO GO TO country, to commence a general country b with a young man of experience, who will invest equal amount of capital with his partner. The references required and given. Address COUNTRY.

2,000 AGENTS CAN MAKE FROM \$100 per month. For sample and also three postage stamps to JOHN ADAMS, Washington Co., New York.

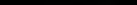
LYON'S MAGNETIC POWDER

"The ladies, well, I do declare,"
(The gents here call the fair.)
Have resolved in close connection
To buy the powder of Lyons invention.

NO WONDER! THEY ARE SO SURE
It's the best and most perfect
Exquisite cream in the world.

MUSKETS TO HIRE.—FLINT AND PE

target, Wm. O. Starr, Jr. - Commanding Officer
supplied, by addressing WM. O. STARR, JR.
at New York,



MI

No. 1. **Refugees** Others must produce certificates
 No. 2. **Refugees** Land, Panama, Extra Pay, etc., procured
LAND WARRANTS WANTED BY KIRT-
LAND & CO., Bankers, No. 3 Wall-st.
MISSING HAWKSHIRE HAS REMOVED
 100 No. 10 to No. 25 Broadway - west side, 63
 65 above the Frisco 11/10/04.

FARMS FOR SALE.
COUNTRY RESIDENCE FOR SALE.
 Comes from New-York, on the line of the New-York and New-Haven Railroad. Consists of 40 acres of choice land, in the highest state of cultivation, together with splendid buildings and out-buildings, the views of which are miles from D46pt. For further particulars, apply to T. S. HALL, No. 71 East 16th-st., from 7 to 9 A. M. and 3 to 5 P. M.

OILS AND PAINTS.
PAINT—FOR ROOFS &c. IN CTS. PER POUND

FANCY CHINA GLASS AND CROCKERY—**J. J. WALDMAN, Auctioneer.** Lots from the shelves in lots to suit city and country trade. By HENRY G. EVANS, No. 6 Liberty st., on TUESDAY, Oct. 24, at 10 o'clock, of best white granite and enameled ware and French decorated China, which will be sold at 12 o'clock. Goods repacked and fully for shipping.

CROCKERY, GLASS AND CHINA—**TUESDAY, Oct. 28, at 10 o'clock.** On No. 291 Pearl st., lots from shelves, 70 crates all kinds white granite and enameled ware and French decorated China, which will be sold at 12 o'clock. Goods repacked and fully for shipping.

will receive proposals to sell until 3 o'clock P. M. on the 1st day of November next.

JOHN A. STEWART, Secretary, No. 40 Wall st.

NEW-YORK CENTRAL RAILROAD SEVEN PER CENT. BONDS.—The undersigned offer for sale to the best bidder, at public auction, of this Company's (herein), having twenty years to run; interest payable semi-annually, on the first days of February and August, the Company's Agency in this City.

DUNCAN, SHERMAN & Co.

OFFICE OF THE THIRD-AVENUE RAILROAD COMPANY.—corner of East 31st-st. and 3d-av. An article for the sale of the bonds of the Third Avenue and New York Central R.R. will be held at East 31st-st. and 3d-av. on the 1st day of November next.

ENAMELED COTTAGE FURNITURE.
Elegant well-made sofas for 35c, at the manufacturers
No. 624 Broadway, below Bloecker st. Goods carefully
packed to go out of the City.

SPLENDID SUITES OF ENAMELED FURNITURE—Wholesale and Retail.
WARREN WARD - 86 Canal-st.

HORSES AND CARRIAGES.
FOR SALE, BY THE HAND OF MATHIAS
GUST, 267 1/2, Third St. Good heavy, perfect
horses.

(Sunday excepted.) Those who apply in the early morning will be surprised at the rapidity and little inconvenience with which they can obtain relief from their complaint by the most advanced and abstrusest shams; in seminal weakness, &c., he can guarantee a permanent radical cure without pain, offensive emissions, or resort to any business interruptions, medicine, or restriction from sexual gratifications strictly considered. Private seats for waiting.

DANFORTH'S NEW WORK.—THE CAUSE AND CURE OF GONORRHOEA.—A complete practical treatise on gonorrhoea, its various forms, complications, and consequences, maturation and premature exhalation, with local discharges induced by early induration, excess or other causes, which the nature and effects of this tortuous disease render peculiarly dangerous. The author has been enabled to perfect his treatment, after many years' experience, into a simple and efficacious system, consisting of a few powerful ingredients, which are administered in a judicious manner, with a

their diseases and w
production; quacks,

U through J. A. HONER, Notary Public, U. S. Commissioner and Conservator of all the States, No. 114 Ward Street, St. Paul, Minnesota must produce certificates. Also, for the Land, Pension, Extra Pay, &c., procured by J. R. R.

**LAND WARRANTS WANTED BY KIRK-
 CLAUD & CO., Boston, No. 3 Wall-st.**

**MADAME MATHIEUSE HAS REMOVED
 FROM No. 12 to 24, St. Broadway--was 62: 63
 opposite the France 1/2 Mount.**

OILS AND PAINTS.
PAINT—FOR ROOFS, & 14 CTS. PER POUND, and boiled oil for roofs, & 10 cents per gallon. Bewley's boiled oil, 75 cents per gallon. White lead, 40 cents per pound, and zinc white, 3 cents per pound. F. & M. T. SMITH & PRELDER, 113 Madison-st., N. Y.

DAY, Ger. 24 at 10 o'clock, of best white granite and common ware, glass ware and French decorated China which will be sold at 12 o'clock. Goods repacked carefully for shipping.

J. S. H. BARNETT, Auctioneer.

DAY, Ger. 25 at 10 o'clock, of GLASS AND CHINA.—TUESDAY, Oct. 26, at 10 o'clock, of No. 261 Pearl-st. Lots from the shelves, 76 crates all kinds white granite ware and common ware, 100 packages glassware, China, Britannia, silver-plated ware &c. For particular sale price, see list of goods. Goods repacked, China repacked twice. Goods well packed for shipping. Sale positive for cash.

the first day of February and August, the Company's Agency in this City.

DUNCAN, SHERMAN & CO.

OFFICE OF THE THIRD-AVENUE RAILROAD COMPANY. Corner of East 31st-st. and 3d-av. An election for three Directors of the Third Avenue Railroad Company, will be held at their office, on WEDNESDAY, the 12th day of November next. The polls will be open from 12 M. to 3 P. M. By order.

SAM'L B. ISAACS, Secretary.

SPLENDID SUITES OF ENAMELED FURNITURE - Wholesale and Retail.
WARREN WARD 25 Canal-
HORSES AND CARRIAGES.
FOR SALE-A STYLISH PAIR OF MATCH
 carriage horses. They are blood pure, perfect
 sound, in hands high, and in fine condition, just from
 country. Aishy, at "Arcade Livery Stable" No.
 West 2nd st.

DR. WATSON'S NEW WORK. — "THE CAUSE AND CURE." A complete practical treatise on gonorrhea and premature exhaustion, with local and internal treatment, and advice in other cases, which the nature and extent of this disease makes together with the treatment, are fully explained; illustrated by numerous anatomical drawings, with a supplement on gonitis-urinary diseases. Price, 50 cents. Had of the author, who may be consulted confidentially at No. 55 Walker-st., a few doors west of Broadway.

REMARKS:

[illegible]

By order of the Republican Charter Convention,
WM. M. VERNILVE, Chairman
J. H. CROATZ, Secretary.

EUROPE.
of the O'Donnell Ministry
in Spain.

Settlement of the Isle of Serpents Difficult.

THE TRANSIT DUTIES BY DENMARK.

British Proprietary in India to Devote Persia.

IMPROVEMENT IN FRENCH MONEY AFFAIRS.

London Money Market Stringent.

GRAIN AND COTTON FIRM.

Consols 91 3/8@91 3/4.

The United States mail-steamship Atlantic, from Liverpool (about) 10 o'clock on Wednesday, the 15th inst., arrived last night.

The Atlantic arrived at Liverpool 8 A. M. Monday, the 16th inst.

The Atlantic had not arrived out.

Important intelligence came from Madrid, on the 15th, of the fall of O'Donnell and the restoration of Narvaez to power.

O'Donnell has resigned, and with him all his colleagues. The Queen has accepted their resignations. Narvaez is appointed President of the Council, and has already provided himself with thirteen associates.

His office as follows: Primal, Foreign Affairs, Spain, Finance, National, Interior, Azuleja, Justice, Unemployment, War, Education, Marine, Gen. Sanz is appointed Captain-General of Madrid, and Gen. Latorre, Director of the Cavalry.

The Neapolitan question remains in statu quo. The matter, it is supposed, will be referred to another Paris Conference. Russia is said to have made the formal proposal for the convening of the second plenipotentiary to the Congress of Paris. France and Prussia have adhered, and the consent of England is also waited for, but is with certainty anticipated.

The reported seizure of Galatz by 4,000 Austrians was not true. Affairs in the Turkish settlement are progressing slowly, but, on the whole, satisfactorily.

Denmark is reported to have consented to a reduction of the transit duties on goods passing through Holstein and Lauenburg, from fivepence to one penny. This measure is the necessary forerunner of a reduction of the Sound dues.

From England there is nothing worth reporting, excepting a piece of gossip to the effect that Lord Palmerston, without consulting the Queen, appointed Rev. Mr. Trench to the Bishopric of Durham, but the Queen, on reading the appointment in the papers, sent for Palmerston, "snubbed" him soundly, and cancelled the appointment.

The Paris Bulletin publishes an article, signed by M. de la Roche, on the meeting of the Paris Congress. It is stated that the question of the Island of Serpents has been already settled, that the Island is to be restored to Turkey; that as regards the Islands of the Lower Danube, they also will be ceded to the Porte. As regards the Union of the Principalities of Moldavia and Wallachia, the Deputies say, that as the Commission charged to consider the whole question of the Principalities has not yet entered upon its functions, that question must be deferred; and as France, Austria, Prussia, and Turkey each claim the Presidency in the Commission—a post which is one of "influence"—the Affairs of opinion that this as well as some other preliminary matters, must first be settled by the Paris Congress before the actual question of the Danubian Principalities is reached upon. No date is yet fixed for the meeting of the Congress.

From Berlin we learn nothing of interest, excepting that preparations for defence continued. The statement in the German papers that the King of Naples had addressed autograph letters to Queen Victoria and the Emperor of the French, asking to be admitted to the Paris Conference, is denied by the Neapolitan Embassy in Paris. Gen. MARTIN arrived at Naples Sept. 23. Advice from Ajaccio, of the 17th mentions the arrival of three of the English fleet, namely, ships-of-the-line, Duke of Wellington, and Conqueror, two steam frigates and two corvettes. Other ships were expected from Malta. The French squadron remained at Toulon. The American ship Aqueduct was at Naples.

The General, one of the new steamers of the Transatlantic Company, arrived at Genoa on the 6th, and is to sail for New-York on the 29th inst.

The difficulty between the Courts of Sardinia and Tuscany relative to the expulsion of the Sardinian student-tourists from Florence, has been settled, Tuscany having apologized.

Letters from Paris on the subject of the financial crisis are less unfavorable. The hullion of the Bank is said to be increasing, both in Paris and at the branches, and it is added that some of the dealers who hesitated to draw 5-franc pieces from the provinces for the purpose of the Kingdom, are depositing them at the Bank for an advance of notes upon them. The police measures to prevent the purchase of coin at a premium, are also said to have temporarily succeeded.

Letters from Paris rumor that Messrs. Rothschild have contracted with the Bank of France to supply gold to the amount of 25,000,000. A small portion has been already sent. For some weeks to come, therefore, the Australian and American arrivals of gold will probably be thus absorbed.

Application has been made to the Portuguese Government, by a Mr. GATTAY, to lay down an electric telegraph between Portugal and the Brazils. A similar application has been made to the Brazilian Government.

The Portuguese recently resumed occupation of the port of Anzore, on the west coast of Africa, and have made it and the river Anzore the boundary of the province of Angola. A royal decree of the 20th inst. orders that all trading establishments (factories) shall have the license of the Governor, and shall give bonds, when required, not to engage in the slave trade. The tariff is stated at 25 per cent. upon all foreign goods imported in foreign vessels; 4 per cent. for the same goods in Portuguese vessels; 4 per cent. for foreign goods shall go landward from either Lisbon or Oporto; and 3 per cent. if the goods be Portuguese produce or manufacture.

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VOL. VI. NO. 1595.

NEW-YORK, WEDNESDAY, OCTOBER 29, 1856.

PRICE TWO CENTS.

Continued Excitement in England about the Merrimack.

From the London Daily News.

The United States steam-ship Merrimack will, it is expected, take her departure from Southampton on Monday next for the coast of Europe.

The ship is expected to arrive in the harbor of London on Monday next, and will be met by the British frigate Diana, which is expected to arrive on Tuesday next.

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Republican Mass Meeting in Brooklyn.

OVERWHELMING POPULAR DEMONSTRATION.

Twenty Thousand Republicans in Council.

SPEECH OF HON. N. P. BANKS.

REMARKED TONIGHT PROCESSION.

One of the largest popular demonstrations made by the Republicans of this State since the nomination of Col. FREEMONT for the Presidency, occurred last night in Brooklyn.

An assemblage of not less than 20,000 men met in the City Hall Park to give expression to the sentiments of Kings County on the political questions now at issue in the Presidential struggle, and to hear the leading topics of the time discussed by Mr. BANKS and the other gentlemen who had been selected to represent the party on the platform.

The meeting was held in the City Hall Park, which long before the hour designated was surrounded by expectant crowds. From the different wards in the city, Republican clubs, headed by music, and carrying an infinite variety of flags, banners, and placards, marched into the open space and took the places respectively assigned them. At 7 o'clock the entire area inclosed by the park railings was crowded. From the principal stand Mr. BANKS was nominated for President Hon. EDWARD A. LAMBERT, who was chosen by acclamation. After the appointment of a number of secondary officers.

Mr. BANKS, on behalf of the Republican delegation to the nominating Convention at Syracuse, submitted a list of names for the candidates for public office presented by that body.

The nominations were unanimously ratified. The Chairman then introduced Hon. N. P. BANKS, Speaker of the House of Representatives, who was received with a storm of cheers. He said he had come here to-night from his own home to speak a word in favor of the distinguished representative from this District in the United States Congress.

He said that he had been a member of the House of Representatives for many years, and that he had seen the country grow from a wilderness to a great Republic. He said that he had seen the country grow from a wilderness to a great Republic.

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LEGAL NOTICES

[illegible]

the sum of one hundred and five dollars and thirty-three cents, with interest from the 1st day of October, one thousand eight hundred and fifty-two, besides the costs of this action. Dated Dec. 10, 1852.

F. W. BURKE, Plaintiff's Attorney,
No. 125 Nassau-st.

SUPREME COURT, SUFFOLK COUNTY.
WILLIAM H. GLEASON, Plaintiff,
vs.
ANTHONY and MARIA W. GLEASON, and STEVEN A. THAYER, Executors of the will of CYNTHIA HAYES.

ANDREW W. BROWN, Plaintiff, vs. WILLIAM H. SHAW, Defendant.
AND ANNA MARIA
SHAW, Plaintiff, vs. WILLIAM H. SHAW, Defendant.
AND ISABELLA BEARD, Plaintiff, vs. JAMES M. BEARD,
Defendant.

(Comm. net. rec'd.)—To each and all the above named respondents: You are hereby summoned and required to answer the complaint in this action, which will be filed in said County of Riverhead, in said County, and to serve a copy of your answer to the said complaint on the subscribers at their office, in said Riverhead, in said County, within twenty days after the date of service hereof on you; otherwise, the facts stated in said complaint may be taken as true, and you shall answer the same under oath, and you shall pay the costs of such service; and if you fail to answer the said complaint within the time aforesaid, the plaintiff in this action will

copy to the Court for the relief demanded in the complaint—Dated Jan. 20, 1884.
BILLER & TUTTILL, Plaintiffs' Attorneys.
 of-law No. 1.

SUPREME COURT—COUNTY OF MONROE.
FRANCIS SCOTT against JOHN E. SCOTT.
 Summons for relief.—To JOHN E. SCOTT, Defendant: You are hereby summoned to answer the complaint of FRANCIS A. SCOTT, plaintiff, a copy of which is filed in the Clerk's office of the said County of Monroe, and to file your answer thereto on or before the 10th day of March next, and to appear on the trial of the case on the 10th day of March next, at the Court House in the City of New Orleans, Louisiana, to defend against the claim of the plaintiff, and to show cause why judgment should not be rendered in favor of the plaintiff. Witness my hand and the seal of the said Court, this 20th day of January, 1884.
 MONROE COUNTY, NEW ORLEANS, Louisiana.

service of this summons, exclusive of the day of service, and if you fail to answer said complaint as hereby required, the plaintiff will apply to the Court for the relief demanded in the complaint.

H. HUNTER,
Plaintiff's Counsel.
s17-law5w

SUMMONS FOR BELLEVILLE, SUPERIOR COURT
COUNTY OF ALBANY, DISTRICT OF COLUMBIA
against **JOHN HUGHES** to **JOHN HUGHES**, defendant: You are hereby summoned to answer the complaint of **BELENDIA HUGHES**, plaintiff, a copy of which is herewith served on you, on or before the 15th day of October, 1884, filed in the office of the Clerk of the Superior of Albany, New York.

IN PURSUANCE OF AN ORDER OF ROBERT MANLY DAWSON, Esq., Surrogate of the County of Kings, notice is hereby given, according to law, to all persons having claims against JOHN F. ELLIOTT, late of the said county, to present the same for the relief demanded in the complaint—

IN PURSUANCE OF AN ORDER OF THE Surrogate of the County of New-York, made in and to the effect following, to all persons having claims against MARY FOUNG, late of the City of New-York, deceased, to produce the same, to wit:

IN PURSUANCE OF AN ORDER OF THE
Surrogate of the County of New-York, notice is hereby
given to all persons having claims against DR. JOHN H.
BROOKS, or the Estate of the said Dr. John H. Brooks,
who have not previously received payment thereon, to
appear before the Surrogate of the County of New-York,
on or before the 11th day of October, next, at the City
of New-York, April 6, 1866. MARY YOUNG, Executrix.
ago-lawson W*

846 New York, U.S.A.
 015-1awm Wm. FREDERICK W. READ, Exporter.

IRON AND HARDWARE.
CAST-IRON SCREW JOINTED FITS.
 FOR WATER, STEAM OR GAS—CHEAPER THAN
 WROUGHT-IRON OR LEAD, AND MORE DURABLE.
 Of 1½ and 2 inches diameter.
 CERTIFICATE OF THOS. DAVISON, Esq., ENGINEER,
 OFFICE OF THE NEWLY LAM WORKS,
 NEW YORK.

GENTLEMEN: I have tested with hydraulic pressure the best of the best Sew-jointed Pipes manufactured at your works. They stood the test of 1,000, 2,000, and 3,000 pounds per square inch. This is very much more pressure than will be required for ordinary steam-heating or steam-connections, or for any purposes where water-pipes are used.

I would also say, that for conveying water or gas under great pressure, Cast-iron Pipes are preferable to Wrought, as they are not so liable to corrode in the same period of use.

JOHN REGENCY TRICE DAVIDSON
 For sale at the Foundry Co.'s Warehouse, No.
 12 Water-st., New-York, by CHAS. J. SHEPARD.
BAY STATE TOOL COMPANY—NORTH
AMPELON, MASS.
 Manufacturers of
FIELD HOES.
PLANTERS' HOES.
MANURE FORKS.
SPADING FORKS.
HAY FORKS.
GARDEN RAKES.

For sale by the Company's only agents,
BUSSING, CROCKEY & DODGE,
 No. 23 Cliff-st., New-York.

**METALS, HARDWARE, MANUFACTURE-
 REK'S MATERIALS, &c.**

Black Tin,	Old Copper,	Old Lead,	Spelter,
Antimony,	Ingot Copper,	Pig Lead,	Solder,
Asphalt,	Brassier's Copper,	Sheet Lead,	Pig Iron.
	A.L.S.O.		
Cut Nails,	Pump Chain,	Arre,	Files,
Wrought Nails,	Wagon Axles,	Shovels,	Vices,

guts, Bolls,	Hanging Furs,	Crow Bars,	Andvls,
Whears,	Home Shoes,	Picks,	Bellogs,
	Cast Steel,	Fink's Crumblins,	
Cardine Oil,	German Steel,	Hardware Paper,	
Hard Oils,	Iron Wire,	Manila Paper,	
Whale Oil,	Press and Copperd,	Mollus Piles,	
Excess Engrs,	Sheet Brass,	Bellogs Nails,	

For sale at low rates by
DELAPIERRE & LOCKWOOD, Nos. 21 and 23 Day St.

**SHEET LEAD, LEAD PIPE, SHOT AND
 BAR LEAD.**—A constant supply on hand and for sale.

Recent prices are as follows: ♦
Sheet Lead, 5 1/2 c.
Lead Pipe, 5 1/2 c.
Drop Shot, 5 1/2 c.
Buck Shot, 7 1/2 c.
Bar Lead, 5 1/2 c.
All articles will be made to regular dealers. All the
best articles are of superior quality.
For sale by McCullough's Shot and Lead Company,
59 Front-st. J. McCULLOUGH, Pres.

PLANES, &c. Also, for STANDING RIGGS
Vessels of every description, and BASH WEIGHTS FOR
WINDS.
JACOBS' CROFT'S STEAM GAUGES, DUDGON'S
HYDRAULIC JACKS, ALLEN & NOYES' METAL-
LIC PACKING, &c. for STEAM VESSELS.
ENGINES, BOILERS, and MACHINERY bought and
sold. Also, for COAL and OIL.
Consulting Engineer, No. 66 Broadway, New-York.
Also, PLANS and SPECIFICATIONS prepared.

OILS AND PAINTS.

EXTRA REFINED RESIN OIL.
WADSWORTH'S EXTRA REFINED RESIN OIL,
FREE FROM DISAGREABLE ODOR AND
WARRANTED to be well adapted for the following pur-
poses:
"BOILED OIL," of a superior grade for "PAINT-
ING."
"MACHINERY OIL," prepared for "RAILROADS,
MILLS, FACTORIES," and all classes of MACHIN-
ERY; particularly adapted to GOLD WEATHER-
TANNERS' "CURRERS' OIL," for mixing with
"TANNING" oils.

"FOR GAS," adopted to all the "GAS APPARATUS"
now in use.
"FOR PRINTERS' INK, BLACKING, LINE-
MENTS," and various purposes in the Printing Art.
Ours are very low in price, manufactured with
great care by an improved process of distillation and re-
fining, and offer to dealers more encouragement than any
else in the market.
DANIEL WADSWORTH & CO., Manufacturers,
No. 166 Pearl St., corner Pine-st.
IRVING MONTAGNE ZINC COMPANY OF
NEW YORK AND FRANCE.

The sub-contractors, Agents of this Company, are prepared to supply dollars with their various products, on liberal terms, viz.:

ZINC WHITE PAINT, more brilliant in color and more durable than lead.

SHEATHING ZINC AND NAILS, for sheathing vessels.

SHEET ZINC, of extra size and thickness, for manufacturing purposes.

ROOFING ZINC, of various descriptions.

Contracts made for the roofing of stores and large buildings under the supervision of experienced Parisian architects.

STRONG & SMITH, No. 4 Broad-st., New-York.
SAVING-FOR BOOTS & CO. 1/4 CTS. PER POUND
 of the best quality of the following goods:—
 Wool's boiled oil, 15 cents per gallon. White lead, 1
 cent per pound, and also white, 8 cents per pound. For
 to by **SMITH & FREEDAY, 715 Madison-Ave., N. Y.**

LINEN PLAYING CARDS.
LINEN PLAYING CARDS.—SOUTHERN AND

Working lumber and oak houses will find it profitable
to purchase from the above named parties cards, of all quantities
of the Grand Old Philadelphia Card Factory of HAM-
MILL HART & CO., No. 1 Barclay-st., opposite Adams-
square.

ning was occupied with addresses and de-
vices.

[illegible]

and the centre of a large hall. It has been
conducted by Mrs. C. Howard.
There are several colored men. Self-educator.

Mrs. Dumas
Mrs. Plummer, Self-adoring. Miss Florence

HIGHLY PRICED DRY GOODS STORE IN NEW-

A LADY'S BOUDOIR.

Magnificent Drawing Room, etc.,
with dancing, by MISS JESSIE BARRIS and MR. Q.

The Overture and First Act, by the Orchestra,
of the GRAND OPERA HOUSE, in which Mrs.
C. Howard will sing the part of Desdemona.
The second act is a comic scene at a street-house, called
WHORE DO YOU LOVE?

WALLACE'S THEATRE.
Doors open at six o'clock commencing at 7:
Encomium of
WALLACE,
THURSDAY, Oct. 20.
The night of Coleman's fine play of
THE IRON CHEST.
on Tuesday evening, by one of the most crowded

ever seen in this Theatre, with the greatest success.

Mr. Mortimer. Mr. Wallace.
Mr. Howard. Mr. Lester.
Mr. Boyd. Mr. Walscott.
Mr. Hoey, Mr. Dyott, Miss Gannon, &c., &c., &c., &c.

Time in this theatre of a farce, entitled
THE FINE FELLOW
MORROW—LONDON ADVANCE.

Miss; Mr. Lester, Mr. Walscott, Mrs. Hoey and
Gannon in the cast.

Box book opens three days in advance.

BUCKLEY'S SERENADES.
NEW HALL.
No. 558 Broadway, opposite Niblo's Garden.
The great success and most flattering reception of
this unique opera has been everywhere.

TROVATORE.
The repeated all this week, together with
ETHIOPIAN MINSTRELS.
The grandest success at 75¢ and 50¢ seats.
See Seats 40 cents.

THE GREAT EVENING. No. 5, will be produced
on **FRIDAY THE 22ND OF MARCH** at 7 o'clock
at the great G. SWAINE BUCKLEY in the the-

ACADEMY OF MUSIC
on the nights of the opera, for concerts, lectures,
accommodation for 4,000 persons. Prices per night
including light.

DALL GRABOW,
prices for ball-nights has been reduced to \$900 a
night, for the convenience of all who desire to give
concerts, together with the lighting and flooring. Apply
to N. H. WOLFE, of the Executive Committee, No. 8
St. Louis.

HARBURG'S EVENING CONCERTS,
AND MATINEES.
The first Evening Concert will take place
On MONDAY NEXT.
At NIBLO'S SALOON.
See notices in future advertisements.

THE AMERICAN MUSICAL THEATRE
will perform at HARBOUR LIGHTS, SATURDAY
EVENING, TOM THUMB AS TOM TIT,
THE GREAT FAIRY PRINCESS, THE
PRECEDENT, DRIP DROPPERS, THE
GOLDEN KEY, and WEDNESDAY AND SATURDAY
MORNING, THE GREAT FAIRY PRINCESS, THE
TIT, and TOM THUMB as his unique character, *The*
Dances, New Jarses, etc. *The GREAT*

LADY, &c. all to be seen. Admission
 Children under ten, 10c.
DOUGLASS'S BOWERY THEATRE
 The African Burial Ground and African
 50 cents; Boxes, 50 cents; Pit and Gallery, 10c.
 Private Boxes, of THIS EVENING, OCT. 23,
 reserved for the Play of
THE STRANGER
 by Mrs. McDougal / Mrs. Haller. Med. Pencil
 conclude with
POCAHONTAS
 by Mrs. McDougal / Pencil and Mrs. McDougal.
THEY'S NATIONAL THEATRE - 50 cents
 50 cents; Pit, 10c; Boxes, 50 cents; Orchestra Chairs, 10c.
 Boxes, 50 cents. THIS EVENING, OCT. 23, the am-
 ment to commence with the drama of
LAMP-LIGHTER
 Gerty..... 10c. Caroline Howard.
 The following will be the play of
GOLDEN AGE
 conclude with the Irish Historical Drama of the
INVASION OF IRELAND
CRYSTAL PALACE - THE LADIES GREAT
 AIR will be shown in this magnificent structure, Nov. 23,
 and continue for 10 days. It will be the most at-
 tractive and interesting sight to be seen in New York.

MONTHS CELEBRATED BAND will give a
 EVERY EVENING during the fall. Fur-
 ticulars will be published in time.

**ABBOTT'S CELEBRATED EGYPTIAN
 SUSAU**—The most popular, attractive and instructive
 in the country. The celebrated author of
 of literary taste and refinement. Is now open at
 Lyttelton Institute, No. 639 Broadway. Admission.

**CECKLENS' AUTOMATON CLAR-
 IPIER** will be on exhibition this week at 11
 Church, No. 549 Broadway, from 11 A. M. to 10
 Admission 25 cents.

**WEDGWOOD'S GALLERY, No. 497 Broad-
 way**—The best collection of paintings in this coun-
 try contains 120 Paintings. Open day and evening
 and 25 cents.

MILLINERY.
 FRENCH FLOWERS,
 FEATHERS
 CHENILLE STRAW BUTTONS,
 VELVET ORNAMENTS,

and
MILLINERY GOODS FOR CASH,
at
Nos. 64 and 66 John st., corner of William.
HOMER & KETCHUM.

KNITTING BONNETS,
CAPS, AND HEAD-DRESSES,
and Winter styles, new open at
Ward & Mountain Store,
No. 67 Broadway,
Opposite Broadway Hotel.

GRAND OPENING OF WINTER BON-
NETS for dress and evening wear, on Thursday
evening, at W. JACKSON'S Millinery Store, No. 64
way, between Spring and Prince sts.

MUSICAL INSTRUMENTS.

CHAMBERS' PIANO-FORTES.
O. 38 BROADWAY, NEAR WILEY ST.
arranged in every respect for sale and to hire.
T. H. CHAMBERS, No. 326 Broadway.

KAUFMIL ROSEWOOD OCTAVE

OLD. Over a good score, but has not yet
been. Has no further use for the piano, as it
is too old to be used. It is for sale at
A. E. M., No. 519 Broadway, between the hours of 8
and 7 o'clock P. M., where can be seen
a large and a large number of
A. E. M., and other Melodons, all of which are for sale on
reasonable terms. Names and melodons to let.

SALTPREVIEWMENT IN PIANO-PORTES.
For the RIGHT HAND. The
BROWN-SAL, respectfully invite attention to their
recent concert, with the potent and wonderful
produced in this instrument.

GAINS.—ONE EOLIA-PIANO, MADE BY
GAIN, in good order, which cost \$250, for \$125;
and a second-hand grand piano, with
barmontino and several melodons, in perfect con-
dition, \$25 each. New piano, melodons and bar-
s, and piano stools, at low prices.

T. G. TORDON, No. 297 Broadway.

NO-PORTES.—WILLIAM MILLER'S MOD-
erned piano, with & without saltpre.
For the RIGHT HAND. The
BROWN-SAL, respectfully invite attention to their
recent concert, with the potent and wonderful
produced in this instrument.

[illegible]

DR. JOHN RESTORATIVE WORK
and making, why hair oil, cream and ointment.
Dr. GOUBAUD'S old established Dispensary, No. 69
CHURCH ST., first store from Broadway, Man-
hattan, Brooklyn, and adjacent suburbs.

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1994

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twenty days after the service of this summons, or
 exclusive of the day of service; and if you fail
 to appear, the complaint in this action will apply to the Court for the
 judgment of the Court. Dated May 12, 1936.
 BUTLER, EVARTS & SOUTHWAY, Plaintiff's Attorneys.
 Complaint herein was filed on the 30th day of
 August, 1936.
 BUTLER, EVARTS & SOUTHWAY, Plaintiff's Attorneys.

"FEDERAL COUNTY COUNTY OF KINGS."
 THE NATIONAL FIRE INSURANCE COMPANY
 OF NEW YORK, Plaintiff, vs. JAMES H. HANOVER, JOHN
 EDWIN BUTLER, JOHN EVARTS and JANE N. WHITE, CHARLES
 EDWARD CORNELIUS and S. ROOSEVELT, DEFENDANTS.
 -Sunt No. 4.-To the defendants above named:
 You are hereby notified that you are required
 to appear in this action, which is required
 to be tried in the County of Kings, in the City
 of New York, on the 12th day of August, 1936, at
 the Court of the Clerk of the County of Kings, in the City
 of New York, at the clock of the Court, and to
 answer to the said complaint on the matters therein
 set forth. If you fail to appear on the said
 day, or to the said complaint on the matters therein
 set forth, the complaint in this action will apply to the Court for the
 judgment of the Court. Dated May 12, 1936.
 BUTLER, EVARTS & SOUTHWAY, Plaintiff's Attorneys.
 Complaint herein was filed as above on the 30th day
 of August, 1936.
 BUTLER, EVARTS & SOUTHWAY, Plaintiff's Attorneys.

[illegible]

in the city of Brooklyn, on the 24th day of July,
1876. Th^o F. M. F. & Co.,
Plaintiffs, Attorneys.

PURSUANCE OF AN ORDER OF THE
court of the County of Cook, made in heretofore given,
and directed to law, all persons having claims against
J. H. A. PRATT, late of Sag Harbor, merchant,
and deceased, and his real estate to which the said
court has jurisdiction, to the subscribers, the administrators
at the office of Samuel Thompson, in Sag Harbor,
before the 1st day of November, 1876. Dated
22, 1876.

SAMUEL THOMPSON, Administrator,
RAUL T. PRATT, Administrator.

PURSUANCE OF AN ORDER OF THE
court of the County of New York, which is hereby
made known to all persons having claims against
J. H. A. PRATT, late of the City of New York, contractor,
and deceased, to present their claims to the subscribers,
at the office of No. 13 Broad Street, in the
City of New York, on or before the 24th day of March,
1877. Dated New York, 22d day of March, 1876.

E. F. TREADWELL,
MAXWELL WOODHULL, } Executors.

to all persons having claims against OLIVER DUNNING, of the City of New York, notice is hereby given that the undersigned is hereby to all persons having vouchers thereof, to the undersigned at his residence, No. 72 Christopher St., in the City of New York, on or before the 21st day of April next. Dated New York, the 1st day of October, 1864.

WILLIAM H. DUNNING, Executor.
HARRIS DENNING, Esq., atty.

—law firm

PURSUANCE OF AN ORDER OF THE
Supt. of the County of New York, notice is hereby given that the undersigned is hereby to all persons having vouchers thereof, to the undersigned at his residence, No. 72 Christopher St., in the City of New York, on or before the 21st day of April next. Dated New York, the 1st day of October, 1864.

WILLIAM H. DUNNING, Executor.
HARRIS DENNING, Esq., atty.

—law firm

PURSUANCE OF AN ORDER OF THE
Supt. of the County of New York, notice is hereby given that the undersigned is hereby to all persons having vouchers thereof, to the undersigned at his residence, No. 72 Christopher St., in the City of New York, on or before the 21st day of April next. Dated New York, the 1st day of October, 1864.

WILLIAM H. DUNNING, Executor.
HARRIS DENNING, Esq., atty.

—law firm

PURSUANCE OF AN ORDER OF THE
JAMES H. GILBERT, J.P., Surrogate of the County
of New York, notice is hereby given, according to law, to all persons having claims against **HENRY W. TOWNE**, deceased, who are required to present them, with vouchers therefor, to said Surrogate, at his office, in the City of New York, on or before the first day of April next—
Dated July 2, 1896.
SAMUEL C. WILSON,
Administrator.

PURSUANCE OF AN ORDER OF THE
JAMES H. GILBERT, J.P., Surrogate of the County
of New York, notice is hereby given, according to law, to all persons having claims against **JAMES M. BROWN**, deceased, who are required to present them, with vouchers therefor, to said Surrogate, at his office, in the City of New York, on or before the first day of April next—
Dated July 2, 1896.
CLARENCE A. KIRK,
Administrator.

PURSUANCE OF AN ORDER OF THE
JAMES H. GILBERT, J.P., Surrogate of the County
of New York, notice is hereby given, according to law, to all persons having claims against **HENRY W. TOWNE**, deceased, who are required to present them, with vouchers therefor, to said Surrogate, at his office, in the City of New York, on or before the first day of April next—
Dated July 2, 1896.
SAMUEL C. WILSON,
Administrator.

THE AUTHOR OF THE FRAG-
MENTS OF THE
MATHAN T. TROTT

Concourse of Citizens at the Academy of Music.

[illegible]

100-443887-100

[illegible]

NEW YORK, FRIDAY, MAY 1, 1942.

most sacredly declare, that if elected, I will sign no order of appropriation until it has passed both branches of the Common Council, by a two-third vote,—which will cheapen food, rents and clothing, and enable the people to slip their hands with- out paying a cent.

I shall print no tickets, nor employ strikers, nor take any money from the people for any special service. All who vote for me must write my ballots thus:

For Mayor.

STEWART BRANCH.

Pencil mark will not be legal. But the above must be written with the purest jet-black ink. And I respectfully suggest that the people of each block form a committee of five, and purchase 100 sheets of paper for 4 cents. And if 19 sheets will not suffice, quite a large quantity is required, the four cent sheets being the best. And as every voter has pen and ink, the expense will be very small. In this way, I may possibly be elected.

As well to the tranquil mind: Farewell content:
Farewell the plumed troop and the big chair
That have thrived on a warfare with a peace;
Farewell the fast ages and the swift triumphs;
Farewell the piercing day that separates the days;
Farewell the American beard and the American eye;
Farewell the pride, pomp, and circumstance of a glorious Mayor,
Farewell the American heart that beats in 20 cent throats
And the immortal Jew's dream of a golden city.
Farewell! poor Browning's occupation's gone,
Farewell! poor Browning's occupation's gone.

STEWART BRANCH.

PRICE TWO CENTS

[illegible]

Address of the Republican State Committee of
New-York.—Address of the American State

in working the guano, these Sandwich Islands head-quarters for apples and lemons, and the only place where the cargo might return with freights of this kind, and the only place where the cargo might be sold here and sent from San Francisco, touching here for fuel, etc., for the voyage to the island.

HONOLULU, Monday, Aug. 25, 1885.
PRACTICE, and says his friends advise him to go to the United States for further information. He will not leave at the end of the month, but after a cargo to the United States.

That depends upon the report of the Federal and he gets from his friends. He will go to the United States, and will not leave here now, but as I advised, visit, hire a schooner when he can go and get the cargo from here, and sail with native in any weather.

Your report of the case of John Montanye K Daily, reported in yesterday's Times, it should have been stated as for the defense.

—BRAZIL, ST. LOUIS.—The United States steamer will forward letters to the Brazil steamer, and the passengers addressed to the steamer, and all packages sent to their rooms at night, and by Friday next will be forwarded.

—CHAMBERS GOVART, belonging to the United States Coast-Surveying steamer No. 200, at the foot of Thirteenth-street, N. E., was accidentally falling overboard from that vessel, has not been recovered.

the Republican State Committee of
Address of the American State

[illegible]

[illegible]

NEW-YORK.

Republican Address.

TO THE REPUBLICANS, AND FRIENDS OF FREEDOM,
AND THE RIGHTS OF WHITE LABOR.

The events of the last few weeks are full of instruction and encouragement to you. You have seen the Slave-Democracy utterly routed in Iowa, Maine and Vermont; by the most unparalled reverses of vote as indicate the firm establishment of the principle of the right of Constitutional Liberty, Speech, of the Press and of the Territories of the Confederacy. In Pennsylvania you have witnessed, in the election of minor State Officers, that Democratic stronghold, so fiercely assailed by the friends of Freedom as to drive its defenders to the most stupendous frauds, the most reckless bribes, the wholesale importation of foreign soldiers, and almost human sacrifices of the principle who were unfortunately had position enough to lead a large portion of the American Party into a support of the corrupt designs of the Buchanan Pro-Slavery leaders of that State. With all these wicked and unprincipled aids, the result shows the annihilation of more than eight thousand of our opponents in majority on their Slavery ticket, and, as a return in the State, a majority of the popular vote given for Members of Congress.

The four preceding Presidential elections have shown the remarkable fact that on the average 50,000 more citizens of Pennsylvania have voted for President than have exercised the franchise at the State election held in October. The election just held there has convinced the honest portion of the American Party that the cause of the oppressed colored people is the cause of Slavery. An equitable and perfect union of a free man opposed to Slavery Extension has been effected, and there is in our minds little doubt that the vote of the Keystone State will be given by a decided majority, on the 4th of November next, against the slaveholders and abettors of the scheme to extend human bondage of the poor white man, as well as of the negro, as the National Institution over our uncaptured Territories. Intelligence renders the cause of the oppressed colored people popular in Pennsylvania, New York, New England, New Jersey, Massachusetts, Rhode Island, Connecticut, Michigan, Illinois, Wisconsin, Iowa, Ohio, Indiana, New Jersey, California, and every part of this State indicates the overwhelming triumph of the cause of the oppressed colored people. Republican institutions, based on the Declaration of Independence and instituted by the Constitution over the iniquitous designs of Slavery propagandists. The struggle is admitted to be narrowed to Frazar and the slaveholders. The American Party is the only organization in daily indication of the noble sacrifice of party prejudices upon the altar of the country's destiny. Their reward will be to witness his glorious advances in all the arts of peaceful progress, and the general diffusion of intelligence and virtue among its citizens of all conditions in life.

Whether free labor shall make our Territories small with happiness and plenty, or slave labor be encouraged to grow, is the question which the ballot box will decide. The future of our country, the well-being of our people, is so far determined as the result of the election. The principles on which the Republican Party base their action are eternal, and the effort for their establishment will never be intermitted within this country, by a retrograde course, now attempted to be initiated by Southern Slaveholders, shall depend by logic, on the equality in civil rights, and the life of all the men.

The Republican Party is but an infant, but, I trust, it is capable, if its energies are exerted, strangling the monsters sent to destroy its existence. It should decide this struggle now. A continued contest will embitter already existing public mind. The effort now made will result in the triumph of an expression of the Free North, that the evil designs which endanger our Union will be abandoned as hopeless in their prosecution.

Arouse, then, ye friends of free soil, free speech and free press, and make the potent voice of New-York speak in its loudest tones the popular will that Slavery shall be segregated from our men, and that no more shall be admitted by common consent, to Freedom its beneficent allies, Industry, Education and pure Religion.

To insure victory—

MAKE A CANVASS OF VOTERS,
AND A POLL LIST:
GET YOUR VOTERS EARLY AT THE POLL
WATCH THE FRAUDULENT AND ILLEGAL
VOTERS:
HAVE COMPETENT CHALLENGERS:
TAKE CARE OF YOUR ASSEMBLYMEN,
YOUR CONGRESSMEN,
YOUR ELECTORAL TICKET:
YOUR STATE TICKET:
ATTEND THE CANVASS OF VOTES, AND SEE
THAT INSPECTORS DO THEIR DUTY.

Consider your duty discharged as long as the
votes are not canvassed.

Do this and you will triumph. A few days only
left: devote them to this great cause, that you may
always have the reflection of having aided in preserv-
ing the liberties which the patriots of 1776 derived
their lives, their fortunes and their sacred honor
establish.

EDWIN D. MORGAN, Albany
JAMES D. DUNN, New-York.
JAMES B. TAYLOR, "
D. DUDLEY FIELD, "
JOSEPH BLISS, "
JAMES V. NYE, "
JOHN L. SCHOOLCRAFT, "
DEODATUS WRIGHT, "
JOSEPH DAVIS, Albany.
C. M. B. DAVENPORT, "
C. P. WILLIAMS, "
ABRAHAM R. OLIN, Troy.
JAMES FORESTER, "
PHILIP DORSELMER, Buffalo.
E. G. SPAULDING, "
LEVI C. TUCKER, Cooperstown.
STANDISH BARRY, Herkimer.
LEVI DIMMICK, Rhinehampton.
STEPHEN C. DODD, Delhi.
DANIEL T. JONES, Syracuse.
ALLEN MUDGE, "
A. G. RICE, Ellenville.
S. M. BURGHOFFS, Medina.
J. A. WYOMING, "
CHAS. R. SHEPHERD, Adams.
CLARK R. COCHRAN, Schoenady.
GILES H. BAKER, Washington.
WILLIAM CARP, Saratoga.
HENRY I. BURCHARD, Oneida.
Republican State Committee
ALBANY, Saturday, Oct. 25, 1854.

American Address.

— AMERICANS OF THE STATE OF NEW-YORK —

The results of the elections in Indiana and Pennsylvania, and the present divided strength of the Administration Party in the latter State, prove the utter impossibility of the election of the Republican candidate by the people. In Congress, to which the election will now be referred, a group of his friends

virtually out of the field, and is kept running solely to carry State officers, members of Congress and local officers of the Y. M. C. A. and other organizations, to the Democratic and American candidates, and to the principles and measures each represents.

Many of you have approved the principles of the Republican Party, and you have seen the results which have been carried out; but, deluded by the declaration of political leaders into the belief that the Republican Party is the only party which will save the Union from the Slave State, you have divided the Northern strength and kept aloof from those with whom all Protestants unite. Now you can see that the system of Ohio, where the brethren of their own country, have given the Administration five members of Congress who they before had none.

What has been maintained in the other Northern States will bring about the very results you so deeply deplore.

Between the Democratic and American candidates, where now should your choice be placed, and to which would you rather intrust the welfare of Kansas? Would you rather have the welfare of Kansas and the Union in the hands of the commonwealth? Again, if your indignation has been excited by the action of the ballot-box in that unfortunate Territory, remember that the Union has been assailed by the Slave State, and that the Government has not passed the borders of that Territory, ten thousand men stand ready to defend you at the polls in November.

[illegible]

patriotism of its principles. Rally, then, once more
for your native-born rights, your Protestant institutions
and the preservation of the Union, and the
crowning victory will be ours.

E. B. JEWETT, of Erie.
I. SPRAGUE PARSONS, ALBANY.
J. M. MILLER, New-York.
JOHN ORA, New-York.
OSBORN ROOT, Schenectady.
J. A. SMITH, Washington.
A. H. PIERCE, New-York.
ABRAHAM LAURENCE, Schenectady.
LYMAN ODELL, Livingston.
O. C. WRIGHT, Niagara.
American State Central Committee.

**The District Attorney on Election Frauds and
Middlemen.**

**TO THE ELECTIONS AND ELECTION INSPECTORS OF THE
COUNTY OF SEABOARD.**

The General Election Law of this State contains the following provisions: (1 R. S. 384.)

"It shall be the duty of the District Attorney in the county in which he is appointed, to be committed to adopt effectual measures for the punishment of all persons who, without being legally qualified, shall vote, or attempt to vote, at any election."

"It shall be the duty of every Inspector of Elections to see that no person is admitted to vote at any election in this State, knowing that an offense has been committed under this act, or having good reason to believe that such an offense has been committed, who is not qualified to vote at the District Attorney of the county in which the offense shall have been committed, whose duty it shall be to adopt effectual measures for the punishment of all persons violating the provisions of this act."

A section of chapter 18, Laws of 1840, (being an act to amend the laws of this State in relation to the following stringent provision applicable to New-York City: "Any person voting more than once at the same election,") reads as follows: "Any person, having lawful right to vote, shall again offer to vote at the same election in said City shall be deemed guilty of a felony, and be punishable by imprisonment in the State Prison for a term not

It being the special duty of the undersigned "to adopt effectual measures" to bring offenders against the laws of the State to justice, and to cause the spirit as well as the letter of the statutes, no good citizen can avail at the desire of the District Attorney, to offer assistance against the elective franchise by timely caution and notice.

The undersigned, however, has also received information, that members of a regularly-organized body of persons, known as the "Citizens Association," are approaching the election in this city, in Brooklyn as Jersey City. This information, though not as yet of sufficient importance to require the undersigned to take any steps to proceed against any overt act, is regarded by the District Attorney as deserving the urgent attention of the undersigned, and he has accordingly directed his assistants to watch carefully the polls, and especially command attention the regard of all Inspectors in the exercise of their official duty, to guard against the possibility of any irregular or suspicious circumstance toward voters. For this reason, the undersigned has also directed his assistants to be particularly watchful of the conduct of voters, without waiting for the bystanders to interfere.

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from the canvassing place,—who shall call in a stranger not an original inspector to assist in any wise,—who shall adjourn (or to use the definition “put off”) to canvass to any other time or place,—or who shall not fully intermit his labors until the final adjournment,—or who shall seek to fix up,” the statements any other time or place than the law contemplates. Upon the closing of the polls the statute directs that the inspectors shall proceed to canvass the votes of the electors of the poll precinct, and with the closing of the polls, and the canvass, the canvassing place is nullified, and the canvass is ended.

The same act enjoins upon the Chairman of the election board to make proclamation as follows:

1. Of the whole number of votes in such box;
2. Of the whole number given for each person who has voted.

This proclamation, as is the meaning of the words "should be made with a loud and distinct voice," is to be made by the Chairman of the election board at the place where the ballot boxes are kept.

"All original ballots," rejected as defective must be attached to the statement; in order that the council can determine whether or not the common prescription has been followed.

All defective ballots be cast, to answer the question, "Is there a sample." I have known a sample annexed when the remainder existed only in the memory of the Inspector.

[illegible]

The undersigned trusts that the address by this speaker will have attracted the official attention and also that the importance of preserving the elective franchise, and of rigidly following all the wise formalities of the law will be sufficient apology, if one be needed, for this public intrusion upon electors and candidates.

[illegible]

To the Editor of the New-York Daily Times :
The extract you publish to-day from a gentleman who wants to be earnestly engaged for his fellow creatures, strikes one as more real than you treat it and if not true in his case, it is in thousands of others. There are numbers of men and of women in this City gifted with talents and with large means who are really doing nothing of use to themselves or to the world. They are not doing it because they have the thought that this is not quite what they are sent into the world for. Life, sometimes, seems sometimes, beside a round of games or meals. As you say nothing now could be more important than laying one's shoulder to the wheel in this tremendous crisis. The Republic is in danger ; and Freedom is being beaten down in our very midst. To vote, and abstain from voting for the Free cause, is now the first sinning.

But if, unfortunately, now the first cause should be protested, the evil will lie deeper than the surface. If votes are bought by the thousands: if ballot-boxes are stuffed, and inspectors bribed; if cheats and scoundrels get possession of our office, the blame will lie much on the latter class. *They have neglected their duty.* But the Irish are not the only cause of the street vagabond, a tremendous power—the right of suffrage—and yet they have not tried to fit him for this right. They have let each poor boy and girl grow up in ignorance or in crime; and now when these wretched people are sold like cattle, and carry in their hands the banner of the Republic, they are the cause of our society! The truth is, we must educate the ignorant and vicious, or they will govern us. Not only the ignorant, but the vicious, must be educated. An election would like to help raise up the degraded, and really prepare men to be citizens, or to be done to death. We must have a more intelligent people, and we can show them fields enough. There is no doubt

of indifference to any man or woman. And in this vast republic, where the people are so numerous, it is dangerous that he should be unemployed, or indifferent to the fellow-creatures.

C. L. B.
CHILMENDALE AID SOCIETY, Clinton Hall, Astor-place.

Another Excursion to the Fremont Cause.

JOHN B. FRY, a gentleman of talents and education, long a friend and correspondent of HENRY CLAY, as well as of most of the leading statesmen of our times, enjoying their respect, friendship and confidence in the highest degree, has abandoned the support of Mr. FILLMORE, and come out, and will be seen by the correspondence, as an avowed, warmly and enthusiastically in favor of the Republican candidates. Mr. Fry has hosts of ardent friends in all sections of the country, who will read his manly

letter with pride and satisfaction, and very many others will doubtless adopt his patriotic suggestions.

New-York, Thursday, Oct. 2, 1856.

JOHN W. FAY, Esq.;—Dear Sir: Your views and opinions upon political economy, and the importance to us just now, and we beg to say your expression of them.

Your devotion to Mr. Fillmore's well known cause, which we do not complain of, and which ought we to do in this crisis? With great respect, Your faithful friends and obedient servants,

JAMES T. STAGG, JOHN J. ROSS,
HENRY HURAY.

New-York, Wednesday, Oct. 29, 1856.

GENTLEMEN:—Your day's delay in reaching me, and I proceed to answer it at once, must be very brief, which I beg you will excuse.

You are correct, when you speak of my devotion to the Union, and the preservation of the Union, and down to the present hour, I have done all I could to advance his progress towards the Presidency; but for some time past, I have been so much occupied with other matters, that I have not been able to do so much as I could possibly be elected either to the Senate or

the House of Representatives, should the contest finally carried there. To me, this is a painful condition of affairs, and I am sure it is to the people. I am sure, as you invite me to do so, than to play a false and double game, as I verily believe thousands of professed friends, both North and South, are doing in fact.

You inquire, "What ought we to do in this crisis?" For my own bumble part, I think I have a plan duly laid out before me to perform, and that is to do all I can to defeat the election of JAMES BUCHANAN, and of course to elect FRANKLIN PIERCE, and to elect a President and Vice President viz: ly a cordial, united, and earnest support of COL. J. FRANKLIN FREMONT. I have to request that you will not supersede my voice, for one moment, that I embrace this alternative course.

If the attitude of COL. FREMONT before the country should be regarded as sectional, that of Mr. BUCHANAN should not be looked upon as far more so. I might offer this suggestion, that I should not be understood by my own mind as in support of this assumption, but that I have already brought before the public, clearly and convincingly, and requires no additional elucidation, either at my hand or that of others.

Yours truly,
Wm. L. GAY

Wm. L. Gay, Editor of the Standard, leaves for the issue with the Freeman of the United States.

one week's time we may expect to get their "views and opinions," and who can doubt that they will sell, hence, for four years to come, all these threats of secession and disunion, of which we hear so much, but the triumphant election to the Presidency of the gallant JOHN C. FEMMERT? To this end, I fain would invoke the hearty and patriotic cooperation of every friend I possess in the country.

To Messrs. M. N. Jones, George H. Wheeler, John F. Fry,
T. Wallace, and others.

PENNSYLVANIA.

Millers and Demolish Mass Meeting—United
Electoral Ticket Endorsed—Elihu D.
Swaced.

In answer to a call for a grand **Millers Mass Meeting**, a large concourse of people assembled at Second-street and Germantown Road, Philadelphia, last Wednesday evening.

The meeting being unanimously adopted, resolutions were read and unanimously adopted, amid much enthusiasm:

Resolved, That the **Native American Party of 1864**, and the present **American Party**, have always had one object in view—the promotion of American men, American issues, and American principles; and while we are, as having fared at various political periods with the Old and New Parties, we are now in common cause with the **Lafayette** and the **Lafayette**, and those friends being successful, and if carried out upon National principles, will ever be a truly great and noble effort, and we are in common cause with a due regard to as honorable **United Electoral Ticket**. Pennsylvania will cast a large and increased vote for the

[illegible]

The speaker concluded with remarks upon the origin of the American Party in 1844.

He was followed by Hon. Wm. Millward and Jacob A. Jones, who advocated the Union electoral ticket, and the proceedings at National Hall on Monday night.

The meeting then adjourned with cheers for FILLMORE and DOUGLASS, and the Union electoral ticket.

FRANKLIN, Tuesday, June 23.—Franklin, the De-

Secretary preparing for a renewal of the Election Frauds.
From the Pittsburgh Daily Journal, Oct. 29.
 Let the Republicans of Pittsburgh be vigilant. There are indications about the city that our opponents are busily engaged in preparing for a renewal of this Presidential election. You may see foreigners standing upon the streets in squads. Ask them their business, and with an evasive look they will tell you they are waiting for the river to rise. Mark their words; they will wait until the afternoon of Nov. 4th, or the morning of Nov. 5th, and *not one day longer*. Not a man will be seen in the streets, and the voters will announce their willingness to vote the Republican ticket. "In case we'll do what is right," meaning in all probability, if Fremont will bid higher for their votes, they will vote the Democrats.
 Below we give the names of thirteen persons who recently arrived in the city and have been traced to their homes as busily engaged as a private dwelling, in the Fifth ward:
 Dennis McCarthy, Richard O'Brien, James McDonough, Peter O'Brien, Thomas J. Murphy, Thomas O'Brien, Stephen Simpson, Roger Plannings, James Moore, John McManus, James Duffy and Patrick Corcoran.

Progress of Fusion in Pennsylvania.
From the Philadelphia Bulletin.

Hon. A. J. Brown, one of the late Filmore State Convention, and elector at large on the Filmore State ticket, says Monday's *Harrisburg Telegraph*, is out in favor of the Union electoral ticket, and that he will not vote for the Filmore ticket. This announcement is made upon the authority of the *American Standard*, the home organ of the Filmore ticket. It is a very curious statement, and will publish his withdrawal, as he will use the name of this gentleman to deceive the Filmore Party.

Read what the *Standard* says:

"Hon. A. J. Brown," it says, "stands at the head of the straight Filmore electoral ticket, is for the Union ticket. He says every man who is not for the Union ticket is a traitor. This is his own remark to us and hundreds of others."

Gen. JOSEPH D. SHERMAN, of Perry County, denials the above statement, and says that the Filmore "democratic oligue," that he will not serve on the Union ticket. He is on the ticket heart and soul, and will

The Adams *Smelter* (Geltsbach) announces the Union Ticket, and puts up FILLMORE and FREMONT saying:

"It is now our duty to elect that ticket. It can be done, and we must do it. There was a reserve bank of votes of Grover, which could have changed the complexion of the County politics, had it been where it might have been, and were it will be, unless we are able to get it. It is our duty to elect that ticket, and into the contest, therefore, with the bright hope that we shall give a vote on the 4th of November which will assuage our enemies. Freemen of Adams! be sure to vote for the Union Ticket."

D. D. H. B. PROWSE, formerly of Butler County but now of the Montour American, has been doing very much for the Union Ticket. He is an ardent American, well-known as such, but has been laboring faithfully for the Union Ticket for some time. He is now working hard for the Union Ticket.

"The Fremont Club of Carbonade, (Luzerne County) has been doing very much for the Union Ticket."

This gallant little borough gave 104 majority for the Union State ticket."

A letter from Johnston says:

"The Fillmore men at Johnston were so aware of last evening in considerable force, to decide the question of their support of the Union Electoral ticket. They unanimously characterized their proceedings, and after an impartial exposition of its basis and necessity, they resolved to give their undivided support. Their decision, if faithfully fulfilled, will insure a marked decrease in the number of votes for the Union ticket. It is to its original and more honest number, which does not exceed six hundred votes.

One of the *Indiana Independent* raises the Union Electoral ticket."

NEW-JERSEY.

The Fallers at Fessler-Springs from the

Fillmore Ranks to Fremont.
Correspondence of the New-York Daily Times.
Essex County, N. Y., Thursday, Oct. 20, 1856.
Inclosed I send you a appeal their brethren from 94 ex-members of a council in Essex County, N. J. Notwithstanding the fact that the selfish and designing leaders of the Fillmore party in our State are determined to prevent and oppose any public fusion between the Americans and Republicans, we feel confident that the disinterested and reflecting portion of the rank and file will support FREMONT at the eleventh hour. There will be thousands of secret votes cast for the Republican candidates by Americans who have never before voted for any party. We would like to mark the return of these unscrupulous Kar-Noths, friends, and to avoid being annoyed they keep their determination to themselves. It is the brazen determination of the Fillmore leaders to give the State to BUCHANAN—but we shall see if the true lovers of free

dom in our little State don't give them the slip. We have but two or three days more to work. — It is now shoulder to shoulder, man to man — and more will be accomplished in this eleventh hour than we can have had any idea of. BETA.

AMERICANS FOR FREEMONT.

We, the undersigned, heretofore acting with the American Party, and members of Council No. 9, and also of the support of the American Party in the county and State, to consider the fatal result to the principles they profess to hold so dear, by adhering to the support of WILLIAM FILLMORE and ANDREW DOUGLASS candidates. During the entire campaign we have not seen the shadow of an argument brought forward why we, as Americans, cannot conscientiously support the Republican candidates; but, to the contrary, we examine the position and antecedents of our Republican candidates, and find them to be the preference to JOHN C. FREEMONT and WILLIAM H. DAYTON. But from the late revelation of events, that question no longer between two parties; that of principle and the matter of expediency. The Republicans no longer exist, and we are forced to choose between the Democratic Party, with its

The boasting expressions of confidence in the resulting election can no longer avail. No sane man believes the assertion that MILLARD FILLMORE has the least prospect of success. Fellow-citizens, you now occupy the position of the supporters of JAMES BURNES in 1844, and

MARTIN VAN BUREN in 1848. Can you consent to be the instrument of designing leaders to place the power of our Government in the hands of a few men? Can you consent to the Democratic? The issues of former Presidential contests sink into insignificance in comparison with the momentous interests that are involved in this decision. The issue is this: in this crisis, shall posterity may not curse the dead.

We ask you, in the name of Freedom, why should the religion of the North be so divided as to permit a minority of the ignorant, the selfish and the designing to appropriate the great moral principles of the Constitution to the purpose of prostituting the sacred guarantees of the Constitution to the corrupt institution of Slavery?

Remember that after the 4th of November next, but two parties will exist. The Republican Party must become the great party of the North, standing forth as the defender of the principles of the Government as established by WASHINGTON, JEFFERSON and ADAMS, and as sustained by JACKSON, CLAY and FREEMAN. The principles represented by JAMES BUCHANAN over the Republicanism of JOHN C. FRANKLIN, and the demagogues of the party find any response in the rank and file of Americanism that is more former to the latter; for such a preference would

[illegible]

Some members of both parties have been desirous of effecting some arrangement which would accomplish this, while, at the same time, leaving to each party the right to make no sacrifice of principle and no change of position.

Quite a number of plans have been proposed, but we regret to say that yesterday, the committee having met not in this city, all were decided impracticable. It is true that the time was not ripe for a decision, but it is impossible to circulate among the voters a correct understanding of any terms of union that might be agreed on, and that the party would be distracted and in a position to do nothing.

We submit the correspondence which has taken place between the committees, in order that the plans

proposed may be properly understood:

The following was received at a session of the Fillmore and Democratic Committee, held at New York City, on the 10th inst.:

To Dr. CHARLES D. MCCREERY, Chairman of the Fillmore and Democratic State Executive Committee,—Dear Sir: The Republican Convention, assembled to-day at the American Hotel in this city, a Committee to confer with you, and to discuss the course to be pursued by the party in regard to your part. On behalf of the Committee,

THOMAS H. DUDLEY, Chairman.

TEKSTON, Oct. 17, 1864.

Please answer immediately.

To the above the following answer was returned:

THOMAS H. DUDLEY, Chairman of the Republican Committee,—Dear Sir: Your Communication is received, and will be answered as soon as possible. In the meantime, I am, with a Committee on your part to confer with you, and discuss the course to be pursued by the party in regard to your part.

CHARLES D. MCCREERY, Chairman.

The Fillmore Committee of Conference received the following from the Republican Committee:

To Messrs. A. S. LIVINGSTON, Dr. R. COATES, and R. COATES, Jr., of the Republican Committee, in New York City,—Dear Sirs: We are glad to hear of the cooperation the plan proposed in Pennsylvania, and we desire to know whether the Fillmore Party will concur in the plan, and if so, what course will be pursued therewith. Please answer to writing. Yours, &c.

To this the following reply, written by William Hamel,
was dispatched:

TRENTON HOUSE, OCT. 17, 1896.

THOMAS H. DUBLET, ESQ., CHAIRMAN REPUBLICAN
COMMITTEE—DEAR SIR: There having been a grant delay
in the meeting of the Republican Committee on the subject
position, and, during the interval of our correspondence,
a number of our Committees having left town, those who
remain are unable to meet at the time proposed as the
subject. By order of the Committee, Yours obediently,
CHARLES G. MOCHENSKY, Chairman.

The conference was adjourned until the next day,
at the adjournment of the Fillmore Committee, another
meeting of the two Committees on the 18th inst., was
held, at which time it was decided to meet again on the
both. The Fillmore Committee having been verbally
informed of the appointment of a new Committee of
the Republican Committee, the following
was sent:

TRENTON HOUSE, OCT. 18, 1896.

The Fillmore and Democratic Committees have
have appointed the following Committee of Conference
to confer with a similar Committee on the part of the

[illegible][illegible]

are now in session, and desire to know whether the Filmore and Donelson State Executive Committee are prepared to call a meeting of the members of the Executive Committees of Conference on the 24th inst. and the basis of which was submitted by you to us in writing. By order of the Filmore and Donelson State Executive Committee.

Dated Oct. 28, 1868. GEORGE B. GREEN, Chairman.

After a full consultation of some two hours, the following answer is returned:

THE EXECUTIVE COMMITTEE OF THE FILMORE AND DONELSON STATE EXECUTIVE COMMITTEE, TO THE SECRETARY OF THE CONFERENCE, TRENTON, OCT. 28, 1868.

Dear Sir:—We have the honor to acknowledge the receipt of your letter of the 27th inst., and in reply to inform you that we have this afternoon, together with many of their friends from different parts of the State, have consulted very generally with reference to the propriety of calling a meeting of the members of the two parties, and having had the entire matter under discussion, do unanimously decide that—although some would have preferred to call a meeting of the members of the two parties, but that the proposition made through your Committee on the 17th inst., on the basis of the Penniman plan, and also the basis of the 18th inst., is the best basis for the meeting of the two parties on the 24th inst. cannot possibly be effected, and we must, therefore, decline any further consideration of the matter.

Very respectfully,
C. G. MCCHESNEY, Chairman.
TO GEORGE B. GREEN, Chairman of Republican Committee.

KENTUCKY.

Democratic Address.

THE STATE CONSIDERED CRITICAL FOR BUCHANAN.

OFFICE OF THE DEMOCRATIC STATE
CENTRAL COMMITTEE, FRANKFORT, Oct. 22, 1896.

To the people of Kentucky:

FELLOW-CITIZENS: To encourage our friends in this State to renewed exertions, and to satisfy and assure the Democracy of the Union, the Democratic State Central Committee of Kentucky announces to you that it has called a meeting for the 25th inst., the 4th of November next, take position in the will of the great Democratic column.

The district, county, and all sub-Committees working in concert with this Committee, under the Democratic State organization, have sent in their reports. Communications have been received from our electors and speakers, and from the leading newspapers of the State. From these and other reliable sources of information, this Committee ascertains that the majority for BUCHANAN and BRECKINRIDGE will exceed 7,000. This majority is

that the result of the late contest in the Northern States will give the Democratic candidate the support of the large class of our fellow-citizens, who, regardless of old political associations and personal predilections, have determined to cast their votes where it will most avail for the preservation of the Union and the Constitution. This accession of strength will certainly swell our majority to a figure that will exceed the expectations of the most sanguine.

The Democracy have ever put their trust in the

virtue, intelligence and patriotism of the people, solely upon the present contest for the Presidency. To the charges that the Democratic Party, or its agents in Kentucky, have the means of having the State Government controlled by the imported vote, or brought to bear upon the corrupt candidates, this Committee, the best of the Democratic State organization, give a flat and unmitigated falsehood nail. The fact is, in the opinion of this Committee, to divert the attention of the people from the guilty operations of the Democratic Party, and the Democratic Press, the Democratic electors and speakers, have nobly performed their several duties in the contest. They have nobly and courageously predicted, to see that every vote is polled. The greatness of the stake will cause their attention to this all the more. They have nobly and patriotically called for the true Democracy of the great and glorious Kentucky, who bears aloft our standard and our banner, and who will not be deceived by the old and young, the veteran and the neophyte, alike to work with a seal and ardor, with a certainty of success never before felt in any contest in this State.

The certainty of our success in the national contest, no matter who opposes our candidates, or how many of our friends may be disappointed, is a foregone conclusion. We have met the combined forces of Know-

The ultimate or individual security in the New-York system, in addition to the capital, is that each Stockholder is responsible for an equal amount by way of assessment in case of failure. The individual liability in most of the old Joint-Stock concerns in London is unlimited, though the legal process of enforcing it, as shown in the recent disgraceful failure of the Royal British Bank, is extremely embarrassing. The new organizations are under the recent limited liability act of Parliament, the provisions of which are similar to the new Constitution of New-York.

Our explanations on this branch of the comparison under review, leave but little present room for reference to our Railway advantages. It is sufficient cause for national pride, to know that we have built twenty-three thousand miles of Railway, at a cost of eight hundred and twenty-five millions of dollars, in half the time that Great Britain has taken to build eight thousand five hundred miles at a cost of sixteen hundred and forty millions of dollars. Our productive lines pay from six to ten per cent.—in some instances twelve per cent.—therein, when industries pay from two to six per cent. Our Roads

irrely circulated through the Southern States, under the frank of its indorse, and here is a fresh assurance of his sentiments on the subject:

MR. YEADON, of the Charleston Courier, writes to that journal an account of an interview with Mr. FILLMORE at Buffalo, from which we take the following extract :

"I have the satisfaction of being able to state, on Mr. FILLMORE's own authority, from his own lips, that he is against repealing the Nebraska-Kansas act or restoring the Missouri Compromise line; and is utterly opposed to any further extension of the slavery territory, and for restoring harmony and giving permanent repose and peace to our now distracted country."

It is impossible to say how much more Mr. Yeaddon the North were fighting for each other's battle, and were waging common war against the common enemy that was seeking to poison our political Eden with the truth and destructive element of political Free-Soilism."

LETTER FROM A TRUE SOUTHERN PATRIOT.

We publish, this morning, a letter from Hon. KENNETH RAYNER, of North Carolina, to a distinguished Whig politician of Pennsylvania, in relation to the proposed fusion of all conservative parties in that State to defeat the Buchanians. Mr. RAYNER is decidedly in favor of fusion, and counts at the idea of the South going for disunion in the event of the election of FREEMONT. He regards the defeat of BUCHANAN as the first duty of all Union-

ONE OF COLONEL FREMONT'S SLANDEREES
OWING UP.—Mr. YEADON, who was very busily employed in publishing letters to one of our daily papers, full of slanders on Col. FREMONT, since his return to South Carolina has been compelled to send a letter to the Charleston *Courier*, in which he confesses to some of his false statements. He says:

"I have arrived here, I have found it due to truth and accuracy, to correct or amend. In several particulars, my statements, in relation to Col. FREMONT, contained in my letters to the New-York Daily News: to the New-York Herald, to the New-York Tribune, and to the *Courier* had possession, or control of, or access to, letters from Mrs. FREMONT to a relative, and to a friend, stating her husband's (John C. FREMONT's) views and feelings in relation to the Catholic Church, as I inferred from their editorials and their letters to me, and stated in my letters, to the New-York Herald, New-York Tribune, and New-York Courier, and I have no doubt, but I believe, when I wrote those letters; but I now find that my colleagues had only been informed of the contents of those letters, and not of their substance."

After this it matters little what Mr. YEADON may write about Colonel FREMONT. He has published another letter reeking with foul epithets to compensate for his confession of a part of his errors. Until after the 4th of November, the testimony of South Carolinians as to the Republican candidate for the Presidency must be taken with a good many grains of allowance. Mr. YEADON quotes one of his editorial brethren in the Palmetto State, who calls Colonel FREMONT a "contemptible puppy." This way of attacking a political opponent is one of their characteristic weaknesses.

BORRIS FOR FRISBIE.—In addition to the admirable letter of Hon. KENNETH RAYNE, of North Carolina, recommending the Fillmore men of Pennsylvania to vote the Union ticket, we also publish a strong letter from

NO MORE COMMUTATION.—Choke it down, reader. Be mild, resident of Brooklyn; keep your temper, and by no accident swear, which is all foolish, vain, wicked, and don't mend matters. Thus armed against an improper spirit, read the meek document that the Union Ferry Company issue this morning to the public. When coal was high, the Company put up the rate of fare "because coal was so high," promising to let down the fare again when coal was cheaper. Coal is cheaper now, so the Company puts up its price again. After the 1st of November there is to be no more commutation—no more ticketing of any sort. The reason of this simply is, that these ferries are miserably poor property. They only pay 8 per

The late token of the Crimean service (the medal expected) has been swept away by a stroke of the raser."

It is stated that General WINDHAM, who distinguished himself so greatly at the attack on the Redan, will be offered and will accept a divisional command in the British Indian Army.

It is understood among the friends of the late Miss MITCHELL, that selections from her Correspondence are in preparation by Rev. W. HARNES, her executor and friend of many years.

Prince NAPOLEON is about to publish a book illustrated with numerous engravings, giving an account of his recent tour in the north of Europe.

General TOTLEBEN has just arrived in Berlin, on his way to some of the German battes.

MR. EVERETT'S ORATION.—A second edition of Mr. EVERETT'S Albany Oration, accompanied by the record of proceedings at the Inauguration of the Dudley Observatory and the State Geological Hall, is published this morning, one large issue having been exhausted by the demand.

NEW-YORK WEEKLY TIMES.

Contents for Saturday, Nov. 1.

POETRY—"The Fourth of November."

SPEECH OF HON. WM. H. SEWARD—"Free and Slave Labor"—Delivered at Buffalo, Oct. 24.

THE POLITICAL CONTEST—Discussion between Lieutenant-Governor RAYMOND and Hon. J.B. CHASE.

FROM CALIFORNIA—Letter from Col. FLEMONT.

FROM EUROPE—The Atlantic news.

DELIANCE SAILMAINDER SAFFER—**ROBERT M. PATRICK**, sole manufacturer in the United States of the above celebrated Saffer, and Patent Fire-proof safe, Firelocks and Cross Bars. Depot No. 128 Pearl-st. one door below Maiden-lane.

FRANKS and PLANTER—PARSONS & CO.
TINNING, N. Y., offer for sale a large assortment of trees and Plants for the street, the lawn, the orchard, the garden, and the greenhouse.

[illegible]

Mrs. Apex, a fashionable lady, Self-digging.....

her step-daughter, Selma..... Mrs. E. Davenport
Miss Sedgwick concentrating..... Mrs. E. Davenport
driver, self-concealing..... Miss Percy Smith
Dancing, by Mlle. Duval..... Miss Percy Smith
Smith.
capital forces of CARROLL FOR AN OLIVER.
rich Mar. C. Howard will receive several votes.
BROW—A new comic plot for entertainment,
WHO DO YOU VOTE FOR?

NIBLO'S GARDEN.
are open at 6½; to commence at 7½ o'clock.
FIFTY CENTS.
FRIDAY EVENING, Oct. 5, 1894.
THE BALLETT COMPANY.
MIRACULOUS RAVELS.
THE BALLETT COMPANY.

In three great entertainments
Commencing with the very laughable

KIM-SA.
 Antoine! Keying.....
 by the darkest evening of the
TIGET ROPE.
 Hengler, Mlle. V. Charlier and M. A. Charlier
 slide with the highly successful new comic pas-
LANCHE; OR, THE RIVAL FAIRIES.
 NIGHTS—Monday, Wednesday and Friday.
 AN OPERA NIGHTS—Tuesday, Thursday and
LO'S GARDEN—GERMAN OPERA.
 SATURDDAY, Nov. 1,
 LAST NIGHT
 Flotow's beautiful and popular Opera of

Mile JOHANNSEN.....25....

WALLACE'S THEATRE
 Doors open at 6 1/2; commences at 7.
 Engagement of
 MR. WALLACE,
 FRIDAY, Oct. 31.
 NOTICE
 The comedies of AS YOU LIKE IT and LONDON
 are unavoidable postponements in consequence of the
 large numbers applying at the box office for seats to
 see the performance of Coleman's play of
 THE IRON CHEST.
 The play which has achieved one of the greatest successes in the
 theatre.
 Mr. Mortimer.
 Raybold.

Mrs. Hoey, Mr. Dyott, Miss Mary C
&c., &c., in the east.

light of
THE FIRE-EATER.
 Places to be had three days in advance.
BUCKLEY'S SERENADES.
 NEW HALL.
 585 Broad way, opposite Niblo's Garden.
 the great success and most flattering reception of
 the unique opera of
TROVATORE.
 repeated all this week, together with
 the
ETHEREAL TRIUMPH.
 commencing at 8 o'clock. *Admission 50 cents.*
 Seats 50 cents.
TUESDAY EVENING, Nov. 5, will be produced
THE GREAT FLOOD, OR THE DREAM SWAMP.
 the great cast. G. SWAINE BUCKLEY in the opera
 of.

ACADEMY OF MUSIC
To let, on the off-nights of the opera, 1

ammunition for 4,000 persons. Price per night including light.

RAIL CRASH.
The car for ball-nights has been ordered to stop at all the privileges of the bars, amusements and games, together with the lighting and heating. By H. WOLFE, of the Executive Committee, Jan. 2.

ALBERG'S EVENING CONCERT.
AND MATINEE.
The Evening Concert will take place
ON MONDAY, Nov. 10,
AT NIBLO'S SALOON.
Large future advertisements.

UMPS' AMERICAN MUSEUM. "THE
OF 'DREDD' THE GREATEST
NEW YORK

**CROWDED AUDIENCES APPLA
ALL PRECEDENT! DRED is 1**

GATZ and WEDNESDAY and SATURDAY
 OTHER AFTERNOONS, at 2.30.
 HUMS in his underwear
 dances, New France, 4c. THE GREAT RACE
 in their NEW DEN. THE HAPPY VALLEY
 LADY, etc., all to be seen. Admission,
 Children under ten, 15c.

BGLANDS BOWERY THEATRE
 of Admission, 25 cents; 10c and 5c.
 5c; Boxes, 25 cents; PA and Gallery,
 10c; Private Boxes, 5c. THIS EVENING, 8.45.
 presented Mr. Brougham's Romantic
 THE DEMON ON THE CROSS
 followed by Mr. Brougham's New Drama
 THE DEMON ON THE CROSS
 in NEW YORK: On TOM and JERRY
 ON A VISIT.
 coincide with the Comedietta of
 THE VALET DESHAM.

PERDY'S NATIONAL TH
Circle, 25 cts.; Pit. 13½ cts.; Oreb.

to commence with the Drama of
UNCLE TOM'S CABIN.
followed by the comic Tragedy of the
FOUR LOVERS.
which the Drama of
DOMINIQUE.
sole to conclude with the Comedietta of
STATE SECRETS.

TAL PALACE.—THE LADIES GREAT
will open in this magnificent structure, **Nov. 14**,
continue for 10 days. It will be the most at-
tentive & extensive fair ever held in the United States.
The **SCIENCE'S CLOTHING BAND** will give a
concert every evening during the fair. Per-
formances will be published in due time.

ILLUSTRATION. COLUMBIAN EXPOSITION.

MUSEUM—The most popular, attractive Exhibition in the City, and the

LIBRARY TASTE AND REFINEMENT. Is now open at
Museum Institute, No. 60 Broadway. Admission
FREE.

TAT. PALACE. THIS MAGNIFICENT
will be open again, to visitors, on SAT. after-
noon, G. Nov. 1, and will continue open each day,
at 10 o'clock A. M. until sunset. Numerous articles are
to be seen together with statuary, paintings and tapestry.

KIDDER GALLERY, NO. 427 BROAD-
way. The best collection of Paintings in this com-
pact little Palace. Open daily and evening.
Admission 10 cents.

DANCING.

WORTH'S DANCING ACADEMY.

No. 806 BROADWAY, NEW YORK
No. 157 MONTAGUE-PLACE
New York classes on WEDNESDAY

KRO'S DANCING ACADEMIES.
West 14th-st., New York, and No. 122 Chatham-st., New York, are open for the reception of pupils.
Tuesdays, Wednesdays and Saturdays, Mondays and Thursdays, at 6 P. M. Gentlemen, at 7 P. M. Ladies, at 7 1/2 P. M. Brooklyn, on Tuesdays and Thursdays, at 8 P. M. Schools and Private Classes attend.

ed in both cities. Stories given as usual.

PARTNERSHIP NOTICES.
COMPARTNERSHIP HERETOFORE
 between JOHN TAYLOR, JOHN KUHLMAN, & CO. is
 dissolved by mutual consent.
 JOHN TAYLOR,
 JOHN KUHLMAN,
 M. L. BATTELL.
 Bk. Oct. 24, 1856.

MEN PLAYING CARDS.
PLAYING CARDS.—OTHERS AND
 new dealers and customers will find complete
 of well seasoned playing cards, of all qualities,
 of the Philadelphia Card Factory of SAM-
 UEL & CO., No. 1 Barclay-st., opposite Astor

STEAM POWER

STEAM POWER.
I POWER TO LET-IN LIGHT AND
me, in a new building in CHAS. Apply to J.
& SON, No. 108 CHAS-st.

BOUNTY LANDS.
WARRANTS WANTED BY KIST-
& CO., Bankers, No. 6 Wall-st.

UPPER ITALIAN
SUPERIOR ITALIAN IN THE
AREA, CHAS. & SONS, No. 108 CHAS-st.

GOUDAUD'S FOUNDRY SUPPLIES
low turn-around, expert help, or more parts
and more quality.

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LEGAL NOTICES

[illegible][illegible]

twelve, thirteen, fourteen, fifteen, sixteen, seventeen, eighteen, nineteen, twenty, twenty-one, twenty-two, twenty-three, twenty-four, twenty-five, twenty-six, twenty-seven, twenty-eight, twenty-nine, thirty, thirty-one, thirty-two, thirty-three, thirty-four, thirty-five, thirty-six and forty-one, and together contain twenty-five lots and 1470.390 of the same more or less; all which is further shown to be the same more or less as is depicted on a map or diagram attached to the petition made by the said Henry F. Phinney to the said H. H. Gregory, dated the 1st day of April, A. D., 1866.

New-York, Oct. 13, 1866.

DUNCAN McMARTIN, Referee.

NEW-YORK SUPREME COURT-CITY AND COUNTY OF NEW-YORK.-JOSEPH RUDD
*** ROBERT THOMPSON, Jr., and MARY his**
 John A. Bunting, David Wood, William Werd-
 baridomew M. Picabia, Edward G. Paik,
 as H. Falle, Richard Williams, William G. Ste-
 as G. Cartwright, Frederick Hamilton, Robert H.
 as R. Carpenter, John T. Birdsell, and Peter
 Summons for Cells and Com.
MAINT.-ROBERT THOMPSON, Jr., and MARY

I am hereby summoned and required to answer the complaint in this action, which will be filed in the office of the Clerk of the City and County of New-York, at the Court House of said City and County, at or before the hour of nine o'clock in the forenoon of every day thereafter until I shall appear and answer the same; and if I fail to do so, judgment may be rendered against me by default, and I shall be liable for all costs and charges incurred by my adversary in the prosecution of his claim.

Dated at New-York, this 20th day of September, 1892.

JAMES H. WILSON,
Attorney-at-Law,

notice that the complaint in the above entitled action on the 22d day of Sept. instant, duly filed with this Court at its office in the City Hall, City of New York, and for the purpose of giving the defendant the wife of the defendant Robert Thompson, Jr., as to the name of Mary, the plaintiff being ignorant of the Christian name. New-York, Oct. 4, 1888.

JOHN FOWLER, Jr., Attorney for Plaintiff.
No. 347 Broadway, City of New-York.

PEERIE COURT—CITY AND COUNTY OF NEW YORK.

COPELAND.—Summons for money demand on
act (Gam. not ser.) To the defendants: You are
summoned and required to answer the complaint
within ten days, which will be filed in the office of the Clerk
of the County of New York, in the City of New
York, and to serve a copy of your answer on the
complaint on the subscribers at their office, No. 1
Ferrer-st., in the City of New-York, within twenty
after the service of this summons on you, ex-
actly on the day of such service; and if you fail to answer
said complaint within the time aforesaid, the plaintiff

1. The complaint in this action was filed in the
 2. of the Clerk about the middle of the month of
 3. BLATCHFORD, SEWARD, & GRISWOLD,
 4. Plaintiff's Attorneys. No. 1 Handover
 5. The complaint in this action was filed in the
 6. of the Clerk about the middle of the month of
 7. BLATCHFORD, SEWARD, & GRISWOLD,
 8. Plaintiff's Attorneys.
 9. aww F*

10. **PREMIER COURT—CITY AND COUNTY OF**
 11. **WYOMING—SEBASTIAN ALBUS against MA-**
 12.

f them: You are hereby summoned and required to
for the complaint in this action, which was filed in
of the Clerk of the City and County of New York,
City Hall, in said City, on the 19th day of April,
and to serve a copy of your answer to the said com-
plaint on the subscribers, at their office, No. 6 Wall-street,
City of New York, within twenty days after
service hereof, exclusive of the day on which
you fall to answer the said complaint within the
aforesaid, the plaintiff in this action will apply to
the court for the relief demanded in the complaint.—

URSORANCE OF AN ORDER OF RODMAN
DAWSON, Esq., Surrogate of the County of Kings,
is hereby given, according to law, to all persons hav-
ing claims against WILLIAM KERR, late of the city of
New York, deceased, that they are required to exhibit the
same with the vouchers thereof, to the subscribers, the
administrators of said deceased, at the office of JOHN
KERR, No. 64 William-st., in the City of New York, on
the 28th day of October next.—Dated New York,
lawyer

**FURNISHANCE OF AN ORDER OF ROD-
N B. DAWSON, Esq.,** Surrogate of the County
of notice is hereby given, according to law, to all per-
sons claiming against WILLIAM THORNE, late of
the city of Brooklyn, deceased, that they are required to
appear before me, with the vouchers thereof, at the sub-
scribed place, at the Administration of his residence, No. 157
East 8th Street, in the city of Brooklyn, on or before the 6th
day of April next. Dated April 24, 1882.

URBSANCE OF AN ORDER OF THE
 Justices of the County of New-York, notice is hereby
 given to all persons having claims against CLEMENTS
 HENEMEYER, late of the City of New-York, deceased,
 to present the same, with vouchers thereon, to the sub-
 stant, at the office of HENRY G. SCUDDER, No. 315
 West 42nd-st., in the City of New-York, on or before the
 1st day of April next.—Dated New-York, Oct. 2, 1888.
 HENRY G. SCUDDER, Administrator.

PURSUANCE OF AN ORDER OF THE
 Magistrate of the County of New-York, notice is hereby
 given to all persons having claims against PETES CLIN-
 TON, late of said City of New-York, who has been
 declared bankrupt, to present their claims to the
 undersigned thereof to the subscribers, at the
 office of MATTHEW CLINTON, No. 570 Greenwich-st.,
 City of New-York, on or before the 5th day of
 next.—Dated New-York, Aug. 31, 1864.
 MARY CLINTON, Administratrix.
 MATTHEW CLINTON, Administrator.

Mayor of the County of New York, notice is hereby
 given to all persons having claims against BARTOLOME
 BLANCO, late of the City of New York, deceased, to present
 same, with vouchers thereof, to the subscriber, at the
 office of BARTOLOME BLANCO, at No. 106 West 14th
 street, in the City of New York, on or before the 10th day of April
 next.

Dated New-York, Oct. 7, 1884.

BARTOLOME BLANCO, } Executors.
 SALVADOR CHAPPELLA, }

KEROSENE OILS.
KEROSENE ILLUMINATING OIL.
KEROSENE LUBRICATING OIL.
KEROSENE BINNACLE OIL.
AUSTENS, Agents, No. 50 Beaver-st.

EXTRA REFINED RESIN OIL.
OSWORTH'S EXTRA REFINED RESIN OILS,
FREE FROM ALL DISAGREEABLE ODOR AND
WARRANTED to be well adapted for the following pur-

CHINERY OIL," prepared for "RAILROADS,
S. FACTORIES," and all classes of MACHINE-
particularly adapted to COLD WEATHER.
LUMBERMEN'S and CURRIERS' OIL," for mixing with
TOW and finishing.
REGAS," adapted to all the "GAS APPARATUS"
use.
R. PRINTERS' INK, BLACKING, LINI-
and various purposes in the Mechanic Arts.
Oil, at very low price, manufactured with

and order to dealers and to the general
market.
TEL. WADSWORTH & CO., Manufacturers,
No. 108 Pearl-st., corner Pine-st.

TIN- FOR ROOFS, &c. 1½ CTS. PER POUND
boiled oil for roofing, &c. 5 cents per
a barrel of 55 cents per gallon. White lead, 5
pound, and zinc white, 5 cents per pound. See
SMITH & BRADLEY, 113 Maiden Lane, N. Y.

PROPOSALS

BUILDERS—SEALED PROPOSALS WILL
be received by the School Officers of the KITH Ward,
at the Clark's Office, corner of Grand and Elm streets,
on 15th-st., St. Harlem, and its appendages, ac-
cording to the plans and specifications deposited in the office
of the Board of Education. The proposals will
be opened at the Clark's Office, corner of Grand and Elm streets,
at the School Officers of the KITH Ward, and
made over to the Carpenters' Union, on Thursday,
or for both. They will be opened on Thursday.

H. H. GREGORY, Chairman

1. The first part of the document is a list of names and addresses, which are arranged in a columnar fashion. The names are written in a cursive script, and the addresses are written in a more formal, printed style. The list includes names such as "John Doe", "Jane Smith", and "Robert Johnson", along with their respective addresses.

119 N. Main St.
Our People
Sec. 40, Sec. 40
119 White-
ed Street,
on South, Ma.

H. Turner &
and Son
H. Turner &
to be printed
CO., No. 10

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SONS' BROS.
and SONS
TRADE MARK
MADE IN
United States
and imported
by
Sons' Bros.
L.A. and
over
all
& CO. (Sons' Bros.)

New York

OAKS;

FEES; AND

75 Canal St.

SHAWNEE

No. 75 Canal St.

S.S. C.

Autogay.

FIVE YEARS

ON

al prices, every
 staple goods
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 invited to call

RESALE—
 every book, in
 & SLOTE
 & SLOTE
 New-York

DUSTERS
 and
 Madison Ave.

LOCATION, 24 Grove St.
 FURNITURE Factory, No. 34
 Fully posted to
 FURNITURE Factory, Water
 over Grand and
 BROADWAY
 25 Canal St.
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and the following:—
 1. The Government of China, and
 2. The Government of the United States,
 do hereby certify that the following
 is a true and correct copy of the
 original, and also a true and correct
 copy of the original, as the same
 appears in the records of the
 Department of the Interior, and
 is hereby published for the
 information of the public.
 Witness my hand and the seal of the
 Department of the Interior, at
 Washington, D. C., this 1st day of
 January, 1901.
 Secretary of the Interior.
 and also a true and correct
 copy of the original, as the same
 appears in the records of the
 Department of the Interior, and
 is hereby published for the
 information of the public.
 Witness my hand and the seal of the
 Department of the Interior, at
 Washington, D. C., this 1st day of
 January, 1901.
 Secretary of the Interior.

[illegible]

GILBERT S. SAYRE.
PEREMPTORY SALE OF
A stock of groceries upon which a
warrant has been issued by the
Irish and old Bourbon whiskey, &c., at
Cedar-st., on **SATURDAY, Nov. 14th**
DIBBLE, EASTLY & CO.

-LEGAL NOTICES-

SUPREME COURT. JOHN A. FOSTER AND
G. WILLIAM E. ANDERSON against **CORNELIUS**
G. GARIBOLDI.—Summons for a money demand on over-
draw to the credit of the plaintiff in the sum of \$1,000
and required to answer the complaint on or before

which will be filed in the office of the City and County of New-York, at the City Hall, in the City of New-York, to the said complaint, and to serve a copy of the same on the defendant, within twenty days after the service of this summons on you, or on the day of such service; and if you fail to answer the said complaint within the time aforesaid, the plaintiff in this case will take judgment against you for the sum of one hundred and thirty dollars and seventy-two cents, with interest on the said sum from the first day of July, 1886, of four hundred and ninety-two dollars and seventy-seven cents, and from the first day of July, 1886, on one thousand three hundred and fifty

SUPREME COURT—PATRICK ROBERTSON
Plaintiff, against MARTIN RAFFERTY,
Defendant.
Summons for a money demand on contract. To show cause why judgment should not be entered for the plaintiff.

with the Clerk of the above entitled Court, at the Clerk's Hall of the City of New-York, and serve a copy of the answer on me, at my office, (Nos. 16 and 25 N. W. Street,) on Monday, the 22d day of September, 1856, before the Clerk of the said City of New-York, with twenty days after the service thereof, to exhibit to me the bill of service; and if you fail to answer the complaint as above said, the plaintiff will take judgment for the sum of one hundred and eighty-nine dollars and thirty-one cents, with interest from the 22d day of September, 1856, together with the costs of this proceeding, to-wit: of each of the above named parties.

F. BYRNE, BYRNE, BYRNE, Plaintiff.

The said complaint was filed with said Clerk on the first day of October, 1856. F. BYRNE, Atty for Plaintiff.

SUPREME COURT, SUFFOLK COUNTY.
THOMAS G. HALLOCK against **STEPHEN ROBBINS.**—Summons for a money demand on contract. To **Mr. STEPHEN ROBBINS**, defendant: You are hereby summoned and required to answer the complaint in this action, which will be filed in the office of the Clerk of the County of Suffolk, at Riverhead, in said County, and to appear at the trial of the same on the day and at the place therein specified, and to answer the complaint on the day and at the place therein specified, under penalty of default being taken against you, exclusive of the day of such service; and if you fail to answer the said complaint within the time therein specified, judgment may be rendered against you by default.

**MILLER & TUTTILL, Plaintiff's Attorneys,
27-1aw6w8
Riverside, N. Y.**

deceased, that they are required to exhibit to the same, with the vouchers thereof to MOSES TAGGART, Administrator, at his office in the town of Easton, in the County of Genesee, on or before the 20th day of March next. Dated Sept. 20, 1906.

MOSES TAGGART, Administrator.
ADALINE M. HURLBUTT, Adm'r. Interim.

IN PURSUANCE OF AN ORDER OF ROBERT

AN E. LAWSON, JR., secretary to the United Nations, King's Island, is hereby charged, under penalty of law, with having claims against ISRAELI W. SCUDDER, a resident of the city of Brooklyn, deceased, that they are required to exhibit the same, with the vouchers thereof, to the underscriber, the administrator, at the office of IRA KREIGER, 100 West 42nd Street, in the City of New York, on or before the eleventh day of May, 1946, at 10 o'clock in the forenoon.

CATHARINE H. SCUDDER, Administrator.
oil-law-68

I IN PURSUANCE OF AN ORDER OF THE
Surrogate of the County of New York, made and bearing date the 14th day of May, 1946, in and to the effect that the said

given to all persons having claims against MORTIMER JARVIS, late of the City of New-York, deceased, to present the same, with the vouchers thereon, to HENRY B. JONES, at the City of New-York, on the 15th day of November next, in the City of New-York, or on the 15th day of November next.—Dated New-York, May 15, 1884.

MARY B. JARVIS, } Administratrix.
my17-law6mS C. F. COLES, }

containing the names of **JOHN J. RAU**, an
 citizen of the City of Brooklyn, deceased, that they are ready
 to exhibit the same, with the vouchers thereto, to the underscriber,
 the administrator, at his store, No. 203 Washington
 street, in the City of New-York, on or before the 20th day of
 April next.—Dated Oct. 17, 1858.

IRON AND NAILS
CASE-IRON SKEW-PISTONS

FOR WATER, STEAM OR GAS. CAST IRON OR STEEL. WROUGHT IRON OR LEAD, AND MORE DURABLE.
 OF ALL SIZES AND PRESSURES.
 CERTIFICATE OF THOS. DAYTON, MFG. SUPERVISOR.
 OFFICE OF THE NOVELTY IRON WORKS.
 NEW-YORK, JAN. 4, 1894.
 To the Warner Foundry Machine Company of Haverhill
 Mass.
 GENTLEMEN: I have tested with hydraulic pressure the
 Cast-Iron Screw-Jointed Pipes manufactured at your
 Foundry. They stood a pressure of 1,500, 2,100, and 2,400
 pounds per square inch. This is very much more pressure

I would also say, that for conveying water or gas underground, Cast-Iron Pipes are preferable to Wrought, as they are not so liable to corrosion in the same period of time.

For sale at the Warner Foundry Co.'s Warehouse, No. 243 Water-st., New-York, by CHAS. J. SHEPARD.

VIEILLE MONTAGNE ZINC COMPANY OF BELGIUM AND FRANCE.
The subscribers, Agents of this Company, are prepared

to supply dealers with their various products, on liberal terms, viz:

COLORED WHITE PAINT, more brilliant in color and more durable than lead.

SHEATHING ZINC AND NAILS, for sheathing various uses.

SHKET ZINC, of extra size and thickness, for manufacturing.

ROOFING ZINC, of various descriptions.

Contracts made for the roofing of stores and large buildings under the superintendence of experienced Paris roofers, and guaranteed for five years or longer.

METALS, HARDWARE, MANUFACTURE.
RYERS' MATERIALS, &c.
 Black Tin, Old Copper, Old Lead, Spelter,
 Antimony, Engine Oil, Pig Lead, Alloys,
 Babbits, Brass & Copper, Sheet Lead, Pig Iron.
ALSO,
 Cut Nails, Pump Chains, Wrought Axes, Crow,
 Wrought Nails, Blasting Fuses, Axes,
 Rivets, Bolts, Blasting Fuses, Axes,
 Nuts, Washers, Horse Shoes, Picks,
ALSO,
 Wire &c.

LEAD IN, Assorted, Price's Greenish
 LEAD IN, Lead Oils, Leadware Paper,
 White Oil, Iron Wire, Lead
 London Emery, Brass and Copper d.,
 refined Borax, Sheet Brass,
 For sale at low rates by
DELAVER & LOCKWOOD, Nos. 21 and 23 Dor-
SHEET LEAD, LEAD PIPE, SHOT AND
BAR LEAD.—A constant supply on hand and for sale
 at lowest prices as follows:
 Sheet Lead, 5½c.
 Lead Pipe, 3½c.
 Lead Bar, 3½c.

Drop Shot, 25c.
Buck Shot, 15c.
Bar Lead, 50c.
A Glossy and up made in the
above articles are of superior
For sale by McCollough & Co.,
159 Front-st.

LATHES AND MACHINERY FOR SALE.
For particulars apply to
BROWN & CO.,
Rome, Ga., N. E.

WOOD BORERS AND SORREL BOLTS.
All sizes of machinery for sale.
Apply at our stand, and see our
stands, No. 28 South St., and No. 40 Water St.

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regions for transportation; also a description of the best kinds of private grounds, shrubs and peonies.

QUESTIONS AND ANSWERS.

SOCIETY SACRIFICED.—The Chinese Society, one of the most prominent in the country, had planned the coming year's banquet for the 15th of the 10th month, but the Chinese government has decided to celebrate the 10th anniversary of the Republic of China on the 10th of the 10th month.

HOW TO TRAVEL.—How to travel, and how to prevent from falling in love, are the subjects of the 10th issue.

THE BUREAU AT THE FAIR.—Amusing and instructive.

ALPHABETICALLY.—Chinese characters, nothing, etc.

BOARDING.

BOARDING—TWO HANDSOMELY FURNISHED apartments (second floor) may be obtained, with full bath, at No. 510 West-st., half a block from the East River, for \$100 a month, including taxes and water. Unfurnished with all the modern improvements.

BOARD ON BROOKLYN HEIGHTS.—Pleasant rooms with partial board for gentlemen, in a beautiful house, with garden, on the Heights, near the Prospect Park station, for \$100 a month, including taxes and water. Unfurnished with all the modern improvements.

derate terms. Location desirable, and convenient to foot and horse traffic. Call at No. 325 Waverly-derate terms required.

BOARD IN BROOKLYN—A SINGLE GENTLEMAN can be accommodated with a very desirable room, with gas, and partial board, by applying at No. 325 Waverly-st.

BOARD IN BROOKLYN—A GENTLEMAN and his wife, or single gentlemen, can find pleasant accommodations at the Howard-st. location below.

BOARD WANTED—TWO SINGLE GENTLEMEN want board a private family location below Howard-st.

COLLEGE HOUSE, NEW YORK, FOR THREE DAYS. A comfortable, new house, the College of Physicians and Surgeons, is now open for the accommodation of persons desiring to attend the lectures of the College. It is very desirable for either single persons or families. The house is new and is one of the most commodious and healthy located in the City.

MURRAY HILL—A SUITE OF ELEGANTLY furnished rooms, with central stove in a family of gentlemen and their wives, with a small private kitchen, and all the comforts of a quiet home may be enjoyed. Apply at No. 225 West 34th-st. between Broadway and 6th-Ave. Best City reference given and required.

NO. 10 WAVERLY-PLACE—PERSONS looking for board will find one or two very superior rooms at No. 10 Waverly-place, a few minutes' walk from the City Hall, and a few minutes' walk from the City Hall, and a few minutes' walk from the City Hall. A handsome room for a single person, and a small private kitchen, and all the comforts of a quiet home may be enjoyed. Apply at No. 225 West 34th-st. between Broadway and 6th-Ave. Best City reference given and required.

PERSONS VISITING THE ISLAND OF
Cuba for health or pleasure will find agreeable accom-
modations at the Carolina House, which has been refitted
and remodelled. For particulars inquire of the manager
of Southern Steamers and also on board steamer.

FURNISHED ROOMS TO LET WITHOUT
board, to a single gentleman, in a private family;
location in the city. Ask at, Col. hall, &c. Address
M. C. Thomas Office.

COPARTNERSHIP NOTICES.

DISSOLUTION OF COPARTNERSHIP.
The copartnership heretofore existing between the
undersigned, under the firm of GRANT & LOCKWOOD,
has this day dissolved. S. H. GRANT.
S. D. GRANT.
S. D. GRANT.
ALFRED LOCKWOOD,
will continue the business of the firm of
GRANT & LOCKWOOD.
GRANT & LOCKWOOD,
ALFRED LOCKWOOD.

THE SUBSCRIBERS
of the Exchange Bank and
TRUST CO. CO.

COPARTNERSHIP--ODELL & FARMER.
We have this day associated ourselves with
J. C. ODELL, JR., and will continue the business of buying
and negotiating mercantile paper and bills of exchange
under the firm of ODELL & FARMER.
W. M. BRUCE, Jr.,
D. M. FARMER.

1856.

INCORPORATION--THE FIRM OF WM & STE-

WILLIS & CO. will be removed to general con-
 sideration of the stockholders of the company.
 WM. A. STEEDING will close up the business
 of the company.
 JOHN E. GARLAND
 WM. A. STEEDING
 will be under guard will continue the bank and Exchange
 business on his own account at No. 41 William-st., corner
 Wall.
 WM. A. STEEDING
 NEW-YORK, Oct. 21, 1864.

THE UNDERSIGNED HAVE THIS DAY
formed a partnership for the transaction of a
commission stock business, under the name of
EDWARD STEEDING AND
EDWARD STEEDING.
THE CO-PARTNERSHIP
existing between JAMES EDWARD STEEDING & CO. &
which was dissolved by mutual consent on the
10th day of October 1864.
 NEW-YORK, Oct. 24, 1864.

FINE ARTS.
ARTING THOMAS GRANT FROSTERS.
THE LATEST SUPPLY OF
THE GREAT DAY OF THE TOWER.
THE PLAINS OF FRANCE.
WILLIAM PLAINS OF FRANCE.

FOR RENT - ALGER FLO.
1st floor, modern, central
heat, close to shopping.

either from the City Hall, or the
Hudson Railroad, with a view of
conveying them to the City Hall
store, to be sold there. The
lot to be sold, all in particular
of the land, with the water-power, to-
gether, or the whole property, to be
sold as City property. In view of the
Madden case.

[illegible]

will sell on **THURSDAY**, **JANUARY 27**, at 10 o'clock, at the premises of HAYWARD, under the following conditions: 1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6, 7, 8, 9, 10, 11, 12, 13, 14, 15, 16, 17, 18, 19, 20, 21, 22, 23, 24, 25, 26, 27, 28, 29, 30, 31, 32, 33, 34, 35, 36, 37, 38, 39, 40, 41, 42, 43, 44, 45, 46, 47, 48, 49, 50, 51, 52, 53, 54, 55, 56, 57, 58, 59, 60, 61, 62, 63, 64, 65, 66, 67, 68, 69, 70, 71, 72, 73, 74, 75, 76, 77, 78, 79, 80, 81, 82, 83, 84, 85, 86, 87, 88, 89, 90, 91, 92, 93, 94, 95, 96, 97, 98, 99, 100, 101, 102, 103, 104, 105, 106, 107, 108, 109, 110, 111, 112, 113, 114, 115, 116, 117, 118, 119, 120, 121, 122, 123, 124, 125, 126, 127, 128, 129, 130, 131, 132, 133, 134, 135, 136, 137, 138, 139, 140, 141, 142, 143, 144, 145, 146, 147, 148, 149, 150, 151, 152, 153, 154, 155, 156, 157, 158, 159, 160, 161, 162, 163, 164, 165, 166, 167, 168, 169, 170, 171, 172, 173, 174, 175, 176, 177, 178, 179, 180, 181, 182, 183, 184, 185, 186, 187, 188, 189, 190, 191, 192, 193, 194, 195, 196, 197, 198, 199, 200, 201, 202, 203, 204, 205, 206, 207, 208, 209, 210, 211, 212, 213, 214, 215, 216, 217, 218, 219, 220, 221, 222, 223, 224, 225, 226, 227, 228, 229, 230, 231, 232, 233, 234, 235, 236, 237, 238, 239, 240, 241, 242, 243, 244, 245, 246, 247, 248, 249, 250, 251, 252, 253, 254, 255, 256, 257, 258, 259, 260, 261, 262, 263, 264, 265, 266, 267, 268, 269, 270, 271, 272, 273, 274, 275, 276, 277, 278, 279, 280, 281, 282, 283, 284, 285, 286, 287, 288, 289, 290, 291, 292, 293, 294, 295, 296, 297, 298, 299, 300, 301, 302, 303, 304, 305, 306, 307, 308, 309, 310, 311, 312, 313, 314, 315, 316, 317, 318, 319, 320, 321, 322, 323, 324, 325, 326, 327, 328, 329, 330, 331, 332, 333, 334, 335, 336, 337, 338, 339, 340, 341, 342, 343, 344, 345, 346, 347, 348, 349, 350, 351, 352, 353, 354, 355, 356, 357, 358, 359, 360, 361, 362, 363, 364, 365, 366, 367, 368, 369, 370, 371, 372, 373, 374, 375, 376, 377, 378, 379, 380, 381, 382, 383, 384, 385, 386, 387, 388, 389, 390, 391, 392, 393, 394, 395, 396, 397, 398, 399, 400, 401, 402, 403, 404, 405, 406, 407, 408, 409, 410, 411, 412, 413, 414, 415, 416, 417, 418, 419, 420, 421, 422, 423, 424, 425, 426, 427, 428, 429, 430, 431, 432, 433, 434, 435, 436, 437, 438, 439, 440, 441, 442, 443, 444, 445, 446, 447, 448, 449, 450, 451, 452, 453, 454, 455, 456, 457, 458, 459, 460, 461, 462, 463, 464, 465, 466, 467, 468, 469, 470, 471, 472, 473, 474, 475, 476, 477, 478, 479, 480, 481, 482, 483, 484, 485, 486, 487, 488, 489, 490, 491, 492, 493, 494, 495, 496, 497, 498, 499, 500, 501, 502, 503, 504, 505, 506, 507, 508, 509, 510, 511, 512, 513, 514, 515, 516, 517, 518, 519, 520, 521, 522, 523, 524, 525, 526, 527, 528, 529, 530, 531, 532, 533, 534, 535, 536, 537, 538, 539, 540, 541, 542, 543, 544, 545, 546, 547, 548, 549, 550, 551, 552, 553, 554, 555, 556, 557, 558, 559, 560, 561, 562, 563, 564, 565, 566, 567, 568, 569, 570, 571, 572, 573, 574, 575, 576, 577, 578, 579, 580, 581, 582, 583, 584, 585, 586, 587, 588, 589, 590, 591, 592, 593, 594, 595, 596, 597, 598, 599, 600, 601, 602, 603, 604, 605, 606, 607, 608, 609, 610, 611, 612, 613, 614, 615, 616, 617, 618, 619, 620, 621, 622, 623, 624, 625, 626, 627, 628, 629, 630, 631, 632, 633, 634, 635, 636, 637, 638, 639, 640, 641, 642, 643, 644, 645, 646, 647, 648, 649, 650, 651, 652, 653, 654, 655, 656, 657, 658, 659, 660, 661, 662, 663, 664, 665, 666, 667, 668, 669, 670, 671, 672, 673, 674, 675, 676, 677, 678, 679, 680, 681, 682, 683, 684, 685, 686, 687, 688, 689, 690, 691, 692, 693, 694, 695, 696, 697, 698, 699, 700, 701, 702, 703, 704, 705, 706, 707, 708, 709, 710, 711, 712, 713, 714, 715, 716, 717, 718, 719, 720, 721, 722, 723, 724, 725, 726, 727, 728, 729, 730, 731, 732, 733, 734, 735, 736, 737, 738, 739, 740, 741, 742, 743, 744, 745, 746, 747, 748, 749, 750, 751, 752, 753, 754, 755, 756, 757, 758, 759, 760, 761, 762, 763, 764, 765, 766, 767, 768, 769, 770, 771, 772, 773, 774, 775, 776, 777, 778, 779, 780, 781, 782, 783, 784, 785, 786, 787, 788, 789, 790, 791, 792, 793, 794, 795, 796, 797, 798, 799, 800, 801, 802, 803, 804, 805, 806, 807, 808, 809, 810, 811, 812, 813, 814, 815, 816, 817, 818, 819, 820, 821, 822, 823, 824, 825, 826, 827, 828, 829, 830, 831, 8

FOR SALE—No. 8 WEST WARD
rear; bath; water through to back
brance; large room can remain as
as N. Y. Dept. of CHAS. PARKER &
WRIGHT, 100 N. Y. ST. N. Y.

FOR SALE CHEAP—A THREE-STORY
basement house. A new brick
up town, near Broadway, for sale. The
residence has a large lot, and is
ted and contains all the modern
of S. P. TOWNSEND, No. 25 Nassau St.

FOR SALE—A LOT SITUATED FOR
ore on E. adjoining the Hudson River
water. The water is pure and
being part of the main tract, at West
County, N. Y. Sold at auction by

FOR SALE—ON EAST TINT-ST.—A beautiful new home, 60 ft. wide by 100 ft. deep, built for the modern improvement man. For terms, call at the premises, or at No. 189 East Tint-st.

three minutes' walk of Glenwood Road.
JONES, No. 271 Broadway.

CENTRAL PARK HOTEL - A FEW GOOD
parcels for sale, on favorable terms.
A. J. KLEIN, 100 Broadway.

FOR SALE - 48 YEARS LEASE
No. 22 Broadway. For particulars apply to
DERSON, No. 26 Fifth St.

HOUSES TO LET

TO LET IN BROOKLYN - Small
Borough, near Park Ave. and
collar, gas, bath, range, etc., situated be-
tween Hanson-place and Adams-st.
Call on J. J. KLEIN, 100 Broadway.

TO LET IN BROOKLYN—A stylish cottage just completed, separate from main house, situated on Carlton av., between Atlantic and 30th streets, near the new subway map 1/2 next, after which 500 ft. to JOHN J. DRAKE, No. 30 Courtlandt st. If A. M.

TO LET—TWO PARLOES and second floor, furnished or unfurnished, with two bedrooms, for two or three men; will be let together or separately. Apply at No. 100 Prince st., near house.

TO LET—TO A SMALL GENTLEMAN The lot of May or June, if 1/2, on 2d St. and 3d St., near 10th St., in the City of New York. Apply to H. H. GORDON, 200 Broadway.

TO LET—THE OFFICE OF A REPUTABLE
lately deceased. Inquire on the premises, 24-45
St., corner of 34-45. Also, a fine home and
sale. Inquire as above.

TO LET—THE FIRST FLOOR AND
rooms on the third, together with
house No. 51 King St., owned of A. RAY,
Chatham-st.

EIGHTH-AVENUE STORE TO LET
on block on the avenue, store of 500 feet, with
glass windows, now occupied as a shoe store.
ward, a booth and shoe, clothing and
store; possession immediately. Apply to
store, No. 243.

OFFICES TO LET—IN THE

WANTED—PART OF A HOUSE IN TOWN
by a small, quiet, unexceptionable family.
must be close to a good school, and
near shopping and convenient.

liberal for suitable accommodations; address J. J. Daily Times Office.

WANTED IN BROOKLYN NOT RECORDED
Warren-st., to hire until the first of March, a furnished house for a very good family. Address No. 1,109 New-York Post-Office.

FARMS FOR SALE.

FOR SALE—A COMPLETE COUNTRY RESIDENCE, situated on Fox River, about five miles from Boston, consisting of a large and splendid, nearly new, house, with a full basement and attic, and a large barn, with a bath, furnace, range, etc., and a well, and a winter or summer residence; well stocked never-failing spring lake, and a fine view of the city, for the price of \$10,000, and has first-class buildings, and a fine view of the city.

nine years. It is very healthy, well shaded, first-rate neighborhood, fruit trees, house and lot convenient. Time, one hour and a half from Chambers-st. to the house. Terms low and accommodating, and prompt. Apply to the Spring Acre, 100 West 10th St., between 10th and 11th Sts., or on the premises.

FOR SALE OR RENT.
CLASH CITY FARM, on Hudson River, at Erie Park, three miles large, and within five minutes walk of railroad, containing 100 acres, is a most cottage and orchard, with adjoining land without buildings, and is passed building along with summer house, mountain scenery. For terms, apply to the owner, or the subscriber, on the premises.

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Amelia, Mary, and Helen, three
daughters, and one son, John.
In
and Richmond.
Charles, J. W. Lloyd, J. W. Smith,
Knickerbocker, J. P. Thompson, Mrs. Harriet
Mrs. Mary O'Neill, Mrs. Ellen Moore,
Harrison, a child, n and several
and several, Mrs. D. B. Smith,
W. D. Fowler and lady, Mrs.
Dr. Sheldon, Dr. Sheldon and lady.

Passengers.
In steamship *Columbia*.
Harvard—Mrs. J. W. Smith,
Hazen and children, C. H. Fox,
children, Capt. J. C. Wainwright,
H. E. Norton, Mrs. O.
Mrs. J. H. Burdett and son,
P. Felix, C. Remond, P.
R. Del Prado, John Menden,
R. Robert, E. Sartorius, Dr.
Capt. T. W. Miner.
In steamship *Albatross*.
Master Ber. F. J. J. J. J.
I. Ripley, Mrs. Ripley,
7 in the steerage.
In steamship *Albatross*.
James B. Paul, M. D. Brown,
C. N. Camp, D. R. Briggs, lady,
C. H. Bourdon, E. J. D. B.
lacher, C. O. Meader, H. J.
Disoway, and 19 in the steerage.

MINISTERS.
Sun rise..... 5:33
Sandy Hook..... 6:15

MARINE INTELLIGENCE.
NEW-YORK..... 10:00

1234	Stearnsboro, N. H.
5	Rich & Kurbatov, L. J.
6	Porter, Janet, Tor.
7	Albion, Alaska, Schenck.
8	Nashville, Tenn.
9	Ships Chicago, Conn.
10	Troy, Smith, S. C.
11	Hampham, Schiller, Glasgow
12	Peabody, Liverpool, C. H.
13	Cook, L. J., Howard, E. S.
14	Moore, Liverpool, N. E.
15	Chalm, McBurnie, H. W.
16	Bank, J. E. Williams, U. W.
17	Hampham, Schiller, Glasgow
18	Brig Nempham, Carabell, Yara
19	& Co. Stearnsboro, N. H.
20	Nash: Cynnet, (Dr.) Smith
21	Co. Zeta, (Dr.) May, M.
22	Portsmouth, N. H.
23	Lark, McFarland, Kingston
24	(Dr.) Hamer, St. Pierre, T. H.
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Schrr. Sophy Collins, Udo, Plymouth, N. C., com. with
Henderson, at Beaufort, S. C.
Schrr. G. V. Scott, Fountain, Baltimore,
Schr. Norling Facer, Bedford, N. C.
Schrr. W. E. Cox, Hous. at New York
Schr. Seeling West, Plymouth, N. C.
Proprietor O'Connell, Clark, Providence
Proprietor Unica, Bates, Hartford

Sailed.

Steamship Hermann, Higgins, Bremen; Hamburg
(Giam.) Ehlers, Hamburg; Lyman, Boston;
Hager; Alabana, Schenck, Havana; New York;
Charter: Jameson, Havana; Norfolk; J. M.
Fyle, Lawton, Glasgow.

Memoiranda.

The steamboat Connecticut, of the Norwich Line, was
this morning forced to beach on the Eastern Dock and towed to
the wharf by the tugboat "Cassius." She left at 10 A. M. R.

The medium clipper ship Stephen Crowell, sent from
city and Seaview, were this morning taken on the Atlantic
Dock for repairs. They will be repaired, braced, and
copied.

By Telegraph.

BOSTON, Nov. 2-Arr. ships Frank Spencer, Calcutta;
Odessa, Glasgow; and Scranton, New Orleans;
Bark Quicksip, Whampoa.

Dienst.

The British brigantine Aurora, loaded with oak, from
Turk Island, went ashore on Friday night, Oct. 31,
on Hamptead Beach. She lays broadside on, and is full of
water.

Speakers, &c.

Oct. 13, lat. 8 46 N., lon. 47 24 W., Capt. Mary Queen, Johnson-
son, Rio Janeiro for Baltimore.

Oct. 31, lat. 23 55, lon. 67, bark Arctia, Captain, from
Gaboon for New-York, 67, 68, 69.

Foreign News.

At Rio Janeiro, Sept. 27, ships Bahia, came from Bal-

Barke Alice, Penny, from Bahia, La-
cater, Sommers, from Montevideo, La-
Bosch, from Buenos Aires, La-
Clark, from Buenos Aires, La-
Rhodes, going in. Rejra, Jose, La-
for New York, La-
Baltimore, discharging. Also, ship going
for San Francisco, put in for a crew, and dis-
ported.

TOO LATE FOR CLASS

**TO THE CITIZENS AND
THE FORTIFIED CONGRESS**

**FIFTEENTH WARD.—F. W.
T. BANDS.**

The undersigned, citizens and
Council District, have petitioned
our voters. In the extraordinary
election, to protect
feeling proper candidates to be
office.

In this light, we have great
the voters of the ALAN CONNELLAN
Councilman. ANDREW
to the fact that the
vention, and therefore seemed to be
partners
merits. He is a gentleman of
pability, and in every way thorough-
grably any F. W.
for South
JOHN A. AYVA,
and in
instructed,
philosopher
field.

**SEVENTH WARD AMATEUR
CONGRESS:**

For Assembly—
For Assembly—
For Committee.

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Amelia, Mary, and Helen, three
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In
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Mrs. Mary O'Neill, Mrs. Ellen Moore,
Harrison, a child, n and several
and several, Mrs. D. B. Smith,
W. D. Fowler and lady, Mrs.
Dr. Sheldon, Dr. Sheldon and lady.

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children, Capt. J. C. Wainwright,
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for South
JOHN A. AYVA,
and in
instructed,
philosopher
field.

**SEVENTH WARD AMATEUR
CONGRESS:**

For Assembly—
For Assembly—
For Committee.

[illegible]

the real significance of the position
Southern Democratic leaders. It
sacking of the position and bearing
It is treason of the deepest dy-
ing treason.

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of a large hall, and in a room of limited capacity, the members of the movement, the women and the broad centre which connects them with the masses, to manoeuvre playing, may be more comfortable at a home. The women hope to contribute, here as well as in the future, to the development of music in the country, and to the education of the masses in the same sensitive spirit of solidarity which has been expressed at a moderate standard, especially in the case of the young, and which they find most commendable in which he is engaged. The women, in a room of only about 200 seats, with the women, after deducting the usual expenses, will be able to share the profits of the sale of the tickets holding an sufficient

management being determined to act with
as impartiality in the distribution of tickets as
possible by having many agents, taking care
not to inform the public until the day after
the opening of the sale of tickets for each seat.
We will be announced two days previously, and we
can possibly be received at some advance.

WALLACE'S THEATRE.

Doors open at 6½; commence at 7.
Presentation of
MRS. W. WALLACE
TUESDAY, Nov. 4,
LAST NIGHT

THE IRON CHEST.

Eward Mortimer..... Mr. Wallace;
Leon Rawlins..... Mr. Lester;
Edw. H. M. Pratt..... Mrs. Allen;
Mrs. Drott, Miss Mary Gammon, Mrs. Allen,
Cecilia, etc., etc.

THE CHAIN OF THE WATCH.
De Lyler, the Captain,
Southern, Mr. H. B. Phillips, and Miss Gorman; also
cast.
THE FIRE-EATER
AS YOU LIKE IT.
.....
metrow- Mr. Walker.

NIBLO'S GARDEN.
Doors open at 6 P.M. To commence at 7 P.
TICKETS.
TUESDAY EVENING, NOV. 4. 1890.
GRAND EXTRA NIGHT.
PAST NOVELTY.
WONDERFUL TRAVELS.
E. ROBERT, THE RAILLET COMPANY,
APPEAR THIS EVENING.
RACQUET STROLLS ON THE TIGER SOLE.
and ballet.
THE DIABOL A QUATRE

[illegible]

Seats 50 cents.

**TON'S NEW THEATRE, BROADWAY,
TWO AMERICAN PICTURES.**
WEDNESDAY, Nov. 4, the capital original Comedy of
SEALS
played to full and delighted audience, with a
cast of **NEW** and **RAW** SENSATION; and the language of
WHO DO YOU VOTE FOR?
and with loud laughter and applause.
distribution in two characters.
Mrs. T. C. Howard, Miss Polly Mac-
Mrs. J. J. Parker, Miss Mary Brown, Miss W.
Mrs. T. Placide, and other favorites.
3 o'clock every day from 8 o'clock in the morning.

ACADEMY OF MUSIC
on the 11th night of the season, for concerts, lectures,
and other entertainments, for 4000 persons. Prices per
including light.

WANT COUNSEL

all the privileges of the bays, supper-rooms and
gala. together with the lighting and flooring. Ag-
H. WOLFE, of the Executive Committee, No. 6
NILES' AMUSEMENT
HOUSE OF DANCE
FOR EUROPEAN SOCIETY
RECENTLY BUILT
NO. 47, and WEDNESDAY
EVENING, 17th
Dances, New Fairs, etc.
in their NEW BAY, 100
LADIES & all
Children under ten, 10c.
ADULTS NATIONAL THEATRE, DANCE
No. 47, No. 124, etc. Orchestra, 10c.
THEATRE, 10c.
to commence with the drama of
THEATRE, 10c.

Followed by the **comic Performance of the**
SCHOOLMASTER
who to conclude with the **popular Drama of**
EL HYDER.

THE BOWERY THEATRE
of Admission: Dress Circle and Orchestra
50 cents, Boxes, 50 cents. **THE EVENING**, Nov. 1,
presented, second time, an entirely new comedy
presented by Messrs. **W. J. WATSON** and
THE MASK, OR THE WOLF OF BOHEMIA,
include with

THE HONEYMOON.

THE PALACE. **THE MAGNIFICENT**
is now open to visitors, and contains many
valuable articles, together with **THE**
Stalwart. Carey's collection of the
presence of **Christ** from the Cross
for admission.

Players, on exhibition during this week at the
540 Chestnut Street, from 4 1/2 to 8 P. M.
Admission 25 cents.

ABBOTT'S CELEBRATED DISTILLERIES
SPRINKLE the mob people, attractive and instructive
entertainment. The City and its condensed meat
of literary taste and refreshment, is now open at
Pavement Institute, No. 600 Rensselaer. Admission.

OLD FORD GALLERY, NO. 100 BROAD
The best collection of Falmouth's history
contains 180 Falmouths. Open day and evening
admission free.

DANCING.

DWIGHT'S DANCING ACADEMY.
No. 55 BROADWAY, NEW YORK.
NO. 101 MONTAGNE-PLACE, PARIS.

MAGNETIC POWDERS.

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Ark. Va.	March	Charlotte	22,000
Calif.	March	Dulles	27,950
Calif.	March	N. Orleans	1,794.25
Calif.	March	San Fran'o.	1,000.00
223,951.80			

The market opened freely from the interior to-day, in consequence of the market, especially for Flour and Wheat, each of which found willing buyers only at rather higher rates. Corn was

heavy, but not lower. Cotton seemed very quiet and languid. Provisions were also tame, yet firm. Sugars ruled pretty active and steady. Freight varied little.

NEW-ORLEANS MARKET, OCTOBER 30.

Bank.	Loans.	Deposits.
Citizens' Bank.....	\$6,250,795	\$1,861,799
Commercial Bank.....	2,842,500	2,842,500
Canal Bank.....	2,728,156	855,775
Planters' Bank.....	1,000,000	100,000
First National Bank.....	1,000,000	1,449,578

MARIE & BERNI.

Markets by Teletype.

[illegible]

Chicago, Bank	\$67,250	\$158,000	\$158,000	
St. Louis, Bank	100,000	100,000	100,000	
Louisiana	500,550	500,561	533,817	
Ark. and Ind. State	100,000	100,000	114,738	2,141,491
Mech. & Trans.	51,063	100,000	51,587	
Bk. of N. Orleans	228,000	221,358	221,358	
St. Louis, Bk.	100,000	100,000	97,298	87,968
St. Louis, Bk.	100,000	100,000	100,000	
Union Bank	528,432	217,053	503,175	110,041
Total	\$2,022,151	\$2,420,956	\$2,461,104	\$2,461,104

SOUTH CAROLINA		ARKANSAS		OKLAHOMA		TEXAS	
Feeds		Feeds		Feeds		Feeds	
Bank of State	\$1,692.141	\$652.338	\$661.119	\$1,211.633			
Branch Columbia	1,061,643	197,285	2,901				
Branch Dallas	1,000,000	1,000,000	1,000,000				
R. W. Railroad	241,898		50,893	251,191			
Union S. C.	696,674	696,674					
Union S. C.	696,674	106,077	62,793	193,770			
Union S. C.	479,296	196,400	124,192	367,400			
		519,272					

What is unchanged. Sales of 15,000 bushels of
 \$1 47 for White Michigan, about; \$1 26 for small
 Milwaukee Club. *Freights to New York*—White
 Michigan, 15,000 bushels, \$1 47; small Milwaukee
 bushels Wheat, 37,500 bushels Corn, 37,500
 Cased—2,700 bbls. Flour, 72,000 bushels Wheat, 37,500
 39,200 bushels Corn.

PROCEEDS OF THE

Charleston.....	1,112.07	472,581	856,598	704,965
Farm and Exch.....	800.93	90,887	79,693	75,260
Hamburg.....	188,584	59,455	81,780	540,455
Commercial.....	255,695	218,381	85,866	67,936
Newberry.....	51,940	25,477	30,513	459,555
Planter.....	100,923	29,435	19,797	419,435

Exchange	474,798	190,423	40,327	553,941
Chicago	1,044	1,044	—	2,088
Chesapeake	168,828	63,010	24,888	260,271
Camden	122,857	32,783	15,168	169,998
Greenland	100,000	100,000	—	200,000
Greenwood	105,056	25,904	31,073	204,553
Totals	\$11,997,585,328	\$4,648,133,308	\$7,349,771,709	

OFFICIAL BANK STATEMENTS

WHEAT—Sales. **Altair**, Monday, Nov. 8—11 W. 100 bushels at \$1.00. **Watts**, 10,000 bushels at 80¢. **Compton**, 75c. for Western mixed in store. Sales 9,000 bushels at \$1.00. **Chandler**, Sunday, Nov. 7—100 bushels at \$1.20; 313c. for four-rowed. Sales 3,000 bushels.

COTTON—The sales-to-day add up 2,500 bales at full price.

CONDITION OF CITY BANKS—NOV. 1.				
Names of Banks	Ave. amt.	Ave. amt.	Ave. amt.	Ave. amt.

Number of Shares.	L'ns & Dis.	Specie.	Cheque's.	Deposits.	Dry Goods.....	Hemp and Hemp
Am. Exchange Bk	\$4,708,617	\$585,990	\$506,634	\$1,683,913	\$169,711	Yarns.....
Arizans' Bank....	608,007	16,818	54,313	378,598	63,101	Woolen.....
Atlantic Bank....	626,461	40,333	80,899	450,943	22,886	Other Articles.....
					37,884	

Bk. of America,	1,424,914	984,012	54,041	5,094,913
Bk. of Commerce,	1,222,242	1,122,242	1,122,242	1,122,242
Bk. of Comm'rs,	1,222,242	1,122,242	1,122,242	1,122,242
Bk. of New York,	1,394,218	391,570	383,163	2,876,714
Bk. of America,	1,222,242	1,122,242	1,122,242	1,122,242
Bk. of Republic,	1,200,102	1,023,339	1,037,917	1,119,738
Bk. of New York,	1,394,218	391,570	383,163	2,876,714
Broadway Bank,	1,883,219	1,114,278	2,227,528	1,223,776
Smith Bros. Bank,	1,222,242	1,122,242	1,122,242	1,122,242
Burch & Drow, Bk.,	1,222,242	1,122,242	1,122,242	1,122,242
Chatham Bank,	1,222,242	1,122,242	1,122,242	1,122,242
City Bank,	1,222,242	1,122,242	1,122,242	1,122,242
Citizens Bank,	1,222,242	1,122,242	1,122,242	1,122,242
Commercial Bank,	1,222,242	1,122,242	1,122,242	1,122,242
Corn Exch. Bank,	1,222,242	1,122,242	1,122,242	1,122,242
First Nat. Bank,	1,222,242	1,122,242	1,122,242	1,122,242
Fulton Bank,	1,222,242	1,122,242	1,122,242	1,122,242
Gen'l Bk. & Com.,	1,222,242	1,122,242	1,122,242	1,122,242
Greens' Bank,	1,222,242	1,122,242	1,122,242	1,122,242
Hanover Bank,	1,222,242	1,122,242	1,122,242	1,122,242

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Phelps Bank	2,044,616	261,215	1,947,341	261,215
St. Nicholas Bank	674,212	47,581	55,620	448,228
First Nat. Bank	1,365,445	100,000	360,449	688,756
St. & Leath, Bk.	1,697,573	72,436	331,218	752,741
Traders' & Bk.	9,257,233	107,331	1,062,599	
Union Bank				
Total	10,102,136	2,039,001	2,685,535	2,685,535

Specie..... 11,067,975/Deposits..... 86,532,892

Money Circular for Europe.
(Translated by Straits)

New-York, Monday, Nov. 3, 1856.

The export of Specie during the week has been very large, amounting to \$1,891,734. The efforts of

Col. Margaret, Hennen, City of Pitt. J. Hennen & Co.
Col. Henry, Steiuen, Chicago. McCarty, Mast & Co.
The Rev. Geo. Norril, Sturges, London.
New-Cort, Bingham, Richmond. C. H. Pierson; Wm.
Morgan, New-York.
Sarge Comst, Dayton, Philadelphia.
Fropeller Sarah, Jones, Philadelphia, J. & N. Briggs

Arrived.

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sharply, most actively speculated in, has amounted almost to a panic, and the fall has been heavy, as may be seen from the annexed table of daily quotations. The low prices, however begin to attract the serious attention of capitalists, and upon the more favorable news from Liverpool to Oct. 23, which reach

use at the bank. There was some activity in the Stock Market upward, but not much activity in the Bond Market. The stock market was somewhat better than the bond market. There were some rather considerable transactions in Tennessee, also, in Ky., and in Virginia, at a 1% decline; also in Missouri 6%, at a 1% percent decline. Purchases to supply short sales have in part caused the rise on the latter. City and

County Bonds—Some new bonds sold, says the *San Francisco Post*, at 100. The *San Francisco Post* says that the sale of the bonds was a success, and that the bonds were sold at a premium. The *San Francisco Post* also says that the bonds were sold at a premium, and that the bonds were sold at a premium.

WIND—During the day, calm.

Evening.

Bark St. Andrew, Northport, Harpersport, with coal
Funché & McInnes.—(By pilot boat Washington, No. 4.)

also 1 bark.

Spoken, &c.
Nov. 8, 3 miles E. of Sandy Hook, **brg. Harriet, 400 tons**, from Boston for Richmond. — (*By steaming hulk*)
Capt. Merrill.

Foreign Shipping Intelligence.
[Continued from Page 1.]

Money Circular for Europe.
(Translated Extract.)
New-York, Monday, Nov. 3, 1856.
The state of affairs continues to be the leading influence on the market. By the *Atlantic*, from Liverpool the 14th, Consols declined $\frac{1}{4}$; *Money*

continued in demand in London, and the Bank had decided to make no further advances on public securities; in France, the position showed no improvement. These advances, joined to the heavy specie shipments on the same days, and the *Panama* indigestion during the two days, caused a serious decline in the value of the market, and a serious decline in the value of the market, and a serious decline in the value of the market.

Settled for Sumatra—Oct. 18, val. 100,000, from Cochin, from Cochin.

Settled for New Orleans—Oct. 19, 100,000, from Cochin, from Cochin.

continued in demand in London, and the Bank had decided to make no further advances on public securities; in France, the position showed no improvement. These advances, joined to the heavy specie shipments on the same days, and the *Panama* indigestion during the two days, caused a serious decline in the value of the market, and a serious decline in the value of the market, and a serious decline in the value of the market.

Settled for Sumatra—Oct. 18, val. 100,000, from Cochin, from Cochin.

Settled for New Orleans—Oct. 19, 100,000, from Cochin, from Cochin.

has become in great demand, in consequence of the restrictive measures adopted by our Banks with a view to check the too rapid overflow of coin, the scarcity is not, however, sufficiently great to justify in itself so considerable a depreciation; the sales are, to a great extent, made in the expectation of increased

strangely during this period, and the doubt as to what indication the Banks may feel compelled to make in their loans and discounts to prevent excessive exports of specie. Exchange on London and Paris has already fallen to notes that leave no profits to specie shippers, and yet gold continues to be carried

he is out by every steamer leaving for Europe, To-day's Boston.

Fraser, which stated that Fraser was
by, but did not speak five minutes be-
hind. Fraser denounced Evans as a
Al that he would put him as a coward in
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and on the language above given
in the case.

Only a few minutes before the 10 o'clock hour, the speaker had not given any indication of whether he would speak, or the committee in the Senate. "We presume," it charged, "that the report" was written in the "sole and exclusive purpose of keeping citizens in the dark." It was supposed that the report could be used for purposes of the House of Representatives, for the truth or falsehood of the report.

As for the Times, we certainly remember the charge of the "majority" of the editorial union, throughout this place, and with quite similar charges in other parts all afloat, and we have no doubt of the fact. There is no doubt, however, or in the United States, that the Times search in this respect as they have elsewhere, moreover, what is in our politics is common to all, and is not based upon the Times. The synthesis it has necessarily presented

backs upon the Editor of the paper to
to be the officials of the Association.
We state this, not for the sake of
country from that paper, but for our
ourselves.

BUSINESS NOTICE

WE WOULD CALL ATTENTION
TO OUR STOCK OF BATHING
FOR CONVENIENCE
Our stock of Fish-bone
coatings, complete
ket, and we make them up with all the styles for which
our house has so long been celebrated.

CHAS. HUGGIE, for the past seven years has run
his pantaloons, suit is with

W. A. ARMSTRONG

HOARSENESS.—RADWAY'S READY REMEDY
AND REGULATORS will relieve and cure the most pe-
nate attacks in one hour and a half.

RADWAY & CO., No. 120 FULTON, N.Y. City.
R. Remedies sold by druggists and merchants every-
where.

DISSOLUTION OF PARTNERSHIP.—THE SO-
partnership heretofore existing be-
scribes under the firm of BRUSH & CO., is
dissolved by mutual consent of the parties.
Liquidation.

STEPHEN J. EASTMAN,
Clerk.

NEW-YORK, Nov. 1, 1856.

COPARTNERSHIP.—SMITH J. EASTMAN,
of New-York, and JOHN C. LLOYD, of
this day formed a copartnership with JOHN C. LLOYD
to continue the Provisional Bank of New-York
of EASTMAN & LLOYD, at No. 40 and 42
Broad-st.

NEW-YORK, Nov. 1, 1856.

Clerks,
EASTMAN & LLOYD,
Commission Merchants,
No. 40 and 42
Broad-st.

Dealers in Provisions,
SMITH J. EASTMAN,
JOHN C. LLOYD.

have, for the selection of the best characters, an ample stock of good birds, tall, well-proportioned, well-made, game, active, obedient, &c. &c.

We respectfully solicit the consideration of our old friends and the public generally. All shipping orders, by mail, will receive prompt attention, and at the best market rates.

HERRING'S PATENT CHAMPION SHERRIES.

SAFES.—The following are the medals that were awarded to our safe at the London Exhibition, 1862, and the London and Paris Exhibitions, 1867. The medals are the gold, silver, and bronze medals at the London World's Fair. These safes are the only ones that have ever offered the public, and the only ones that produce an instance of such kind as ever came before through the honest day, in picking the lock.

authorized to make and sell Herring's Patent Safe, with Hall's Patent Fire-Proof Cash Box, and all other articles made by the HERRING & HALL PATENT SAFE CO., 124, 127 and 130 Water-st., and 5 Market-st., New York.

TO HOUSEKEEPERS—WE OFFER THE LARGEST assortment of China, Glass and gold-ware that can be found in New-York. In addition to the above, we have on hand a large stock of cut-crystal, and a full supply of all articles made to make room for very large householders new in the way, we propose to sell for the next thirty days at a house discount of 25 per cent. on all goods on hand.

A comparison of our styles and prices is respectfully solicited.

W. J. F. DANKS & CO.,
Marble Stores, Nos. 631 and 632 Broadway,
Between Broome and Houston sts.

EVERY CHEAP HOUSE-FURNISHING COMPANY—
V. E. HAUGHWORTH, Nos. 341 and 343 Broadway, cor-

to reform in a few weeks by his new store, situated at Broadway and Broome-st., and having in possession of the largest and his own works a large assortment of new goods, intended for the opening, has decided to dispose of his present stock of China, Glass, Plated Ware, Cutlery and the various articles at greatly reduced prices. A general reduction will be made.

SINGER'S SEWING MACHINES—SPEED AND PERFECTION COMBINED.—Wear no more old-fashioned machines for family sewing, quilting and other household work, which complete six stitches at each turn of the wheel. Adopt the new Improved Sewing Machine, which makes three stitches at each revolution. It can be easily demonstrated that no other kind of sewing machine can afford the public, in comparison with these, can be used without position.

I. M. SINGER & CO., No. 325 Broadway.

AT WHOLESALE.
KEILY & FERGUSON, No. 391 Broadway,
No. 544 Broadway, have a full and choice stock of Hosiery,
Suits, Sweaters, Ties, Handkerchiefs, DANCING SLIPPERS,
and MUSLIN CURTAINS, COMBES, Goggles, etc., which are
offered at the lowest prices.
WINDUP BRADES.—Our stock of WINDUP BRADES is
the largest in New York, and our very best and most
facilities enable us to offer these goods here than any other
houses. We invite the attention of close buyers.

DAVID'S EXCELSIOR INDEMLINE LUX. WIT-
HOUT PREPARATION.—This article
much improved since the first of August, and we have
it to the trade with a guarantee of the
GILBERT & OLIVER CO.,
If need according to directions. For sale by all the principal
Stationers in the United States.

Manufacturing Stationers, New-York.

HOSTETTER

THE REMARKABLE SUCCESS OF HOSTETTER'S VEGETABLE STOMACH BITTERS is due to appetite, dyspepsia, liver complaint, &c., is unspeakable. It is a simple, pleasant, and powerful medicine, and should be in the hands of every healthy person. Sold by all grocers, druggists and hotels. **W. C. HOSTETTER & SMITH, Proprietors, Philadelphia. BARNES & PARK, Broadway and Duane-st., wholesale agents for the East.**

RUPTURE—ONLY PRIZE MEDAL AWARDED
to **MARSH & CO.**, by the **International Medical Congress**, at the Crystal Palace, for their new patent medical cure truss. References as to its superiority: **Professor Valentine Mott, William Parker and John A. Greenough, New York.**

SMITHSONIAN HOUSE, BROADWAY.
On the **EUROPEAN & AMERICAN PLAN**, at special
rates, by **invitation** the **attending** **gentlemen**.
Also, of **FAMILIES** and **SINGLE GENTLEMEN** looking for
Winter quarters. Steam heat throughout.
SIDNEY KOPMAN.

PIANO-PORTES!!! and **MELODIONS!!!** and
powerful in tone, beautiful style of **European make**.
Fully warranted to give perfect satisfaction, and **imported**
direct from the **manufacturers of HAINES &**
WAKE & CO., No. 187 Canal St., (Opp. old New York)
dooms West of Varick-st.

WIGS, WIGS, WIGS—BATHING & FISHING and
Toupees have improvements peculiar to their shape and
cost all others. They are comfortable and over the head.

PIANOS AND MELODIONS.—THE HOBART WATERS modern improved Pianos and Melodions can be found only at No. 232 Broadway. Pianos to rent, and rent allowed on purchases, for sale on monthly payments. Second-hand Pianos from \$60 to \$100; Melodions, \$40 to \$125.

CURTAIN MATERIALS
At great bargains, at the
One Price Carpet Store of
YOUNG & JARNE,
No. 364 Broadway, corner of Franklin St.

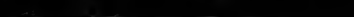
BATCHELOR'S HAIR DYE—THE ONLY
that cures the Itch, and
Keeps the Hair Soft and
Reliable. Manufactured
by J. M. Batchelor.

H. T. LOVELT SWAPNE—AN HONORABLE FARMER
in preparation will restore gray hair to its natural color
and cure baldness. The genuine Swapne can be pur-
chased only at his office, No. 101 Broadway.
Beware of counterfeits. No hair is restored.

BROOKLYN'S CLAMOROUSLY GOOD FRYING
A chronic inflammation of the stomach and
intestines, which is attended with
indigestion, is cured by the use of
this medicine. It is sold by all
druggists and grocers. No. 101 Broadway.

SCARFATH AND OIL—MADE AT COURT, FOR
SALE. No. 101 Broadway. No. 101 Broadway.

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open at 6%. To commercial 7%.

TICKETS.....50 Cents

PLAY EVENING, NOV. 3, 1936.

ANOTHER GREAT BILL BY

ERUL RAVEL.

THE BALLET COMPANY.

Two comic

THE COOPER.

.....Francis | Tully Hump.....

FLORA AND ZEPHYR.

.....Mlle. Robert Fl.....

THE; OR, THE RIVAL PRINCE.

.....Erul Ravel, guest singing

the Wonderful Harvards, Mrs. [unclear]
and other entertainers.
of Messrs. Paul Hillman, Esq.
and Lehman. The Wonderful Harvards
at the entire company.

WALLACK'S THEATRE.
re open at 6 1/2; commence at 7.
Engagement of
MR. WALLACK.
WEDNESDAY, Nov. 5.
is school of Shakespeare's *Comedies*
AS YOU LIKE IT.

Mr. Wallace..... Adams.....
Mr. Lester..... Touchstone.....
Mr. Reynolds, Mr. Lee, Mr. Nathan.....
Mr. Sothern, &c., &c., also in the cast.
Beautiful costumes.
And all the charming incidental go-
with
RAY WITH MELANCHOLY.
First night of Sheridan Knowles' "Lovers
THE WIFE
Mr. Wallace..... Leonardo.....
Mr. Dyott..... Marston.....

KLEYS' GRENADERS.
NEW HALL,
 No. 535 Broadway.
 OF THE SIGNAL SWAN.
 ated all this week, with New Song,
 &c., also New Songs, Tunes,
 &c.
 Key in the great quantity of
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 mation.

THE NEGRO MINISTRY.
 Commences at 7 1/2 o'clock. Admission 50 cents.

NEW THEATRE, BROADWAY.
THE VOICE OF THE PUEBLO.
 Stamped the new original spirit of
THE SELF.
 and decided success. It has been per-
 formed 600 times and received with such
 therefore, be repeated **THIS EVENING**
 with the laughable sketch of
HOW DO YOU VOTE FOR-

Two characters.
Support, Mrs. C. Howard, Miss M. Barker, Mr. C. Fisher, Mr. T. P. ...
in rehearsal and a new 5 act comedy.

ACADEMY OF MUSIC
...nights of the opera, for concerts, lecture
...ation for 4,000 persons. Price per night
...night.

HALL SEASON.
...ball-nights has been refused to grant
...privileges of the hall, unless such as
...together with the lighting and heating.
...LIFE, of the Executive Committee, ...

A. AMERICAN NEWSMAN, LAST
 OF "DRED" LAST WEEK, O-
 HUMB. AS TOM-TIT AS HE D-
 EUROPE. APPLAUSE SUSPENS-
 ENT! DRED is performed
 and WEDNESDAY and SATURDAY
 AFTER AFTERNOONS, at 8 o'clock - GE-
 In his unique entertainment, host
 NEW DEN, THE GREAT SNAKE
 Y, etc. at the same
 men under ten, M.Y.

MRS. BOWERY THREE TIMES
 Admission: Dress Circle and Gallery, 25
 Boxes, 25 cents; PM and Gallery, 15
 Boxes, 15. **THIS EVENING** Rev.
 1st, third time, an entirely new romantic
 written by Mr. Brougham, edited by
OR THE WOLF OF BOHEMIA.
, Mr. J. E. McDermott
LIFE IN NEW-YORK.
PALACE.—THE MAGNIFICENT
 now open to visitors, and contains

IT'S CELEBRATED EGYPTIAN.
The most popular, attractive and interesting
in the City, and the continual receipt of
every taste and refinement, is now open

INSTITUTE, No. 659 Broadway. ACADEMY OF MUSIC.

ART GALLERY, No. 457 Broadway.
Best collection of Paintings in this city.
100 Paintings. Open day and evening.
Free.

DANCING.

THE DANCING ACADEMY.
BROADWAY, NEW YORK.
6, 121 MONMOUTH PLACE, BROOKLYN.

... on WEDNESDAYS and SATURDAYS
... on THURSDAYS and FRIDAYS
... 4 P. M. for ladies and children, at 5
... Ladies' private class at 3 P. M. for
... at any time during the season. Covered
... rooms, etc., may be had at either of these
... a usual service will be given.
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BOW open for the following:
 1. Wednesdays and Thursdays, 12:30-1:30 P. M.
 2. Fridays, 12:30-1:30 P. M.
 3. Saturdays, 10:00-11:00 A. M.
 4. Sundays, 10:00-11:00 A. M.
 5. Schools and Private Classes closed.
 Solicits given as usual.

OF ANY COUNTRY IN THE WORLD,
 (ratio), 5 per cent.
 of operations for
 and on the basis of
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FUR TRIMMING FOR DRESSES, CLOAKS, ETC.

But it is not alone in sets that furs will be worn this Winter; we have seen costly velvet dresses, with a deep border of Royal ermine, and the richest brown mink antique, trimmed with sable half yard in depth. These have a magnificent effect, and will be splendid toilettes for the holidays. A very elegant imitation of Russian Sable has also been imported for trimming cloaks. It was invented for the "Coronation" cloak, designed in honor of the Empress of Russia. It is made of a heavy material, and is a superb style of cloak, which is of blank velvet Beaver cloth, with the Spanish circular form, and a very flowing and graceful. It is decidedly the most distinguished cloak of the season. The "Elixir" is also something in the same

HAY.—Haven't heard much about this year's crop, but the prospects are good for a fair average yield. There is no prospect of unusually early cutting, as the weather is so late in getting warm.

HOPE.—Being scarce and lately raised from \$6.00 to \$7.00, it is in fair demand at \$6.50. Old rules say that

IRON.—Sales of 150 tons Scotch Fire consumption at \$9.00, local terms, 7 ton.

LATHS.—Quiet, at previous prices.

LEAD.—In moderate demand at, however, prices

LEATHER.—Hides claim very high prices, but the de-

may be trimmed with an imitation of fur, or black velvet; it is a very stylish and elegant garment, and is second only to the "Coronation" cloak. The same trimmings on black velvet are made on the border of hias more antique or real guinea lace, with a heading of bugle trimmings. The inside part of the cloak is made by satin, or, better, cape surrounding it of black velvet, trimmed with bugle trimmings, and drop buttons. A new shawl collar, made of black velvet, bordered with satin, introduced for the Opera, this season, and is very much admired. Opera cloaks are many of them bordered with satin, and are made of *matre* and *châle*, which is what deeper, in order to give effect to this more costly trimming; the importations of the most beautiful black velvet cloaks are also very numerous, and much like the anticipated falling off in silk. The designs are exquisite, and succeed each other so rapidly, that it is not surprising that invention is not exhausted in the endeavor to produce them. For black silk, deep black velvet duncoses, and white silk, and black velvet, the styles of the French underwork, are the most *recherché*. They make an elegant carriage toilette, and are worth \$195 each. Dark brown and blue tassetas are also black velvet duncoses with designs upon them, and with color in the dress. A superb coral-colored tassetas had duncoses white velvet, wrought with what looked like an embroidery of coral-colored satin, with a border of

The soft, delicious blending of the rich white velvet, with the bright coral-colored, produces an effect impossible to describe, but it was beautiful exceedingly. New and old hats and coats of the same shade of litch called "Maria Louise," is very handsome and fashionable; they should be trimmed with rich crocheted fringe, or lace of the same shade as the dress. We have seen an elegant *drab mofre angora* trimmed with black guipure lace, with very fine effect. The velvet and lace are the same shade as the dress.

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value thereof therein expressed.

[illegible]

freight or passage, having unequalled accommodations
elegance and comfort. apply to
EDWARD & COLLINS No 55 West

Passenger **EDWARD COLLIER** has been killed at 11 o'clock. All letters must pass through the Post-Office early in the morning.

The **Steamship ADRIATIC**, Jas. Watt command, will succeed the **ATLANTIC**, and sail on **SATURDAY** at 11 o'clock.

The rate of freight from Liverpool to New York, for the four days of the month, is as follows:

STEAM BETWEEN NEW-YORK & GLASGOW:
EDINBURGH, 2,000 tons, Wm. Currie & Co., Command.
NEWARK, 1,100 tons, Robert Ogden, Command.
GLASGOW, 1,300 tons, JOHN DENCK, Command.
The Glasgow and New-York Steamship Company will sail for Glasgow direct, as under:

NEWARK, Saturday, 19th November, 12 o'clock.
NEW-YORK, Saturday, 20th November, at 11 o'clock.
GLASGOW, Saturday, 19th December, at 11 o'clock.

First-class, 50s.; third-class, found with cooked provisions, 10s. 6d.
The preferred Bergron attached to each steamer.

For freight or passage, apply to J. McSYMON,
No. 17 Broadw

FOR SOUTHAMPTON AND HAVRE
The United States Mail Steamer **FELTON**, J.C. COTTON, Master, will leave for Havre, Southampt-on and the mails and passengers, on **WEDNESDAY, May 18**, at 12 o'clock, from pier No. 37 at New York City.
First Cabin, 100 seats.
Second Cabin, 100 seats.
This ship has the water-tight compartments fitted with the latest machinery, so that in the event of collision or stranding, the water could not reach them, and the pumps being worked by steam, the safety of the vessel and passengers would be insured.
Passengers not wanted during the voyage should be aboard the day of sailing, marked "below."
For freight and cargo apply to
SOUTHERN LIVINGSTON, Agent, No. 22 Broadway.

FOR CALIFORNIA.

RATES OF PASSAGE FROM NEW-YORK
TO SAN FRANCISCO. TO SAN JUAN DEL NORTE.
 Including Isthmus Transit. First Cabin.
 Second Cabin.
 Third Cabin.
 Steerage.

For freight or passage, apply to
CHARLES MORGAN & SONS,

PACIFIC EXPRESS COMPANY, No. 10 BROADWAY.—Express for California, Oregon, Washington, Idaho, Nevada, Utah, Arizona, New Mexico, South Pacific, etc., forwarded by the Golden State Line, leaving for San Francisco, via the Golden State Line, on Thursday, Nov. 4, in charge of special messenger. Small parcels received till 1 o'clock; letters, 1½ o'clock.

FOR THE SOUTH.

FOR NORFOLK AND PETERSBURG.—The United States mail, steamer ROANOKE, leaves Norfolk for Petersburg, the above place, on Wednesday, Nov. 6, at 10 o'clock. The steamer No. 18 North River, she will arrive at Norfolk the afternoon, and Petersburg the following morning. Passengers for the South can proceed directly on the Southern mail line to Charleston, Augusta, Savannah,

Those for Richmond will arrive at their destination on Friday morning. Travelers will find this the easiest, pleasantest and most expeditious route. Passen-

LEGAL NOTICES.

SUPREME COURT, SUFFOLK COUNTY.
WILLIAM H. GLEASON, GABRIEL H. COHEN
vs.
SOMERSET TRADING CO., INC.

THAYER, Executor of the will of CYNTHIA HAYES deceased, PETER H. SHAW and ANNA M.

SHAW, M. MRS. WILLIAM SHAW and IRA BIRN-
BAUM, Defendants. To each and all of the above-
named defendants: You are hereby summoned and re-
quired to appear in and defend against the action
brought by the Plaintiff in and against you in the
Office of the Clerk of the County of Suffolk, at
Suffolk, in said County, and to serve a copy of your
answer to this summons on the undersigned at their
office, in said County, within twenty days after
service of this summons on you, exclusive of the
day of service; and to file said answer with the
Clerk of the Court, in said County, within the time
within the time prescribed by the statute in this action
applicable to the Court for the relief demanded in the
plaint—Dated this _____ day of _____,
19____.

WILSON & TCHILL, Plaintiffs Attorneys
at-law

SUMMONS FOR RELIEF—STURMERS
COUNTY OF ALBANY—BELINDA HUGHES
vs. GEORGE HUGHES, Plaintiff and Defendant.
Defendant: You are hereby summoned to answer the
complaint: You are hereby summoned to answer the

plaint of BELINDA HUGHES, plaintiff, a copy of which was, this 20th day of October, 1900, filed in the office of the Clerk of the County of Albany, and to serve a copy of the same on the defendant.

IN FURTANCE OF AN ORDER OF
W. MARK DAWSON, Esq., Surrogate of the County of Kings, notice is hereby given, according to law, to all persons having claims against **JOHN H. BROTHERS, JR.** to present the same to the undersigned for examination and settlement on or before the 14th day of November next. — Dated at New York, N. Y., this 11th day of November, 1864.
MARY ELLIOTT,
 112 NASSAU ST., N. Y.

IN PURSUANCE OF AN ORDER OF
Surrogate of the County of New York, notice is

gives to all persons having claims against Dr. JOSEPH WHITTAKER, late of the City of New York, pay decreed, to premit the same, with vouchers therefor, to the subscriber, at his office, No. 69 Broadway, in the City of New York, on or before the 30th day of April United States Court, Oct. 14, 1878.

old lawton W^m FREDERICK W. READ, Executor.

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Simmons
Capt. W. W.
Major May-
son and A.
J. R. Gil-
bert, E. S.
Dobson &
R. Cham-

bers, with
of Ameri-
can Navy.

and Oct. 7,
Oct. 8, 1900.
Oct. 10, 1900.
Oct. 12, 1900.
Oct. 14, 1900.
with him.

1990

[illegible]

...and the ...

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PENNSYLVANIA—Presidential.

County.	Majority.	Gain since October.	Loss since October.
Allegheny	1,000	85	1,085
Armstrong	1,000	85	1,085
Butte	1,000	85	1,085
Cameron	1,000	85	1,085
Clearfield	1,000	85	1,085
Clinton	1,000	85	1,085
Columbia	1,000	85	1,085
Dauphin	1,000	85	1,085
Delaware	1,000	85	1,085
Elk	1,000	85	1,085
Fayette	1,000	85	1,085
Harrisburg	1,000	85	1,085
Hershey	1,000	85	1,085
Huntingdon	1,000	85	1,085
Juniata	1,000	85	1,085
Lancaster	1,000	85	1,085
Lebanon	1,000	85	1,085
Lehigh	1,000	85	1,085
Luzerne	1,000	85	1,085
Mechanicville	1,000	85	1,085
Montgomery	1,000	85	1,085
Muncie	1,000	85	1,085
Northampton	1,000	85	1,085
Northumberland	1,000	85	1,085
Perry	1,000	85	1,085
Pike	1,000	85	1,085
Richmond	1,000	85	1,085
Schuylkill	1,000	85	1,085
Snyder	1,000	85	1,085
Somerset	1,000	85	1,085
Stewart	1,000	85	1,085
Susquehanna	1,000	85	1,085
Tioga	1,000	85	1,085
Township	1,000	85	1,085
Union	1,000	85	1,085
Warren	1,000	85	1,085
Washington	1,000	85	1,085
Wayne	1,000	85	1,085
Westmoreland	1,000	85	1,085
York	1,000	85	1,085

BUCHANAN MAJORITIES.

County.	Majority.	Gain since October.	Loss since October.
Allegheny	1,000	85	1,085
Armstrong	1,000	85	1,085
Butte	1,000	85	1,085
Cameron	1,000	85	1,085
Clearfield	1,000	85	1,085
Clinton	1,000	85	1,085
Columbia	1,000	85	1,085
Dauphin	1,000	85	1,085
Delaware	1,000	85	1,085
Elk	1,000	85	1,085
Fayette	1,000	85	1,085
Harrisburg	1,000	85	1,085
Hershey	1,000	85	1,085
Huntingdon	1,000	85	1,085
Juniata	1,000	85	1,085
Lancaster	1,000	85	1,085
Lebanon	1,000	85	1,085
Lehigh	1,000	85	1,085
Luzerne	1,000	85	1,085
Mechanicville	1,000	85	1,085
Montgomery	1,000	85	1,085
Muncie	1,000	85	1,085
Northampton	1,000	85	1,085
Northumberland	1,000	85	1,085
Perry	1,000	85	1,085
Pike	1,000	85	1,085
Richmond	1,000	85	1,085
Schuylkill	1,000	85	1,085
Snyder	1,000	85	1,085
Somerset	1,000	85	1,085
Stewart	1,000	85	1,085
Susquehanna	1,000	85	1,085
Tioga	1,000	85	1,085
Township	1,000	85	1,085
Union	1,000	85	1,085
Warren	1,000	85	1,085
Washington	1,000	85	1,085
Wayne	1,000	85	1,085
Westmoreland	1,000	85	1,085
York	1,000	85	1,085

MAINE—Presidential.

The returns from Maine indicate a largely increased Republican majority over that in September.

Nine of the fifteen counties have been partially heard from.

They are as follows:

County.	Majority.	Gain since October.	Loss since October.
Androscoggin	1,000	85	1,085
Aroostook	1,000	85	1,085
Bath	1,000	85	1,085
Berkeley	1,000	85	1,085
Bucksport	1,000	85	1,085
Caldwell	1,000	85	1,085
Camden	1,000	85	1,085
Carrabassett	1,000	85	1,085
Cumberland	1,000	85	1,085
Dorchester	1,000	85	1,085
Hancock	1,000	85	1,085
Hennepin	1,000	85	1,085
Houlton	1,000	85	1,085
Kennebec	1,000	85	1,085
Kennebunk	1,000	85	1,085
Knox	1,000	85	1,085
Lamoine	1,000	85	1,085
Lewiston	1,000	85	1,085
Litchfield	1,000	85	1,085
Machias	1,000	85	1,085
Madawaska	1,000	85	1,085
Malden	1,000	85	1,085
Milne	1,000	85	1,085
Moosehead	1,000	85	1,085
Moulton	1,000	85	1,085
Munich	1,000	85	1,085
Norfolk	1,000	85	1,085
Norridgewood	1,000	85	1,085
Oakland	1,000	85	1,085
Oxford	1,000	85	1,085
Piscataquis	1,000	85	1,085
Plymouth	1,000	85	1,085
Polk	1,000	85	1,085
Presque Isle	1,000	85	1,085
Rockland	1,000	85	1,085
Sagadahoc	1,000	85	1,085
Schoodic	1,000	85	1,085
Somerset	1,000	85	1,085
St. George	1,000	85	1,085
St. John	1,000	85	1,085
St. Lawrence	1,000	85	1,085
Stoddard	1,000	85	1,085
Tennessy	1,000	85	1,085
Thomson	1,000	85	1,085
Township	1,000	85	1,085
Union	1,000	85	1,085
Warren	1,000	85	1,085
Washington	1,000	85	1,085
Wayne	1,000	85	1,085
Westmoreland	1,000	85	1,085
York	1,000	85	1,085

NEW-HAMPSHIRE—Presidential.

The returns from this State indicate a Republican majority increased over that at the Spring election.

One hundred and thirty-two counties foot up as follows:

County.	Majority.	Gain since October.	Loss since October.
Androscoggin	1,000	85	1,085
Aroostook	1,000	85	1,085
Bath	1,000	85	1,085
Berkeley	1,000	85	1,085
Bucksport	1,000	85	1,085
Caldwell	1,000	85	1,085
Camden	1,000	85	1,085
Carrabassett	1,000	85	1,085
Cumberland	1,000	85	1,085
Dorchester	1,000	85	1,085
Hancock	1,000	85	1,085
Hennepin	1,000	85	1,085
Houlton	1,000	85	1,085
Kennebec	1,000	85	1,085
Kennebunk	1,000	85	1,085
Knox	1,000	85	1,085
Lamoine	1,000	85	1,085
Lewiston	1,000	85	1,085
Litchfield	1,000	85	1,085
Machias	1,000	85	1,085
Madawaska	1,000	85	1,085
Malden	1,000	85	1,085
Milne	1,000	85	1,085
Moosehead	1,000	85	1,085
Moulton	1,000	85	1,085
Munich	1,000	85	1,085
Norfolk	1,000	85	1,085
Norridgewood	1,000	85	1,085
Oakland	1,000	85	1,085
Oxford	1,000	85	1,085
Piscataquis	1,000	85	1,085
Plymouth	1,000	85	1,085
Polk	1,000	85	1,085
Presque Isle	1,000	85	1,085
Rockland	1,000	85	1,085
Sagadahoc	1,000	85	1,085
Schoodic	1,000	85	1,085
Somerset	1,000	85	1,085
St. George	1,000	85	1,085
St. John	1,000	85	1,085
St. Lawrence	1,000	85	1,085
Stoddard	1,000	85	1,085
Tennessy	1,000	85	1,085
Thomson	1,000	85	1,085
Township	1,000	85	1,085
Union	1,000	85	1,085
Warren	1,000	85	1,085
Washington	1,000	85	1,085
Wayne	1,000	85	1,085
Westmoreland	1,000	85	1,085
York	1,000	85	1,085

VERMONT—Presidential.

In forty towns heard from the result is as follows:

County.	Majority.	Gain since October.	Loss since October.
Androscoggin	1,000	85	1,085
Aroostook	1,000	85	1,085
Bath	1,000	85	1,085
Berkeley	1,000	85	1,085
Bucksport	1,000	85	1,085
Caldwell	1,000	85	1,085
Camden	1,000	85	1,085
Carrabassett	1,000	85	1,085
Cumberland	1,000	85	1,085
Dorchester	1,000	85	1,085
Hancock	1,000	85	1,085
Hennepin	1,000	85	1,085
Houlton	1,000	85	1,085
Kennebec	1,000	85	1,085
Kennebunk	1,000	85	1,085
Knox	1,000	85	1,085
Lamoine	1,000	85	1,085
Lewiston	1,000	85	1,085
Litchfield	1,000	85	1,085
Machias	1,000	85	1,085
Madawaska	1,000	85	1,085
Malden	1,000	85	1,085
Milne	1,000	85	1,085
Moosehead	1,000	85	1,085
Moulton	1,000	85	1,085
Munich	1,000	85	1,085
Norfolk	1,000	85	1,085
Norridgewood	1,000	85	1,085
Oakland	1,000	85	1,085
Oxford	1,000	85	1,085
Piscataquis	1,000	85	1,085
Plymouth	1,000	85	1,085
Polk	1,000	85	1,085
Presque Isle	1,000	85	1,085
Rockland	1,000	85	1,085
Sagadahoc	1,000	85	1,085
Schoodic	1,000	85	1,085
Somerset	1,000	85	1,085
St. George	1,000	85	1,085
St. John	1,000	85	1,085
St. Lawrence	1,000	85	1,085
Stoddard	1,000	85	1,085
Tennessy	1,000	85	1,085
Thomson	1,000	85	1,085
Township	1,000	85	1,085
Union	1,000	85	1,085
Warren	1,000	85	1,085
Washington	1,000	85	1,085
Wayne	1,000	85	1,085
Westmoreland	1,000	85	1,085
York	1,000	85	1,085

MASSACHUSETTS—Presidential.

The following is the vote on the Presidential candidates. Further returns will not change the result materially, as Dukes and Nantucket Counties have but few votes:

County.	Majority.	Gain since October.	Loss since October.
Androscoggin	1,000	85	1,085
Aroostook	1,000	85	1,085
Bath	1,000	85	1,085
Berkeley	1,000	85	1,085
Bucksport	1,000	85	1,085
Caldwell	1,000	85	1,085
Camden	1,000	85	1,085
Carrabassett	1,000	85	1,085
Cumberland	1,000	85	1,085
Dorchester	1,000	85	1,085
Hancock	1,000	85	1,085
Hennepin	1,000	85	1,085
Houlton	1,000	85	1,085
Kennebec	1,000	85	1,085
Kennebunk	1,000	85	1,085
Knox	1,000	85	1,085
Lamoine	1,000	85	1,085
Lewiston	1,000	85	1,085
Litchfield	1,000	85	1,085
Machias	1,000	85	1,085
Madawaska	1,000	85	1,085
Malden	1,000	85	1,085
Milne	1,000	85	1,085
Moosehead	1,000	85	1,085
Moulton	1,000	85	1,085
Munich	1,000	85	1,085
Norfolk	1,000	85	1,085
Norridgewood	1,000	85	1,085
Oakland	1,000	85	1,085
Oxford	1,000	85	1,085
Piscataquis	1,000	85	1,085
Plymouth	1,000	85	1,085
Polk	1,000	85	1,085
Presque Isle	1,000	85	1,085
Rockland	1,000	85	1,085
Sagadahoc	1,000	85	1,085
Schoodic	1,000	85	1,085
Somerset	1,000	85	1,085
St. George	1,000	85	1,085
St. John	1,000	85	1,085
St. Lawrence	1,000	85	1,085
Stoddard	1,000	85	1,085
Tennessy	1,000	85	1,085
Thomson	1,000	85	1,085
Township	1,000	85	1,085
Union	1,000	85	1,085
Warren	1,000	85	1,085
Washington	1,000	85	1,085
Wayne	1,000	85	1,085
Westmoreland	1,000	85	1,085
York	1,000	85	1,085

THE FILLMORE VOTE—New-York.

County.	Majority.	Gain since October.	Loss since October.
Androscoggin	1,000	85	1,085
Aroostook	1,000	85	1,085
Bath	1,000	85	1,085
Berkeley	1,000	85	1,085
Bucksport	1,000	85	1,085
Caldwell	1,000	85	1,085
Camden	1,000	85	1,085
Carrabassett	1,000	85	1,085
Cumberland	1,000	85	1,085
Dorchester	1,000	85	1,085

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1. The first step in the process is to identify the problem or issue that needs to be addressed. This involves gathering information and understanding the context of the problem.

alone bestow. It is not the former which belongs to the latter class. He achieves secondary success, but an achievement

To obtain this, he has cheerfully sacrificed the spaciousness of a large hall, and in preference has chosen a room of limited capacity, such as a school hall, in which the nuances, the lights and shadows, the accents and the broad contrasts which impart to the piano-forte playing, may be gathered and enjoyed with the comfort of a home circle. In this way, he hopes to contribute—here as well as in other parts—towards the development of music as an art.

From the same motive, the prices of the pictures were fixed at a moderate standard, so that the artist might be able to afford him that just emolument to which he was entitled, since the highest average of the prices of pictures sold in London only about 200 guineas, with numerous pictures sold for less, and many more, after deducting the usual commission and the proportionately large expenses, will

NOTICE.
The management, being determined to act with the greatest impartiality in the distribution of the tickets, anxious of saving unnecessary trouble, takes the liberty of informing the public that the day and place of the commencement of the sale of tickets for the

concert will be announced two days previously, and
orders can possibly be received for seats in advance.

WALLACE'S THEATRE.
Doors open at 6½; commence at 7.
Engagement of
MR. WALLACE.
He will perform, TO-NIGHT, Nov. 8, his celebrated
character of Julius St. Pierre, in his new play, "The

THE WIFE.

Mr. Lester.....25.
Mr. Hoey.....28.
Mr. Drott.....25.
Mr. Roth. Mr. G. S. Lee, Mr. G. Holland, Miss C. Thomsen, etc., also in the cast.

First night this season of

WHO SPEAKS FIRST?

Mr. Walcott.....25.

Mr. Gothern, Mrs. Allen, Miss Gannon, &c.
 With **THE FIRE-EATER.**
 To-morrow—in consequence of the great house on Tuesday, and of continued application at the box office,
THE IRON CHEST.
 and **THE CAPTAIN OF THE WATCH.**
 will be repeated, with
WHO STOLE THE POCKET BOOK?
 Box book open three days in a week.

BURTON'S NEW THEATRE, BROADWAY.
THURSDAY—The ninth night of the original play of **SELF**, repeated each evening to full and fashionable audiences.
 Mr. Burton in his successful part of **Uncle**.
 Mrs. E. Davenport as **Mary**, Mr. T. Francis, **Major**.
 Marshall, Mrs. C. Howard, Mrs. A. Parker.

A new ballet, "LA NYMPHE DES BOIS,"
Mlle. DUCY BARRÉ,
And the funny piece of BETSY BAKER,
in which Mr. T. Placide, Miss Polly Marshall and Miss
A. Parker will appear.
In rehearsal, a new three act comedy,
"THE CITY HEIRESS,"
with a great cast.

NIBLO'S GARDEN
Doors open at 6%. To commence at 7%.
THURSDAY EVENING, NOV. 4
THE WONDERFUL RAVELS
YOUNG MENGLER
Revival of the Comic Piece.
JEANNETTE AND JEANNOZ
Jeannette, Mme. Marchetti, Grand

EVOLUTIONS ON THE TIGHT ROPE
M. Chiarini, Mile. Chiarini and Young Men.
BLANCHE, THE RIVAL PAIRIE.
Brac..... Antoine | Topsy Turvy.....
FRIDAY—Benefit of Messrs. Paul Brillant
Magnin and Andruche Lehman. The Woodcut
Mile. Robert, Young Hengler. **BLANCHE** and a
ty of entertainments.

BUCKLEY'S SERENADE.
NEW HALL,
No. 583 Broadway.
Immense success of
DRYED; OR THE DISMAL SWAMP.
It will be repeated all this week, with new songs, songs,
Cloruses, &c., &c., also New Scenes, Tableaux, Ma-
chinery, &c., &c.
H. Swaine Buckley in the great character of the

R. Bhopal Buckley.....as...The President
Miss Hildert.....as...The Secretary
MR. Farnival, and the rest of the selected
prominent characters.
Preceding which
NEGRO MINSTRELSY.
Concert commences at 7½ o'clock. Admission 25 cents.
Orchestra Seats 50 cents.

ACADEMY OF MUSIC
To let, on the off-nights of the opera, for concerts, lectures, etc. Accommodation for 4,000 persons. Price per seat \$200, including light.
RAIL SEASON.
The price for ball-nights has been reduced to 50¢, including all the privileges of the barn, supper-rooms and cloak-rooms, together with the lighting and flooring. Apply to N. H. WOLFE, of the Executive Committee, No. 6

BARNUM'S AMERICAN MUSEUM LAST WEEK OF "DRED!" LAST WEEK OF GEN. TOM THUMB AS TOM TIT, AS HE DEPARTS FOR EUROPE. APPLAUSE SURPASSING ALL PRECEDENT! DRED is performed EVERY EVENING at 7, and WEDNESDAY and SATURDAY at 2 P. M. OTHER AFTERNOONS, at 3 o'clock. GEN. THUMB in his unique entertainment.

FROM DANCE, ON
Songs, Dances, New Farces, &c. The GREAT SNAKE
are now in their NEW DEN. The HAPPY FAMILY
DWARF LADY, &c., all to be seen. Admission
50 cents. Children under ten, 12%.

DEGROUHAN'S BOWERY THEATRE
Prices of Admission: Dress Circle and
Seats, 50 cents; Boxes, 25 cents; Pit and Gallery,
25 cents. Revue. **THE FORTUNA**

will be presented the Romance of the
DEMON LOVER.
 After which, the melo-drama of the
RED MASK, OR THE WOLF OF BOHEMIA.
 Kasper.....Mr. J. E. McDonough.
 To conclude with **HAMLET.**

PURDY'S NATIONAL THEATRE, DRESS
 Circle 25 cts., Box 150 cts.; Orchestra 10 cts.

Private Boxes, 65. THIS EVENING, Nov. 6, the
entertainment will commence with the Drama entitled
THE LAMP-LIGHTER.
Little Gerty..... Little Cordelia Howard
To be followed by the new comic Fantasia of the
SCHOOLMASTER.
The whole to conclude with the popular Drama of
THE INVASION OF IRELAND.

CRYSTAL PALACE.—THIS MAGNIFICENT building is now open to visitors, and contains many new and valuable articles, together with Tapestry, Paintings and Statuary. Carew's celebrated representation of "The Descent of Christ from the Cross," is alone worth the charge for admission.

DUSSELDORF GALLERY, NO. 607 BROADWAY.—The best collection of Paintings in this country. It contains 150 Paintings. Open 6ar and evening 7 to 10. Adm. 25 cents.

DANCING.
A. DODWORTH'S DANCING ACADEMY.
No. 505 BROADWAY, NEW-YORK.
No. 137 MONTAGUE-PLACE, BROOKLYN.
New-York classes on WEDNESDAYS and SATUR-
DAYS. Brooklyn classes on TUESDAYS and FRIDAYS.

DAYS, at 8 and 4 P. M. for ladies and children, at 8 P. M. for gentlemen. Ladies' private class at 9 P. M. Pupils can commence at any time during the season. Officers containing terms, &c., may be had at either of the Academies. The usual *sociétés* will be given.

Mr. DODWORTH would take occasion to assure his patrons that no exertion will be omitted that will be of advantage to his pupils, or in any way maintain the gratifying reputation now possessed by his Academies.

FERRERO'S DANCING ACADEMIES.
No. 56 West 14th-st., New York, and No. 122 Clinker-
st., Brooklyn, are now open for the reception of pupils.
Days in New York, Wednesdays and Saturdays, Mondays
and Thursdays, at 2½ P. M. Gentlemen's Class, Mondays
and Thursdays, at 7½ P. M. Brooklyn, on Tuesdays and
Fridays, at 2½ P. M. Schools and Private Classes attended
in both cities. Soirées given as usual.

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BRANCH OF R. C. BOOT, ANTHONY & CO.,
Keeps constantly on hand a general assortment of STA-

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I am not a
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 I am a man
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 I am a man
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 I am a man
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immigration which can best comprise about 250,000 to 300,000 and 250,000, at all times, in the

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LEAD—Rocked in demand, and is firm at 22c. Common, and \$1 1/2 for Lead, 1/2 lb.

MOLASSES—Apples rather quiet yet steady. Orleans, 55c. 50c.; Porto Rico, 50c. 45c.; Cuba, 45c. 40c.; and Cayman, 40c. 35c.

NAVAL STORES—All kinds are inactive at old figures.

OILS—No very important movement has occurred in this line since our last report.

PROVISIONS—Pork is heavier and cheaper, when having transpired since our last of about 200 lbs. at \$30 50 for Meal, and \$175 for Prime, 2 1/2 lbs. Cut Pork

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RICE—There were sales reported of 100 tons. of common to choice, at from 44¢ to 100 lbs.

SUGAR—Haven't varied much—sales having transpired of about 800 hhd. Cane, etc., in lots, at from 51¢ to 60¢.

TALLOW—Sales of 12,000 lbs. prime were effected at 11½¢ to 11¼¢.

WHEAT—There were 375 bbls. Ohio and Prussia sold at 80¢ to 81¢.

FREIGHTS—Exhibited a moderate degree of animation at about old rates. For Liverpool Cotton 1/4¢ 5-32d. 3/4¢; Flour 2 3/4¢ bbl; Grain 5 1/4¢ 4-32d.

HOUSE, FURNITURE, & CLOTHING FOR SALE.
 Successor, NATHAN L. SON, and HENRY L. SON, 100 N. 1st St.,
 (G. & H. ad., and Heavy Goods, 100 N. 1st St.,
 For other ports, proportionate quotations.

HOUSES AND LOTS FOR SALE.
LARGE PIECE OF PROPERTY FOR SALE.
 Well situated in the city.

East River, but four squares from the City Hall, 200 feet from the new Bowery, in every way adapted for manufacturing purposes, and to letting the building have a first-class five-story building, with a large hall on the premises, and running, but two years old, a forty-horse engine and boilers, capable of driving a line of about one hundred and twenty horse power, in the city and of celebrated make. For description of property

FOR SALE.—A LARGE FACTORY AND VALU-
able water-power, suitable for a paper mill, or any
other manufacturing purpose. On the Beaver River, six
miles from the City Hall, at Tuckahoe District, on the
Hudson Railroad, with 60 acres of land, three houses,
and a barn, and other buildings, and a saw-mill, and
stone, 20 by 26 feet. In adjoin- ing a tract of land, 20
by 25 by 46 feet; all in perfect order. The factory and part
of the land, with the water-power, would be sold sepa-
rately.

ly, or the whole property would be exchanged for South City property. Inquire of D. HODGMAN, No. 29 Maiden-lane.

FOR SALE OR EXCHANGE—HOUSE AND
 lot, with furniture, all new, or land and lot
 alone, in Brooklyn; first-class, three-story brick
 house, heated by furnace, situated near Atlantic
 st., about ten minutes' walk from South Ferry; water-
 front.

FOR SALE—COTTAGES IN BROOKLYN AT A BARGAIN.—Three very stylish cottage houses, situated on Carlton av., between Fulton and Atlantic avenues, on elevated ground, about two miles from Fulton or South Ferries, Brooklyn. Address Box 2,273 New-York Post Office.

FOR SALE—No. 6 WEST WASHINGTON PLACE. Lot runs through to street; main double rear; bath, water-closet, gas range, &c. No. 6000—brass; large north-east garden as part of house.

at No. 29 Dry-st., of CHAS. PARKER or CHARLES WRIGHT, No. 169 4th-st. Lowest price, \$2,500.

FOR SALE OR TO LET.—IRON FOUNDRY
and distillery, 30 lots of dock property in A-st. and Union-av., Green Point, with improvements suitable for distillery. Foundry No. 30 Grand-st. WILSON. For terms, apply to O. NEWCOMB, No. 21 East River.

FOR SALE—A DOUBLE COTTAGE AND FULL
lot, in 4th av., near 21st-st., South Brooklyn. Price
\$1,800, \$400 cash. Room for two small families in it;
pleasant neighborhood. Apply to J. VANDERBILT,
No. 57 Fulton-st., office open from 8 A. M. to 8 P. M.
Ten other houses very cheap.

SHOULD ANY OWNER OF LANDS in the Western States wish to exchange their land for valuable improvements in Brooklyn, please leave a card or letter addressed to D. E. Smith, Office, State Street, New York.

HOUSES TO LET.
TO LET IN BROOKLYN—A NEW AND
handsomely finished three-story and brown stone

TO LET—NO. 14 THIRTY-FOURTH STREET.
A very complete 2-story and English basement house,
with all the modern improvements, and off-shoot, with

TO LET—FURNISHED, A SECOND-STORY AND back basement to a family without children, near Abington-square, at \$300, till May; a good chance to save rent by accommodating a widower. Apply to **GEORGE HISSKEY, No. 22 Broadway, room No. 12.**

TO LET—A FAMILY OF TWO OR THREE persons, three rooms on the first floor of the dwelling house No. 189 East 23d-st.; rent \$350 per annum, including the gas; possession immediately. Apply on the premises.

TO LET—THE THIRD AND FOURTH FLOORS
of building No. 130 Fulton-st. Apply to **DRUMGOLD & PROCH**, on the premises.

DESIRABLE FURNISHED ROOMS AND
RENTAL OFFICES.

APARTMENTS TO LET. Large, modern, comfortable conditions (broadway) having a full bath, large closets, etc. Rent moderate. Call on the corner of Broome and Elm sts., is prepared to accommodate families and others with handsome furnished rooms for the ensuing season. Restaurant to let with large dining-room

OFFICE TO LET.—THE SPLENDID HIGH basement office No. 1 Pine-st., under the Metropolitan Bank; immediate possession given. Apply to **STUDDEFORD & RECORDS, No. 1 Pine-st., New-York.**

HOUSES AND ROOMS WANTED
WANTED—IMMEDIATELY—BY A FAMILY

VV of four-rows persons, a house, two
 rooms deep preferred, with every
 Must be situated between 10th and
 6th ave. Rent not to exceed \$1.
 housekeeping the subscriber would
 a part of the furniture. Address J. G. W., Box No.
 3,415 Post-Office.

WANTED—ALL OF A HOUSEHOLD by a small, quiet, respectable family; home must be located in good neighborhood, and have the modern improvements and conveniences; willing to pay liberally for suitable accommodations; address J. G. R. Daily Times Office.

COUNTRY RESIDENCE FOR SALE—
12 miles from New-York, on the line of the New-York
and New-Haven Railroad. Consists of 60 acres of cleared
land, in the highest state of cultivation, together with
splendid meadow and out-houses; fine view of the
Sound. 1/2 mile from Depot. For further particulars apply
to F. J. HALL, No. 71 East 16th st., from 7 to 9 A. M.

STEAM POWER.
STEAM POWER TO LET IN LIGHT AND
dry rooms, in a new building in CHURCH ST. Apply to
C. HULL & SON, No. 100 CHURCH ST.

BOUNTY LANDS.
LAND WARRANTS WANTED BY HIRT-
LAND & CO., Bankers, No. 42 Wall-st.



LEGAL NOTICES:

[illegible]

of the day of such service; and if you fail to answer the same within the time above specified, the plaintiff will take such action as he may deem proper in this action without being bound to inform you of the same. Dated New York, Oct. 1, 1904.

JOHN FOWLER, Jr., Attorney for Plaintiff.
No. 347 Broadway, City of New York.

Take notice that the complaint in the above entitled action, was on the 23d day of September in this above entitled court, filed by the Clerk of this Court at his office in the City Hall of the City of New York. And further take notice, that the said complaint is in and to the effect that Robert Thompson, Jr., defendant in the said action, is the husband of the plaintiff herein by the name of Mary, the wife of Robert Thompson, Jr., and that the said Robert Thompson, Jr., is deceased, and her true Christian name, New York, Oct. 1, 1904.

JOHN FOWLER, Jr., Attorney for Plaintiff.
Old-Lawyer's Office, No. 347 Broadway, City of New York.

SUPREME COURT—CITY AND COUNTY OF NEW YORK—ANDREW WATROUS, Plaintiff

THOMAS DEAN BUCKLEY, JEROME S. LACHARAY, ROBERT E. KRISBERG, JAMES M. GUSTAFSON, CLARA B. DREVIN, ANTONIO PELLETIER, and JAMES J. VALLUCCI, Defendants. Summons for money damages and breach of contract. (Com. not Ser.). To the above named defendant: You are hereby summoned and required to answer the complaint in this action, which will be filed in and heard by the United States District Court for the Southern District of New York, at the City Hall in the City of New York, on or before the 10th day of May, 1960. A copy of your answer to the said complaint on the undersigned, at their office, No. 10 Wall Street, in the City of New York, within twenty days after the service of this summons on you, exclusive of the day of such service, is required to be filed with the said complaint within the time aforesaid, the plaintiff in the said complaint being

ment against you for the sum of two thousand dollars, with interest thereon from the tenth day of November, 1855, besides the costs of this action.—Dated Aug. 15, 1856.

W. ALLETT & BRINSMADE, Plaintiffs' Attorneys.

The complaint in this case was duly filed with the Clerk of the City and County of New-York, on Thursday, the 6th day of November, 1856.

W. ALLETT & BRINSMADE, Plaintiffs' Attorneys.

SUPREME COURT—CITY AND COUNTY OF NEW-YORK.—THE PHILADELPHIA GUANO COMPANY against JOHN E. GOWEN and FRANKLIN COPELAND.—Summons for money demand on contract (Com. not ser.) To the defendants: You are

in this action, which will be the office of the Clerk of the City and County of New-York, and to serve a copy of your answer, as to the said complaint on the subscribers at their office, on or before the 10th day of August, 1898, within twenty days after the date of the service on you, exclusive of the day of such service; and if you, exclusive of the said complaint within the time aforesaid, the plaintiff in this action will take judgment against you for the sum of two thousand one hundred and eighty-two dollars, with interest from the 10th day of August, 1898, besides the costs of this action.—Dated Oct. 7, 1894.

BLATCHFORD, J. B. BRISWOLD,
Plaintiff vs. ANDREW J. GRIFFIN,
Defendant.

N. R.—The complaint in this action was filed in the office of the Clerk above specified on the 9th of October, 1896. BLATCHFORD, SEWARD, & GRIEWOLD,
010-lawd F. Plaintiff's Attorneys.

SUPREME COURT—CITY AND COUNTY OF NEW-YORK.—SEBASTIAN ALBUS against MATHIAS ALBUS, and ANN DIDIER, his wife. Summons for relief.—To the said named defendants: You are hereby summoned and required to answer the complaint in this action, which was filed in office of the Clerk of the City and County of New-York, at the City Hall, in said City, on the 19th day of April, 1896, and to serve a copy of your answer to the said complaint on the undersigned at the City Hall, in said City, on or before the 13th day of May, 1896.

plaintiff on the subpoenaed, at their homes, No. 6 Wall street, New York City, on the 12th day of January, 1915, at the service bureau, exclusive of the day of such service, and if you fail to answer the said complaint within the time aforesaid, the plaintiff in this action will apply to the Court for the relief demanded in the complaint.—Dated New York, Jan. 19, 1915.

DEAN & SANFORD, Plaintiff's Attorneys.
024-Jaw67F

IN PURSUANCE OF AN ORDER OF THE
Surrogate of the County of New-York, notice is hereby
given to all persons having claims against CLEMENT
BUNNEMEYER, late of the City of New-York, deceased,
to present the same, with vouchers thereof, to the sub-
scribes, at the office of HENRY G. SCUDDER, No. 214
Washington-st., in the City of New-York, on or before the

1st day of March 1902, at New York, N. Y., at 10 o'clock, A. M.
 HENRY C. SQUIDD, Administrator.
 MARY C. BUNNEMEYER, Administratrix.
 010-law6mF

IN FURNISHING OF AN ORDER OF THE
 The Surrogate of the County of New-York, notice is hereby
 given to all persons having claims against **PETER CLIN-**
TON, late of the City of New-York, deceased, to present
 the same with vouchers thereof to the subscribers, at the
 office of **MATTHEW CLINTON**, Clerk of the County of New-York,
 in the City of New-York, on or before the 5th day of
 March next.—Dated New-York, N. Y., 27th December,
 1901.
MARY CLINTON, Administratrix.
 0022-law6mF. **MATTHEW CLINTON**, Administrator.

IN PURSUANCE OF AN ORDER OF THE
 a Surrogate of the County of New-York, notice is hereby
 given to all persons having claims against DOMINGO
 LIT, late of the City of New-York, deceased, to present
 the same, with vouchers therefor, to the undersigned, at the
 office of BARTOLOME BLANCO, No. 107 Pearl-st., in
 the City of New-York, on or before the 10th day of April
 next.—Dated New-York, Oct. 7, 1884.
 BARTOLOME BLANCO, 107 Pearl-st.,
 Wob-lawton SALVADOR CHAPPELL, Executors.

PROPOSALS.

TREASURY DEPARTMENT,
OFFICE LIGHT-HOUSE BOARD, Nov. 1, 1864.

**PROPOSALS FOR OIL FOR LIGHT-
HOUSES**—SEALED PROPOSALS will be received at this office until 10 o'clock P. M., Monday, the 15th of November, for supplying the Light-House Establishment with the following lots or quantities of oil, to be delivered alongside of the Government supply-rooms at Boston, New-York City, New-Bedford, Edgartown, or Nantucket, Massachusetts, at the option of the contractor, to be determined on at the time of accepting the bid, in accordance with the usual regulations of the Treasury Department, on or before the following dates respectively: In private order, on or before the following date, to wit: On or before the point named (Oswego, N. Y.) for lot No. A.

lot No. 1. 30,000 (thirty thousand) gallons best Winter-strained or pressed sperm oil, on the 1st day of April, 1857.
lot No. 2. 30,000 (thirty thousand) gallons best Winter-strained or pressed sperm oil, on the 1st day of June, 1857.
lot No. 3. 30,000 (thirty thousand) gallons best Winter-strained or pressed sperm oil, on the 1st day of August, 1857.

FOR THE LAKES.

lot No. 4. 5,000 (five thousand) gallons best Winter-strained or pressed sperm oil, at Oswego, New-York, on the 1st day of May, 1857, or immediately after the opening of the Erie Canal.

The oil comprised in lot No. 4 to be delivered at On-

The several lots of oil required to be delivered alongside of the supply vessels shall be so delivered when the said vessels shall be in readiness to receive the same; and in case the supply vessels shall not be ready to receive the oil on the days hereinafter specified, the said supplies of oil from the contractor may be taken at liberty to deliver it to an authorized agent of the War Department at the

All the oil contracted for under the foregoing proposals to be submitted to the usual tests of specific gravity, by hydrometer, and such other means as may be thought proper by the person or persons to whom said duty may be assigned by the Light-House Board, and the same to remain sealed at a warehouse of the Department of Marine Affairs until taken up by the contractor.

Proposals will be received and considered until noon, Monday, April 26, 1897, at which time they will be opened and the award made. The successful bidder must execute a bond for the performance of his contract, and pay down the balance of the money required for the purchase of the oil.

A bid must be sealed and delivered "properly addressed" to the "Secretary of the Light House Board, Washington, D. C." and placed in an envelope, and directed to the Secretary of the Light House Board, Washington, D. C.

A bond, with security to the satisfaction of the Department, in a penalty equal to one-fifth of the amount of each contract made under the provisions of the preceding paragraph, shall be required of each contractor, conditioned for the faithful performance of each contract, to be executed within ten days after the acceptance of the bid.

The Board, under the authority of the Department,

reserves the right to reject any bid, though it may be the lowest, from other considerations than its amount.
By order of the Light-House Board,
THORNTON & JENKINS, Secretary.

COAL.

SCRANTON COAL.—THE DELAWARE, LACK-
WANA and Western Railroad Company (office No. 21
Wall-st., New-York) continue to sell this superior Coal,
delivered on board vessels at Elizabethport, N. J., at the
prices heretofore advertised, per ton of 2,240 pounds, viz:
Lump..... \$4 15
Stove..... 3 75
Steam..... 3 50

Broomstick.....	
Large Egs. for grates and horse furnaces.....	4 25
Small Egs. for large stoves and grates.....	4 00
Nut or Stone, for cooking-stoves, ranges, &c.....	3 00
Chestnut, for small engines, &c.....	3 00
Freight to New-York, Brooklyn, Jersey City, &c., in the	
barges of the Company, and cost of loading.....	
W. E. RANNEY, Treasurer.	

COAL—ON HAND AND CONSTANTLY BE-
 obtaining from boats, the very superior *Swedish* and
London coals, and the best *Welsh* and *Yorkshire* coals,
 also, black-mine and tunnel-*iron* and *cast-iron* coals, and
 stoves, delivered dry, clean and free from impurities at
 lowest cash prices. *Yards No. 121 Ludlow-st., cor. 2d*

st., Nos. 117 and 119 7th-av., between 126th and 128th-sts.

LADIES AND GENTLEMEN, GIVE YOUR ATTENTION.—Send this. All cast-off clothing, second-hand furniture, and all kinds of household goods, at the lowest and highest prices given in cash. Call at, or address by note, HARRIS, No. 126 7th-av., between 20th and 21st-sts.

Councilman Ilverus called up a message from the Mayor, in reference to the affair of Joe. P. Wightman who claims \$288 75. The petitioner was lately a policeman, but for two years was unfit for duty. The Mayor interfered, vetoing such payment. After the reading of voluminous documents by the Clerk, the Mayor observed that many members had absented themselves, and he would wish to make the matter special for another evening, naming Wednesday next. This was done.

A resolution was adopted to notify the Harlem Railroad Company to discontinue the use of steam trains below Forty-second street.

The Board then adjourned until Monday next.

—

The Aldermen also directly gave signals of shame at the very suggestion, that they allowed to escape them, of turning out of office good Mr. Valerius, who has been the Board's valuable Clerk for 15 years.

in the earth, and kept in that position for two days, by one of the keepers on Blackwell's Island.

Commenting upon my communication, and while admitting that inquiry should and ought to be made in the matter, you styled my statement as "incredible." I have waited patiently for an attempt at refutation by some one connected with the Island, or the Board of Governors; and now finding from their silence that they wish the whole matter to sink from the public sight, I in justice to myself, respectfully request you to give me space in your paper for this note.

You will be likely to find out how "incredible" my story is, on application to Mr KIRKMAN, or to Messrs. BRADFORD and SLATTERY, or the Island, or to Governor TURNER, who found the unfortunate man undergoing the punishment which I have endeavored to describe. In conclusion, I would like to inquire whether the Island has been furnished with THOMAS SCURRY, RACKS, &c., as suggested by the Governor when, with horror,

The upper part of the establishment will be an Exhibition Room, in which every description of new and patented inventions will be deposited, free to the inspection of the public; while professional persons will be present to explain the character, quality, and uses of the inventions. This will be an interesting department.

On Thursday afternoon the corner-stone of the English Evangelical Lutheran Church, of St. James, was laid in progress of erection in Fifteenth-street, between Second and Third avenues, was laid with appropriate ceremonies.

The dimensions of the Church are 85 feet by 65; it is to have a steep front with a tower and spire, the tower to be 55 feet high, the spire 65 feet high, and the Gothic spire and will cost \$200,000, and no doubt will be an honor to its projectors and an ornament to that part of the City. The first foundation

As Morrell, in his *History of the Navy*, says, "Curcio, 1894," "A cook is certainly as much necessary part of the effective service of a vessel as the purser or the sailor; and there would seem to be no reason why he should be excluded from the advantage of a rule designed for the benefit of men engaged in the marine, without reference to the particular branch of duty performed in the vessel." As well because the wills of soldiers and mariners were exempted from the operations of the provisions of the Statute of Frauds, as for the reason and ground of the exception and the peculiar character of the military testament, it was never held requisite that their provisions should be made during the last illness. Nor has any particular mode been prescribed in respect to the manner of making the testamentary dispositions. The only requisite is the absence of all ceremonies as legal requisites:—as *Media testas* has proposition, "Their form was not prescribed, but the substance of the test was considered; we regard two witnesses; but this, however, did not relate to the essence of the act, but only to the form. In respect to evidence, we do not follow the

it desires only to promote the political and financial progress of this great Republic--its cause is the cause of human civilization and liberty, and to acquire the property of other nations by ravaging and. It will demonstrate that Democratic principles are alone adequate to the effective administration of the Government, and that they are, as they have been, fully competent to insure the success of a Republican Empire which our fathers have entrusted and committed to our care. In closing the performance of the arduous and responsible duties conferred by the confidence of the Democratic Party, we beg to tender thanks to Providence, the Father of the Merciful, for the opportunity of having been permitted to participate in the duties of this office, however humble.

Very respectfully,
Your obedient servant,
JAMES M. HENNING, Secretary of the Democratic National Committee.

OFFICE OF THE SECRETARY OF THE NATIONAL COMMITTEE OF THE DEMOCRATIC PARTY,
WASHINGTON, D. C.

This image shows a vertical strip of a document page. On the right side, there is a dark, textured binding or edge. The main part of the strip is a light, off-white surface with a grainy texture and some small dark specks, possibly dust or paper imperfections. The strip is oriented vertically.

DISCUSSION OF EASTMAN LLOYD

CO-PARTNERSHIP - BRITH
day formed a partnership with
of EASTMAN as President
EASTMAN LLOYD

New-York, Nov. 1, 1964.

SACED
EASTMAN LLOYD

Occasional Mortality.

Death in Fervor.

FRITH J. LAWRENCE,
New Zealand.

With simple means we were able to cure a case of this kind, for the selection of the medicine was made on the basis of the following facts:

DEEP LARD TAIL, RIGID BACK, STIFF NECK, RIGID SHOULDERS, &c.

We carefully noted the condition of the animal, and also the condition of the weather, and the result was generally, All symptoms subsided, and the animal was made more comfortable, and the price was the lowest market rates.

DR. TURNBULL'S
OUTLET AND STORE,
From London.

Is at the Everett House, Union-street, where it may be consulted.

Order hours from 9 A. M. to 5 P. M.

From the London Store.

A number of cases of the venereal disease, transmitted from the house of Dr. Turner, have been cured by a process recently discovered by the Police, and applied for the first time.

DEAFNESS AND BLINDNESS.

Between twenty and thirty patients afflicted with the venereal disease, and who had been blind and dumb.

They were subjected to various treatments, but without success, until they were cured by the use of the medicine, which proved that their deafness had been cured, and that their eyes were cured.

DR. TURNBULL'S REMEDY.

are depended on paralytic of the sensory nerves
the tympanum, or obstruction of the Eustachian
tube, which has been observed in persons who
completely blind of incurable disease.

A patient has presented that they had been
cured PERFECTLY WITH

We agree with the statement that Deaf-
ness can be cured by the application of our
oil, but patients and families, seeking a cure of
this certain new medicine.

CURE CASES OF DEAFNESS.

such as were never cured before.

HERRING'S PATENT CHAMPION FIRE PROOF
SAFES—WHEN PAID Patent Power Trade
Marked Safes Made in England and America.
London, 1861, and the World's Great Exhibition,
1863, and are the only American Safes that were awarded
the highest medals and honors.

These Safes are now admitted to be superior to any
other offered the public, and the subscribers guarantee them
to be safe from fire and theft. These Safes intended to
serve their contents through the hottest fires, or a burning
bullet.

The subscribers and their agents are the only persons
authorized to sell Herring's Patent Champion
Safes. The following are the names of those authorized:

S. C. HERRING & CO., Green Street,
Nos. 95, 107, and 109 Water-st., and 5 Munn-st., New-York.

1864.

OUR LATE STYLES OF FALL AND WINTER
PATRONS ARE NOW HERE.

At most of these are from fabrics imported by and man-

many beautiful things, that will run off before you know it, and your money is fairly gone.

For Rheumatism, Cauderases and Vestings in our custom-room is admitted to be the largest and best selected variety ever exposed in this City.

W. DEYIN & CO.
No. 332, 336 and 350 Broadway.

INFLAMMATION, SCROFULA, &c.—WYATT'S LIVER
Balm is the most certain remedy for the worst cases of Rheumatism, Gout, Gravel, and the great tendency of the Rheumatism. It cured Mr. John McCarty, of New York, of severe inflammatory Rheumatism, catarrhs, bronchitis, and kidney complaint. He had been afflicted with it for more than two years, and his life despaired of. He read a notice of Wyatt's Liver Balm in the New York Herald, and tried it. He says: "I have used it for three weeks, and have been cured of my Rheumatism, Catarrhs, and Gravel. I feel like a new man." Dr. Good's Treat. No. 132, p. 7. Gerville's "The History of a Curative of nine years' standing, after the usual had been tried, and the patient was cured by Wyatt's Liver Balm."—reputable physicians. Principal office, No. 316 Grand Street, New York. For sale by druggists, and by Mrs. Harris, No. 174 Fulton Street, New York.

TO HOUSEKEEPERS.—WE OFFER THE LARGEST and best assortment of new and old pictures that can be found in New York. For instance to reduce our stock we are to make room for very large paintings, and on every day we propose to sell the pictures at half price, and a discount upon the regular market rate.

A comparison of our prices with any other is respectfully solicited.

W. J. F. DALLEY & CO.
Marble Stores, Nos. 631 and 633 Broadway.
Between Broadway and Houston st.

[illegible]

MEN'S AND BOYS OVER COATS.
Be sure and call at No. 19 Cortlandt-st. If you want to buy an overcoat, suit or a new dress suit before the new clothing out on stock of Winter clothing to make new-fangled things good. N. A. KNAAPP, wholesale; call No. 19 Cortlandt-st.

BRONCHITIS—CLERGYMAN'S SORE THROAT.
A chronic inflammation of the small mucous glands connected with the membrane within the throat and windpipe, is the cause of the SORE THROAT. BROOKLYN THROATES afford immediate relief. Sold by all druggists.

PIANO-FORTE!!! AND MELODIONS.—Young and powerful in tone, beautiful style of manufacture, and fine workmanship. They are the best of the world for that day competition, at the mansuosity of spirit, in the hands of the best players. (See 68 bargains) and 4 doors West of Varick-st.

WIGS, WIGS, WIGS.—BATCHLOR'S WIGS are the best. Tongues have improvements, new and old, and are made to order. Call on the proprietor, who has the world for their graceful beauty, ease and comfort, and to a charm. The largest and best made and sold at **BATCHLOR'S**, No. 19 Cortlandt-st.

BATCHLOR'S HAIR OIL.—The most valuable and the most reliable—the admiration of the army of imitators. True to nature, it cures itching, injury to hair, and dandruff. It is made and sold by **BATCHLOR**, No. 19 Cortlandt-st. Made and sold, as supplied, only at **BATCHLOR'S** Wig Manufactory, No. 19 Cortlandt-st.

H. T. LOVELL SAWSHARP, AN INDIAN VERIFIABLE preparation—Will restore gray hair to its original color and prevent its falling out. This can be purchased only at his office, No. 70 Broadway, beware of counterfeits. He has no agents.

IMPORTED FRENCH GAS FIXTURES AND Clocks, superior articles only; watches for pocket and table, and jewelry of all kinds, and diamond and emeralds with flexible tubing, the most perfect and economical for lamps. For sale by DAVID W. BROWN, 100 Nassau St., N. Y.

FALL AND WINTER STYLES OF GENTLEMEN'S HATS and COATS, and every kind of assortment as offered. Children's Beaver and Felt Hats in all their variety and qualities.

REID LOGG, Manufacturer, No. 128 Canal st.

GOOD SHIRTS—ALL SIZES, WARRANTED to fit. Made in best manner, and cannot fail to please. Also, undershirts and drawers in great variety, wholesale and retail.

TRA PEREGO & SON, No. 61 Nassau st.

DEFENSE SALAMANDER SAFES—MADE BY PATRICK, sole manufacturer in the United States, and have obtained the highest medals at the London, Paris, and New York and Cross River, Dupont, No. 124 Front-st., one door below Maiden-lane.

GRANITE HALL—AT THE LATEST CLOTHING warehouse of E. D. BROWN, No. 142 Fulton-st., there is now on hand, and will find a stock of superior ready-made goods for Winter wear, which are offered at 30c.

PIANOS AND MELODIONS—THE HORACE
WHEELS modern uprights. Pianos and Melodions are
to be found only at No. 335 Broadway. Prices to rent,
and rent allowed on purchases, from \$10 a month; in-
stallments, Second-hand Pianos from \$50 to \$100.

TREES AND PLANTS—BARRETT & CO.,
Finsbury, E. C., send for list of a large assortment of
trees and shrubs, and plants, the English and
American, and the Californian.

SUPPLIES—BARNES, BOWEN & PRINCE & CO.,
100, Strand, London, W., supply all the
supplies, No. 335 Broadway.

100



100

100

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1000

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from the banks of France and Germany. The decrease in earnings is being attributed to the lack of demand for advances on stocks or bonds. As loans become due, however, the banks are expected to be able to maintain their position at 10 to 15 or 20 per cent. nominal value. Many French banks are inevitable, and a constant pressure is maintained on the effect of the market. The condition of the market is being pursued is the only one that could possibly be permanent. The discount of the market is being run up again, mainly because of the five-per-cent rate of interest from Paris. Silver also appears to be coming from other places, and the price is flat.

Markets by Telegraph.
BUFFALO, Friday, Nov. 3.

fig. 12 1/2". **Chil. Flor.** Chicago Spring close
figure: Red Illinois, 1 1/2". White
fig. 12 1/2". **Chil. Flor.** Cones is lower; **Chil. Flor.**
bush, at 85c. closing bid. **Chil. Flor.**
bush, at 85c. 8,000 bush. **Chil. Flor.**
Chil. Flor. to New York—Flour, 21c.
21c. **Receipts in the 24 hours up to noon**
bush. **Flour:** 101,870 bush. **Wheat:** 38,064
Chil. Flor. in same time—53,528 bush.
5,467 bush. **Chil. Flor.** 11bbl. **Chil. Flor.**
weather is mild, with the wind
Oswego, Friday, Nov. 12.

WHEAT very quiet. Sales 2,500 bush.
Indiana at \$1.40. **Chil. Flor.** to New
changed: **Wheat** 18c., **Corn** 15c. **Lake**
102,500 bush. **Wheat.** **Chil. Flor.**

A slight advance in Cotton to day.
Canada's news. The day was a
Sales of the week 10,000 bales. Prices were
½c. @ ½c. Middling Feb. 12½c. @ 12½c.

Philadelphia Stock Board.

Stocks steady. PENNSYLVANIA, Friday.
ing Railroad, 80½; Long Island Railroad, 80½;
ric Canal, 14; Pennsylvania Railroad, 67½.

Passengers Arrived.

In bark Three Sisters, from *Norwalk*, Jan-
monte.
In bark Reinder, from *Europe*, New Gen-
11 a.m.
In bark Adelphi, from *Puerto-Vincente*, Mon-

MINIATURE ALMANAC—THIS DAY.
Sun rise..... 4 38 Sun set..... 4 50 Moon
in high water—THIS DAY.
Sandy Hook..... 1 18 Govt. Light—3 02 Hott

MARINE INTELLIGENCE

NEW-YORK--ONE FRIDAY, Nov. 7.

Clear.

Steamships Quaker City, Springfield, Havana, Orleans, South & Pacific; Atlantic, Edgemoor, Boston.

Ships T. M. Young, Smith, London, Dover, Bremen; Esplanade, Brandt, New Orleans; Newham; Emerald Isle, Cornish, Liverpool, Tampa; Australia, Smith, London, Liverpool, New York; Congress, Mathur, London, Grinnel, Munich.

Boats Caroline Elms, Elena, Malta, Westport; Mary Francis, Stickney, Monte Video, Thos. R. Co.; Annie (Hr.), Day, Liverpool, Westchester; John, Voltaire, New York, Westchester.

Coaches Kentucky, Nichols, Guyanora, Wales, Chase; J. P. Brown, Brown, Amelia Island, Delmar.

Schooners Monte Cristo, Stoddard, Bonanza; Rev. Editha Brooks, Gardner, Newport, master; Snow, Amarant, Thos. R. Co., President, New York, man, Hestick, H. G. Donovan; Caracchi, Kingston, Ja., R. F. Buck & Co.

Arrived.

[illegible]

Miss Mary Lowe, Hancock, machines 11 ds,
 bear to G. W. Simpson.
 Briggs Three Sisters, Robinson, Nuevitas 21
 gars, fusile, sugar, &c., to T. Owen & Son. 11
 sel.
 Brig Elewandro, Somers, New-Haven.
 Sch. Lewis S. Davis, (of Brookhaven.) Lyn-
 nah 4 ds., with cotton, &c., to Scranton & Talm-
 Sch. Charles B. Strong, Tuttle, Baltimore
 coal to master.
 Sch. G. R. Dixon, Briggs, Wilmington, N-
 with cotton to Bateson & Rudecow.
 Sch. Mary, (Br.) Fordien, Halifax to ds., 9
 master.
 Sch. Ruhicon, Thomas, New-London.
 Sch. Greenwich, Smith, Brookhaven.

Schr. Gen. Taylor, Doane, Beverly.
 Sch. A. G. Hazard, Gaines, Hartford.
 Sch. E. S. Hall, Jones, Portland, Conn.
 Sloop Joel Hall, Dickinson, Portland, Conn.
 Sloop Thos. Hall, Hull, Providence.
 Sloop E. Brown, Gales, Providence.
 Sloop Isaac Brown, Norwalk.
 Sloop Deception, Smith, Brookhaven.
 Propeller Serala, Smith, Brookhaven.
 Propeller Pelican, Andrich, Providence.
 Propeller Quincebauc, Hoffman, Norwalk.
 Steaming Achilles, Abbott, Gales.
 BELLWIND—Capt. Albert Gallatin.
 WIND—L. S. E.

Sailed.

Steamship Quaker City, Shufeldt, Havana.
 tario, Wood, Liverpool; Princeton, Ball,
 Barker Jurg, Bennett, Charleston. The Asa
 Stevens.

Newsmen.

Mr. Ebenezer Wood, New Haven, 1700 State

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By Telegraph.
BOSTON, Nov. 7.—Arr. ship Mascaronia, C
Foreign Ports.
At St. Helena, from Sept. 18 to 29, ship Mas
Boston, Cobb, 165 days from Calcutta for B
bad weather off the Cape, lost sails, heavy d
proceed on the 30th. Ship John Wad, Webb,
Chicwick for London, 164 days from Calcutta.
Aqua Bay, carried away mainmast—would pro
a jury star, as he could do nothing at St. Hel
painting his vessel Ship Bell Rock, Galloway,
Calcutta for Europe, 164 days from Calcutta.
Berl Wm. Woodland, Gauland, Calcutta, for
lost sails, &c., off the Cape. Berl Nath. Erro

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Sept. 23, Sandelle, for Lemon; 24th, *Prætor*,
Nantes; 25th, *Paris*, for Havre; 26th, *Perman*,
Havre.
At Cherbourg, Oct. 26, bark *David Lapier*, B.
phn-duplis in 4 ds; brig *Albion Cooper*, S.
Charleston.
At Bathurst, River Gambia, Sept. 23, schr. *Jan*
Sinker, for New-York, *Edg.* Sailed into the ri-
ver, from Cape de Verde, for African.

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NATIONAL POLITICS

Hon. Kenneth Rayner—Interlocking Correspondence.

PHILADELPHIA, Friday, Nov. 7, 1936

Hon. Kenneth Rayner:

DEAR SIR: In behalf of the American Party and the millions of Americans who are proud of your noble and efficient labors in behalf of our star-spangled flag for the President, WILLIAM FILLMORE, I write you on this subject, and I am sure that the results, as, through your instrumentality, the Americans were induced to adopt that course of policy the best calculated to bring about the desired result, and that enemy we gross insupportable measures had almost endured us, and led us broken and straggling parties against the married ranks of the Democrats, and the Democrats have been here, a gross and unwarrantable attack has been made upon you by those, who, according to be the case, and I am sure, as you are signed, and are forced to believe, in efforts to distract us and have us over-bidly to our common enemy, the Democrats, and I am sure, that you will be able to see the whole picture, that if your prudent and conciliatory course had entirely prevailed, FILLMORE would have earned at least thirteen electoral votes, and the Democrats would have been elected, and the country been spared the certainty of BURNHAM's election.

To testify our regard for you and your course, and also to have your views as to the future of our American Party, we tender you the compliment of a publication of such character as to be of use to you, and I am sure, hoping that you will thus favor, we

ascibe ourselves. Yours, very respectfully,
G. WASHINGTON BROWN, Chap. Peunss., Rolvt.
Waits, William Willard, Geo. Rush Smith,
Fred Cooper, Geo. T. Thomas, F. B. Welch,
John C. Crockett, John C. B. Jones, H. B. H.
Hager, C. Clayton, J. A., R. T. M. Hall, John C. B.
Blair, Wm. G. Humberly, C. R. Spangler,
Joseph C. Joseph, John C. B. Jones, J. A. B.
Deck, W. D. Hishnauth, Daniel G. Thomas.

GRAND HOUSE,
PHILADELPHIA, Friday, Nov. 11, 1853.
GENTLEMEN: I have just received your communication of the date, inviting me, in behalf of the American Party, to attend the meeting to be held at this time, as usual, my convenience, &c. I assure you gentlemen, that, if it were practicable, nothing would afford me greater pleasure than to be present, and to have the opportunity of discussing in civil converse—where we might talk over the malice of the late political contest in which we have so long been engaged. I am sure that we should have to chat with each other for the future, and where we might unite upon each other our unaltered and identical determination to burnish up our armor, and to be ready to meet our common enemy, the traitor. But that purpose, for the present, must be done. Advice received from my family requires that I should leave Philadelphia to-day.

"The true, the Democratic Party has secured a run for four years now upon the offices, the jobs and contracts of the country. That is all they were doing, and now they are going to do it all over again. They may, so far as regards the effect upon the turn-so far as regards the moral influence to grow out of a noble victory is a disaster, but the whole candidate will go into power with a majority of 200,000 of the popular vote against him. Be that as it may, they have received a decided rebuke from the people, and they are going to be rebuked again in the million in the repeal of the Missouri Compromise for their continued and systematic agitation of the question of Slavery. They are going to be rebuked in the North and the South in difficulty, that by diverting public opinion from the contemplation of their misdeeds, they might the more quickly get upon their legs."

There is another consideration connected with late election, which should cause those of the Democratic Party even, who have any love of country, to pause before they vote for the man who is to be the result. And that is, that the issue has been decided by the voice of foreigners. Mr. Buchanan, and only by a victory, is a disaster, but the whole his race to the race, that foreigners have furnished upon the reluctant and resisting countryman.

But the most humiliating to us, of all the reflections growing out of the result, is that the friends of the American Party, who have been so often defied by lyvidens and dissensions among our own friends, all the friends of Mr. FILLMORE in this State and in the whole country, have been so completely defeated, that they would have lost the vote of Pennsylvania, and the

[illegible]

labored with you, honestly and zealously. I cannot say your request to aid you in endeavoring to unite the two parties was a wise one, but I am sure that by a concentration of their strength, such unity might be effected, and the result would be to the purpose, by a perfect restoration of harmony and concord. I congratulate myself upon my humble efforts, when I see from the returns, that a considerable number of the friends of the Union have elected the only reasonable hope of depriving McKENZIE of the vote of Pennsylvania—which was the only State in which he had a chance of coming to the House of Representatives. It is also a consolation to me that the returns indicate, that two tickets on which the friends of Mc. FALLON were placed, have been largely successful. The votes were given to the McKENZIE ticket. If this loss on comparing the full returns, should turn out to be a serious one, I am sure that the friends of Mc. FALLON have secured a thorough and cordial union would have emerged the State against McKENZIE.

For those Mc. FALLON friends who refused to vote the "straight" ticket, and who persisted in voting for McKENZIE, I have not one word of criticism.

not a single feeling or unkindness
ed from sincere and conscientious convictions of
I think they were mistaken in their judgments—
believe they were sincere and patriotic in their
poes. I believe they sympathized with us, in our
row, at the disaster which has befallen our col-
in the election of Mr. BUCHANAN. There is no
any cause of disagreement among our friends
and these are the same differences of opinion. And
dulge the hope, that no unkind or bitter feeling
be indulged in on either side—that our com-
forunce may have taught to both the importa-

For my presence among you—for my exertions in a cause equally dear to all of us—I am more indebted to you than to any other person. I have been abundantly paid, by the confidence you have thus reposed in me by the kind and generous and warm-hearted hospitalities and friendly-looks exhibited to me by you, and by the pleasant and ever lasting friendship with goodness and pleasure. I say without affectation, that it is no place here I ever found so many kind friends—and whilst I live I shall be ever ready to return your kindness.

You will please express to those whose organs you are, my grateful appreciation of the honor conferred on me and accept for each one of yourselves, my sincere thanks and warmest wishes and assurances.

I am, gentlemen, with much regard,

Measrs. C. Washington, Real, Chas. B. Penrose,
 Robt. N. Waite, Wm. Millard, and others, Com-
 mittee, &c.

How can Mr. Buchanan satisfy them?
*From the New-Orleans Delta-Confidential Organ of
 Jefferson Davis.*
 THE ANSWER.

The conservative reaction in the North ceases
 quent upon the unfolding course of the Southern
 leaders, appears to leave no reasonable grounds for
 doubting the success of Mr. Lincoln in the present
 campaign. There is no harm, at all events, in assuming
 the probability of his election in advance, merely for
 the purpose of speculating as to its results in this
 section of the country.

From the commencement of the struggle the *Delta*
 supported him; not as the best candidate who might
 have been selected, but as "the least of three evils"

stitution of Fillmore's equivocal domestic and Anti-American foreign policy; 2d, the race

purely geographical party, representing, in the person of its leader, the interests of the South, the West, and the South-West, and the antagonism to the South; and, 3d, a perpetuation of the weak and pseudo-national claims of the Pierce administration, which were the cause of the party's defeat.

Mr. W. uttered the last mentioned views obviously in allusion to the prospects of the nation than the personal merits and on this point reluctantly, and with some hesitancy, admitted the influence of the Buchanan Convention. He was not the man whom the South required; but he was better than the man whom the South would have had if it had elected him. It was not a model monarch, but he was naturally generous and preferred to King Boreas.

At the close of the report of the independent press of the South Mr. PUGHMAN is introduced. He increased conservative vote in the Northern States, which has signified a severe loss to the Federal Union, and has been the cause of the loss of many prominent and able men. Like Gov. Wise, of Virginia, rallied to his aid and hosted his banner as the only one that could save the Union. But when he was not the most acceptable candidate that could be selected, at least his success would persons responsible for the Union, and he was not the man to give the South a desirable respite, during which it might consolidate her strength. It was the cause of confusion with some, and the cause of the loss of many votes in other cases. It was freely used as an argument by all.

We confess the policy of WISE was never very clear to us. We used to hear of his opposition to the Gov. Wise in every other point, while it being so evident that the respite claimed by him, and the

What is the practical value of this people to either so much importance is attached? What are we to do with a nationality that will only enjoy four years of peace and quietude; according to the submissionists we may organize a national party based on the grant of amnesty to the rebels, and the restoration of the Union; we may settle all disputes by a mutual surrender of manhood, and reduce American politics to a game of pitch and toss; we may win, call you lose, but not immediately; but not incurable. Time works wonders—makes gray heads out of Auburn, and makes black heads out of Auburn, and makes the South and practical (though we trust its policy will never be so bold) as that of the Northern States.

Given, meanwhile, the election of BRECKINRIDGE, what is the use of the respite? Will it be any more seen whether the respite will be beneficial or not? The hypothesis is distinct and clear enough, but there may be different opinions as to the conclusion. Governor FLOYD shares his opinion on the subject with many politicians less distinguished in the agitation of the war, and he is not likely to be wrong. He may prove them and their position correct. But we doubt the precedence of the policy of respite. A prisoner secured of his parole, and then released, without any sentence, to draw breath of the people's charge; he may be called out witnesses who were present from the trial; but we doubt that the South will be able to produce a single witness to the mutilation of her sentence from the North. She is her own ruin. If she has done wrong let her succumb if she is right let her stand strong to end; she wants no respite for argument.

If her soul were not prepared to face the judgment seat, she would require a respite; but if she is sinful and guilty, she needs no respite. Let her face the harden or the pity of the North! A'ow, all, if she is prepared to-day for a death grapple with her enemies, why should she postpone the contest until to-morrow? Let her fight her battle, and let her die for her sinners;—either you must throw me or I must throw you—"it had better be settled at once; and what lies the contest between the North and the South?"

We accept Mr. BRECKINRIDGE'S Presidency; it is better than Mr. FILLMORE'S, and infinitely better than Mr. FARMAN'S; but we do not think that the South can have what we Southerners gained in national, in moral, in intellectual progress, under Mr. FILLMORE. What can we expect to gain under Mr. BRECKINRIDGE? We can expect to gain nothing, we have only to bow as against loss. If we do not lay ground under another national administration we may as well be satisfied. We are not a nation, we are only a people; we may contribute the mother of our country; but we fear, from the evidences displayed every day by our little boys and girls, and from the evidences of our own degeneracy, that we are fast becoming a people too weak to be worshipped to the exclusion

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A LESSON IN HOSPITALITY AND HUMILITY
While ago, a young gentleman visited a venerable man, who lived on small means, at a low rate, in a lonely mansion. Assuming that the occupant of a dwelling must have servants, he called at the door to enquire, according to custom. Next morning looking out of his chamber, he saw his silver-haired host in dressing gown and slippers, busily brushing a thing like a mirror, in his patriarchal hands. Establishment and magnification of the guest, manly and womanly alike, he thought, he had considered in the noble old man, so ready to do service to such foolish people would consider a menial office.

gentlemen as he was—at once dignified and meek
felt as GEORGE HERIQUET sing:
If done beneath thy laws,
O'er servile labors alic:
Hallowed be thou, if this the cause,—
The meaneest work divine.
Were it proper to give the name of the home of
incident, our readers would recognize it as the
one who by humbling himself, was indeed exal-
ted and whose memory is yet green with the many
knew him but to love him.—*Boston Traveller.*

Letter from Capt. Walker-His Reply to Col. Trum.
From the Kansas Democrat.
Lawrence, K. T., Saturday, Oct. 26, 1894.
To the Editor of the Kansas Democrat:

SIR: In the Republican of the 16th inst. is a communication, over the signature of "H. T. Cyrus," in which my name is made to figure. If Col. Trum has met me personally so as to know who I am, he will understand that I have no objection to his publishing this letter. I should never have supposed it was written by him.

I have a little cause to reproach Col. Trum as a man of honor, or as one entertaining generous sentiments, but I had supposed that his desire to appear as a man occupying a reputable position would have restrained him from putting his name to a communication like this. This, however, I will leave to him and his friends. It does me no harm. With those who know me they appear more than folly, and with those who do not, they appear less than truth.

new explanations, to the exercise of their legitimate rights. I have been raised a humble farmer and have been so ever since. I was born in 1807, and was formed among the farmers of Pennsylvania. I lived a farmer in Ohio, and came to Kansas Territory in 1854, and have since been a farmer on a claim about four miles from Leocompton. I built me a house, in which my family lived, and had under cultivation about twenty acres of land. I had but little to complain of in my life, and I was content with my lot as a competency for myself and family from a fertile soil and the ample reward therefrom to industry and frugality.

When the question arose as to whether this should be a Free State or a Slave State, I, as a matter of course, being a working man, preferred the former. I was opposed to the latter, and when the Legislature was chosen here and was opposed to the laws passed by it, but I am unconquered by ever having violated any of the rights of man, and I am ever in the enjoyment of speech—a right guaranteed to me by the Constitution of the United States.

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built by a company of capitalists in this City, principally, and is the American contribution to the great transatlantic enterprise, which is destined, in a very short space of time, to place the two commercial capitals of the world in direct telegraphic communication with each other, over the wires of the great transatlantic cable. The cable, it is estimated, will run from New York to St. John's, Newfoundland, following the telegraph wires, is 1,715 miles. Along a part of this distance, namely, from Ashape Bay, N. to Cape Ray, N. F., say 85 miles, a separate English submarine cable has been laid under the most favorable success. Of the whole route, 1,630 miles (from New-York to Nova Scotia) are under the control of the American Telegraph Company, having their headquarters in this City, and the remaining distance (85 miles, including the "American cable") under that of the Newfoundland Company, of which PETER COZZE, Esq., of this City, is President, and a heavy stockholder. A large part of the line on the

rects is new, and the remaining portion has been recently overhauled and thoroughly repaired, and whole is pronounced, by competent judges, to be most perfect and substantial line in the country.

With regard to the submarine extension of this line from Newfoundland across the Atlantic to Galway, Ireland,—a distance of about 1,000 miles,—we have some reliable information. We learn that the project is looked upon with great favor in Europe, both

the first meeting of this Company, held in London on the 24th of October, over one-third of the capital required for the proposed enterprise was immediately taken up, and the whole amount could have been disposed of at the spot, but for the previous determination of the directors to apportion a share of the stock to the promoters, and to the other members of the Company. We understand that one of the ROYALTYHOLDERS has intimated a willingness to take the whole of the Continental capital, and that the ROYALTYHOLDERS are not without some difficulty, impressing of it in the greater pro-

But no such difficulty is apprehended by those engaged on the contrary, their chief course of procedure will be to select from the numerous applicants such as to satisfy all the numerous applicants or it.

The meeting of the Company alluded to above, whose discussion was bad as to the feasibility of the enterprise, so far as the successful laying of the cable between the two continents was concerned, and at these points there seemed to be but one opinion, and that was, that the project would be carried to a successful issue. The distinguished engineers, Harcourt Stevenson, and others of scarcely less note, have formed opinions in favor of the practicability of the undertaking, and the contradictions offered by them are a pecuniary interest in it.

On a view of the whole matter—taking into consideration the fact that the project has been discussed by some of the most distinguished engineers and electricians of Europe, together with the eagerness with which a necessary interest in the enterprise is sought by the public—the probability of its success seems to be very great.

direct telegraphic communication between New-York, London and all the Continental capitals of Europe as our business community in advance of the fact.

Enterprise for a Weekly Steamship Ferry Line between Chesapeake Bay and Millford Haven.

A. HURLEY BLISS, the late accomplished and talented Assistant Secretary of the Slave, has addressed a letter "to the citizens of the Slave, holding Slaves" in which he announces his purpose to establish a company for the purpose of running a steamship ferry line between the Chesapeake Bay and Millford Haven. He develops his enterprise in a very interesting and fully satisfactory manner in an ably-written pamphlet of thirty pages. The following extracts will enable our readers to form an idea of the great object of the enterprise.

London, Tuesday, Aug. 12, 1856.

To the Citizens of the Sineclashing States:

With your cooperation, if it can be secured, I propose to establish, in connection with an agent appointed to be located at the place, a *Weekly Iron Steamship Ferry Line* between Chesapeake Bay and Millford Haven. The distance by the southern route is 1,460 miles—shorter by at least 100 miles than that at present traversed by the American steamers from New-York to Liverpool. The route is entirely free from the dangers incident to coastwise navigation and is direct.

Millford of Millford is situated one hundred and twenty miles southward and westward of Liverpool, one hundred miles westward of Bristol, and two hun-

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low water in the rivers. In the latter part of 1854 and the early part of 1855 the producers of cotton and other staples of exportation experienced a clear loss of at least \$30,000,000. Cotton might possibly travel to the Chesapeake Bay, but all of the advantages there offered for its speed to transit to Europe, from as remote a region as the interior of Texas. So with other articles. Should this transpire, there are, doubtless, those who have advanced to the meridian of life, who will not have passed away from earth without seeing a daily instance

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Your friend and countryman,
 A. DUDLEY MAXN,
 NEW-YORK CITY.
 City Morality.
 Weekly report of deaths in the City and County
 of New-York, from the 1st day of November to the
 1st day of November, 1891. Total, 4,444; Males, 2,173;
 Females, 2,271; Whites, 3,921; Colored, 523; Adults,
 3,845; Infants, 599; Males, 1,914; Females, 1,931;
 Whites, 3,444; Colored, 499; Males, 1,714; Females, 1,730;
 Infants, 599; Males, 295; Females, 304.

Consumption	20	Influenza	1
Heart disease	18	Infant, of whom	1
Stroke	17	Infant, of whom	1
Apoplexy	16	Infant, of whom	1
Diarrhoea	15	Infant, of whom	1
Smallpox	14	Infant, of whom	1
Scarlet fever	13	Infant, of whom	1
Measles	12	Infant, of whom	1
Whooping cough	11	Infant, of whom	1
Diphtheria	10	Infant, of whom	1
Scarlet fever	9	Infant, of whom	1
Measles	8	Infant, of whom	1
Whooping cough	7	Infant, of whom	1
Diphtheria	6	Infant, of whom	1
Scarlet fever	5	Infant, of whom	1
Measles	4	Infant, of whom	1
Whooping cough	3	Infant, of whom	1
Diphtheria	2	Infant, of whom	1
Scarlet fever	1	Infant, of whom	1
Measles	1	Infant, of whom	1
Whooping cough	1	Infant, of whom	1
Diphtheria	1	Infant, of whom	1
Scarlet fever	1	Infant, of whom	1
Measles	1	Infant, of whom	1
Whooping cough	1	Infant, of whom	1
Diphtheria	1	Infant, of whom	1
Scarlet fever	1	Infant, of whom	1
Measles	1	Infant, of whom	1
Whooping cough	1	Infant, of whom	1
Diphtheria	1	Infant, of whom	1
Scarlet fever	1	Infant, of whom	1
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Whooping cough	1	Infant, of whom	1
Diphtheria	1	Infant, of whom	1
Scarlet fever	1	Infant, of whom	1
Measles	1	Infant, of whom	1
Whooping cough	1	Infant, of whom	1
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Measles	1	Infant, of whom	1
Whooping cough	1	Infant, of whom	1
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Measles	1	Infant, of whom	1
Whooping cough	1	Infant, of whom	1
Diphtheria	1	Infant, of whom	1
Scarlet fever	1	Infant, of whom	1
Measles	1	Infant, of whom	1
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Measles	1	Infant, of whom	1
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Measles	1	Infant, of whom	1
Whooping cough	1	Infant, of whom	1
Diphtheria	1	Infant, of whom	1
Scarlet fever	1	Infant, of whom	1
Measles	1	Infant, of whom	1
Whooping cough	1	Infant, of whom	1
Diphtheria	1		

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ing him to quiesce. He was soon ejected by the keeper of the place, but returned and renewed his insolence. A fight then occurred between him and a policeman, who was severely injured and taken to the hospital with a club. The parties finally got into the hall, where Mirza was stabbed. The Italians immediately fled, and the police, who were in the hall, were also injured. Mirza was taken to the hospital.

SUSPICION OF BULGARIY.—JOHN LEE, alias GHO, WILLIAMS, was arrested on Friday morning in his prison. He was with a piece of broadcloth in his possession. It was proved to be the proceeds of a burglary. When first discovered, the prisoner had a knife in his hand, and was ready to fight. He was brought to by the discharging of a blank cartridge at him, and being unable to account satisfactorily for the possession of the broadcloth, he was taken for examination.

BULGARIY.—The No. 387 Eighth-avenue was entered by burglars on Thursday night and robbed of between \$100 and \$200. The burglar took advantage of this circumstance to commit the depredations on the adjacent premises.

EXPLOSION OF GUN POWDER.—ONE PERSON INJURED.—About 1 o'clock on Friday afternoon, a young man named JAMES BLOOMER, who is employed as a laborer in the factory of the Boston-street, near Jarvis-street, by the explosion of a package of gunpowder, which he was handling, came in contact with fire, and was severely injured. He was taken to the building and first some of the stock, but the flames were quickly subdued.

FOUND DROWNED.—The body of Captain DEWALL McDONNELL, of the brig *Edwards*, of the city of New York, was found on Friday at the foot of Whitehall street, and an inquest was held upon it by Coroner GAMMA. The body was found on Friday morning, and was the property of Captain McDONNELL, who was deceased was a native of Picquet, 59 years of age.

RAILROAD ACCIDENT.—Two laborers employed on the Harlem Railroad, while getting on a passenger car of One Hundred and Twenty-ninth-street, on Friday morning, were killed by the collision of the car with one of the New-Haven trains. Their names could not be ascertained. It is thought that neither of the

OBITUARY.—We have to record the death of ALEXANDER HUBB, LL. D., of Utica, a lawyer by profession, but for the last thirty years editor of the *Utica Observer*. He was a very generally respected man, with the *Observer*, the organ of the Baptist religious community in this city. Mr. Hubb died Tuesday morning, at a stroke, at a clock, at the age of seventy-six years. He was a graduate of Columbia College, studied law under the famous John Hoffman, and left this city at the age of twenty-five years. He was married, and had a family. He practiced law for eighteen years in Elizabeth, New Jersey. The Baptist community here has lost a valued member. The *Observer* has been strengthened by the loss. See. For. 8th.

seized, but their plunder was recovered, and they dropped the bag which contained it, in their flight. TWINKLER was committed to await examination.

FELONIOUS ASSAULT WITH A KNIFE.—A man named **STERNER MALLER** was arrested yesterday charged with assaulting **FRANCIS JAMESON**, of No. 11 Catherine street, and stabbing him in the stomach with a pocket knife. He was committed by Justice **BARRETT** to answer the charge.

THE DRY GOODS.
ADREN CARRER, HANDELCROUWER, & Co.
 101, 103, 105, 107, 109, 111, 113, 115, 117, 119, 121, 123, 125, 127, 129, 131, 133, 135, 137, 139, 141, 143, 145, 147, 149, 151, 153, 155, 157, 159, 161, 163, 165, 167, 169, 171, 173, 175, 177, 179, 181, 183, 185, 187, 189, 191, 193, 195, 197, 199, 201, 203, 205, 207, 209, 211, 213, 215, 217, 219, 221, 223, 225, 227, 229, 231, 233, 235, 237, 239, 241, 243, 245, 247, 249, 251, 253, 255, 257, 259, 261, 263, 265, 267, 269, 271, 273, 275, 277, 279, 281, 283, 285, 287, 289, 291, 293, 295, 297, 299, 301, 303, 305, 307, 309, 311, 313, 315, 317, 319, 321, 323, 325, 327, 329, 331, 333, 335, 337, 339, 341, 343, 345, 347, 349, 351, 353, 355, 357, 359, 361, 363, 365, 367, 369, 371, 373, 375, 377, 379, 381, 383, 385, 387, 389, 391, 393, 395, 397, 399, 401, 403, 405, 407, 409, 411, 413, 415, 417, 419, 421, 423, 425, 427, 429, 431, 433, 435, 437, 439, 441, 443, 445, 447, 449, 451, 453, 455, 457, 459, 461, 463, 465, 467, 469, 471, 473, 475, 477, 479, 481, 483, 485, 487, 489, 491, 493, 495, 497, 499, 501, 503, 505, 507, 509, 511, 513, 515, 517, 519, 521, 523, 525, 527, 529, 531, 533, 535, 537, 539, 541, 543, 545, 547, 549, 551, 553, 555, 557, 559, 561, 563, 565, 567, 569, 571, 573, 575, 577, 579, 581, 583, 585, 587, 589, 591, 593, 595, 597, 599, 601, 603, 605, 607, 609, 611, 613, 615, 617, 619, 621, 623, 625, 627, 629, 631, 633, 635, 637, 639, 641, 643, 645, 647, 649, 651, 653, 655, 657, 659, 661, 663, 665, 667, 669, 671, 673, 675, 677, 679, 681, 683, 685, 687, 689, 691, 693, 695, 697, 699, 701, 703, 705, 707, 709, 711, 713, 715, 717, 719, 721, 723, 725, 727, 729, 731, 733, 735, 737, 739, 741, 743, 745, 747, 749, 751, 753, 755, 757, 759, 761, 763, 765, 767, 769, 771, 773, 775, 777, 779, 781, 783, 785, 787, 789, 791, 793, 795, 797, 799, 801, 803, 805, 807, 809, 811, 813, 815, 817, 819, 821, 823, 825, 827, 829, 831, 833, 835, 837, 839, 841, 843, 845, 847, 849, 851, 853, 855, 857, 859, 861, 863, 865, 867, 869, 871, 873, 875, 877, 879, 881, 883, 885, 887, 889, 891, 893, 895, 897, 899, 901, 903, 905, 907, 909, 911, 913, 915, 917, 919, 921, 923, 925, 927, 929, 931, 933, 935, 937, 939, 941, 943, 945, 947, 949, 951, 953, 955, 957, 959, 961, 963, 965, 967, 969, 971, 973, 975, 977, 979, 981, 983, 985, 987, 989, 991, 993, 995, 997, 999, 1001, 1003, 1005, 1007, 1009, 1011, 1013, 1015, 1017, 1019, 1021, 1023, 1025, 1027, 1029, 1031, 1033, 1035, 1037, 1039, 1041, 1043, 1045, 1047, 1049, 1051, 1053, 1055, 1057, 1059, 1061, 1063, 1065, 1067, 1069, 1071, 1073, 1075, 1077, 1079, 1081, 1083, 1085, 1087, 1089, 1091, 1093, 1095, 1097, 1099, 1101, 1103, 1105, 1107, 1109, 1111, 1113, 1115, 1117, 1119, 1121, 1123, 1125, 1127, 1129, 1131, 1133, 1135, 1137, 1139, 1141, 1143, 1145, 1147, 1149, 1151, 1153, 1155, 1157, 1159, 1161, 1163, 1165, 1167, 1169, 1171, 1173, 1175, 1177, 1179, 1181, 1183, 1185, 1187, 1189, 1191, 1193, 1195, 1197, 1199, 1201, 1203, 1205, 1207, 1209, 1211, 1213, 1215, 1217, 1219, 1221, 1223, 1225, 1227, 1229, 1231, 1233, 1235, 1237, 1239, 1241, 1243, 1245, 1247, 1249, 1251, 1253, 1255, 1257, 1259, 1261, 1263, 1265, 1267, 1269, 1271, 1273, 1275, 1277, 1279, 1281, 1283, 1285, 1287, 1289, 1291, 1293, 1295, 1297, 1299, 1301, 1303, 1305, 1307, 1309, 1311, 1313, 1315, 1317, 1319, 1321, 1323, 1325, 1327, 1329, 1331, 1333, 1335, 1337, 1339, 1341, 1343, 1345, 1347, 1349, 1351, 1353, 1355, 1357, 1359, 1361, 1363, 1365, 1367, 1369, 1371, 1373, 1375, 1377, 1379, 1381, 1383, 1385, 1387, 1389, 1391, 1393, 1395, 1397, 1399, 1401, 1403, 1405, 1407, 1409, 1411, 1413, 1415, 1417, 1419, 1421, 1423, 1425, 1427, 1429, 1431, 1433, 1435, 1437, 1439, 1441, 1443, 1445, 1447, 1449, 1451, 1453, 1455, 1457, 1459, 1461, 1463, 1465, 1467, 1469, 1471, 1473, 1475, 1477, 1479, 1481, 1483, 1485, 1487, 1489, 1491, 1493, 1495, 1497, 1499, 1501, 1503, 1505, 1507, 1509, 1511, 1513, 1515, 1517, 1519, 1521, 1523, 1525, 1527, 1529, 1531, 1533, 1535, 1537, 1539, 1541, 1543, 1545, 1547, 1549, 1551, 1553, 1555, 1557, 1559, 1561, 1563, 1565, 1567, 1569, 1571, 1573, 1575, 1577, 1579, 1581, 1583, 1585, 1587, 1589, 1591, 1593, 1595, 1597, 1599, 1601

CLOAKS,

The best assortment in New-York, of New Orleans and
Alabama may be found here.

JUST & CO'S
Dress-room, No. 41 Catherine-st., 4 doors from Monroe.
Beautiful gowns, of all colors, and of all styles, may be
selected from, at prices varying from 10 to 25 cents.
Entered lower by 25 per cent. than any house in the South.
Ladies, call and see these goods.

JUST & CO.
N. B.—No connection with any other house in the South.
(No. 41 Catherine-st., 4 doors from Monroe.)

**ELEGANT BROCHE LONG SHAWLS,
REAL CHENE AND
STELLA BEAULX
PLAID WOOL SHAWLS,
AND ALL THE LATEST FASHIONS.**

Also—GENTLEMEN'S SHAWLS, VERY CHEAP.
CHAS. HEARD & CO., 37 N. 3d ST.

POINT LAKE SETS.

EMBROIDERED AND INSERTED SETS.
An elegant assortment just opened at

SILKS; SILKS; SILKS.

We shall offer great bargains in silks this week. Some good styles as low as \$1.00 per yard. Come early and see. Also a lot of very heavy Lyons goods in all colors, which will be sold at a sacrifice.

CHAR. BRAD & CO., No. 261 Grand-st.

AMUSEMENTS.

THELBERG'S FIRST CONCERT.
THIS MONDAY EVENING AT NIDLO'S BALLOON.
Mme. CORA DE WILHELM.
Conductor..... SIGMUND
Admission Tickets..... ONE DOLLAR EACH.
May be had in the evening after five o'clock.
To avoid any confusion, those who have Reserved Seats are politely requested to be there in person at least half an hour before the concert begins.

In consequence of the dangerous condition in which the principal Manager of the Thalberg Concerts finds himself

gence for the present.

SECOND AND THIRD CONCERTS ON TUESDAY
AND THURSDAY, Nov. 11 and 12.

THALBERG'S SECOND CONCERT.
TUESDAY, Nov. 11, at KILBO'S SALOON.
Mme. CORA DE WILHELM, *Singer* **MORELL**
Conductor. *Soloist* **ALICE ALLEN**

Will play Fantasias on "Lacrezia Borgia" and "Don Giovanni." His new songs will be substituted.

FANTASIA ON MOSES.
Concert to commence at 8 o'clock.
The new songs will be sold on Monday and Tuesday, Nov. 10 and 11, at the
City-Town Office, No. 8, Broadway, No. 74 Broadway,
No. 100 Broadway, No. 101 Broadway, No. 102 Broadway,
Admission Tickets, &c. Will be sold in the evening at
the door.

The Third and Fourth Concerts on THURSDAY
and SATURDAY, Nov. 12 and 13.

TO BE HELD AT
THE CRYSTAL PALACE,
FOR BUILDING AN HOSPITAL.

THE SISTERS OF CHARITY. The Ladies' Fair of the Sisters of Charity, Nov. 10, 1856, the above Fair will open at the Crystal Palace, New-York, and continue one day and evening, and the next day and evening.

It will be the most extensive, and it is hoped attractive Fair ever held in the United States; and every Catholic Church in the City is invited to send a delegation.

DODWORTH'S CELEBRATED BREAD
BREAD ALL SORTS
COOKED AND BAKED

on every evening of the Fair. This alone will render a visit to the Palace, and the Fair, a most profitable object, and a most agreeable and interesting one. It is a rare opportunity, which the Fair is held about a few more than sufficient to induce every charitably disposed person to visit it.
Ten Centon. Charge.

ACADEMY OF MUSIC.
Concerts and
THE LA GRANGE OPERA TROUPE.
Will open the Academy of Music on
MONDAY, Nov. 10, 1856.

Madame ANNA DE LA GRANGE.
Signor BRIGNOLI.

Admission. ONE DOLLAR. 1000
Secured Seats. 50 cts. 1000
Seats may be secured at the 1000. 1000
Box & Box Seats. 1000. 1000
Doors open at 7 1/2; Opera commences at 8 o'clock.

NIBLO'S GARDEN.
Doors open at 6 1/2. To commence at 7 1/2.
TICKETS FIFTY CENTS.
MONDAY EVENING, MAY 10, 1886.
TREMENDOUS SUCCESS.

THE WONDERFUL RAVELS.
In the new comic Fairy Pantomime of
"THE ENCHANTED FAIRIES."
Braz. Antoinette Toury Turvy. Javone
NICODEMUS.

Nicodemus. A. Lohm. C. Chidister. 1000
Young Hengler. A. Lohm. C. Chidister. 1000

TUESDAY, and EVERY EVENING DURING THE WEEK—The Wonderful Raveis, Mlle. Robert, Young Hansler, Danche and other entertainments.

NEW HALL MADAM.
No. 558 Broadway, opposite Niblo's Garden.
From the great success of
DIED; OR THE DISMAL SWAMP.
It will be repeated at
G. Swaine Buckley in the great character of.....
G. Swaine Buckley in the funny part of.....
Miss. HERRICK.....
Mr. Percival, and the rest of the admired Troupe, in
premiere.
Preceding which
NEGRO MINSTRELRY.
Copper commences at 7 1/2 o'clock. Admissions 25 cents.
Orchestra Seats 50 cents.

MADAME D'ANGEL.
The public are respectfully informed that
MADAME D'ANGEL,
Cabaniste di Camera to H. M. the Emperor of Austria

don, has arrived in the *Fulton*, on a professional tour through the United States.
Further particulars in future advertisements.

MONDAY—A new Comedy, in two acts, called
PRESENTED AT COURT. Or, THE CITY BARBERS.
The author, Mr. J. B. HARRIS, who has been
as played by him in London: Mr. Burton as Geoffrey, and
Ladr. Trumpington; Mr. C. Fisher, Mrs. E. Devereux.
A new Ballet, and first time here, the comic piece of
THE TWO QUEENS.
Miss Polly Marchant, Mrs. Howard and Mr. T.
Placide.

TUESDAY—The great original play of **SHAKESPEARE**
THE TROILUS AND CRESSIDA.

ACADEMY OF MUSIC.
To let, on the old hall, for concerts, banquets,
&c. Accommodation for 4,000 persons. Prices per night
\$800, including light.

RAIL REACH.
The price for half-nights has been reduced to 50¢, in-
cluding all the privileges of the train, supper, and
conductor's services. The same price will be charged
to N. H. WOLFE, of the Executive Committee, for
himself and family.

BARNUM'S AMERICAN MUSEUM, ONE WEEK MORE OF "DRED" ONE WEEK MORE OF GEN. TOM THUMB AS TOM TIT. A

[illegible]

Private Boxes, \$5. THIS EVENING, Nov. 2, the entertainment will commence with the local drama in acts of

HIDE
To be followed by Barryman's stirring Performance of
ASPHODEL OR THE ENCHANTED PEN.
The whole to conclude with the most Consistent of
STARS SECRETS.

MISS SARA STAINS RESPECTFULLY
announces that she will give a Dramatic and Musical
Reading at Hotel Chateau, No. 100 Broadway, on
SAT. EVENING, Nov. 11. Tickets in advance 50c and
at the door and at Drumm's 10c. To commence
7 1/2 o'clock.

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hundred. The
 the Empire, of
 career in life.
 exit as a poet.
 have to follow
 and long dreary
 to lean towards
 which are carved
 they are presented
 O'Brien's brother
 pounds, which, at
 a handsome income.
 appears likely to be
 YOUNG ENGLAND.
 The Prince of Wales is beginning to
 live. He has been lately, it is discovered,
 night, among his future subjects. He stayed
 three or two at the village of Wincoburn, at
 they have come to the point where the
 and "cruciated about the streets with the
 regular "Remnants own" English
 sample of his tastes at present, he entered in
 for the purchase of a celebrated race-horse.
 Promising, this!
 THE OPERA.
 In London, as here, the places of song
 and the city mourns and calls for her sons.
 So at Drury's there is to be a short
 and the French Opera will be the
 at Mary Lane, with the Gaiety and
 "innovation appears to be welcome, at least
 who love music for its own, and not for
 A BATCH OF KNIGHTS.
 The last batch of C. B.'s, created in Eng-
 in perfect match with Sir RICHARD ARLEIGH,
 LIGAN and LUCAN and Co., goes far to
 public opinion in England that the Order was
 so at first for sorrow rather than a reward
 of merit. Of Mr. CANTON, however, we are
 from speaking by the reflection that he
 speak of the individual without repeating
 his name, however most happily used, in
 circumstances, now justice, asking why, in
 the lovely companions, is the name of Mr.
 STANLEY not to be found? Why, when Mr. C.
 is knighted, should the hero of the epic
 listen? both go unrecorded and C. B.
 CANTON's companions were Hon. J. B.
 HANOVER and MAGNETS, of Stock-
 town gentleman is so well known, and
 DANIEL, a dear relative of Sir HENRY PEARCE,
 connection of many past and present. While
 people of family and note. He has been
 or chief to many missions for many years,
 ever being heard of—a special virtue in the
 department, which does not encourage
 and Sir Mr. CANTON to exchange the
 was asked permission for catching soldiers, he
 was refused on the score of his being
 TALENTED in his way. Mr. BLIGH (who
 mentions these trifles, as there are so many
 young American gentlemen looking out for
 just now) has been, as well as we remember,
 sailor at HANOVER since the beginning of 1830,
 salary of £3,000 a year, a Secretary at £200,
 at £200—making in the eighteen years some
 and this for absolutely doing nothing.
 The names of these diplomatists are
 great. Avidity has come down to us
 year! America may some day or other
 fancy! But what on earth has an Ambassa-
 HANOVER to do? The other Knight, Mr.
 ANTEUS MAGNETS, of Stockholm, has won
 with a better desert. He has been, in these
 periods, attached to the embassies of Berlin,
 grade, Vienna, and has necessarily acquired
 since which should be of considerable service
 The expense of the embassy at Stockholm
 consisted of £10,000 a year. HANOVER, but
 the remainder is besides. MAGNETS.
 THE SURRY DINNER.
 The condition of the masses in England
 notwithstanding the severe pressure which
 imposed, never been more prosperous. In 18
 number of paupers in England and Wales had
 the enormous number of 1,916,000. In 1850
 have diminished to about 900,000, about 10
 in Ireland near 3,000,000 of the population
 relief in 1849. In 1850, they do not number
 The Free-Trade always and will be at
 high prices as they arise of increased costs
 but we do when they result from monopoly.
 be free, and people will become so rich that
 have a greatly increased power of purchase.
 rociety what has happened. The domestic
 value has vastly increased. Imports have
 from 3,000,000 to 12,000,000 of quarters per
 and yet the food is dearer than ever. The
 consumption is unlimited except by the mean
 chaise.
 THE SURRY GARDENS CRASH.
 The scene at the Surry Gardens in Lon-
 wonderful proof of the extraordinary royal
 natiacism which prevails in England. The per-
 of religious service in any building to such
 12,000 or 15,000 people is in any place a spec-
 tacular, but especially is it a horrid desecration
 carried out in a huge concert hall, applied dis-
 servedly to purposes of religion. The building
 is called the Free-Jerkery, who, it may be
 grave, during the Summer months, concert
 with a band of one thousand picked musicians
 hall is 72 feet high, has an arched ceiling plac-
 ed three double windows, is 100 feet long
 and is calculated to hold 12,000 people.
 ANOTHER ROYAL MARRIAGE.
 The heir presumptive to the crown of H
 the Prince of Holland, who has lately been
 to the English Court, it is said, fallen in
 ly in love with the Princess ALICE, and the
 1863. The Marquis of NORMBY, E. G. is
 constructions from the Hague to make every
 matrimonial alliance. Queen VICTORIA sees
 quite a novel mother in the way of match-
 She will now have two daughters *fanciers*
 crowns.
 ANOTHER CHEVALIER.
 Just about the time that the Chevalier
 appears on our horizon with his brilliant and
 book of diplomatism, another high
 is given for the first time to the
 1863. The Marquis of NORMBY, E. G. is
 known, some years since, in the world of poli-
 tics and love, as Governor of Jamaica; Le-
 tenant of Ireland, author of *Yea and No*, and
 row of many; amours, is about to bring out
 periences of a year of "revolution," from a
 kept in Paris in 1848, when he was Ambassa-
 Since then, like CHARLES MARX, LOUIS DE BETH-
 WILLIAMS, MARTIN VAN BUREN, ORRINO and
 H. BRANCH, he has bid to be a great man
 1863. The Marquis of NORMBY, E. G. is
 of a subordinate post at Florence. He
 however, we presume, that
 "To have done, is to have
 Quite out of fashion, like a rusty nail
 and it is, and gave it the name of London
 So we have to have all the secrets of the
 between NORMBY and NAPOLEON, whether
 out of politics or a petticoat—why he was
 from Paris and a fifth-rate cipher, like Lord
 put in his place, and why many other things
 did not come to pass. As the Chevalier
 forthcoming work treats of precisely the same
 it will be interesting to compare the notes of
 two great diplomatists.
 Anniversary of the Landing of Wm.
 Letter from Edward Everett.
 The Pennsylvania Historical Society cele-
 brates the 174th anniversary of the Landing of Wm. P.
 the 8th inst. The following letter was received
 Hon. EDWARD EVERETT:—
 PHILADELPHIA, Monday, Nov. 20.
 DEAR SIR: I am much obliged to the Comma-
 the Historical Society, of Pennsylvania, for an
 invitation to their dinner on the 8th inst. in
 tion of Franklin. I will be there from that day.
 1863. It was a most important day in American
 story. Our Massachusetts writers carry back to
 beginning of our men, which was pressed in
 in war, till it ended in a provisional treaty of
 between Great Britain and the United States
 of a century after Franklin's landing.
 same year the *La Salle* descended the Mississippi
 claimed possession for France of the whole
 territory, by the name of Louisiana. The
 founding of "a free colony for all mankind,"
 banks of the Delaware, upon the principle of
 of conscience and civil freedom, "the great
 of our people, and the great source of all
 quences of which, both to the new world and

[illegible]

[illegible]

CHALEMBURG'S SECOND CONCERT
TUESDAY, Nov. 11, at NIBELUNG HALL
CORA DE WILBOEST. Singing Soloist.
Program:
M. THALBERG's "Lacryosa Porga," and "Serenade"
his "Tarantella," and his celebrated "MORSE."
Tickets to commence at 60 c each.
First Seats, \$1.50. Will be sold on Monday and Tuesday, Nov. 10 and 11, at the Ticket Office, 107 So. Broadway.
Town Office, Van Norden & King, 8 So. Water.

[illegible]

THE SOLDIER FOR LOVE.
TUESDAY, AND EVERY EVENING DEPT.
WEEK- The Wonderful Rave, Mrs. [unclear]
[unclear] and other entertainments.

ACADEMY OF MUSIC.
101 WEST 11TH STREET.
SECOND NIGHT
OF
THE LA GRANGE OPERA TROUPE
WEDNESDAY, Nov. 13, 1884.
To be presented Mercey's Grand Opera in 4 acts,
L'ETOILE DU NORD.
By ANNE DE LA GRANGE.
Madame BERTUCCA-MARETZEK,
Mmes SIEDENBACH and of FYNE,
Signori BRIGNOLI,
and AMODIO,
COLLETTI.

.....ONE DOLLAR! Second Seats.....
 25 Cents extra Amphitheatre.....
 may be secured at the Academy, or at
 25 Broadway.
 open at 7 1/2. Opera commences at 8 o'clock.

WALLACE'S THEATRE.
 Doors open at 6 1/2. Performance at 7.
 Engagement of
MR. WALLACE
 TUESDAY, NOVEMBER 11.
LAST NIGHT
 OF
AS YOU LIKE IT.
 Mr. Wallace
 giving his last appearance to his country
 (for the South.)

[illegible]

nights with great applause.
 Mr. Barton in his original part of Uncle
 E. Davidson, Mrs. C. Barrett, Miss Taylor,
 Mr. A. Parker, Mr. C. Fisher, Mr. T. Fleming.
 TONMORROW.—The new comedy, "THE PRINCE OF
 THE COURT," received with applause last night.
 BUCKLEY'S SERRANADES.
 NEW HALL.
 No. 566 Broadway, opposite Milne's Garden.
 The great success of
 "THE GREAT DYSMAL SWAMP,"
 will be repeated all this week.
 The name Buckley in the great character of..... One who
 who Buckley is the finest part of.....
 H. Hiffert.....
 interval, and the rest of the admired Troupe, in
 sent characters.
 ending which

NEGRO MINSTRELSY.
 First commences at 7½ o'clock. Admission 50 cents.
 Free Seats 50 cents.

MADAME D'ANGEL.
 The public are respectfully informed that
 M. ADAMS, of the Theatre d'Angelo, at
 the City of Cambray to H. M. the Emperor of Austria,
 the Contralto Assoluto from Her Majesty's Theatre
 of the Royal Italian Opera, London, has
 arrived in the *Wellton*, on a professional tour
 to the United States.
 See particulars in future advertisements.

THE LONDON THEATRE, DRAMA
 25 cents; Fifth Street, 25 cents; 25 cents;
 Boxes, 50 cents. THIS EVENING, Nov. 11, the
 entertainment will commence with the local Drama in 3
 ACTS, AND WORTH OF THE DRAMATICS.

PHOENIX OF THE BURNED PEN.
The first of the new series of
STATE MUSEUMS.
THE NEW YORK STATE MUSEUM - ONE
WEEK MORE OF "DRED" ONE WEEK
OF GEN. TOM THUMB AND TOM TIT. AS
SEPARATE TOGETHER FOR TWO WEEKS.
THIS WEEK ONLY EVERY EVENING AT 7:
WEDNESDAY AND SATURDAY. A S P.
AFTERNOONS, at 3 o'clock. GEN. TOM
THUMB IN HIS OWN HOME. THE GREAT
NEW FARRAR & CO. THE GREAT SHAKESPEARE
their NEW DEN. One of them has been
five plays and one fair tale. A new
and more perfect history to feed. Admission 3 cents.
End Nov. 1904.

ACADEMY OF MUSIC
on the off-nights of the opera, for concerts, lectures,
accommodation for 4,000 persons. Price per night
including light.

DAILY SEASON.
Price for ball-nights has been reduced to \$2.00, and
at all the other nights of the season, support-
ing companies, together with the lighting and heating,
S. N. H. WOLFE, of the Academy.

THE THREE GRAND PRODUCTIONS
NOW ON HAND
WILLIAMS' PATENT STEAM WILLIAMS
N. Y. ROYAL
Admission, Twenty-five Cents.
of exhibition from 9 A. M. to 5 P. M.

SEUM.—The most popular, attractive and instructive exhibition in the City, and the central nucleus of all literary taste and refinement. In new cases at the American Institute, No. 650 Broadway, Admission, 5c.

SARA STEVENS RESPECTFULLY announces that she will give a Dramatic and Poetical evening at Howe Chapel, No. 70 Broadway, on TUESDAY EVENING, Nov. 11. Tickets 50 cents—to be had of Mr. and Mrs. C. W. Crockett, and at Crockett's bookstore. To commence at 8 o'clock.

NILSDORF GALLERY, NO. 437 BROADWAY.—The best collection of paintings in this country, including Old and Recent Masters, and every branch of art. Admission 50 cents.

FURS.

LADIES' FANCY FURS!
RICKES, OSBORNE & CO.
 Nos. 51 AND 52 MAIN-LANE, N. Y.
 at WHOLESALE or RETAIL, in the very desirable
 assortment of
LADIES' FANCY FURS
 consisting of RUSSIAN SABLE, HUDSON'S BAY
 FOX, MINK, STOLEN FOX and FITCH
 Manufactured to the best (most fashionable) style
EXPRESSLY FOR CITY RETAIL TRADE

will be sold by auction, on the premises, on the 1st day of
 call and will be sold for the purpose of raising money for
 P. N. appears. P. N. appears. P. N. appears. P. N. appears.
 or gloves, fur trimmings, sleigh robes, &c.
FURS-LANDSEY'S FURS.
 None to surpass them this season.
 orders carefully executed. No. 68 Broadway.
**M. FURS—A LARGE AND CHOICE AS-
 sortment for ladies and misses, unsurpassed by any.
 and children's furs in all our collection. The
 of Children's Furs and Cash Goods.
KELLOGG, Manufacturer, No. 126 Canal-st.
SAYRE TWO SALAMANDER SAYRE
 by J. L. Prudden. Also, doors of different sizes,
 is undertaken together with two vice articles.
 J. L. Prudden.**

I hardly know what is to begin on, so many notable
 events have crowded together since I wrote you last.
 The day has ended over the summer recess, laughed
 over Major "Dad" Brown with an apple beer, and
 over the new division of the New York State
 Legislature.

our good neighbor William has died.—SANTON HOAR, of Concord. His generation had no fictitious element. It was constituted by forty years honorable service at the bar and in the sphere of public trust. He had been State Senator, and a member of the Concord Academy, and the State Convention. He acquired a unusual amount of knowledge by his mission to North Carolina in 1844, and travelled from Charleston. He possessed remarkable conversation, with extreme firmness. One of his intimate associates tells me of a characteristic remark which he made on this occasion. When waited on by the "gentlemen of gentleness" with "I am sorry to hear of your father's death," Mr. Hoar replied, "I am sorry to hear of your personal violence," he replied, "I am sorry to hear of your business and under the commission of my Commonwealth. I shall not leave voluntarily. I had rather that some other person should carry my hand back to Massachusetts, than carry it on my own shoulders." "I should shrink from your company," he said, "if you were passed in comparative restraint, but your activity suffered no abatement and was expended on acts of charity. He rendered efficient service in propagating the Republicans, being among the first to call upon the Whigs, with whom he still always have associated, except during a temporary suspension to Free-Soilism in 1848, to renounce the Whigs and to support the Republican Party." He died in North city at the time of his death, to Middlesex County he anticipate the same relation which JOSEPH DUNN occupies to Boston.

Another death which has occurred in the interval, was that of **THOMAS DOWSE** of Cambridgeport. In the course of a long and laborious life, passed in the unwearying trade of a carrier, he accumulated the best private library in New England, and selected the most valuable of his books, and arranged and preserved with extreme care. During the past Summer he presented it to the Massachusetts Historical Society, by whom it is to be placed in a separate room in their building on Tremont-street.

The association with which **BURLINGAME's** election is greeted abroad, surprises many of his obtuse fellow-countrymen. With any other candidate we should have had but little to quarrel with; but with a man who has been so long and so violently assailed, the virulence with which he was assailed, and the extraordinary coalition against him he contended, which planned to send **CHARLES G. GREENE** to Congress on the one hand, for rallying the Irish, and **A. B. EAY** on the other, for drumming up the Know-Nothings, to swell **MR. WILLIAM ATLETON's** vote. For a gentleman of extreme personal delicacy, who subscribed once to the resolution of a Whig Legislative caucus, that a person who was to be per se indictable at common law, should be joined in appointing a present Judge of the United States Supreme Court to prosecute **MR. SUMNER** and Governor **BOWTWEILL**, such affiliation with **GREENE** and **EAY** was a curious transaction. Contemplating it merely as a psychological phenomenon, in order to reconcile it with recognized laws of decency, we must invoke the aid of the miraculous. The truth is that **MR. ATLETON** has fort come by his conduct, and is no longer regarded with the same degree of consistency.

THAYER of Worcester, in place of ALEXANDER DE WITT of Orange, and HENRY L. DAWES of Adams, in place of MARK STATION of Westfield, are able men, and will shine well in the next House. Mr. THAYER originated the Emigrant Aid Society, and has superintended its operations for two years or more. He has paid repeated visits to Kansas, and is admirably fitted to represent the geography of the State. Mr. DAWES is a younger man, but well appreciated at the Berkshire bar.

Our Legislature will be the ablest body which has met in the State House for a quarter of a century, except the Constitutional Convention of 1853. Various individuals have already been mentioned as probable Presidents of the Senate and Speakers of the House. So, I predict to wait a month, however, before making positive remarks. One of the very gratifying incidents of the meeting of the Legislature, was the return to the House, from Boston, by a vote exceeding the average of the ticket. The *Daily Advertiser*, that sedate old Essex Indianan, of newspapers, which he conducts as junior editor, has insinuated to FREMONT in the campaign, but, under influences which it would be improper for me at this time to mention, was constrained to support Mr. APPLETON, against the well-known friends of Mr. HALL, who was a Vice-President of the Wisconsin Convention.

The Boston Soc. Gov. GARDNER's organ, having its own axe to grind, and old grudges to discharge, thoroughly recommended Fremont Americans to oppose Mr. HALL, and its counsel seems to have received

the consideration which it deserved.

Mr. HALL conducted himself also with great dignity and entire success in a controversy with J. THOMAS STEVENSON, originating in the same affair. Notwithstanding the fact that Mr. APPLETON, the advertiser admitted in its columns, had been shown to be a distinguished gentleman, (who chose to assume the signature of CUCU,) which reflected somewhat upon immoral conditions. With an evidently guilty conscience, Mr. STEVENSON chose to infer personal allusion to himself and his friend Mr. APPLETON, and demanded the name of the author, which of course was properly refused. The town gossip circulated two or two indignant episodes on Mr. S's call upon Mr. HALL, and the latter was obliged to so fasten what he called responsibility, upon Mr. CHARLES HALL, and to discharge a burden of vituperation at him and CUCU, over his own signature, in the *Courier*. His chief charge against the latter was that the muse so called lacked chastity. - In the imperfect mythology of adolescents which your correspondent in his youth had learned, the muse was supposed to be a person, as the Muse of History. But, granting the fact, Mr. STEVENSON should know that there is a decision in the matter, and that the muse is a personification, and upon does not necessarily imply lack of truth and veracity; and it was in a moment of passion that the ancient goddess, so dearly the modern Mr. STEVENSON has exalted, should have been so abused.

[illegible]

A new orchestral conductor, a Bostonian, Mr. SEYMOUR, has made his debut with gratifying success.

SEYMOUR CHANGE.—In Camden, N. J., a Mr. and Mrs. FROST have been arrested on the horrible charge of causing the death of one of their offspring. They had been interrogated, it is said, on several occasions in reference to the disappearance of their child, and, ~~and~~ to give any satisfactory answer, search was instituted, and an infant answering the name in question was found dead in a basket on Cooper's Wharf. From threats which it is alleged the mother made to save the child, the jury were committed to answer the charge of infanticide.

**Law Department
Albany—The
Correspondence of the**

ALBANY, N.Y., Friday, Nov. 7, 1931.
Now that the students of the latest political
contest has somewhat subsided, perhaps your readers
will be pleased with a description of the Law De-
partment of the University of Albany.

This school, although yet in its infancy, is in a very
flourishing condition, and bids fair to take the high-
rank among the Law Schools of the country. The
present class consists of upwards of 250 students,
who have been selected from all States, for the
purpose of being instructed in that most difficult
of professions—the Law—a knowledge of the prin-
ciples and practice of which, before the establishment

the schools, was not so easily acquired. Hereafter, the young lawyer, after reading in an office, with a proper guidance and preparation, was doomed to a lanch of the law, as the President of the Law Association of acquiring, by practice, what he was unable to learn in the classroom.

In any other way, and yet dreading the stern realities and responsibilities of business. That ultraism of the profession which has derided the schools as giving way, by degrees, to the progress of Reform.

In this school, as in those of medicine and surgery, the student is required to do that, as a student, will be afterwards be required of him as a law.

"He taught how to apply legal principles to the facts of life, and, consequently, he not only learns the law, but how to practice it."

There are three professors attached to the school, from whom the labor of instruction is devolved—AMOS HANCOCK, HON. AMASA J. PARKER and Hon. ISA HARRIS. Prof. DEAN is well known as the author of a treatise on Medical Jurisprudence, and also as a lecturer, on at subject, in the Albany Medical College.

He may be justly called the founder of the Law Association, which he devoted much time and attention, and to him the association is indebted for its present flourishing condition. He has reason to feel proud of his success.

His lectures are on Personal Property, Contract and

commercial Law. The school is about to lose the benefit of his labors and instructions for the future, it is understood that he has accepted of the Chancellorship of the University of Iowa, to which position he will retire with his family. He is entirely unfitted for that high office, as he has the very opposite faculty of making himself popular with his classes, which is in the government of young men is almost a necessary qualification. The good wishes of his fellow-townsmen and pupils attend him to his new field of labor.

His studies at the Supreme Court, lectures on the Law of Practice and Evidence, has brought to his notice the well-earned name of the "Exponent of the Code." His lectures on Practice are very able, and could not be excelled.

As a lecturer he is unequalled. Everything is clearly explained and illustrated, so that one, wholly unacquainted with the subject, would be enabled to comprehend all he says. He goes back to first principles and explains the reason of a law.

He has been lecturing this term on the Law of Evidence. He, as do the others, teaches law as well as a science, and in this respect the Albany school is superior to those at Cambridge.

The first time I saw him he gave the class a law
 on the subject of the law of the land, and he
 and himself, which were invaluable and will never
 forgotten by those who heard them. It would be
 great benefit to the whole profession could they
 be heard and would set up to his standard of the
 best, gentlemanly lawyer. The Department of Real
 Estate, Criminal Law and the Domestic Relations is
 ed most ably by ANNA J. PARKER, Ex-Judge of
 the Superior Court, and lawyer and candidate of the
 Democratic Party for the Governor of the State.
 He bears his defeat manfully, and comes to us the
 more clever lecturer of former days. The best wishes
 the class attended him in the late campaign, and
 though they desired his success, they still feared his
 triumph would be their loss; and they would not
 willingly spare his invaluable counsels and teachings.
 He has recently resumed his lectures, and during
 his course of instruction has attracted the attention of
 the law, that they are appreciated.
 As a lecturer, he is very clever, both as to delivery,
 manner, and matter—he holds the class as it were
 in the palm of his hand, and he elegantly and forcibly illu-
 strates the law of the subject—tracing it from its ori-
 gins down to the present day—discussing it of
 ancient forms and phraseology, and presenting it
 in its bearings on the modern world.
 Under his instruction, the intricate law of real es-
 tate becomes clear and simple, and all its hidden
 mysteries disappear.

He keeps up the interest all through the lecture, trying by anecdote and story the otherwise tediousness of the subject. The Mool Courts are a very interesting feature of the School. They are presided over by the Professor, and the questions or causes, previously selected, are argued four of the class, two on a side. The greatest interest is taken in them both by the council and the students. The Council, however, has no voice in them. The class has the privilege of giving his opinion and the Professor has the right of dissenting from the opinion of the class. After which two written opinions are submitted, and the Professor has the right to vote in subject from the class, which is decisive to the argument.

After the close of the class, the Professor gives his opinion, which is the last word in the case.

The term closes on the 21st of this month, on the anniversary of which day the Commencement will be held at the University of the South, at the College of the South, at 20, will be addressed by Hon. G. G. Gooch, of Savannah, of Troy. The next term begins a few days later, and the Professor of Law, Albany has many students from the State of New York, and from the Universities for a school of this kind.

The Court of Appeals sit here, which the students

...intended, as also the writings of the Legislature.
 ...of the best law library in the country, the full
 benefit of which the student can take.
 It has often been a matter of surprise and wonder
 to us as well as to the general community, possessing
 and unequalled facilities for a school of this char-
 acter, has not had one long before this—the finest
 and most complete in the country.
 There is no reason why she should not have one,
 and there can be no place better adapted for
 such an institution—the many courts, the numerous
 law libraries, the great amount of litigation affording
 unsurpassed facilities.
 Why then does the University of the City of New-York,
 which has a Literary and Medical Department in a
 building of the most modern and commodious style,
 not open up, establish such a school and make it a com-
 plete University, *de facto* as well as in name? W. W. S.
 Voice from Old Sullivan County, New-York.
 MORRISTOWN, N. Y., Monday, Nov. 10, 1850.
 I enclose in your table paper, 1,000 majority for
 General Sullivan, and a copy of the same.

County: NEW SHARED
not guilty of giving BURNHAM any such vote, and
will please correct your tables as below, which
it be very nearly the official result. FARMOUT, 1,702;
CHAMMAN, 1,689; FILLMORE, 2,043. The Know-Nothing
have elected their County Ticket, with DAVID B.
MCKEE for member of Assembly, by about 200 ma-
jority, against 1,300 majority over the Republicans
last year. MCKEE has about 200 majority over Pow-
er for Congress, in Sullivan, and 600 majority in
Orange County, making him 800 majority in the Dis-
trict. Yours, &c. E. W. H.

Arrest of Baron Stankowitch.
BARON STANKOWITCH, the husband of Madame
GRANCE, was arrested at the Winthrop House, in
Boston, on Saturday afternoon, just before the Opera
imprisoned left for New-York. The *Free of Mouday*
has the following account of the arrest:
"During the engagement of the Italian Opera
couple last Winter, BARON DE STANKOWITCH occupied
apartment at the Revere House. His hotel expenses
were paid by Madame Grance, and he had previously
at the expiration of every seven days, for the
at six days that he was at the hotel, a bill was
remitted to the amount of \$350. This the Baron thought
very small, and he was not at all satisfied with it. His
father, a hero, one child, one servant and three
valuable poodle dogs. Suggesting to the clerk that
some weeks error in the bill, a deduction of
about six weeks afterwards, says the Baron, he re-
ceived a letter stating that there had been an error
of \$95, and he was requested to forward it to
the hotel. He did so, and the bill was paid. At
dus, the Baron took no notice of the demand,
when he again visited Boston, carried his whole
family, including the poodle dogs, to the opera
couple, the Winthrop House. The next morn-
ing he received of the existence of the demand
in the presence of the Sheriff.
It is said that the claim will be contested.

A CHILD EATEN BY A BEAR—Near Rocky Mt., in Greenbrier County, Va., on Thursday week, the residence of Wm. T. Manno, George Fox, about years old, was instantly killed and partly eaten up by a large pet bear, belonging to Mr. Manno. This boy had, on the day previous, killed a groundhog while in carrying or skidding the same got some blood on his clothes. Not having changed his clothes, the bear, probably excited by the scent of the blood, lay down at his feet, and he, not suspecting the danger, laid him round the body and squeezed him until the ribs were broken. The bear then stood up, and the child got very nearly all the flesh off his face and legs before he was dead. There being no one out the house but a lady, she was unable to relieve him.

the following is the Diplomatic Correspondence relation to the Neapolitan difficulties. We published yesterday the concluding part of Count Lawrski's final instructions to the French Ambassador.

No. 1.—Count Walenski to *Baron de Bunsen*,
PARIS, Wednesday, May 31, 1854.

OMMEIER IN BARON: I have had the honor of informing you of the just preoccupations which were manifested in the course of Paris. I think it right to again revert to the subject, in order to point out in a precise manner the sense and bearing of that incident, as far as it concerns the French Government.

[illegible]

from fresh elements of success. It is thus that the Government of the Emperor has been able to pursue, in the choice of the means destined to maintain tranquillity in the States; and it appears to us that that it should stop short in the false path out of which it has been so long and so vainly extricated, out of which the doubts calculated to attain the object which it has in view; it will find that it will find a more ample and more effective means, with good faith, or in a reform of the administration of justice, means well calculated to meet the exigencies which confine ourselves to mentioning.

We feel convinced that the present state of things in Italy, and the tranquillity which reigns in the Kingdom of Naples, and the tranquillity of Italy; and that peril threatening the tranquillity of Europe, was certain necessarily to excite the indignation of the Emperor's Government: at all events, it impels us to believe that the Emperor, President of Europe and the forefront of the States more directly interested in warding off diplomatically eventful consequences, will be able to find the means of satisfying in the Congress, and we equally fulfil it: it is by appealing to the conservative spirit of the Emperor, and by the aid of the Emperor's Government, to satisfy its good intentions by making known to us measures which it might think proper to adopt.

We are, Sir, with the most distinguished respects, and the most sincere assurances of our devotion to you, and which you will have to take into account with the Minister of her Britannic Majesty, the most legitimate; they are founded on all the principles of justice and equity, and on the most sincere and most devoted wishes of the Emperor.

[illegible]

could only be remedied by adopting measures
 which were caused by a system of severity, and which,
 therefore, would furnish fresh elements of success to
 the Government of the Emperor. The Government
 acting in a sense contrary to the principle re-
 quired by all the powers, the French Government
 is proper to suggest: that our internal adminis-
 tration be put in a position to be able to resist
 the Emperor's demands, and to be prepared to
 be so powerful for it to point out, notwithstanding
 the Emperor's demands, to mention the nature of those which it be-
 comes necessary to consider as being proper to secure the maintenance
 of the Emperor's authority. It is impossible to comprehend how the Imperial
 Government, which calls itself well-informed on the
 subject, could be so ignorant of the nature of the
 Emperor's demands, and justify the inadmissible interference which it at-
 tempts in our affairs by the urgent necessity for re-
 sistance, in default of which it is convinced that
 the Emperor's demands would constitute a serious danger for the tranquillity of
 the Empire. No Government has a right to interfere in the
 internal administration of another, and particu-
 larly in what relates to courts of justice.
 He means to maintain a peace and to

one which leads to revolutions. If any public
one were to take place either here or in Sicily,
could be excited precisely by such a course of
the Government, and the result would be
not only in the States of the King but through-
out the whole of Italy, by this inopportune pro-
tection to the principal agitators.

At the same time, exercised
sovereign clemency towards a great number of his
or to misguided subjects, by commutating their
sentences or recalling them from exile; and his
policy, which has been the cause of stirring
the majority of those men are incorrigible, so
if our august master wished to exercise his clem-
ency, as on former occasions, he is, in spite of himself,
obliged to do so. He is, therefore, obliged to
excuse it, in consequence of the agitation pro-
duced by the ill-directed suggestions of the Govern-
ments by which the enemies of order feel themselves
encouraged.

At the most perfect calm now prevailing in the States
of the King, where revolution has always found in the
Government the most powerful

to his attempts at disturbance, it is equally certain that the malcontents would not fail to succeed in their efforts to plunge the country disorder and consternation.

The King's Government, which scrupulously abstains from interfering in the affairs of other States, has itself to be considered as the guardian of the Kingdom for the purpose of ensuring peace, which is not disturbed if evil-intentioned persons, devoid of all support, and themselves restrained by the King's Government, attempt to excite it. It is in this manner alone that the danger of convulsions, which might compromise the peace itself, can be removed, and that the kind heart of the King, who is desirous of the tranquillity and prosperity of again exercising his habitual clemency, be authorized, Monsieur le Marquis, to read the following letter to Count WALWITZ, and to his Ministry, in it, reply to the above communication.

CARARA.

M. III. — The Commander Carara to Baron Brenier, at Naples.

PARIS, 26th, 1856.

Reports, which have come from Paris and from Lyons, have informed the King, the august sovereign of the undersigned, charged with the portfolio of the Ministry of the Interior, that the Government of the Imperial Government and on the Emperor of the French by the reply of the Government of the Two Sicilies to the communication made at the end of the month of March, 1856, by the Imperial Government by Sir WILLIAM TEMPLE and Baron BATHURST, Envoy Extraordinary and Minister Plenipotentiary to the Emperor Napoleon; a reply addressed to the Emperor Napoleon, and which had been received orders to communicate to Count WALWITZ, he same way as Prince CARLINO to Lord CLARENCE. No one could have had the intention, in the month of March 1856, of exciting the Government tendencies which were not in conformity with the guarantees which it has, in so many circumstances, given to Europe, and if the Government of the Two Sicilies, in its impetuous desire to dispatch, the most lively regrets, has

the Government of France, like that of Naples, of every other country, does not have a revolution, and on that point there is a perfect record, though a difference of opinion may exist as to the means of preventing them.

The Government of the King has seen in the commotion which has been excited by his abdication, and the tranquillity of Europe, which might be occasioned by disturbances in Italy, a fresh proof of the great which the Emperor Napoleon certainly wishes to evince towards the King of Naples; but as the King has not been able to obtain the assistance necessary to insure the tranquillity of the country, it was not too much to state that the choice of application should be reserved to the King, as every independent and most enlightened judge of

Power was the object of the attack. The Emperor was called to maintain the peace, and to preserve the Empire from such a calamitous event, and that such a calamity was the result of the Emperor's attitude is always left to friends for their counting, but the friends themselves must comprehend that it may be possible to one country cannot be applied to another. Confidence may be placed in the wisdom of a king, who is in a position to get better than other persons of time, and to maintain the government.

The Government of the Two Sicilies earnestly denounces any disgraceful impression which may be made by the Emperor's attitude, and the Emperor's reply communicated by the Marquis.

The greatest anxiety not only to maintain

[illegible][illegible][illegible]

It is the annihilation of much of the moral basis of both."

This confusion of all political elements in the United States, we see the basis forming of a larger union between the two countries. There up to be little doubt that, whichever way this partition is made, the result will be to increase the South margin in the field for a time by greater dexterity and more rapidity of action. But the result will not ultimately carry it in the Union. The Northern States have this great advantage over the Southern ones: that they are the growing ones, and their numbers will increase, while the Southern States will come the disunion, and with that power will come the discouragement of Slavery and the increase of the number of the Northern States. American statesmen who are able to see beyond the party turmoil of the day. It seems to me that they now do by mere disunion forever.

of events gradually but surely telling against and resist in the spirit of desperation which puts the bully and brave. It need not be so now much more than it has been in England and America together. The victory over Slavery, in the shape of suppression, at least in that of the English nation, has been a great dis-
 cement to that cause, will be a triumph for the English of English example; and every lesson learnt England binds the teacher and the disciple more closely together. In the English nation, the English critics and angry words, England and America have really been in union all along, and each in carrying out one and the same great policy; and the English nation in Spolia has been the great English nation in Spolia has been ally producing its fruits.

Temperance Question in England—How the Maine Law is Argued
 FROM LETTERS FROM LAWRENCE NETHWELL, Esq.
 Editor of the *Times*.

The comments made in a leader which appeared in the *Times* on Mr. HAMEL PORE's and temperate correspondence with Lord ALGERNON RUSSELL, on the occasion, are exclusive, and can serve no good purpose, but will draw public attention to the importance of the issue therein discussed.

It is well alluded to appears to have inadequate notions of the evils of drunkenness, and thought little of the chemical properties and their effects of alcohol, and to have a confused notion of the scientific liquor laws of the country. The society of the crimes and calamities which the "intoxicating drinks inevitably and necessarily entail." Swept by prejudices which favor the use of the word "inevitably" and "necessarily" the licensing system is already, in degree, a groping and ineffectual step taken by the representatives of the people in a direction towards the prohibition of the sale of these crime-engendering beverages was once licensed; it is now prohibited. It increased to diminish social evil; it is now proposed to diminish it by prohibition.

It is impossible to restrict to discreet hands only the sale of intoxicating beverages; and this partially why any measure has been enacted by the wisdom of the nation to diminish the sale of these crime-engendering beverages has always been, and is everywhere found by experience to be, the basis of success in the prohibition of these beverages.

It is in view by the Alliance Society is to enable the people to carry out by legislative enactment the evident tendency of the licensing system to increase intemperance and salutary result—viz., the prohibition of the sale of these crime-engendering beverages, to prohibit the sale of these poisoning and poisoning beverages, which for sale are useless, and to serve merely to inflict great and not infrequent suffering on the poor, and the sale of these crime-engendering beverages and bodily health.

Alcohol and carbolic acid gas are simultaneously increased by fermentation, and the fermentation of alcohol in drinks, is indigestible, and is not of animal origin, while carbolic

the greatest source of fermented liquors, and by operation is decomposed, and yields its elements to the waste or want of the animal economy, enters largely into all organic structures required for food, in meat and in drink, but alcohol, which is a virulent poison, is not wanted. It is, however, a necessary element of life, and, at the admixture of a particle of alcohol, Water, or water sweetened with sugar and aerated with sparkling carbonic acid gas, is a diluent decidedly at once to assuage thirst, to remove excrement, to restore the wasted tissues cheaply in any quantity.

The sale of intoxicating drinks is denounced by our chaplains of prisons, and our inspectors of police. Our clergy declaim against its universally

come to the assistance of the Society in its patriotic endeavor to save the Republic from the hands of those who would wholly prohibit the sale of intoxicating liquors.

Equality and social order demand that social laws have this salutary measure passed. The advancing civilization will make that feasible and to some may seem impossible; science and the progress of the human race will remove the prejudicial of ages past; and the progress toward intelligence and enlightened common sense to the human race to make and support a law which is fraught with incalculable social and which will prove itself universally elevating.

of Parliament is public opinion armed with
power. Many are the bad customs that
have been down by it. Gambling establishments have
been down by it; and so, later, the power
of the Alliance Society, law-empowered
opinion will prohibit the worse customs of
the day. And so, later, the power will be
expected that the power will be hoped and
will be brought with force to advocate this
I am, yours truly,
LONDON, OCT. 14. LAWRENCE HEYWORTH.

[illegible]

others. It is quite vain to urge that you have no money to pay for the things that come into account. Your absolute friend prides you on no such thing.

It has been adopted by all the, and is a simple expedient for the collection of revenue, as well as a certain check on abuses and irregularities. Mr. Harwarra inquired of the British Consul, "What is the reason we are to carry out this evident tendency to its conclusion," viz. the total prohibition of the sale of opium, even by way of regulation, and he replied, "The prohibition of the sale of opium is a licensing system for theatrical and musical performances, for public singing and dancing, and, in fact, for all the amusements of the people. It is inconsistent, it ought to stop them altogether. The sale of opium is forbidden to take money on Sunday, and on the Sabbath, except as a necessary relaxation, in which case it is a necessary part of the journey there. There is a licensing system for meeting-houses, so they, also, are under regulations. The same is the case with the Church of England, Christianity, and all religions are, under rigorous regulations in this country. It is a licensing system, to the Church of England, to a Saint, to a First Cause, to the God-Reason, or any person or thing, without a license. It is a licensing system, and it is a licensing system, in logical consistency, prohibit all have Parson, so any open recognition of an overriding Proverbial by fine and imprisonment. It is an expedient, and it is a licensing system, and it is a licensing system by the same rules would have Parson."

fully the medical, and legal, as well as
 the political, aspects of the question. I
 tell myself; for, as there are no statistics as
 yet, "licensed," and regulated, as the three
 members of the Legislature, the logical conclusion is
 that it is ought to be regulated. Now, I
 the logical Mr. HETZGORN proceeds to
 I view of the question. Into the depths of
 the question, I follow him, as whatever we
 or, or think that it is not, however, I
 this is not the place to discuss their the
 on and agency. Mr. HETZGORN, however,
 the sphere of sensation. First, he says that
 oddening and poisoning beverages—viz., good
 and bad, and the question of social, and
 intellectual, enjoyment. Now, I
 for the species of enjoyment Mr. HETZGORN
 derives from a glass of port wine or champagne,
 and I am not at all disposed to believe in
 and we are bound to believe him. Some
 members will be apt to suspect that he has not
 the same kind of information, as they claim
 to possess. But, as a piece of information, we
 that myriads, all classes, derive the most sen-

[illegible]

tion, and as the "nutritious" character exacting liquor, as to its not being in use in modern quantities, as to its being drunk on the temperance movement; it is only a medicinal stimulant, and under certain conditions, which are not perfect health; it is a borrowing from the future, and this is the reason why Alcoholism is, as a stimulant,—as a means to enable us to get through with our work, and not in perfect health and strength to do it, and this is not what we need, as we are the weakest of creatures, and our digestion—we have no doubt of alcohol being a purgative, and a good gift of Heaven for these purposes, and this is the reason why we must instantly do things and undo things, and vary our constitutions. In the work which Heaven has put upon us we must not be too chary of health, strength and vigor, and we must not be too chary of the use of us of soldiers, on a bleak hill in winter, and in pits, if not under fire. That we may stand our work we must occasionally,—some of us must occasionally,—eat and drink, and we must "dry." We do it, may be, at the cost of health and comfort; but hut the work is hard in duty.

Emigration to South America.
From the London Daily News.
Accounts that have lately appeared in leading newspapers of the extensive emigration to the States of South America, are probably of much interest to many readers. The first impression of such a movement is one of surprise and discomfort caused by difference of climate, and of manners and customs. The fact is, that the climate of South America is not so dissimilar to that of our own country as we are sometimes disposed to suppose, and withal, the people are so sympathetic with continental and colonial nations, that they go much further than our community of nations; and there are pains and penalties at present, which will be avoided in the United States, which is worth a good deal of money to the emigrant to avoid. The Irish in the South American States are forming an element of society there, which will be the Flemings and French immigrants to Great Britain, and the Scotch immigrants to the United States.

DESTRUCTIVE FIRE IN SALINA.—Loss \$250,000.—A graph announced on Saturday that a fire at Salina destroyed a large amount of property. The property of Saturday contains several buildings, broke out in a barn owned by FERRIS MCGUIRE, one of the Eagle Tavern; the wind blowing from the south, and the flames spreading with rapidity. The Eagle Tavern, Post-office building, and several twenty-eight buildings,—drawings were, were hurled before the flames could be checked. The total loss is set down at \$250,000. The fire is attributed to incrimination.

[illegible]

There was any insurance on it. It was the store of Matthews & Jones, and consumed. Loss about \$11,000. Insurance about \$10,000.

As the drug store of J. F. Pinn, which was in a short time. Mr. Pinn lived over the store, and lost his entire stock, and his furniture amounting to about \$4,000. The store was a grocery and provision store of Peter McGuire owned. He had no insurance either on the stock or goods. McGuire's loss will be nearly \$5,000.

One of the most magnificent block of buildings of Matthews & Ford next church, and was soon consumed. It was occupied by the store of J. F. Lynch, but had just got in an entire new stock of goods on the building will be about \$10,000. The Lynchs will lose about \$4,000.

One of the stores of J. F. Lynch, which was occupied by a man named Williams, who was killed with his life. He had no insurance.

One of the stores of the Thomas office, which were destroyed. The building was Dr. Lovejoy. Loss about \$300—no insurance.

One of the stores was consumed, and everything in it about \$800—no insurance. The building was owned by J. F. Hastings, and valued at \$100.

One of the stores, on the corner of the street, was consumed. The books and papers were placed in the vault, and on opening the same day were found to be all safe. The store was a provision store. The loss on the building was about \$1,000.

000.
older shop of J. Sherwood. Loss \$500—insured.
The store of Mr. Bailey, the building owned by
under Dr. Bailey's loss is about \$25. The
the building is \$200. The Bailey store is
the building as a millinery shop. Her present
to the amount of about \$150—insured.
House No. 2, valued at \$400—no insurance.
The building owned by Wm. Clark, oc-
cupied by several families, was a two-story
wooden building on the corner of Adams
at etcs, occupied by the Messrs Dallmans as
the second story was moved to the ground ex-
the firemen and citizens. The great crowd
removed, but were somewhat damaged.
ON WOLF-STREET.
The shop owned and occupied by T. Casper,
about \$1,500—no insurance.
The school-house No. 1, belonging to the city—
The store of Dr. Didman, owned by Dr. Lovejoy,
the building was about \$300. Dr. Didman
of all his medicines and fixtures.
The building owned by Dr. Didman
L. Y. Avery. Loss about \$1,500—no insur-
The brick, valued at \$8,000—insured for
Dr. Avery's loss will be over \$12,000—insured
The front of the block

Gere as a four store. Loss \$1,000—partially insured.
Dallman, grocery. Loss \$1,000—insured.
Evans & Co., grocery—fully insured.
Grocery store, owned by J. H. Morgan, manager of the Omaha Company's office, John H. Brand's office, was a very office.
The block was a Barred Inspector's stand, which was entirely consumed. Value lost no insurance.
\$3,000 house, owned by Williams & Babcock, destroyed. It was occupied by a family, who saved his furniture.
The property of the Omnibus Company, owned by Edward G. Gentry, were destroyed. The property belonging to the Omnibus Company.
The block was destroyed. Loss about \$2,000. Occupied by T. R. Porter as a grocery and, probably—fully insured.
The building—estimated at about \$10,000—was consumed. She saved all her furniture.
The building owned by Alexzoo Crippen, and occupied by Patrick Nugent as a grocery. The building was destroyed. Several other buildings belonging were destroyed, which will make his estimate of the loss to the party.
The property of Dr. Pierce as an office. Loss not very great. Miller as a saddler's shop. Loss \$100—insured.
The property of Mrs. M. E. McKewen, lost no insurance. By fire & lightning.
Loss about \$800—partially insured.
The building, belonging to Patrick Malloy, owned by J. Farrell and Thomas Carrier, was partially insured.

Henry of Mr. Butler, most of the goods were
 "The building was owned by Mrs. Avery and
 and valued at \$1,000. It was finally insured
 selling house and store of W. Dallman was
 Loss about 4,000—insured \$2,500.
 Military store. Loss not ascertained.
 selling house of Samuel P. Smith. Loss about
 mal insurance.
 building belonging to Geo. Gaines, and partic-
 him as a restaurant. Loss \$5,000—equal-
 iding belonging to Edward Hackaway, and
 and by fire was a wagon shop and dwelling. Loss
 insurance.
 ury stable of Geo. Johannott. The horses
 were mostly saved. Loss on the build-
 \$2,000.
 selling of Alexander Duff, valued at about
 insurance.
 ck of Messrs. & Conroy, occupied by John
 a grocery and provision store. The loss
 iding will be about \$3,000. McCann saved
 goods.
 y occupied a portion the building as a shoe
 not ascertained.

lock, and \$500 on the building. Loss about \$1,000—insured \$500.
dwelling occupied by several families, and P. Conroy. Worth \$1,500—no insurance. Loss covered and purchased by William Dunn. Loss \$500—insured \$500.
dwelling owned and occupied by Dennis and others. Loss \$1,000—no insurance. Loss covered and purchased by William Dunn. Loss \$500—insured \$500.
dwelling owned and occupied by P. Conroy. Loss \$1,000—insured \$500.
Savage's ice-house was destroyed. Loss \$1,000—no insurance.
The same lot in the above list we have omitted to be suffered by this terrible conflagration one hundred families are rendered homeless. It will be felt severely by our enterprising the First Ward, and by every Syracusean. The loss of property may not be as great as supposed, yet the loss to the business of the city and part of the city is very great. It was undoubtedly the work of an incendiary. We heard several names mentioned in connection with the destruction, but forbear to publish for the present.

A Second Jack Sheppard.

from the Philadelphia Ledger, Nov. 11.

W. TOWNSEND, who was sentenced to the Delaware state prison, at Newwarcite, in the Police Office of that city, and confined there in breaking jail prison. This is the fourth he escaped from this prison. The first time, when awaiting his trial, he broke jail and escaped with other prisoners; on the second time six or seven stores broken into in Wiltshire shortly after this escape, Townsend was arrested in Philadelphia, and a party taken from the State Prison at Lancaster; he also had on his person five pistols, knives, and a large dirk-knife.

Days after he was lodged in the east quadrangle, removed from his cell and reached the wall, and was in the act of jumping the outside, when he was discovered by the Sheriff fixed at him, and he was captured.

After the second escape, he was sent to the Court for clemency; that he was sorry he had done so, would reform, &c. A doubt as to whether he was sentenced he made third escape; this time he let out two other prisoners with him; and on the same night the Fort-Williamburg was robbed. This time he was caught by the conductor in the train between Chester and Chester. The conductor looked both ways, and when they reached Chester, an arrest was procured and Townsend was taken off the train. He personally got out of prison, "CHASLEY," was with him in the car, and he was arrested.

He was taken back to the prison, and this morning, as he himself says, he was put in double-barreled handcuffs and hobbles or leg-irons. He was in his cell and closely watched. Notwithstanding all this precaution, he again escaped from his cell on Friday night last. This time he ran or sawed off his handcuffs and leg-irons, made a hole through the oak floor of his cell,

not like the other birds, and, then scaled the wall, which twenty feet high. His feats will rival those of Suramard or Sixteen-String Jack. He is the most successful tail-breaker in this country and while he is now at large, will no more prove on his past experience. Townsend is an, about 19 years of age, about five feet six in, well and compactly built, light hair and n, and blue eyes.

The following is the weekly official list. Number missing week ending Nov. 8, at

Baltimore Hospital.....	224
City of Baltimore.....	1,223
City of Baltimore from Penitentiary.....	496
City of Baltimore from Workhouse.....	287
City of Baltimore from Almshouse.....	39
Total.....	659
Report of Randall's Island Committee was read and adopted. It contains a resolution that "whenever a child is sent to Randall's Island more than once, the time previously spent under previous commitments, discharges, detentions and transfers of the child had remained on the island from the period of the first admission, and remain liable to be bound until the expiration of that time as if it were continuous."	
Report for appropriations for next year then came up. Governor TOWNSEND advocated the necessity and greater safety in cases of fire, of iron verandas instead of wood, at the building occupied by the children at Randall's Island.	
He stated that the taxes for the support of the various institutions would be \$200,000 less in amount than for the previous year. The estimate of the expenditure of the Board of Institutions for 1887 is given at \$640,000, from which it is to be deducted \$20,000 as estimated receipts—total \$620,000. It was contended that the old house on Blackwall's Island, known as Blackwell's Island, was dilapidated and unsafe, and that it was not habitable, and its dilapidated condition was to be remembered in making up the items in the next appropriation. Governor SWAN allied himself with the proposition for 1887; and proposed a \$125,000 advance by the Comptroller, which that functionary set aside as an arrangement. It had been suggested to be placed in the next levy. He, Governor SWAN, would mortgage his \$125,000 to be added to the appropriation to be asked for, as the Board had evidently spent beyond money.	
Governor TURNER thought the Board had nothing to do with the matter. The Comptroller had neglected his duty.	
Governor TOWNSEND was of the same opinion. They had no power to correct the Comptroller's mistakes.	
The President said the Comptroller had no power to replace this money but by some action of the Board of Governors.	
Governor TOWNSEND thought the Comptroller had seen the Board was perfectly right, and had taken his measures accordingly; there could be no compromise in the matter.	
Governor SWAN said the Common Council had ordered the advance, and the deficiency still stands as such.	
The President said they were in order in receiving the money, and because of his own forgetful omission the Comptroller comes to this Board to repair the blunder.	
After some discussion the matter was referred to the Committee on Finance with power.	
With this resolution the report of the Committee on Supplies was then unanimously adopted.	
THE ESTIMATES FOR NEXT YEAR.	
The following is the schedule of estimates for 1887, embraced in the report:	
Beckley and boats and crew.....	\$1,050
Beer, (fresh).....	55,000
Beer, (salt).....	8,000
Boats, repairing.....	850
Board, (extra).....	1,970
Brooms and brushes.....	1,700
Buildings, repairs.....	8,000
Candles.....	4,000
Carrage of fuel, (out-door poor).....	7,000
Charcoal.....	500
Children and adults.....	100
Ditto expenses, (stray).....	250
Cleaning office.....	300
Coal and expenses for institution.....	34,000
Ditto Twelfth, Nineteenth and Twenty-second Wards, out door.....	6,000
Coffee and Cocoa.....	5,000
Colored Home patients.....	1,600
Colored Orphan Asylum.....	6,000
Combs.....	800
Crackers.....	1,700
Crockery, glass and china.....	2,000
Croton water.....	5,000
Donation to out-door poor.....	27,000
Do. Twelfth, Nineteenth, and Twenty-second Wards.....	3,500
Drugs and medicines.....	11,000
Dry goods, clothing and bedding.....	40,000
Eggs.....	1,600
Farming implements.....	300
Feeding paupers and prisoners.....	1,600
Fish.....	1,600
Furniture.....	2,500
Garden seeds.....	750
Gas light and fixtures.....	2,500
Groceries, small.....	1,970
Hardware.....	7,600
Hats and caps.....	100
Hay, grain, feed and straw.....	10,000
Hire, extra.....	1,500
Ice.....	1,500
Lard.....	250
Leather and binding.....	250
Lime.....	1,000
Live stock.....	1,000
Lumber, coffins, coal boxes.....	10,000
Malt and hops.....	10,000
Mirrors.....	2,000
Marketing for hospitals.....	2,000
Mason's materials.....	2,000
Meat.....	7,000
Medical attendance.....	15,000
Milk.....	15,000
Miscellaneous articles.....	2,500
Molasses.....	9,000
Mutton.....	5,500
Nails.....	500
Paints and oils.....	3,000
Payment in lieu of board.....	3,000
Plumbing.....	3,000
Pork (salt).....	2,500
Postage.....	400
Potatoes.....	2,000
Power and safety loss.....	1,500
Reducements for officials and visitors.....	1,500
Rice and twine.....	80
Salt.....	125,000
Sand (white).....	80
Shoes.....	3,500
Spices.....	2,500
Starch.....	200
Stationery and printing.....	1,000
Steamboat.....	4,000
Stores and ranges.....	6,000
Subscriptions and advertising.....	600
Sugar.....	2,000
Surgical instruments.....	14
Sweeping chimneys.....	100
Ten.....	3,500
Tin and copper work.....	200
Tobacco and snuff.....	500
Transportation of paupers.....	3,000
Transportation of prisoners.....	3,000
Vehicles and harness.....	3,000
Vinegar.....	100
Wages of mechanics.....	4,000
Wages of workmen.....	4,000
Wine, alcohol, brandy, (for Hospital).....	5,000
Wood.....	3,000
Wooden ware.....	600
Total.....	660,000
Other business was transacted, but it was of a purely formal and routine character, comprised no new reports from the various institutions. It was stated that the new Small-Pox Hospital will be ready for the admission of patients about the first of next month. Governor TOWNSEND stated it would undoubtedly be ready by that time, and that a matron ought now be appointed. The President seemed somewhat incredulous as to the readiness of the hospital so nearly ready. Governor TOWNSEND asked for permission to select proper person, at a salary of \$400 per annum. It was agreed that the Committee of the Small-Pox Hospital should select a person, who so nearly ready, and care would be taken in the selection. The matron would necessarily be a most important servant in institution which could not be freely visited by the Governor.	
Gov. TOWNSEND spoke favorably of Miss Bell. She had been employed in the Workhouse and had been well thought of.	
The President said it was not that any one should be appointed who had been unsuccessful in private life, he thought well of the lady in question, but she was well compensated, and so nearly ready for the duties of a post so very peculiar and responsible.	
The Committee passed a resolution that the	

[illegible][illegible][illegible][illegible][illegible][illegible]

[illegible]

discriminatingly. The workmanlike and sensitive notes with which the composer began of many dropped from his almost unbroken series were really the quietest, most appropriate of the evening. In response to the demand to play an Etude in A, consisting of a short and a long section, the artist gave a performance of introduction and a charming melody, and was followed by repeating notes. It is a study that every ordinary performer can grasp for a moment. But Thalberg, it is an easy matter to play "Lucresia" and the "Duet Giovanni Battista."

here on the programme, and their "masterpieces" will be greeted with a flood of thunders of applause. They are to be treated briefly.

The next Concert will take place on Monday.

BUSINESS NOTES.

WE WOULD CALL ATTENTION TO OUR STOCK OF FANCY AND PLAIN GOODS, FOR GENTLEMEN'S WEAR.

Our stock of Flannels, Cashmere, Serges and Overcoats, comprising the most up-to-date in the market, and we make them more attractive by the fact that our house has no less than eighty sizes for which

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Mr.
E. Ex-
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in the
sharp
Europe

CHAS. HUGUE, who for the past several years has cut
out pantaloons, still is with us.

A. & G. A. ARMOUR,
Dress and Tailor,
No. 20 Broadway.

FANCY ARTICLES AND TOILETTE GOODS AND
FURNITURE.—The most choice and beautiful goods received from
Europe, at H. S. ROBERTS' solicitation, New York, N. Y. 20
Broadway. These goods have been selected by H. S.
ROBERTS in person, and comprise every variety of jewelry, com-
pact and other ornaments, paper music boxes, jeweled
workboxes, ladies' reticules, travelling bags, &c. with the

most extensive variety of articles in china, glass, bronzes, terra cotta, parian ware, &c.; also every article for the toilet, combs, brushes, perfumery, &c., all imported, and sold at prices lower than ever before obtained in this market.

H. S. ROGER, No. 30 Broadway.

COPARTNERSHIP—STEPHEN BUSH, JR., HAS this day associated WALTER F. BUSH, JR., with himself, under the firm of BUSH & CO., for the purpose of continuing the Provision Business on Commission and on their own account, at No. 25 Front-st. in this City.

NEW-YORK, NOV. 1, 1864.

MEASLES—RADWAY'S REGULATORS AND

Radway & Co., No. 142 Fulton st., New York.
H. R. Hemdies sold by druggists and chemists every-
where.

From the New-York Tribune.
New-York, Tuesday, Nov. 11, 1866.

To the Editor of the Tribune:
SIR: IN THE FIRE AT NO. 30 WARREN STREET,
on the morning of the 9th inst., our most valuable book
and paper store, was consumed for some hours in one of the most
furious fires that have ever occurred in New-York. The
Marvin's Fire-Proof safe, however, was not injured, be-
cause they are so labeled, but because we have no general
them. Our books and papers came out unimpaired, save
the loss of a few of the most valuable.

Our firsts was five stories above ground, and two below, connected from cellar to street.

The intensity of the heat can be attested by any German who witnessed it. No furnace could be constructed by the ingenuity of man to create a more intense heat.

We voluntarily gave the German people the value of these notes, and select your widely-circulated Journal to inform the mercantile community what estimate to place upon this German money.

HAVILAND, HARRAL & HUSLEY,
N. E.—A full assortment of these celebrated notes for sale at the Agency of the New York & Co. 161 Water-st., by STEARNS & MARVIN.

HERRING'S PATENT CHAMFLOM FIRE-PROOF SAFE, 100 N. 3d St., PHILADELPHIA.

same that were awarded separate medals at the World's Fair, London, 1861, and the World's Fair, New York, 1864, and the same medals that were awarded at the London World's Fair.

These Safes are now admitted to be superior to any ever offered the public, and the subscribers challenge the world to produce a better one.

We will deliver them, and serve their contents through the hottest fires, or a burglar picking the lock.

We the undersigned and their agents are the only persons authorized to make and sell Herring's Patent Champagne Safe, with Hall's Patent Powder-Proof Lock.

**S. C. HERRING & CO., Green Block,
135, 137 and 139 Water-st., and 5 Murray-st., New-York.**

CURTAIN MATERIALS AND WINDOW SHADES

AT WHOLESALE.
KELLY & FERGUSON, No. 261 Broadway, and No. 54 Rector-st., have a stock of **Shawls, Ties, SATIN DE LAINES, WORSTED DAMASKS, LAZARUS, MENKIN CUSTARDS, COMBES, GIMPS, &c.** which are offered at the lowest prices.
WINDOW SHADES.—Our stock of **WINDOW SHADES** is the largest in New-York, and our superior manufacturing facilities enable us to keep lower prices than any other house. We invite the attention of close buyers.

BONNETS.
 A superb assortment of the most delicate and beautiful adornments of pretty faces—those terrors of married men and allurments of the bachelors—may now be found at **W. KELLY & FERGUSON, No. 261 Broadway, and No. 54 Rector-st.** to the last point of perfection.

ultraviolet and beauty of these "natural" head-dresses may well amaze even the ladies themselves. No wonder that French milliners are flocking to the "Parisian" milliners as may be procured at IRVING'S. How they are ever to make a selection from so many beauties is the marvel.

WARRING'S SALE MORE—THE BOOKS, papers, bonds, bank bills, &c., belonging to Messrs. Van Wagoner, K. & Co., Importers, No. 37 Nassau Street, were, on the late destruction of their store by fire, in a sale made by HERRING & CO. The largest assortment of books, maps, stationery, &c., ever offered at one time, free from dampness, on hand and for sale at their Depot, Water-st., and No. 1 Murray-st., Manhattan Island.

N. B.—New and second-hand sales of *Wagner's Patent*

for sale at a large discount.

TO HOUSEKEEPERS.—WE OFFER THE LARGEST assortment of China, glass and cut fixtures that can be found in New-York. In order to reduce our stock and to make room for new goods, we have decided in this way, we propose to sell for the next thirty days at a large discount upon the regular market rates.

A comparison of our prices with those of our competitors is respectfully solicited.

W. J. F. BAILEY & CO.,
Marble Stores, Nos. 671 and 683 Broadway,
Between Broadway and Houston sts.

SINGER'S SEWING MACHINES—SPEED AND PERFECTION COMBINED.—We are now selling sewing machines for family sewing, quilting, and embroidery, at a large discount from the regular price. The terms of the selling

wheel. Also, improved machines, making five, four or three stitches at each revolution. It can be clearly demonstrated that the Singer Sewing Machine is the best for the public in comparison with those that can be used without positive loss.

L. M. SINGER & CO., No. 325 Broadway.

PIANOS AT GREAT BARGAINS.

A large assortment of new and second-hand pianos now selling at greatly reduced prices.

**J. C. & F. FINE, No. 325 Broadway,
Opposite the Broadway Theatre.**

RUPTURE—ONLY PRIZE MEDAL AWARDED
 to J. HARRIS CO. by the Industrial Exhibition of all Nations, at the Crystal Palace, for their new patent

cal cure trusts. References to the same have been made by the
Valentine in the Winter of 1897, and John A. Cassin
has been Open from J. A. M. to P. M.
MARSH & CO., No. 34 Maiden Lane, New York.

CERTAIN MATERIALS
At great bargains, at the
YOUNG & JONES
No. 364 Broadway, corner of Franklin st.

**DEFENSE SALAMANDER SALES. ROBERT M.
PATRICK**, sole manufacturer in the United States of the
above celebrated Safer, and Patent Proof-proof Dis-
tance Locks and Cures Bars. Depot, No. 121 Pearl-
stone door below Maiden Lane.

WILLIAM M. MERRILL, NEW

INDIAN PORTERS! AND **MILK MEN**!—**WIGGS** has received orders from the Government to supply the Indian Army with milk and cream. Fully equipped to give perfect satisfaction, and at prices that defy competition, at the Manufactory of **JOHN P. WIGGS & CO.**, 609 Broadway, New York. *See our name* above the double doors of Varick-st.

WIGGS, WIGGS, WIGGS.—BATCHELOR'S WIGS AND Toupées have improvements peculiar to their hair, and excel all others. They are celebrated over the known world for their beauty, softness, and durability. Be careful to choose the largest and best stock in the house. Made and sold at **BATCHELOR'S**, No. 38 Broadway.

BATCHELOR'S HAIR DYE.—THE ORIGINAL, the Reliable, the Infallible, the admiration of the crowned heads of Europe, the envy of imitators. True to Nature without the least

SOBE THROAT—THOSE AFFLICTED WITH
coughs, hoarseness, irritation and soreness of the
throat, will find nothing so effective, as a Throat
Remedy, as BROWN'S Bronchial Trochies. Sold by all
druggists.

THOMAS AND PLANTY-KANSAS & CO.
Manufacturers of the Celebrated
Tobacco and Cigar, the "Big Boy," the "Centinel," and
"The Soldier," and the "American." Sold by all
druggists and the grocers.

REPAIRS ON WHEELS & AXLES, BY FRANK & CO.
P. H. FRANK, Proprietor. Price reduced from \$1.00 to 75c.
per wheel. Address, 1010 Broadway, New York City.

WELLS, NO. 25200000.

Between Beards - 800 Miles
and Railroad, 15%; 6
ing Railroad, 50%
Second Round - \$1,240 Union
Railroad Co., 97%; \$1,000 Union
Co., 77%; \$2,000 Empire State
Co., 75%; \$1,000 Pennsylvania
Co., 47%; 16%, 47; 30
Co., 23 Schenck's Navigation

1942, 1943, 1944, 1945, 1946, 1947, 1948, 1949, 1950, 1951, 1952, 1953, 1954, 1955, 1956, 1957, 1958, 1959, 1960, 1961, 1962, 1963, 1964, 1965, 1966, 1967, 1968, 1969, 1970, 1971, 1972, 1973, 1974, 1975, 1976, 1977, 1978, 1979, 1980, 1981, 1982, 1983, 1984, 1985, 1986, 1987, 1988, 1989, 1990, 1991, 1992, 1993, 1994, 1995, 1996, 1997, 1998, 1999, 2000, 2001, 2002, 2003, 2004, 2005, 2006, 2007, 2008, 2009, 2010, 2011, 2012, 2013, 2014, 2015, 2016, 2017, 2018, 2019, 2020, 2021, 2022, 2023, 2024, 2025, 2026, 2027, 2028, 2029, 2030, 2031, 2032, 2033, 2034, 2035, 2036, 2037, 2038, 2039, 2040, 2041, 2042, 2043, 2044, 2045, 2046, 2047, 2048, 2049, 2050, 2051, 2052, 2053, 2054, 2055, 2056, 2057, 2058, 2059, 2060, 2061, 2062, 2063, 2064, 2065, 2066, 2067, 2068, 2069, 2070, 2071, 2072, 2073, 2074, 2075, 2076, 2077, 2078, 2079, 2080, 2081, 2082, 2083, 2084, 2085, 2086, 2087, 2088, 2089, 2090, 2091, 2092, 2093, 2094, 2095, 2096, 2097, 2098, 2099, 2100, 2101, 2102, 2103, 2104, 2105, 2106, 2107, 2108, 2109, 2110, 2111, 2112, 2113, 2114, 2115, 2116, 2117, 2118, 2119, 2120, 2121, 2122, 2123, 2124, 2125, 2126, 2127, 2128, 2129, 2130, 2131, 2132, 2133, 2134, 2135, 2136, 2137, 2138, 2139, 2140, 2141, 2142, 2143, 2144, 2145, 2146, 2147, 2148, 2149, 2150, 2151, 2152, 2153, 2154, 2155, 2156, 2157, 2158, 2159, 2160, 2161, 2162, 2163, 2164, 2165, 2166, 2167, 2168, 2169, 2170, 2171, 2172, 2173, 2174, 2175, 2176, 2177, 2178, 2179, 2180, 2181, 2182, 2183, 2184, 2185, 2186, 2187, 2188, 2189, 2190, 2191, 2192, 2193, 2194, 2195, 2196, 2197, 2198, 2199, 2200, 2201, 2202, 2203, 2204, 2205, 2206, 2207, 2208, 2209, 2210, 2211, 2212, 2213, 2214, 2215, 2216, 2217, 2218, 2219, 2220, 2221, 2222, 2223, 2224, 2225, 2226, 2227, 2228, 2229, 2230, 2231, 2232, 2233, 2234, 2235, 2236, 2237, 2238, 2239, 2240, 2241, 2242, 2243, 2244, 2245, 2246, 2247, 2248, 2249, 2250, 2251, 2252, 2253, 2254, 2255, 2256, 2257, 2258, 2259, 2260, 2261, 2262, 2263, 2264, 2265, 2266, 2267, 2268, 2269, 2270, 2271, 2272, 2273, 2274, 2275, 2276, 2277, 2278, 2279, 2280, 2281, 2282, 2283, 2284, 2285, 2286, 2287, 2288, 2289, 2290, 2291, 2292, 2293, 2294, 2295, 2296, 2297, 2298, 2299, 2300, 2301, 2302, 2303, 2304, 2305, 2306, 2307, 2308, 2309, 2310, 2311, 2312, 2313, 2314, 2315, 2316, 2317, 2318, 2319, 2320, 2321, 2322, 2323, 2324, 2325, 2326, 2327, 2328, 2329, 2330, 2331, 2332, 2333, 2334, 2335, 2336, 2337, 2338, 2339, 2340, 2341, 2342, 2343, 2344, 2345, 2346, 2347, 2348, 2349, 2350, 2351, 2352, 2353, 2354, 2355, 2356, 2357, 2358, 2359, 2360, 2361, 2362, 2363, 2364, 2365, 2366, 2367, 2368, 2369, 2370, 2371, 2372, 2373, 2374, 2375, 2376, 2377, 2378, 2379, 2380, 2381, 2382, 2383, 2384, 2385, 2386, 2387, 2388, 2389, 2390, 2391, 2392, 2393, 2394, 2395, 2396, 2397, 2398, 2399, 2400, 2401, 2402, 2403, 2404, 2405, 2406, 2407, 2408, 2409, 2410, 2411, 2412, 2413, 2414, 2415, 2416, 2417, 2418, 2419, 2420, 2421, 2422, 2423, 2424, 2425, 2426, 2427, 2428, 2429, 2430, 2431, 2432, 2433, 2434, 2435, 2436, 2437, 2438, 2439, 2440, 2441, 2442, 2443, 2444, 2445, 2446, 2447, 2448, 2449, 2450, 2451, 2452, 2453, 2454, 2455, 2456, 2457, 2458, 2459, 2460, 2461, 2462, 2463, 2464, 2465, 2466, 2467, 2468, 2469, 2470, 2471, 2472, 2473, 2474, 2475, 2476, 2477, 2478, 2479, 2480, 2481, 2482, 2483, 2484, 2485, 2486, 2487, 2488, 2489, 2490, 2491, 2492, 2493, 2494, 2495, 2496, 2497, 2498, 2499, 2500, 2501, 2502, 2503, 2504, 2505, 2506, 2507, 2508, 2509, 2510, 2511, 2512, 2513, 2514, 2515, 2516, 2517, 2518, 2519, 2520, 2521, 2522, 2523, 2524, 2525, 2526, 2527, 2528, 2529, 2530, 2531, 2532, 2533, 2534, 2535, 2536, 2537, 2538, 2539, 2540, 2541, 2542, 2543, 2544, 2545, 2546, 2547, 2548, 2549, 2550, 2551, 2552, 2553, 2554, 2555, 2556, 2557, 2558, 2559, 2560, 2561, 2562, 2563, 2564, 2565, 2566, 2567, 2568, 2569, 2570, 2571, 2572, 2573, 2574, 2575, 2576, 2577, 2578, 2579, 2580, 2581, 2582, 2583, 2584, 2585, 2586, 2587, 2588, 2589, 2590, 2591, 2592, 2593, 2594, 2595, 2596, 2597, 2598, 2599, 2600, 2601, 2602, 2603, 2604, 2605, 2606, 2607, 2608, 2609, 2610, 2611, 2612, 2613, 2614, 2615, 2616, 2617, 2618, 2619, 2620, 2621, 2622, 2623,

daughter, Mrs. Eckman, and
 Gilchrist and maid, O. W. Desmond.
 name Miss Sargent, J. A. Charlotte, and
 E. Brown, Cambridge, Mass.
 name, E. S. Houghton, Dr. Freeman, Hon. William
 and lady, Mrs. Montgomery, Mrs. W.
 W. M. Gardner, Cambridge, Mass.
 O. O. Gorman, Gilchrist, Dickerson, Mrs. Manning,
 Barton Ottiker, U. S. N., Frank P. Jones, J. H. Hill,
 and W. H. Hill.
 In steamship *Hood*, for Seattle.
 Richmond—B. F. Winter, John
 Robert Thompson, Cambridge, Mass.
 name Roberts and name
 name, H. L. Kendall; boy,
 garden and 4 children, Mrs. John

Passengers Arrived.
In steamship *New York* from Glasgow—Miss C. S. Stewart, S. C. Munro, Miss Hamilton, Miss Louise Syme, Mr. Broly, lady and children, Miss Louisa Montgomery, Miss Aurora Eastman, Miss Macdonald, Mrs. Webster.

Child, Jas. Hayne, Robert Smith, John McKinstry,
 Crawford, Allen C. Newland, J. Chapman, J. C.
 John Boggs, John S. Jones, John S. Per,
 Hayne, Dr. T. G. Comstock, James L. Jones,
 Chas. Millet, Wm. Heeling, Jr., Jas. Kemp, Jr.,
 and 53 in the steerage.
 In *steamer Alabama* from Savannah, 7. 12. 1862.
 Ford, D. F. Gunn, John G. Hunter, S. H. F. Williams,
 and 6 in the steerage.
 In *ship Mercury*, from Havana—Phillip Shelling and
 19th street, Savannah, 4. 1863.

Frederick Has, Misses O. M. and E. G. Hie, Mrs. Fan-
shaw, Mrs. Gurnand.
In ship Wm. Tupacotti, from Liverpool—Mrs Wm. La-
Dowling, child and servant, Wm. Sutton, Mrs. Sutton,
Mr. Pell, Miss Bradley, Miss Byrne, Rev. F. Mottet.

MINIATURE ALMANAC—THIS DAY.
Sun rises..... 6 44 | Sun sets..... 4 45 | Moon rises. 5 37
HIGH WATER—THIS DAY.
Sandy Hook... 6 19 | Gov. Island. 9 04 | Hell Gate. 10 45.

MARINE INTELLIGENCE.

NEW-YORK...WEDNESDAY, Nov. 12.

Cleared.

Steamships Florida, Woodruff, Savannah, S. L. Speer,
Ill. Canack, Skinner, Newark, Lehigh & Pennsylvania;
Southern, Murray, Charleston, Specified, Clinton & Co.
Rhine Armer, Watson, Wm.

ton & Co., Medallion, Theobald, Chapman, & Co.,
Walsh, Carter & Chase; Hemmings, Perkins, Charlotte
Hawley, J. A. Macan; New York, Hurd, Christman,
Geo. Bailey; New York, Geo. Ganser, E. S. In-
ness & Co.
Barks Landon, Kirby, Mobile, Burgess, Chapman & Co.,
Richmond, P. F. B. Smith, Jr.
Brig Ocean Traveler, Sargent, Backus, Thompson &
Hunter.
Zellers Marks, (Dr.), Fowler, St. John, & D.D.R.
De Wolf; Dew Drop, Ruland, Barnard, & Co.;
Beverly, (Br.) Maxwell, Hallak, A. Stewart & Co.,
New York, C. W. Johnson, New York, C. W. Johnson,
R. H. Hunter, Hammond, Baltimore, C. W. Johnson,
Quebec; D. G. Hall, Hallock, Whitcomb, Sprague,
Porter & Isham, New York, C. W. Johnson, New York,
S. M. F. Walser, Hastings, N.Y.

wards. Propeller Delaware, Capt. Philadelphia; Sanford & line.

Arrived.

Steamship New-York, (Br.) Grac. Glasgow, Oct. 25, with mail, and 53 passengers to 2. Myra, Nov. 1st, 42, Capt. J. C. again her trainor, from the T. for New-Haven, 51 and 52.

Steamship Alabama, Schenck, Savannah, with mail, and passengers to N. L. Mitchell.

Ship Wm. Tapscott, (packet), Ball, Liverpool Sept. 25, with mdee, and 160 passengers to Tapscott & Co. Calcutta, 10th mdee, and 283 passengers to Boyd & Hinckins. Had two births and four deaths among the steering passengers. Arrived at Calcutta yesterday weather: here W. of the Bank since Oct. 22.

Ship Martin Luther, (of Seamport), Nichols, Shields Oct. 2, with coal to Manhattan Gas Co.—vessel to Walsh, Calcutta, 10th mdee.

Dark Leighton, (of Baltimore), Cole, Rio Janeiro Oct. 3, with coffee to L. L. Phelps & Co. Has been within 100 miles of the Cape of Good Hope, and will be at New Thompson, for New-York, and schr. Lynchburg, for do. The sch. Elfr. G-masted, Fervial, for New-York, sailed yesterday, 10th mdee, 8 o'clock, Sch. Elfr. G-masted, for New-York, sailed yesterday, 10th mdee, 5 o'clock, Sch. Elfr. G-masted, for New-York, sailed yesterday, 10th mdee, 5 o'clock.

Bark H. D. Brookman, Higgins, Bangor 5 ds., in ballast to H. D. Brookman & Co. Has been on the Hook 4 days. To 370 tons burden, and is intended for the coast. I find it

Barb Mountain Eagle, (new,) Yates, Wisconsin, Me. 5
da., in ballast to Yates & Porterfield. Is 275 tons capacity,
and intended for the South American trade.
Brig Charles, (Br.) White, St. Johns, N. F., 23 da., with
fish to C. Barnes.
Brig Walberg, (Hol.) Lund, Lashara 54 da., and 180
cattle 60 da., with fish to Lund, to Yates & Porterfield.
Brig London, (Br.) Diamond, St. Johns, N. F., with
fish and oil.
Schr. Mobile, Hoves, Sagua in Grande 60 da., with

Sugar to Lane & West. Has had heavy N. E. weather.
Split sails, sprung mainboom, &c.
Schr. Sarah Elizabeth, Kelly, Dennis.
Schr. Philadelphia, Chase, Boston for Albany.
Schr. Irene, Wass, Harrington, with lumber to Sunderland.
Schr. Mary, N. Brown, & Sons, Boston for Portland.

Scull, Purk, Astoria, Bay West for Leboe.
Propeller Calcutta, Layside, Baltimore 64 tons, with
made. to J. Rely.
Propeller Black Diamond, Allen, Philadelphia.
Propeller J. N. Harris, Smith, New-
Propeller Quinnebag, Holan, Norwich.
Propeller Westchester, Clark, Providence.
WIND—Sunrise, N. N. E.; Sunset, E.

Steamships Ada, Lott, Liverpool; Escombe, Glasgow, Norfolk, &c.; Florida, Woodhull, Savannah; Southern, Murray, Charleston; Cahawba, Bullock, Miami and New-Orleans. Ship B. S. Bishop, Lindeley, Philadelphia.

Below.

Ship John Bunyan, Nichols, from Liverpool, with coal. Also, another ship in the office.

By Telegraph.

BOSTON, May 19. An ship Wild Waver, Yokohama.

Foreign Ports.
At Sagua la Grande, Oct. 31, ship *Arkansas*, sold on the 19th, and got off 37th; bark *Philadelphia*, for New-York, and *Union* for a coast voyage made temporary

ready; Warren, do. in a week, having ~~been~~ ^{been} repaired; Albers, for Savannah, having been got off; would sail for Savannah in ballast to repair; Wilson, Pennel, for New-York, disch; trip Magnet, do. to sail Nov. 15; Isabella Buerman, (arr. 25th.) Savannah for Boston, to sail in 7 or 8 ds; had made temporary repairs.

and was taking in her cargo; Augusta, Woodbury, sec.
for Boston, to sail in 5 days.

PUBLIC MEETINGS.

VETERAN CORPS OF 1812.—AN ADJOURN-
ment of the Corps will be held at the Alvin
Ward Hotel, corner of Grand and Elizabeth sts. on
THURSDAY EVENING, Nov. 18, at 7 o'clock, to make
arrangements for celebrating the 50th of November, and

other important business.
 requested. By order.
 WM. TAYLOR, Adjutant.

VETERANS OF THE WAR, 1914-18. An
 adjourned meeting of the corps will be held at 8 p. m.

quarters, Bell's Star House, No. 101
FRIDAY, 14th inst. at 7 1/2 o'clock.
the corps. A. W. JONES, J.A. Co.

LETTER FROM THE "FOAM" GENERAL
VILLIS TO NORRIS,
An elegant satire on a Disrespectable
Sec **PORTER'S SPIRIT OF THE TIMES**

PORTER'S SPIRIT.
For November 12.
Is full of good things.
READY THIS MORNING.

THE AMERICAN
BITTER ALE CASK
Brewed in Whaling, Va., and bottled in America
Purchased and bottled in America
to keep this
Bottle, 1890
by JAMES H. BAY
of Boston, Ct.

1990

and pronounced for VINDEX, and there were troops that could be sent down to suppress any one who was opposing it. "Every body is enthusiastic. The men were paid off yesterday a plenty of money."

Wednesday night last FRANKLIN M. LEWIS and JOHN MOORE, both pastors of Newbern, N. C., were on a steamer, and were to deliver bills on the Grand Bank, Philadelphia.

There are thirty-five Presbyterian churches in New York harbor, and a considerable number with large and influential congregations. This is to increase the number of ministers.

At Hudson, of Richmond, Va., has been a resident of George's Sydney College.

THE DAILY TIMES is served in the morning at 7 o'clock. Single Copies, 5 CENTS. Sent by Mail, in Advance, \$1.00 per annum. Sent by Mail, in Advance, \$1.00 per annum. Sent by Mail, in Advance, \$1.00 per annum.

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How the Business of the City is Attended to.
We doubt whether the annals of any Municipal Government can afford instances of more gross, wanton, and systematic corruption, than have been developed in the examinations before the Committee appointed by the Board of Aldermen, to inquire into the conduct of the Commissioner of Repairs and Supplies, and his alter ego, Mr. Irving. The Report of the Committee has not yet been printed, but its contents are known. It justly asks, after sampling the result of its investigations, "Can a more loose system of doing business be devised?" A butcher was appointed, under the administration of Messrs. SELAH and IRVING, to do the glazing! A hotel keeper, in want of a share of the spoils, was metamorphosed, for the occasion, into a carpenter! A clerk in a Doctor's office was employed to clean wells!

"Mr. McCARTY, the plumber, was not a plumber, he said, 'but thought it would be a better business than where he had been employed.'" Timothy DONAVAN, the tinner for the Department, was interrogated; "Suppose you were asked by the Commissioner to estimate the cost of taking off an old roof and putting on a new one, could you do it?" He replied, "I don't know." Respecting the method of doing business, he was asked, "Were you not inquired of with regard to the price for doing your work?" He answered, "No, Sir, I have always been told to go on and do the work, provided I kept inside of the sum of \$250." Mr. SELAH admitted, in fact, on his examination, that he never knew, at the time when he selected men, whether they were practical mechanics, or engaged in the particular business to which they were assigned, or not.

The limitation to \$200 of the expenditure which the Commissioner of Repairs and Supplies may incur, has, of course, been considered, both by himself and his predecessor, as a mere farce. Mr. SELAH says himself: "The plumbing, painting, tinning, &c., of roofs, I have considered to be separate jobs, and where the amount came within \$250 I have felt justified in certifying the bills." Mr. IRVING went recklessly ahead without troubling himself about the law at all. In answer to an interrogatory of the Committee, whether he had read the City ordinances pertaining to his duties, he said: "I don't think I have." His grand excuse for all kinds of corruption and mismanagement was, "The work was done cheaper than under Mr. PRUDY, and I was satisfied." Everybody who has taxes to pay, knows what Mr. PRUDY was. Timothy DONAVAN presented fifteen bills, ranging from \$100 to \$200, for the item of tinning alone. His aggregate claims, for tinning and stores, amounted to the enormous sum of \$9,000, all of which Mr. SELAH allowed, but which was reduced on reference as follows: a bill of \$200 to \$28; another of \$235 to \$64; a bill of \$247 to \$25; a bill of \$263, to \$17, and so on in like manner with all of his accounts. The bills of the other claimants, when tested, were all reduced from 25 to 200 per cent., although they had all been approved. Is this not a sufficiently infamous state of things to awaken the attention of our apathetic citizens?

The law requires that no work whatsoever shall be done, under the Department of Repairs and Supplies, without an estimate having previously been made by the Commissioner. This enactment appears to have been complied with by Mr. SELAH, in no single instance. Nearly all the parties examined testify that they were simply directed, by the Commissioner and the Superintendent, to examine the buildings, &c., requiring repair, and, if the cost of the separate items did not amount to more than \$250, to "go on and do it." Pains seems also to have been taken that every job should be done in the most wasteful and profligate manner. When Mr. DONAVAN was first examined, he said that when the roofs of buildings were repaired, all the old tin roofs were thrown away as useless and of no value. On a subsequent examination it came out that the old roof on the house of Engine Company No. 24 had been sold by Mr. DONAVAN for \$15. The Chairman asked him, "Did you give credit to the City for that \$15?" The answer was: "No, Sir, but I intend to." "Is it not customary to give credit on the bills?" Answer: "No, Sir, not with the Corporation." In some instances, where the bills were allowed by the Commissioner, it appears that no work was done whatsoever.

It is needless to say any more. The Committee of the Board of Aldermen advise that Messrs. SELAH and IRVING should resign the places they have so miserably mismanaged. They deserve punishment, and we trust they will be punished. But what good will it do? Their places are as likely as not to be filled by more cunning, but equally unscrupulous, plunderers of the treasury. It is the system which is at fault, and until that is changed, it is next to impossible that any of the Departments should be in the hands of good men. Just so long as there are eight or ten separate, independent governments in the City, neither of which is responsible to the other, but each of which dispenses patronage, and filches from the tax-paying community in its own way, it is clear that no hopes of permanent reform can be reasonably looked for.

COST OF EDUCATION.—The estimate of the Board of Education for 1857 (\$1,100,410 82) is characterized by the *Journal of Commerce* as being "outrageous,"—good as Education confessedly is.

The *Journal* should be informed that in making this estimate the Board is restricted by law to the sum of "four dollars for each pupil who shall have actually attended and been taught in the schools during the preceding year;" that the increase in the amount annually estimated is, therefore, only in proportion to the number of pupils who actually attend and receive the benefits of our school system each year, and that a very large proportion of this amount is returned to the City in the improvement of its real estate—which improvements are rendered necessary (and with so large a system must continue to be) by the dilapidated and decayed condition of school-buildings, which were erected twenty-five or thirty-five years ago, and have been in constant daily use ever since. With these facts in view, we are not able to perceive what the *Journal* finds in the matter so particularly "outrageous."

SUGAR.
A peep into the store-closets of our housekeepers, just now, would probably disappoint a delicate appetite. It would return a beggarly account of those embalmed fruits of Summer which we are accustomed to reckon among our Winter luxuries. Those shelves that were annually crowded with little glass packages, capped and sealed, and superscribed with fragrant names, are marvelously vacant. A small cluster of green glasses in a corner, tauntingly christened "Current Jelly," "Strawberry," "Damon," is all that we find to remind us of the lost seasons. Though fruits have been plenty, sugars have been dear; and the frugal housewife, taking counsel of her purse, has put us on a short allowance of sweetmeats for the coming Winter.

In spite of the doctors, we declare that, when sugars are dear the people suffer. When we are all obliged to deny the many little gratifications of our whimsical palates, we are made very uncomfortable. For these delicate appetites, which the sweets of sugar please, are, in the melody of our enjoyments, just what those "small sweet courtesies of life," which STERNS enlarges, are in the rough and tumble of society. They give many a bitter pill, and season many an insipid dish. The rise in the price of Sugar, which has troubled our housekeepers for some time past, is variously accounted for. Speculators come in for a share of the blame; but though these gentlemen have taken advantage of the general enhancement of the value of sugar, and have bought up and held large stocks for a profit—the emptiness of our Preserve-closets cannot be charged entirely to them.

The fact is, that the annual production of sugar has not, of late, kept pace with the increasing population of the civilized world. The consumers have outrun the producers, and now the supply does not equal the demand. California and Australia are annually scaling away large quantities of our sugar, which they cannot replace. Our Southern planters have neglected their sugar-canes, for canes of gutta percha and the spoils of politics; and the crops in many districts have so much degenerated, that Congress has been induced to send \$75,000, and a ship-of-war to Cuba, to purchase a fresh supply of the cane, with which to start the indolent planters in business again next year! The Best crop of France, which has hitherto been devoted to the production of sugar, has been entirely diverted, by the successive failures of the grape crop, to the production of brandy; and France has now turned to the West Indies for its supplies of sugar. But even these tropical islands do not produce as much sugar now as formerly. Since the emancipation of the British West Indies, the free negroes have been gradually abandoning the hard labors of the cane plantation and the sugar-mill, for lighter and more profitable employments.

Indeed, sugar is becoming a costly luxury all over the world. But as it is a necessary article, it must eventually be cheaperened: either by a very large increase in the cultivation of the saccharine cane, followed by a universal free-trade in sugar; or by the discovery of new plants, from which sugar can be produced, profitably and abundantly, even in the temperate zone.

Sugar has already been made from various plants—from Indian corn, from the Rock Maple, from the Beet root and other esculents. Its production from these plants, however, has proved to be too costly to become general. But inquisitive investigation has at last made a discovery, and a new sugar plant has recently been introduced to public attention, which promises to answer every requirement, and which may eventually supplant the sugar cane; as it is richer in saccharine matter, is adapted to all climates, and can be cultivated without great expense. It is called the *SUGAR MILLET*; or, in the ungainly idiom of science, *Sorghum Saccharum*; and has been cultivated for centuries, as a sugar-plant, in Southern Africa and China.

When we recall the Shanghai biddies, the tree corn, and the marvelous potatoes that have been born in China; and which, not content to stay at home, have come here to pester our purses and our tempers,—we confess a cautious incredulity in the virtue of any Chinese natives. But we have faith in the Sugar Millet, notwithstanding. It has already been planted in our soil, and has given abundant evidence of its great value.

So our housekeepers may not always despair. Sugar will not always be dear, nor our preserve-closets forever empty!

New-York Measured in a Gas Meter.
The growth of New-York City is a perpetual wonder to everybody. That ubiquitous gentleman, the oldest inhabitant, delights in reminiscences of the days when the ditches of Canal street were the remote bounds of our civilization. And many a younger reader of the *Times*, who now lights his cigar in the shadow of the equestrian statue of Washington, may remember his boyish rambles in the fields of Union-square, where independent pigsties and poplar trees and picket fences stood in dilapidated grandeur. That was only some twenty-five years ago. But the City has been growing fast since then. The pigs, and the pickets, and the poplars are gone, and another generation occupies their place! We have discovered an interesting measure of the growth of New-York City in the Meter of the Manhattan Gas-light Company, which supplies gas to all that portion of the City lying between Grand-street and Seventy-sixth-street. This is the family section of our metropolis—where our citizens live, where their firesides stand, and where their domestic life is centered. The Manhattan Meter is an unerring and faithful recorder of the growth of this section of the City, for the increase of the business of the Gas-light Company is the direct reflection of the increase of the population.

As the City has increased in wealth and population, the fireside homes above Grand-street have become more numerous, and the great meter of the Manhattan Company has measured off larger quantities of its artificial light every year. The quantity of gas manufactured by the Company

In 1835 was 12,608,000 cubic feet.
In 1840, was 15,400,000 cubic feet.
In 1845, was 168,514,000 cubic feet.
In 1850, was 470,364,000 cubic feet.
This Company keeps in order and lights all the street gas-lamps between Grand-street and Seventy-sixth-street, for which service the City annually pays \$35 for each lamp. In 1850, the Company lighted 3,797 street lamps; but in September, 1856, the number of street lamps lighted in this section was 7,413. These figures furnish palpable evidence of the continual and rapid growth of the City of New-York.

As the number of gas-consumers has gradually increased, the price at which the gas is furnished has gradually decreased. The price charged by the Manhattan Company for gas was

In 1835, 87 per 1,000 cubic feet.
In 1840, 86 per 1,000 cubic feet.
In 1845, 85 per 1,000 cubic feet.
In 1850, 84 per 1,000 cubic feet.
In 1851, 83 per 1,000 cubic feet.
In 1852, 82 per 1,000 cubic feet.
October, 1856, 81 per 1,000 cubic feet.

The present price of gas (\$8 50) is probably the lowest price at which it will ever be furnished, and is lower than the price of gas in any other City. The Manhattan Gas-Light Company has found that each reduction in the price has not only increased the number of their customers, but has caused a more liberal consumption of the gas by each consumer; and it was this experience that suggested the recent reduction.

Though, as we are informed, some \$200,000 are cut off from the annual income of the Company, by this last reduction of price, the loss will, doubtless, soon be recovered in a more general and liberal consumption of gas; which, by recent inventions, may be economically used, in place of coal fires, for all kinds of cooking and for heating houses. When this application of gas shall become universal, half the horrors of housekeeping, in our great City, will become a fable of the past!

IMPORTANT FROM EUROPE.—By the *Europa*, we have advices from Europe three days later. The Neapolitan question has diminished in importance, paled before the superior splendors of a new quarrel in which Austria, England and Turkey are the parties. There are very contradictory reports in relation to this matter. It seems to be conceded, however, that a demand has been made by the Porte upon Austria for the evacuation of the Danubian Principalities, and upon Great Britain for the evacuation of the Black Sea, but that by a mutual understanding both Powers refuse to leave. Under these circumstances, the question of the Principalities assumes an importance above all others. Relations between England and France are not so harmonious but that the press of the two countries find occasion to animadvert with sharpness upon the affairs of the alliance, and there are dark hints of a leaning toward a secret understanding between England and Austria. The fact that Austria and England both refuse to accede to the demand of the Sultan, indicates that there is some coloring of truth in this last rumor. Sir CHARLES NAPIER has written a reply to Sir ROBERT PEEL's after-dinner speech, defending himself from Sir ROBERT's assaults. The liabilities of Fox, HENDERSON & Co., the Crystal Palace contractors, whose failure was announced by the last arrival, are stated at £50,000. The King of Sweden had opened the Diet with a significant allusion to measures now in progress for effecting a more intimate union between Sweden and Norway. The financial news from France is not definite, but indicates a disordered and threatening aspect. We give under the appropriate heading such information as had transpired up to the steamer day. The market news by this arrival is not specially important.

THE NEWS FROM CALIFORNIA.—The news from California received by the *George Law* is two weeks later. The partial excitement consequent upon the near approach of the Election had engendered attention. A letter is published from Mr. BUCHANAN, favoring the construction of a Pacific Railroad, and declaring his opinion that Congress has the Constitutional power to order that work to be done. The letter was looked upon in some quarters as a bogus concern, but there is no valid reason for doubting its authenticity. It follows very closely upon that of Col. FREMONT, is addressed to the Chairman of the Democratic Central Committee at Sacramento, and is said to have been prepared at the suggestion of Gov. BIGLER. It is evident that a strong Republican sentiment exists in California, the present arrival bringing accounts of most enthusiastic demonstrations, occasioned by the receipt of the news from Maine. The Republicans of California were wide awake, ready to give battle when the time arrived.

Some degree of indignation is expressed in San Francisco at the arrest and maltreatment of members of the late Vigilance Committee on their arrival in New-York—particular reference being made to the case of MOLONEY against Mr. COLEMAN, the accounts of which have been published in our columns. The California papers contain an "appeal" from the people of San Francisco to the people of New-York, which we transfer, setting forth this evil, and going so far as to threaten reprisals by the withdrawal of California custom, unless measures are taken here to protect citizens of San Francisco during their sojourn. There is a speck of trouble in this. Much feeling evidently prevails, and the ex-committeemen are placed in a position that is far from pleasant.

The mining intelligence is exceedingly favorable. The quartz veins still yield richly, and certain leads of copper and silver are reported as among the recent discoveries. The markets are dull, in consequence of a superabundance of goods on hand, and money is reported as abundant. The shipment of specie by the *Golden Age* was \$1,900,000, of which \$1,625,000 was consigned to this port, and the balance to England.

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PROFOUND SAGACITY.—BETROGGED ASTRONOMERS WATCHING FOR AN ECLIPSE.—If you wish to try an interesting experiment upon the public curiosity, stop in Broadway at any time of day, stand still and gaze steadily for half an hour at the top of one of the houses opposite. In less than half that time, not less than a thousand persons will be gazing with the most profound attention upon the same place,—and that without a single word having been said. Then pass on quietly,—and the crowd will remain there gazing for half an hour longer.

Something very much like this has happened to us in another sphere. Feeling that our readers had their full share of that widely-diffused human instinct,—curiosity, and would probably read with considerable interest any account of the habits, mode of life, and general opinions of the President elect, we published on Monday a letter from Lancaster, in which all these topics were treated at some length. The writer had been a warm supporter, and was a personal as well as political friend of Mr. BUCHANAN, and he very naturally saw everything *couleur de rose*. He expressed sundry opinions, moreover, as to the general line of policy which Mr. BUCHANAN would, in his judgment, be likely to adopt in the administration of public affairs. We published the letter as an interesting chapter of personal gossip and speculation,—neither indorsing its sentiments nor supposing that there was any special necessity, considering the position of the *Times*, for disclaiming them.

The amount of speculation, conjecture and rumor to which this simple incident has given rise is really quite appalling. The publication of the letter is ascribed to every imaginable motive,—of course excepting the right one. That the *Times* is immediately going over to the support of BUCHANAN is among the most moderate of the conclusions which the wisest of these speculative philosophers have reached. We hope they will all keep a sharp watch so as to note the precise moment when the occultation takes place.

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Thalberg's Concert.
Mr. THALBERG's third concert so far last night, and the best audience of the series, so far, attended it. There is, we believe, a general appreciation of his playing in New-York. Of late our public has been educated to a high point of musical perception in this branch of art. We can boast two pianists who even in the present excitement may be remembered with fondness and justice; who have contributed in an enormous degree to the success which attends and which awaits Mr. THALBERG. Messrs. GOTTSCHALK and MASON are artists of whom any city may be proud. The one with his poetic language and artistic inspiration, the other with his grand and massive grasp of classic thought and graceful utterance of many sentiment. Of the two we may boast of neither at the present moment; for GOTTSCHALK has surrendered himself to a private crew of pupils, and MASON has thrown himself into Chopin and is not likely to appear above the surface for some time to come. We should have forgotten all about the train, had we not seen their enthusiastic faces at those concerts, bearing genial reciprocity to the great artist whom they honor with true artist's pride.

The programme, last evening, contained three novelties. If we may so term them—"Hugues," "Fantasia," the "Andante from Lucia;" and the "Fantasia from Semiramide." Without availing ourselves of an obscure terminology, inappropriate in the column of a newspaper, we can enter on a critical discussion of these works. We will content ourselves, therefore, with broadly stating that they are each in their way perfect. Mr. THALBERG does not give us a dramatic transcription of an opera, but a sequential one. There is consequently a wholeness of effect, which would be tediousness—not being massive in the absence of that exquisite taste, finish and distinctness for which Mr. THALBERG is remarkable. But with these supplied, we have an exquisite gem, so chaste and beautiful that it is out of our reach, and then the memory of its radiance will dwell with us as a dream. Mr. THALBERG's executive powers are so gigantic that it is more impertinent to apply any standard to them. They can be estimated from the fact that where others left off he began. Amid all the showering of mechanical pianism, however, the voice of Nature—melody—is heard and scrupulously maintained. For this and his method of obtaining it, Mr. THALBERG is remarkable. In the places we have referred to all the resources of the originator of a new school are called into play, and although Mr. THALBERG did not appear to be quite so much in the vein last night as on former occasions, (perhaps from the suffocating heat of the room—seriously detrimental to an artist's precision of touch,) he rendered such justice to them as the most cultivated can best appreciate. The enthusiasm of the audience was warmer than on any previous occasion. Every one seemed to feel flattered at the privilege of applauding such a modest, seemingly gentleman. It is a compliment to ourselves as well as to the artist.

We have somewhat neglected the vocal department of these concerts. It is excellent. Madame de WILSON, although comparatively an amateur, displays such huddling excellence that we almost forget the newly transplanted artist from the draughtsman to the concert hall. Perhaps she forgets it herself, for if we do not mistake she recognizes (visibly more than one familiar face in the crowded seats. Madame de WILSON possesses a fine voice, and much merit in an artistic point of view. The only fault we have to find with Madame de WILSON (and being very venial) is that she is slightly pettish. She has a number of little ways charming in the family circle, but rather wearisome elsewhere. The most provoking of these is a habit of beating time with her foot or her hand for the purpose of instructing the accompanist. The individual in question, however, does not need such successful prompting, and in fact less frequently dashes the time than Madame de WILSON. She is remarkably excellent, and pitches into the performance with great daring and success. Another thing Madame de WILSON does which she should not do, is to change her places on the programme—always taking the same place, and sometimes doing the wrong thing in the wrong place. We have no doubt that she is a very good person, but she is not a very good artist.

ANOTHER BREAKER IN NEW-GUINEA.—The Government of New-Guinea having failed to settle the claim of Mr. JAMES MACKINTOSH, a British subject, Her Majesty's fleet are ordered to enforce the claim.

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Mr. THALBERG's third concert so far last night, and the best audience of the series, so far, attended it. There is, we believe, a general appreciation of his playing in New-York. Of late our public has been educated to a high point of musical perception in this branch of art. We can boast two pianists who even in the present excitement may be remembered with fondness and justice; who have contributed in an enormous degree to the success which attends and which awaits Mr. THALBERG. Messrs. GOTTSCHALK and MASON are artists of whom any city may be proud. The one with his poetic language and artistic inspiration, the other with his grand and massive grasp of classic thought and graceful utterance of many sentiment. Of the two we may boast of neither at the present moment; for GOTTSCHALK has surrendered himself to a private crew of pupils, and MASON has thrown himself into Chopin and is not likely to appear above the surface for some time to come. We should have forgotten all about the train, had we not seen their enthusiastic faces at those concerts, bearing genial reciprocity to the great artist whom they honor with true artist's pride.

The programme, last evening, contained three novelties. If we may so term them—"Hugues," "Fantasia," the "Andante from Lucia;" and the "Fantasia from Semiramide." Without availing ourselves of an obscure terminology, inappropriate in the column of a newspaper, we can enter on a critical discussion of these works. We will content ourselves, therefore, with broadly stating that they are each in their way perfect. Mr. THALBERG does not give us a dramatic transcription of an opera, but a sequential one. There is consequently a wholeness of effect, which would be tediousness—not being massive in the absence of that exquisite taste, finish and distinctness for which Mr. THALBERG is remarkable. But with these supplied, we have an exquisite gem, so chaste and beautiful that it is out of our reach, and then the memory of its radiance will dwell with us as a dream. Mr. THALBERG's executive powers are so gigantic that it is more impertinent to apply any standard to them. They can be estimated from the fact that where others left off he began. Amid all the showering of mechanical pianism, however, the voice of Nature—melody—is heard and scrupulously maintained. For this and his method of obtaining it, Mr. THALBERG is remarkable. In the places we have referred to all the resources of the originator of a new school are called into play, and although Mr. THALBERG did not appear to be quite so much in the vein last night as on former occasions, (perhaps from the suffocating heat of the room—seriously detrimental to an artist's precision of touch,) he rendered such justice to them as the most cultivated can best appreciate. The enthusiasm of the audience was warmer than on any previous occasion. Every one seemed to feel flattered at the privilege of applauding such a modest, seemingly gentleman. It is a compliment to ourselves as well as to the artist.

We have somewhat neglected the vocal department of these concerts. It is excellent. Madame de WILSON, although comparatively an amateur, displays such huddling excellence that we almost forget the newly transplanted artist from the draughtsman to the concert hall. Perhaps she forgets it herself, for if we do not mistake she recognizes (visibly more than one familiar face in the crowded seats. Madame de WILSON possesses a fine voice, and much merit in an artistic point of view. The only fault we have to find with Madame de WILSON (and being very venial) is that she is slightly pettish. She has a number of little ways charming in the family circle, but rather wearisome elsewhere. The most provoking of these is a habit of beating time with her foot or her hand for the purpose of instructing the accompanist. The individual in question, however, does not need such successful prompting, and in fact less frequently dashes the time than Madame de WILSON. She is remarkably excellent, and pitches into the performance with great daring and success. Another thing Madame de WILSON does which she should not do, is to change her places on the programme—always taking the same place, and sometimes doing the wrong thing in the wrong place. We have no doubt that she is a very good person, but she is not a very good artist.

ANOTHER BREAKER IN NEW-GUINEA.—The Government of New-Guinea having failed to settle the claim of Mr. JAMES MACKINTOSH, a British subject, Her Majesty's fleet are ordered to enforce the claim.

[illegible][illegible]

OF MUSIC
Opera, for concert, featuring
of persons. Full-price seats
below.
has been reduced to equal the
theatre. The programme includes
Lighting and Acoustic and
Spectacular Compositions, etc.

AN UNUSUAL
Theatre, featuring a
of these
of a most
audience, 30 cents.

THEATRE - DRESS
Orchestra, 1000
EVENING, Nov. 14, 10c.
with the local Drama in 5
OR, THE MECHANIC'S
DE
is starring Franklynne
ENCANTED PEN
the Claretta of
MURDER.

608 BROADWAY
celebrated the opening of
theatre. The programme
PALOR ENTERTAIN-
DAY EVENING, Nov. 14,
10c.

THEATRE OF
will admit four persons to

AT THE OXY-
OPEN - A Grand Opera
NORTH'S CLEVELAND
society's N. 10c.
The Admission is 10c.

OPERATED BY THE
ular, attractive and interesting
and the audience's reaction
refreshment, is now open at
608 Broadway, Adams.

THE ONE-REEL
of Grand Opera, 10c.
10c.

THEATRE
WHOLESALE
ST. LOUIS
(at Newmarket, 10c.)

L. COOPER.

[illegible]

[illegible][illegible]

SEVEN INDEMNITIES IN THE COURT OF GENERAL SESSIONS

Tuesday Evening Indemnities Against Him.

Yesterday morning, CHASLES B. HURTSBACH, of a noted firm, was arraigned in the Court of General Session, before Recorder RUTLEY, on no less than twenty-seven indemnities issued against him by the City of New Bedford last Friday with the most perfect composure, and appeared in all points respected, Mr. JAMES T. BRADY, who is associated with the trial, Mr. JOHN A. BETTAN, for the defense, rose and addressed the Court. He alluded to the fact that there were twenty-seven indemnities against the defendant, and that it was only six in the District Attorney's office. He requested permission to be proposed to try, on the result of one indictment would probably decide the whole. When he knew which indictment would be tried, he would say when he would be ready.

The District-Attorney replied that Ex-Recorder TALLMAGE was associated with him in the prosecution, and they were now prepared to try the case. He intended to try HURTSBACH on at least three of the indemnities, and he was anxious how he tried as soon as possible. He would name Monday as the day when the trial should commence.

Mr. BRADY said that under no circumstances could the defense be ready by next Monday. The case was popular in this, that the alleged forgery had been developed from time to time, and the last of these developments was made but within a few days. The nature of the defense would also be peculiar, and it would be impossible to try the case so soon.

Mr. HAYS said he was ready, that Mr. CURRIE NORRIS was also associated with him and Mr. TALLMAGE, and they were equally anxious with himself that the trial should be set down for Monday. If it were to be postponed, he should ask for the proper legal excuse, he should demand that the defense should place themselves within the rules of the Court, and make the necessary affidavit, that the records of the Court might show that the legal formalities had been complied with.

Mr. BRADY made some few remarks on legal formality, saying that while he did not feel called upon to disclose to the District Attorney the nature of his defenses, he would pledge his professional honor, it could not be disposed of under five or six days.

The Recorder said if Mr. BRADY would prepare the necessary affidavit, the trial might go over to next term, which Mr. BRADY accordingly did, and the trial went over. The Court Room was crowded during these proceedings.

The Premiums.

We have received at last the list of premiums awarded by the Managers of the American Institute's late Fair. It will make 81 pages of the Annual Report. We can do no more than publish some of the gold premiums, which were awarded as follows:

Pacific Mills, Lawrence, Mass., Little, Alden & Co., Agents, \$20,000; 35 pieces of lawn, and 84 pieces of printed calicos.

Dunnell Manufacturing Company, Providence, R. I., L. T. Dunnell, Providence, R. I., for 109 pieces of cloth, \$10,000; 91 pieces of print.

American Linen Company, Fall River, Mass., McCurdy, Aldrich & Spencer, Agents, No. 65 Broadway, for 100 pieces of linen, \$7,500; 30 pieces of sheeting.

Calvin Kline, No. 93 Wall street, for the best marine character.

Bernard & Hegben, Rochester, N. Y., Daniel Hegben, for the best steam boiler, \$5,000.

Finnay, Young & Co., Milwaukee, Wis., J. B. Finnay, Agents, No. 30 Milwaukee-street, for the best sewing machine.

C. E. Danzich, Green River, Vt., for the best double planing machine with rotary bed for wood.

H. S. Crutcher, Oswego, N. Y., for the best barrel machine.

Alfred E. Beach, No. 198 Fulton-street, for a printing press, \$2,000.

George H. Reynolds, Medford, Mass., for the best non-condensing steam engine.

John North, Middletown, Conn., S. F. Bacon & Sons, Boston, Mass., for the best book-binding machine.

The total premiums granted at the Crystal Palace were: Gold medals, 18; gold medals certified, 64; silver cups, (\$175.15); 109 silver medals awarded, 30; silver cups, (\$175.15); bronze medals, 215; diplomas, 392 books, (\$105.15).

Total premiums: Ground; silver medals, 39; cups, (\$131.91); 91; cash premiums, \$48; books (cups), 44.

Third-Avenue Railroad.

The Third-Avenue Railroad has on hand 53 horses and 11 mules. The average number employed on the road is 499. It keeps 60 cars, stages, and sleighs. The Company has placed upon its office heavy Hartford cars seats to accommodate 30 passengers. This car has proved so popular, that several others are to be fitted up in the same way. The receipts from passengers, for the year ending Nov. 1, were \$264,96, 15, as follows:

Month	1885	1886
November.....	\$28,236.10	May.....\$24,771.00
December.....	\$25,994.17	June.....\$24,845.88
January.....	\$20,771.60	August.....\$23,928.68
February.....	\$22,899.41	September.....\$23,029.68
March.....	\$20,771.60	October.....\$27,976.00
April.....	\$20,624.73	

Or, nearly \$1,000 a day!

This amount is \$70,616 more than the receipts of the preceding year. During the year the Company carried 7½ millions passengers. The receipts of the year from all sources are set down in the Annual Report \$997,743 13—the profits \$149,030 67. A road that pays so well, ought to accommodate the public well, and it does so—so.

One of the Greenpoint line of Brooklyn cars was outlast night after dark. Whether the driver got tipsy, or the team gave out on the road, or the Company was suddenly enterprising, we could not learn. But the fact remains, that the car was overturned, and 15 persons in the breast of the hundreds who have occasion to travel after midnight between the eastern and western districts of Brooklyn—a fact well authenticated and past controversy, that a Greenpoint car passed the Grand-Street Ferry bound west last night after "o'clock." We are getting some of the juiciest fruits of the consolidation!

If the millennium holds off as long as the general opinion expects it to, the Battery Enlargement will be completed before its arrival. This grand project is about two-thirds effected; if, when entirely finished, there is to be another third added to the amount of intolerable odors that now haunt the Battery, heaven help the contractor to be a score of years yet, lengthening out the job. The portion to be filled in is only 25 feet deep in the deepest, whilst much of that which is completed was near fifty feet deep.

Posters were stuck up in several places near the Fulton Ferry yesterday, urging all charitable sewing girls, porters, printers, and newspaper writers, to subscribe and drop their names that would be deposited in the trunk of the horse-carriage containing the tickets towards supplying the Union Ferry Company with coal and wood for the coming Winter. At this stage large numbers tendered their fringes in pennies. A friend, who offered ten shillings yesterday, was handed back as his change a copper. He begged for a dime in place of them, but the money-taker protested he hadn't so much silver in his coffers.

Speculations are rife as to the successor of Mr. Consul BATHURST, assuming that he will be appointed as such as Mr. FOWLER, who has performed the duties of the Consulate since Consul BARCLAY leaving the office. Mr. Consul BURTON, of Charleston, and Mr. JOHN LOCKE, are mentioned as "likely" in this connection.

The Twenty-second Ward election-right cases were again for examination yesterday, when, after Captain WITTER'S (of the Twenty-second Ward Police) and PATRICK BRENNAN'S testimony was taken, it was adjourned over to Monday.

The proceedings of the County Canvassers were resumed yesterday, at noon, at City Hall. The examination of the returns for the Fifth, Tenth and Twelfth Wards was completed, but no material discrepancy was detected.

The Democratic General Committee held special meeting at Tammany Hall, yesterday afternoon, at which they made arrangements for a Grand Democratic Mass Ratification Meeting and Jubilee at Tammany on the evening of Wednesday, 26th inst.

The cost of laying the Belgian pavement in Pine-street, between Williams and Nassau streets, was \$1.40 per yard. It was paid for by private subscription, and of course was done cheaper and better than otherwise.

[illegible]

Mass. Court of Appeals.
During the last week of the term of this institution 159 were disposed of, and all remaining, 614.

New York.
The New York Court of Appeals, at the term of the 1st, 2d, 3d, 4th, 5th, 6th, 7th, 8th, 9th, 10th, 11th, 12th, 13th, 14th, 15th, 16th, 17th, 18th, 19th, 20th, 21st, 22nd, 23rd, 24th, 25th, 26th, 27th, 28th, 29th, 30th, 31st, 32nd, 33rd, 34th, 35th, 36th, 37th, 38th, 39th, 40th, 41st, 42nd, 43rd, 44th, 45th, 46th, 47th, 48th, 49th, 50th, 51st, 52nd, 53rd, 54th, 55th, 56th, 57th, 58th, 59th, 60th, 61st, 62nd, 63rd, 64th, 65th, 66th, 67th, 68th, 69th, 70th, 71st, 72nd, 73rd, 74th, 75th, 76th, 77th, 78th, 79th, 80th, 81st, 82nd, 83rd, 84th, 85th, 86th, 87th, 88th, 89th, 90th, 91st, 92nd, 93rd, 94th, 95th, 96th, 97th, 98th, 99th, 100th, 101st, 102nd, 103rd, 104th, 105th, 106th, 107th, 108th, 109th, 110th, 111th, 112th, 113th, 114th, 115th, 116th, 117th, 118th, 119th, 120th, 121st, 122nd, 123rd, 124th, 125th, 126th, 127th, 128th, 129th, 130th, 131st, 132nd, 133rd, 134th, 135th, 136th, 137th, 138th, 139th, 140th, 141st, 142nd, 143rd, 144th, 145th, 146th, 147th, 148th, 149th, 150th, 151st, 152nd, 153rd, 154th, 155th, 156th, 157th, 158th, 159th, 160th, 161st, 162nd, 163rd, 164th, 165th, 166th, 167th, 168th, 169th, 170th, 171st, 172nd, 173rd, 174th, 175th, 176th, 177th, 178th, 179th, 180th, 181st, 182nd, 183rd, 184th, 185th, 186th, 187th, 188th, 189th, 190th, 191st, 192nd, 193rd, 194th, 195th, 196th, 197th, 198th, 199th, 200th, 201st, 202nd, 203rd, 204th, 205th, 206th, 207th, 208th, 209th, 210th, 211st, 212nd, 213th, 214th, 215th, 216th, 217th, 218th, 219th, 220th, 221st, 222nd, 223rd, 224th, 225th, 226th, 227th, 228th, 229th, 230th, 231st, 232nd, 233rd, 234th, 235th, 236th, 237th, 238th, 239th, 240th, 241st, 242nd, 243rd, 244th, 245th, 246th, 247th, 248th, 249th, 250th, 251st, 252nd, 253rd, 254th, 255th, 256th, 257th, 258th, 259th, 260th, 261st, 262nd, 263rd, 264th, 265th, 266th, 267th, 268th, 269th, 270th, 271st, 272nd, 273rd, 274th, 275th, 276th, 277th, 278th, 279th, 280th, 281st, 282nd, 283rd, 284th, 285th, 286th, 287th, 288th, 289th, 290th, 291st, 292nd, 293rd, 294th, 295th, 296th, 297th, 298th, 299th, 300th, 301st, 302nd, 303rd, 304th, 305th, 306th, 307th, 308th, 309th, 310th, 311st, 312nd, 313th, 314th, 315th, 316th, 317th, 318th, 319th, 320th, 321st, 322nd, 323rd, 324th, 325th, 326th, 327th, 328th, 329th, 330th, 331st, 332nd, 333rd, 334th, 335th, 336th, 337th, 338th, 339th, 340th, 341st, 342nd, 343rd, 344th, 345th, 346th, 347th, 348th, 349th, 350th, 351st, 352nd, 353rd, 354th, 355th, 356th, 357th, 358th, 359th, 360th, 361st, 362nd, 363rd, 364th, 365th, 366th, 367th, 368th, 369th, 370th, 371st, 372nd, 373rd, 374th, 375th, 376th, 377th, 378th, 379th, 380th, 381st, 382nd, 383rd, 384th, 385th, 386th, 387th, 388th, 389th, 390th, 391st, 392nd, 393rd, 394th, 395th, 396th, 397th, 398th, 399th, 400th, 401st, 402nd, 403rd, 404th, 405th, 406th, 407th, 408th, 409th, 410th, 411st, 412nd, 413th, 414th, 415th, 416th, 417th, 418th, 419th, 420th, 421st, 422nd, 423rd, 424th, 425th, 426th, 427th, 428th, 429th, 430th, 431st, 432nd, 433rd, 434th, 435th, 436th, 437th, 438th, 439th, 440th, 441st, 442nd, 443rd, 444th, 445th, 446th, 447th, 448th, 449th, 450th, 451st, 452nd, 453rd, 454th, 455th, 456th, 457th, 458th, 459th, 460th, 461st, 462nd, 463rd, 464th, 465th, 466th, 467th, 468th, 469th, 470th, 471st, 472nd, 473rd, 474th, 475th, 476th, 477th, 478th, 479th, 480th, 481st, 482nd, 483rd, 484th, 485th, 486th, 487th, 488th, 489th, 490th, 491st, 492nd, 493rd, 494th, 495th, 496th, 497th, 498th, 499th, 500th, 501st, 502nd, 503rd, 504th, 505th, 506th, 507th, 508th, 509th, 510th, 511st, 512nd, 513th, 514th, 515th, 516th, 517th, 518th, 519th, 520th, 521st, 522nd, 523rd, 524th, 525th, 526th, 527th, 528th, 529th, 530th, 531st, 532nd, 533rd, 534th, 535th, 536th, 537th, 538th, 539th, 540th, 541st, 542nd, 543rd, 544th, 545th, 546th, 547th, 548th, 549th, 550th, 551st, 552nd, 553rd, 554th, 555th, 556th, 557th, 558th, 559th, 560th, 561st, 562nd, 563rd, 564th, 565th, 566th, 567th, 568th, 569th, 570th, 571st, 572nd, 573rd, 574th, 575th, 576th, 577th, 578th, 579th, 580th, 581st, 582nd, 583rd, 584th, 585th, 586th, 587th, 588th, 589th, 590th, 591st, 592nd, 593rd, 594th, 595th, 596th, 597th, 598th, 599th, 600th, 601st, 602nd, 603rd, 604th, 605th, 606th, 607th, 608th, 609th, 610th, 611st, 612nd, 613th, 614th, 615th, 616th, 617th, 618th, 619th, 620th, 621st, 622nd, 623rd, 624th, 625th, 626th, 627th, 628th, 629th, 630th, 631st, 632nd, 633rd, 634th, 635th, 636th, 637th, 638th, 639th, 640th, 641st, 642nd, 643rd, 644th, 645th, 646th, 647th, 648th, 649th, 650th, 651st, 652nd, 653rd, 654th, 655th, 656th, 657th, 658th, 659th, 660th, 661st, 662nd, 663rd, 664th, 665th, 666th, 667th, 668th, 669th, 670th, 671st, 672nd, 673rd, 674th, 675th, 676th, 677th, 678th, 679th, 680th, 681st, 682nd, 683rd, 684th, 685th, 686th, 687th, 688th, 689th, 690th

LEGAL NOTICE

[illegible]

SUPREMACY OF THE CITY AND COUNTY OF NEW YORK.
JOHN F. MOHR,
STERNES HERBERT,
DEPUTY ALDERMEN
 V. **VERVEE**, **JOSEPHUS** **CHAMBERLAIN**
 continued—Cont. **VERVEE** to the
 ants: You are hereby summoned and
 the complaint to this action, which
 occurs at the Clerk of the City and
 at the City Hall in the City of New York,
 copy of your answer to the said complaint
 within thirty days after the date of
 New York, within twenty days after the
 summons on you, exclusive of the day
 and if you fail to do so, the complaint
 time afforded, the plaintiff in this action will
 and answer to the said complaint on the
 informed thereon from the tenth day of
 the said month of July of the year
HARRETT & BRINMADAM, Plaintiffs
 The complaint in this action was duly filed with the
 Clerk of the City and County of New York.

the 8th day of November, 1854.
W. Lawton, J. R. & R. Plafin's Attorneys.

SUPERIOR COURT—CITY AND COUNTY OF NEW YORK.
In the matter of the application of the
COMPANY, against JOHN E. GOWEN and JOHN
W. LAWTON, its attorneys, to set aside the
contract. (Case not registered.) To the de-
fendants, severally and jointly, to answer the
complaint, and to show cause why the same
should not be set aside. The time for the
appearance of the defendants, and for the
City and County of New York, at the
Court of the City and County of New York,
said complaint on the members at their
Honor, at the City of New York, within
the time specified in the summons, and
service of the day of such service; and it was
ordered, that the complaint be set aside, and
the time for the appearance of the de-
fendants, and for the City and County of New
York, in this action will take place on the
10th day of November, next, at the Court of
two thousand one hundred and eighty-
four, at the City of New York, at the
Court of the City and County of New York,
the costs of this action.—Dated Oct. 1, 1854.

BLATFORD, SEWARD, & GREENWOLD,
Plaintiff's Attorneys.

[illegible]

IN PURSUANCE OF AN ORDER OF THE
MAJ. R. DAWSON, Surrogate of the County of Kings, notice is hereby given, WILLIAM L. BROWN, the City of Brooklyn, desiring to exhibit the same, with the vouchers thereon, to the Surrogate of the County of Kings, at the City of Clinton, at the City of Brooklyn, on or before the 14th day of April next, at 10 o'clock P. M.
OSCAR D. TROTTEN, Administrator, with will annexed.
 106-107 Nassau.

IN PURSUANCE OF AN ORDER OF THE
SURROGATE OF THE COUNTY OF NEW-YORK, notice is hereby given, that the City of New-York, late of the City of New-York, desiring to exhibit the same, with the vouchers thereon, to the Surrogate of the County of New-York, at the City of Washington, at the City of New-York, on or before the 18th day of April next, at 10 o'clock P. M.
HENRY G. SCUDDER, Administrator, with will annexed.

IN PURSUANCE OF AN ORDER OF THE
Surrogate of the County of New York, notice is hereby
given to all persons having claims against **WILLIAM CLIN-
TON**, deceased, to present the same to the Surrogate of the
County of New York, at the office of **MATTHEW CLIN-
TON**, in the City of New York, on or before the 18th day of
March next.—Dated New York, Aug. 24, 1864.
s022-law64f **MATTHEW CLINTON, A.**

IN PURSUANCE OF AN ORDER OF THE
Surrogate of the County of New York, notice is hereby
given to all persons having claims against **ANTONIO
LIT**, late of the City of New York, deceased, to present the
same, with vouchers therefor, to the undersigned, at the
office of **MATTHEW CLINTON**, in the City of New York,
on or before the 18th day of March next.—Dated New
York, Aug. 24, 1864.
s022-law64f **MATTHEW CLINTON, A.**

IN PURSUANCE OF AN ORDER OF THE
Surrogate of the County of New York, notice is hereby
given to all persons having claims against **ANTONIO
LIT**, late of the City of New York, deceased, to present the
same, with vouchers therefor, to the undersigned, at the
office of **MATTHEW CLINTON**, in the City of New York,
on or before the 18th day of March next.—Dated New
York, Aug. 24, 1864.
s022-law64f **MATTHEW CLINTON, A.**

PROPOSAL

[illegible][illegible][illegible][illegible]

Freights to New-York, Brooklyn, Jersey City, etc., in
 charge of the Company, **WILLIAM WILSON, Jr.**

COAL—ON HAND
 Charcoal from New York, New Jersey, Pennsylvania
 and Maryland. Anthracite from Pennsylvania, New Jersey
 and Maryland. Bituminous from Pennsylvania, New Jersey
 and Maryland. All kinds of coal for steam engines, furnaces
 and domestic use. Also, all kinds of coal for sale by the
 ton or by the cord. **WILLIAM WILSON, Jr.**

DEATHS AND FUNERAL SERVICE.
 The undersigned, **THOMAS F. DEVOR**, has taken pos-
 session of the **MAISON MORTUAIRE**, from animals selected.

[illegible]

[illegible]

10

100

100

THE
JOURNAL
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1940



strong as grief, and the
anguish so painful, and
of curdles and the heart
of interest, meeting
are here displayed in a
society to nature, as to
and cause the reader
the mind to tear the
the
HARRY LEADER,
New York
Small for your order early
OF THE TRAILER OF THE
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NEW PUBLICATIONS

Completed with **DR.**
MAGDALEN HEPBURN.
A NOVEL.
By the author of "Zelida." Price, 6s.
The writings of this accomplished lady have attracted peculiarly in this country. The period to which she alludes, the Scottish Reformation, is a very stirring and thrilling incident in our history. The author has woven this tale in the most natural and life-like manner. The local allusions of the press have been heaped upon it. We append a few of the opinions:

As a literary work, it is of sterling merit; the language always chaste, strong and scholarly. The best critics

This is a story of Scottish history and romance, full of imagination, full of charming simplicity and good sense, of a healthy, cheerful tone. Those who have read the former works by the same author, "Zeldis," will find this with much interest.

From the *Delawarean*.

SCOTCHMAN'S NEES.
The reader will find in this work much to interest him while he reads, the story of the Reformation among Scotland's villas, hills and dales, as given by the author in a style both quaint and attractive.

From the *N. O. Delta*.

MRS. OLIPHANT has successfully rival among the female writers of the present age.

From the Richmond Dispatch.
Magdalen Hepturn is greatly superior to "Zaltee."
From the Saturday Evening Post

There is not a stain of sentimentalism or Laura Mat-
 a writing in the book.

From the Baltimore Dispatch.

Garrett, Dick & Fitzgerald have laid us under obli-
 gations for charming "Magnolia Hephern."

From the Baltimore Methodist.

... Consistent in the story stands the inflexi-
 ble form of John Knox.

From the Quebec Literary Gazette.

Any work proceeding from the pen of so talented a writer
 as the author of "Zaldee," cannot fail to create
 great expectations.

From the Cleveland Plaindealer.

We consider this one of the best productions of the

From the Fall River News.
"Maudslayi Heckburn" may justly rank with those

lamed productions of Sir Walter Scott, for the same characteristics. It is no modern "rambler-rambler," milk-and-water, "moonlight" and "ray-bower" romance, but a vigorous portrayal of Scottish life.

From the London Journal.

The authoress has availed herself with extraordinary cleverness of the telling events of the Reformation, when men began to break the fetters of a corrupt priesthood, and Knox sounded the trumpet in his native country, which Luther blew to the overthrow of the Papal Jericho in Germany.

We could quote 100 favorable notices, did space permit.

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WILL PUBLISH TO-DAY:
PLAYS AND POEMS.
BY GEORGE A. BAKER.
Two volumes, 16mo. \$2.
From the Alban.
We place Mr. Baker in the front rank of the best living poets, and above any dramatist in America.
H.
NEW YORK BY THE AUTHOR OF "LYTHERIA"
CHARICLES:
A DRAMATIC POEM.
BY JOSEPH P. QUINCY.

One Volume, 16mo. 33 cents.
From the Daily Advertiser.
The promise of "Lyteria" has been more than made

good in "Charlevoix," which will afford a genuine pleasure to all readers who can appreciate the richness of a combination of the solid and superior English language with the dignity and beauty of the Greek tragedy.

171.

SEED-GRAIN—SECOND THOUSAND.
SEED-GRAIN
FOR THOUGHT AND DISCUSSION.
COMPILED BY MISS ANNA C. LOWELL.
Two volumes.

From Prof. F. D. Huntington, D. D.
For a book of reference and re-statement, we know not half a dozen books one-half so nourishing.

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A book that is worth more of any one's money—or of any one's trouble to get it, keep it and study it—than anything which has been published since we can remember,

is just now under our delighted eye and pencil.

IV.
CHARLES READ'S NEW NOVEL.
Sixth Thousand.
"IT IS NEVER TOO LATE TO MEND."
A MATTER-OF-FACT ROMANOE
Two volumes, uniform with "Peg Wadsworth" and
"Christie Johanna."
Price 31 1/2
From the London Athenaeum.
This is the most vigorous and various novel which has
till now appeared this year. In this tale, Mr. Read
shows himself as powerful and forcible as Dickens in
"Monte Christo," and as triumphant in carrying us along

with him. It deserves, and it will have, readers by the thousand.

THE EURPEAN, will be published in New-York on Saturday, Nov. 16, and every succeeding Saturday.

Price 6 cents per copy, or \$3 per year, mailed and United States postage paid to the British North American provinces. No subscription received unless \$1 be paid in advance, and the balance to be paid at the expiration of six months.

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N. B.—This paper will not be sent to any places in the United States south of Mason and Dixon's line.

The EUROPEAN will contain all the information that can be gathered in Europe and America, of especial interest to Europeans in the United States and the inhabitants

BOOKS THAT ARE BOOKS.
Rare chances for Book-Buyers. Money saved by visiting EVANS & CO.'s Gift Book Sale.
Messrs. EVANS & CO. have just received from the New-York and Philadelphia Trade Sales, a large and splendid stock of new Standard and Popular Books, which they offer at prices that defy competition. A gift worth from 25 cents to \$1.00, delivered with each book sold. New

—DRED—for sale at \$1.50, Gift included.
THE HILLS OF THE SHATEMUC, by the author

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ton.
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THE GREAT BOOK OF THE YEAR
 WILL UNQUESTIONABLY BE
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MISS MCINTOSH'S NEW STORY,
Entitled
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OR, THE CROSS AND THE CROWN.
It is a book which will rank with "The Lamplighter."
This we consider praise enough. The community is ripe for another book as interesting and as true to nature as the story of "Little Girty." Read the touching and dramatic life of "Mollie" from the day of her rescue by the wreckers on the Jersey shore, and then say if we rank it too high.
Ready on the 20th.

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Just published by D. APPLETON & CO., Nos. 246 and 248 Broadway, New-York.

**THE THEORY AND PRACTICE OF
BANK BOOK-KEEPING
AND JOINT STOCK ACCOUNTS.**

reexamined and encased in a complete set of blank account books, printed in colors; with an original diagram to show the relation the different books bear to each other, &c.

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Circulars descriptive of this work will be forwarded to any address; or, the work will be remitted per mail free on receipt of the above address.

D. APPLETON & CO., No. 36 Broadway, New-York.

**THE COMMUNITY NEED BE NO LONGER
IN DOUBT**

In regard to the question, Who is to be the publisher of

MISS MINTOSH'S NEW BOOK,
VIOLET;
OR, THE CROSS AND THE CROWN

MESSRS. JEWETT & CO.
Announce it in our columns to-day, to be issued by them on the 20th inst. It is said to be far superior to any of her former productions, beautiful as they have been.
Miss McCLYNN holds a commanding position among American female writers; this new work will add fresh laurels to her fame.

SPLENDID FAMILY BIBLES.
THE SUBSCRIBER has just received from London a large invoice of the most beautiful and costly Bibles ever imported, to which he respectfully invites attention. They

THE BOOK OF COMMON PRAYER,
In plain and elegant binding, and a fine assortment of

standard THEOLOGICAL and MISCELLANEOUS WORKS,
suitably bound for Libraries or presents.
JUVENILES in great variety.
THEOS. (Late Stanford & Swards.)
No. 367 Broadway.

WHO GETS MARRIED? WHO GETS MARRIED?
GUESS WHO DOES
IN
WINNIE WIZMAN'S -
GREAT STORY,
THE
MAID OF EAGLE CLIFF.
IT WILL COMMENCE

IN THE
NEW-YORK SUN
ON

MONDAY NEXT.

THE PRESIDENTIAL ELECTION

Has not finally settled the question of SLAVERY,—at least so we are to make discussion useless, on the contrary to the contrary.

THE ELECTION

is now, more than ever, a subject of thought and of just apprehension. The history of our country shows its influence upon the government in all its departments; not less clearly and gravely does

MRS. STOWE'S DEED

show its effects upon religion, morals and manners. The publication has received such powerful and brilliant notice in the attention of the reading public.

PHILLIPS, SAMPSON & CO.,
No. 13 Winter-st., Boston.

MISS MCINTOSH'S NEW STORY,
VIOLET,
WILL BE PUBLISHED BY
JEWETT & CO.
NOV. 20.

**THE BUREAU OF THE
SEQUENCE AND RAKE INTER.**

NEW SONGS BY S. MARKSTEIN
15 CENTS EACH. MAILED FREE
 "The King of Old Times" "Elo's College"
 "Singing Sunday Night" "The Bible"
 "While Kissing all Alone" "Bright Summer Night"
 "Gentle" "Jennie Lee"
 "Farewell" "All the World"
 "Come to Thee, Love"

WHO
GETS MARRIED?

TAKE CHANCE—BACK NUMBERS OF THE NEW-YORK DAILY TIMES, for years 1884, 1885 and 1886, for sale. Apply at the subscription desk, this office.

the management of children, wishes to meet with a
nobleman who needs in his family the services of some
one whom he might with entire confidence commit his

WANTED—A SITUATION, BY A RESPECTABLE young woman, in a cooking, washing and ironing, or also a general housework position. She is anxious to go to short distance in the country. She can also produce the best of City references. Apply, for two days, No. 37, West 13th-st., between 5th and 6th ave.

WANTED—BY A YOUNG MAN, A TEMPORARY or permanent engagement as a mechanical draughtsman.

WANTED—A SITUATION BY A RESPECTABLE
 young woman as seamstress. Can fit children's
 dresses, understands shirt making and all kinds of sewing.

ORGANIST.—WANTED, A SITUATION FOR AN
organist in some church in Brooklyn or New York.
 Address A. E. C., Times Office.

HELP WANTED.

WANTED—AN EXPERIENCED BOOK-KEEPER
 to take the full charge of the books of a plumbing
 and gas-fitting establishment. The holder of the
 position must be a thoroughly reliable person.

WANTED—AN EXPERIENCED NURSE AND
seamstress; must be a Protestant accustomed to
the care of children with unexceptionable references.

**OTIS LIGHTNING ROD CO., NO. 348
BROADWAY**—Wanted, agents to sell rights of this
Patent Lightning Conductors. \$2000 security required.
Large inducements offered.

TEACHERS.

A GENTLEMAN WHO HAS TWO OR
three leisure hours each day, wishes to employ that
number in teaching in a private family in this City. Is a
graduate, and can teach English or the Classics. Refer-
ences furnished. Address J. W., Times Office.

quare Post-Office, stating qualifications, salary expected,
cc.

DANCING.

A. DODWORTH'S DANCING ACADEMY.
No. 806 BROADWAY, NEW-YORK.
No. 107 West 14th Street, BROOKLYN.

New-York classes on **WEDNESDAYS** and **SATURDAYS**. Brooklyn classes on **TUESDAYS** and **FRIDAYS**, at 3 and 4 P. M. for ladies and children, at 8 P. M. for gentlemen. Ladies' private class at 2 P. M. Female class can commence at any time during the season. Circular containing terms, and full particulars, sent free of either of the ladies. The usual advice will be given.

MR. DODWORTH would like mention to secure his

DANCING SCHOOL AT NO. 54 EAST THIRTEENTH STREET WEST OF BROAD

A. DODWORTH'S BROOKLYN DANCING ACADEMY—NEW CLASSES ON MONDAY AND SATURDAY—in consequence of the great number of pupils entering, and to attract property to all who may apply, arrangements have been made to form classes for children on Mondays, at 4 P. M., and on Saturdays, at 10 A. M. Commencing on SATURDAY, Nov. 22. Early application is earnestly requested.

BILLIARD TABLES.

Chambers-st., and No. 58 Ann-st.
Second edition now ready:
THE GAME OF BILLIARDS. By M. PEARSON.

BE PROUDLY at New York.

REBBI! DON'T CRUMBLE ABOUT ME! GO TO YOUR OLD FRIEND HOLMES, No. 222 B'way, between 42nd & 43rd. He is pulling me on, for one shilling.

LEGAL NOTICES

[illegible]

New-York, Oct. 23, 1904. ATTY.
The summons and complaint in this
to the office of the Clerk of the City and
New York Oct. 23, 1904.
ccs-lawyers' FRANCIS BIRN

SUPERIOR COURT, PATENT
Plaintiff, **MARTIN RAFFERTY,**
vs.
defendant above named—Sirs: You are hereby
to answer the complaint in this case, which is
with the Clerk of the above entitled Court,
Hall of the City of New-York, and serve a copy
on me at my abode at No. 100 West 10th
St., at the corner of the City of New-York,
Peckman street, in the City of New-York, ten
days after the service thereof, exclusive of the day of
perforance; and if you fail to answer the complaint as re-
quired, the plaintiff will take such action as he may
deem proper, to wit: to recover the sum of one
hundred and eighty-nine dollars and thirty cents
with interest from the 22d day of September, 1904, to the
date of this summons, and the costs of this action.
1904.

FRANCIS BIRN, Plaintiff's Attorney.
The said complaint was filed at the
day of October, 1904. J. B. BIRN, ATTY.

NOTICE TO THE CREDITORS OF GEORGE BURDETTE, late of the town of Sullivan, in the County of Greene, in the State of New York, deceased, who has been appointed Surrogate of the County of Greene, notice is hereby given to all persons who have claims against you for the first day of February, 1888, to present the same to the said Surrogate, at the office of the said Surrogate, in the town of Sullivan, in the County of Greene, New York, on or before the 14th day of November, 1888.

HILLBURY, late of the town of **Barnes**, in said county of **Westchester**, deceased, that they are required to exhibit the same to the vouchers thereof, at the town of **Barnes**, in said county of **Westchester**, at his office in the town of **Barnes**, in the County of **Westchester**, on or before the 30th day of March next. Dated Sept. 30, 1884.

MORIS TAGGART, Administrator.
ADOLPHINE M. HILLBURY, Administratrix.
627-law38

IN PURSUANCE OF AN ORDER OF ROSEMAN DAWSON, Esq., Surrogate of the County of Kings, notice is hereby given that the same to all persons having claims against ISRAEL S. SCUDDER, one of the elty of Brooklyn, deceased, that they are required to exhibit the same to the vouchers thereof, at his office, as the administrator, at the town of **FLA MINGHAM, No. 51 Nassau-st., in the City of **New York**, on or before the eleventh day of May next.**

CATHERINE H. SCUDDER, Administratrix.
611-law 625

IN PURSUANCE OF AN ORDER OF THE
Surrogate of the County of New York, notice is hereby given to all persons having claims against MORTIMER

JACKIE, late of the City of New York, deceased, and
the estate of the same, by **DAVID K. JARVIS**, of the City of New York, at the store of **EDWIN TRYON, JR.**, and **CHARLES H. JARVIS**, of the City of New York, at the City of New York, on the 14th day of November, next: **Dated New York, May 14, 1914.**
MARY ANN JARVIS, Administratrix.
my17-law7ms **P. F. LOUIS**, Administrator.

IN PURSUANCE OF AN ORDER OF LORD
MAINE DAWSON, Esq., Surrogate of the County of Kings, notice is hereby given, according to law, to all persons having claims against the estate of **JOHN J. KING**, late of the City of Brooklyn, deceased, that they are required to exhibit the same, with the vouchers therefor, to the undersigned, at the City of New York, on or before the 15th day of April next: **Dated Oct. 17, 1913.**
014-law7ms **PETER KAUFF**, Administrator.

WATCHES AND JEWELRY.
MINIATURES ON JEWELRY. **FRANKLIN**
tion of the American public is respectfully invited to
LOUIS SCHNEIDER's miniature company and jewelry
City, New York.

[illegible][illegible]

DEPOT
of the celebrated
ALEXANDER OSGANG,
N. O. EIDEE-ST.
A full assortment of these instruments are offered for
sale, on the most favorable terms of trade.
A. BERNARD,
Also, Busoni's Accordeons, Violon Strings, &c., &c.

CHAMBERS' PIANO-FORTE.
NO. 328 BROADWAY NEAR FIFTH-ST.
Warranted in every respect. For sale and to hire.
T. H. CHAMBERS, NO. 328 Broadway.

A BEAUTIFUL ROSEWOOD 7-8-OCTAVE
PIANO FOR SALE AT 245-FRONT-ST.
4 days old. It has been used but 2 or 3 times and is not
needed where. Has no further use for the present, as it
was made to order for a friend of mine.
MUNGER'S, NO. 245 Broadway, between the houses of
o'clock A. M., and o'clock P. M., where can be seen
the other pianos, and a large variety of Violon's,
Prinze's, and other Melodions, all of which are for sale
on the most reasonable terms. Pianos and melodions to let.

GREAT IMPROVEMENT IN PIANOS.
Messrs. J. & W. G. Thompson, Ltd.,
No. 41 Broome-st., respectfully invite attention to their
Pianofortes, constructed with the patent-sprung mechanism,
which is undoubtedly the most perfect model hitherto
ever introduced into this instrument.

**A FULL ASSORTMENT OF NEW Y-40
Pianos.** First-class Boston Pianos, with grand and
upright cases, for rent, at 1000 Broadway, at
if purchased. Second-hand pianos, made and sold here
on terms for sale or rent. New pianos at great bargains
for cash.
E. W. 37 Broadway.

**BARGAINS—ONE SOLIAN PIANO, MADE BY
B. T. Gilbert, in good order, which was sold for \$100;
reverted recently to the original owner, who is now
French harpsichord and several violas, in good order,
for only 50 cents. A few pianos, including one harp
and one, and piano, at 1000 Broadway.
E. W. 37 Broadway.**

**GREAT BARGAINS IN NEW AND SEC-
OND-HAND PIANOS.—**First-class grand and upright
pianos, at 1000 Broadway, at 1000 Broadway, at 1000 Broadway.

[illegible]

BUILDING MATERIALS
ENCASED TIRES FOR VEHICLES
 Chain, Spacing, Spring, Grease,
 Grease, Oil, Lubricating, Grease, Grease, Grease, Grease,
 MILLER & COATES, No. 275 East 4th, New York

the University of the Western States
which was incorporated on Friday morning
of the month of the State Unity (Dr. CLEVELAND, the
University. The building was crowded with the
portable evidence, the majority of whom had
worthy of Second Hand was in addition. Mr.
O. CRAWFORD then read, commencing the proceedings
with an address on the subject of the University.
O. CRAWFORD then read an essay on the subject of
and example of MARTIN LUTHER. A very
may on "Political Parties" and delivered by Dr.
W. H. STEVENSON, which, at that time, attracted
its auditors. Mr. CHARLES T. BROWN, then the
the fine theme of "Good and Evil" in
in which he cast a long, glowing, glowing light
he time-honored theme of "Good and Evil" in
J. JONES followed in an essay on "Truth" and
Dr. DONALDSON read some pleasing extracts from the
of the Central of the Union.

Mr. LEWIS BRACH was the poet of the occasion.
His poem, which related to the Irving Library Union,
was well conceived, well delivered, and much ap-
preciated. It was a very clever and original

Pay your Workers Liberally and Save Money

To the Editor of *The New York Daily Times*:

I had a man in my employment for years whose business it was to ship freight and deliver goods. He worked for nine dollars a week; he was sober, had never made a mistake in his business transactions, and was satisfied. He asked for \$18 a week; I was economical (over the left), and would not give it; he quit. I got another man, and in the course of eight weeks he had made wrong shipments that cost me \$250, run down a hundred cart-loads of goods that cost \$200, run out of a stage and broke the cart to repair which cost me \$15, and lost from his care packages of breadstuffs that cost me \$30. This gentleman, a specimen of my business economy. Hereafter I will pay my men good wages and will save money by it.

AN OLD SUBSCRIBER.
 The proprietor of a residence in Twenty-third-street sends us a letter of complaint against the Manhattan Gas-Light Company. He paid his bill for gas in the early part of last week, and was given a receipt, which he supposed would guard him against all further trouble on the subject. Last week

over, while he was absent from home, and that the female members of the family, in consequence of the employe of the Company presenting himself, insisted upon the immediate payment of the wages, and some cents more than his original bill amounted to, and when this was refused, he said his intention to remove the metre. The foreman told of the Company was shown him, but he did not come.

nothing to the case," and prepared a letter which was written an order for the removal of the amount unless the extra amount was paid. In addition to the repayment of what was already paid the company was accordingly taken care. The company's office, on learning this, went to the office of the Company, in Irving Place, New York, and secured, in the quietest terms, the return of the

It was a mistake on the part of the man, who was sent back and the gas turned on again. He explained what the order was, and after all this trouble—the loss of time and the gentleman of the house who was in business hours—everything got made right. The estimation of the Company, by the way, was that it was a mistake. It was a mistake.

It is a curious fact, and one which has struck every man who has much to do in the courts—that certain men very often come upon the jury. So common is this that the best known in the streets as "jury men" are true, these stand-bys are called "jury men."

—Jurymen's pay in the United States is \$3 a day, but sharp men who look over their shoulders at the Marshal as talisman, process or other to us not quite explained in these Courts look a good deal too much to inspire a stranger with the modest confidence in their findings and manner of the County Clerk look sharp enough to make a man.

much better than that.

✶ The Convancers met on Saturday and devoted some hours to the consideration of questions from the nine districts of the State West, which on "turned out correct, with no dissent" and adjourned until Monday.

Methodist Mission.

The General Missionary Committee of the

Methodist Episcopal Church held its annual conference in this city, during Wednesday, Thursday and Friday, concluding their conference at 9 1/2 o'clock last evening. The General Committee consists of:

Revs. N. E. J. Morgan, of Baltimore; L. Crowell, of New-England; Wm. Meddy, of Western New-York; Dr. J. Trimble, of Ohio; J. L. Smith, of Indiana; Hooper Cress, of Illinois; Wm. R. Gorman, of Kansas and Nebraska; Dr. Durbin, Corresponding secretary, and Thomas Carlson, Treasurer.

The last session of the General Conference authorized the Conferences in the Pacific to be represented by proxy in the General Missionary Conference. For that purpose, D. L. Rosa, Esq. of New-York, was chosen by California, and Mr. FLEMING MAIR for Oregon.

The Committee on the part of the Board of Managers of the Missionary Society, consisted of Rev. Dr. FLOY, Rev. H. BANGE, Rev. W. H. PARK, Messrs. W. B. SKIDMORE, M. F. ODELL, Wm. TRULOV, and H.

The above, with the Bishops of the Church, viz.: Bishops Waugh, Baltimore; Moore, Cincinnati; Ames, New-York; Scott, Wilmington; Simpson, Pittsburg; Ames, Indianapolis; and Baker of New-England, constitute the Conference of Bishops.

All were present except Bishop Ransom, who was holding the Annual Conference in Kansas. After due deliberation, the Board thus constituted made the appropriations for the support of the Foreign and Do-

FOR THE FOREIGN MISSIONS.		
Africa.....	\$37,775	Central America..... \$2,000
Asia.....	10,000	India..... 7,500
France.....	5,000	Turkey, (Bulgaria)..... 5,000
Germany.....	10,000	Norway, Sweden and
South America.....	8,500	Denmark..... 3,000
Total.....		\$75,775
FOR THE DOMESTIC MISSIONS.		

I.	The German population.....	\$45,000
II.	Foreign populations other than German—	
1.	The French.....	1,100
2.	The Welsh.....	3,000
3.	The Scandinavians.....	10,000
II.	The Indian Missions.....	10,000
V.	The Domestic Missions through the States and Territories, embraced in the forty-five different Conferences.....	\$5,100
The entire appropriation is \$73,100, which includes		

The constitution of the Missionary Society requires that, when the appropriations have been made by the General Committee, the Board of Managers shall meet to review the action of the Committee. That meeting was held last evening, Rev. Bishop Warren presiding. The report of the proceedings of the General Committee was read and finally unanimously approved. There was a disposition manifested by some mem-

After an appropriate address from the venerable senior Bishop, WAUGH, the Board adjourned.—*Commercial Advertiser.*

light into Ward's Hotel, at Bellevue Garden, foot of
Eighty-sixth-street, by cutting an opening through
one of the drawing-room shutters, and took with
them a desk, which they forced open in the garden
and appropriated about \$30 in bills and small change,
which they found therein. The rest of the contents,
consisting of hooks and papers, they scattered about
the grounds. The thieves were evidently disap-
pointed. Had they operated a night earlier they
could have made a grand haul, as Mr. Wayne had

The morning previous removed a considerable quantity of money from the desk alluded to. The thieves are not known, but were evidently acquainted with the premises.

CAPTURE OF A BOY NERGLER.

A boy calling himself JAMES KROGHER was arrested on Friday morning charged with burglary, upon the house of PHILIP BERGLER, No. 1111 of Lewis street, from which he stole brass and copper to the value of \$35. It appears that the accused was a man

are seen by one of the witnesses. When taken with a grip upon each of the boys, moving hurriedly through Cannon street, the officer in command, when they dropped the shot and ran. The men escaped, but the boy was arrested and returned the officer asked the property had been obtained. He was picked up by Justice Weiss for examination.

Thereafter, she, at her residence, No. 4 Birmingham, was holding her threat with a knife. She was immediately conveyed to the Seventh Ward Dispensary, where a Surgeon was procured, who treated the wound, and is of the opinion that she will recover.

[illegible][illegible]

Western Pork Trade.

The Cincinnati Price Current of the 12th inst. says: The weather, though cool and frosty the last few days, and favorable for several days, has not yet, in the minds of packers, assumed that settled temperature which is desirable to justify full and general operations. The packers of the West, and those of the Freyerish union, are still more unfavorable to a very general want of confidence on the part of the trade, and are inclined to wait until they make any engagements look now with reference to the future. The number of hogs which have as yet arrived in the city is small, and the indications are that the arrivals will be heavy, as the Hogs are already very fat, and the present current rates for Pork renders the business very profitable. The season for the sale of it is presumed there will be a strong disposition to dispose of Hogs as soon as possible. These reasons are sufficient to induce the packers to keep their stock as net soon as free from speculation, or speculative demand at this season; for several reasons. In Louisville we notice Hogs are selling for \$1.00, and in St. Louis for \$1.00, private lots. From New Orleans and St. Louis, we learn that the stock of meat in the latter place is equal to 4,000 Hogs, and the former for 3,000. It is probable that the stock in this city and Louisville, and at several other points in the interior,

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Monday	May 12	1958	Wednesday	May 14	1958
Tuesday	May 13	1958	Thursday	May 15	1958
Wednesday	May 14	1958	Friday	May 16	1958
Thursday	May 15	1958	Saturday	May 17	1958
Friday	May 16	1958	Sunday	May 18	1958
Saturday	May 17	1958	Monday	May 19	1958
Sunday	May 18	1958	Tuesday	May 20	1958
Monday	May 19	1958	Wednesday	May 21	1958
Tuesday	May 20	1958	Thursday	May 22	1958
Wednesday	May 21	1958	Friday	May 23	1958
Thursday	May 22	1958	Saturday	May 24	1958
Friday	May 23	1958	Sunday	May 25	1958
Saturday	May 24	1958	Monday	May 26	1958
Sunday	May 25	1958	Tuesday	May 27	1958
Monday	May 26	1958	Wednesday	May 28	1958
Tuesday	May 27	1958	Thursday	May 29	1958
Wednesday	May 28	1958	Friday	May 30	1958
Thursday	May 29	1958	Saturday	May 31	1958
Friday	May 30	1958	Sunday	June 1	1958
Saturday	May 31	1958	Monday	June 2	1958
Sunday	June 1	1958	Tuesday	June 3	1958
Monday	June 2	1958	Wednesday	June 4	1958
Tuesday	June 3	1958	Thursday	June 5	1958
Wednesday	June 4	1958	Friday	June 6	1958
Thursday	June 5	1958	Saturday	June 7	1958
Friday	June 6	1958	Sunday	June 8	1958
Saturday	June 7	1958	Monday	June 9	1958
Sunday	June 8	1958	Tuesday	June 10	1958
Monday	June 9	1958	Wednesday	June 11	1958
Tuesday	June 10	1958	Thursday	June 12	1958
Wednesday	June 11	1958	Friday	June 13	1958
Thursday	June 12	1958	Saturday	June 14	1958
Friday	June 13	1958	Sunday	June 15	1958
Saturday	June 14	1958	Monday	June 16	1958
Sunday	June 15	1958	Tuesday	June 17	1958
Monday	June 16	1958	Wednesday	June 18	1958
Tuesday	June 17	1958	Thursday	June 19	1958
Wednesday	June 18	1958	Friday	June 20	1958
Thursday	June 19	1958	Saturday	June 21	1958
Friday	June 20	1958	Sunday	June 22	1958
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Sunday	June 22	1958	Tuesday	June 24	1958
Monday	June 23	1958	Wednesday	June 25	1958
Tuesday	June 24	1958	Thursday	June 26	1958
Wednesday	June 25	1958	Friday	June 27	1958
Thursday	June 26	1958	Saturday	June 28	1958
Friday	June 27	1958	Sunday	June 29	1958
Saturday	June 28	1958	Monday	June 30	1958
Sunday	June 29	1958	Tuesday	July 1	1958
Monday	June 30	1958	Wednesday	July 2	1958
Tuesday	July 1	1958	Thursday	July 3	1958
Wednesday	July 2	1958	Friday	July 4	1958
Thursday	July 3	1958	Saturday	July 5	1958
Friday	July 4	1958	Sunday	July 6	1958
Saturday	July 5	1958	Monday	July 7	1958
Sunday	July 6	1958	Tuesday	July 8	1958
Monday	July 7	1958	Wednesday	July 9	1958
Tuesday	July 8	1958	Thursday	July 10	1958
Wednesday	July 9	1958	Friday	July 11	1958
Thursday	July 10	1958	Saturday	July 12	1958
Friday	July 11	1958	Sunday	July 13	1958
Saturday	July 12	1958	Monday	July 14	1958
Sunday	July 13	1958	Tuesday	July 15	1958
Monday	July 14	1958	Wednesday	July 16	1958
Tuesday	July 15	1958	Thursday	July 17	1958
Wednesday	July 16	1958	Friday	July 18	1958
Thursday	July 17	1958	Saturday	July 19	1958
Friday	July 18	1958	Sunday		

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PANCA, Capt. EMMETT, EUROPA Capt. J. W. WILSON.
 These two ships are expected to arrive at New York
 green on starboard bow, red on port bow.
 NIAGARA, Wickham, leave Boston, Wednesday, Oct. 22.
 ARABIA, Stone, leave New York, Wednesday, Oct. 23.
 ARABIA, Stone, leave New York, Wednesday, Oct. 23.
 ASIA, Lott, leave New York..... Wednesday, Nov. 12.
 CANADA, Lang, leave Boston..... Wednesday, Nov. 12.
 EUROPE, Lott, leave New York, Wednesday, Nov. 12.
 NIAGARA, Wickham, leave New York, Wednesday, Nov. 12.
 ARABIA, Stone, leave New York, Wednesday, Nov. 12.
 PERSIA, Judkins, leave New York, Wednesday, Oct. 23.
 ARABIA, Stone, leave Boston..... Wednesday, Nov. 12.
 AFRICA, Shannon, leave New York, Wednesday, Nov. 12.
 Perth, secured until paid for. An experiment was
 begun on board.
 The owners of these ships will not be accountable for
 gold, silver, bullion, specie, jewelry, precious stones or
 valuable papers, unless they are signed therefor, and the
 value therein expressed.

For freight or passage, apply to
E. OUNARD, No. 4 Bowling Green.

STEAM BETWEEN NEW YORK AND
GLASGOW:
 KIDNIBURG, 1800 tons, Wm. Cuthbert, Commander,
 NEW YORK, 1150 tons, Edw. Crake, Commander,
 GLASGOW, 1150 tons, John Dwyer, Commander.
 The Glasgow and New-York Steamship Company
 intend sailing their new and powerful steamers from New-
 York for Glasgow on the following dates:
 EDINBURGH, Saturday, 16th November, 11 o'clock A.
 NEW YORK, Saturday, 26th November, at 12 o'clock A.
 GLASGOW, Saturday, 6th December, at 12 o'clock A.

First-class, 60s; third-class, with cooked provisions, 50s.
 An experienced Surgeon attached to each steamer.
 For freight or passage, apply to **J. MacARTHUR.**

New-York City bills or gold only received for passage.

FOR SOUTHEASTERN AND HAVEN.—The United States Mail Steamer **FULTON**, J. A. WOOD, Commandant, will leave for Haven, touching at New York, New Haven, and New Bedford, on SATURDAY, Nov. 17, at 10 o'clock, from pier No. 30, North River, foot of Beach-st.

First Cabin.....\$125
Second Cabin.....75

This ship has five water-tight compartments including the engine, so that in the event of collision or stranding the water could not reach them, and the passengers being free to take the safety of the vessel and passengers would be secured.

Baggage not wanted during the voyage should be sent on board the day before sailing, marked "below." Fur.

MORTIMER LIVINGSTON, Agent, No. 22 Broadway.
STRAIM TO GLASGOW—ANCHOR LINE
STRAIM PACKET SHIPS
UNITED KINGDOM, 2,000 tons, ———— Commander.
JOHN BELL, 1,500 tons, JAC. ARKADIAN, Commander.
THE FAST, 1,500 tons, JOHN HARRISON, Commander.
 Flitted with a steamer to the conference, accompani-
 cation of all classes of passengers.
 The splendid Clyde built Iron Screw Steamship **TEM-
 PER** is intended to sail with goods and passengers di-
 rect to Glasgow, North River Glasgow, on **WED-
 NESDAY, Nov. 18.**
 First Cabin passage.....\$0 (Steerage).....**3c**
 Second Cabin passage.....**25c**
 And taken in a liberal supply of well-cooked provisions.
 An experienced surgeon is attached to each ship.
 For freight or passage—Apply to
W. F. DONALD & CO.

No. 57 Broad-st. corner South William.

NEW-YORK AND LIVERPOOL & MAIL STEAMSHIPS—FOR LIVERPOOL—The United States Mail Steamship **BALTIC**, **JOSEPH J. CONROCK** Commander, will depart with the United States mail for Europe, positively, on **SATURDAY, Nov. 23, at 12 o'clock**. It is from her that the fastest of Great Britain's liners of this line have improved water-tight bulkheads. For freight or passage, having unequalled accommodations for elegance and comfort, apply to

EDWARD S. COLLINS, No. 57 Wall-st.

Passengers are requested to be on board at 11 o'clock. All letters must pass through the Post-Office—any others will be returned.

The rate of freight from Liverpool to New-York is reduced to Four Pounds per ton measurement, until further notice.

STEAMER FOR SOUTHAMPTON AND ANTWERP.—The new iron screw steamship BELLAQUE, Captain A. Tack, will leave for Antwerp, stopping at Southampton, on TUESDAY, Nov. 8, from 8 P. M. to North River.

RATES OF PASSAGE.—In First Cabin, \$75; in Second Cabin, \$50; in Stowage, \$25.

For Freight or Passage apply to
AUGUST BELMONT, No. 1 Hanover-st.

THE STEAMER FULTON, FOR SOUTHAMPTON AND HAVRE, is unavoidably detained, and will not sail until MONDAY, 17th inst., at 12 o'clock.

FOR CALIFORNIA.

FOR CALIFORNIA—NEW-YORK AND SAN FRANCISCO.

GUA—SHORTEST ROUTE 700 MILES. PRICES GREATLY REDUCED.—The new and improved steamship TIGLAR, 6,800 tons, will sail from New York to GUAYMAS, PUEBLO, and SAN FRANCISCO, CALIF., on SATURDAY, Nov. 23, 1902, at 6 o'clock P. M., to connect with the steamer ORIZABA, from San Juan del Sur, on the Pacific, for San Francisco. Passengers will be carried at the lowest and cheapest rates. 50 pounds baggage allowed each passenger; 20 cents per pound on excess.

RATES OF PASSAGE FROM NEW YORK.

TO SAN FRANCISCO,	TO SAN JUAN DEL NORTE.
Inclusive of Freight.....	First Cabin.....
First Cabin.....	Second Cabin.....
Second Cabin.....	Stowage.....
Stowage.....	

For freight or passage apply to
CHARLES MORGAN & SONS,

California.—NOTICE.—THE STEAMER TEXAS will sail on SATURDAY, Nov. 2, at 2 o'clock P. M., from foot of Beach-st., North River, instead of 24th inn, as advertised.
CHARLES MORGAN & SONS, No. 1 Bowling Green.

LEGAL NOTICES.

SUPREME COURT.—DANIEL HOPKINS, Plaintiff, against LUCIUS CADY, Defendant.—Summons.—To LUCIUS CADY: You are hereby summoned and required to answer the complaint in this action, which is filed in the office of the Clerk of the City and County of New-York, at the New-York City Hall, and to serve a copy of your answer to the said complaint on the undersigned.

Petition at New York within twenty days after the service of this summons on you, exclusive of the day of such service; and if you fail to answer the said complaint within the time so specified, the plaintiff reserves the right to take judgment against you for the sum of three hundred and five dollars and thirteen cents, with interest from the 11th day of September, 1964, besides the costs of this action.—Dated New York, Aug. 16, 1964.

	E. W. & G. F. CHESTER,
	Plaintiff's Attorneys.
Above defendant will take no plea to the said complaint as filed as above on the 11th day of September, 1964.	
	E. W. & G. F. CHESTER,
	Defendant's Attorneys.

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SUPREME COURT, COUNTY OF KINGS.
PETER A. DELMONICO against **BERNARD DELMONICO**.
TENS.—Summons to answer the complaint in this action on or before the 11th day of September 1964.

action, which will be filed in the office of the Clerk of the County of Kings, at the City Hall and the City of Brooklyn, on the 15th day of September, 1884, and to serve a copy on the defendant, to the said complaint on the said plaintiff, at their office, No. 8 Wall st., in the City of New-York, within twenty days after the service of the said summons on you, exclusive of the day of such service, and on failure to do so, to answer to the said complaint within the time so said, the plaintiff in this action will apply to the Court for the relief demanded in the said complaint.

THE ASSOCIATED PRESS.

18, 1884.

C. J. JEWETT

IN PURSUANCE OF AN ORDER OF THE COURT

IR. DAWSON, Esq., Clerk of the Court of the County of Kings, hereby gives notice to hereby give notice to the defendant, to answer to the said complaint on the said plaintiff, at their office, No. 8 Wall st., in the City of New-York, within twenty days after the service of the said summons on you, exclusive of the day of such service, and on failure to do so, to answer to the said complaint within the time so said, the plaintiff in this action will apply to the Court for the relief demanded in the said complaint.

THE ASSOCIATED PRESS.

18, 1884.

C. J. JEWETT

executor, at his office, No. 21 Nassau Street, in the City of New-York, on or before the 1st instant, to-wit: Tuesday next.—
Dated May 31, 1864.

ELIZABETH STONER, Executrix.
HUMPHREY STONER, Executor.

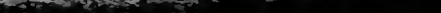
JOSEPH J. LADD, Clerk.

IN PURSUANCE OF AN ORDER OF the Surrogate of the County of New-York, passed in and to the effect that the said ELIZABETH STONER, Executrix, do give to all persons having claims against DEWITT HYDER, late of the City of New-York, Insolvent, deceased, in several the same, with vouchers thereon, to the undersigned, at the office of JAMES MOGAT, Esq., No. 23 Chambers-st., in the City of New-York, from the 1st day of January, 1864, to the 1st day of May, 1864.

LOUISA HYDE, Administrator.

JOSEPH J. LADD, Clerk.





List of Americans
Registered at the Building Store of the American-
European Express and Shipping Company, Paris,
from Oct. 26 to Oct. 30, 1901:
Charles A. Lee, Gustav H. Leeds, John B. Law-
rence, E. F. Sanderson and family, Geo. Ben. J. F.
Delaplaine, A. French, J. R. Williams, W. C. A. R.
Braddon, Dr. Moses P. F. F. J. B. J. B. J. B.
J. Greenwald, J. J. J. J. J. J. J. J. J. J. J. J. J.
York, J. R. Lambie, R. F. F. F. F. F. F. F. F. F.
Levie, B. B. Alden and family, of Boston, Mass.,
Hartshorn and family, M. R. J. J. J. J. J. J. J. J. J.
Island, W. E. Johnston, of Ohio, L. F. F. F. F. F. F. F.
and lady, of California, George F. Adams, C. C. Crocker,

The second volume of OLSEN'S *Commentaries on the New Testament*, embodying all of EBERHARD'S valuable additions, and carefully revised and edited by Professor KENNEDY, of the University of Rochester, is to be published in a few days by SHELTON & BLAKEMAN, of New-York.

day, the wind falling and sea running down some, about 4 o'clock we launched the boat with considerable difficulty, owing to our exhausted state. Eight persons got into the boat, and landed one mile and a half distant on the beach. DAVIS and two others re-

We have been requested to state that the child of Mr. FRANKLIN BASSFORD fortunately was not, as first reported, with its parents, on board the *Lycnna*.

The American crew that recently arrived at Hamilton in distress, in the Dutch brig DeSager, were sick and taken out to Bermuda, where they would fulfill the term of their sentence.

ton in distress, which appeared among them on their passage. The Governor and Council have had the circumstance under consideration. The *Bermudez*, of Nov. 8, says, The crew of the lost American vessel *Obern*, mentioned in our last, are occupying the houses at the Cape of Horn, and are awaiting the arrival of Capt. JOSEPH WILSON (the master of the *Obern*) died on Friday last, of resolute fever from which he suffered for many days. He was a native of Bremen, State of Maine, U. S.

In the Vermont House of Representatives on Monday, a vote was taken the day observance of the Bunker's law was passed by a third reading. Ayes 130; nays 60.

CITY BANK - 1896	
Balance at end of last year, for the week	
Assets of the Bank:	
Average amount of Deposits.....	\$1,240,785 50
Average amount of Loans.....	1,000,000 00
Average amount of Circulation.....	20,000 00
Average amount of Cash.....	1,000,000 00
City of New York, N. Y., Jan'y 1st, 1896.	
Cashier of the CITY BANK, being fully sworn and say, that the above statement correctly represents my knowledge and belief of the condition of the City Bank, as of the date Sworn before me, the 17th day of November, 1896. Notary Public for the County of New York.	

THE F. & O. E. AMERICAN EXCHANGE BANK and say: that the above statement is true and correct to the best of my knowledge and belief. F. M. OAKLEY, Cashier. Cashier of the City of New York, Nov. 15, 1884.		STATEMENT OF THE CONTINENTAL BANK of the City of New York, as required by Chapter 185, Laws of 1883, for the week ending Saturday, Nov. 15, 1884.	
Average amount of Loans and Discounts	\$2,000,070 34	Average amount of Loans and Discounts	\$2,000,070 34
Average amount of Specie	267,294 34	Average amount of Specie	267,294 34
Average amount of Cash	1,000,000 00	Average amount of Cash	1,000,000 00
Average amount of Deposits	2,000,000 00	Average amount of Deposits	2,000,000 00
THE ARTISANS' BANK of the City of New York, as required by Chapter 185, Laws of 1883, for the week ending Saturday, Nov. 15, 1884:		City and County of New York.—J. H. WARRICK, Cashier of the City of New York, Nov. 15, 1884. and say: that the above statement is true and correct to the best of my knowledge and belief.	
Loans and Discounts	\$653,007 38	Sworn before me, this 17th day of November, 1884.	
	48,737 35		
	74,554 50		
	52,171 85		
	30,574 85		

W. S. & C. GRAY T. LEAKE, Cashier, THE COIN EXCHANGE BANK, Building No. 100, Second Street, Baltimore, Md. The statement is correct, to the best of our knowledge and belief.	
Given under our hands and seals, this 17th day of November, 1886.	STATEMENT OF THE COIN EXCHANGE BANK—As required by Chapter 280, Laws of 1883, for the week ending Saturday, November 13, 1886.
Witness my hand and seal, this 17th day of November, 1886.	Average amount of Loans and Discounts..... \$1,556,702 00
Given under my hand and seal, this 17th day of November, 1886.	Average amount of Cash and Cash Items..... 179,378 00
Witness my hand and seal, this 17th day of November, 1886.	Average amount of Circulation..... 1,778,000 00
Witness my hand and seal, this 17th day of November, 1886.	Average amount of Deposits..... 1,100,351 46
Witness my hand and seal, this 17th day of November, 1886.	Average amount of United States Bonds, U. S. A. Treasury Notes, and other Government Securities..... 1,000,000 00
Witness my hand and seal, this 17th day of November, 1886.	Cashier of the COIN EXCHANGE BANK, J. F. A. PLATT, do hereby certify that the above statement is correct, to the best of my knowledge and belief.
Witness my hand and seal, this 17th day of November, 1886.	Given before me, this 17th day of November, 1886.

STATEMENT OF THE BANK OF AMERICA In and for the City and County of New York, City and County of New York, for the week ending on the 17th day of November, 1886.		STATEMENT OF THE EAST RIVER BANK In and for the City and County of New York, City and County of New York, for the week ending on the 17th day of November, 1886.	
Average amount of Loans and Discounts	\$48,548.50	Average amount of Loans and Discounts	\$48,548.50
Average amount of Circulating Notes of Issue	71,181.13	Average amount of Circulating Notes of Issue	71,181.13
Average amount of Deposits	115,369.00	Average amount of Deposits	115,369.00
City and County of New York, Wm. B. BALLOW, Cashier of the BANK OF AMERICA, do hereby depose and say that the above statement is correct, to the best of my knowledge and belief.		City and County of New York, Wm. B. BALLOW, Cashier of the EAST RIVER BANK, do hereby depose and say that the above statement is correct, to the best of my knowledge and belief.	
Sworn before me this 17th day of November, 1886.		Sworn before me this 17th day of November, 1886.	

STATEMENT OF THE BANK OF AMERICA, INC. City and County of New York, at the City of New York, this 17th day of November, 1966. I, WILLIAM J. BAKER, Cashier of the BANK OF AMERICA, INC., being duly sworn, depose and say that the above statement is correct, to the best of my knowledge and belief, and that I am a duly authorized officer of the Bank. Subscribed before me, this 17th day of November, 1966. N. C. EYEWERT, Commissioner of Deeds.		STATEMENT OF THE FULTON BANK, INC. In the City of New York.—As required by Chapter 250, Laws of 1966, for the week ending Saturday, November 19, 1966. Average amount of Loans and Discounts..... \$1,460,937.01 Average amount of Specie..... 132,654.93 Average amount of Circulation..... 118,779.00 Average amount of United States Government Securities..... 1,000.00 City and County of New York, at New York, this 17th day of November, 1966. I, WILLIAM J. BAKER, Cashier of the FULTON BANK, INC., being duly sworn, depose and say that the above statement is correct, according to the best of my knowledge and belief, and that I am a duly authorized officer of the Bank. Subscribed before me, this 17th day of November, 1966. N. C. EYEWERT, Commissioner of Deeds.
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City and County of New York, ss.—I, HENRY F. VAIL, Cashier of the BANK OF COMMERCE IN NEW YORK, do hereby swear, deponent knows the foregoing statement is correct.	E. FRANCIS COREY, Jr., Commissioner of Deeds.
Subscribed and sworn to before me this 17th day of November, 1893.	
N. C. EVERETT, Commissioner of Deeds.	
STATEMENT OF THE GREENWICH BANK Chapter 12 of the City of NEW-YORK.—As required by Chapter 12 of the Laws of 1893, for the week ending Saturday, Nov. 13, 1893:	
Average amount of Loans and Discounts.....	\$780,000.00
Average amount of Specie.....	53,438.67
Average amount of United States Bonds.....	179,000.00
Average amount of Deposits.....	589,416.50
City and County of New York, ss.—I, WILLIAM HAWES, Cashier of the GREENWICH BANK, do hereby swear, deponent knows the foregoing statement is correct.	
Subscribed and sworn to before me this 13th day of November, 1893.	
WILLIAM HAWES, Cashier.	

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only sworn, deposes and say, that the above statement is correct, to the best of my knowledge and belief. Sworn before me, this 17th day of November, 1886. ROY C. CONNOR, Commissioner of Prisons.		THOMAS L. TAYLOR, Cashier. Sworn before me, this 17th day of November, 1886. W. C. MCGRAW, Commissioner of Deeds.	
STATEMENT OF THE ASSETS AND LIABILITIES OF THE SAVINGS BANK OF THE CITY OF NEW-YORK. As required by Chapter 360, Laws of 1863, for the week ending Saturday, Nov. 15, 1886.		STATEMENT OF THE ASSETS AND LIABILITIES OF THE TRADERS' BANK. As required by Chapter 360, Laws of 1863, for the week ending Saturday, Nov. 15, 1886.	
Average amount of Loans and Discounts.....	\$4,360,590 45	Average amount of Loans and Discounts.....	\$1,365,250 00
Average amount of Cash and Cash Items.....	660,425 30	Average amount of Cash and Cash Items.....	1,750 00
Average amount of Bonds.....	694,692 30	Average amount of Bonds.....	105,136 60
Average amount of Real Estate.....	1,000,000 00	Average amount of Real Estate.....	60 00
Average amount of Deposits.....	3,967,984 18	Average amount of Deposits.....	1,000,000 00
<i>City and County of New-York.</i>	3,967,984 18	<i>City and County of New-York.</i>	1,000,000 00
<i>Other Cities and Towns.</i>	00 00	<i>Other Cities and Towns.</i>	00 00
Total.	\$6,713,692 13	Total.	\$2,170,386 60
Sworn before me, this 17th day of November, 1886. JOSEPH H. HUNT, Commissioner of Prisons.		Sworn before me, this 17th day of November, 1886. W. C. MCGRAW, Commissioner of Deeds.	

being duly sworn, depose and say that the above statement is correct, to the best of my knowledge and belief.

EDWIN F. COCKY, Commissioner of Deeds.

Sworn before me, this 17th day of November, 1886.

EDWIN F. COCKY, Commissioner of Deeds.

STATEMENT OF THE BANK OF THE CITY OF NEW YORK.—As required by Chapter 326, Laws of 1885, for the week ending Saturday, Nov. 15, 1886:

Average amount of Loans and Discounts	\$200,013 30
Average amount of Overdrafts	2,291 00
Average amount of Circulation	97,329 00
Average amount of Deposits	191,196 00
Average amount of Specie	46,318 98
Average amount of Discounts	67,393 00
Average amount of Circulation	697,329 00
Average amount of Deposits	1,911,960 00
Average amount of Specie	463,189 77

City and County of New York, ss., I, RUBEN WITK, Cashier of the Bank of the City of New York, being duly sworn, depose and say that the above statement is correct, to the best of my knowledge and belief.

G. R. CONOVER, Cashier.

Sworn before me, this 17th day of November, 1886.

THOS. L. THORNELL, Commissioner of Deeds.

STATEMENT OF THE ISLAND CITY BANK.—As required by Chapter 326, Laws of 1885, for the week ending Saturday, Nov. 15, 1886:

Average amount of Loans and Discounts	\$200,013 30
Average amount of Overdrafts	2,291 00
Average amount of Circulation	97,329 00
Average amount of Deposits	191,196 00
Average amount of Specie	46,318 98
Average amount of Discounts	67,393 00
Average amount of Circulation	697,329 00
Average amount of Deposits	1,911,960 00
Average amount of Specie	463,189 77

City and County of New York, ss., I, RUBEN WITK, Cashier of the Bank of the City of New York, being duly sworn, depose and say that the above statement is correct, to the best of my knowledge and belief.

G. R. CONOVER, Cashier.

Sworn before me, this 17th day of November, 1886.

THOS. L. THORNELL, Commissioner of Deeds.

[illegible]

J. H. B. CASH, of the BOWERY BANK, being duly sworn, deposes and says, that the above statement is correct, to the best of my knowledge.
 J. H. BRADFORD, Cashier.
 Sworn before me, this 17th day of November, 1864.
 JAS. L. SHANNON, Commissioner of Deeds.

STATEMENT OF THE BROADWAY BANK.
 As required by Chapter 256, Laws of 1863, for the week ending Saturday, Nov. 13, 1865:

Average amount of Loans and Discounts.....	\$1,428,449 81
Average amount of Deposits.....	126,572 96
Average amount of Cash on Hand.....	120,262 29
Average amount of Loans and Discounts.....	1,806,793 18

J. H. B. CASH, of the BOWERY BANK, being duly sworn, deposes and says, that the above statement is correct, to the best of my knowledge.
 JOHN HIGGMAN, Commissioner of Deeds.

STATEMENT OF THE LEATHER MANUFACTURERS' SAVINGS BANK OF NEW YORK.
 As required by Chapter 256, Laws of 1863, for the week ending Saturday, Nov. 13, 1865:

Average amount of Loans and Discounts.....	\$3,055,535 18
Average amount of Deposits.....	129,768 28
Average amount of Cash on Hand.....	1,366,618 07
Average amount of Depreciation.....	1,846,645 07

J. H. B. CASH, of the BOWERY BANK, being duly sworn, deposes and says, that the above statement is correct, to the best of my knowledge.
 JOHN HIGGMAN, Commissioner of Deeds.

One and all of the BROADWAY BANK, being duly sworn, depose and say, that the above statement is correct, to the best of my knowledge and belief.
 T. R. ACIY, Cashier.
 Sworn before me, this 17th day of November, 1886.
 JAMES HILATT, Commissioner of Deeds.

STATEMENT OF THE MANHATTAN COMPANY OF THE CITY OF NEW YORK, AS TO THE average daily balance of the above account, for the week ending Saturday, Nov. 15, 1886:

Average amount of Loans and Discounts	\$1,539,490 60
Average amount of Deposits	455,983 93
Average amount of Specie	455,983 93
Average amount of Circulation	398,769 15
Average amount of Cash in Banks	11,263 00
Average amount of Cash on Hand	968,817 45

Made and sworn to at New York, this 17th day of November, 1886.
 JAMES HILATT, Commissioner of Deeds.

sworn, Cashier of the BULL'S HEAD BANK, being duly
 sworn, depose and say that the above statement is correct,
 to the best of my knowledge and belief.
 C. S. VANDEHOOF, Cashier.
 Sworn before me, this 17th day of November, 1886.
 _____, Notar Public.

STATEMENT OF THE BUTCHERS' AND
DROVERS' BANK.—As required by Chapter 250
 Laws of 1883, for the week ending Saturday, Nov. 15, 1886:
 Average amount of Loans and Discounts.....\$1,034,280.00
 Average amount of Deposits.....157,913.94
 Average amount of Circulation.....106,158.00
 Average amount of Reserves.....\$65,896.00
 City and County of New-York, at J. BENDIS LEWIS,
 Notary Public.

and say, that the above statement is correct, to the best of
 my knowledge and belief.
 J. M. MORRISON, Cashier.
 Sworn before me, this 17th day of November, 1886.
 EDWIN F. CORRY, Commissioner of Deeds.

STATEMENT OF THE MARINE BANK
NEW-YORK.—As required by Chapter 250, Laws of
 1883, for the week ending Saturday, Nov. 15, 1886:
 Average amount of Loans and Discounts.....\$341,280.00
 Average amount of Deposits.....157,913.94
 Average amount of Circulation.....106,158.00
 Average amount of Reserves.....\$65,896.00
 City and County of New-York, at J. BENDIS LEWIS,
 Notary Public.

I, **GEORGE G. TAYLOR**, Cashier of the **CHATHAM BANK**, do hereby certify and say that the above statement is correct, to the best of my knowledge and belief.

BENEDICT LEWIS, Jr., Cashier.
Sworn before me, the 11th day of November, 1888.
GEORGE G. TAYLOR, Commissioner of Deeds.

I, **FRANCIS CORRY, JR.**, Cashier of the **MARKET BANK**, do hereby certify and say that the above statement is correct, to the best of my knowledge and belief.

Sworn before me, the 11th day of November, 1888.
FRANCIS CORRY, JR., Commissioner of Deeds.

I, **Charles D. CHASEMAN**, Cashier of the **CHASEMAN** Bank, do hereby certify that the within is a true and correct copy of the best of my knowledge and belief.
 Sworn before me, this **10th** day of **October**, 1933.
 D. RANDALL, Notary Public for the County of **Deane**.

STATEMENT OF THE CHEMICAL BANK
 As required by Chapter 224, Laws of 1933, for the week ending Saturday, Nov. 11, 1933:
 Average amount of Specie **\$1,250,000.00**
 Average amount of Circulation **\$1,457,167.00**
 Average amount of Deposits **\$1,250,000.00**
 Average amount of Liabilities **\$1,250,000.00**
 City and County of New York, ss: **I, J. O. JONES**, Cashier.

I, **Charles D. CHASEMAN**, Cashier of the **CHASEMAN** Bank, do hereby certify that the within is a true and correct copy of the best of my knowledge and belief.
 Sworn before me, this **10th** day of **October**, 1933.
 D. RANDALL, Notary Public for the County of **Deane**.

STATEMENT OF THE MECHANIC'S BANK
 As required by Chapter 224, Laws of 1933, for the week ending Saturday, Nov. 11, 1933:
 Average amount of Specie and Discounts **\$8,530,308.64**
 Average amount of Specie **503,093.00**
 Average amount of Circulation **392,378.60**
 Average amount of Deposits **\$1,250,000.00**
 Average amount of Liabilities **\$1,250,000.00**
 City and County of New York, ss: **I, GEDRON DE ANGLIS**, Cashier of the **MECHANIC'S BANK**, being duly sworn, depose and say, that the above statement is correct, to the best of my knowledge and belief.
 Subscribed and sworn to before me, this **10th** day of **October**, 1933.
 R. H. HAYDOCK, Cashier.
 J. C. COMMAGER, Notary Public for the County of **Deane**.

[illegible][illegible]

JOHN M. DRYER, Commissioner of Deeds.		THOMAS P. TROST, Commissioner of Deeds.	
STATEMENT OF THE MERCANTILE BANK. —As required by Chapter 860, Laws of 1884, for the week ending Saturday, Nov. 14, 1884:		STATEMENT OF THE SEVENTH WARD BANK. —As required by Chapter 860, Laws of 1884, for the week ending Saturday, Nov. 14, 1884:	
Average amount of Loans and Discounts	\$2,148,120 48	Average amount of Loans and Discounts	\$1,916,216 17
Average amount of Cash	150,797 01	Average amount of Cash	158,648 86
Average amount of Circulation	108,787 80	Average amount of Circulation	271,845 80
Average amount of Reserves	178,785 76	Average amount of Reserves	1,011,110 10
City and County of New York, at—J. E. BLAKE, Cashier of the MERCANTILE BANK, being duly sworn before me, the 17th day of November, 1884, to the best of my knowledge and belief.		City and County of New York, at—ALFRED S. FARRINGTON, Cashier of the SEVENTH WARD BANK, being duly sworn before me, and that the above statement is correct, to the best of my knowledge and belief.	
E. J. BLAKE, Cashier.		Cashier.	
Sworn before me, this 17th day of November, 1884.		Sworn before me, this 17th day of November, 1884.	

C. B. WHEELER, Commissioner of Deeds.		N. C. EVERETT, Commissioner of Deeds.	
STATEMENT OF THE MERCHANTS' BANK OF THE CITY OF NEW-YORK , as required by Chapter 550, Laws of 1905, for the week ending November 17th, 1914.		STATEMENT OF THE SHOE AND LEATHER BANK , as required by Chapter 550, Laws of 1905, for the week ending November 17th, 1914.	
Average amount of Loans and Discounts.....		Average amount of Loans and Discounts.....	
Average amount of Deposits.....		Average amount of Deposits.....	
Average amount of Cash.....		Average amount of Cash.....	
Average amount of Bonds.....		Average amount of Bonds.....	
Average amount of Other Assets.....		Average amount of Other Assets.....	
Average amount of Liabilities.....		Average amount of Liabilities.....	
Average amount of Capital.....		Average amount of Capital.....	
City and County of New-York, 17th day of November, 1914.		City and County of New-York, 17th day of November, 1914.	
I, _____, Cashier of the _____ Bank, do hereby swear, depose and say, that the above statement is correct, to the best of my knowledge and belief.		I, _____, Cashier of the _____ Bank, do hereby swear, depose and say, that the above statement is correct, to the best of my knowledge and belief.	
_____ Cashier		_____ Cashier	

Sworn before me, this 17th day of November, 1863.	
N. C. EVERETT, Commissioner of Deeds.	
STATEMENT OF THE OFFICERS OF THE EXCHANGE BANK, IN THE CITY OF NEW-YORK, FOR THE WEEK ENDING SATURDAY, NOV. 13, 1863.	
Average amount of Loans and Discounts.....	\$1,540,451 15
Average amount of Cash on Hand and in Course of Collection.....	220,000 00
Average amount of Circulation.....	220,000 00
Average amount of Deposits.....	1,281 41
Total.....	
The undersigned, JAMES M. FLEMING, Cashier of the EXCHANGE BANK, being duly sworn, depone and say, that the above statement is correct.	
Subscribed before me, this 17th day of November, 1863.	
E. B. FELLOWS, Commissioner of Deeds.	

that the above statement is correct, to the best of my knowledge and belief.

E. J. OAKLEY, Cashier.

Sworn before me, this 17th day of November, 1884.

JOHN H. HAZEN, Commissioner of Deeds.

STATEMENT OF THE METROPOLITAN BANK—Required by Chapter 10, § 10, of the act for the week ending Saturday, Nov. 15, 1883:

Average amount of Loans and Discounts	\$4,367,357 84
Average amount of Overdrafts	1,000,000 00
Average amount of Circulation	267,268 00
Average amount of Deposits	4,560,243 84

City and County of New York, N. H. HAZEN, Cashier of the METROPOLITAN BANK, being duly sworn, deposes and says that the above statement is correct, to the best of my knowledge and belief.

H. A. HATHUR, Cashier.

Sworn before me, this 17th day of November, 1884.

N. C. FREESTY, Commissioner of Deeds.

RAILROADS.

[illegible]

Statement is correct, to the best of
 my knowledge and belief.
 R. A. TOOKER, Cashier.
 Sworn before me, this 19th day of November, 1886.
 J. VAN NAME, Notary Public, in and for the County of
 Oneida, State of New York.

**STATEMENT OF THE NATIONAL BANK
 OF THE CITY OF NEW-YORK,** required by
 Chapter 250, Laws of 1863, for the week ending Satur-
 day, Nov. 15, 1886.

Capital paid up in Cash	\$1,500,000.00
Surplus and Undivided Profits	1,000,000.00
Average amount of Specie	383,896.00
Average amount of Cash	1,000,000.00
Average amount of Deposits	1,158,832.24

City and County of New-York, at J. H. T. HOOGLAND,
 Notary Public, in and for the County of Oneida, State of New York.

I depose and say that the above statement is correct, to the best of my knowledge and belief.

EDWARD F. COEY, HOOGLAND, Cashier.

Sworn before me, this 17th day of November, 1866.
ERWIN F. COREY, Commissioner of Deeds.

STATEMENT OF THE NEW-YORK COUNTY BANK.—As required by Chapter 405, Laws of 1865, relating to Banks, for the date of January 1st, 1867:

Average amount of Loans and Discounts.....	\$389,351 85
Average amount of Bonds.....	11,673 85
Average amount of Specie.....	1,000 00
Average amount of Deposits.....	212,300 00
Total Assets.....	\$514,325 70
Total Liabilities.....	\$514,325 70

Cashier of the NEW-YORK COUNTY BANK.

NEW-YORK AND HARLEM RAILROAD.—WINTER ARRANGEMENT.—Commencing Monday, Nov. 5, 1866.—Three daily trains to Albany, Sundays excepted. The following are the times of departure from New-York as follows, from station corner of White and Centre sts.

6:30 A.M. Express train for Albany, connecting with the Central Railroad and Northern train.

fully sworn, depose and say, that the above statement is correct, to the best of my knowledge and belief.

Subscribed and sworn to before me this 17th day of November, 1886.

E. LAWRENCE, Commissioner of Deeds.

STATEMENT OF THE BANK OF THE CITY OF NEW YORK.

Chapter 526, Laws of 1853, for the week ending Saturday, Nov. 15, 1886.

Assets	\$468,380.00
Liabilities	21,092.44
Surplus	1,205,679.00
Total	\$1,695,151.44

City and County of New York, ss. I, FREDERICK T. DEAN, Clerk of the City and County of New York, do hereby certify that the foregoing is a true and correct copy of the statement of the Bank of the City of New York, as required by Chapter 526, Laws of 1853, for the week ending Saturday, Nov. 15, 1886.

Witness my hand and the seal of the City and County of New York, this 17th day of November, 1886.

FREDERICK T. DEAN, Clerk of the City and County of New York.

THE CARRIER OF THE NEW-YORK & BROOKLYN
 EXPRESS, at New York, deposits the following
 statement is correct.
 F. T. HAYES, Cashier.
 Sworn before me, the 17th day of November, 1869.
 JOHN ANDERSON, JR., Commissioner of Incidents.
 NEW-YORK TO RUTLAND, BURLINGTON,
 PLATTSBURG, ROUSE'S POINT AND
 MONTPELIER. Leaves New York at 6 A. M. on
 the New York and Northern Railroad at 6 A. M.; leaves Troy for
 Boston Railroad at 8:30 A. M.; arrives at Rutland at 2:30.
 Leaves Rutland at 3:30 P. M.; arrives at Burlington at 5:30 P. M.;
 leaves Burlington at 6:30 P. M.; arrives at Montpelier at 8:30 P. M.;
 leaves Montpelier at 10:30 P. M. and Ogdensburg next morning.
 Leaves New York at 11:5 A. M.; (Nov. 3) this route into Ogdensburg
 and Montreal. Leaves New York at 11:5 A. M.; arrives at
 Ogdensburg at 3:30 P. M.; leaves Ogdensburg at 4:30 P. M.;
 arrives at Rutland 9:15 P. M.; lodge; leaves at 6 A. M.; arrives
 at Ogdensburg and Montreal same afternoon. Leaves New
 York at 6 A. M. at 10:30 A. M. and 2 P. M. for
 all points north and east of Rutland.
 186A-C V. BAKER,
 Superintendent of the New York Railroad.

MAY 5, 1864.
CENTRAL RAILROAD OF NEW-JERSEY.
 Commencing at New-Hampton with the Delaware, Lackawanna and Erie Railroad, to Summit, to the Bend, the North and West, and at Easton with the Lehigh Valley Railroad, to Allentown.
 Leaving New-York for Easton and intermediate places, from Pier No. 1, North River, at 10.30 A. M., 1.30 and 5.00 P. M. The above trains connect at Elizabeth with trains on the New-Jersey Railroad, which leave Newark from foot of Court-Land at 1.30, 4.30, 5.30, 6.30 and 8.30 P. M.
 JOHN O. STERN, Superintendent.

[illegible]

Assistant Cashier of the OCEAN BANK of the City of New-York, being duly sworn, deposes and says that the following statement is true and correct to the best of his knowledge and belief:

CHARL PARKER, Asst. Cashier.

Affirmed before me, this 17th day of November, 1896.
JOHN PHILLIPS, Commissioner of Deeds.

STATEMENT OF THE ORIENTAL BANK

As required by Act No. 1535, of 1895, for the ending Saturday, Nov. 15, 1896:

Average amount of Loans and Discounts	\$351,869.84
Average amount of Overdrafts	1,000.00
Average amount of Deposits	130,804.80
Average amount of Circulation	349,651.25
Average amount of Other Liabilities	1,000.00

Total \$834,325.89

Witness my hand and seal at New York, N.Y., this 17th day of November, A.D. 1896.

J. BROOKS Agent Providence.

NEW JERSEY RAILROAD FOR PHILADELPHIA AND THE SOUTH LINE. Leave New York at 8 and 11 A.M. and 4 and 6 P.M.; 12 M., 3 P.M., 5 P.M., 7 P.M., 9 P.M., 11 P.M.; stopping at Camden, Trenton, Philadelphia, Baltimore, Washington, Richmond, Norfolk, etc., and through baggage checked to destination. For particulars, see Pass Book and Railway Guide.

H. HAZE, Cashier of the **ORIENTAL BANK**, being duly sworn, depose and say, that the above statements are correct.
 Sworn before me this 17th day of November, 1886.
 SAMUEL J. JESSE, Commissioner of Deeds.

STATEMENT OF THE PACIFIC BANKS—As required by Chapter 356, Laws of 1883, for the week ending November 13th, Nov. 13, 1886:

Average amount of Loans and Discounts	\$542,248 12
Average amount of Overdrafts	10,250 38
Average amount of Specie	119,129 26
Average amount of Circulation	119,129 26
Average amount of Deposits	664,969 30
City and County of New York, at New York, N. Y.	664,969 30

JAMES H. HAZE, Cashier of the **PACIFIC BANK**, being duly sworn, depose and say, that the above statements are correct.
 Sworn before me this 17th day of November, 1886.
 SAMUEL J. JESSE, Commissioner of Deeds.

J. W. WOODRUFF, Assistant Superintendent.

FLUSHING RAILROAD—LEAVES FULTON
 Market by steamer **ISLAND CITY**, at 6½, 8 and 9 A. M.; and 6 P. M. The cars leave Flushing, L. I., at the same time, and arrive at New York at 10 A. M. The boat at Hunter's Point. Through in 30 minutes. Fare, 25 cents.
 WM. M. SMITH, Superintendent.

IRON AND HARDWARE.
CAST-IRON SCREW-JOINTED PIPES,
FOR WATER, STEAM OR GAS—CHEAPER THAN

and say that the above statement is correct.
 JAMES M. LEE, Jr., President.
 Sworn before me this 17th day of November, 1888.
 WM. LEE, Commissioner of Deeds.

STATEMENT OF THE PARK BANK.—AS
 required by Chap. 250, Laws of 1888, for the week end-
 ing Saturday, Nov. 25, 1888:

Deposits in Cash and Discounts.	\$4,806,187 61
Average amount of Specie.	121,474 72
Average amount of Circulation.	128,867 00
Reserve in Cash.	125,338 33

City and County of New York.—at 1, CHARLES A.
 MACEY, Cashier of the above BANK, being duly sworn,
 Subscribed and sworn to before me this 19th day of

rest of my knowledge and belief.

CHAS. A. NAGY, Cashier.

Affirmed before me, the 12th day of November, 1884.

WM. LEE, Commissioner of Deeds.

STATEMENT OF THE PEOPLE'S BANK,
NEW-YORK.—As required by Chapter 56, Laws of
1884, for the week ending Saturday, Nov. 15, 1884:

Average amount of Loans and Discounts	1,246,000 \$
Average amount of Bonds	1,500,000 "
Average amount of Circulation	125,000 "
Average amount of Deposits	1,000,000 "

City and County of New-York, at J. GORHAM V.
LEAKE, Cashier of the People's Bank, being duly sworn,

do hereby certify that the foregoing is a true and correct
statement of the condition of the said bank, as required by
law.

Witness my hand and the seal of said bank, this 15th day
of November, 1884.

J. GORHAM V. LEAKE, Cashier.

For sale at the New York Foundry Co., No. 24
Water-st., New-York, by CHAS. J. SHEPARD.

WOOD SCREWS AND SCREW BOLTS.
All sizes, suitable for machinery, ships and build
ings, are kept on hand at the NEW YORK PLACE, Ship-
ping, No. 54 South-st., and at the Water-st.

COAL.

SCRANTON COAL. THE DELAWARE LACK.

[illegible][illegible]

Monday, July 10, 1962	Wednesday, Aug. 8, 1962	NEW YORK, August 8, 1962.
Monday, July 16, 1962	Wednesday, Aug. 29, 1962	JOHN EDWARD MURPHY, a resident
Monday, July 23, 1962	Wednesday, Sept. 5, 1962	and his wife, JOSEPH MORRISON and
Monday, Aug. 6, 1962	Wednesday, Sept. 17, 1962	and FERNIE C. MABE—Jesseman the plaintiff—
Monday, Aug. 13, 1962	Wednesday, Sept. 24, 1962	noted in the above captioned case
Monday, Aug. 20, 1962	Wednesday, Oct. 1, 1962	by summoned and received to answer the complaint in
Monday, Aug. 27, 1962	Wednesday, Oct. 8, 1962	the County of New York, of the County of the Clerk
Monday, Sept. 3, 1962	Wednesday, Oct. 15, 1962	of the City and County of New York, of the Clerk
Monday, Sept. 10, 1962	Wednesday, Oct. 22, 1962	said City, and to serve a copy of your return to the said
Monday, Sept. 17, 1962	Wednesday, Oct. 29, 1962	complaint in the County of New York, of the Clerk
Monday, Sept. 24, 1962	Wednesday, Nov. 5, 1962	William-street, in said City, within twenty days of the
Monday, Oct. 1, 1962	Wednesday, Nov. 12, 1962	of this summons on you, exclusive of the day of the
Monday, Oct. 8, 1962	Wednesday, Nov. 19, 1962	service; and that you appear in person or by counsel
Monday, Oct. 15, 1962	Wednesday, Nov. 26, 1962	within the time aforesaid, the plaintiff in this action, will
Monday, Oct. 22, 1962	Wednesday, Dec. 3, 1962	apply to the Court for the relief demanded in the com-
Monday, Oct. 29, 1962	Wednesday, Dec. 10, 1962	plaint.—J. EDWARD MURPHY, Plaintiff's Attorney.
Monday, Nov. 5, 1962	Wednesday, Dec. 17, 1962	MARTIN & PRIME, Plaintiff's Attorney.
Monday, Nov. 12, 1962	Wednesday, Dec. 24, 1962	The complaint in the above action was filed on information
Monday, Nov. 19, 1962	Thursday, Dec. 31, 1962	on the 2d day of August, 1962.
Monday, Nov. 26, 1962		MARTIN & PRIME, Plaintiff's Attorney.
Monday, Dec. 3, 1962		To: FRED C. MARKE. By: J. EDWARD MURPHY.

[illegible]

NEW-YORK, 1164 tons, ROBERT CHALKINS, Commandant.
LAWSONG, 1369 tons, JOHN DREWICK, Commander.
NEW-YORK, 1164 tons, ROBERT CHALKINS, Commandant.
 The following are the names of the new steamships being
 sailing their new and improved steamers from New-
 York for Glasgow, dock at under:
NEW-YORK, Saturday, 20th November, 12 o'clock M.
NEW-YORK, Saturday, 26th November, at 12 o'clock M.
LAWSONG, Sunday, 8th December, at 12 o'clock M.

First-class, \$75; third-class, found with cooked provisions.
 Experienced Surgeon attached to each steamer.
 On freight or passage, apply to J. MOYSEMAN,
 100 Broadway, New-York City, who will give every facility.

NEW-YORK AND LIVERPOOL U.S. MAIL STEAMSHIPS.—FOR LIVERPOOL.—The United States Mail Steamer **JACQUELIN**, Captain J. CROMBIE, Commandant, will depart with the U.S. Mail steamer for Cork, positively, on SATURDAY, 23d, at 12 o'clock noon, and will call at the above place on her homeward voyage. The accommodations on board of this line have improved water-tight bulkheads. For freight or passage, having unequalled accommodations for passengers, apply to EDWARD K. COLLINS, No. 55 Wall-st., New-York City. Letters must be forwarded by express.

You, exclusive of the day of such service; and if you fail to answer the complaint within the time therein specified in this section, the court shall award judgment against you in the sum of five hundred and seventy-five dollars, plus costs, to be paid forthwith to the plaintiff in full satisfaction of the costs of this action. Dated Sept. 11, 1886.

STAR & RUGGLE'S Plaintiffs Attorneys.

07-14-86

IN PURSUANCE OF AN ORDER OF THE SURROGATE OF THE COUNTY OF NEW-YORK, notice is hereby given to all persons having claims against **ANNE W. JAMES**, late of the City of New-York, deceased, to present them to the undersigned, at the office of T. JAMES GLOVER, 120 Nassau-st., New-York City, on or before the 8th day of February next, to wit: on or before the 8th day of FEBRUARY next, at New-York City, A.D. 1886.

EUPHEMIA F. DEL ROYO, Executrix,
 and "Lawson Tr"

IN PURSUANCE OF AN ORDER OF THE SURROGATE OF THE COUNTY OF NEW-YORK, notice is hereby given to all persons having claims against **JAMES WALTON**, late of the City of New-York, deceased, to present them to the undersigned, at the office of T. JAMES GLOVER, 120 Nassau-st., New-York City, on or before the 8th day of February next, to wit: on or before the 8th day of FEBRUARY next, at New-York City, A.D. 1886.

EUPHEMIA F. DEL ROYO, Executrix,
 and "Lawson Tr"

be returned, and the freight from Liverpool to New-York is re-
duced to Four Pounds per ton measurement, until further
notice.

FOR SOUTHAMPTON AND HAVRE.—THE
United States Mail Steamer ARAGO, D. LINE,
will sail for Havre, on Thursday, the 27th inst.,
to land the mails and passengers, on SATUR-
DAY, the 29th inst., at 12 o'clock, from pier No. 37 North
River, foot of West-st., at 12 o'clock, from pier No. 37 North
River, foot of West-st. \$100

This ship has five water-tight compartments including
engines, so that in the event of collision or stranding
it would not sink, and, in such case, the cargo and
passengers, the safety of the vessel and passengers would be
secure.

The freight will be taken after Thursday, Dec. 11. For
rate of passage apply to

WILLIAM H. CAMERON, Agent, No. 53 Broadway.

STEAM FOR SOUTHAMPTON AND ANT-
WERP.—THE new screw steamer BELGUE,
Captain A. Tack, will leave for Antwerp, stopping at
Amsterdam, on TUESDAY, Nov. 25, from Pier No. 44
at this River.

FARE OF PASSAGE.—In First Cabin, \$75; in Second
Cabin, \$50.

JOHN A. TARRANT, Administrator.
j04-law67-2

IN PURSUANCE OF AN ORDER OF THE
Surrogate of the County of New-York, now in and to be
given to all persons having claims against MARGARET
T. OGBURN, late Margareta Edwards, and late Mar-
garet Ogburn, deceased, to produce and verify the same, I
present the same with vouchers thereof to the subscriber,
J. B. MONROE, Esq., at his residence, No. 91 West 39th St., in the City of New-York,
on or before the 16th day of January next, to wit: the 16th day of
New-York, June 16, 1854.

J. B. MONROE, Executor.
j04-law67-2

IN PURSUANCE OF AN ORDER OF THE
Surrogate of the County of New-York, now in and to be
given to all persons having claims against WILLIAM H.
CAMERON, deceased, to produce and verify the same, I
present the same with vouchers thereof to the subscriber,
at his residence, No. 91 West 39th St., in the City of New-
York, on or before the 16th day of January next, to wit: the 16th day of
New-York, Aug. 4, 1854.

MARY M. LEVERICH, Administratrix.
an5-law67-2

IN PURSUANCE OF AN ORDER OF FREDMAN
H. DAWSON, Esq., Surrogate of the County of Kings,
to produce and verify the same, I present the same with
vouchers against THOMAS THOMAS, late of the County of
Kings, deceased, to the subscriber, at his residence, No. 101
West 39th St., in the City of New-York, on or before the 16th day
of January next, to wit: the 16th day of New-York, Aug. 4, 1854.

[illegible]

WELLS, FARGO & CO.'S EXPRESS-TO
CALIFORNIA, OREGON, SANWICH IS-
LANDS, and PACIFIC COAST, OF SOUTH AMER-
ICA, will start on WEDNESDAY, Nov. 30, by
the United States Mail Steamer GEORGE LAW. Shippers
of freight and passengers are requested to call on
this office on that day must be delivered to us before 12
o'clock noon on Wednesday, 19th inst. This is leaving to
be made up of the steamer GEORGE LAW. Freight
must be very strongly packed, and water proof.
Contents and value of each package must be stated, in
order to clear at Customs.

WELLS, FARGO & CO., No. 83 Broadway.

CALIFORNIA.-NOTICE.-THE STEAMER
TEXAS will sail on SATURDAY, Nov. 29, at
3 P. M., from foot of Beach-st., North River, instead
of at 10 A. M., as advertised.

CHARLES MORGAN & SON, No. 3 Bowling-green.

IN PURSUANCE OF AN ORDER OF THE
Surrogate of the County of New-York,
I have to say to all persons having claims against **GABRIEL OFF-**
ENDER, that they must present them to me, or to the
agent, in person, with vouchers therefor, to the subscriber,
at his office, No. 135 Broadway, in the City of New-York, on
or before the 15th day of March next, to-wit: Wednesday,
Sept. 15, 1865.

CHARLES WARD, Esq.
clerk-lawyer Tu*

IN PURSUANCE OF AN ORDER OF THE
Surrogate of the County of New-York,
I have to say to all persons having claims against **GABRIEL OFF-**
ENDER, that they must present them to me, or to the
agent, in person, with vouchers therefor, to the subscriber,
at his office, No. 135 Broadway, in the City of New-York, on
or before the 15th day of March next, to-wit: Wednesday,
Sept. 15, 1865.

ISAAC WARD, Esq.
clerk-lawyer Tu*

MUSICAL INSTRUMENTS.
CHAMBERS' PIANO-FORTES.
No. 26 BROADWAY, NEAR WHITE-ST.
Warranted in every respect to be perfect.

T. H. CHAMBERS, No. 26 Broadway.

North River. She will arrive at Norfolk the next morning, and Peabody the day following. Passengers for the South will proceed directly on by the great steamer for the South at three o'clock on Friday afternoon mail line to Charleston, Augusta, Savannah, &c., leaving for New York at five o'clock on Saturday morning. Travelers will find this the cheapest, promptest and most expeditious route. Passage and freight rates stated to Norfolk.

Diamonds. Apply to LUDLAM & PLEASANTS, 23 Broadway.

SOUTH SAVANNAH AND FLORIDA.—U. S. MAIL LINE. The splendid steamship EXETER, Capt. D. Loring, will leave for Savannah, Fla. on a North River, at 3 o'clock P. M. on WEDNESDAY, Nov. 19. Bills of lading sent only on freight or passage apply to WILLIAMS, 13 Broadway.

The steamship ALGUSTA, Capt. THOS. LYON, will proceed the above and leave on SATURDAY, Nov. 22.

WATCHES AND JEWELRY.

INITIALS ON JEWELRY.—THE PATENT of the American public is respectfully invited to

GRAT IMPROVEMENT IN PIANO-FORTE.
Messrs. LIGHT, NEWTON & BRADSHAW,
No. 42 Broome-st., respect-fully inform their friends
that they have constructed with the patent cast-iron frame,
which is undoubtedly the most substantial improvement
ever introduced into the instrument class.

N. N. ELKARTZ, 7-OCTAVE REBOWOOD PIANO.
A new and improved Piano, made in every way, rich scalloped work, carved all round, solid plate, diagonal bar and labors elite, nearly as beautiful for its size, and price, it will be sold for \$245. Apply to No. 679 8th-av., near 40th-st., for four days, from 9 A. M. till 6 P. M.

PIANOS.—A 6%-OCTAVE REBOWOOD PIANO, nearly new, with fine tone and modern style, music stand, for \$160. Five others at \$100, \$110, \$120, \$200, &c. Also, watches, jewelry, china, glass, &c. Receive foreign overcoats, &c. Cash advances as usual.
J. F. JONES,
No. 67 ARNDTSON door.

ALEXANDER'S PRINCE HARMONIUM.
For the latest improvements in Prince's stops, such as, for \$35, \$100, \$125, \$150, \$200 and cash, or for rent, Melodeon from \$60 to \$200, or for rent at reduced prices.

[illegible]

APPLETON'S CATALOGUE REMOVED TO
NEW YORK, 100 NASSAU ST.
NEW YORK, DORRISTON, WOOD & CO. HAVE
IN STOCK AT 225 NASSAU ST. BUILDING, 22 WALL ST.
WHERE THEY HAVE MERCANTILE CREDIT, AVAILABLE IN ALL PARTS
OF THE WORLD, AND TO BUY AND SELL FOREIGN EXCHANGE.

MONDAY, NOV. 17, 1908.
The exhibition of the "Balm of Gilead" is the most successful of the kind ever held in this city. The exhibition is held at the Crystal Palace, and is open to the public from 10 o'clock to 6 o'clock. The balm is a preparation of the bark of the Gilead tree, and is used for the treatment of various diseases. The exhibition is a success, and the balm is sold in large quantities.

COURT CALENDAR—MONDAY.
Supreme Court—Circuit Court—No. 10, 11, 12, 13, 14, 15, 16, 17, 18, 19, 20, 21, 22, 23, 24, 25, 26, 27, 28, 29, 30, 31, 32, 33, 34, 35, 36, 37, 38, 39, 40, 41, 42, 43, 44, 45, 46, 47, 48, 49, 50, 51, 52, 53, 54, 55, 56, 57, 58, 59, 60, 61, 62, 63, 64, 65, 66, 67, 68, 69, 70, 71, 72, 73, 74, 75, 76, 77, 78, 79, 80, 81, 82, 83, 84, 85, 86, 87, 88, 89, 90, 91, 92, 93, 94, 95, 96, 97, 98, 99, 100, 101, 102, 103, 104, 105, 106, 107, 108, 109, 110, 111, 112, 113, 114, 115, 116, 117, 118, 119, 120, 121, 122, 123, 124, 125, 126, 127, 128, 129, 130, 131, 132, 133, 134, 135, 136, 137, 138, 139, 140, 141, 142, 143, 144, 145, 146, 147, 148, 149, 150, 151, 152, 153, 154, 155, 156, 157, 158, 159, 160, 161, 162, 163, 164, 165, 166, 167, 168, 169, 170, 171, 172, 173, 174, 175, 176, 177, 178, 179, 180, 181, 182, 183, 184, 185, 186, 187, 188, 189, 190, 191, 192, 193, 194, 195, 196, 197, 198, 199, 200, 201, 202, 203, 204, 205, 206, 207, 208, 209, 210, 211, 212, 213, 214, 215, 216, 217, 218, 219, 220, 221, 222, 223, 224, 225, 226, 227, 228, 229, 230, 231, 232, 233, 234, 235, 236, 237, 238, 239, 240, 241, 242, 243, 244, 245, 246, 247, 248, 249, 250, 251, 252, 253, 254, 255, 256, 257, 258, 259, 260, 261, 262, 263, 264, 265, 266, 267, 268, 269, 270, 271, 272, 273, 274, 275, 276, 277, 278, 279, 280, 281, 282, 283, 284, 285, 286, 287, 288, 289, 290, 291, 292, 293, 294, 295, 296, 297, 298, 299, 300, 301, 302, 303, 304, 305, 306, 307, 308, 309, 310, 311, 312, 313, 314, 315, 316, 317, 318, 319, 320, 321, 322, 323, 324, 325, 326, 327, 328, 329, 330, 331, 332, 333, 334, 335, 336, 337, 338, 339, 340, 341, 342, 343, 344, 345, 346, 347, 348, 349, 350, 351, 352, 353, 354, 355, 356, 357, 358, 359, 360, 361, 362, 363, 364, 365, 366, 367, 368, 369, 370, 371, 372, 373, 374, 375, 376, 377, 378, 379, 380, 381, 382, 383, 384, 385, 386, 387, 388, 389, 390, 391, 392, 393, 394, 395, 396, 397, 398, 399, 400, 401, 402, 403, 404, 405, 406, 407, 408, 409, 410, 411, 412, 413, 414, 415, 416, 417, 418, 419, 420, 421, 422, 423, 424, 425, 426, 427, 428, 429, 430, 431, 432, 433, 434, 435, 436, 437, 438, 439, 440, 441, 442, 443, 444, 445, 446, 447, 448, 449, 450, 451, 452, 453, 454, 455, 456, 457, 458, 459, 460, 461, 462, 463, 464, 465, 466, 467, 468, 469, 470, 471, 472, 473, 474, 475, 476, 477, 478, 479, 480, 481, 482, 483, 484, 485, 486, 487, 488, 489, 490, 491, 492, 493, 494, 495, 496, 497, 498, 499, 500, 501, 502, 503, 504, 505, 506, 507, 508, 509, 510, 511, 512, 513, 514, 515, 516, 517, 518, 519, 520, 521, 522, 523, 524, 525, 526, 527, 528, 529, 530, 531, 532, 533, 534, 535, 536, 537, 538, 539, 540, 541, 542, 543, 544, 545, 546, 547, 548, 549, 550, 551, 552, 553, 554, 555, 556, 557, 558, 559, 560, 561, 562, 563, 564, 565, 566, 567, 568, 569, 570, 571, 572, 573, 574, 575, 576, 577, 578, 579, 580, 581, 582, 583, 584, 585, 586, 587, 588, 589, 590, 591, 592, 593, 594, 595, 596, 597, 598, 599, 600, 601, 602, 603, 604, 605, 606, 607, 608, 609, 610, 611, 612, 613, 614, 615, 616, 617, 618, 619, 620, 621, 622, 623, 624, 625, 626, 627, 628, 629, 630, 631, 632, 633, 634, 635, 636, 637, 638, 639, 640, 641, 642, 643, 644, 645, 646, 647, 648, 649, 650, 651, 652, 653, 654, 655, 656, 657, 658, 659, 660, 661, 662, 663, 664, 665, 666, 667, 668, 669, 670, 671, 672, 673, 674, 675, 676, 677, 678, 679, 680, 681, 682, 683, 684, 685, 686, 687, 688, 689, 690, 691, 692, 693, 694, 695, 696, 697, 698, 699, 700, 701, 702, 703, 704, 705, 706, 707, 708, 709, 710, 711, 712, 713, 714, 715, 716, 717, 718, 719, 720, 721, 722, 723, 724, 725, 726, 727, 728, 729, 730, 731, 732, 733, 734, 735, 736, 737, 738, 739, 740, 741, 742, 743, 744, 745, 746, 747, 748, 749, 750, 751, 752, 753, 754, 755, 756, 757, 758, 759, 760, 761, 762, 763, 764, 765, 766, 767, 768, 769, 770, 771, 772, 773, 774, 775, 776, 777, 778, 779, 780, 781, 782, 783, 784, 785, 786, 787, 788, 789, 790, 791, 792, 793, 794, 795, 796, 797, 798, 799, 800, 801, 802, 803, 804, 805, 806, 807, 808, 809, 810, 811, 812, 813, 814, 815, 816, 817, 818, 819, 820, 821, 822, 823, 824, 825, 826, 827, 828, 829, 830, 831, 832, 833, 834, 835, 836, 837, 838, 839, 840, 841, 842, 843, 844, 845, 846, 847, 848, 849, 850, 851, 852, 853, 854, 855, 856, 857, 858, 859, 860, 861, 862, 863, 864, 865, 866, 867, 868, 869, 870, 871, 872, 873, 874, 875, 876, 877, 878, 879, 880, 881, 882, 883, 884, 885, 886, 887, 888, 889, 890, 891, 892, 893, 894, 895, 896, 897, 898, 899, 900, 901, 902, 903, 904, 905, 906, 907, 908, 909, 910, 911, 912, 913, 914, 915, 916, 917, 918, 919, 920, 921, 922, 923, 924, 925, 926, 927, 928, 929, 930, 931, 932, 933, 934, 935, 936, 937, 938, 939, 940, 941, 942, 943, 944, 945, 946, 947, 948, 949, 950, 951, 952, 953, 954, 955, 956, 957, 958, 959, 960, 961, 962, 963, 964, 965, 966, 967, 968, 969, 970, 971, 972, 973, 974, 975, 976, 977, 978, 979, 980, 981, 982, 983, 984, 985, 986, 987, 988, 989, 990, 991, 992, 993, 994, 995, 996, 997, 998, 999, 1000.

LIQUOR IMPORTATIONS.
It appears from statistics derived from the Customs House, that the importation of liquor from the United States is increasing at the rate of one hundred per cent. per annum. The Holland importations are as rapidly decreasing. This would seem to speak very highly in favor of the superiority of the British article.—*Sunday Atlas.*

IMPORTS FROM ENGLAND AND HOLLAND.
IMPORTS 1892 1893 1894 1895 1896
Holland, 1,815 4,085 5,495 7,445 10,000
England, 10 6 19 95 90 kds.
As per return from Customs House to the department at Washington.

ANOTHER GREAT TRIUMPH FOR GUNNEY.
Three medals were awarded to J. GUNNEY, No. 349 Broadway, at the late Fair of the American Institute, for photographic productions, to wit:
A gold medal for the best unretouched photograph.
A gold medal for the best photograph colored in oil (size 10) on canvas.
A bronze medal for the best photograph colored in oil (size 10) on canvas.

Call and examine the premium pictures, at his Photographic Palace of Art, No. 349 Broadway, corner Leonard-street.
N. B.—No connection with any other establishment.

PURDY'S NATIONAL THEATRE—J. F. POOL'S
new local drama of "Wealth and Worth" is creating a great sensation in the theatrical world. The National is crowded nightly, and in order to get good places, application should be made in advance. It is to be repeated to-night, and with it the wonderful pantomime of the "School in an Uproar," and drama of "Raymond and Agnes," forming together the best entertainment to be given in the City. Thursday, Thanksgiving, two performances at 2 o'clock in the afternoon, and 7 in the evening.

Two medals and a diploma awarded to CHARLES D. FREDRICKS at the late Fair of the American Institute, for Photographs. The gold medals awarded to GUNNEY & FREDRICKS last year, were for Photographs, colored by the talented corps of French artists now with Mr. F., at his magnificent Gallery of Photographs, Daguerotypes and Ambrotypes. The public are respectfully invited to call and judge for themselves of the superiority of the pictures made at this establishment.

BEARDS—Gentlemen who use the razor will find the Kallitron, or Orient Water, prepared by Josephine Kallitron, of Boston, most desirable cosmetic. It softens the beard, allays all tendency to inflammation, counteracts the painful effects sometimes produced by soap, and prevents roughness and dryness of the skin, thus rendering the dreaded operation of shaving comparatively a luxury. All druggists and perfumers have it for sale.

White teeth, perfumed breath, and beautiful complexion, can be acquired by using the Balm of a Thousand Flowers. Beware of counterfeits. The immense success of the Balm has brought out hosts of counterfeiters and impostors. Be sure each bottle is signed FARMER & CO., Franklin-square, New York. For sale by all druggists.

GOLD PENS.—We would recommend persons in want of excellent Gold Pens and Pencils, to try Farmer's Patent Gold Pens. Stock and manufacture by Farmer, No. 163 Broadway, New York, and No. 106 Chestnut-street, Philadelphia.

HERMING'S PATENT CHAMPION FIRE-PROOF SAFES—Nos. 126, 127 and 128 Water-street, and No. Murray-street, New York.

ARREST—RESCUE OF THE PRISONER—ASSAULTS SHOT.—On Saturday night, a German Jew named ISAAC MOSKOWITZ was arrested at West Hoboken by Officer ROBERT M. MANNING, and taken to the Hudson County Jail. He was charged with the assault on a woman named ROSA MOSKOWITZ, who was also arrested. The woman was taken to the same jail. The man was released on bail of \$100.

TRIAL.—On Monday, Nov. 16, the trial of ISAAC MOSKOWITZ was held in the Hudson County Court. The jury returned a verdict of guilty, and the man was sentenced to the State Prison for one year.

TRIAL.—On Monday, Nov. 16, the trial of ROSA MOSKOWITZ was held in the Hudson County Court. The jury returned a verdict of guilty, and the woman was sentenced to the State Prison for one year.

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The New-York Daily Times

VOL. VI. NO. 1614.

NEW-YORK, THURSDAY, NOVEMBER 20, 1856.

PRICE TWO CENTS.

LATEST INTELLIGENCE

By Telegraph to the New-York Daily Times.

Magazine-Telegraph Co.'s Office—4 Nassau-st., and 121 Broadway.
Room Printing-Telegraph Office—No. 51 Wall-st.

Three Days Later From Europe.

HALF-PAST, Wednesday, Nov. 19.—Midnight.
The Steamship Niagara, with three days' later intelligence from Europe, has just arrived at this port.

The Cruise of the Steamer Maria.

NO TIDINGS OF THE LYONNAIS OR THE MISSING PASSENGERS AND CREW.

ROCHESTER, Wednesday, Nov. 19.—Capt. Forster, in search of the wrecked steamer *Lyonnaise*, put in here to-day. She has cruised off Nantuxet Shoal since Monday, having been seven miles north-east of Nantuxet. She experienced heavy north-east gales and rough sea. On the 18th, in lat. 10° 30' N., spoke bark J. B. Bismarck, for Boston, which had been in the vicinity of Nantuxet three days, and had seen nothing of either boat or steamer. At 1 1/2 P. M., of the same day, spoke schooner *Eugenia*, of Falmouth, but they could give no information. At 3 1/2 P. M., same day, spoke the ship *Ocean Star*, from New-Orleans for Boston, under close-reefed topsails, and they also could give no information. The *Maria* put in here to gain information, if any, of the wrecked steamer, and has proceeded through Vineyard Sound, intending to make another cruise to the southward of Nantuxet.

The Election.

OFFICIAL VOTE OF CONNECTICUT.

HARTFORD, Wednesday, Nov. 19.

The official vote of Connecticut stands, Fremont, 42,700; Buchanan, 34,900; and Fillmore, 2,616. The Fremont plurality is 7,790.

PENNSYLVANIA.

The average vote of each ticket, at the late election, was as follows:

Buchanan Electors..... 220,154

Union Electors..... 203,184

Free Electors..... 20,826

Straight Fremont..... 61

Buchanan's majority over all..... 16,970

Buchanan over Union average..... 26,970

All the straight Fremont votes were not returned, having been 101 in two of the wards of this city alone, which were not returned to the Prothonotary's Office nor sent to Harrisburg. The Gerrit Smith votes are also not included above. If these had all been returned, Mr. BUCHANAN's majority would have been slightly reduced.—*Phila. Bulletin.*

Appropriation for Kansas by the Vermont Legislature.

BOSTON, Wednesday, Nov. 19.

The Vermont Legislature adjourned this morning, after a six weeks' session.

An appropriation of \$30,000 dollars was passed yesterday to supply the poor in Kansas with food and clothing.

The Steamer White Bluff Raised.

CINCINNATI, Wednesday, Nov. 19.

The steamer *White Bluff*, which sunk near Rising Sun on Sunday last, has been raised. The boat and cargo were but little damaged.

The Steamship Canada Outward Bound.

BOSTON, Wednesday, Nov. 19.

The Royal Mail steamship *Canada* sailed to-day at noon, with sixty-nine passengers for Liverpool and ten for Halifax, and \$241,000 in specie.

The Alabama at Savannah.

SAVANNAH, Tuesday, Nov. 19.

The steamship *Alabama*, from New-York, arrived here this morning.

News in the North.

BUFFALO, Wednesday, Nov. 19.

At Niagara and also at Toronto on Sunday snow fell to the depth of three inches.

The Meat Market.

A full supply of good beefs was in market yesterday, the receipts for the week being 3,845, or 625 more than the weekly average for last year.

The earlier sales of the morning were made at a little advance upon the low rates prevailing for two months past, though, considering the improved quality, the entire day's transactions at Forty-fourth-street, exhibited but a trifling advance in price over last week. There has been a falling off in receipts at the Sheep Markets, though the number reported, 11,851, is 941 above the weekly average of last year. Prices are not materially changed.

THE STUDY OF GERMAN.—The Entomology Fall.

Germans for the study of the modern languages have been formed at the Mercantile Library. It is an excellent feature of that institution that it furnishes opportunities for acquiring a knowledge of living tongues, which are afforded so cheaply by no other agency in the City. The young men who compose the membership are not slow in availing themselves of the advantages placed within their reach. The classes fill up rapidly, and the services of competent instructors are afforded for a moderate compensation, so that it has become a very easy matter to be posted in two or three languages besides your vernacular. German seems to be gaining in favor. For some years it has been taught in the schools, in colleges, in the Free Academy, but more especially, of late, in private classes. A considerable number of German teachers find employment in this City solely by private tuition. They are generally men of intelligence and cultivation, calculated to impart instruction in an agreeable way, and deriving a respectable support from their labors. The accessions of German population render the acquisition of the language a matter of no small moment, aside from considerations which have a commercial bearing. There are sections of the Western States in which a great proportion of the population is German; and others in which the language is employed by business men in foreign correspondence, while the German element is always abundant in the cities. A knowledge of German is useful, to-day, in more ways than one.

GAS FROM WATER—AGAIN.—SINCE MR. PAINE

failed to set the streams on fire, by his chemical tests, nobody has been venturesome enough to essay an experiment, until the recent advent of some men in Cleveland whose experiments have just been blown abroad, and who claim to have been successful in what MR. PAINE failed to accomplish. Two-fifths of the new gas, however, are derived from carbonaceous substances; the remaining three-fifths are the hydrogen of water. A hundred and fifty dollars is the cost of the necessary apparatus, and it is claimed that the product is non-explosive. The cost is less than that of common gas.

VERMONT.—There are sundry sterling French

townships in old Vermont. Andover gave 119 Fremont votes and none for BUCHANAN or FILLMORE; Weston, 292 Republican and 7 Democratic; Westford, 214 Fremont and 12 Buchanan. Twenty-four towns gave FILLMORE 3,118; BUCHANAN 109, and FILLMORE none votes.

REMARKS TO THE PROPRIETORS OF THE NEW-YORK

DAILY TIMES.—The Editor of the *New-York Daily Times* has been so good as to send me a copy of the issue of the 19th inst., containing the article on the "Study of German." I have read it with much interest, and I am glad to see that the Mercantile Library is doing so much for the study of the German language. I am sure that the study of German is becoming more and more popular in this country, and that the Mercantile Library is doing a great deal of good by furnishing the means for its acquisition.

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The Missouri Parole.

Nov. 18 and 20 Fourth-avenue, Nov. 18, 1856.

To the Editor of the New-York Daily Times:

Your article headed "Paris in 1856," in yesterday's *Times*, contains, among other items of questionable accuracy and good taste, some violent and malignant attacks on the director of the *Credit Mobilier*, Mr. Isaac PERRIN, to which they are entirely undeserved and unjustified by the truth of the case. It becomes me, as a Frenchman and a relative of Mr. PERRIN, to give the most peremptory and unqualified contradiction.

I do not charge you with having knowingly wronged Mr. PERRIN; you have only accepted as true a communication from your Paris informant, which I can prove to be false in all points.

It is true, that after a struggle of thirty years, Messrs. PERRIN brothers have risen from comparative obscurity to an enviable position as railroad contractors and financial men, whose bond is as good as gold, and whose word is as good as their bond. Their cooperation is now courted and sought by every Government desirous of establishing railroads in their territories. All this is true, but it is equally true that in France, and in Europe, where the name of Messrs. PERRIN brothers has become proverbial for all that is upright, high-minded and large-hearted, the man who would dare to call either of them a swindler, in the language of your article, would be branded with the scorn and contempt of the community.

With regard to the "crapulous" smile of Mr. PERRIN, none of those who have known him for years has been able to detect it on his mild and benevolent as well as intelligent face.

The truth of my assertion will be verified by all the readers of your article; and hoping that your sense of justice will prompt you to insert this at an early date, I remain, Sir, yours respectfully,

EDMOND ANDRADE.

Message of the Governor of Arkansas.

The annual Message of Gov. CONWAY of Arkansas was delivered to the Legislature on the 4th inst. It is long, and devoted wholly to State affairs.

The condition of the treasury has improved, a balance of \$142,124 remaining in hand.

Of the internal improvement fund, \$300,615 have been expended, and there is a balance remaining in the treasury of \$24,040.

The amount of swamp land sold redeemed up to the 1st of October was \$1,978,708 32.

A large part of the proceeds of the sale of the swamp lands of the State has been applied to the redemption of the bonds of the State, and the average of the liabilities in which they have involved the State, for bonds issued in their favor.

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The Bank of the State of Arkansas, a corporation to the State, and is managed by officers elected by

[illegible][illegible]

and would be happy to receive
 the girls to advance with her course.
 Box No. 448, Post-office, New York.

M. H. LEGGOTT'S AMERICAN PIANO
 and English School, No. 88 Broadway, corner of Third
 Street, New York. The only school in the city where
 the MacAlister's Boarding and
 School, No. 88 East Ninth St., will receive
 ladies.

MAST TEACHERS OF THE PIANO who
 receive a few more pupils. Address, No. 88
 Broadway.

MR. BENEDICT'S BOARDING AND DAY
 School for Young Ladies, opposite East St., No. 8
 West 10th St., New York.

SCHOOL FOR BOYS, at No. 81 East
 10th St., under the instruction of
 J. M. T. 1888.

DANCING.

BODWORTH'S DANCING ACADEMY
 No. 88 BROADWAY, NEW YORK.
 No. 181

New York dance on WEDNESDAY
 at Brooklyn, where on
 at 8 o'clock, and at 10 o'clock
 gentlemen. Ladies, private
 on commences at any time during

HERKHO'S DANCING ACADEMY

PROVIDENCE, R. I., Nov. 24.—The following are the times of the arrival and departure of the steamships at the New York, Providence and Boston steamship line:

Arrivals.—The *Providence*, from New York, at 10 A. M. The *Providence*, from New York, at 10 A. M. The *Providence*, from New York, at 10 A. M.

Departures.—The *Providence*, for New York, at 10 P. M. The *Providence*, for New York, at 10 P. M. The *Providence*, for New York, at 10 P. M.

DOCTOR'S BROOKLYN LABORATORY.—NEW CLASSES ON SATURDAY.—In consequence of the great number of students attending the laboratory, arrangements have been made to form classes on Saturdays, at 10 A. M. The laboratory is located at 10 A. M. The laboratory is located at 10 A. M. The laboratory is located at 10 A. M.

HOUSES AND LOTS FOR SALE.—THE SALE THE VALUABLE SOUTH DOWNTOWN—close front store and lot, No. 10, 11, 12, 13, 14, 15, 16, 17, 18, 19, 20, 21, 22, 23, 24, 25, 26, 27, 28, 29, 30, 31, 32, 33, 34, 35, 36, 37, 38, 39, 40, 41, 42, 43, 44, 45, 46, 47, 48, 49, 50, 51, 52, 53, 54, 55, 56, 57, 58, 59, 60, 61, 62, 63, 64, 65, 66, 67, 68, 69, 70, 71, 72, 73, 74, 75, 76, 77, 78, 79, 80, 81, 82, 83, 84, 85, 86, 87, 88, 89, 90, 91, 92, 93, 94, 95, 96, 97, 98, 99, 100, 101, 102, 103, 104, 105, 106, 107, 108, 109, 110, 111, 112, 113, 114, 115, 116, 117, 118, 119, 120, 121, 122, 123, 124, 125, 126, 127, 128, 129, 130, 131, 132, 133, 134, 135, 136, 137, 138, 139, 140, 141, 142, 143, 144, 145, 146, 147, 148, 149, 150, 151, 152, 153, 154, 155, 156, 157, 158, 159, 160, 161, 162, 163, 164, 165, 166, 167, 168, 169, 170, 171, 172, 173, 174, 175, 176, 177, 178, 179, 180, 181, 182, 183, 184, 185, 186, 187, 188, 189, 190, 191, 192, 193, 194, 195, 196, 197, 198, 199, 200, 201, 202, 203, 204, 205, 206, 207, 208, 209, 210, 211, 212, 213, 214, 215, 216, 217, 218, 219, 220, 221, 222, 223, 224, 225, 226, 227, 228, 229, 230, 231, 232, 233, 234, 235, 236, 237, 238, 239, 240, 241, 242, 243, 244, 245, 246, 247, 248, 249, 250, 251, 252, 253, 254, 255, 256, 257, 258, 259, 260, 261, 262, 263, 264, 265, 266, 267, 268, 269, 270, 271, 272, 273, 274, 275, 276, 277, 278, 279, 280, 281, 282, 283, 284, 285, 286, 287, 288, 289, 290, 291, 292, 293, 294, 295, 296, 297, 298, 299, 300, 301, 302, 303, 304, 305, 306, 307, 308, 309, 310, 311, 312, 313, 314, 315, 316, 317, 318, 319, 320, 321, 322, 323, 324, 325, 326, 327, 328, 329, 330, 331, 332, 333, 334, 335, 336, 337, 338, 339, 340, 341, 342, 343, 344, 345, 346, 347, 348, 349, 350, 351, 352, 353, 354, 355, 356, 357, 358, 359, 360, 361, 362, 363, 364, 365, 366, 367, 368, 369, 370, 371, 372, 373, 374, 375, 376, 377, 378, 379, 380, 381, 382, 383, 384, 385, 386, 387, 388, 389, 390, 391, 392, 393, 394, 395, 396, 397, 398, 399, 400, 401, 402, 403, 404, 405, 406, 407, 408, 409, 410, 411, 412, 413, 414, 415, 416, 417, 418, 419, 420, 421, 422, 423, 424, 425, 426, 427, 428, 429, 430, 431, 432, 433, 434, 435, 436, 437, 438, 439, 440, 441, 442, 443, 444, 445, 446, 447, 448, 449, 450, 451, 452, 453, 454, 455, 456, 457, 458, 459, 460, 461, 462, 463, 464, 465, 466, 467, 468, 469, 470, 471, 472, 473, 474, 475, 476, 477, 478, 479, 480, 481, 482, 483, 484, 485, 486, 487, 488, 489, 490, 491, 492, 493, 494, 495, 496, 497, 498, 499, 500, 501, 502, 503, 504, 505, 506, 507, 508, 509, 510, 511, 512, 513, 514, 515, 516, 517, 518, 519, 520, 521, 522, 523, 524, 525, 526, 527, 528, 529, 530, 531, 532, 533, 534, 535, 536, 537, 538, 539, 540, 541, 542, 543, 544, 545, 546, 547, 548, 549, 550, 551, 552, 553, 554, 555, 556, 557, 558, 559, 560, 561, 562, 563, 564, 565, 566, 567, 568, 569, 570, 571, 572, 573, 574, 575, 576, 577, 578, 579, 580, 581, 582, 583, 584, 585, 586, 587, 588, 589, 590, 591, 592, 593, 594, 595, 596, 597, 598, 599, 600, 601, 602, 603, 604, 605, 606, 607, 608, 609, 610, 611, 612, 613, 614, 615, 616, 617, 618, 619, 620, 621, 622, 623, 624, 625, 626, 627, 628, 629, 630, 631, 632, 633, 634, 635, 636, 637, 638, 639, 640, 641, 642, 643, 644, 645, 646, 647, 648, 649, 650, 651, 652, 653, 654, 655, 656, 657, 658, 659, 660, 661, 662, 663, 664, 665, 666, 667, 668, 669, 670, 671, 672, 673, 674, 675, 676, 677, 678, 679, 680, 681, 682, 683, 684, 685, 686, 687, 688, 689, 690, 691, 692, 693, 694, 695, 696, 697, 698, 699, 700, 701, 702, 703, 704, 705, 706, 707, 708, 709, 710, 711, 712, 713, 714, 715, 716, 717, 718, 719, 720, 721, 722, 723, 724, 725, 726, 727, 728, 729, 730, 731, 732, 733, 734, 735, 736, 737, 738, 739, 740, 741, 742, 743, 744, 745, 746, 747, 748, 749, 750, 751, 752, 753, 754, 755, 756, 757, 758, 759, 760, 761, 762, 763, 764, 765, 766, 767, 768, 769, 770, 771, 772, 773, 774, 775, 776, 777, 778, 779, 780, 781

FOR SALE ON THE SOUTH SIDE OF
24th, near 4th-av., an elegant four-story brick house
 home. It has, now ready to be completed, a full
 bath, and a new kitchen, with a new range and
 new stove. The house is in a fine location, and
 is a very desirable home. Apply at No. 144 East
 24th, for prospectus.

FOR LEASE OR GRADING OF DAIRY PASTURE
 In Dutchess County, N. Y., 200 acres of land with
 improvements, consisting of a two-story frame barn
 with 14 rooms, 5 good barns, wagon, and coal
 shed, at home place, with a fine view of the
 river and the mountains. Sales per annum 500
 for milk, 100 for butter, and 100 for cheese.
 Brooklyn or City preferred.

A. J. BLEEDER & CO., No. 1 Broadway.

HOUSES TO LET.

TO LET FOR SIX MONTHS, OR TO LEASE
FOR FIVE YEARS. A beautiful house
 in Dutchess County, N. Y., 200 acres of land with
 improvements, consisting of a two-story frame barn
 with 14 rooms, 5 good barns, wagon, and coal
 shed, at home place, with a fine view of the
 river and the mountains. Sales per annum 500
 for milk, 100 for butter, and 100 for cheese.
FRANCIS F. GARETSON, No. 144 East 24th.

LET—A FURNISHED HOUSE IN SEASIDE
 near the beach, near the hotel, for a family
 or a small, genteel family, three or four persons.
 The house is furnished with a fine view of the
 ocean, and is a very desirable home. Rent, \$50
 per month. Those who take lodgings will please
 call on the office.

LET—FURNISHED HOUSE LAFAYETTE
 place, East Brooklyn—first-class brick house, modern
 conveniences, and a fine view of the ocean.

LET THE THREE-STORY AND PARENT
home No. 68 5th st., Possession on the lot at
midnight. Apply on the premises, or to F. O. STEARNS,
Beaver St.

LET A FIRST-CLASS FURNISHED HOUSE,
a small family, until May. It has all the modern
conveniences. Inquire at No. 230 4th-st., West, and street
away.

LET THE TWO-STORY
house No. 230 Broadway.

LET THE TWO-STORY
with water closets and Cistern.
Apply on the premises, or to F. O. STEARNS,
Beaver St.

FOR A MODERN
flat, bath, gas, range, etc. I am anxious to lease. Write to
the advertiser here in New-York. I guarantee given house.
R. R. ROBINSON, D. D. B. Box 97, the great South
side 46th-st., between 6th and 11th ave., or No. 3
Randolph.

WICES TO LET IN THE THREE HOUSES.
on second floor. In quiet, & pleasant
desirable location. Apply at the Treasurer's office.

STEAM POWER.

STEAM POWER TO LET—AT TRENTON
Orka, foot of 54th and 56th sts., East River. These
are provided currently for mechanical purposes, and are
generally adapted for either heavy or light machinery. The
engines are of 1,000 horse power, and the whole equip-
ment is in a fine fitted up in a manner unsurpassed in this country.
Terms, etc., apply at the Office on the premises.

STEAM POWER TO LET—AT NEW YORK
Orka, foot of 54th and 56th sts., East River.

WILL & SON, 26 N. 3RD ST.

OILS AND PAINTS.

KEROSENE OIL.
ROSEINE ILLUMINATING OIL.
ROSEINE LUBRICATING OIL.
ROSEINE ETHNACLE OIL.

COPARTNERSHIP

PARTNERSHIP
TO THE NEW YORK
INVESTMENT BOARD
Company Name
Y-6000
NEW YORK CITY CO.
NEW YORK CITY CO.

East, Shelbyville, Tenn.; sales
 Furry, Shelbyville, Tenn.; sales
 Purrott, Weston, Mo.; sales
 Reiden, North Amherst, Mass.;
 sales about \$1,000.
 Thomas & Co., Franklin, Ohio; sales
 Webb & Co., Chicago, Ill.; sales
 Bonner, Chicago, Ill.; sales
 Parker, Chicago, Ill.; sales
 Decker, Chicago, Ill.; sales
 Anderson & Co., Chillicothe, Ill.; sales

Markets by Telegraph.
Puerto Rico, Wednesday, Nov. 12, 4 P. M.
 Sugar: Sales 1,200 bags, at \$2.37 for export; 1,000 bags, at \$2.37 for domestic; 100 bags, at \$2.37 for domestic. Sugar: Sales 1,200 bags, at \$2.37 for export; 1,000 bags, at \$2.37 for domestic; 100 bags, at \$2.37 for domestic. Sugar: Sales 1,200 bags, at \$2.37 for export; 1,000 bags, at \$2.37 for domestic; 100 bags, at \$2.37 for domestic.

[illegible][illegible][illegible]

Arrived.

John Black Warrior, Creek, New York

avrus 14th, with mine, and passengers
 McGowan & Co. Enrolled about 20 miles
 from the shore of the Gulf of Mexico
 Endymion, Hallett, Liverpool, 14th, with mine
 McGowan & Co. Enrolled about 20 miles
 from the shore of the Gulf of Mexico
 Orleans, H. H. Liverpool, 14th, with mine
 McGowan & Co. Enrolled about 20 miles
 from the shore of the Gulf of Mexico
 to Spotted, Thorton, 14th, with mine
 McGowan & Co. Enrolled about 20 miles
 from the shore of the Gulf of Mexico
 Eugene, (T. C. Enrolled about 20 miles
 from the shore of the Gulf of Mexico
 Lilly, Abbot, Ceto 10, 14th, with mine
 McGowan & Co. Enrolled about 20 miles
 from the shore of the Gulf of Mexico
 to Spotted, Thorton, 14th, with mine
 McGowan & Co. Enrolled about 20 miles
 from the shore of the Gulf of Mexico
 Howard, (of Portland), Newport, 14th, with mine
 McGowan & Co. Enrolled about 20 miles
 from the shore of the Gulf of Mexico
 Wm. H. Titcomb, (of Portland), Newport, 14th, with mine
 McGowan & Co. Enrolled about 20 miles
 from the shore of the Gulf of Mexico
 to Spotted, Thorton, 14th, with mine
 McGowan & Co. Enrolled about 20 miles
 from the shore of the Gulf of Mexico
 with ship, Ceto 10, 14th, with mine
 McGowan & Co. Enrolled about 20 miles
 from the shore of the Gulf of Mexico
 Reinder, Knott, Georgetown, with ship to Ab-
 bott, 14th, with mine
 McGowan & Co. Enrolled about 20 miles
 from the shore of the Gulf of Mexico
 Captain Jayne, Tyler, Georgetown, with ship to
 Dodge & Co.
 L. J. Groton, 14th, with mine
 McGowan & Co. Enrolled about 20 miles
 from the shore of the Gulf of Mexico
 vessel to C. H. Finney & Co.
 Statement, Weeks, Georgetown, with ship to
 Abbott.
 E. S. Jonson, Weeks, Georgetown, with ship to
 Abbott.
 Mary C. Brown, Cape, Virginia.

J. T. Byrd, Matthews, Virginia.
W. Sheldon, New York.
E. W. Benson, Taylor, Virginia.
Charley, Fleming, Virginia.
J. Franklin, Boston.
Isaac, Crumer, Alabama.
E. N. Fox, Galesburg, Wisconsin.
Best, Thompson, Virginia.
Joseph Hall, Oco, Buchanan, Conn.
Celestine, Lauder, Virginia.
S. Smith, Harpers, Michigan.
C. Ryan, Leeds, Alexandria, Va. sent by mail.
M. H. Boad, Rock Hill, N. Y.
Uncle, Withers, Virginia.
Olive, Hunt, Eastport.
Alice, Withers, Buchanan, Conn.
to H. B. Crouwell.
Julius Ann Egan, Robinson, Philadelphia.
Charles, Cramer, New York.
Eller J. N. Harris, Smith, New London.
Eller, Pelican, Clark, Providence.
D—During the day, M. N. W.

BeLied.
(By.) Winchester, Glasgow; Ro-
skinner, Norfolk; Marysville, Seattle; Sav-
ille Southampton, Anson, Liverpool.

[illegible]

Foreign Passes.
 Vienna, Oct. 25, '79. Ship Ticket _____; Hotel _____;
Ch. for Marine _____; Ch. for arr. from _____.

[illegible][illegible]

year, were occupied by the Persians.—*Constantinople letters.*

DISCOUNT IN THE MANUFACTURING DISTRICTS OF FRANCE.—The tariff question is likely to add to the difficulties of the Imperial Government. A person who has just returned from a tour in the manufacturing districts states that there exists a great deal of discontent, owing to the apprehensions of commercial reform, even without the intermediate agency of the Legislature. The manufacturers, who are the most powerful party, are not only afraid to pass from one day to another of their position, as the Emperor may introduce by a summary decree further and more radical changes. They openly express their fears that the Government will also do this. The Emperor would be so doing disregard the motives from which they voted for his Presidency of the Republic, the Emperor. They affirm that he has not only inherited the prejudices, but also the commercial principles, of his uncle, whose system was prohibitive.—*Paris Cor. London Times.*

INCREASING INFLUENCE OF RUSSIA IN THE EAST.—The influence of Russia in the Danubian Principalities increases from day to day. The Russian Consul-General is again master of the situation in the Principality of Servia. Some days ago Count Edouard de Seray, one of the founders of the Franco-Russian Alliance Company, and a well-known diplomatist, endeavored to obtain from the Prince a concession for the construction of a railroad from Belgrade to Alexandria, but he soon discovered that he had no chance of success. The Prince, which Count de Seray represented is composed of Hungarian nobles, Vienna bankers, and the French Credit Mobilier, but the Russian General is believed to have given the Serbian Cabinet to understand that his Government would be likely to see such an important railroad as that from Belgrade to Alexandria would be in the hands of the Austrians and French.—*Vienna Cor. of London Times.*

FRENCH DIPLOMATS AND THE CAIR.—The London Convention has been the subject of a large piece of intelligence, dated St. Petersburg, Nov. 1. Count WALTOWSKI, the French Foreign Minister, a Pole, is to have the Polish estate of his family reduced to him again for his service to the Czar in the late war.

CATERER EMPLOYED AT THE CAPE SUMMIT.—

We learn from the frontier papers and other sources that the Caffre excitement is nearly, if not altogether, over. The inhabitants of the Caffre divisions may now resume their peaceful occupations, without any relying in future on the vigilance of Governments, both British and military, by which it has been strengthened, and all former precedent.—*Ottawa Times*, Sept. 30.

THE SOUND DUES.—We learn from the Danish capital that the Hanoverian Minister resident at the Hansa Towns, Mr. HANSEBURG, had arrived there, in all probability with instructions and full powers to make friendly arrangements with that Government relative to the abolition of the Sound Dues.—*London Times*.

SIGNIFICANT.—People ask how it is that King FERDINAND II. displays so much indifference to the menaces of the great Powers. Can it be simply the effect of courage, or has he received a hint from Russia that the moment for the breaking up of the existing alliances is not far distant?—*Der Deutsche Post*.

News by the Niagara.

[THE FOLLOWING APPEARED IN A PORTION OF OUR YESTERDAY'S EDITION.]

HALIFAX, Wednesday, Nov. 30.

The Royal Mail steamship *Niagara*, Captain RYRIE, from Liverpool on the afternoon of Saturday, Nov. 8, arrived here at midnight.

The *Niagara* passed, Nov. 6, at 5:50 P. M., the United States Mail steamer *Ericson*, 6 miles from Liverpool. On Nov. 5, at 11 A. M., she changed signals with the ship *Consent* off Waterford.

The steamer *Angle-Saxon*, from Quebec, arrived at Liverpool at 5 o'clock P. M. on the 5th inst.

The *Omard* steamship *Perele*, from New-York, arrived at Liverpool, at 7 P. M. on Friday, the 7th, her

Regarding the *Niagara* differences we have nothing more definite than the statement from the Paris *Patrie*:

"The *Niagara* differences, if we may believe the reports published in the *Patrie*, are not at the point of entering on a better phase; and the King of Naples has, it is said, asked the plenipotentiaries in France and England to propose a cessation of hostilities, and the return of the Baron Ricasoli to his post. It is thought that an armistice will be effected through the friendly mediation of the King of Naples, and we may expect on this point from the plenipotentiaries posted, and if that statement is correct, the plenipotentiaries of the King of Naples will take their ground."

According to the report given by the *Patrie* the *Albionians* are withdrawing troops from several of the towns in the *Niagara* region which they had for some time past occupied. At the same time they are making preparations for an overwhelming display of military force in Lombardy and on the frontier of the Kingdom of Naples, which is occupied by Papal Swiss mercenaries. *Naples* and Avouca are now the only points held by the *Albionians*.

Answer.

The concession, by FRANCIS JOSEPH, of the Eastern Railroad, is published in addition to the lines already conceded. The Company may construct the line from Moscow to Vladivostok. The whole line must be completed within ten years. The Government guarantees six per cent.

The Commission on the question of the Danube is about to reassemble at Vienna. Turkey will send a representative.

passage being called 9 days and 7 hours meaneime.

There is little important news by this arrival.

Additional symptoms had manifested themselves of a close union between France, Russia and Prussia. It would appear that France supports the unconditional admission of Russia and Prussia to the second session of the European Congress, while to England it is said to oppose the admission of the former and Austria of the latter.

Treaties of commerce between Russia and France, and railway treaties between Russia and Prussia, were in preparation.

Neapolitan affairs continued without change.

There had nothing of interest been received from Spain.

Great Britain.

Lord PALMERSTON had delivered an address on Education before a large assembly in the Free Trade Hall at Manchester. He also made two speeches in defence of his foreign policy.

An address had been presented to him by the President of the Liverpool Chamber of Commerce, in which the following passage occurred :

"It would not be doing justice to the commercial community of Liverpool, nor to the Government of that city, which most deeply affects it (—the late difficulties or threatened difference between this country and the United States. There is, my Lord, but one expression of feeling among us as to the matter in which your Lordship and Her Majesty's advisers disposed of that, which at one time threatened to bring down upon us the wrath of the United States in concert with America. We feel, by the mode in which your Lordship and Her Majesty's advisers settled that question, you not only consulted the dignity of this country, but in spirit and in deed, defended all the interests concerned. My Lord, for that we feel deeply indebted to your Lordship and to Her Majesty's Government."

To Lord PALMERSTON replied, with considerable embarrassment of manner, as follows :

"I was sure, gentlemen, that the policy which we recently adopted in our differences with the United States must meet with your approbation. We felt that the policy which was necessary to maintain the dignity of the country, it was also necessary to show that even the calamities of war with a neighbouring race would be encountered if there was a necessity for it upon any other grounds. We felt that, while it was necessary to show this, we ought to waive all minor and party considerations—that we ought to stand upon the broad grounds of national honour, and that such was the position in which we had placed ourselves as to have invited the expression of

angry feelings, that it was more dignified to look at what we believed to be the friendly feelings of the great mass of the people of America, rather than to take too much notice of circumstances in a narrow sphere that might perhaps have justified feelings of irritation. The result has fully borne out, I think, the wisdom of that course. I am sure that in proportion as your prosperity increases and in proportion as your enterprise is developed, in the same proportion we may look to cementing permanently those ties of friendship and good will which exist and ought to be permanent between the people on the two shores of the Atlantic."

In Lord PALMERSTON's speech, at Manchester, he used the following expression, which has been the subject of much remark:

"I hope the peace will be lasting, but its endurance must depend on the fidelity with which its conditions are fulfilled. If that power which provoked hostility faithfully carried out the treaty, then no doubt peace would long be preserved."

On Thursday evening, the 6th inst., the Directors of the Bank of England held a protracted sitting, in the course of which they deliberately considered the expediency of making a further change in the rates of discount, with a view to arrest the continued outflow of gold to the Continent. The withdrawal of a considerable amount during the last few days, and the certainty that the demand must continue unless it is interrupted by large arrivals from Australia, are understood to have directed the attention of the Board, and the resolution not to make any change for the present was arrived at by a majority of only one.

The condition of the Bank of France had shown no improvement.

[illegible]

fifty, was accompanied by a large number of plantations, appointments, etc., all of which he says, "under an escort of a couple of regiments," &c., all of which he hands him. The general and the Colonel in command went off emphatically, by the party in question, that they would never submit to be treated thus to them. They were further told that such had been searched their wages in a general manner, that they had visited them in a manner, some, & on whom they expected they would stop their march, that they regarded them as a gang of thieves, and they would nevertheless

all scores of men that have been taken prisoners of war. The Government has no further use for him, unless he chooses to remain all as prisoner. The Government has orders to Col. Gurnea and the staff to be arrested and guarded [just exactly] as if that if one of them attempted to escape he is to be shot instantly.

The Governor then says they are not looking for evidence disregard of his presence. That, too, is false, and the Governor has apologized there to the party for the way he acted and claimed that it had been done just according to his instructions. Nothing verbal passed between the parties of the character to which the Governor alludes, and if the party speaking is all contained in the following statement, it contains all that was communicated to the Governor for which the party are in any way responsible.

Source: Keweenaw, Bismarck.

[illegible]

and are now presented to you.

All we have to say is, that our national home Territory is equally sacred. We think we have a right to a policy of restriction, and we have a right to defend on the way, and coming in this respect to Territory, we claim the right of American citizens and to be exempt from American searchers.

Trusting to your integrity and loyalty, we have confidence to believe that our countrymen will understand us, and all that has been made right.

We here subscribe ourselves, cordially and respectfully,
your friends and fellow-citizens,
A. W. GARY,
J. W. GARY,
A. J. GARY,
E. DANFORTH.

Another, GEARY "initiated upon the same disobedient of the combination, which was just to with alacrity." They kept together fast and no further than coincided with their own arrangement, and instead of "dispensing to our directions" by his orders, more than tenths of them, including all the wagon, sent to Lawrence, with their banners unfurled; one train, and there was no scattering until reached Lawrence, nearly two days after the interview with GEARY.

Once more, in conclusion, he "expressed regret that Societies exist in some States, the object it is to fit out such parties as the one described, and send them to Kansas, to that injury and the destruction of the general welfare of the country." Now, I treat that as an ex-

gated alander, upon not only the sufferings
ferred to, but upon the States from which
come. There has been 250 emigrants
any State or States in Kansas who have
better citizens, harder laborers or
loyal subjects than the party as vilified
duced by the Governor. Go over the
ritory to-day, and they are found on
claims from Smoky Hill Park to the
on the South, and in every town they will
found as faithful mechanics, trying to secure
honorable and constant application of their
directed energies means for their own
We have seen very forcibly the value of
accession to our industrial ranks, and
their hardships, it is not surprising that
all we see a Government who has
a Constitutional right, and
a father to whom we are bound.

well as fortunes, are so dearly bought, I like to place this company by the side of the number of his favorite sons of the old South, who have come into Kansas the last mer—if as many boys still survive have— and contrast the intelligence, the industry, the five means of support—the industry, the industry of the two classes, and that the Government should decide which party will have the "the destruction of the general welfare of the country." I regard his statement as a scandal upon those who belong to the party on that he will not dare to meet them on his face.

He says again that this Territory is a hindrance to the immigration of the poor man or laborer. Then he says he will not enter because they were not laborers. I think Kansas offers very favorable inducements to industrious laborers of all classes.

Then he refers to the denunciation that visited before they crossed the line and who were written as well as verbal instructions of the party while in Nebraska, and says that they enter the Territory afterwards with hostile and unlike appearance, to the terms of possible in defiance, not only of his proclamation, but of his own verbal cautions. I say there is no English for a reply to that only that Gov. Gillette, and every member of the party will so say.

He says, too, in this dispatch that he approves of the action taken by Col. Cook, Miss and all, while he told said party at Topeka the opposite, and worked out a variety of excuses for the transaction. Further still, he says

pledged his honor at Topsis that the man should all be given up in a very few days—so soon as he was satisfied that they had stolen and were here for peaceful purposes. Then on the 14th of October, and they are still here, contraband by the dragged government, and I have seen no evidence that they will last for 2 months longer.

The Governor has just returned to Louisville armed, and has charged to fight on the New York papers that is growing to a lion in newspaper, and the consequence he waxes very pot-valent, and some of the craft of reporters without stop. I would frequently repeat that they have not any alibutrons up their own, unacceptably.

The Circuit Court has adjourned in Topsis on Wed. Nov. 22nd, where the room was packed and the people a mob. The State Court has there, and soon after, and all the

THE NEW-YORK WEEKLY TIMES, PUBLISHED EVERY SATURDAY, BY JAMES W. WALKER, AT NO. 15 NASSAU ST. (Opposite the City Hall.) TERMS: \$5 PER ANNUM IN ADVANCE. Single Copies, 10 CENTS. ADVERTISING: \$1 PER LINE PER WEEK. For particulars, apply to the Publisher.

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The letter from Washington which we publish this morning, giving an account of the purpose of the Wisconsin delegation to visit the President, is a most interesting document. It shows that the Wisconsin delegation, under the leadership of Mr. WISCONSIN, is determined to discuss with the President the immediate dissolution of the Union. It seems that Gov. WISCONSIN is an ardent and devoted supporter of the President, and that he is determined to discuss with the President the immediate dissolution of the Union. It seems that Gov. WISCONSIN is an ardent and devoted supporter of the President, and that he is determined to discuss with the President the immediate dissolution of the Union.

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Municipal Reform.
It is a proper subject for devout thanksgiving, on the part of every American citizen, that the enlightened wisdom which framed our City Government, had nothing to do with devising that Federal Constitution, which, for nearly three-quarters of a century has held the Union together. Had it done so, instead of one Executive, we should have at least ten Executives; instead of one Administration, at least half a score would be inaugurated at the end of each four years; instead of an election for President and Vice-President only, the people would be called on to vote, separately, for a Speaker of the House of Representatives, a Secretary of State, Secretary of the Navy, Secretary of War, Secretary of the Treasury, Secretary of the Interior, Postmaster-General, Attorney-General, and, perhaps, for the head of each bureau and public office in the National Capital. Of course every one of these different appointees, deriving office from distinct sets of friends, would have his own little shoal of applicants for a share of the loaves and fishes; the chief of each department, being responsible to no other, and to no common head, would extend, as widely as possible, the influence and expenditure within his own sphere, and the radiant day of plunder would shine over the heads of every grabber from the national treasury. The President would be a badly embarrassed cypher, and the Secretary of the Treasury, if by miracle he chanced to be an honest man, as great a beggar as our present City Comptroller. The country would be annually mulcted to the amount of as many hundred millions as it would bear without rebellion, and this latter could be staved off for a little while, by a rapid increase of the national debt, until its credit was exhausted, and the necessary end of such an abominable system came, namely, anarchy.

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A Patriot Extinguished.
General WILLIAM WALKER is certainly a good deal of a hero in his way. He certainly has a faculty of accomplishing what he undertakes, and a knack of dealing sharply and decisively with the men who come in collision with him. Senor GOICOURIA has experienced a touch of his quality in this particular. This gentleman is a Cuban patriot and exile who has resided for some time—since the disastrous failure of the Criterien invasion, we believe—in this City. He has ability, some fortune, and great energy of character, all which he has devoted, during his residence here, to devising ways and means for a renewed invasion of Cuba. Finding his path greatly impeded by the action of the general Government, in enforcing the neutrality laws, he went to Nicaragua and lent Gen. WALKER the benefit of his counsels and his aid. He became an officer in his army, fought in one or two of the affairs which the bulletins from that region call battles, and was finally honored by the General with a commission to England, for the purpose of raising money for the new Government.

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Slave-Trade and Free-Trade.
The New-Orleans-Delta represents Southern sentiment as Mr. JEFFERSON DAVIS understands it. The Delta takes ground in favor of the restoration of the African Slave-trade. It regards that as a main timber of the new policy to be inaugurated along with Mr. BUCHANAN. All the Charleston Standard has to say in behalf of the measure the Delta accepts, and expands, and intensifies, so that unpracticed readers might imagine the recent contest had turned upon no other issue. The Richmond Enquirer, on the other hand, quite as potential and influential as the Delta, declines so to understand the matter, absolutely resisting, upon humanitarian principles, that there should be a glow to the bosoms of WILBERFORCE and BURNES, all attempts to resuscitate the African trade. Here is a sad lack of sympathy. Doctors of the same school thus differ in the very A B C of doctrine, boding schism of the most disastrous sort in the ranks of a party nefarious and flushed with triumph.

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Old-Fashioned Economy.
Mr. GOODEMAN says, in his *Recollections of a Lifetime*, just published, that his father, a Connecticut clergyman of the Congregational persuasion, brought up and educated a family of eight children on a salary of four hundred dollars a year, and left, at his death, "an estate of five thousand dollars." He not only did this, but his house was a kind of eleemosynary tavern for traveling clergymen. Such a story as this will appear more wonderful to New-York housekeepers than any of the tales told by Sinbad the Sailor. Yet there is no doubt of its exact truth, and a similar one might be narrated of many a New-England clergyman, who found himself "passing rich" on no larger an income.

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Business Notices.
WE WOULD CALL ATTENTION TO OUR STOCK OF FANCY AND FINE GOODS. Our stock of Fancy, Canton, and other goods, comprises all that is new and desirable in the market, and we make them up with all the skill and care that our house has long been celebrated for. CHAS. HUGUE, who for the past years has been our partner, still is with us.

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The following letter is from Lancaster, Pennsylvania:

"Your letter to hand, and in reply, we think it is a bad fidure; the stock is not worth anything, and the stockholders are liable for the dividend. We have called a meeting of the stockholders to meet on Monday to put it off to its feet.

Cannot tell at what rate to buy the stock; we are on the safe side and make it low; they have not yet published a statement of their finances."

The Sub-Treasury received, to-day, \$2,000,000 71; payments, \$251,175 28; balance on hand, \$1,748,824 73.

close, \$12,012,843 05.
Breadstuffs were generally higher to-day. Flour declined a trifle under last week's prices; increased stock; while Wheat advanced a trifle, and a shade, and were less freely traded than last week's advanced prices. A little more vigor was shown in the Cotton trade. Groceries were quiet and heavy, while Provisions ruled quiet, but generally firm. Freights were essentially unchanged.

Casual Tolls.

The Canal tells for the season, to the 15th inst. foot up \$2,590,909... deficiency, as compared with the same period in 1896, of \$46,457.

Markings by Telephone.
BUFFALO, Friday, Nov. 21.

Flour dull; \$5.75 @ \$6.50. Extra brands. WHEAT is unsteady; bushels, at \$1.12 1/2 for Chicago No. 2, good white Michigan. CORN is easy; 90 bushels, at 54c for No. 2, for Canadian. OATS, 40c. Canal freight through; receipts good.

BUFFALO, Friday, Nov. 21.—P. M.
Flour—**Super** Sales 800 bushels at \$5 12 1/2 per bushel. **Illinois** and **Wisconsin** extra for cash, **medium** at \$5 12 1/2 for extra do. **Wheat**—about the same. **12,500 bushels** at \$1 12 1/2 for **Chicago** extra at \$1 40 for white **Michigan**. **Corn**—medium, **quakers** of the same at 5c. **Barley**—**65c.** **54c.** @ 50c. **RAILY** \$1 12 1/2. **WHEAT**—**10c.** **Freights**—No through shipments. **Arrivals**—**45 hours** up to noon to-day, **11,658 bushels** wheat, **682 bushels** corn, **9,284 bushels** oats, and **4,676 bushels** flour.
OSWEGO, Friday, Nov. 21.—P. M.
Flour—**Steady** and **little sales**. **Super** at \$5 12 1/2 @ 1 3/4 for **Superfine** and extra **medium**.

10,000 bush. at \$1.45 for fair White Ontario and 10,000 bush. at \$1.28 for fair White Spring. Corn—In heavy demand and market firm; sales 3,000 bush. at 61c for heavy and 60c for light White and 4,000 bush. at 60c for heavy and 59c for light White and 7,000 bush. Barley—Crest 4,000 bush. at \$2.00 and 1,000 bush. at \$1.95. Oats—4,000 bush. at \$1.25 and 22,500 bush. Wheat: 4,900 bush. Corn: 7,000 bush. Barley: and 3,900 bush. Rye.

ALBANY, Friday, Nov. 11.
Barley very active, sales 40,000 bush. at \$1.55 and 30,000 bush. for light to heavy footed at \$1.45 and \$1.41 for two-rowed, and 70,000 for Canadian Oats, 46c to 47c. Corn \$1.20 to \$1.22. No Western mixed, for store. Sales 17,000 bushels.

SALES OF STOCKS AT PHILADELPHIA, FRIDAY, NOV. 11.

[illegible][illegible]

Union Canal, 999 1/2; New-Orleans, 1000; Chesapeake
Railroad, 12 1/2 @ 13 1/2.

MINISTERS ALARMED.—4 3/4; Sun rise... 6 58; Sun set... 4 59; Moon rise, 1 58;
NIGHT
Sandy Hook... 2 36; Gov. Island... 5 21; Hell Gate, 7 6.

MARINE INTELLIGENCE.

NEW-YORK....FRIDAY, Nov. 31.

Cleared.

Steamship Baltic, Comstock, Liverpool, E. K. Collins
& Co.
Ships Chapman, Jordan, Sharpshoot, Pease, Wells, Co.

York & Chase, Park West, Belmont.
 Frost, Green, Park West, Belmont.
 Barke Leopold, (died), Oyster Bay.
 & Melnick; Brothers, Coney Is.
 Kohl & Kling, East River.
 M. Smith & Co., Connetquot, N. Y.
 Co.; Mayflower, Rego, New York.
 Brice Mary Owen, Johnson, Rockaway.
 Co.; Oyster Bay, N. Y.
 Alaska, Chase, New Bedford, Williams, Oyster Bay.
 Schoenrock, Rossmore, Phillips, New York.
 Smith, Smith, Chase, New York.
 Leboe, Chase, Glen Cove, Jamaica, New York.
 Richmond, Chase, New York.
 Ford, J. B. Edwards.
 Sloop Mary Elizabeth, Bedford, New London, J. B. Edwards.
 Lucust Point, French, Bathurst, H. B. Co.

Arrived.
 Ship Asa Eldridge, (new), Coleman, Boston, to ball-
 to Wm. T. Coleman & Co.
 Brig Ceylon, (Br.) Crowell, Wiscasset, with plaster
 to
 Brig John H. Jones, (of Cold Spring), Mills, Charlestown
 8 d., with cotton, fish, to Dolliver & Foster.
 Sloop E. S. S., with lumber, to Jackson & Co.
 McAniff, Wheeler & Almon.
 Brig Sarah Woodson, (of East Cambridge), Moore, Sa-
 vannah 8 d., with lumber, to Jackson & Co.
 Brig L. M. Strong, Street, Cherryland 4 d., with lum-
 ber to Brett, Son & Co.
 Brig M. C. McKean, Malabar, 4 d., with
 fish to H. G. Donovan. 14th inst, 5 miles S. of Gwynn's

Shoals, spoke big Katschub, 44 ft., from Cambridge New York, 1897, 1898, 1899, 1900, 1901, 1902, 1903, 1904, 1905, 1906, 1907, 1908, 1909, 1910, 1911, 1912, 1913, 1914, 1915, 1916, 1917, 1918, 1919, 1920, 1921, 1922, 1923, 1924, 1925, 1926, 1927, 1928, 1929, 1930, 1931, 1932, 1933, 1934, 1935, 1936, 1937, 1938, 1939, 1940, 1941, 1942, 1943, 1944, 1945, 1946, 1947, 1948, 1949, 1950, 1951, 1952, 1953, 1954, 1955, 1956, 1957, 1958, 1959, 1960, 1961, 1962, 1963, 1964, 1965, 1966, 1967, 1968, 1969, 1970, 1971, 1972, 1973, 1974, 1975, 1976, 1977, 1978, 1979, 1980, 1981, 1982, 1983, 1984, 1985, 1986, 1987, 1988, 1989, 1990, 1991, 1992, 1993, 1994, 1995, 1996, 1997, 1998, 1999, 2000, 2001, 2002, 2003, 2004, 2005, 2006, 2007, 2008, 2009, 2010, 2011, 2012, 2013, 2014, 2015, 2016, 2017, 2018, 2019, 2020, 2021, 2022, 2023, 2024, 2025, 2026, 2027, 2028, 2029, 2030, 2031, 2032, 2033, 2034, 2035, 2036, 2037, 2038, 2039, 2040, 2041, 2042, 2043, 2044, 2045, 2046, 2047, 2048, 2049, 2050, 2051, 2052, 2053, 2054, 2055, 2056, 2057, 2058, 2059, 2060, 2061, 2062, 2063, 2064, 2065, 2066, 2067, 2068, 2069, 2070, 2071, 2072, 2073, 2074, 2075, 2076, 2077, 2078, 2079, 2080, 2081, 2082, 2083, 2084, 2085, 2086, 2087, 2088, 2089, 2090, 2091, 2092, 2093, 2094, 2095, 2096, 2097, 2098, 2099, 2100, 2101, 2102, 2103, 2104, 2105, 2106, 2107, 2108, 2109, 2110, 2111, 2112, 2113, 2114, 2115, 2116, 2117, 2118, 2119, 2120, 2121, 2122, 2123, 2124, 2125, 2126, 2127, 2128, 2129, 2130, 2131, 2132, 2133, 2134, 2135, 2136, 2137, 2138, 2139, 2140, 2141, 2142, 2143, 2144, 2145, 2146, 2147, 2148, 2149, 2150, 2151, 2152, 2153, 2154, 2155, 2156, 2157, 2158, 2159, 2160, 2161, 2162, 2163, 2164, 2165, 2166, 2167, 2168, 2169, 2170, 2171, 2172, 2173, 2174, 2175, 2176, 2177, 2178, 2179, 2180, 2181, 2182, 2183, 2184, 2185, 2186, 2187, 2188, 2189, 2190, 2191, 2192, 2193, 2194, 2195, 2196, 2197, 2198, 2199, 2200, 2201, 2202, 2203, 2204, 2205, 2206, 2207, 2208, 2209, 2210, 2211, 2212, 2213, 2214, 2215, 2216, 2217, 2218, 2219, 2220, 2221, 2222, 2223, 2224, 2225, 2226, 2227, 2228, 2229, 2230, 2231, 2232, 2233, 2234, 2235, 2236, 2237, 2238, 2239, 2240, 2241, 2242, 2243, 2244, 2245, 2246, 2247, 2248, 2249, 2250, 2251, 2252, 2253, 2254, 2255, 2256, 2257, 2258, 2259, 2260, 2261, 2262, 2263, 2264, 2265, 2266, 2267, 2268, 2269, 2270, 2271, 2272, 2273, 2274, 2275, 2276, 2277, 2278, 2279, 2280, 2281, 2282, 2283, 2284, 2285, 2286, 2287, 2288, 2289, 2290, 2291, 2292, 2293, 2294, 2295, 2296, 2297, 2298, 2299, 2300, 2301, 2302, 2303, 2304, 2305, 2306, 2307, 2308, 2309, 2310, 2311, 2312, 2313, 2314, 2315, 2316, 2317, 2318, 2319, 2320, 2321, 2322, 2323, 2324, 2325, 2326, 2327, 2328, 2329, 2330, 2331, 2332, 2333, 2334, 2335, 2336, 2337, 2338, 2339, 2340, 2341, 2342, 2343, 2344, 2345, 2346, 2347, 2348, 2349, 2350, 2351, 2352, 2353, 2354, 2355, 2356, 2357, 2358, 2359, 2360, 2361, 2362, 2363, 2364, 2365, 2366, 2367, 2368, 2369, 2370, 2371, 2372, 2373, 2374, 2375, 2376, 2377, 2378, 2379, 2380, 2381, 2382, 2383, 2384, 2385, 2386, 2387, 2388, 2389, 2390, 2391, 2392, 2393, 2394, 2395, 2396, 2397, 2398, 2399, 2400, 2401, 2402, 2403, 2404, 2405, 2406, 2407, 2408, 2409, 2410, 2411, 2412, 2413, 2414, 2415, 2416, 2417, 2418, 2419, 2420, 2421, 2422, 2423, 2424, 2425, 2426, 2427, 2428, 2429, 2430, 2431, 2432, 2433, 2434, 2435, 2436, 2437, 2438, 2439, 2440, 2441, 2442, 2443, 2444, 2445, 2446, 2447, 2448, 2449, 2450, 2451, 2452, 2453, 2454, 2455, 2456, 2457, 2458, 2459, 2460, 2461, 2462, 2463, 2464, 2465, 2466, 2467, 2468, 2469, 2470, 2471, 2472, 2473, 2474, 2475, 2476, 2477, 2478, 2479, 2480, 2481, 2482, 2483, 2484, 2485, 2486, 2487, 2488, 2489, 2490, 2491, 2492, 2493, 2494, 2495, 2496, 2497, 2498, 2499, 2500, 2501, 2502, 2503, 2504, 2505, 2506, 2507, 2508, 2509, 2510, 2511, 2512, 2513, 2514, 2515, 2516, 2517, 2518, 2519, 2520, 2521, 2522, 2523, 2524, 2525, 2526, 2527, 2528, 2529, 2530, 2531, 2532, 2533, 2534, 2535, 2536, 2537, 2538, 2539, 2540, 2541, 2542, 2543, 2544, 2545, 2546, 2547, 2548, 2549, 2550, 2551, 2552, 2553, 2554, 2555, 2556, 2557, 2558, 2559, 2560, 2561, 2562, 2563, 2564, 2565, 2566, 2567, 2568, 2569, 2570, 2571, 2572, 2573, 2574, 2575

BELOW—1 ship.
WIND—During the day, from W. to S. E.
Homesickness.
Telegraphic to Elizabeth, N. Y., Secretary of Board
of Underwriters.
SAVANNAH, NOV. 30.—Scrib. Young American, from St.
Johns, N. B., Sunday Ayres, who have in
badly—during the day, from W. to S. E.; does not sail
in smooth water. Owner, Robert Williams, New-York.
She can probably be repaired.

Foreign Shipping Intelligence.
(PER HAGAR.)
Arrived at Liverpool 24th Inst. Atlantic Ocean, and

The Boston Iron Works,
 Robinson, do, Mercer's C. Day, Chas. M.;
 Farrington, New Orleans; LaSalle, Henson;
 7th. Benl. Adams, New-York; E. L. L.
 Condit, do.

Sailed from Liverpool, Chs. Queen of the Sea
 for, Charleston, Chs.
 Ashbury, B. B. B. New-York, 10th. 1854.
 the do. Th. Fannie, Anderson, New York.
 Entered for Liverpool, 10th. 1854.
 James Ray, New-York, 10th. 1854.
 ditto, 3d. Switzerland, Conway.
 Truman, ditto, 10th. 1854.
 City, Caniline, for Chs.
 Chs. steamer Adels-Born, 10th. 1854.
 Inson, Phaslon, for Chs. 10th. 1854.
 Sailed from Hong Kong, Aug. 11, S. Willmott, Peter.

for New-York.
Sailed from Venice—Sixth ult., J. Deakins, Master, for
New-York.
At Genoa.—Oct. 21st, R. Copley and John Henry, for
New-York.
At Leghorn.—Oct. 20, Thos. for New-York.
Sailed from Messina—Sept. 28th, Wm. Smith, Master, for New-
York; Six, Wm. Wilson, do.

The ship Wm. D. Stewart will go to New-York, having
changed her name. Her last cargo was
Lumber, &c. She sailed Oct. 19th.

The American schooner "Cassius," from Bristol Channel,
has struck on the rocks.

Foreign Policy of England

Incidents of the Anglo-French Alliance

Evolution of her Treaty Obligations

Signature of the French and English Ambassadors from Naples

INTERESTING FINANCIAL NEWS

The Embassy at London reached this morning at 10 o'clock. We publish below a summary of the financial intelligence.

The speech of Lord Palmerston at Manchester, delivered, expounding the foreign policy of the Government, will be read with interest.

The relations between the French and English Governments, and the feeling of the people on the subject.

Parliament's attitude has been made upon Russian influence by the London Morning Post, and the replies of the French Government are equally bit.

It is stated that the Government of Vienna has been officially informed that Lord Palmerston has no objection to the Vienna Convention.

An interesting account will be found in our columns this morning of the departure of the French and English Ambassadors from Naples.

The latest intelligence from thence is contained in the following telegraph from Marcelline:

Accounts have been received by sea from Naples to the effect that the King came to the capital on the 22nd inst. and held a council of ministers.

The law of the press of 1844-1846 has been re-established in Spain. By this law, the editor of a public journal must be a taxpayer to the amount of 100 pesetas sterling, and must deposit a caution of 100,000 pesetas.

A private letter from Madrid, of Nov. 2, says: "That Karmas would earnestly desire a means of strengthening his position and proving that he is absolutely necessary in an insurrection."

The Madrid Novedades says that the amnesty for political offenders recently granted is to be extended to the island of Cuba.

The Österreichische Correspondenz (Ministerial) of Vienna has the following paragraph in its issue of the 21st inst.:

"We know our agreeable duty to add to what has been said on the subject, that the wished-for understanding between the Emperor, Austria, and the Emperor of Russia is favorable."

Later intelligence has been received in England from the west coast of Africa.

A serious accident occurred at Bonny on the 21st of September, among the natives, many of whom of both sides were killed and wounded.

the people, and, with the exception of a few, the rest of the people, is in a state of panic.

An incident, however, in connection with the residence at Compiegne, and which bears upon the political aspects of the moment, ought to be mentioned.

M. Ivaor, an intelligent and particularly active officer of police, is the chief de bureau who takes care of the Emperor's person.

The duty is to travel with the Emperor wherever he goes, and to organize and put in operation around his person, whether traveling or stationary, the band, both official and recognized, or of secret police agents, who are to take special charge of His Majesty's person.

The great duty of this organization, as will be readily understood, is to guard against assassination. M. Ivaor, himself, follows the Emperor and other Imperial excursions in an elegant post-chaise, Incognito, and is only known to a few in his true character of "Chief of Surety to His Majesty."

But Napoleon, who does not like to be guarded too close, and to whom it is said these people are offensive, severely reprimanded M. Ivaor the other day for obtaining himself too near and too officiously before His Majesty's person; and the manner in which it was done revealed to many who were before ignorant of the fact, the true character of the Incognito of M. Ivaor.

Napoleon no doubt likes to be guarded, but he would rather be guarded at a distance. In the eyes of M. Ivaor and his masters, however, he belongs to the State, and they assert a certain prerogative in the steps which they deem proper. This is one of the luxuries of a crowned head. It may be mentioned here in conclusion, that people still assert that His Majesty is in need as well of a keeper of another kind. But so far I have been unable to find any strong confirmation of this assertion.

The first Emperor, it appears, was not so good a shot as the nephew. He only hunted by etiquette. One day, it is said, the Emperor, in pulling on a wild boar, wounded one of the dog-keepers. He got off by paying him a pension. Another time in pulling on a flock of partridges, he put out an eye for Marshal Masséna. As a compensation, he gave him the command of the army in Portugal.

It was only another manner of throwing powder in his eyes. The Empress Josephine, less of a huntress than the Empress Eugénie, could not bear to see the death of the deer, and always pulled the life of the poor beast. One day she passed her golden collar around the neck of a young stag, with the remark: "That will protect you from the hunters." "But not from the thieves," added Napoleon.

One of the great events of the last fortnight is the appearance in the streets of a new toy for children. You know the predilection of the French for toys. The present one is a little balloon, colored generally pink, and inflated with hydrogen gas. They are probably made of peritonium, have a long diameter of twelve inches, and their great attraction is that they mount rapidly in the air.

A long string held in the hands of the child directs their movements, and the great problem of the guidance of aerostats is thus solved. For a year past the great toy of the Parisians has been the dramatic plays of the theatre. No place succeeded well in the classical country of the Boulevard du Temple which did not give a ship and a shipwreck for amusement.

A writer in a weekly journal says that he was passing the other day through a new street in the northern side of the city, at a moment when a hand organ was operating under the window of a painter's studio. The organ played a strange, harking, creaking tune, a tune which had neither head nor tail, and yet which recalled at intervals very distinctly the *Marseillaise*. He approached the man who functioned at the crank, and demanded what tune he was playing.

"This is an old organ of 1848, Sir, rejuvenated. Since it has gone out of fashion, I have changed the wires, and arranged the tune you have just heard, which will pass, I think, under any government."

Most Americans who have gone into society in Paris have met M. LEXRY, a wealthy French gentleman, the husband of an elegant and accomplished English lady, whose saloons are among the most gay of any in Paris.

The following gentleman, which M. LEXRY was concerned with, is the reader and give offense to no one. M. LEXRY is a Norman, and his is one of those rapid fortunes which have been built up lately at the Bourse of Paris.

M. LEXRY commenced life as a lawyer's clerk, he then became the Secretary of M. EMILE DE GARRIGUES, then an advertising agent, then an architect, and finally a lawyer. At the period when he was still a lawyer's clerk, he was much occupied in the affairs of a rich Norman large property, and finding that he could not alone manage his estate, thought of employing the former clerk, M. LEXRY, as an assistant in his new business.

He started at once to find M. LEXRY at Paris, went to the office of the lawyer, and found that several years ago he had left the office and was now living in the Rue de l'Oratoire in Rouen. He hurried to the Rue de l'Oratoire, and happened to meet M. LEXRY just as he was coming out of his private residence.

"Diable!" said the astonished peasant, after having made himself recognized, "if I should judge by appearances, you must be living with rich people. But that is not the question. Such as you see me, I have thirty thousand good francs of income; and, as I need some one to aid me in regulating the administration of my property, I thought first of all of you."

"You are very good," replied M. LEXRY, "to think of me, and if you can make me gain in Normandy as much as I gain in Paris, I will give you the preference."

"I will give you four thousand francs a year without discussion."

venture of which this lady was the victim, and which, with the exception of a few, the rest of the people, is in a state of panic.

Another strange coincidence in connection with this death, was that a few days before the fatal accident occurred Mm. FEYJAMES picked herself with a needle, and the finger turned black; the incident, trifling as it may appear, alarmed her; and during the whole course of her suffering from the subsequent burn, she spoke of this as a warning. Who will deny destiny after that?

MALAKOFF.

THE FOREIGN POLICY OF ENGLAND.

Lord Palmerston's Speech at Manchester.

FREE TRADE—FOREIGN POLICY—RUSSIAN INFLUENCE—THE PARIS TREATY—THE COTTON TRADE OF INDIA AND AFRICA, ETC.

As already announced by telegraph, Lord PALMERSTON attended at the Town Hall, Manchester, on the 6th of November, to receive addresses from the City Council, Chamber of Commerce, and Commercial Association of that city.

The room was crowded. About 12½ o'clock the Lordship, accompanied by Lady PALMERSTON and a large company of distinguished persons, arrived. The Premier was greeted with enthusiastic applause. After the Addresses were read, Lord PALMERSTON, (amid the greatest cheering,) arose and said:

MR. MAYOR AND GENTLEMEN: I should, indeed, find it difficult to express in words the high gratification which I have felt at the honorable, cordial and generous reception which I have met with in this great commercial district. The approbation of their fellow-countrymen must at all times be one of the greatest pleasures of a public man.

It is the encouragement to the public mind, it is the incentive to public duty; and it is one of the highest rewards to those whose zeal and whose energy may have been attended with successful results. (Hear, hear.) It must, however, be peculiarly gratifying to those who are charged with the conduct of public affairs, whose time is greatly engaged in the detail of daily duties, which leave little leisure for the disposal of their time as they wish to dispose of it. It is peculiarly gratifying to find myself in a position to have an opportunity of visiting such a district as this, which I have now the opportunity to address.

community which—I am speaking now not merely of the particular town in which I stand, but of the vast district of which that town is the soul and centre—a community of which I may say that it is the hive of industry; it is one of the great sources of national wealth; it is the centre of the commerce of the world. And it must, therefore, be doubly gratifying to visit such a district, in the first place, as affording an opportunity of becoming acquainted with those men who are engaged in the great work of the world, and the elements of national character—who, while they are pursuing their own industrial occupations, are raising the standard of civilization, and who, by their efforts, are creating the wealth of the world.

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THE UNITED STATES SHOULD READ THE
Office No. 51 Franklin St.

THE NEW YORK PUBLIC LIBRARY
ASTOR LENOX TILDEN FOUNDATION
455 FIFTH AVENUE, NEW YORK 17, N.Y.
CALLENDER, Philadelphia

W. H. HARRY & CO., F. G. WELLS, and by drug stores every where.

WOMEN WANT A MOUNTAINEER BY NEW YORK.—The "mountain" they originate will make the women of this city prove their worth in six weeks, and will be taken up by them. Price of per week, \$1.00; per month, \$3.00; per year, \$10.00. F. G. WELLS, 107 N. 4th St., New York; HARRY, 107 N. 4th St., New York; HARRY, 107 N. 4th St., New York.

most interesting and valuable work, and no person can afford to be without it. Sent by mail, to any address, on receipt of price, by
G. H. RAYSON & CO.,
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DIARIES FOR 1877—FOR SALE TO THE
Trade at the lowest rates. All kinds of account books made to order. RUMBLE & BROTHER, Stationers and Blank Book Manufacturers, P.O. 116 William st., New-York.

factory in the country, employing 300 hands and using 150 sewing machines, making over 70 different styles of ladies and children's dresses of every grade, from the lowest priced order to the finest hair cloth and velvet.

THE SEWING MACHINISTS.—THE ATTENTION of the ladies is called to this new and elegant invention. The graceful form, flexibility, ease and comfort it recommends all others in use. For sale by **FORMAN & CO.**, No. 706 Broadway.

ED. RICHARDT'S GREAT NIAGARA
GALLERY, and Collection of Non-English Paintings, is
open at the 37-avenue Building, No. 69 Broadway,
from 11 A. M. to 9 P. M. Admission 25 cents. Hours
5 to 9.

ED. RICHARDT'S GALLERY, NO. 67 BROAD-
WAY. The best collection of Paintings in this coun-
try contains the Paintings. Open day and evening.
Admission 25 cents.

TOM THOMPSON
 AND IVESING BAY
 CHINA
 THE ABOVE SHIP
 WILL ARRIVE
 FROM THE
 PORT OF
 SHANGHAI
 ON THE
 15TH INSTANT
 AND WILL
 BE OPENED
 FOR THE
 FAMILY OF
 THE
 CAPTAIN
 AND HIS
 CREW
 ON THE
 16TH INSTANT

[illegible]

PREPARED DATES OF ARRIVAL			
FROM NEW-YORK.		FROM BOSTON.	
Saturday, April 24.....	1866	Wednesday, May 1.....	1866
Saturday, May 1.....	1866	Wednesday, May 8.....	1866
Saturday, May 3.....	1866	Wednesday, May 15.....	1866
Saturday, June 1.....	1866	Wednesday, May 22.....	1866
Saturday, June 3.....	1866	Wednesday, May 29.....	1866
Saturday, July 2.....	1866	Wednesday, June 5.....	1866
Saturday, July 9.....	1866	Wednesday, June 12.....	1866
Saturday, Aug. 6.....	1866	Wednesday, June 19.....	1866
Saturday, Aug. 13.....	1866	Wednesday, June 26.....	1866
Saturday, Aug. 20.....	1866	Wednesday, July 3.....	1866

Saturday	Sept. 12	1892	Wednesday	Oct. 1	1892
Saturday	Sept. 19	1892	Wednesday	Oct. 8	1892
Saturday	Oct. 11	1892	Wednesday	Oct. 15	1892
Saturday	Oct. 25	1892	Wednesday	Nov. 2	1892
Saturday	Nov. 6	1892	Wednesday	Nov. 9	1892
Saturday	Nov. 20	1892	Wednesday	Dec. 2	1892
Saturday	Dec. 4	1892	Wednesday	Dec. 9	1892
Saturday	Dec. 25	1892	Wednesday	Dec. 26	1892

Particulars of the above to
 EDWIN D. COLLINS, 55 Wall-st., New York.
 BROWN, SHIPLEY & CO., Liverpool.

STEPHEN KENNARD & CO., No. 5, Abchurch Lane, London.
E. G. WAINWRIGHT & CO., Perth.
 The crystals and the slugs will not be separated by gold, silver, brimstone, or any other reagent, produce a blue metal, unless bits of lead are added thereto, and the value thereof therein expressed.

THE BRITISH AND NORTH AMERICAN ROYAL MAIL STEAMSHIP COMPANY, Limited, 11, Abchurch Lane, London, E.C. 4.
 From **Perth** to **London** and **South Coast** Ports, **Twice Weekly**.
 1190: Second Cabin Cabin No. 238. From **Perth** to **London** and **South Coast** Ports, **Twice Weekly**.

KAROO - Chief Cabin Passage, 311; Second Cabin Passage, 304. The ships from Boston call at Halifax.
 PERSIA, Capt. Judkins. GAMBIA, Capt. Lane.
 ARABIA, Capt. M. G. Stone. AMERICA, Capt. Wickham.
 NIGRA, Capt. M. G. Stone. NIGRA, Capt. M. G. Stone.
 AFRICA, Capt. Shannon. EUROPE, Capt. M. G. Stone.
 These vessels carry a clear white light at mast head
 green on starboard bow, red on port bow.
 NIAGARA, Wickham, leave Boston Wednesday, Oct.
 PERSIA, Judkins, leave New York Wednesday, Oct.
 ARABIA, Stone, leave Boston..... Wednesday, Nov.

CANADA, leave New York	Wednesday, Nov. 11
EUROPE, leave Boston	Wednesday, Nov. 11
EUROPE, leave New York	Wednesday, Nov. 11
NIAGARA, Wilmam, leave Boston	Wednesday, Nov. 11
PERSIA, Jindika, leave New York	Wednesday, Nov. 11
ARABIA, Stone, leave Boston	Wednesday, Nov. 11
AFRICA, Shannon, leave New York	Wednesday, Nov. 11

Berths not secured until paid for. An expedition to the
geon has been organized.

The owners of these ships will not be responsible for
gold, silver, bullion, specie, jewelry, precious stones and
metals, neither hulls of loading are allowed to be loaded and

value therein expressed.
For freight or passage, apply to
E. GUNARD, No. 4 Bowling Green.

FOR BREMEN, VIA SOUTHAMPTON.
The U. S. Mail Steamer WASHINGTON, E. C. Sawyer,
Commander, will sail for Bremen, Southampton,
Southampton, to land the Mails and Passengers for
land and France, on SATURDAY, Nov. 20, at 12 o'clock
P. M. from pier No. 37 North River.

PRICE OF PASSAGE FROM NEW-YORK TO SOUTHAMPTON

OF PASSENGERS:
 In First Cabin, Main Saloon..... 400
 In First Cabin, Lower Saloon..... 15
 In Second Cabin..... 10
 An experienced Surgeon is attached to each steamer.
 Specie delivered in Havre or London.
 No Parcels received on the day of sailing.
 All Letters must pass through the Post-Office.
 For freight or passage, apply to
C. H. RAND, Agent, No. 11 South William-st.
STEAMERS BETWEEN NEW-YORK AND

GLASGOW... 800 tons, WM. CUMINGS, Owner.
EDINBURGH... 1,150 tons, ROBERT CHAIR, Owner.
NEW-YORK... 1,150 tons, ROBERT CHAIR, Owner.
GLASGOW... 1,500 tons, JOHN DUNN, Owner.
 The Glasgow and New-York Steamship Company is
 sending their new and powerful steamers from New
 York for Glasgow direct, as under:
EDINBURGH... Saturday, 15th November, 13 o'clock.
NEW-YORK... Saturday, 20th November, at 12 o'clock.
GLASGOW... Saturday, 6th December, at 10 o'clock.

NEW-YORK AND LIVERPOOL U. S. MAIL STEAMSHIPS.—FOR LIVERPOOL.—The United States Mail Steamship ERICSSON, Captain LOWMYER will depart with the United States mails for Europe, positively, on SATURDAY, Dec. 5, at 10 o'clock.

Passengers are requested to be on board at 11 o'clock A. M. All letters must pass through the Post-Office and no others will be returned.

STEAM FOR SOUTHAMPTON AND ABERDEEN
SWEEP—The new iron screw steambship BELMONT, Captain A. TAOR, will leave for Antwerp, stopping at Southampton, on TUESDAY, Nov. 24, from Pier No. 3 North River.
RATES OF PASSAGE—In First Cabin, \$75; in Second Cabin, \$50; in Steerage, \$30.
 For Freight or Passage apply to
AUGUST BELMONT, No. 7 Hancock-st.

LEGAL NOTICES.
NEW-YORK SUPREME COURT.—CITY AND COUNTY OF NEW-YORK.—HENRY PHILLIPS against CATHERINE LEVINS.—Summons for a judgment on contract.—(Com. not served.)—To the defendant above named: You are hereby summoned and required to answer the complaint in this action, which was filed in the office of the Clerk of the City and County of New-York, at the City Hall in the City of New-York, and to serve a copy of your answer to the said complaint on the undersigned, within ten days after the service of this summons on you.

The summons on you, exclusive of the day of said service; and if you fail to answer the said complaint within the time aforesaid, the plaintiff in this action will take judgment against you for the sum of two hundred and forty dollars and thirty-five cents, with interest from the 16th day of October, 1856, besides the costs of this action.

—Dated New-York, Nov. 8, 1856.

Wm. C. C. Plafin's Attorney.

The summons and complaint in this action were filed in the office of the Clerk of the City and County of New-

York Oct. 23, 1866.
m24-law9vM*

C. S. WERN,
Plaintiff's Attorney.

SUPREME COURT—CITY AND COUNTY OF NEW-YORK.—**RICHARD H. HINSDALE** and **FRANK SPENCER** and **CHRISTOPHER SPENCER**—**Summons for money demand on contract.**—(Case No. 10,929.)—To the defendants: You are hereby summoned and required to answer the complaint in this action, which was filed in the office of the Clerk of the City and County of New-York, at the City Hall in the said City, and

serve a copy of your answer to the trust company and to the subscriber, at his office, No. 115 Nassau-st., in the City of New-York, on or before the twenty-first day of the month of October next, and to the clerk of the court, in due time before the day of service of the summons on you, exclusive of the day of such service; and if you fail to answer the said complaint within the time aforesaid, the plaintiff in this action may take judgment against you for the sum of two hundred and fourteen dollars and five cents, with interest from the 28th day of October, 1856, besides the costs of this action.

—Dated — 1856.

THEODORE HINSDALE, Plaintiff's Attorney.

SUPREME COURT—DANIEL HOPKINS, Plaintiff, against LUCIUS CADY, Defendant.—Germans.—TO LUCIUS CADY: You are hereby summoned and notified that your answer to the complaint must be filed in the office of the Clerk of the City and County of New-York, at the New-York City Hall, and to serve a copy of your answer to the said complaint on the

scribes at their office, No. 218 Fulton-st., in the City of New-York, within twenty days after the service of these summons on you, exclusive of the day of such service; and if you fail to answer the said complaint within the time aforesaid, the plaintiff in this action will take judgment against you for the sum of one hundred dollars, with interest from the 15th day of September, 1860, besides the costs of this action.—Dated New-York, Aug. 16, 1855.

E. W. & G. F. CHESTER,
Plaintiff's Attorneys.

Above defendant will file bonds, return defendant was filed as above on the 11th day of September, 1964.
E. W. & G. CHESTER,
nlo-law®
Plaintiff's Attorneys.

SUPREME COURT-COUNTY OF KINGS.-
PETER A. DELMONICO against BERNARD MERTENS.—Summons to the defendant. You are hereby summoned and required to answer the complaint in this action, which will be filed in the office of the Clerk of the County of Kings, at the City Hall in the City of Brooklyn, on the 18th day of September, 1964, and to serve a copy of your answer on the plaintiff at the address hereinbefore set forth.

copy of your answer to the said complaint on the third day after the date of its filing at the office of the Clerk of the Supreme Court of New York, within twenty days after the day of such service; and if you fail to do so, the relief demanded within the time above specified shall be granted to the plaintiff in this action without further notice to him, the plaintiff in this action will apply to the Court for the relief demanded in the said complaint.—Dated Sept. 18, 1866.

THERASSON & BRYAN,
Attorneys for Plaintiff.

**IN PURSUANCE OF AN ORDER OF RODMAN
R. DAWSON, Esq., Surrogate of the County of Kings**

notice is hereby given, according to law, to all persons having claims against SUMNER STONE, late of the County of Brooklyn, deceased, that they are required to present the same, with their evidence therefor, to the undersigned executor, in his office, No. 23 Exchange-place, in the City of New-York, on or before the 31d day of December next.

Dated May 31, 1863.

ELIZABETH B. STONE, Executor.
SUMNER B. STONE, Attorney.

IN PURSUANCE OF AN ORDER OF THE

1494-1495 of the City of New York, and the following is a list of the subscribers, at the City of New York, on or before the 12th day of January next—Dated New York, July 11, 1854.

LOUIZA HYDE, Administratrix.

1516-1520

LUXURY AND CHOICE MEATS—CORBINS.

Skull of Deer, Mammal, Lamb and Veal, in good condition
preserved by THOMAS F. DEVOS, New York's Je-
susina Market, from animals collected.

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LATEST INTELLIGENCE.

By Telegram to the New-York Daily Times.

Magazine Telegraph Co.'s Office—4 Broadway, and 111 Broadway.

FROM WASHINGTON.

The Panama Negotiations—Our Claims against New-Granada.

SPECIAL DISPATCH TO THE NEW-YORK DAILY TIMES.

WASHINGTON, Monday, Nov. 24.

THE PANAMA NEGOTIATIONS.

Hon. ISAAC E. MORRIS, of Louisiana, had an interview with Secretary Seward to-day, relative to New-Granadian affairs, with a view to his appointment as Special Minister to the Government of Bogota, to conclude the negotiations relative to the Panama Railroad route, which have heretofore announced. The parties who have undertaken to dispute his statements upon that subject admit substantially that it is true, but would have it understood that nothing formal has been done in the premises. I am well aware that no formal dispatch upon the subject has been addressed to the Government of New-Granada. It is not usual, in the beginning of negotiations on a new question, to conduct them in the shape of formal dispatches. On the contrary, the negotiators generally talk the matter over—making their propositions and counter propositions and arguments verbally—reserving the written documents, which constitute the record, until they shall have pretty much agreed upon the terms of their favorable conclusion, or become satisfied that their differences are irreconcilable.

STATE OF THE CASE—COMPETENCY OF THE MINISTER.

This is precisely the present case. The proposition for such a mission of power to the United States as shall enable us to protect and control the Panama route, was made here to the New-Granadian Minister, and the negotiation has now reached a stage requiring its transfer to Bogota, where it may be more rapidly progressed. The transfer to Bogota will, of course, occasion some delay, but, from present indications, I have little doubt that the treaty will be concluded and here in ample season for exchange of ratifications during the winter. Mr. MORRIS is an Ex-Member of Congress, from Louisiana, a good lawyer, an estimable gentleman, and a man of energy and ability. It is questionable, however, whether he is the right sort of man to send upon this important business. His temperance and manners are the very reverse of the coolness, reserve, quiet, caution and prudence which distinguish the successful diplomatist. If the negotiation should fail, by possibility, I fear it will be in consequence of the unfortunate selection of the negotiator on our behalf.

ALLEGED OBSTACLES TO CLAIMANTS.

The claims against New-Granada presented to our Government for collection by citizens of the United States growing out of the riots at Panama amount to nearly a million of dollars, and it is known that there are still others to come in. It is a remarkable fact that although we have official reports that some fifteen to eighteen Americans were killed in the riots, and buried at Panama, very few of the deceased have been identified so far as Government is aware. The families of other dependent relatives of the deceased parties, if able to prove their identity and death by reasonable evidence, would have claims for damages against the Government of New-Granada, which the United States would not fail to press to a successful issue. Parties interested would do well to look into this matter without delay.

CABINET SPECULATIONS—POSITION OF MR. SILLIMAN.

The Cabinet-makers are still busy as ever. Mr. SILLIMAN persists that he will keep his seat in the Senate; nevertheless if Mr. BUCHANAN insist on making him Secretary of State, he could not well refuse to serve. Whatever his individual position, he will undoubtedly be the President's right-hand man and most confidential adviser, with all the power and influence of a Cabinet officer, and even more. Permit me to say that he is far more conservative in his political views than he receives credit for with those journals who class him always with JEFFERSON DAVIS, THOMAS SEWELL & Co. He belongs not to that school of politics at all, but is at issue with it continually. He is a most decided party man certainly, and a theoretical and practical supporter of the institution of Slavery, but he most emphatically disavows any desire to restore the African Slave-Trade, and, on the contrary, expresses the utmost hostility to any such scheme.

MARY NOT TO REMAIN.

The move in the case of Mr. MARY's retention in the Cabinet gathers strength and force; but it is not a fall I doubt not. There are elements of opposition which will be quite sure to compass its defeat. Besides, it is more than probable that he would decline the appointment, (if for no other reason) out of delicacy towards his associates in the present Administration. The offer of the Portfolio of State to him is urged upon the idea of his popularity as an especially safe conservator of our foreign relations. To single him out for such an honor would be a direct and offensive imputation upon his associates, to which his acceptance would make him a party. He will not allow himself to be placed in that false position, especially as he is well aware that the Cabinet has been entirely unanimous on every question of foreign policy save one.

GEORGE M. DALLAS AND ROBT. J. WALKER.

The movement in behalf of Mr. DALLAS for Secretary of State will not amount to much, I fear, from current indications. Indeed some of his best and shrewdest friends held all hope of his success. The New-York movement in behalf of ROBT. J. WALKER for a Cabinet position is attracting powerful influences to its aid from other quarters, and unless SILLIMAN or HUNTER should take the State Department, it would not be at all strange if Mr. WALKER should receive it. Of course these are all speculations, founded upon the known relations of the gentlemen named to Mr. BUCHANAN and to the Democratic Party, and also upon the opinions of persons forming essential parts in the political machinery of the times.

THE CITY AND ITS HOTELS.

The city is beginning to fill up a little, but still the M. C.'s are behind. Our hotels are all ready to receive the expected crowds, and we hope that they will be speedily peopled by company enough to dispel the fog of excessive stupidity which now hangs over the Capital. The well-known National has been thoroughly overhauled during the recess, and put in complete order. Mr. J. G. BROWN, lately connected with the Union-Place Hotel of your City, has recently come into the concern as one of its proprietors, and will hereafter conduct it in company with Mr. W. G. GUY. It will undoubtedly maintain its reputation as the grand traveling Exchange of the metropolis. The President elect has taken rooms at the National, and already demonstrated "the President's" He is expected here in February.

New Movement on the Tariff—The Kansas Question—Senators Sumner, Douglas, &c.

Correspondence of the New-York Daily Times.

WASHINGTON, Saturday, Nov. 22, 1856.

MODIFICATIONS OF THE TARIFF.

Another effort is to be made this winter to secure a modification of the Tariff of 1846. The subject will be referred to again in his annual Report by the Secretary of the Treasury, who will relate his recommendations of two years ago, with perhaps some slight modifications. His views, however, differ very widely, as is well known, from those of the Democratic leaders of the Southern States generally, and their embodiment in any legislation will be

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Old Faneuil Hall Anno with Enthusiasm.

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About twelve hundred ladies were laid. A large number of ladies were present. On and near the stage were Judge Joel Parker, Gen. Wilson, R. H. Dana, Jr., John E. Lodge, J. Ingersoll Bowditch, Chas. F. Adams, Chas. Phelps, Speaker of the Massachusetts House of Representatives, Amos Tuck of New-Hampshire, John A. Andrew, Gov. Hoppin of Rhode Island, and numerous other gentlemen of the Union. J. C. STONE, Ex-Chairman of the Municipal Council, presided, assisted by a long list of Vice-Presidents, headed by Mr. DANA.

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Mr. President, ladies and gentlemen: I am unable to say much to you, but I am too grateful to remain silent. I left my room for the first time in almost more than four weeks to meet you to-night. I felt it my duty to present myself before you even if only to say a word and let my voice for one moment at least be heard in gratitude. I can do little more than return my thanks, my sincerest thanks, for the great honor you have done me. I thank the manufacturers, the merchants, the laboring men of the Fifth District, who do their own thinking and their own voting—men who cast down the axe and hammer and vote of their own will, tutored by their own consciences, and say, "We'll go to the polls and please ourselves, and not to vote only so as to satisfy those who would direct us." I thank the young men of the district who stood around like a band of brothers. From their very hearts came the consummation of our victory. I shall never think of their efforts without gratitude. And last, but not least, I thank the people of the highest pride. I thank the men of other parties, who, when they saw the unequal contest which pitted three against one, went at once into the battle heart and soul, not from any personal preference, for the humble individual before you, but because they loved fair play at times, and freedom evermore. I think the merchants also whose patriotism was not mastered by apprehension of pecuniary disadvantages; men who lived in the shade of Bunker Hill, felt the influence of the genius of that sacred ground. Such men are fit successors of the patriots of old who were the patriots of him who said, when importuned on the subject, when the tongue of servility called for a vote for cotton, "I will not give it, sir. There is something to vote for to-day, which is of more importance than cotton." I thank those scholars, and the women whom my friend, Mr. HILLMAN, has "given to freedom." Wherever you find learning, you find religion, and true to the liberty which God has invested in humanity. And last, but not least, I thank the brave old men whose names shine so brightly in the history of this Commonwealth, and the country at large, who threw into the scale more than the weight of the brand of Brennus, and proved that the pen was indeed far mightier than the sword—Hon. JOSEPH QUINCY, Senator, [Cheers] I thank you one and all, not because of a personal triumph of principle. [Cheers] I thank you that you did not give old Faneuil Hall to South Carolina. They may call the roll of their voluntary slaves under the shadow of Bunker Hill, but the roll of freedom will be called there still. [Cheers] The hope was expressed that such a one would be elected from this District who would so express himself in Congress as to avoid giving offense to any one. Mr. B. interpreted this to mean that whatever was uttered should not be obnoxious to the South. [Cheers] He was humble, but he had a motive—but this idea, carried out, would convert the Representative into an eternal Utah Heep. [Cheers] I am not sectionalist—a disunionist. As to what he should do in the future, he could make no pledges. No man can promise what he will do in the future. Every man should do that which was right. He would try to do right, as heretofore—[Cheers]—but if they strike again the white bosom of our mother Commonwealth, I shall strike back again. [Tremendous cheering, the audience rising—crying "Good! good! good!"] If, through craven fear or apathy, your representative fails to represent your manhood, cast him out from your hearts and your sympathy. [Cheers] I shall go as soon as health permits me, determined to tread the path of duty unswayed by the face of clay. [Cheers] In reference to the late campaign, Mr. B. said: "We drove the enemy from Bunker Hill and New-England, but he still lingers in New Jersey and Pennsylvania. In the campaign of 1860, we will drive him to Yorktown, and there conquer him. [Cheers]

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Mr. President, ladies and gentlemen: I am unable to say much to you, but I am too grateful to remain silent. I left my room for the first time in almost more than four weeks to meet you to-night. I felt it my duty to present myself before you even if only to say a word and let my voice for one moment at least be heard in gratitude. I can do little more than return my thanks, my sincerest thanks, for the great honor you have done me. I thank the manufacturers, the merchants, the laboring men of the Fifth District, who do their own thinking and their own voting—men who cast down the axe and hammer and vote of their own will, tutored by their own consciences, and say, "We'll go to the polls and please ourselves, and not to vote only so as to satisfy those who would direct us." I thank the young men of the district who stood around like a band of brothers. From their very hearts came the consummation of our victory. I shall never think of their efforts without gratitude. And last, but not least, I thank the people of the highest pride. I thank the men of other parties, who, when they saw the unequal contest which pitted three against one, went at once into the battle heart and soul, not from any personal preference, for the humble individual before you, but because they loved fair play at times, and freedom evermore. I think the merchants also whose patriotism was not mastered by apprehension of pecuniary disadvantages; men who lived in the shade of Bunker Hill, felt the influence of the genius of that sacred ground. Such men are fit successors of the patriots of old who were the patriots of him who said, when importuned on the subject, when the tongue of servility called for a vote for cotton, "I will not give it, sir. There is something to vote for to-day, which is of more importance than cotton." I thank those scholars, and the women whom my friend, Mr. HILLMAN, has "given to freedom." Wherever you find learning, you find religion, and true to the liberty which God has invested in humanity. And last, but not least, I thank the brave old men whose names shine so brightly in the history of this Commonwealth, and the country at large, who threw into the scale more than the weight of the brand of Brennus, and proved that the pen was indeed far mightier than the sword—Hon. JOSEPH QUINCY, Senator, [Cheers] I thank you one and all, not because of a personal triumph of principle. [Cheers] I thank you that you did not give old Faneuil Hall to South Carolina. They may call the roll of their voluntary slaves under the shadow of Bunker Hill, but the roll of freedom will be called there still. [Cheers] The hope was expressed that such a one would be elected from this District who would so express himself in Congress as to avoid giving offense to any one. Mr. B. interpreted this to mean that whatever was uttered should not be obnoxious to the South. [Cheers] He was humble, but he had a motive—but this idea, carried out, would convert the Representative into an eternal Utah Heep. [Cheers] I am not sectionalist—a disunionist. As to what he should do in the future, he could make no pledges. No man can promise what he will do in the future. Every man should do that which was right. He would try to do right, as heretofore—[Cheers]—but if they strike again the white bosom of our mother Commonwealth, I shall strike back again. [Tremendous cheering, the audience rising—crying "Good! good! good!"] If, through craven fear or apathy, your representative fails to represent your manhood, cast him out from your hearts and your sympathy. [Cheers] I shall go as soon as health permits me, determined to tread the path of duty unswayed by the face of clay. [Cheers] In reference to the late campaign, Mr. B. said: "We drove the enemy from Bunker Hill and New-England, but he still lingers in New Jersey and Pennsylvania. In the campaign of 1860, we will drive him to Yorktown, and there conquer him. [Cheers]

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THE BURLINGAME BANQUET IN BOSTON.

A GRAND DEMONSTRATION.

Old Faneuil Hall Anno with Enthusiasm.

Speeches of Hon. Anson Burlingame, Hon. Henry Wilson and Others.

Special Dispatch to the New-York Daily Times.

Boston, Monday, Nov. 24.

Notwithstanding defective arrangements, the Burlingame Banquet to-night was a complete success, and everything went off with brilliancy and enthusiasm. Faneuil Hall was profusely decorated with flags and bunting. The eagle over the clock held a bunch of standards in its claws. Around the galleries were placed standards in the names of the various States. Two mottoes were conspicuous near the stage:

MASSACHUSETTS WILL HONOR THOSE WHO HONOR HER.

The Fifth District will be represented in the next Congress by a man who will give expression to the sentiments of Massachusetts without fear or favor.

On the end gallery were also two mottoes.

ANSON BURLINGAME. FREMONT IN 1860.

The others were decorated with tablets bearing the names of the Congressional Delegation, beginning with WILSON and SUMNER.

Mr. BURLINGAME arrived at 8 o'clock, and was received with tremendous cheering from the company, which had been seated at the tables half an hour. He walked freely and looked pale and ill, having arisen from his sick bed contrary to the express orders of his physician, Dr. WYMAN, of Cambridge.

About twelve hundred ladies were laid. A large number of ladies were present. On and near the stage were Judge Joel Parker, Gen. Wilson, R. H. Dana, Jr., John E. Lodge, J. Ingersoll Bowditch, Chas. F. Adams, Chas. Phelps, Speaker of the Massachusetts House of Representatives, Amos Tuck of New-Hampshire, John A. Andrew, Gov. Hoppin of Rhode Island, and numerous other gentlemen of the Union. J. C. STONE, Ex-Chairman of the Municipal Council, presided, assisted by a long list of Vice-Presidents, headed by Mr. DANA.

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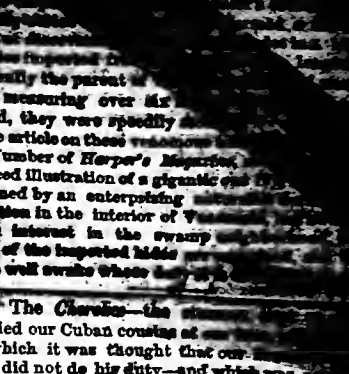
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...the fingered tip of his nose. He was measuring over his head, they were spotting his nose. The article on these was in the Number of *Harper's Magazine*. The illustration of a gigantic eye in the interior of Venezuela was the most interesting in the event. The most of the important ideas are those will strike these eyes.

The Che was troubled our Cuban comrades at the time it was thought that our nose did not do his duty—and which was damaged to the water's edge while lying at a pier in the Rio de la Plata. He was to be sold to-day at auction. The Felon, of the same line with the Che's nose.

[illegible]

Yesterday morning, at 5 o'clock, in good style, a party was taken in SUT to the city of WOODWARD, where the Tenth-street, East River, there to take a car, back of the car, contracted for by her agent, Mr. TAYLOR, D. & Co.

THE Republicans of the Ninth Ward held a meeting at Bleecker Buildings this evening, to celebrate their recent victory in the Empire State. The Bleecker Buildings are to be illuminated and speeches will be made by JAMES W. WYLLIE, Mayor of New York, and JAMES W. NYE. Front seats reserved for the ladies.

Mr. GRAY, a shipbuilder at Milan, Ohio, has procured the contract for building the six new cutters which Government is about to place on the lakes.

BUSINESS NOTES.

CARL FARNISH—STEPHEN BEUGH, Jr., was
 the day after the death of THOMAS B. BRUSH, Jr., viz:
 himself, under the firm of BRUSH & CO., and
 of continuing the Provision Bank on Commission, and
 on their own account, at No. 25 Front-st. in this City.
 NEW-YORK, Nov. 1, 1856.

ANOTHER VICTORY FOR THE
 WILDE PATENT SALAMANDER SAYS.
 Messrs. G. C. NICHOLS & N. M. 123 Water-st.
 GENTLEMEN: We take pleasure in
 WILDE PATENT SALAMANDER SAYS, after being exposed
 to the attacks of the "WILDE PATENT SALAMANDER SAYS"
 Warehouse, corner of Centineal-ail and South-st.,
 put up our Books, Papers and Bills of Exchange and
 Money, in a perfectly safe condition.
 THOMPSON & HUNTER.
 NEW-YORK, Nov. 24, 1856.

Still further victories for the celebrated
 WILDE PATENT SALAMANDER SAYS.
 The Books, Bonds and Papers of the late Mr. M. K.
 H. Herrick were preserved unharmed in one of WILDE'S
 PATENT SALAMANDER SAYS, at the great fire in Ches-
 nut-st. on the 10th inst.
 Also, at the GREAT FIRE IN FRANKLIN, on the same
 day, the Books, Papers, Money, &c. of Messrs. J. B. VAN
 DYKE & CO. were preserved in the same.
 PATENT SALAMANDER SAYS, at the fire No. 25 Front-st.

The credit of both the above *patrons* is claimed by the
 "Herald," in the following notice, which has been
 this celebrated Free-Press *patron* from a *huguenot* son
 Mr. Wilder, which has long since expired.

A full statement of the above *patron* is given in the
 "Herald," in the following notice, which has been
 this celebrated Free-Press *patron* from a *huguenot* son
 Mr. Wilder, which has long since expired.

The BEST FREE-Press *patron* IN THE WORLD.
 Warranted Free from *demerit*, secured with WILDER
 S. PATRON OF THE "HERALD," IN THE FOLLOWING
 No. 123 Water St., near Wall St., N. Y.

E. G. WILDER & CO.
 Publishers and Manufacturers.

Dr. TURNBULL,
 OCULIST AND ANTHROPOLOGIST,
 (From London.)
 Is at Baltimore, where he may be consulted.
 Office hours from 9 A. M. to 5 P. M.

From the London Times.

A number of scientific gentlemen assembled yesterday
 at the residence of Dr. Turnbull, to discuss the
 produced by a process recently discovered by the Doctor, and
 applied for the relief of the

DEAFNESS AND BLINDNESS.

Between twenty and thirty patients attended, many of
 whom had been stated by their parents, had been born deaf
 and dumb.

They were submitted to various tests, by which it was
 found that the patients were not only deaf, but also
 blind. The results of the examination were as follows:

Dr. TURNBULL'S REMEDIES.

and what appears most singular is, that whether the
 disease be in the eye, or in the ear, the same remedy
 of the typhannum, or obstruction of the internal passage,
 relief has been obtained, or complete cure effected without
 the aid of any other medicine.

Several patients, who represented that they had been
 completely blind, said that they could now

SEE AND HEAR PERFECTLY.

We agree with the Messrs. Chambers, that Dr. Turn-
 bull has, by patience and ingenuity, obtained a group
 of patients, who are now able to see and hear perfectly.

CURE CASES OF DEAFNESS,
such as were never cured before.

GREAT FIRE IN MURRAY ST.
NEW-YORK, Nov. 11, 1856.

Messrs. *Silas C. Herring & Co.:*
GENTLEMEN: We are happy to inform you of the preservation of the building which contains the deerskin and fire of the 9th inst., by means of the Iron Safe made for us by our order during the Spring of 1854.

We have reason to believe that the Hall's Patent Powder-Proof Lock on it, has on a former occasion saved us from trouble, and that the credit of the makers of such a firm made on it at that time. Yours, respectfully,
VAN WAGENEN, YEOMAN & CO.

HERRING'S PATENT CHAMPION FIRE-PROOF
IRON SAFE.

same that were awarded separate medals at the World's Fair, London, 1861, and the World's Fair, New-York, 1864, and that were awarded separate medals at the London World's Fair.

These Safes are now admitted to be superior to any ever before made, and are the only ones that were made in the world to produce an instance of these Safes failing to preserve their contents through the hottest fires, or a burglar picking the lock.

The members and their Agents are the only persons authorized to sell these Safes, and are as follows:—
Messrs. HALL & PATENT PROVIDERS, 107 Nassau Street, N. Y.
S. C. HERRING & CO., Green Back, N. Y.
J. B. HARRIS & CO., 126, 127 and 129 Water Street, N. Y.

SEWING MACHINES—TO THE PUBLIC.—THE undersigned has the honor to notify the public and universities in relation to the infringement of patents upon sewing machine, between the WASHINGTON, WINDSOR and NEW-YORK SEWING MACHINE CO. and the GROVER & BAKER Sewing Machine Company, have been amicably arranged for by the undersigned.

W. H. FLETCHER & WILSON, Manuf. Co.
I. M. SINGER & CO.
GROVER & BAKER, Sewing M. Co. S. M. Co.
New-York, Friday, Nov. 30, 1866.

SINGER'S SEWING MACHINES.—THE EXIGENT of elections having ceased, we invite the attention of all Indians and money-making persons to our machines, which are the best in the world, and are attending to political matters, and few of us, or the failure to obtain office, may possibly be made up by the use of our machines. We have the honor to announce that a loss of \$2,000 a Sewing Machine can be employed, that a whole day's work is unfilled by going without one.

I. M. SINGER & CO., 126, 127 and 129 Broadway.

WRITING FLUID.
The undersigned has the honor to notify the public

IMPROVED LIMPID FLUID.
It is in all respects equal, to the best English, and is
strongly recommended by the highest authorities. For sale by
the stationers.

THADDEUS DAVIS & CO. J.

LOOK!
WONDERFUL RAGS!
Of English Velvet, Hosiery, and Three-Ply Carpets.
2000 yards Indian.
HIRAM ANDERSON, No. 30 Bowry.

RIPTURE—ONLY PRIZE MEDAL AWARDED
TO MARSH & CO., by the Industrial Exhibition of Am-
erica, at the Crystal Palace, for the superior quality of
the Cuneiform Tablets. Reformers, and all who respect the
Sons of Valentine Mott, William Parker and John M. Car-
raban. Open from 11 to 11 P. M. at the
MARSH & CO., No. 142 Madison, New-York.

JEW ORNAMENTS—COMPARING BRACELETS
hatched with diamonds, pearls, rubies, emeralds, sapphires,
sleeve-buttons, rings, &c. Also jet and gold necklaces,
bracelets, sets, &c. and gold cross-pins and ear-sticks
black for ladies. **W. J. BROWN, 100 N. 3rd St.**

OSBORNE, BARNARD & TOWNSEND, J.
No. 67 Broadway, corner of Nassau St.

A CHALLENGE—LONDON CORDIAL GIN BY
STEWART SCHEIDT & CO. OF LONDON challenges the
GER & CO. in another column, challenge **THE**

[illegible]

0169

WILSON, J. H. (1900-1980) was a prominent American politician and diplomat. He served as the 34th President of the United States from 1913 to 1919. During his presidency, he oversaw the passage of the 18th Amendment (Prohibition) and the 19th Amendment (Women's Suffrage). He was also a key figure in the League of Nations and the New Deal movement.

SUPPER CAUTION: PEN - (Palm Springs)
SPECIAL CAUTION: PEN - (Palm Springs)
at surpassing all precedent. **TUESDAY**,
AFTERNOON at 2 o'clock, the forces of
a team of men led by the famous
the burning and deep conviction of
of CAMILLE. The renowned RUBIN GLASS,
the great SNAKE has SWALLOWED eight JAVAS
and three BARDING! Another large number
of the same species are being
Living Skeletons. Dec. 20, 1964. 7-9 p.m.
Admission, 25 cents. Opened at 8:00 p.m.

HOPE CHAPLAIN - THE PERFORMER
has respectfully invited a group of persons
findings by Prof. Horva, before the Senate.
On **TUESDAY, Nov. 23, 7 1/2 P.M.** - King Lee
on **TUESDAY, Dec. 2, 7 1/2 P.M.** - Showtimes and the

WEDNESDAY, Dec. 9, 9:45 P. M. — *Ensemble*.
THURSDAY, Dec. 16, 7:26 P. M. — *Ensemble of Varieties*.
WEDNESDAY, Dec. 16, 9:45 P. M. — *Ensemble of Varieties*.
Feats.
Tickets for the course (admission a lady and gentleman) single admission 50 cents.
MURPHY'S NATIONAL THEATRE.—DRESS
ON TUESDAY, 25 cts.; Fri. 150 cts.; Orchestra Chairs, 51 cts.
Dress Boxes, 60 cts. THIS EVENING, Nov. 25, the en-
tainment will be given by
WEALTH AND WORTH.
With the revival of the stirring old Fables of the
Greeks, the play will be given by
he whole to conclude with the Marital Drama of
RED ROVER.
THIRTY-FOURTH CONCERT.—THE RO-
SENFELD Classics of the Orchestral and
on TUESDAY, Nov. 25, at 8:00 WORTH'S Acad-
emy Miss M. S. BRAINER and Mr. RICHARD

ED. SMALL HILLS.

FRANKLIN'S GREAT NIAGARA
GALLERY, and collection of Scandinavian Paintings in
the National Art Museum, No. 428 Broadway,
from 10 A. M. to 10 P. M. Admission, 50 cts. Free-
admission, 25 cts.

USSELL'S GALLERY, 50, 52, 54, 56, 58, 60, 62, 64, 66, 68, 70, 72, 74, 76, 78, 80, 82, 84, 86, 88, 90, 92, 94, 96, 98, 100, 102, 104, 106, 108, 110, 112, 114, 116, 118, 120, 122, 124, 126, 128, 130, 132, 134, 136, 138, 140, 142, 144, 146, 148, 150, 152, 154, 156, 158, 160, 162, 164, 166, 168, 170, 172, 174, 176, 178, 180, 182, 184, 186, 188, 190, 192, 194, 196, 198, 200, 202, 204, 206, 208, 210, 212, 214, 216, 218, 220, 222, 224, 226, 228, 230, 232, 234, 236, 238, 240, 242, 244, 246, 248, 250, 252, 254, 256, 258, 260, 262, 264, 266, 268, 270, 272, 274, 276, 278, 280, 282, 284, 286, 288, 290, 292, 294, 296, 298, 300, 302, 304, 306, 308, 310, 312, 314, 316, 318, 320, 322, 324, 326, 328, 330, 332, 334, 336, 338, 340, 342, 344, 346, 348, 350, 352, 354, 356, 358, 360, 362, 364, 366, 368, 370, 372, 374, 376, 378, 380, 382, 384, 386, 388, 390, 392, 394, 396, 398, 400, 402, 404, 406, 408, 410, 412, 414, 416, 418, 420, 422, 424, 426, 428, 430, 432, 434, 436, 438, 440, 442, 444, 446, 448, 450, 452, 454, 456, 458, 460, 462, 464, 466, 468, 470, 472, 474, 476, 478, 480, 482, 484, 486, 488, 490, 492, 494, 496, 498, 500, 502, 504, 506, 508, 510, 512, 514, 516, 518, 520, 522, 524, 526, 528, 530, 532, 534, 536, 538, 540, 542, 544, 546, 548, 550, 552, 554, 556, 558, 560, 562, 564, 566, 568, 570, 572, 574, 576, 578, 580, 582, 584, 586, 588, 590, 592, 594, 596, 598, 600, 602, 604, 606, 608, 610, 612, 614, 616, 618, 620, 622, 624, 626, 628, 630, 632, 634, 636, 638, 640, 642, 644, 646, 648, 650, 652, 654, 656, 658, 660, 662, 664, 666, 668, 670, 672, 674, 676, 678, 680, 682, 684, 686, 688, 690, 692, 694, 696, 698, 700, 702, 704, 706, 708, 710, 712, 714, 716, 718, 720, 722, 724, 726, 728, 730, 732, 734, 736, 738, 740, 742, 744, 746, 748, 750, 752, 754, 756, 758, 760, 762, 764, 766, 768, 770, 772, 774, 776, 778, 780, 782, 784, 786, 788, 790, 792, 794, 796, 798, 800, 802, 804, 806, 808, 810, 812, 814, 816, 818, 820, 822, 824, 826, 828, 830, 832, 834, 836, 838, 840, 842, 844, 846, 848, 850, 852, 854, 856, 858, 860, 862, 864, 866, 868, 870, 872, 874, 876, 878, 880, 882, 884, 886, 888, 890, 892, 894, 896, 898, 900, 902, 904, 906, 908, 910, 912, 914, 916, 918, 920, 922, 924, 926, 928, 930, 932, 934, 936, 938, 940, 942, 944, 946, 948, 950, 952, 954, 956, 958, 960, 962, 964, 966, 968, 970, 972, 974, 976, 978, 980, 982, 984, 986, 988, 990, 992, 994, 996, 998, 1000.

MUSEMENT THAT PAYS THE PLEAS-
ure derived from peacocking WOODS' system of
the "Peacock" and the "Peacock" and the "Peacock"
See specimens.

ROOKLYN ATHLETIC, MOLENBATH, MOLENBATH,
ER'S CONCERT, on THURSDAY, Nov. 21, 1884.
Concert to commence at 8 o'clock.

PUBLIC MEETINGS.

THE YOUNG MEN'S REPUBLICAN GENERAL Committee will celebrate the triumph of Republican principles in the coming Presidential election at **GRAND BALL AND FESTIVAL**, to be given at the **ACADEMY OF MUSIC**, on **THURSDAY EVENING, Dec. 11, 1892**. The Committee have invited the **Democratic Union** in the city to participate with them on the occasion, and the invitations have been almost unanimously accepted.

The arrangements for securing the success of the event, the highest gratification, have been made, and the arrangements for the entertainment of the guests every particular, the Festival will prove a demonstration of the glorious struggle and outcome of the late Presidential election.

The Committee announce the following arrangements:

The evening:
The doors will open at 7 1/2 o'clock.
The music, consisting of two full bands, of one hundred
instruments, under the direction of A. DODWORTH,
will be played by the members of the Committee, assisted by Special
Guests. The invited from the neighboring cities, will not be ad-
mitted, and will be known by their badges worn on the
left breast.
The private boxes will be reserved exclusively for in-
vited guests.
The supper rooms will be under the charge of
The hat and cloak room will be under the charge of
Tickets may be obtained of the Committee, place of
each, admitting a gentleman and lady.
F. G. YOUNG, J. E. MILLER,
F. G. YOUNG, J. E. MILLER,
J. A. FOSTER, M. DUFFY.

The Committee beg leave to inform the parents of the fourth annual celebration of the New-York State Teachers' Association, to be held at the "Booths of the Bazaar," on Evanescent Night, **TUESDAY, SEPT. 23**. Tickets can be obtained of J. QUINN, at No. 105 Fulton St., or of J. McKENNA, No. 125 Fulton St., or of J. J. KELLY, No. 515 Whitehall St., and at the door on the evening of the celebration. **THURSDAY, SEPT. 25**. JOSEPH GRANTIN, Secretary.

THE ANNUAL EXHIBITION OF THE
Sabbath school connected with the Litchfield Baptist Church, will be opened at the Litchfield Bazaar, on **TUESDAY EVENING, Nov. 5**. The evening will consist of choruses, dramas, songs, tableaux, recitations, &c., by children of the Sabbath school. Refreshments will be served, and the entertainment most pleasing and instructive. Doors open at 6 o'clock, to commence at 7 o'clock. The exhibition is the result of the labors of many of the Committee of teachers in the school.

IMMIGRATION IN NEW ENGLAND.—The second of the series of lectures from the New England Society will be delivered by Rev. Dr. ORGOLD, at Channing Hall, Astor-place, on WEDNESDAY, January 17th, next, at eight o'clock, P.M., to be held at the request of the Society, and at the Astor House; Hall & Exchange, Broadway and Park-roads; Randolph's, cor. Broadway and Adams-street; and the friends of the cause.
B. W. DONNER, Secy.
W. M. STUART,
C. K. EVERETT,
Lecturers.

LYNN ASSOCIATION OF COLUMBIAN COLLEGE.—The question on the title of ROBERT KELLY, LL.D., late President of the Association, will be delivered by Rev. ALEXANDER S. LEITCH, D.D., at the lecture room of the Mercantile Library, Astor-place,

FIFTH WARD GRAND ILLUMINATION.—The Republicans of the Fifth Ward will conduct their annual grand illumination of Bleeker Buildings to MONDAY, next, at eight o'clock. The principal oration of the occasion will be made by Bro. John W. Adams, Jr., who has been elected Grand Master of the ward. Other speakers are Mr. Wm. A. Fremont and Darion Glee Chin. Seats reserved for ladies. By order of the Committee of Arrangements.
A. F. DOW, Secretary.

NEW-YORK CITY TEMPERANCE ALLIANCE.—The annual meeting of the Alliance for the choice of officers, etc., will be held at its rooms, 80 Broadway, on WEDNESDAY EVENING, the sixth inst., at seven o'clock. The subject of the evening will be "The Temperance Cause." Those desiring to be represented by five delegates—the const-

[illegible]

FOR SALE—SPLENDID OLD ESTABLISHED feed store, 6th-st., doing large cash business. Price \$10,000. Also established printing and engraving establishment, 10th-st., doing large cash business. Partner desired with \$10,000 cash capital, established brewery, doing large cash business, Williamsburg. Bare, old-fashioned, fine dining room and a cigar lounge in desirable downtown town. Apply at No. 118 Chambers-st., room 4.

WANTED—A COMPETENT PERSON TO TAKE charge of the business of the "Lumber Bottoms Co." One having a few thousand dollars of money may receive a share of the profits or a salary proportioned to his services. For particulars, call on the company, 100 Broadway, 1st floor, New York.

OR SALE THE CABINET MANUFACTORY
Nos. 106 and 108 Attorney St., together with the stables,
main shaft, &c. Lot 76 lies in front by Mrs. Nathan
Chapin. Apply to JAMES T. GARRETT, Notary Public.
No. 54 Water St.

O DRUGGISTS—WANTED TO PURCHASE.
An interest in a City drug store, well located, good
young man who has had 2 years' experience as Druggist.
Address Adams Post-Office, Box No. 907, Newark, N. J.

DENTISTRY.

DENTISTRY.—The late management still pending
against me by the said patient, considering the
fact that I have been practicing my profession since
I commenced in 1856, and have never been pro-
secuted or punished without further restrictions at
any time, nor have I ever been suspended from
practice, will serve as my answer. I am
willing to give evidence before the courts. The above
is true, and I am ready to prove it.

...intrusion in the manufacture. Tools employed
...chemical tests, by means of determining the nature of the
...material warranted. Specimens caused
...207 Fulton-st., Brooklyn, Ohio

LEGAL NOTICES

SUPREME COURT, HONORABLE JUSTICE MORRILL
G. GARRISON—Summons for a money demand on
contract. To the defendant: You are hereby com-
manded to appear before the court on the 15th day of
November, 1908, at New York City, New York,
which will be filed in the office of the Clerk of the
County of New York, at the City Hall in the City
of New York, and to serve a copy of your answer to the
complaint on the undersigned, at his office in the City
of New York, at or before the time and place above
specified. The undersigned is the attorney for the
service of this summons on you, executor of the last will
and testament of the deceased, and he is authorized to
do such service; and if you fail to answer the said summons
within the time aforesaid, the plaintiff in his action may
obtain judgment against you for the sum of five hundred
and twenty-five dollars and thirty-one cents with interest
from the 15th day of November, 1908, besides the costs of
the action.

WESEBELL & SMITH, Plaintiffs Attorneys.
The summons and complaint in the above entitled case
is in the office of the Clerk of the Circuit Court of the City and County of
New York, at the City Hall, in the City of New York, on
the 16th of Nov., 1955. WESBELL & SMITH, Attorneys.
all-lawyer's

**SUPREME COURT-CITY AND COUNTY OF
NEW YORK.—AARON R. BELKIN
ANDREW SIMPSON, ROBERT AULD and ARON
his wife, JOSEPH McCOMAR and SARINA McCOMAR
vs. WESEBELL & SMITH, Attorneys for Plaintiff
(not sec.).** To the defendants above named, for relief (com-
plaint) summoned and required to answer the complaint in
this action, which has been filed in the office of the Clerk

and City, and to serve a copy of your answer to me within 10 days of the date of this letter. If you fail to do so, I will file a complaint on the subscribers, at their office, No. 39 William-street, in said City, within twenty days after the service of this summons on you, ex parte of the day of such service, and I will endeavor to secure that the same be done within the time aforesaid, the plaintiff in this action will apply to the Court for the relief demanded in the complaint.—Dated New-York, Aug. 3, 1854.

MARVIN & PRIME, Plaintiff's Attorneys,
No. 100 NASSAU-STREET.

The complaint in the above action was filed on and returned on the 3d day of August, 1854.

MARVIN & PRIME, Plaintiff's Attorneys,
No. 100 NASSAU-STREET.

TO PETER C. MARSH,

SUPREME COURT—CITY AND COUNTY OF

ANDREW FOSTER HIGGINS against CHARLES BUCKNELL.—Summons for money due on contract.—(Comm. not ser.)—To the defendant above named: That the plaintiff claims to be entitled to the sum of \$100.00 on account of a contract made between the parties on the 17th day of October, 1886, in and to the effect that the defendant should pay to the plaintiff the sum of \$100.00 on or before the 1st day of January, 1887, and that the defendant has failed to do so. And the plaintiff complains in this action, which was, this day, filed in the office of the Clerk of the City and County of New York, at the City Hall, in the City of New York, that the defendant has failed to pay to the plaintiff the sum of \$100.00 on or before the 1st day of January, 1887, and that the plaintiff, at his office, No. 49 Wall-st., in the City of New York, within twenty days after the service of such summons on you, exclusive of the day of such service, and in order to answer the said complaint within the time aforesaid, has caused this summons to be taken and filed against you for the sum of one thousand dollars, with interest from the 17th day of October, 1886, to the

1864. JNO. E. PARSONS, Plaintiff, vs. HENRY W.
 nml-lw-6u7u

SUPREME COURT, -JOHN D. WRIGHT
 against CHAR. BYRNE, administrator of the goods,
 chattels and credits of Hugh Byrne, deceased, Charles
 Byrne and Sarah his wife, Daniel Byrne and Mary
 his wife, James Byrne and Mary his wife, William
 Byrne, Charles Brennan and Mary, his wife, Thomas
 Byrne and Mary his wife, and others, Defendants,
 of the State of New-York To the defendants and each
 of them: You are hereby summoned and required to answer
 the complaint in this action which was filed in the above
 title, in the County of New-York, in the Supreme Court
 of the City and County of New-York, on the 21st day of
 October instant, 1864, and to serve a copy of your answer

SUPREME COURT, WILLIAM D. RUSSELL
against LOUIS ROGALINER, defendant.—Summons
for a money demand on contract.—To the above-named
defendant, personally, or to his agent, or to his attorney,
or to his clerk, or to his family, or to his friend, or to
any person known by him, or to the City Clerk, New York,
answer the complaint in this action, which was filed in
the office of the Clerk of the City and County of New
York, at New York, on the 27th day of October, 1904.
Dated, New York, Oct. 27, 1904.

copy of your answer on the subpoena at the residence of the
89 Wall-st., Jamaica-court, in the City of New-York,
within twenty days after the service hereon, otherwise
of the day of such service; and if you fail to answer the
same, it is so adjudged, that the claimant will take judgment
against you for the sum of nine hundred and ninety-one
and ninety-one cents, with interest as follows: on the
sum of five hundred and four dollars and sixty-six cents,
from Sept. 2, 1864, to Dec. 1, 1864, at the rate of six per
cent; on nine dollars and ten cents, from Sept. 2, 1864, to
one hundred and sixty dollars and sixteen cents, from
Nov. 20, 1864, besides the costs of this action.—Dated
Nov. 24, 1864.

SOMMER & JOHNSON,
Attorneys.

NEW-YORK: STEPHEN C. WILLIAMS, ATTORNEY AT
LAW, 100 NASSAU ST., NEW-YORK, N. Y.
HENRY H. BARRY, defendant. To the defendant
above named: You are hereby summoned and required
to answer the complaint in this action, which was filed
in the County of New York, in the City and State of
New-York, at the City Hall in said City, and to serve
a copy of your answer to the said complaint on the
subscriber, at their office, No. 64 Wall-st., in said City, with-
in ten days after the service of this summons on you,
exclusive of the day of making such service. If you
fail to do so, judgment will be rendered against you
on the said complaint within the time aforesaid, the
plaintiff in this action will apply to the Court for the
relief demanded in the complaint. Dated Nov. 28, 1894.
STEPHEN C. WILLIAMS, Plaintiff's Attorney.
EDWARDS, MAN & SON, Printers.

IN PURSUANCE OF AN ORDER OF THE
Surrogate of the County of New-York, notice is hereby
given to all persons having claims against **ANDREW**
LUIS PATRULLLO, late of the City of New-York, suc-
cessor of the late **ANDREW PATRULLLO**, deceased, to
appear before the undersigned at the Court Room,
No. 123 Nassau-st., in the City of New-York, on
the 8th day of February next, at 10 o'clock
a.m., to show cause why the same should not be
allowed.
Witness my hand and the seal of said County,
this 15th day of January, 1906.
and-lawyers

to present the same with vouchers thereof to the undersigned at his place of business, No. 375 Greenwich St., in the City of New-York, on or before the 28th day of December next.—Dated 1st of June 1884.

JOHN A. TARRANT, Administrator.

JE44-law247u*

IN PURSUANCE OF AN ORDER OF THE
Surrogates of the County of New-York, notice is hereby given to all persons having claims against MARGARETA OBBORN, late Margarotta Edwards, and late Margarita Cross, late of the City of New-York, deceased, to present the same with vouchers thereof to the undersigned at his office No. 134 Warren-st., in the City of New-York, on or before the 18th day of December next.—Dated

Jel1-law26wTn **J. E. CAMERON, Esq.,**
IN PURSUANCE OF AN ORDER OF THE
SURROGATE OF THE COUNTY OF KINGS,
 given to all persons having claims against the
 ESTATE OF **J. E. CAMERON,** late of the County of Kings, deceased, to
 present the same on or before the 9th day of February next, to the
 said Surrogate, at his office, No. 91 West 30th-st., in the City of New
 York, on or before the 9th day of February next.—Dated
 New-York, Aug. 4, 1886.
MARY M. LEVERICH, Administratrix.
an5-law6mTn

IN PURSUANCE OF AN ORDER OF ROEHMAN
E. DAWSON, Esq., Surrogate of the County of Kings,
 given to all persons having claims against the
 ESTATE OF **ROEHMAN E. DAWSON,** late of the County of Kings, deceased, to
 present the same on or before the 9th day of February next, to the
 said Surrogate, at his office, No. 91 West 30th-st., in the City of New
 York, on or before the 9th day of February next.—Dated
 New-York, Aug. 4, 1886.
MARY M. LEVERICH, Administratrix.
an5-law6mTn

having claims against **THOMAS THOMAS**, late of the city of Brooklyn, deceased, that they are required to exhibit the same, with the receipt of the clerk of the said Surrogate, to the office of **N. R. MORSE**, Esq., No. 7 Court-st., in the city of Brooklyn, on or before the 14th day of February next.—Dated Jan. 11, 1861.

MARGARET THOMAS,
Administratrix.

an12-law6m7u*

IN PURSUANCE OF AN ORDER OF THE
Surrogate of the County of New York, the clerk is hereby given to all persons having claims against **HERMAN**
HERMAN, late of the city of New York, deceased, to present the same, with vouchers thereof, to the subscriber, at his late residence, number Sixty-first-st. and Third-

March 22nd 1934 New-York, Aug. 27, 1934.
s3-law67m2 CATARINA BEHRNS.

IN PURSUANCE OF AN ORDER OF THE
I, Surrogate of the County of New-York, notice is hereby
given to all persons having claims against ELIZABETH
PROCTOR, late of the City of New-York, deceased, to
present the same with vouchers thereon to the undersigned,
at the law office of MARVIN L. BEHRNS, No. 29 Nassau-
street, in the City of New-York, on or before the
13th day of May next. Dated New-York, the 3d
day of November, 1934.

AUGUSTUS F. SMITH, Esquire.
s4-law67m2 No. 29 Nassau-street, New-York City.

IN PURSUANCE OF AN ORDER OF THE
 I, Surrogate of the County of New York, notice is hereby
 given to all persons having claims against JAMES DU
 SIBURY, late of the City of New York, deceased, to
 present the same, with vouchers thereon, to the subscriber,
 at his office, No. 86 West-st., in the City of New York, on
 the 4th day of March next, at 10 o'clock, A.M.
 CHAS. SPEAR, Subscribing.
 Sept. 1, 1866.
 as-lawyer to Administrator.

IN PURSUANCE OF AN ORDER OF THE
 I, Surrogate of the County of New York, notice is hereby
 given to all persons having claims against GIDEON OST-
 RANDE, late of the City of New York, deceased, to
 present the same, with vouchers thereon, to the subscriber,
 at his office, No. 130 Bovey, in the City of New York, on
 the 4th day of March next, at 10 o'clock, A.M.

or before the 17th day of MARCH next, at ~~NEW YORK~~ NEW YORK,
Sept. 1, 1884.
115-Lawson St.
ISAAC WARD, Executor.

FURNITURE.
IRON FURNITURE.
THE NEW-YORK FOUNDRY, RAILING
and Iron Furniture Works furnish all kinds of cast
and wrought-iron work for buildings, groves, parks,
and all other purposes, and are the largest and best
in New-York, and the largest manufactory of iron railing
in the United States.
SANFORD & TAYLOR
No. 51 Green-st., New-York.

DAMIANE CHAMBERS FURNITURE
BY H. F. FARRINGTON'S Manicuring, Hair-
 rooms, Nos. 46 and 48 Wooster-st., between Grand and
 Broome.

BILLIARD TABLES.

PELHAM POOL TABLES
 and Patent Concession. Billiards for sale only at No.
 786 Broadway, corner of 10th-st., next Grace Church, No.
 9 Chambers-st. and No. 53 Ann-st.

Second edition now ready:
THE GAME OF BILLIARDS BY M. PERLAK.
 Just published by J. APPLETON & CO. Price, 51

BREAD!—DON'T GRUMBLE ABOUT SIZE, GO
to your old friend HOLMES, No. 374 E. 47th
St. He is selling 63 cs. for one shilling

The following list consists of members of the District of Columbia:

WILLIAM WOOD, Embroidery, 1111
G Street, Boston, Mass., and
Silver Artist for Regalia.

CHISAAT BROS., (Importers and Jobbers)
Advertising Agents.

M. PIERCE GILL & CO.,
Hardware, Cutlery, Edge
DOUGLAS, Manufacturers and Dealers,
French Window and Plate Glass.

H. F. POMEROY & CO., (Importers and Wholesale
Retailers.)

Grate and Fender Manufacturers
M. H. JACKSON, Germany W. D. Jackson & Sons,
No. 361 Broadway, one door from Broadway
Hotel and W. D. Jackson.

Ice, Fuel, Ship and Pleasure Boats of all kinds
making and repairing at low prices.
GERSHLY & SON, 369 South 4th Street,
Lightning Rods.

M. QUIMBY & SON, 125 East 3rd, and 725 Main
Sts.

ON MANUFACTURING COMPANY, 100 Broadway,
Also, other tools, fixtures, patterns, &c., for sale.
325 Broadway.

Lithographers.
GEORGE HAYWARD, 100 Broadway, opposite
the City Hall, and 100 Broadway, opposite
the City Hall.
ERRIFFER BROS. & CO., 100 Broadway, opposite
the City Hall.

News and Sporting Articles.
ATON & FOLSON, 100 Broadway, opposite
the City Hall.
**Window and Plate Glass, Ornamental and
Painting.**
HOKINS & BROS., 100 Broadway, opposite
the City Hall.

Any additions to the above list should be
sent to the office of **B. M. PETERSON,** 100
Broadway.

BOARDING.

BOARDING—A VERY DESIRABLE PLACE.
A very desirable place for boarding, at
No. 283 1/2 St. Astor 324 St. Also, a good room for a
gentleman. An exchange of references furnished.

BOARDING—A GENTLEMAN AND HIS WIFE.
A very desirable place for boarding, at
No. 125 Hudson St., opposite the City Hall.

BOARD ON BROOKLYN ROOMS.—Neatly furnished rooms, with parlors and bedrooms. In a respectable private family—excellent location, between Fulton and Wall st. References exchanged.

BOARD IN BROOKLYN.—At 441 Third st., near Fulton. A gentleman and wife, or two single gentlemen, can procure board at the above place in a private family.

WANTED FOR A GENTLEMAN.—His wife and son, a suite of handsomely furnished rooms, including a sitting room, a bedroom, a bath, and a kitchen, either up or down Broadway or in the neighborhood, and in the vicinity of a first-class restaurant. Address: 200 Hudson River.

ROOMS WANTED.—Two young men, a parlor, and bedroom, suitable for a private family, in a house containing the necessary appointments, in view of the following price, etc.: Box No. 1,884, Post-Office, Astor House, Nassau st.

A PIERRE HOUSE.—Broadway, near 14th st. The proprietors, in announcing to the public and who have leased this elegant establishment, connected with the Grand Hotel, to the management of the La Fayette

experience. It is their intention to leave the Le Page and to devote their entire management. They have a few more of the travelling company head and that this admirably arranged hotel is in the United States.

WANTED

WANTED - A FAMILY OF FOUR - children, would like to rent part of an Italian marble house with a bath and own apartments. Location preferred below 14th street. References furnished. Inquire at particular, 11 E. 6th, Room No. 514.

FINE, HANDSOME ROOMS - containing gas, Croton, electric, and bath, for rent, day to night or for a long term, new and private residence No. 6 West 58th and 6th ave. Satisfactory references.

TO LET - A SMALL FAMILY - moving from their present quarters to a new residence and a pleasant and comfortable home, pleasantly situated; has gas, and fire and water, and is close to Fulton Ferry. Apply at No. 140 7th street.

FURNISHED ROOMS - for rent, centrally located, near the city hall, at moderate prices. Inquire at No. 100 Broadway.

BUSINESS CHANCE

\$5,000.—AN ESTABLISHED CIGARETTE WORK.—Net profit \$2,000 per year; good stock of fixtures, house and more, from fresh stock on hand; will sell at once for \$5,000. Call on Mr. J. H. B. Smith, care of HOWES & CO., No. 84 Nassau street.

\$3,000 WANTED IN CASH AND A GOOD MAN TO ENGAGE WITH.—I am engaged in a manufacturing business in this city, cash capital \$10,000. I have now available \$3,000 for new investment.

an interview, for which, address LUMBER, 145 Main office.

\$1500.—WANTED, A PARTNER.—WHO can invest \$500 in a new investment, a good opportunity. For particulars, address EDWARD A. THOMAS, 214 Main room and address.

FOR SALE, THE LARGEST MANUFACTORY in the city, on corner of Lombard and Main streets, main shaft, etc. 12 1/2 feet in diameter, with two engines, apply to FRANCIS T. GARRETTSON, attorney, No. 74 Wall.

TO DRUGGISTS.—WANTED TO PURCHASE An interest in a City drug store, and to extend same, by a young man who has had 3 years' experience in the business. Address Post-Office Box No. 39, New York, N. Y.

FURS.

LADIES' FANCY FURS!
BACKUS, OSBORNE & CO.,
WOMEN'S and CHILDREN'S FURS.
Offer at WHOLESALE or RETAIL a very beautiful assortment of

LADIES' FANCY FURS.
Consisting of RUSSIAN SABLE, HUDSON'S BAY
MOTTE, MINNIE, and other choice and FINEST,
manufactured in the latest most fashionable styles.

EXPRESSLY FOR CITY RETAIL TRADE.

FURS—LANDRY'S FURS.
None to surpass them. His famous
Fur suits carefully selected. No. 125 Canal St.

**FURS, FURS—A LARGE AND CHOICE AS-
SORTMENT for ladies and misses. Also the latest
Mink and children's beavers. In this country the latest
and newest styles of children's suits and coats are**

KELOGG, Manufacturer, No. 125 Canal St.

MILLINERY..

FRANK MILLINERY GOODS
R. T. WILSON.
Nos. 30 and 32 South St.
IMPORTERS AND MANUFACTURERS OF

SILK MILLINERY GOODS.
Straw Goods.
SILK and Fancy Hosiery.
Dress Caps and Fancy Trimmings.
Trimmings for Hats and Dresses.

**A complete stock of the latest styles.
For sale at cost.**

MILLINERY—A. J. HARRIS & CO.
No. 7 Bond St., where you can see, at all hours,
the latest styles of hats and millinery goods.

newest and best of the kind made on this continent
work during the season. Moulding done on the spot
made to order.

PRINTING.

PRINTING BY STEAM COPPER-PLATE STYL.
STATIONERS' HALL.
NO. 114 AND 115, CORNER OF FIFTH AND
ROWE & BASTARD.
Printers, Lithographers and Stationers. All kinds of
Printing executed in the best style. Copper-plate
work of the latest make.

LOST AND FOUND.

**\$100 REWARD—LOST OF FARM LIT-
TLE, in the Academy of Music, and
CHAIN, N. Lott, Farmer, of
factors, and returning it to R. F. G. of the
South-street, will receive the above reward and no
more asked.**

LINEN PLAYING CARDS.
I LINEN PLAYING CARDS.

L Western Union
northwest of Wall Street
at the depot of the Standard Oil
WEL HARR & CO., No. 1
East.

L **LONDON CORDIAL GEN. ROWLANDING.**
of the
to arrive, please
at the depot of the
L. W. HARR & CO., No. 1
East.

A **WIDOW WANTS TO ADVERTISE**
the
one wishing to apply to **M. G. P.**
the

[illegible][illegible][illegible][illegible][illegible][illegible]

From all of which I have become inclined to think
that the changes are in favor of the House.

More Cabinet Speculations Disclosed In
Washington, December 10, 1906

Speculation of Sam Houston Dallas News-
Star, December 10, 1906

Published at Washington, D.C.
FROM THE NATIONAL ARCHIVES

CARNEY MAKING
It is now said by some of Mr. Buchanan's friends that he will not go into Mr. Buchanan's Cabinet until he has been elected to the Senate, his term in which expires on the 4th of March next. His administration has been deemed a settled thing, that he would be Secretary of the Interior; but if he is elected to the Senate, it is now claimed, he will be Secretary of War. The advice of Mr. SEDWELL, he will retain, and will not give to the party in this body. Mr. CARNEY has no position, as he has no title, and probably no money, and has not taken to society in politics. He is undoubtedly a rising man in the Democratic Party, and is likely long to wear its honors unless he should be displaced from his ordinary position and make some unexpected false step. Going into the Cabinet might not and probably would be such a step, and it is not probable that he sees that fast through the eyes of the glitter that surrounds it. If he goes into the Cabinet there is room for some other man who is not so prominent in the Democratic Party. Some think BUCHANAN will not be elected to the Senate. Some think BUCHANAN will be elected to the Senate for under these circumstances; but they are not so low in choosing his associates.

WHO SHALL SUCCEED MR. COWLEY?
The new Administration will have the responsibility
in finding a successor to Attorney General Cowley.

his equal in learning, in legal reasoning, and in the mining industry. No predecessor in the office has left so many evidences of his legal skill or personal worth as will be found in the two and a half or three hundred volumes of opinions which the present Attorney-General leaves behind him. These opinions embrace a great variety of subjects, and in numerous cases the formation of the law, and the history of legislation, is supplied to the Executive Department of the Government and its relation to the Legislature. Mr. Crampton is never content to state dogmatically his opinion upon a point presented for his official consideration, but always strives to give the reasons for his conclusion, and the progress of argument by which he reaches it,—thus placing it in the power of the reader to judge for himself its soundness or value. As an instance of his industry I may mention that during the current brief recess of Congress he has examined and disposed of appeals from the California Land Commission in no less than two hundred and seventy-three cases. In one hundred and seventy-two of these cases he has rendered opinions, reserving the remaining 19 for further consideration. It will be remembered that all this has been accomplished in addition to the ordinary business of his office. Among his recent opinions is one in which it is held that an American citizen, acting as Consul for a foreign power, in the United States, is not, by virtue of his office, relieved from liability to military duty.

THE SAN FRANCISCO COLLECTORSHIP.—It is stated that Senator BIGGS, of Polk county, is laboring hard to secure the San Francisco Collectorship for his brother, the Ex-Governor. "Buck" has been in the city for a number of days, and has been out to California, pending the canvass. The CHAMAN was elected he would certainly be appointed. Collector. The Ex-Governor is exceedingly popular at home, according to all accounts, and we shall have letters here from San Francisco, signed anonymously and influentially, protesting against his being the recipient of any such mark of Executive favor. I think the Senator's ignoble detraction of Col. FARMOST during the recent campaign will have to be balanced with some other reward than the Collectorship for his brother. It may be of some importance to please the Senator, but Mr. BUCHANAN will probably deem it more important to avoid giving the great masses of the people of California any such junk as this.

DUDLEY MANN'S STEAMSHIP PROJECT.

HON. A. DUDLEY MANN is still in the city, engaged in the prosecution of his enterprises of establishing a line of ocean steamers between the Chesapeake Bay and Milford Haven, England. I do not understand his project to be based upon the crubelthy idea of direct Southern trade with Europe, as has been erroneously supposed. He is too practical a man for anything so visionary. His selection of the termini for his proposed route is based entirely upon the fact that the Chesapeake Bay and Milford Haven have a depth of water far greater than can be carried by the water of New-York or Liverpool. He proposes to construct immense iron steamers, drawing twenty-eight to thirty feet of water, and carrying twenty-five to thirty thousand bales of Cotton or their equivalent in freight. His theory is that in creased size is essential to increased speed in the present advanced condition of naval architecture; and that vessels of such capacity as he proposes will be able to carry freight profitably at rates as low as sailing vessels. But such immense ships could not enter New-York or Liverpool; while the Chesapeake Bay and Milford Haven present no obstacles thereto. Besides, a vessel coming out from Milford Haven proceeds directly to sea, leaving at once the coast of England and all British ports, and avoiding the vexatious question of the American coast. MR. MANN has espoused this enterprise with his accustomed energy, vigor and well-known intelligence; and his views are certainly entitled to respectful attention by the mercantile and navigated world.

THE EXHIBITED CANTATRICE.

Miss JULIANA MAY, the American cantatrice, of whose extraordinary vocal powers and musical accomplishments European writers have recently given us such flattering promise, is a niece of General GALE, the veteran editor of the *National Intelligencer*, and a cousin of the gallant soldier of the same name who won his laurels in the Mexican war. Her friends here have letters announcing her certain arrival by the European steamer due early next week. The musical and fashionable world here are looking to her arrival and *debut* in the United States with lively interest.

S.

New Nicaragua Minister, Etc.
WASHINGTON, Wednesday, Nov. 22.
The new Nicaraguan Minister, FERRAR, has not yet taken the course usually pursued by such officials preliminary to their reception by our Government.

Not more than a dozen members of Congress have arrived.

Governor Clark's Accident Not Serious.
His Excellency, Governor CLARK, was not seriously injured—we are happy to say—by his mishap on Evacuation Day. After the usual exchange of courtesies with Major-General BARSTON, on the morning of that day, His Excellency, who is Commander-in-Chief of the Militia, proceeded to Fourteenth-street, to review his troops. He rode a fine-mounted

young horse, who became restive, and particularly dissatisfied with the music—so much so, indeed, that the Governor was too busy managing him to acknowledge the salute of the Fourth Regiment of Artillery. On nearing the Sixth-avenue, the animal became quite unmanageable, and suddenly rearing, threw his rider backward into the mud. The Governor was not much injured by his fall, and when he got up, he said, "I have, I think, sustained

HARDYNGE, who, as our readers must remember, was unhorsed, a few months since, while reviewing the troops at Aldershot, in QUEEN VICTORIA'S presence.

Yesterday, by invitation of the Board of Governors, Gen. LA YEGA, late President of Mexico, accompanied by Gen. BLANCO and Capt. BROWN, paid a visit to the institutions on Randall's and French Frigate Islands.

GEORGE W. CURTIS, Esq., the distinguished author, and MISS ARNOLD BROWN, daughter of FRANK

[illegible]

are beginnings, sometimes very small, to great ends;—and the Hungarian patriot would wrong himself and the cause he has so much at heart if he ever ceased to give his convic-

themselves. But, it strikes us as rather odd that a man whose ancestors had once had an experience of blue-eyed and light-haired slaves should ever desire to repeat the experiment of holding that kind of live stock.

Mrs. OWEN, ~~the~~ ^{the} ~~mother~~ ^{mother} ~~of~~ ^{of} ~~the~~ ^{the} ~~child~~ ^{child} ~~who~~ ^{who} ~~was~~ ^{was} ~~murdered~~ ^{murdered} ~~on~~ ^{on} ~~the~~ ^{the} ~~Quay~~ ^{Quay} ~~last~~ ^{last} ~~night~~ ^{night}. Her body, bearing marks of strangulation and other violence, was found in the street at an early hour this mornig. Deceased was the mother of five children. A Coroner's inquisition has failed to estab.

NEW-YORK, Nov. 1, 1904.

IMPORTED FRENCH GAS FIXTURES AND
Clocks, superior articles only; patterns for sinks and
sawtooths; Paris brooms, candlesticks, brackets, con-
ditions with flexible tubing for gas; coral and modern
tor lamps. For sale by **DARONV**, 445 Broadway.

LADIES ARE RESPECTFULLY INVITED TO call at LEAVITT, DELINGER & CO., Nos. 37 and 39 Broadway, and examine a splendid assortment of Fancy Goods from Japan, now on exhibition, open to be sold by auction on Friday, Nov. 24.

LEGAL NOTICES

[illegible]

NEW YORK COURT—CITY AND COUNTY OF NEW YORK—ZACHARY DECEASED

WARD PERISS: Summons for a money judgment on a promissory note. To the above-named defendant, **EDWARD PERISS:** To the above-named defendant, I am directed to appear on your behalf and required to answer the complaint in this action, which is filed in the City of New York and County of New York, at the City Clerk's Office of the City of New York, to and serve a copy of your answer to the complaint in this action on the undersigned at the Trust Building, No. 111 Broadway in the City of New York, within twenty days after the service of this summons on you, and to file a copy of your answer to the complaint in this action with the City Clerk of the City of New York, within the same time. If you fail to answer the said complaint within the time so specified, the plaintiff in this action will ask the court to enter a default judgment against you for the amount of the money demanded, with interest from the 26th day of October, 1934, besides the costs of this action.—Dated Oct. 10, 1934. **JOSEPH T. CLARK, Plaintiff's Attorney,** 111 Broadway, New York City.

The complaint was filed on Oct. 10, 1934.

Counsel for: **HENRY W. CLARK, Plaintiff's Attorney.**

JOHN BRODIE and ROBERT
—For relief.—To the defendants

overally: You are hereby summoned and required to
appear in person at the Courtroom of the County of Kings at the City
Hall, in the Office of the Clerk of the County of Kings at the City
Hall, in the City of Brooklyn, and to serve a copy of your
answer to the Complaint in this action, together with a copy of the
Affidavit, No. 8, Court-st., Brooklyn, within twenty days after
the service of this summons on you, exclusive of the day of
service, and to file with the Clerk of the County of Kings at the City
Hall, in the City of Brooklyn, within the time aforesaid, the plaint in this action with
affidavit to the Court for the relief demanded in the com-
plaint.

MORSE & LYND, Plaintiffs Attorneys.

The complaint in this action was filed in the office of
the Clerk of the County of Kings at the City Hall, in the City
of Brooklyn, on the 13th day of November, 1904.

Dated Nov. 16, 1904.

MORSE & LYND, Plaintiffs Attorneys.

22-lawyer-11

**SUPREME COURT—ERIE COUNTY—BALLY
v. GHAM, CURTIS GHAM and ERNE
STINE**

Ed, George W. Graham, Sally A. Millman and C. C. N. Millman, Graham, John M. Graham, Harry

Lewis L. Rogers, her husband, Bruce Hoffman and John Hoffman, her husband. To the defendants above-
 named, the plaintiff complains that she is entitled to recover the complaint in this action, of which a copy is herewith served upon you, and to serve a copy of your answer upon the defendants above-named, at New York, New York, William C. Burwell, within twenty days after the service thereof, exclusive of the day of such service; and if the defendants fail to do so, the plaintiff is authorized to foreclose, the plaintiff in this action will apply to the court for the relief demanded in the complaint which is as follows: That the plaintiff be appointed guardian of the person of the said child, on the day of November, 1860. Dated Jan. 17, 1860.
 T. BURWELL, Plaintiff's Attorney,
 New-York.

IN PURSUANCE OF AN ORDER OF THE
 Superior Court of the County of New York, in
 and to all persons having claims against LUCRETIA
 VAN PELT, late of the City of New York, deceased, to
 appear before the said court, on the 10th day of

... of CHARLES BURKHALT
... in the City of New-York, on

September, 1964.
CHARLES BURKHALTER, President,
MATTHIAS CLARK, Executive,
 co-lawyer.
 IN PURSUANCE OF AN ORDER OF THE
 JUSTICE OF THE COUNTY OF NEW YORK, I am hereby
 given to all persons having claims against **OLIVER DUNNING**,
 late of the City of New York, deceased, to present
 their claims to me at my residence, at or before the
 residence, No. 73 Christopher st., in the City of New
 York, on or before the 31st day of April next—Dated New
 York, the 1st day of April, 1964.
WILLIAM H. DUNNING, Executor.
HARRIET DUNNING, Executrix.
 co-lawyer.
 IN PURSUANCE OF AN ORDER OF FRODMAN
 B. DAWSON, Esq., Surrogate of the County of Kings,
 notice is hereby given, according to law, to all persons
 having claims against the late **JOHN FRODMAN**, deceased,

brooklyn, deceased, that they are the same, with the vouchers thereof, t

250-lawm 7th

IN PURSUANCE OF AN ORDER OF THE
Surrogate of the County of New-York, made on the
27th day of May next, Dated 10th, 1868,
JANE SEIGNARD, } Executor,
CHARLES SEIGNARD, }

64-lawm 7th

IN PURSUANCE OF AN ORDER OF THE
Surrogate of the County of New-York, made on the
27th day of May next, Dated 10th, 1868,
MAXWELL HOWELL, } Executor,
MAXWELL HOWELL, }

IN PURSUANCE OF AN ORDER OF THE
Surrogate of the County of New-York, made on the
27th day of May next, Dated 10th, 1868,
MAXWELL HOWELL, } Executor,
MAXWELL HOWELL, }

N. A. FARRA, Editor of Sag Harbor
[that they are required to exhibit t
ers thereof to the subscribers. th

at the office of Samuel Thompson, in Sag Harbor, N. Y., on or before the 15th of June next, 1887.—Dated Nov. 2, 1886.

SAMUEL THOMPSON, Administrator.
CAROL T. PRATT, Administrator.

60-1awm7TV

IN PURSUANCE OF AN ORDER OF THE
Surrogate of the County of New York, notice is hereby
given to all persons having claims against JUDITH
M. PRATT, late of the County of New York, deceased, to
present the same, with vouchers thereon, to the undersigned, at
his residence, No. 21 Fifth-st., in the City of New York, on or
before the 15th day of April next.—Dated New York,
Nov. 2, 1886.

CLARENCE S. FIELD,
Administrator.

60-1awm7TV

IN PURSUANCE OF AN ORDER OF THE
Surrogate of the County of New York, notice is hereby
given to all persons having claims against HERBERT W.
WILLENPIE, late of the City of New York, deceased, to
present the same, with vouchers thereon, to the undersigned, at
his residence, No. 21 Fifth-st., in the City of New York, on or
before the 15th day of April next.—Dated New York,
Nov. 2, 1886.

CLARENCE S. FIELD,
Administrator.

60-1awm7TV

ce, No. 33 Spruce-st., in the City of
before the 5th day of January next.

JAMES R. GILLESPIE, Administrator.

IN PURSUANCE OF AN ORDER OF THE
Surrogate of this County of New York, notice is hereby
given to all persons having claims against ALANSON
ROBINSON, late of the City of New York, Brother of
ALANSON ROBINSON, of the County of New York, to
present, to the undersigned, all claims against the
deceased, at their office, No. 19 William st., in the City
of New York, on or before the 30th day of April next,
to-wit: Dated New York, 1st day of April, 1904.

ALANSON ROBINSON, Jc. Executors.

(4-16747th) SAMUEL TOWNE, Jc. Executors.

COAL.

**GRANTON COAL—THE DELAWARE, LACK-
AWANNA and Western Railroad Company, N. J., at
the Delaware River, near Philadelphia, Pa., is now
delivered on board vessels at Elizabethport, N. J., as the**

prices, per ton of 2,240 pounds, viz.

Large Egg, for grates and house furnaces.....	4 00
Small Egg, for large stoves and grates.....	3 75
Large or Small Egg, for ranges, &c.....	4 15
Best Chestnut, for small engines, &c.....	5 00
Freights to New York, &c.....	1 00
Paid to the Company, 5% cents per ton.	
W. E. WARREN, Treasurer.	

COAL—ON HAND AND CONSTANTLY DIS-
charging from Lehigh, the very superior Burning
Acres Mountain Lehigh Coal, furnace and range
also for steam engines, &c. The grates and
stoves, delivered dry, clear and free from impurity, at
lowest cash prices. Vans No. 171 Lehigh, at
12 00 and 12 25, and 12 50, from 18th and 19th sts
to 21st and 22d.

LINDLING WOOD BEST QUALITY VIR-
ginia pine, seasoned oak and hickory at the lowest
prices. Orders sent promptly delivered.
R. BARNES & SON, No. 30 West 24th st.

PARTNERSHIP NOT

NOTICE - THE COPARTNERSHIP HERETO-
fore existing between the subscribers under the firm
of CREVELING, GAREBSON, & COMPANY, has been
terminated by mutual consent. Mr. WARNE having sold
his interest to SAMUEL D. BEACHE, and Mr. GAREBSON
his share to E. W. CREVELING. The subscribers
therefore are authorized to use the name of the firm
in liquidation.

E. W. CREVELING,
JOHN WARNE,
S. D. BEACHE,
NEW-YORK, Nov. 26, 1864. W. W. GAREBSON.

The undersigned having formed a partnership with
outfurne the Crockett business, and the subscribers
therefore are authorized to use the name of the firm
in liquidation.

E. W. CREVELING,
JOHN WARNE,
S. D. BEACHE,
NEW-YORK, Nov. 26, 1864.

BILLIARD TABLES.

DORELAN'S MODEL BILLIARD TABLES.

way, corner of 10th-st., next Grace
ers-st., and No. 58 Ann-st.

THE GAME OF BILLIARDS. By M. FERRAS.
 Published by D. APPLETON & CO., - Price, 50
 Cents. - Sold free of postage on receipt of price at No. 15 Astor-
 Street, New York.

LINEN PLAYING CARDS.

LINEN PLAYING CARDS - SOUTHERN AND
 Western dealers and club buyers will find a complete
 assortment of these cards, with make of cards, at
 the Street of the FRANKLIN CARD Factory (SAM-
 UEL HART & CO., No. 1 Barclay-st., opposite Astor
 House).

Kenyon, lady, J. H. Allen, M. A. Wom, P. Smith, J. A. March, M. E. Johnson, S. A. Williams, and 26 in
terrace

Passengers Arrived.
In steamship "Albatross," from Glasgow—Robt. I. Annie Hammond, Robert Hall, Janet Martin, Mary McLean, John McLean, James McLean, Wm. Kirk, Wm. Grogan, Margaret MacKay, Wm. Grogan, Thos. Townhill, Wm. Carter, Jane Macdonald, Brownlie, Jas. Philias, Jas. Kirkpatrick, Robt. Wm. J. Merton, and six in second cabin.
In steamship "Excelsior," from Liverpool—W. ster, Chas. Richmond, Leon Hammond and servant, Verdon, Chas. Sherman, Mrs. Strum and child, Kane and infant, Mrs. M. A. Root and 3 children, J. Park Mustang, from Larocco—Mr. DeWitt

Sun rises..... 7 00 | Sun sets..... 4 34 | Moon sets..
 HIGH WATER—THIS DAY.....
 Sandy Hook... 6 18 | Gov. Island 6 54 |

MARINE INTELLIGENCE.
NEW-YORK... WEDNESDAY, Nov 3

[illegible]

Brig Tyrant, (of Rockland, Gregory, New-Orleans)

inst., with cotton, flour, &c., to Layton & Hurlbut.
Brig Martha Rogers, (of Belfast.) Carver, Jackson
10 ds., with yellow pine to Eckenbush & Scott.
Schr. G. M. Robertson, Morrow, Gomaves 21 ds.
logwood, &c., to Pondston Jones. Night of 25th, 1
S. E. blow, threw overboard part of deck logwood.

Schrs. Jane Ingraham, (of Rockland), Merris,
 Caye Nov. 9, with logwood and coffee to master.
 At lat. 24, lon. 67 14, boarded a Cuban brig on fire. It
 was on hard pine, was Eastern built, and burned to
 water. Cargo: sugar, coffee, and made out her name; supposed
 to have been abandoned some weeks.
 Schrs. Elizabeth Bowley, (Br.) Hall, Wilmore, N. Y.
 ds. with potatoes to master.
 Schrs. Nicotina, (Br.) Roberts, Charlotte, N. Y.
 ds., with oats to Mr. Lowden.
 Schrs. Enterprize, (Br.) Brewer, St. George, N. Y.

Schr. Trojan, Wilson, Norfolk, with ship timbers
Yard.
Schr. Caroline Knight, Davis, Lubec 8 ds., with
and plaster to Smith & Boynton.
Schr. Gavelle, Crowell, Fall River.
Schr. Spry, Nickerson, Albany for Boston.
Schr. J. Goodspeed, _____ Albany for Norwich.
Schr. Ida Chase, Roston

Schr. Bonita, Horton, Eastport.
Schr. Reecne, Rosa, Rondout for Boston.
Propeller Jackson, Esack, Baltimore 3 ds., with
to H. R. Cromwell.
Propeller Ann Eliza, Robinson, Philadelphia.
Propeller Pelican, Clark, Providence.
Propeller R. R. Forbes, Morris, Boston.
Propeller J. N. Harris, Smith, New-London.

WIND—Sunrise, E.; Sunset, N. W., and fresh.
Below.
 Bark Louisa, Souper, Cardenas. Drig Traveler.
Returned.
 The bark Ottawa, Brown, hence for Havana, was
 back to Quivana last night. Having been run in

Memoranda.
The steam tug Achilles, Capt. Gidner, came up
last night from the wreck of the bark Genesee, ashore of

the
latest

the Egg Harbor, and reports her lying in the same town. She will return this afternoon to her assistance; will probably get her off.

Spoken, &c.

Nov. 3, lat. 20.57, lon. 61, was passed schr. Howard
Plymouth, sig. S. E.
Nov. 12, lat. 34.30, lon. 74.30, schr. Lucy A. Orcutt

Camden, from Savannah for Providence.
Nov. 14, lat. 24, lon. 80, bark Growler, of Rock-
bound E.
Nov. 16, off Abacoa, ship Kate Dyer, from New-Or-
leans.
Nov. 23, off the Cape of Virginia, schr. J. Robin-
son, from St. Domingo for New-York.

At Anx Caye, Nov. 9. brigs Uranus, Wekka, for B
in 25 da.; Lanzarote, Hurrian, for New-York in 2
Icarian, Chudbourne, for Postou in 15 da.; Oregon, H
do. in 4 da.; Brookline, Dixon, do. in 15 da.; North
Greeo, do. in 4 da.; schrs. S. H. Poole, Rhine, do.
da.; Excelstor, Babbidge, for New-York in 15 da.
At Gonaves, Nov. 5, schrs. Charles Pennington, i
Porto Rico, in Quarantine: John Elliott, of Pismo

BOARDING.
BOARDING—A PLEASANT PARLOR

BOARDING.—A gentleman and wife, or single persons, can be accommodated with board in a pleasant family. Call at No. 265 East Broadway.

BOARD ON BROOKLYN HEIGHTS
Nicely furnished rooms, with partial board, for a
dinner in a respectable private family; desirable

BOARD WANTED—WITH FURNISH
rooms, for a gentleman and wife. from Dec. 15; be
modern, with water, gas, &c.; location between 14th
15th sts. and 3d and 5th-a. Address, for three d
GRAY, Box No. 2,961 Post-Office.

WANTED—FOR A GENTLEMAN. His wife and son, a suite of handsomely furnished rooms, consisting of parlor and two bed-rooms; situation must be either near part of Broadway, or in the neighborhood, and in the vicinity of a first-class restaurant. Address Box No. 3,326 General Post Office.

A PIERRE HOUSE—BROAD STREET, PHILADELPHIA.—The undersigned have much pleasure

in announcing to the public and their friends that they have leased this elegant establishment. Having been connected with the Guard House since its opening, they bring to the management of the La Pierre House a valuable experience. It is their intention to thoroughly comprehend the La Pierre, and to devote their undivided attention to its management. They have a just confidence in believing that the traveling community need no further assurance of the excellence of the La Pierre.

ROOMS AND BOARD. A PLEASANT
Room, with a small one adjoining, on second floor,
house No. 155 West 35th st., occupied by a private family,
will be let to a single gentleman, with or without his
family. Apply as above.

FURNISHED ROOMS TO LET.—Gentlemen can be accommodated with pleasant surroundings in a comfortable place, at No. 419 Broadway, between 14th and 15th streets. Satisfactory references furnished.

II. Broadway,

New York Times

VOL. VI., NO. 1621. NEW-YORK, FRIDAY, NOVEMBER 28, 1856. PRICE TWO CENTS.

LATEST INTELLIGENCE

By Telegraph to the New-York Daily Times.

Magazine Telegraph Co.'s Office—Herald, and 151 Broadway.
Herald Printing Telegraph Office—No. 31 Wall street.

FROM WASHINGTON.

Our Government and Nicaragua—Probable Refusal to Recognize the New Minister.

AN ADDRESS FROM THE REPUBLICANS OF WASHINGTON, ETC.

Special Dispatch to the New-York Daily Times.

WASHINGTON, Thursday, Nov. 27.

The new Minister from the Walker Government in Nicaragua has not arrived here yet. The present disposition of the President, in view of General Walker's exposure of Walker's former designs, is to refuse his recognition, as Don Fernando Fajardo will find if he presents himself at present, notwithstanding the fact that our official recognition of the existing Government of Nicaragua has never been withdrawn, and that Major Hesse was formally recognized as Pedro Vique's successor.

A strong pressure, however, is being exerted on the President to extract a promise to receive Fajardo, who will not offer his credentials until assured of his reception.

Minister Walker's return to Nicaragua is not anticipated, although he has not been removed.

The statement that our Secretary of Legation at Bogota is going to Nicaragua to watch Walker is unfounded. We have no Secretary at Bogota.

The President's individual sentiments towards Walker have entirely changed lately, and he will withhold his countenance from him in every way possible.

The Executive has taken no steps whatever relative to the recent murder of Missionary Wickham, and other peaceful Americans at Granada, by the Guatemalan forces.

No steps have been taken against Commodore Mervin, in regard to the outrages charged to his Islands on his late cruise, for the reason that no complaints have been formally presented. If they come at all, it must be from the British commercial agents there, through the British Government.

Mervin's report relative to the American guano islands is so evidently unreliable and unsatisfactory, that another vessel will be soon ordered to make a reconnaissance. Secretary Drexler is not the man to be satisfied with a slipshod execution of any duty.

Address of the Republicans of Washington.

WASHINGTON, Thursday, Nov. 27.

The regular meeting of the Republicans of this city will be held to-morrow evening, at 7 o'clock, at the Metropolitan Hall, under the auspices of the Association, and will doubtless be adopted at to-morrow's meeting.

The Republican Association of Washington to the Republicans of the United States.

The Presidential contest is over, and at last we have some materials to enable us to form a judgment of the results.

Scarcely more than two Parties emerged from a conflict, with less of joy in the victors, more of hope in the vanquished, and more of gloom in the disappointed.

Presidential candidates, only, however, by the votes of a minority, and that, of such a character as to stamp the victory as a triumph of the people over the party.

The Republicans, wherever able to present clearly to the Public the real issue of the campaign, carried the People with them, and obtained a victory; almost breaking up in some States the organization of their adversaries.

A sudden gathering of the Father of the Republic, and the Father of the Slave Power, rather than a well-organized party; with but a few months to attend to the complicated details of a campaign, and a Secret Order, which had been issued, and a strong hold of the national and religious prejudices of the masses; opposed to an old Party, commencing its career as a party of the future.

Gov. GEARY'S thanksgiving is this week, and when I find out what we have to be thankful for except plenty of money, I will tell you.

Gov. ROBERTSON has returned in fine health and spirits. It is his intention to authorize the convening of the Legislature next January, as provided by the Tappan Constitution.

PROGRESS OF THE KANSAS LAND SALES.

TELEGRAPHIC.

ST. LOUIS, Thursday, Nov. 27.

The St. Louis Democrat of the 25th inst. learns that the reserved lands of Kansas are selling rapidly at from \$1.50 to \$3 per acre. The lands being sold were situated upwards of twenty-five miles from Leavenworth City. The best feeling prevailed among purchasers. Settlers' claims were respected, and no one was hiding against them.

WE HAVE LEAVENWORTH DATES TO FRIDAY LAST. The great land sales were progressing without disturbance. Judge LEONARD has issued a process against Gov. GEARY for contempt of Court.

PERSONAL.

Hon. MORRIS MACKE, of Indiana, TRAPION, of Massachusetts, DEAN, of Connecticut, PURYEAR, of Pennsylvania, and EVANS, of Texas, all of the House of Representatives, have arrived in Washington. Hon. MORRIS MACKE, of Indiana, and LANE, of Oregon, who remained here during the recess, are still in Washington.

Rev. DAVID SHAVER, of Hampton, Va., has purchased one-half of the Religious Herald, in Richmond, and after the 1st of January next that paper will be under the joint editorial control of the present editors, Mr. WM. SANDS, and Rev. Mr. SHAVER. The Religious Herald is the organ of the Baptist denomination in Virginia, and to a considerable extent, in the Southern States also.

Ex-Governor CLARK, of Maryland, has recently arrived West with another party of female teachers, ticketed for Illinois, Indiana, Missouri and Iowa. This makes 450 who have gone out under the Governor's care.

Col. WM. CULLOM, Clerk of the House of Representatives, returned to Washington on Saturday afternoon last, from his late visit to his home in Tennessee. He looks in fine health.

Rev. M. C. CONWAY, late of Washington, has had an invitation extended to him to become the permanent pastor of the First Unitarian Church of Cincinnati.

Trinity Church, Norwich, Conn., has granted its Pastor, Rev. Dr. PADDOCK, six months' leave of absence, and given him a thousand dollars to enable him to visit Europe.

Mr. STRICKLAND, the bookseller who was banished from Mobile for the heinous crime of selling three copies of Uncle Tom's Cabin, has opened a bookstore in Milwaukee.

THOMAS FRANCIS MEACHER, Esq., lectured in Philadelphia last evening, for the benefit of the St. John's Orphan Asylum.

Dante and his times, was the theme chosen by Rev. Dr. FRANCIS VINTON, for the second of his course of lectures at Philadelphia.

Senator SEWARD, of New-York, and Hon. Jos. E. TUCKER, of Pennsylvania, and Hon. F. EDWARDS, of New-York, arrived in Washington on Tuesday.

A desire has been expressed, by several prominent citizens of Portland, to give a banquet to Hon. HANSEL HANSEN, Governor elect.

WILLIAM PICKENS has been recognized by the President as Vice Consul of the Kingdom of the Two Sicilies at Key West, Fla.

JAS. S. HALLIWEY, of Alexandria, lectured to the friends of that city, on Friday night last, on "Hydrostatics."

Judge MASON, of the Maryland Court of Appeals, is announced as among the visitors to "What's Last Week."

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[illegible]

Chas. Williams, Francis Leach, and
and Martin Mello, part of the crew of the
Calhoun, were tried today for the murder
verdict. There being no evidence against
Francis, he was discharged by order of Oden and the
others were acquitted by the jury.

SUPREME COURT—SPRINTAL TRIAL.
Before Hon. Judge Remond.
DISTRICTS.

*In re Petition of the English Evangelical Li-
theran Church of St. James in the City of New York.*
—Order for leave to sell the church and land in the
herry street and to erect a new church in the second
of a new church in Fifth street.

*In re Petition of Right Honorable in the great
council of the city of New York.*
for the lots described in the report in the petition.
Chapman vs. Chappell.—Petition granted.

Colonel Fremont's Continental Troop.
From the Boston Advertiser, Oct. 2.
SUPREME JUDICIAL COURT—Nov. Term, 1863.
Joseph B. Eaton vs. Henry Melton and et al.
defendants, Mellus & Howard, in payment for

[illegible][illegible]

which is exempted by the statute, with the emotion, however, of the chain which the defendant alludes to. It is true that the defendant has no proof to the contrary; also the drugs, opeta, and five dollars in cash. The five dollars were the earnings of a period within the sixty days allowed to the defendant to pay the debt, and should be the subject of the Receiver's authority; but drugs must be delivered up.

The defendant is a surgeon. The medical books and instruments are necessary to the performance of his professional labor and must be regarded as tools and part of the family. A library is true to the family, and it is probable that the family library shall consist, and it may be that books of a miscellaneous but instructive character are contemplated, without remuneration or payment to the family. The books are not the means of the debtor's support. The head of the family whose protection is one of the highest prerogatives will be protected to a reasonable extent in his profession. It is true that the books are not the means of the violations that contain, and a meaning and a miscellaneous matter, as well for his use and the use of his family. This statute is reasonable, and also the books are not the means of the violations of the object in view. Justice Nelson, in *Carpenter v. Warrington*, 25 Wend. 807, and see *Estlin v. Oswell*, 51, 5th St. R. 761 I think, for the reasons above stated, that the books are not the means of the violations from the defendant. *Morse v. Keyes*, 5 F. R. 1, shows the object of these statutes.

The defendant has a family to support, and the bringing of the books into view is a violation of 1848 (Statutes Laws, p. 193). The case of *Macintosh v. Chambers*, 11 Leg. Obs. 248, would perhaps have been in regarding the defendant as a household, but does not affect it in this case. The books are not the means of the violations that contain, and a meaning and a miscellaneous matter, as well for his use and the use of his family. This statute is reasonable, and also the books are not the means of the violations of the object in view. Justice Nelson, in *Carpenter v. Warrington*, 25 Wend. 807, and see *Estlin v. Oswell*, 51, 5th St. R. 761 I think, for the reasons above stated, that the books are not the means of the violations from the defendant. *Morse v. Keyes*, 5 F. R. 1, shows the object of these statutes.

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marry her. "I gave her \$250,000, which was worth the sum in bank, and he agreed in procuring the money which to keep her money in his hands. I gave him \$100,000, also a further sum of \$100,000, but he has his friends, besides the capitalist, called the plutocrat, who has for some time been of my kind of work. "The money was given to the lady under the charge of the bank, and the credit was rendered in favor of the bank, for the bank was the only one that

cost. Mr. Sumner ought to have foreseen that
 was not likely to meet enthusiasm, ex-
 cuse and great applause. And his failure
 find such a reception ought not to have elicited
 complaint,—which in his case looks a little
 strangely.

Mr. Sumner now gives as an additional reason
 for postponing his lectures, that they give pro-
 tection for the "renewal of gross assaults upon
 his State." In other words, he finds his class
 of his State controverted. That's
 whole of it. Didn't he expect this? Yet
 not the question which he came
 argue an open one? If not,
 should he discuss it? And if it was,

was to be chosen. It is not, of course, to be supposed that a general lack of interest in the more recent issue accounts for this remarkable inaction. And we know that no canvass, Presidential or local, was ever conducted with greater excitement, or more inflammatory appeals. Southern prejudice, showing the absolute necessity of a display of Southern strength, and stimulating every laggard into the active arena of politics. How does it happen, then, that more than a hundred thousand people chose, in this instance, to refrain from voting, who had hitherto taken the field upon questions of very little comparative importance?

One reason exists in the fact, that the co-

the reopening of the African Slave-Trade, and he confesses that there was a time when "certain philanthropy had instilled into us a belief that Slavery was wrong." But they have got over all that, and now believe just the contrary. Governor ADAMS is thoroughly interested in recommending the reopening of the traffic which Congress has once declared to be piracy. The Governor advocates the measure on two distinct grounds, first as a means of increasing the political power of the South, and secondly as the only resource left to the South by which it can so cheapen labor as to enable them to compete with other cotton-growing countries, and preserve the monopoly.

The Newark Mercury says: "Some time since one of our large manufacturers, having taken a decided stand in favor of Republicanism, lost a South-eastern customer who had dealt with him for a considerable period. This blow, however, did not in the least alarm him, and he went upon his way apparently totally unconcerned. A few days since, much to his surprise, he received an order from one of the most eminent men in the country, for various goods in his line of business—of which course he has filled."

SUPREME COURT.—We are requested to state that, in consequence of the illness of Judge WARREN, the December General Term of the Supreme Court will not be held. No General Term business in this Court can be done before the March Term. —*Review Journal.*

U-A New Algeria-Interesting Revelations from
 Nicaragua-Gen. GOICOURIA'S Disclosures-Southern
 Slaves-Slave Trade and Free Trade-A Patriot Ex-
 gawashed-Old-fashioned Economy-Nicaragua-The
 Position of President WALKER-The News from Eu-
 rope-The Strong-Minded Convention-The Swindling
 Congress-Congressional Corruption-Why Men Are
 Ambitious to be Members-The Lectures on South Car-
 olina-Mr. W. GILMORE SUMNER-A Truce of Four
 Years.
 AGRICULTURAL DEPARTMENT-The Week's
 Agriculture-Fully reported-Winter Frooding of Eu-
 carrie-Winter Care of Manure-Wintering Cal-
 calves-Curing Hams-Raising Lopped Horses-Ne-
 braska Crops.
 THE WEEKLY TIMES is sent to subscribers by
 all or Express, at the following rates per annum :

ADS
 AT LEAVITT, DELISSER & CO.'S, Nos. 271 and
 Broadway, and examine a splendid assortment of
 goods from Japan, now on exhibition, and to be
 by auction on Friday, Nov. 23.
 HOLIDAY PRESENTS.—THE GREAT SALE OF
 these Fancy Goods, THIS MORNING, 10½ o'clock.
 LEAVITT, DELISSER & CO.'s, Nos. 271 and 273
 d'way.
 MAGNIFICENT HOLIDAY PRESENTS.—AT AUG-
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CLASSIFICATION

WOLFE—The market for wool is very quiet. The stock is ample. The inquiry is pretty much for the same quality as last week. The buyers are generally strengthening for the export purchasers. The sales show some signs of about the same, in lots, mainly of the same and mixed grades.

Ordinary State..... 10 1/2
Straight State..... 11 1/2
Favorite and Extra..... 12 1/2
Common to Good Indiana and Upper..... 13 1/2
Common to Good Supreme Ohio..... 14 1/2
Extra Michigan..... 15 1/2
Extra Indiana and Wisconsin..... 16 1/2
Extra Ohio..... 17 1/2
Extra Kentucky..... 18 1/2
Extra Tennessee..... 19 1/2
Extra Mississippi..... 20 1/2
Extra Louisiana..... 21 1/2
Extra Alabama..... 22 1/2
Extra Georgia..... 23 1/2
Extra Florida..... 24 1/2
Extra South Carolina..... 25 1/2
Extra North Carolina..... 26 1/2
Extra Virginia..... 27 1/2
Extra West Virginia..... 28 1/2
Extra Maryland..... 29 1/2
Extra Delaware..... 30 1/2
Extra Pennsylvania..... 31 1/2
Extra New Jersey..... 32 1/2
Extra New York..... 33 1/2
Extra Connecticut..... 34 1/2
Extra Rhode Island..... 35 1/2
Extra Massachusetts..... 36 1/2
Extra Vermont..... 37 1/2
Extra New Hampshire..... 38 1/2
Extra Maine..... 39 1/2
Extra New Brunswick..... 40 1/2
Extra Nova Scotia..... 41 1/2
Extra Prince Edward Island..... 42 1/2
Extra Newfound Land..... 43 1/2
Extra Newfoundland..... 44 1/2
Extra Labrador..... 45 1/2
Extra British Columbia..... 46 1/2
Extra Alberta..... 47 1/2
Extra Saskatchewan..... 48 1/2
Extra Manitoba..... 49 1/2
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RAILROADS

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NEW YORK.— Fare of \$7 from New-York City to Albany, leaving at 8 A. M., and returning at 6 P. M., daily, except on Sundays and New-York as follows, from station corner of Wills and Centre sts.

6:00 A. M. Express train for Albany, connecting with the Central Railroad and Northern trains.

8:15 A. M. Mail train, running directly through without change of cars, and connecting at Chatham Post (German Flats) with the Western trains for Plattsburg, North Adams, and other stations.

9:30 P. M. Express, running directly through without change of cars, and connecting with Central trains at 11 P. M. for the West.

RETURNING, LEAVE ALBANY.

8:15 A. M. Mail train for New-York direct.

10:45 A. M. Express, with change of cars.

1 P. M. Evening, without change of cars.

[illegible]

all points north and east of Highland.
HASCOY, HARRY
 Superintendent of Truss and Bridge Railroad.
 MAY 6, 1894.

CENTRAL RAILROAD OF NEW HAVEN.
 Connecting at New-Haven with the New York
 Lackawanna and Western Railroad, to South
 Bend, the North and West, and at Danbury with the North

Valley Railroad, to March Chubb.

PAID ARRANGEMENTS—Commanding General J. M. Lee, New York for Easton and Intermediate Stations, from Pier No. 3 North River, at 2:30 A. M., on Saturdays, P. M., for Bonnevillie, at 7:30 and 10:30 A. M., and 2:30 and 5:30 P. M., as the above has been the case for many years, and the New Jersey Railroad, which leaves the Easton foot of Cumberland at 7:30 and 9 A. M., and 3 and 6 P. M.

JOHN O. STERN'S Management.

HUDSON RIVER RAILROAD—**THURSDAY NOV. 5, 1886**, the trains will leave Chubb as follows: Express Train, 6:30 A. M. and 6:35 P. M.; Mail, 11:30 A. M.; Emigrant, 6:45 P. M.; Passenger, 7:30 P. M.

M. and I and \$30 E. M.; For Sing Sing, \$30 A. M. and 6 P. M.; For Peekskill, \$20 P. M. The Freshkills, Sing-Sing and Peekskill trains stop at the West End. Passengers taken at Chambers, Canal, Christopher and East Sts. Trains for New-York leave Troy at 6:45, 8:15 and 10:15 A. M. and 4:45 P. M.; and East Albany at 6:45, 8:15 and 10:15 P. M.

A. M., and 8:30 P. M. A. F. SMITH, Superintendent.
NEW INLAND ROUTE TO PROVIDENCE.
NEWPORT TAUNTON FALL RIVER
PROVIDENCE HARTFORD AND BOSTON
RAILROAD.—On and after Monday, Nov. 1, passengers leave Hartford at 7:15 A. M. (Accommodation) and 8:05 P. M., Express. Leave Providence 7 A. M., Express. 8:05 P. M., Accommodation, connecting at Hartford with Express train for New-York. For particulars, see Post-
Hudson Railway Guide.
BROOKS

NEW JERSEY RAILROAD—FOR PHILA-
DELPHIA AND THE SOUTH AND WEST
JERSEY CITY—Mail and Express Line. Leave New-
York at 8 and 11 A. M. and 6 P. M. Arrive Phila-
delphia at 12 M. and 3 P. M. and 7 P. M. Arrive New-
York at 1 P. M. and 4 P. M. and 8 P. M.

DE LUSING RAILROAD
 E. Market Wharf, by steamer
 10 A. M., 1, 3, 5 & 7 P. M.
 (L. E.) at the same house
 engers with the boat at Hunter's
 minutes. Fare 25 cents.

LEGAL NOTICES.

executor of BENJAMIN ROMAN, Ann Nichols, wife of
 said Samuel, H. Romala, Ann Nichols, wife of
 said Samuel, P. D. Roberts, Mary Nichols, wife
 of said Samuel, Olmstead, Olmstead and
 Olmstead, said Benjamin Roman, said
 Olmstead, said Benjamin Roman, said
 Ann Nichols being the wife of Charles Nichols, said Mary
 NeSmith wife of John P. NeSmith, said
 Sammons—For Relief on Supplementary Bill of Con-

plaint. To **ROMAINE DILLON**: You are hereby summoned and required to answer the supersedeas complaint in this action which was this day filed in the office of the Clerk of this Court in the City of New-York, and to serve a copy of your answer to the said complaint on the subscriber at his office, No. 16 Exchange place, in the City of

New-York, within twenty days after the service of this summons on you, exclusive of the day of such service; and if you fail to answer the said complaint within the time aforesaid, the plaintiff in this action will apply to the Court for the relief demanded in the said supplemental complaint.—Dated New-York, Nov. 27, 1888.

W. H. ANTHONY,
Plaintiff's Attorney.

m29-law5w8*

SUPREME COURT.—JOHN A. POST AND WILLIAM S. ANDERSON against CORNELIUS G. GARRESON.—Summons for a money demand on contract.—To the defendant: You are hereby summoned and required to answer the complaint in this action.

which will be filed in the office of the clerk of the City and County of New-York, at the City Hall in the City of New-York, and to serve a copy of your answer to the said complaint on the City of New-York, within twenty days after the making of this summons, and to appear at the day of said service; and if you fail to answer the said complaint within the time above specified, the court will take judgment against you.

for the sum of one thousand eight hundred and twenty-four dollars and seventy-two cents, with interest from the 20th day of July, 1856, on four hundred and ninety-three dollars and seventy-seven cents, and from the 30th of October, 1856, on one thousand three hundred and fifty dollars and

ninety-five cents, besides the cost of the summons. James
New-York, Oct. 23, 1864.
Plaintiff's Attorney, No. 75 Nassau-st.
The summons and complaint in this action were filed in
the office of the Clerk of the City and County of New-
York Oct. 24, 1864.
JESSE LAWRENCE,
Plaintiff's Attorney.

On the claim of AARON SUTTON to certain moneys awarded to Unknown Owners for land embraced within the limits of Central Park in the City of New-York—Notice is hereby given that the said AARON SUTTON will apply to one of the Justices of this Court, at a special term thereof, to be held at Chambers in the

City Hall in the City of New York, on the 23rd day of December, A. D., 1854, at 10 o'clock A. M., for the money awarded by the Commissioners of Estimate and Assessment apportioned in the matter of the opening of Central Park in the City of New-York, to Unknown Owners, of and for all those twenty-nine lots laid down and designated on "Damage Maps of Central Park, Northern Division," made by said Commissioners, by the numbers

30, 31, 32 and 33, in block 788; numbers 34, 35 and 36, in block 788; numbers 37, 38 and 39, in block 788; numbers 40, 41 and 42, in block 788; numbers 43, 44 and 45, in block 788; numbers 46, 47 and 48, in block 788; numbers 49, 50 and 51, in block 788; numbers 52, 53 and 54, in block 788; numbers 55, 56 and 57, in block 788; numbers 58, 59 and 60, in block 788; numbers 61, 62 and 63, in block 788; numbers 64, 65 and 66, in block 788; numbers 67, 68 and 69, in block 788; numbers 70, 71 and 72, in block 788; numbers 73, 74 and 75, in block 788; numbers 76, 77 and 78, in block 788; numbers 79, 80 and 81, in block 788; numbers 82, 83 and 84, in block 788; numbers 85, 86 and 87, in block 788; numbers 88, 89 and 90, in block 788; numbers 91, 92 and 93, in block 788; numbers 94, 95 and 96, in block 788; numbers 97, 98 and 99, in block 788; numbers 100, 101 and 102, in block 788; numbers 103, 104 and 105, in block 788; numbers 106, 107 and 108, in block 788; numbers 109, 110 and 111, in block 788; numbers 112, 113 and 114, in block 788; numbers 115, 116 and 117, in block 788; numbers 118, 119 and 120, in block 788; numbers 121, 122 and 123, in block 788; numbers 124, 125 and 126, in block 788; numbers 127, 128 and 129, in block 788; numbers 130, 131 and 132, in block 788; numbers 133, 134 and 135, in block 788; numbers 136, 137 and 138, in block 788; numbers 139, 140 and 141, in block 788; numbers 142, 143 and 144, in block 788; numbers 145, 146 and 147, in block 788; numbers 148, 149 and 150, in block 788; numbers 151, 152 and 153, in block 788; numbers 154, 155 and 156, in block 788; numbers 157, 158 and 159, in block 788; numbers 160, 161 and 162, in block 788; numbers 163, 164 and 165, in block 788; numbers 166, 167 and 168, in block 788; numbers 169, 170 and 171, in block 788; numbers 172, 173 and 174, in block 788; numbers 175, 176 and 177, in block 788; numbers 178, 179 and 180, in block 788; numbers 181, 182 and 183, in block 788; numbers 184, 185 and 186, in block 788; 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numbers 562, 563 and 564, in block 788; numbers 565, 566 and 567, in block 788; numbers 568, 569 and 569, in block 788; numbers 570, 571 and 572, in block 78

NOTICE TO THE CREDITORS OF GEORGE HURLBURT, late of the town of Batavia, in the County of Genesee. In pursuance of an order made by the Surrogate of the County of Genesee, notice is hereby given to all persons having claims against **GEORGE HURLBURT**, late of the town of Batavia, in said county, who have not received to satisfy the same, within

the vouchers thereof to **MOSES TAGGART, Administrator**, at his office in the town of Batavia, in the County of Genesee, on or before the 30th day of March next. Dated Sept. 20, 1886.

MOSES TAGGART, Administrator.
ADALINE M. HUBBARD, Administrator.

ADRIANE M. HUBBARD,
227-1aw6m8*

IN PURSUANCE OF AN ORDER OF ROB-
ERT M. DAWSON, Esq., Surrogate of the County of
Kings, notice is hereby given, according to law, to all
persons having claims against **ISRAEL W. SQUIDER**, late
of the city of Brooklyn, deceased, that they are requested
to exhibit the same, with the vouchers thereunto in due
form, at the office of the undersigned, on or before the 15th day
of **APRIL**, 1904.

scriber, the administrator, at the place of abode, No. 61 Nassau-st., in the City of New York, on or before the eleventh day of May next.—Dated Oct. 11, 1885.

CATHARINE H. SCUDDER, Administrator.

oil-law6m8°

IN PUBLICATION OF AN ARRESTING
IMAN B. DAWSON, Esq., Secretary of the
Kings, notes in barely five columns of the
persons having claims against CHARLES J. KAY
of the city of Brooklyn, deceased, that they are
entitled to the same with the same priority.
The scribbles, the signatures, at his grave, the
in the City of New-York, as
of the Ardmore Trust Co. of N. Y.

DENTISTRY.

[illegible]

DR. H. E. GIBSON

NEW YORK CITY.

INTELLIGENCE.

THE CROWN CITY.

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Two men were arrested on the 21st of Oct. at 10 o'clock, charged with the robbery of a man named John Jones, who was carrying a large sum of money. The men were taken to the police station and held for trial.

Between 7 and 8 o'clock, on Tuesday, Oct. 23, some men were seen entering a building at No. 44 Canal-street, near the corner of Broadway. The building was a small, two-story structure, and the men were seen entering the rear door. The police were alerted and sent to the building, but the men had already fled.

On the 23rd, between 1 and 2 o'clock in the morning, a man named John Jones was found lying on the sidewalk in front of No. 25 Roosevelt-street. He was taken to the police station and held for trial. The police were alerted and sent to the building, but the men had already fled.

On Thursday night, John Gill, of No. 114 Baxter-street, was found lying on the sidewalk in front of No. 25 Roosevelt-street. He was taken to the police station and held for trial. The police were alerted and sent to the building, but the men had already fled.

On the 23rd, between 1 and 2 o'clock in the morning, a man named John Jones was found lying on the sidewalk in front of No. 25 Roosevelt-street. He was taken to the police station and held for trial. The police were alerted and sent to the building, but the men had already fled.

On the 23rd, between 1 and 2 o'clock in the morning, a man named John Jones was found lying on the sidewalk in front of No. 25 Roosevelt-street. He was taken to the police station and held for trial. The police were alerted and sent to the building, but the men had already fled.

On the 23rd, between 1 and 2 o'clock in the morning, a man named John Jones was found lying on the sidewalk in front of No. 25 Roosevelt-street. He was taken to the police station and held for trial. The police were alerted and sent to the building, but the men had already fled.

On the 23rd, between 1 and 2 o'clock in the morning, a man named John Jones was found lying on the sidewalk in front of No. 25 Roosevelt-street. He was taken to the police station and held for trial. The police were alerted and sent to the building, but the men had already fled.

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The Gin Controversy—Answer to Mr. Udolpho Wolfe's Well-Important Disclosures. In a communication from Mr. Udolpho Wolfe, published in your paper of Saturday last, we were called upon to deny, if we could, the fact that the gin of the so-called "London Gin" in the United States was made from the gin of the London Gin Co. We cannot do so, for the gin of the London Gin Co. is made from the gin of the London Gin Co. We cannot do so, for the gin of the London Gin Co. is made from the gin of the London Gin Co.

We are known in this community as importers, to a large extent, of Brandy, &c., the article of London Gin being but an insignificant article in our trade. On an honorable competition, we are not object, but that the public have been grossly imposed upon by parties purporting upon them what was represented as London Gin, and so the trade in general, as well as Mr. Wolfe. The following letter will give some light on the subject:

No. 48 CANAL-STREET, NEW-YORK.
JOS. A. SCOTT, Esq., ED. N. Y. STATE REGISTER:
I have read your article on the subject of "London Gin," and feel it my duty, as one engaged in the gin-trade, to give you an item or two on the subject, which you may be interested to do in your paper. I am a member of the London Gin Co., and I can give you some information on the subject, which you may be interested to do in your paper. I am a member of the London Gin Co., and I can give you some information on the subject, which you may be interested to do in your paper.

The gin of the London Gin Co. is made from the gin of the London Gin Co. We cannot do so, for the gin of the London Gin Co. is made from the gin of the London Gin Co. We cannot do so, for the gin of the London Gin Co. is made from the gin of the London Gin Co. We cannot do so, for the gin of the London Gin Co. is made from the gin of the London Gin Co.

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S. COATES & CO., PORTABLE GAS WORKS.—We desire to call public attention to our newly-invented Gas apparatus, designed for country residences, factories, hotels, &c. These works are safe, efficient, and simple in their construction, and are warranted to give satisfaction. We guarantee purchasers against prosecution by the Maryland Portable Gas Company, or any other parties, for alleged infringement of their patents. Apply to S. COATES & CO., Office No. 378 Broadway, New-York.

TEAS.—The Canton Tea Company have on hand every variety of Teas for Grocers, Tea Dealers, and private families.—Souchong, Oolong and Young Hyson, from 30c. to 40c.; Gunpowder and Imperial from 35c. to 45c.—all other qualities equally low. Also, 5-6 boxes of good Family Tea for \$1. Call and examine—No. 125 Chatham-st., between Pearl and Roosevelt-st.

White teeth, perfumed breath, and beautiful complexion, can be acquired by using the Balm of a Thousand Flowers. Beware of counterfeiters. The immense success of the Balm has brought out hosts of counterfeiters and imitators. Be sure each bottle is signed FETTER & CO., Franklin-square, New-York. For sale by all druggists.

STATE AND NATIONAL LAW SCHOOL, Poughkeepsie, N. Y.—TESTIMONIAL.—"Resolved, That the system here pursued is far superior to any other. It is invaluable to the legal student." Passed unanimously by the students. Next term begins on 1st January. Send for circular to J. W. FOWLER.

Boys' Fall and Winter Clothing, at ROSENBERG, corner of Fulton and Nassau streets. Extensive stock; new styles; great variety. The lowest prices ever asked in the trade offered to every garment, and no deviation therefrom.

HOLLOWAY'S OINTMENT AND PILLS.—Why tarry or hesitate if you are sick or suffering? Here are your Remedies! Whatever may be your ailment, it needs but a trial of their wondrous efficacy to insure immediate relief.

HERBERT'S PATENT CHAMPION FIRE-PROOF SAFE.—Nos. 125, 127 and 129 Water-street, and 6 Murray-street, New-York.

NEW-JERSEY.
The Jersey City Almshouse.
The report of Wm. WHITLEY, Superintendent of the Poor in Jersey City, in his report to the Common Council, for the six months ending Oct. 31, 1856, states that the expenses of the Almshouse Department during that period, were as follows:

Disbursed to the out-door poor.....\$985.00
Expenses of the Almshouse.....698.43
Total.....\$1,683.43
This does not include the cost of coal.

There were 10 persons in the Almshouse on the 1st of May last. There have since been admitted 93, viz: adults 68, children 29, foundlings 5, and born in the house. During this time 58 adults and 36 children have been discharged, 2 have been bound out, or adopted, and 6 have died, making a total of 108. There remained Oct. 31, 60. The out-door aid during this period was dispensed to 70 adults, and to 200 children.

The Highwood Guard of Hoboken, Capt. JAS. T. HATTIELD, went out yesterday afternoon on a usual Fall parade. They were accompanied by Shelton's Band, in uniform. The Company, after marching through the principal streets of Hoboken, crossed over the Canal-street bridge, and marched through Broadway and Barclay-street to the Ferry. Returning to Hoboken, they marched to POLLOCK's, where they were met by a large number of friends. Speeches were made after dinner by Capt. HATTIELD, Lieut. MAZEL, Lieut. NEWBURY, J. D. LITZEL, Lieut. ADVANCE of the Company, and others. The Company made a fine appearance.

THE TARIFF FOR 1856.
CENTREVILLE COURSE, L. I.—TROTTER, FRIDAY, NOV. 23; match \$500; mile heats, best 3 in 5 to win. W. WOODLEY, g. & g. No. 1. W. WOODLEY, ch. g. No. 2. W. WOODLEY, ch. g. No. 3. W. WOODLEY, ch. g. No. 4. W. WOODLEY, ch. g. No. 5. W. WOODLEY, ch. g. No. 6. W. WOODLEY, ch. g. No. 7. W. WOODLEY, ch. g. No. 8. W. WOODLEY, ch. g. No. 9. W. WOODLEY, ch. g. No. 10. W. WOODLEY, ch. g. No. 11. W. WOODLEY, ch. g. No. 12. W. WOODLEY, ch. g. No. 13. W. WOODLEY, ch. g. No. 14. W. WOODLEY, ch. g. No. 15. W. WOODLEY, ch. g. No. 16. W. WOODLEY, ch. g. No. 17. W. WOODLEY, ch. g. No. 18. W. WOODLEY, ch. g. No. 19. W. WOODLEY, ch. g. No. 20. W. WOODLEY, ch. g. No. 21. W. WOODLEY, ch. g. No. 22. W. WOODLEY, ch. g. No. 23. W. WOODLEY, ch. g. No. 24. W. WOODLEY, ch. g. No. 25. W. WOODLEY, ch. g. No. 26. W. WOODLEY, ch. g. No. 27. W. WOODLEY, ch. g. No. 28. W. WOODLEY, ch. g. No. 29. W. WOODLEY, ch. g. No. 30. W. WOODLEY, ch. g. No. 31. W. WOODLEY, ch. g. No. 32. W. WOODLEY, ch. g. No. 33. W. WOODLEY, ch. g. No. 34. W. WOODLEY, ch. g. No. 35. W. WOODLEY, ch. g. No. 36. W. WOODLEY, ch. g. No. 37. W. WOODLEY, ch. g. No. 38. W. WOODLEY, ch. g. No. 39. W. WOODLEY, ch. g. No. 40. W. WOODLEY, ch. g. No. 41. W. WOODLEY, ch. g. No. 42. W. WOODLEY, ch. g. No. 43. W. WOODLEY, ch. g. No. 44. W. WOODLEY, ch. g. No. 45. W. WOODLEY, ch. g. No. 46. W. WOODLEY, ch. g. No. 47. W. WOODLEY, ch. g. No. 48. W. WOODLEY, ch. g. No. 49. W. WOODLEY, ch. g. No. 50. W. WOODLEY, ch. g. No. 51. W. WOODLEY, ch. g. No. 52. W. WOODLEY, ch. g. No. 53. W. WOODLEY, ch. g. No. 54. W. WOODLEY, ch. g. No. 55. W. WOODLEY, ch. g. No. 56. W. WOODLEY, ch. g. No. 57. W. WOODLEY, ch. g. No. 58. W. WOODLEY, ch. g. No. 59. W. WOODLEY, ch. g. No. 60. W. WOODLEY, ch. g. No. 61. W. WOODLEY, ch. g. No. 62. W. WOODLEY, ch. g. No. 63. W. WOODLEY, ch. g. No. 64. W. WOODLEY, ch. g. No. 65. W. WOODLEY, ch. g. No. 66. W. WOODLEY, ch. g. No. 67. W. WOODLEY, ch. g. No. 68. W. WOODLEY, ch. g. No. 69. W. WOODLEY, ch. g. No. 70. W. WOODLEY, ch. g. No. 71. W. WOODLEY, ch. g. No. 72. W. WOODLEY, ch. g. No. 73. W. WOODLEY, ch. g. No. 74. W. WOODLEY, ch. g. No. 75. W. WOODLEY, ch. g. No. 76. W. WOODLEY, ch. g. No. 77. W. WOODLEY, ch. g. No. 78. W. WOODLEY, ch. g. No. 79. W. WOODLEY, ch. g. No. 80. W. WOODLEY, ch. g. No. 81. W. WOODLEY, ch. g. No. 82. W. WOODLEY, ch. g. No. 83. W. WOODLEY, ch. g. No. 84. W. WOODLEY, ch. g. No. 85. W. WOODLEY, ch. g. No. 86. W. WOODLEY, ch. g. No. 87. W. WOODLEY, ch. g. No. 88. W. WOODLEY, ch. g. No. 89. W. WOODLEY, ch. g. No. 90. W. WOODLEY, ch. g. No. 91. W. WOODLEY, ch. g. No. 92. W. WOODLEY, ch. g. No. 93. W. WOODLEY, ch. g. No. 94. W. WOODLEY, ch. g. No. 95. W. WOODLEY, ch. g. No. 96. W. WOODLEY, ch. g. No. 97. W. WOODLEY, ch. g. No. 98. W. WOODLEY, ch. g. No. 99. W. WOODLEY, ch. g. No. 100. W. WOODLEY, ch. g. No. 101. W. WOODLEY, ch. g. No. 102. W. WOODLEY, ch. g. No. 103. W. WOODLEY, ch. g. No. 104. W. WOODLEY, ch. g. No. 105. W. WOODLEY, ch. g. No. 106. W. WOODLEY, ch. g. No. 107. W. WOODLEY, ch. g. No. 108. W. WOODLEY, ch. g. No. 109. W. WOODLEY, ch. g. No. 110. W. WOODLEY, ch. g. No. 111. W. WOODLEY, ch. g. No. 112. W. WOODLEY, ch. g. No. 113. W. WOODLEY, ch. g. No. 114. W. WOODLEY, ch. g. No. 115. W. WOODLEY, ch. g. No. 116. W. WOODLEY, ch. g. No. 117. W. WOODLEY, ch. g. No. 118. W. WOODLEY, ch. g. No. 119. W. WOODLEY, ch. g. No. 120. W. WOODLEY, ch. g. No. 121. W. WOODLEY, ch. g. No. 122. W. WOODLEY, ch. g. No. 123. W. WOODLEY, ch. g. No. 124. W. WOODLEY, ch. g. No. 125. W. WOODLEY, ch. g. No. 126. W. WOODLEY, ch. g. No. 127. W. WOODLEY, ch. g. No. 128. W. WOODLEY, ch. g. No. 129. W. WOODLEY, ch. g. No. 130. W. WOODLEY, ch. g. No. 131. W. WOODLEY, ch. g. No. 132. W. WOODLEY, ch. g. No. 133. W. WOODLEY, ch. g. No. 134. W. WOODLEY, ch. g. No. 135. W. WOODLEY, ch. g. No. 136. W. WOODLEY, ch. g. No. 137. W. WOODLEY, ch. g. No. 138. W. WOODLEY, ch. g. No. 139. W. WOODLEY, ch. g. No. 140. W. WOODLEY, ch. g. No. 141. W. WOODLEY, ch. g. No. 142. W. WOODLEY, ch. g. No. 143. W. WOODLEY, ch. g. No. 144. W. WOODLEY, ch. g. No. 145. W. WOODLEY, ch. g. No. 146. W. WOODLEY, ch. g. No. 147. W. WOODLEY, ch. g. No. 148. W. WOODLEY, ch. g. No. 149. W. WOODLEY, ch. g. No. 150. W. WOODLEY, ch. g. No. 151. W. WOODLEY, ch. g. No. 152. W. WOODLEY, ch. g. No. 153. W. WOODLEY, ch. g. No. 154. W. WOODLEY, ch. g. No. 155. W. WOODLEY, ch. g. No. 156. W. WOODLEY, ch. g. No. 157. W. WOODLEY, ch. g. No. 158. W. WOODLEY, ch. g. No. 159. W. WOODLEY, ch. g. No. 160. W. WOODLEY, ch. g. No. 161. W. WOODLEY, ch. g. No. 162. W. WOODLEY, ch. g. No. 163. W. WOODLEY, ch. g. No. 164. W. WOODLEY, ch. g.

The health of the people of the State is generally good. The weather is mild and pleasant. The crops are well and the harvest is in progress. The people are generally satisfied with the government and the state of the country.

An important revolution has taken place in the Mexican State of Sonora. Gov. GANDARA, a man of much influence and wealth, has been driven from his seat by a revolution. He has fled to the United States. The revolution is in progress and the people are fighting for their rights.

The following table embraces all the returns received up to the hour of the printer's call:

State	Rep.	Dem.	Free.
Alabama	1,171	983	864
California	1,000	1,000	1,000
Colorado	1,000	1,000	1,000
Delaware	1,000	1,000	1,000
District of Columbia	1,000	1,000	1,000
Florida	1,000	1,000	1,000
Georgia	1,000	1,000	1,000
Idaho	1,000	1,000	1,000
Illinois	1,000	1,000	1,000
Indiana	1,000	1,000	1,000
Iowa	1,000	1,000	1,000
Kansas	1,000	1,000	1,000
Kentucky	1,000	1,000	1,000
Louisiana	1,000	1,000	1,000
Maine	1,000	1,000	1,000
Maryland	1,000	1,000	1,000
Massachusetts	1,000	1,000	1,000
Michigan	1,000	1,000	1,000
Minnesota	1,000	1,000	1,000
Mississippi	1,000	1,000	1,000
Missouri	1,000	1,000	1,000
Montana	1,000	1,000	1,000
Nebraska	1,000	1,000	1,000
Nevada	1,000	1,000	1,000
New Hampshire	1,000	1,000	1,000
New Jersey	1,000	1,000	1,000
New Mexico	1,000	1,000	1,000
New York	1,000	1,000	1,000
North Carolina	1,000	1,000	1,000
North Dakota	1,000	1,000	1,000
Ohio	1,000	1,000	1,000
Oklahoma	1,000	1,000	1,000
Oregon	1,000	1,000	1,000
Pennsylvania	1,000	1,000	1,000
Rhode Island	1,000	1,000	1,000
South Carolina	1,000	1,000	1,000
South Dakota	1,000	1,000	1,000
Tennessee	1,000	1,000	1,000
Texas	1,000	1,000	1,000
Vermont	1,000	1,000	1,000
Virginia	1,000	1,000	1,000
Washington	1,000	1,000	1,000
West Virginia	1,000	1,000	1,000
Wisconsin	1,000	1,000	1,000
Wyoming	1,000	1,000	1,000
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Indiana	1,000	1,000	1,000
Iowa	1,000	1,000	1,000
Kansas	1,000	1,000	1,000
Kentucky	1,000	1,000	1,000
Louisiana	1,000	1,000	1,000
Maine	1,000	1,000	1,000
Maryland	1,000	1,000	1,000
Massachusetts	1,000	1,000	1,000
Michigan	1,000	1,000	1,000
Minnesota	1,000	1,000	1,000
Mississippi	1,000	1,000	1,000
Missouri	1,000	1,000	1,000
Montana	1,000	1,000	1,000
Nebraska	1,000	1,000	1,000
Nevada	1,000	1,000	1,000
New Hampshire	1,000	1,000	1,000
New Jersey	1,000	1,000	1,000
New Mexico	1,000	1,000	1,000
New York	1,000	1,000	1,000
North Carolina	1,000	1,000	1,000
North Dakota	1,000	1,000	1,000
Ohio	1,000	1,000	1,000
Oklahoma	1,000	1,000	1,000
Oregon	1,000	1,000	1,000
Pennsylvania	1,000	1,000	1,000
Rhode Island	1,000	1,000	1,000
South Carolina	1,000	1,000	1,000
South Dakota	1,000	1,000	1,000
Tennessee	1,000	1,000	1,000
Texas	1,000	1,000	1,000
Vermont	1,000	1,000	1,000
Virginia	1,000	1,000	1,000
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New Hampshire	1,000	1,000	1,000
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New Mexico	1,000	1,000	1,000
New York	1,000	1,000	1,000
North Carolina	1,000	1,000	1,000
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Maine	1,000	1,000	1,000
Maryland	1,000	1,000	1,000
Massachusetts	1,000	1,000	1,000
Michigan	1,000	1,000	1,000
Minnesota	1,000	1,000	1,000
Mississippi	1,000	1,000	1,000
Missouri	1,000	1,000	1,000
Montana	1,000	1,000	1,000
Nebraska	1,000	1,000	1,000
Nevada	1,000	1,000	1,000
New Hampshire	1,000	1,000	1,000
New Jersey	1,000	1,000	1,000
New Mexico	1,000	1,000	1,000
New York	1,000	1,000	1,000
North Carolina	1,000	1,000	1,000
North Dakota	1,000	1,000	1,000
Ohio	1,000	1,000	1,000
Oklahoma	1,000	1,000	1,000
Oregon	1,000	1,000	1,000
Pennsylvania	1,000	1,000	1,000
Rhode Island	1,000	1,000	1,000
South Carolina	1,000	1,000	1,000
South Dakota	1,000	1,000	1,000
Tennessee	1,000	1,000	1,000
Texas	1,000	1,000	1,000
Vermont	1,000	1,000	1,000
Virginia	1,000	1,000	1,000
Washington	1,000	1,000	1,000
West Virginia	1,000	1,000	1,000
Wisconsin	1,000	1,000	1,000
Wyoming	1,000	1,000	1,000
Total	10,000	10,000	10,000

The following table embraces all the returns received up to the hour of the printer's call:

State	Rep.	Dem.	Free.
Alabama	1,171	983	864
California	1,000	1,000	1,000
Colorado	1,000	1,000	1,000
Delaware	1,000	1,000	1,000
District of Columbia	1,000	1,000	1,000
Florida	1,000	1,000	1,000
Georgia	1,000	1,000	1,000
Idaho	1,000	1,000	1,000
Illinois	1,000	1,000	1,000
Indiana	1,000	1,000	1,000
Iowa	1,000	1,000	1,000
Kansas	1,000	1,000	1,000
Kentucky	1,000	1,000	1,000
Louisiana	1,000	1,000	1,000
Maine	1,000	1,000	1,000
Maryland	1,000	1,000	1,000
Massachusetts	1,000	1,000	1,000
Michigan	1,000	1,000	1,000
Minnesota	1,000	1,000	1,000
Mississippi	1,000	1,000	1,000
Missouri	1,000	1,000	1,000
Montana	1,000	1,000	1,000
Nebraska	1,000	1,000	1,000
Nevada	1,000	1,000	1,000
New Hampshire	1,000	1,000	1,000
New Jersey	1,000	1,000	1,000
New Mexico	1,000	1,000	1,000
New York	1,000	1,000	1,000
North Carolina	1,000	1,000	1,000
North Dakota	1,000	1,000	1,000
Ohio	1,000	1,000	1,000
Oklahoma	1,000	1,000	1,000
Oregon	1,000	1,000	1,000
Pennsylvania	1,000	1,000	1,000
Rhode Island	1,000	1,000	1,000
South Carolina	1,000	1,000	1,000
South Dakota	1,000	1,000	1,000
Tennessee	1,000	1,000	1,000
Texas	1,000	1,000	1,000
Vermont	1,000	1,000	1,000
Virginia	1,000	1,000	1,000
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Idaho	1,000	1,000	1,000
Illinois	1,000	1,000	1,000
Indiana	1,000	1,000	1,000
Iowa	1,000	1,000	1,000
Kansas	1,000	1,000	1,000
Kentucky	1,		

THE

re open at 8%. To customers at 7%.

THURSDAY EVENING, Dec. 1, 1934.

One of the two big picture shows of the year.

THE WONDERFUL BAYNE.

THE PROFOUNDLY COMEDIC TALENT, and
THE HONORABLE, and
THE UNBOUNDED REPUTATION of a
feature in the first
WONDER, YOUNG AMERICA

Ordinary evolutions.
 Great success of the Gorgeous Ballet of
 Mme. Mospieler. Pierre.....
 Jerome.....
 daughter of Jerome's new comrade.
 M. DU TOUPEL
 Emile.....

Y.—The Wonderful Rivalry, Between
Jerome, Young Hengler, The Infant War
WALLACK'S THEATRE.
Next success of
MR. JAMES ANDERSON
and
MISS AGNES MCINTOSH.

MRS. AGNES ELSWORTHY,
 near OR
 Dec. 1, in **INGOMAR**.
 Dec. 2, in **CLOUD AND SUNSHINE**.
 with unbounded splendour.
 y, Dec. 3, in **THE ALONE**.
 Dec. 4 in **INGOMAR**.
 Dec. 5, in **CLOUD AND SUNSHINE**.
 IN THE FURY OF J.

D. PETRUCHIO.
MISS AGNES ELS. WORTH
ron and Miss Agnes. These
pieces by the full
representing a combination
seen, and the plays will be
attention to perfection is
which this theatre is remarkable.

wood's last scene in **CLOUD AND SUN**,
was pronounced a perfect scenic picture.
x Book open three days in advance.

THE NEW THEATRE, BROADWAY,
TODAY, Benefit of Miss Agnes Robertson.
The most popular places ever played in New York.
THE HOUSE OF AN ACTRESS, and MISS HENRIETTA
which Miss A. Robertson will play.

Burton will appear as Bob Burley, one of the members of this exclusive company will appear in the two pieces.

certain will execute several Songs and Dances.

Box office open all day.

CHINESE ROOMS,

NO. 530 Broadway, late Backus's.
COMPLETE TROUPE IN THE WORLD.
SIG. DONETT'S
 Original Comic Troupe of
MONKEYS,
DOGS AND GOATS,
BLE PANTOMIMES,
TIGHT AND SLACK,
ORIGINAL JUDGMENTS AND DICKS.

NEW-YORK HARMONY
e its first public rehearsal at the
Academy, No. 208 Broadway, at 8

Dec. 1, when will be performing:
 (from the Record)
 H. BEHREND, Mrs. J. A.
 SON and GEO. W. WOODS
 MINATUS—(from the Record)
 J. STUART LEACH and
 OF PRAYER—(from the Record)
 Mrs. G. E. LEACH
 Mr. J. A. W.

TIMM will preside at the
.....**Mr. J. V. KENNEDY**.....
.....at 7: performance will commence.....
.....tickets Fifty Cents each.

KEYS, SINGENADERS, NEW SONGS:
Broadway.
DOUBLE ORNIA WINE

TROYADORE AND MARIANA
 Y, TUESDAY AND WEDNESDAY, 8:30
TROYADORE
 THURSDAY, FRIDAY AND SATURDAY EVE.
MARIANA
 popular Music

AMERICAN

AR DE BAKAR. To
of the great ANAKES has
PIGS and three BARBETS
pected daily to feed before the
Living Skeleton, Dying
seen. Acquaintance, 25 cubic
ata.

25 NATIONAL THEATRE
5 oia.; FR. 125 oia.; COLUMBIA CATH.
1 and 2, the new local Drama
WEALTH AND WORTH.
Followed by the Comic Performance.
LAUL, OR THE MAGIC STAR.
In accordance with the Universal Order

BRIAN BOROHME
ACADEMY OF MUSIC
The off-nights of the opera, three concerts, lecture
and symposium for 4,000 persons. Price per night
\$1.00.
FALL SEASON.
The fall season has been reduced to \$1.00.

RICHARDT'S GREAT NIAGARA
and collection of Scandinavian paintings
at the Sturgess Institute, No. 222 Broadway,
New York, N. Y.

BEST HARP SOIREE OF MR. AP-
AS will take place TO-MORROW EVEN-
2, assisted by distinguished artists. Pre-
music-stores.

DORR GALLERY, NO. 27 BROAD-

The best collection of Paintings in this country contains 150 Paintings. Open day and evening 25 cents.

MENT THAT PAYS—THE PLEAS
 rived from practicing WOODS system of
 painting. He teaches at No. 251 6th-av., near
 specimens.

LADIES OF WEALTH SEE THE
ma of WEALTH AND WORTH now play-
DY'S NATIONAL THEATRE before you
ow thyself and know how to choose.

CHLÉN'S AUTOMATON OR ORG-
PLAYER—On exhibition at Chicago, Tenn.

DANCING.
ORTH'S DANCING ACADEMIES,
806 BROADWAY, NEW-YORK,
No. 137 MONTAGUE-PLACE, BROOKLYN.

classes on WEDNESDAYS and SATUR-
day classes on TUESDAYS and FRIDAY-
S and 4 P. M. for ladies and children. at 6 P. M.
on Ladies' private class at 2 P. M. People
at any time during the season.

er, and to attend properly to all who may
rements have been made to form classes for
f Sundays, at 4 P. M., and on Saturdays at 10
mencing on SATURDAY, Nov. 22. Early
earnestly requested.

Tuesdays and Saturdays; on Grand
Brooklyn, Mondays and Thursdays; and at
Court-st., corner of Nassau, South Brooklyn
and Fridays.

BALLS.

WEDNESDAY, DECEMBER 11, 1879.

The Young Men's Republican Committee will celebrate the triumph of Republicanism in the Free States, by a
GRAND BALL AND FESTIVAL,
 AT THE
ACADEMY OF MUSIC,
 THURSDAY EVENING, Dec. 18, 1868.
 The committee have invited the most distinguished Republican party to meet them on the occasion.

invitations have been almost unanimously
 elements for securing to the guests and all
 highest gratification, have been entrusted to
 experience and taste, and it is believed that
 particular, the Festival will prove a worthy
 tion of the glorious struggles and successes of
 blican campaign.

will open at 7 1/2 o'clock.
consisting of two full bands, of one hundred
under the direction of A. DODWORTH,
member at 8 1/2 o'clock.
of the Committee, assisted by Republi-
cans from the neighboring cities, will act as mar-
shals, to be known by their badges worn on the left

boxes will be reserved exclusively for
rooms will be under the charge of
and cloak room will be under the charge
be obtained of the Committee, and
a gentleman and lady.
P. W. FISHER.

F. G. YOUNG
J. A. FOSTER

MITCHELL, BAILEY & CO.

... ..

THE EVENING TIMES is published daily, except on Sundays and public holidays, at the office of the Proprietor, No. 10, Market Street, Singapore. The price is one penny per copy, and is paid in advance. The subscription price for twelve months is ten dollars, and for six months five dollars. The paper is sent free of postage to subscribers in the Straits Settlements and F.M.S. The paper is also sent to other parts of the East at a special rate. The paper is published by the Proprietor, who is also the Editor. The paper is published by the Proprietor, who is also the Editor.

THE KANSAS QUESTION UP
The new session of the Kansas Territory Legislature, which opened on Monday, has given rise to a new question. The question is whether the Territory should be admitted to the Union as a free State, or as a slave State. The question is a very important one, and it is one which has been the subject of much discussion. The question is a very important one, and it is one which has been the subject of much discussion.

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Southern Convention
A Southern Commercial Convention is to be held at Savannah on Monday next, the 8th inst. There is a good deal of speculation as to its probable action. Several Southern papers anticipate that its discussions will be mainly political, and that its action will be directed towards preparations for disunion. The Washington correspondent of the Baltimore Sun says that it will take decided measures to sustain Gen. Walker's movement in Nicaragua, and one or two journals have called upon it to take steps for a re-organization of the Slave-trade.

On the other hand, the more sensible and discreet of the Southern press protest against all these suggestions, and demand that the Convention shall confine its attention to the commercial and industrial interests of the South, leaving untouched the political topics of the day. The Savannah Republican denounced some days since, with the utmost vehemence, the suggestion that the subject of disunion should be broached in the Convention, and branded in advance every man who should come to it with any such project, as a traitor. The Virginia Sentinel objects to any introduction of political topics, and says that the Convention should confine its attention to measures for relieving the South from its position of commercial dependence upon the North. And in this view we think the great body of the Southern press concur.

There were real freedom of discussion at the South, if the men who assemble in these Conventions were free to explore the real causes of the decay and decline of Southern enterprise, and to suggest remedies, something practical and useful might be accomplished. There is one direction in which it is forbidden to look for the sources of the evil; and yet that may be the very direction in which alone it is of the slightest use to look at all. So long as these Conventions sit with padlocks on their lips, so long as they are forbidden to discuss the great characteristics of the Southern States, their deliberations will continue to be utterly empty and unproductive.

Fruits of Spiritualism.
It is with increased frequency we are called upon to record the unhappy results of Spiritualism. The latest instance is presented by the suicide of Mr. JOHN P. FAIRBANKS, a young man of amiable temper and irreproachable life, industrious, diligent, and successful in his business avocations. Depressed in spirits by the loss of a relative, he was attracted by the allurements held out by the Spiritualists, of corresponding with the departed through the nonsensical charlatanism of rapping and involuntary revelations—addicted himself to the pursuit of the illusion, and ended in becoming its victim. He is consigned to the grave of the suicide, but it will not be the fault of the spirit-rappers, or mediums, as in their jargon they style themselves, if his ghost, like that of the elder Hamlet, be not heard from again and again; perhaps

"To tempt you toward the flood,
Or to the dreadful summit of the cliff,
That beetles o'er his base into the sea;
And there assume some other horrible form,
Which might deprive your sovereignty of reason,
And draw you into madness."

The *cri du coeur*, so often addressed to the Spiritualists, is still unanswered. In such circumstances as the above we have the *cri male*—the evidence of mischief a thousand times more extended and diversified than the careless observer takes note of, cursing nearly every community in the country, neutralizing the teachings of religion, and directing the minds of the ardent, enthusiastic, and weak to a condition of lunacy, more or less decided and pernicious. There is no insane asylum in the land where, since the Rochester developments, there is not a cohort of demented rappers. Legions of them run at large because presumed to be in a less dangerous stage of mental anarchy; and only evince the malady in the perpetration of sudden suicide, preceded in several instances that have come to public attention by the slaughter of friends or children. Science has lost some of its ablest professors; the bar has given to the monomaniacal minds qualified for the highest walks of legal knowledge; the pulpit has lost some of its most eloquent occupants by this miserable delusion. It has ravaged every province of life; it has ravaged every province of life; it has ravaged every province of life.

Of course, the niterance of such remarks will be met with the old formula, "Why not investigate for yourself?" Until you do, you are not qualified to judge of matters thus transcending ordinary experience." It is enough to say, that we believe ourselves all the better qualified to judge, because we do not investigate. The folly that induces any man to enter upon an examination thus challenged, is the germ of that luxurious insanity which in the case of poor FAIRBANKS bore the fatal fruit of self-destruction. With all deference to the learned judges, scientific adepts, and grave divines, who are always marshaled ostentatiously in the front rank of Spiritualism, we believe that it argues a shaken understanding, a natural or morbid predisposition to insanity, the mere desire to investigate. Enough may be learned by standing aloof from the crowd, and quietly observing results. If we have witnessed a score of lifeless men drawn out of a post-hole, we do not need to descend ourselves to test the existence of poison there. We shall believe in the gradual extension of the atmosphere, without going up in a balloon to gauge it. We can realize all the horrors of Alma or Inkeraman, without a bullet in the thorax, or the loss of a leg. We can talk whether the inmates of bedlam are mad, without the inconvenience of going mad ourselves. The net products of Spiritualism are all before us; they are either worthless or pernicious; and whose values an unclouded reason, a sound heart, and clear conscience, will not yield to the presumptuous curiosity that tries to peer across the gulf dividing us

from the dead. There is no need of a journey into the other world, to see the spirits of the dead. There is no need of a journey into the other world, to see the spirits of the dead. There is no need of a journey into the other world, to see the spirits of the dead.

Encouragement to Burglars.
Railroads and steamboats have completely eradicated from the face of the civilized world the whole race of footpads, highway robbers, and pirates. All that gallant race of freebooters whose exploits have formed the subjects of so many thrilling dramas, have disappeared, like the gnomes and fairies, before the advancing steps of civilization. Science has done more than law to relieve the world of a horde of picturesque but most harmful vagabonds; they are gone never to return.

But is questionable whether life and property are any safer. In the place of those bold villains who used to cry stand and deliver, we have now a set of sneaking and cowardly ruffians, who have all the villainous qualities of their predecessors, without any of their picturesque dash or scoundrelly behavior. The rogue of the present day is as mean as he is wicked. It may not be his fault that he does not exhibit something of the bravery and picturesque quality of the old school, but it is very certain that the progress of civilization has had a debasing influence upon the whole brood of thieves, by compelling them to resort to meaner practices. A day police, gas lights, and the electric telegraph have reduced even burglars to very desperate practices, and the ill luck which has attended their operations of late will have a tendency to bring the business into such disrepute that there will be few left hardy enough to follow it as a profession.

Yet, with all the disadvantages under which a rogue must work in these days, or rather nights, we are now and then startled by the announcement of a burglary which would have created a sensation a century ago in London. It is not many weeks since that a large silk store was entered in Broadway, the great thoroughfare of our City, and in the midst of gas lights and policemen, a large quantity of valuable merchandise was carted off, as though it had been a regular business transaction in midday. On Saturday night last, five burglars were arrested by the police who were doing a dashing business in silk goods—and, for the watchfulness of a couple of Irish servant girls, would probably have carried off "swag" to the amount of \$40,000. And this would have been done, too, under the glare of gas lights, in a broad street surrounded by a cordon of policemen and private watchmen.

But it must be remembered that our private houses and stores are now constructed as if for the express purpose of affording facilities to burglars. Stores are built of a uniform height and with flat roofs, each roof having a scuttle that leads into the interior; so that a dozen burglars may be busily employed on the roofs of a block of houses, passing from one to another with perfect ease and security, and enabled to keep a sharp look-out on the pavement, without being seen themselves. It was by availing themselves of these advantages that the bold burglars who were caught on Saturday night were enabled to pass from store to store, collecting their valuable plunder, and to elude detection so long when they discovered that they were pursued.

There will be a necessity of constructing the roofs of buildings on a new principle, or else of stationing a watchman on the tops of houses to prevent burglaries. The steep roofs which prevailed twenty years ago, were perfectly secure from the designs of thieves. If stores and dwellings were robbed, then must it be from the street. But now, let the burglar succeed in secreting himself in one store and he has the whole block at his command. It will be seen that nearly all the stores in process of erection are of the uniform height of five stories, and there being but a low division-wall above the roof it is perfectly easy to pass from roof to roof, and from the roof through the scuttle, is a work of very easy accomplishment.

The Union Ferry.
The Union Ferry Company opens its books to public inspection. Its accounts of receipts and expenditures, and the general condition of its affairs, are set forth in a document compiled from its books, and appended to the Report of the Committee of the Board of Aldermen given in another column.

From this statement it appears that during the year ending May 1st, 1856, the several Companies had an income sufficient to pay all their current expenses, divide 8 per cent. profit to their stockholders, and leave a surplus of \$42,105—making no allowance for depreciation in the value of their boats, fixtures, &c., which is estimated at seven per cent. on their value. If this depreciation is to be also included in the expenses of the year, then after paying all these items the Company had a surplus of \$696. This in a business of which the aggregate receipts for the year were \$619,241, is close work.

The statement also gives the profits and losses upon the several ferries under the charge of the Company since 1851. This statement, which is given in detail, presents the following summary:

Ferry	Income	Profit
Fulton Ferry	\$25,383	\$2,575
South Ferry	50,492	5,049
Hamilton Ferry	50,492	5,049
Wall-street Ferry	50,492	5,049
Receivers-street Ferry	50,492	5,049
Catharine-street Ferry	50,492	5,049
Gouverneur-street Ferry	50,492	5,049
Total	\$253,833	\$25,383

This exhibits a balance of profits of \$99,899, which is said to be entirely insufficient to pay for the depreciation in the value of the boats, fixtures, &c. The aggregate assets of the Company are stated at \$1,082,035; their aggregate liabilities, including capital stock, at \$1,008,299. The sum of \$15,700 is paid for salaries to officers of the Company. The number of persons in the employ of the Company is 387, and the number of commuters at the different ferries for the six months ending on the 1st of May last was 1,400.

The Committee express confidence in the management of the affairs of the Company, but also express the opinion that their refusal to commute is a violation of the terms of their lease. They recommend, therefore, that this agreement to commute be enforced against the Company.

No action was had upon the subject in the Board.

INDIANA SENATORS.—Reliable advices from Indiana show that the Republicans have a clear majority of four in the Senate of that State, and possibly six. The Democrats have an overwhelming majority in the other House. This will defeat any election of United States Senators during the coming two years, as it requires a concurrent vote of the two Houses to go into joint ballot.

A Fast and Faithless Clerk.
In leading commercial houses, and the offices of great railway companies, as well as American as European, style has latterly become an indispensable requisite in clerks. No man, in fact, who is not an exquisite in dress, and of dashing appearance—no man of plain raiment, and modest mien, need approach any such place to apply for employment, either on this or the other side of the Atlantic. The connection of such a person, in such a capacity, with any of these establishments, would be looked on as an indelible disgrace, and if he ventures to present himself as a candidate for the existing vacancy, he is sure to be viewed with distrust and repugnance, and to have his application rejected with civil disdain.

Cases, however, are beginning to be of frequent occurrence, in both hemispheres, which may have a tendency to remove in time this ill-founded prejudice, and to teach the millionaire to regard modest plainness with less of scorn. Among these cases, that of LEOPOLD REDPATH, which has just occurred in England, will certainly not be deemed the least singular, striking and instructive. Mr. LEOPOLD REDPATH was, for several years, registrar of shares and transferee of stock in the office of the Great Northern Railway Company of England; and who was more highly thought of, or more confided in by his directors than he? Mr. LEOPOLD REDPATH was none of your plodding, unassuming clerks, whose threadbare coats and furless hats proclaim how difficult they find it to make the two ends meet, but a gentleman who was as fast in his dress, and elegant in his manners, who was a stockholder moreover, had a splendid mansion in Chester Terrace, Regent's Park, with servants and horses and carriages, and drove daily to his place of business in a fashionable barouche.

Nor is this all. Mr. LEOPOLD REDPATH succeeded in uniting, likewise, in his own person, in congruous characters. He figured, at one and the same time, as a man of pleasure and a man of piety. For, while having a box at the Opera, and being a regular habitué of the theatre, he was simultaneously a Governor of Christ's Hospital and of the Royal St. Anne's Society, boundless in his charity, and foremost in every good work. Mr. LEOPOLD REDPATH was in fact a leading man in the commercial, the religious, and the fashionable world. The Directors of the Great Northern Railway Company were proud of their Registrar; the citizens of London admired the versatility, and respected the benevolence of their countryman; and none was more honored or more esteemed, in the different circles in which he moved, than Mr. LEOPOLD REDPATH.

Neither did his extravagance and munificence excite, all this time, either surprise or suspicion. It was well known, indeed, that his salary as Registrar was totally inadequate to meet his rate of expenditure. But the knowledge of this created no misgivings in the minds of his employers or acquaintances. REDPATH was, in their opinion, a gentleman of ample means, who filled the office which he held from hatred of idleness, and not for the sake of the paltry annuity that accrued to him out of it. Had nothing arisen to arouse distrust of their officer in the minds of the Directors, save his stylish and profuse way of life, Mr. LEOPOLD REDPATH would be still, in all probability, the honored registrar of the Great Northern Railway Company. No, it was not from this but a far different source. A mysterious discrepancy had existed for years between the amount of the dividends which they were called on to pay, and the amount which, according to their audited accounts, they were liable to pay. This discrepancy so puzzled and perplexed the Directors that they knew not for a while what to think of, but concluding at length that something must be wrong, they determined to establish a distinct department for investigating the Company's accounts, and endeavoring to ferret out the cause of the said incongruity.

This determination was no sooner arrived at, than it was carried into effect, and about three weeks ago the officials of the new department assembled at the Registrar Office, and entered on the performance of their duties. Nor was the work of investigation long in hand; ere the source of the mysterious discrepancy was discovered, together with the secret of Mr. REDPATH's extravagance and munificence. That discrepancy, in fact, and their Registrar's profuseness, were much more intimately connected than the Directors anticipated. It may be said, indeed, that the discrepancy had given rise to the profuseness, and the profuseness to the discrepancy. In a word, it was a vicious circle, in which he had mounted, and under the punishment, which his crimes against his employers and society merited. But what, in the meantime, had become of the dashing Mr. REDPATH? As soon as he learned what was going on at the Registrar Office, he fled, and in a very few hours he was about to be arrested, and taken to Newgate. He was a man of great talents, and of great energy, but he was a man of great passions, and of great vices. He was a man of great talents, and of great energy, but he was a man of great passions, and of great vices.

A SLANDER HAILER.—The following is a notice of a man who has been the subject of much discussion. The notice is a notice of a man who has been the subject of much discussion. The notice is a notice of a man who has been the subject of much discussion.

Business Notices.
NOTICE—OFFICE OF THE MERCHANTS' TRADING COMPANY, No. 10, Market Street, Singapore. The notice is a notice of a man who has been the subject of much discussion. The notice is a notice of a man who has been the subject of much discussion.

WILDER PATENT.—The notice is a notice of a man who has been the subject of much discussion. The notice is a notice of a man who has been the subject of much discussion.

WEDNESDAY, DEC. 8, AT 10 O'CLOCK, A. M.
The notice is a notice of a man who has been the subject of much discussion. The notice is a notice of a man who has been the subject of much discussion.

POSITIVE SELLING OFF AT AND UNDER
The notice is a notice of a man who has been the subject of much discussion. The notice is a notice of a man who has been the subject of much discussion.

F. DERRY & COMPANY

Reside per annum
London, every

MILK BOTTLES

Responsible draught

ARE NOW...
 AT 70 PER CENT...
 HOUSTON...
 LANDS...
 AERNOLO...
 MONDAY...

JOHN ASSASSINATED
Will be opened on Monday, 12-1-34
MILLER & SCHMIDT, 100-32 Broadway

REAL IRISH TUPPERS
in Irish Field and Irish out
received by the People
Broadway, 100-32 Broadway

J. SECK & CO.
100-32 Broadway
are now selling at their large stock of
DRY GOODS
at half the cost price.

PLUNGED INTO WATER
At \$25, \$50 and \$75, a good deal of the
best of the
REIGOLD & CO.

MUSLIN HANDS.
5,000 Jacket and Sleeve Embroidered Hands
offered on Monday morning, at greatly
reduced prices.
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NEW-YORK, WEDNESDAY, DECEMBER 3, 1856. PRICE TWO CENTS.

New-York Daily Times.

FROM WASHINGTON.

The Condition of the Country at the Present Time.

REPORT OF THE SECRETARY OF STATE.

Reports of the Secretaries of the Army and Navy.

Reports of the Secretary of the Interior and the Postmaster-General.

Colleges Suggested in the Organization of the Departments.

Report of Lieut. Page, of the Water Witch Expedition.

Report of the Commissioners of Indian Affairs and Pensions.

Message from the President to the Senate.

Message from the President to the New-York Daily Times.

WASHINGTON, Tuesday, Dec. 2.

From the State Department relative to the Kansas, embracing all the instructions to, and correspondence with, officers there. They are not of much importance.

of the Secretary of the Navy.

The Secretary of the Navy is an able and well-written paper. It details the operations of the Squadron during the last year.

He suggests that there should be two Squadrons in the Pacific instead of one. The rapid increase of our commerce there, the importance of Central America and the Pacific, and the extent of our commerce with the Pacific, are given as reasons.

Lieut. BRIDGES' survey of the bottom of the sea between Newfoundland and Ireland, with a view to telegraphic communication with Europe, is referred to at length. The distance is 1,600 miles long; the greatest depth two and a half miles. The practicability of laying the wire is established.

He suggests the importance of ordnance and practical gunnery. The British service has gunnery-practice ships. We have none. He suggests that we should have a gunnery-practice ship, with an experimental battery of a few light and heavy guns. It is confidently hoped that this practice-ship will annually turn off a number of seamen thoroughly trained to the management of heavy ordnance in storm and calm, and that our navy will be supplied with officers and men well acquainted with all the appliances of these great engines of destruction.

He gives reasons for the recent change in the armament of our national ships. The former success of the American Navy has been owing much to the superiority of the calibre of our guns; and the Secretary recommends that we not only keep pace with, but if possible be in advance of, others in the character of our engines of war.

Our new steam frigates are all alike, and the most successful of the Department relative to them have been realized. The speed of those vessels is greater than usual in auxiliary frigates, in which steam is used to supplement the sails. The Secretary suggests that we should have a ship of this class, with a steam engine of 1,000 horse power, each throwing shells of one hundred and thirty-five pounds.

There is no reason for withholding the former recommendations for the building and equipment of additional ships of war, carrying a battery of fifteen or twenty guns, of light draft, that they can enter the harbours of Charleston, Savannah and New-Orleans, as well as New-York and Boston. The arguments for a steady and gradual increase of the Navy have lost none of their force. Even the construction of the ships recommended would add little actual increase, as many of the old vessels are unworthy of repair.

The establishments for building and repairing machinery at New-York and Norfolk will be completed next year. The foundry at Boston will be delayed, on account of the difficulty of obtaining a safe foundation. When these establishments are completed, Government can build and repair its own machinery. The entire machinery of the *Minnesota* was built at the Washington yard, and gave entire satisfaction.

It is important that a policy should be adopted of securing a steady and full supply, and promote the enlistment of Americans. Increased pay, honorable discharges, a superior quality of clothing and provision, a superior quality of medicines, care bestowed by skillful surgeons upon the sick, and improvements in berthing the men, are all incentives held out to invite enlistments. To hold out further encouragement to enlist, and to prevent any cause of complaint for being unnecessarily detained beyond the term of service, is a policy which should be adopted. The length of the cruise should be two, instead of three years, and has directed that hereafter it shall constitute a part of the sailing instructions to commanders of squadrons, that when the term of enlistment of a majority of the crew of any vessel has expired, the vessel shall be sent home.

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NEW-YORK, WEDNESDAY, DECEMBER 3, 1856.

PRICE TWO CENTS.

The Exploration of the La Plata and its Tributaries.

REPORT OF LIEUT. PAGE, OF THE "WATER WITCH" EXPEDITION, TO THE SECRETARY OF THE NAVY.

WASHINGTON, Tuesday, Dec. 2.

The report on the late exploration and survey of the river La Plata and its tributaries, by Lieut. PAGE, Commander of the *Water Witch*, is a highly interesting document, and contributes not a little to geographical science. It is altogether too voluminous for publication in the *Times*, especially as many particulars of the expedition have already appeared in your journal, but the report is so full of details that it is not surprising to your readers at the present time.

The *Water Witch* sailed from New-York in February, 1855. Having arrived at Rio Janeiro in April following, Lieut. PAGE, through the U. S. Legation there, communicated to the Brazilian Government the object of the expedition, and obtained permission and facilities for carrying his explorations as far as Albuquerque, on the river Paraguay. Beyond this point at first he was not allowed to proceed, but when the Brazilian Government was informed that the *Water Witch* was not a vessel of war, but a small schooner, he was allowed to proceed, and he was not detained for some time, and served as a man-of-war for the protection of United States citizens until the then pending difficulties were settled by the abandonment of the siege by the forces of the Argentine Confederation under General URQUIZA.

The principal objects of the river La Plata, the Paraguay and its tributaries, which Lieut. PAGE has explored, are of considerable value both to the commercial and scientific world. A few miles below the spot where the Parana and Uruguay meet and form the river La Plata is the Island of Martin Garcia, once considered of great importance from its commanding military position, but now that importance is greatly diminished by the discovery of a *Atletico* unknown channel, deeper than the old channel, and whose course forms the boundary between the foreign waters of the Uruguay and the waters of the Parana. Lieut. PAGE, by this discovery, has lost the political character it has maintained of commanding the channels both of the Uruguay and Parana.

This was the initial point of the explorations. It was followed by an expedition up the Parana, which river was ascended about 800 miles from Buenos Ayres to its confluence with the Paraguay; and, from this point, the Paraguay was further ascended about 900 miles, to the Brazilian military post called Corumbá, beyond which the advance of the *Water Witch* was at that time prohibited. The exploration of certain tributaries of the Parana was also subsequently prohibited by the Paraguay Government—an unwarrantable assumption of authority—as it only held jurisdiction over these waters conjointly with the Argentine Confederation, which fully authorized the expedition. Lieut. PAGE, with a brief allusion, passes over the episode that occurred about this time, when he found it necessary to interfere for the protection of American citizens. He simply states the action of the Paraguay Government in this respect as an outrage yet unadvised.

The territory on both sides of the Parana, up to the confluence of the Paraguay, belongs to the Argentine Confederation, with the exception of a portion of the right bank, about 145 miles in extent, which pertains to Buenos Ayres. The Provinces bordering on the river are Entre Rios and Corrientes on the left, and Santa Fe on the right—the latter chiefly inhabited by various tribes of Indians. This extent of country is a fertile and well-watered region, and is traversed by navigable rivers and well-stocked with timber. The fertility of the soil is unsurpassed. It is sparsely populated, though in Rosario, Province of Santa Fe, the population is increasing with surprising rapidity; a result owing partly to a peculiar form of Government, and partly to the anticipated construction of a railroad from Rosario to Cordova. The Parana is subject to a periodical rise and fall, and in September, when the waters are at their lowest stage, but no difficulty was experienced.

The periodical rise and fall in the Paraguay are just the reverse in the Parana. The average width of the Paraguay is from one-eighth to three-quarters of a mile. From its mouth to Asunción, the Capital—a distance of 300 miles—there was found no less than 20 feet of water when the river had fallen two feet. Lieut. PAGE dwells on the admirable adaptability of the country to navigation, and the great results of the expedition. At this interesting point further explorations of all the waters of Paraguay or the entire within the limits of her territory was prohibited by a formal proclamation, and, by the outrage above mentioned, exploration of the Parana was prohibited also. At the same time the Brazilian prohibition against exploring the tributaries of the Paraguay within its jurisdiction was removed. Lieut. PAGE believes that the time is not far distant when these prohibitions will no longer exist, but a more enlarged policy will prevail.

Lieut. PAGE here enters at length into the products of Paraguay. The "Yerba" up to this time has been her chief source of profit. But independent of this, as well as of the wealth in immense herds of cattle, her iron and other mines and her capabilities for agricultural development will be of incalculable value.

The Bahia Negra, a tributary of the Paraguay, and emptying into that river about 35 miles below Corumbá was then explored. After ascending 95 miles, the river was found to be an impracticable route for commerce, but this impediment, Lieut. PAGE thinks, might be removed and an opening effected into a region of Bolivia, called Otergiva, which would give that State the nearest approach to waters navigable at all seasons. The report then enters into a description of the improvements—social, industrial, and political—which Paraguay has undergone in the last few years; noticing also the increase of exports and imports from and to Asunción, results of the free navigation of the Parana and Paraguay. The wood of the country is especially noted for its various species and great value. The Provinces of Corrientes and Entre Rios are then explored. Here, agricultural resources are neglected; the inhabitants look for profit to trade in horses and cattle, for the raising of which the soil is well adapted. But laboring hands and an agricultural population are most wanted to develop the great resources of these Provinces.

The River Uruguay is next explored. It bounds Entre Rios, and Corrientes on the east, and separates these two provinces from the Banda Oriental and Brazil. It is navigable for 500 miles up to the "Banda Grande," where the progress of vessels is arrested by rapids. The scenery on either side is described as surpassingly beautiful.

The next, and a very important exploration, was that of the River Salado, and its operations in connection with the Paraguay, Parana and Uruguay with the La Plata. The work was commenced under discouraging circumstances for Lieut. PAGE sought in vain for information. He, however, left the *Water Witch*, and with a small party chartered a light steamer and thus entered the Salado. This river was ascended several hundred miles, when, further progress being impossible, the expedition returned to Santa Fe—a frontier military post about 300 miles from the mouth, and from this point Lieut. PAGE resolved to proceed by land to the upper reaches of the Uruguay. His journey from Santa Fe to the mouth—a distance of 400 miles—was performed on horseback and on foot, and through the kindness of the Gov. of Santiago the party were furnished with a boat and

an escort, and, thus provided, they determined to effect the descent of the Salado, in the ascent of which they had been foiled. All being ready, the boat was transported by oxen a distance of 40 miles, and then launched upon the Salado. The descent was not uneventful, but the delays occasioned by river hawking were so great, that Lieut. PAGE determined once more to proceed by land. Three trees which could be easily removed, are the only obstacles to safe navigation. At no point, since the boat was abandoned, was there less than six feet of water, and the low state of the river throughout a distance of seven hundred miles from its mouth continued not longer than two months of the year. Lieut. PAGE says, that from Santiago de Cuba there is not an obstruction in the river which could not be removed by manual labor, without the cost of machinery, or calling into requisition the science of engineering. There are neither rocks nor shoals. Thus the important discovery is made that, during high water the River Salado is navigable for 900 hundred miles, by its course, or 400 in a direct line. Lieut. PAGE speaks of the great heightiness of the climate, and says, that in the midst of exposure and hardship there was an unusual absence of sickness among both officers and crew of the *Water Witch*. In the report extracts are given from native papers to show the deep interest felt by the people in the explorations and discoveries of Lieut. PAGE. This expedition up the Salado occupied over two months.

The collections in Natural History obtained by the *Water Witch* are described as very comprehensive, and as far the largest collection ever made in South America by any American expedition.

Lieut. PAGE concludes his report by reviewing the great inducements held out to emigrants by the provinces of the La Plata—a salubrious climate and a fertile soil. With a laboring population the future greatness of such a country would no longer be a problem, but its vast resources would be developed with untiring rapidity.

Report of the Secretary of War.

The Report of the Secretary of War is voluminous and interesting.

The authorized strength of the Army is 17,584; the actual strength on the 1st of July was 15,562. The number of enlistments during the twelve months ending Sept. 30, was 4,440; the number of persons offered to enlist, but who were rejected for minority or unfitness, was 5,624. The number of casualties during the last fiscal year, by deaths, discharges and desertions, was 6,090, of which 3,223 were by desertion.

The movements of troops for the last year are related briefly.

The Indian difficulties on the Western plains have been successfully terminated, except with the Cheyennes. In Texas, though the military force has been reduced during the last year, there has been a considerable decrease of Indian disturbances. It suggests the propriety of removing the fragrant tribe of Indians from Texas to reservations on the United States lands north of the Red River, which would greatly reduce the expenditures for keeping them in subjection by rendering the maintenance of so many military posts unnecessary.

The Indian war on the Pacific is ended. The possession rights of the Hudson's Bay and Puget's Sound Companies are held by persons who owe no allegiance to us, but whose influence for evil is unbounded with the Indians. The Report suggests the extinguishment of these rights.

The extraordinary embarrassment to the service resulting from the present policy of locating military posts in advance of settlement, and along emigrant routes across the continent, continues to be a serious evil. They are manifested in the large amounts required for transportation, and in the small garrisons found at most of the posts. The condition of things which led to the adoption of this policy originally, has entirely changed. It began when the settlers were rapidly pushing their way across the continent into the Valley of the Mississippi. The reports of the commissions submitted by the War Department during the last few years, show that with few exceptions the country lying between the hundredth meridian of longitude and the coast range of mountains overlooking the Pacific, is not susceptible of cultivation with the aid of artificial means, and that it can never be covered by an agricultural population. The territory, therefore, has been reached by the advance of the settlers, and the policy of locating military posts in advance of settlement, and along emigrant routes across the continent, continues to be a serious evil. They are manifested in the large amounts required for transportation, and in the small garrisons found at most of the posts. The condition of things which led to the adoption of this policy originally, has entirely changed. It began when the settlers were rapidly pushing their way across the continent into the Valley of the Mississippi. The reports of the commissions submitted by the War Department during the last few years, show that with few exceptions the country lying between the hundredth meridian of longitude and the coast range of mountains overlooking the Pacific, is not susceptible of cultivation with the aid of artificial means, and that it can never be covered by an agricultural population. 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ment of well seasoned surveying parties of the
Department of the Philadelphia Quartermaster
HART & CO., No. 1 Park Row, New York.

NET COME, A NEW AND VERY SIMPLE
Patented (Inventor) Rubber Stamp, for the purpose
of marking the bottom of the glass when on the hand,
for the purpose of determining the position of the
L. KNIGHT & CO., No. 25 Vesey st., New York.

NEWER, THERMOMETER CODES OF NEW-YORK
City, N. Y. Agents, and Prop. Appl. of all instruments
and office.

WALL, DON'T WORRY ABOUT BUREAU
"DON'T WORRY ABOUT BUREAU"
is a new and very simple and very effective
method of marking the bottom of the glass when on the hand,
for the purpose of determining the position of the

of 1955, the report being

1954 it took about 5,000,000 francs of bonds (Esf) Bonds, and 1,000,000 francs of Bonds of the Dole and some amount of these Bonds in exchange each.

1955 it guaranteed the new Western Railroad, and the 1st of the month of November of 1955 it took 6,000,000 francs; and it took 1,000,000 francs for the American Railway Co.

Company acted as sponsor or agent, in 1941

tion of the several smaller companies in the joint concern; and in 1888 for the same reason the latter was dissolved. The latter, however, been preparing for two years past the creation of the Eastern and Southern Mail Works, and in 1888 it set out at the expense of the company in behalf of itself and the shareholders, for a sum than £60,000; but as the same were not well adapted to the service of the company, the 31st. March. The close of last year it embarked in great speculations, when it was engaged at the time of the late war, to build a large iron steamship, but the same was estimated cost of 500,000. The large amounts received in various current are sufficient to pay the large interest on the loan, and to enable to express stipulations, to be expended on the respective works. The individuals are also directed to the Government, and to the Government, for the of their investment and stock, and to take order to fully appreciate the power of the stock, and to the speculative market, it must be borne in mind that the Government and the Government, the enjoyment of extraordinary returns of capital, and that in their speculative operations, the Government and the Government, thus acquiring a power over the market, and in the absence of extraordinary operations, the Government and the Government, and from the large stock. This power is made manifest in any carrying stocks for brokers and scholars, in the shape of stock contracts, or as the case in call, or as the case in call, or as the case in call, on the same day in each month. The Char-

wish to buy, by refusing to make new contracts
settlement day comes, thereby forcing sales on

to sell, by granting a great increase of &c. to other dealers in stocks.	P. M.
Western Weekly Bank Statement.	
Norron, Tuesday, Dec. 3.	
Footings of the weekly Bank statement	
in full stock.....	\$21,920,000
and Discounts.....	\$1,054,000
.....	5,797,000
.....	1,000,000
.....	5,900,000
.....	15,480,000
.....	1,000,000
Markets by Telegraph	
Norron, Tuesday, Dec. 3.—P. M.	
WHEAT.—In moderate demand. Closed with advance	
00 bush, mostly to arrive, including one passed of	Ohio, on the spot, at \$1.25. Eye is a shade
below, and the market is not so active as it	was some time since. The following
declared this morning for Troy, Lake Erie	100 bush, \$1.20; 2,000 bush, \$1.20; 3,000 bush,
and 2,146 bush, Parley. Canal Reports—1,200	Flour, and 3,110 bush, Wheat.

13; 9 Camden and Amboy Railroad, 123½; 205 Bank, 11½; 15 Mechanics' Bank, 30; 4 N. Bank of

[illegible]

Ship Philadelphia, Sawyer, Havana and New-Or-

[illegible]

r. Only Daughter, Rodgers, Richmond, with mda.
H. Brown

[illegible]

ship Troy, ashore on Jersey state, lies in about the
Part of the wheat in bags has been dis-

ship Enterprise is rapidly being discharged, and probably go on the Dry Dock on Friday.

they, rushed in quick succession, and learned of the outrage by the appearance of things. Earl, it is thought, and the negro, so much alike in their so far exhausted, that she could not speak until she received medical assistance. She then gave those present to understand that she did not know who the villain was, but in the struggle she had scratched his face in such a manner as to certainly identify him. The circumstances pointed out the negro, and the fact that he had twice before been indicted for rape, once in fronton, and afterwards in Rockville, Ohio, determined the exasperated crowd to go immediately to the theatre. The four men, with his face badly scratched and bleeding, just as described by his victim. They took him forthwith, before day, to Menesheter Island, an island in the Ohio River just above the lower where they took him, and there, but the rope breaking, he revived. He then acknowledged the infernal deed, and would have been hung up again but for the intervention of some of the negroes. The crowd, who were without number, prevailed, and the negro was, accordingly, taken to West Union, lodged in jail, and chained, to prevent his escape.

During Monday night Mr. Moore reached home from Cincinnati. On Tuesday morning a crowd of 50 men, with John Dostowsky (a brother of Mrs. Moore) at their head, came to the jail, and broke out, where they broke open the jail, bursting the locks with hammers and axes. On reaching the room where the negro was, the mob, with one blow on each ear, broke his chain, and then raised the axe to cleave the negro's skull, but the arm of the infuriated man was caught, and the negro saved for a different fate.

At the time, the Adams County Court of Common Pleas was in session, attended probably by 1,000 persons, who were deeply interested in the trial of the Irishman MURKIN, who murdered old man SARRIS and his wife about a year ago. The mob spirit spread so rapidly that it was proposed to the Manchester crowd to wait a little, and if the Court should not sentence MURKIN to be hung the mob would then hang both together. But the Manchester men were intent upon completing the work they had undertaken, and being joined by several hundred men, took to the streets, and then to the jail, and broke into the island, where they hung him upon the limb of a tree some 25 feet high. On his way from jail, and on his way to the island, the negro was treated very terribly, and it would if he should get off alive he would kill Mrs. Moore at sight. After hanging until the sun was high, the negro was taken down, and he was dead, his body cast out down, and the chain still fast to him, deposited in a box, and buried on the island.

At West Union the jailor was absent when the attack was made on the jail, but the sheriff of the county rushed into the jail with gun in hand, and the gun was prevented the rescue of the prisoner. The gun was wrested from him, and his power defied.

The law of Ohio punishes rape by confinement in the penitentiary for twenty-one years. In Kentucky, rape by a negro upon a white woman is punishable with death. It is the opinion of some we have seen from the neighborhood, that if the law of Ohio had punished with death the mob would not have taken the negro from the jail to hang him the second time. Mrs. Moore is dying very ill, and it is quite doubtful whether she will recover from the brutal treatment she received at the hands of the negro's crowd. The negro's crime, and the horror of his crime, and his hearse's villains of the kind, that she did not even beg the crowd to spare his life.

Theatres in New-Orleans are taxed by the State, by the city, and by the local authorities. A petition is about to be presented to the legislature to reduce the amount

person of MARGARET RETZOWSKI, on the 26th of November last. He was committed by the justice of the peace to answer.

The Trustees of the Brooklyn College and Polytechnic Institute will apply to the legislature for an increase of their capital stock to \$100,000.

NEW-JERSEY.

EXPLOSION OF A LOCOMOTIVE.

Two Men Killed and One Badly Scalded.
 An accident occurred at 8 o'clock yesterday morning, upon the New-York and Erie Railroad, near Suffern, about 32 miles from Jersey City, by which two men lost their lives, and another man was badly injured. The locomotive No. 144, attached to the milk train which left Jersey City at 5 1/2 o'clock, exploded immediately after leaving the station at Suffern, and was totally wrecked. The boiler was thrown entirely across the other track, and the machine was blown nearly 300 feet.

G. W. VANOR, the engineer of the train, was thrown a distance of 400 feet before he struck the ground. One of his legs was torn off below the knee and one of the bones of its fore arm to a wooden tie of the road, with such force that it was necessary to use an iron to get it loose. He died three hours after the explosion. He was about 36 years of age, and has a wife and child living at Owego, to which place his remains will be taken to-night.

JOHN CORLEY, a brakeman upon the train, who boarded at No. 45 Montgomery-street, Jersey City, was instantly killed. He was found in the first car terribly bruised, cut and scalded. The car was much broken and thrown off the rails. He was a single man, 25 years of age. His remains were brought to Jersey City yesterday afternoon, and taken to his late residence.

H. CAREY, fireman upon the train, was badly scalded about the head, face and breast. He was brought to the city and taken to the city hospital. He will probably recover.

Three of the cars were thrown off the track and considerably broken.

It is supposed that the fresh water was exhausted in the boiler before taking in the supply at the Suffern Station, and the cold water, passing into the heated boiler, the train moved off and exploded.

The following comes to us from the Superintendent of the Road:

On the morning of the 3d instant locomotive No. 143, attached to the milk train on the New-York and Erie Railroad, when near Suffern station, exploded, killing the engineer, immediately, and severely injuring the fireman and two brakemen. The cause has not yet been ascertained.

City Prices.

The Jersey City Market reports that there were 114 commitments to the City Prison during November, for offences as follows:

Drunk.....	25
Burglary.....	1
Assault.....	1
Obstruction of Traffic.....	1
Vagrancy.....	1
Picking Pockets.....	1
Disorderly Conduct.....	1

These and other commitments are made to the city prison, as follows: 1st, Germany, 4; England, 15; Canada, 1; France, 1; United States, 15; colored, 1; Irish, 1.

AMUSEMENTS

[illegible][illegible]

WANTED—A SITUATION BY A RESPECTABLE
woman, as room-maid in household or
office, or as waitress in restaurant, or
not object to assist with other kind of work
the week. Can give good City references.
Apply to No. 33 Hammerhead-st., for further
particulars.

WANTED—BY AN EXPERIENCED FEMALE
young woman, a situation in a restaurant
as an excellent cook and baker, and
waitress. Has had 15 years' City references.
For two days at No. 124 10th-st., near
corner store.

WANTED—A SITUATION AS "DRESSMAKER"
in a family, by the wife of a married
man, who can bring good City references
from her last employer. Calls and sits
at No. 33 Hammerhead-st., for further
particulars.

WANTED—BY A RESPECTABLE FEMALE
girl, a situation in City or country,
as a waitress, or as a cook, or as a
bread and pie-maker; willing and capable.

HELP WANTED
WANTED A LADY OF FIRST-CLASS TALENTS TO do a short notice to the public for a lady and to make a living case of the public. Room No. 12, Taylor's Laboratory, 1000 Broadway, New York City.

WANTED - A GOOD SALESMAN IN AFRICA
A man with a good knowledge of the East and Western trade will meet with favorable consideration.

WANTED-A BOY TO RUN OF ERRANDS.
One with good recommendations may apply to
Madway, corner of Grand-st.

WANTED-A ROOM INSTRUCTOR, at
the University of Wisconsin, Madison.
Address: 9th-av., between 281 and 306 st., for exam-

SEEKING AN EXPERIENCED COOK
and scampster, in a small private family. Ad-
dress: 107 Westover E and F. M.

CIVIL ENGINEERS-WANTED HERE.
To design two drainage works and construct them,
including. Apply to E. D. WILLIAMSON, Esq.,
P. O. Box 1, or to 13 College A. M.

MANUFACTURING COMPANY
OF BROOKLYN, N. Y., has
Patent Lighting Conductors. Supply Agents
and men to be offered.

TELEGRAPHERS

TEACHERS.
YOUNG MAN, AN COLLEGE GRADUATE desires to teach in a school or college, having a few unengaged hours in the afternoon, desire to obtain some private pupils. Address **W. E. H. Valatie, Columbia Co., N. Y.**

TEACHER—A YOUNG LADY—AN ACCOMPLISHED and experienced teacher on the piano, and an excellent singer, would accept of a position as teacher of one or two pupils would be considered an honor for her board. Address **CASPER, No. 9** South Main.

TEACHER—A LADY GRADUATE DESIRES position as teacher; she teaches, in addition to the English branches, French, drawing and painting, and is well versed in the science of music. Address **W. E. H. Valatie, Columbia Co., N. Y.**

WINTERNESS—A YOUNG LADY ACCOMPLISHED in the science of music, and an excellent

BOARDING.

EDING—A PLEASANT PARLOR and room may be obtained at Mrs. AUSTIN's No. 14 Union-square, Albany, a single room at 6 o'clock.

RED IN BROOKLYN—LARGE AND comfortable rooms, with all modern conveniences, and a large parlor, suitable for gentlemen and their families, at single occupancy, or for two persons, in a first-class house, delightfully located, at No. 94 Henry-street, Brooklyn, near the walk of the South or Flat-lands Ferry, at 8 o'clock.

ED ON BROOKLYN HEIGHTS—

RD WANTED IN BROOKLYN—TWO OR THREE
gentlemen, of a gentleman and wife, can be ac-
commodated with rooms and board, and a kitchen ad-
jacent. Location near 10th Avenue and 10th Street.
Address: 10th Avenue and 10th Street, New York.

RD WANTED IN BROOKLYN—A
gentleman wishes for himself, partner and wife,
board, in a quiet, respectable (English preferred)
home, where the wife can be employed. Rooms to be
exchanged. Location must be in the best part of
E. S., Letter-box No. 1966, New York.

RD WANTED IN BROOKLYN—For a
gentleman, child and mother, a family. Ad-
dress: 10th Avenue and 10th Street, New York.

RD WANTED—FRONT PARLOR AND
rooms furnished, without board, by a single gentle-
man, who attends only to his own affairs. Address:
10th Avenue and 10th Street, New York.

RD WANTED IN BROOKLYN—A
gentleman and wife, can be accommodated with
rooms and board, and a kitchen adjacent. Location
near 10th Avenue and 10th Street. Address: 10th
Avenue and 10th Street, New York.

MS. AND BOARDING - A PRIVATE
 ally can accommodate gentlemen, ladies, or
 (communicating doors), or two single
 with a room suitable for an office. Apply, with
 22, at No. 97 2d-st.

TELEPHONE OFFICES.

WANTED - CHAMBERMAIDS, COOKS, NUMBER
 1000. Household help, for a family of five per-
 sons in the City, at No. 61 12th-st., one door from
 of Broadway. Call in, girl, and take the good
 and the best advantage.

WANTED - TWO PROTESTANT IRISH COOKS
 and two American chambermaids, one Scandinavian
 care, and several girls of all work.
 us up at No. 10 Needle-road, near the Musical Acad-
 emy, 1 A 4th-place, corner Broadway.

LET FOR THE ENCOURAGEMENT
 of Patriot Domestic and Protestant Employment

MILLINERY.

FALL MILLINERY GOODS.
P. T. WILDE,
Nos. 30 and 32 Jackson St.,
IMPORTERS AND MANUFACTURERS
SILK MILLINERY GOODS.
Silk Goods,
Hats and Fancy Trimmings,
Dress Caps and Head Dresses,
French Flowers, Feathering,
and all the latest novelties constantly on hand,
at sale at the lowest market prices.

HATS, COATS AND FURS FOR SALE
Cheaply, at low cash prices.
G. C. ALLAN,
No. 11 Wall-st., CORNER CANAL ST.

SPOONS AND FORKS FOR SALE
 at wholesale and retail.
 G. C. ALLEN
 No. 11 Wall St., second floor.

THE DAILY TIMES

Published daily, except on Sundays and public holidays.

Subscription price, \$10 per annum in advance.

Single copies, 5 cents.

Advertisements, 50 cents per line.

For further particulars, apply to the Proprietor.

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No. 123 Nassau-st., cor. of Beekman.

Wholesale and Retail.

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Invulnerability of Private Property—Peace

Principle of Non-Resistance.

The President's Message.

Account of the Reception of Secretary Marcy's

Message.

Speeches of the President and Secretary.

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The New Political Varietal.

Any lesser emotion could overcome the

deep sentiment of indignation with which the

recent Message of President FRANKLIN

on the subject of Kansas should be received by all

honest minds, it would be the extremely easy,

nonchalant manner in which he glosses over

these soul-sickening outrages. It is the sub-

lime of coolness. The sterile placidity of the

document has a fascination of admiration about

it—just as the next best study, to the counte-

nance of a wise man is that of a fool. It is a

model of political varnish. That a President

of the United States should be reduced to its

utterance is proof, if any were needed, of the

sad necessities of the case.

A quack doctor suddenly confronted during

his harangue by the extinction of his patient;

a steamboat captain drawing up complimen-

tary resolutions to himself after the reckless

explosion of his boiler; a railway director

engulging the engineers upon a collision, are

feeble types of this devoted President, "retiring

to private life with sentiments of profound

gratitude to Providence at the establishment

of Constitutional order and tranquillity

throughout the Union."

An American at the present time, returning

from abroad after two years' travel, with no

other knowledge of recent events than this

Message, so solemnly as its opening pretends

to convey "of the State of the Union," would

be strongly puzzled at the enormous variety

recently cast, under the issues of the Republican

Party, for FRANKLIN and DAYTON. The mag-

nitude of the result would appear so out of

proportion to the alleged cause, that the only

rational conclusion could be that the great ma-

jority of the hitherto intelligent portion of the

country had lost their wits in his absence. But

the case is impossible, for there is no portion

of the civilized world in which he would not

have heard with horror of the iniquities per-

petrated in Kansas. Like the wandering

Aeneas, in the halls of Dido, though without

his patriotic tears, FRANKLIN may exclaim, with

allowable self-gratulation, in a cause pecu-

liar to his own—"What place at last, what re-

gion of the earth, STRANGELOW, is not full of

our labors!"

It would require a fertile invention to pro-

duce an illustration more ingeniously false

than the palliative which seeks to obscure

these terrors in the sentence: "The Territory

has been seemingly filled with extreme violence

when the whole amount of such acts has not

been greater than what occasionally passes

before us in single cities to the regret of all

good citizens, but without being regarded as of

general or permanent political consequence."

"Good citizens" are not accustomed to ex-

press "regret" at such peccadilloes as murder

and arson. They have quite another senti-

ment in their breasts, and but a limited com-

mand of the English language if they have

not far other terms in which to express it.

The crimes of cities are against law, and are

visited by the law; the gigantic iniquity of

Kansas overrides all law and legislation.

COLERIDGE tells a story of a lady partisan

of WILKES who was eulogizing her favorite in

the heat of the political agitations of the day.

She would admit nothing derogatory to his po-

sition. Driven to a last resource, her oppo-

sition, anxious to gain some advantage as a

close to the discussion, took refuge in an unex-

pectable fact. "You must at least acknowledge

Madam, that he has a horrible squint."

"Squints, Sir! no more than a gentleman

ought to squint!" We are almost inclined to

believe, after reading President FRANKLIN'S

Message, that rape, robbery and murder are

rather banquets than otherwise on the soil of a

virgin Territory.

If minor absurdities were worth noticing in

such a question, we might remark upon the

extenuation of these outrages in "the reiter-

ated accounts of the same rumors or facts,"

as if any journal from Nebraska to Maine

could be silent on such a theme. Of this the

apologist may be assured that the "reiteration"

is not yet at an end—nor will it be when this

generation, perpetrators and sufferers, have

passed away. The impartial Muse of History

will still reiterate the record. Posterity will

pass no expunging resolutions to obliterate it.

Another Official Reply to "A Voice from

Nicaragua."

I do not know by what credentials your cor-

respondent styles himself "A Voice from Ni-

caragua," and as I am not aware of being in per-

LEGAL NOTICE

[illegible]

he said complaint on the subject
11 Broadway, New-York City.

of the day of such service; and, in case of the death of the person to be served, the complaint within the time aforesaid, the plaintiff in this section will apply to the Court for the same to be entered in the complaint. — Dated New-York, Nov. 25, 1892.

J. D. & T. D. SHERWOOD,
Plaintiffs' Attorneys.

m38-lav6wF*

SUPREME COURT, CITY AND COUNTY OF NEW YORK.—ANDREW WATBOUR, against JEAN P. MOLIERE, PIERRE J. LAGRANGE, ETIENNE PERRELLI, JAMES PRENTISS, CHARLES

Defendants Summons for show
(Court not set.) To this show

that you are hereby summoned and required to appear in person or by counsel at the office of the Clerk of the City and County of New York at the City Hall in the City of New-York, New-York, on the 10th day of November, 1903, at ten o'clock in the forenoon, to answer to the complaint of the undersigned, at the office, No. 19 Wall Street, in the City of New-York, within twenty days after the service of this summons on you, exclusive of the day of such service; and if you fail to answer the said complaint within the time so specified in the return of the officer who takes judgment against you for the sum or value of the claim with interest thereon from the date of such service,

ETT & BRINSMADE, Plotters

Clerk of the City and County of New-York, on Thursday,
the 6th day of November, 1862.
m7-lawr6F B. & B. Pinckney's Attorneys.

SUPREME COURT.—JOTHAM C. MEYER
and JOHN M. PERKINS against JOSEPH WAR-
REN WEBB.—Summons for non assumpsit con-
tract. [Com. not served.] To the above-named de-
fendant: You are hereby summoned and required to
answer the complaint in this action, which was filed in the
office of the Clerk of the City and County of New-York.

of New-York, and to serve a
e said complaint on the subscri

twenty days after the service of this summons on you, exclusive of the day of such service and if you fail to answer the said complaint within the time aforesaid, the plaintiff in this action will take judgment against you for the sum of nine hundred and fifty dollars and fifty-six cents, with interest from the 9th day of October, one thousand eight hundred and fifty-four, together with the costs of this action.—Dated Dec. 4, 1864.

N. R. BURKE, Plaintiff's Attorney.

N. R.—The complaint in the above entitled action was filed at the office of the Clerk of the City and County of New York on the 4th day of October, 1864.

F. W. BURKE, Plaintiff.

SEEK ESTATE.—**ANDREW MCQUINN**, husband of Rose Quin, the mother, and Thomas Quin, the father, rebealla Quin, Mary Quin, Catherine Quin, brothers and sisters of John Quin, late of Williamsburg, deceased, James Moore and Francis McQuinn, executors of the last will and testament of said deceased. **Summons for Relief.**—To each and every of the defendants: You are hereby summoned to appear before the court in and for this action, which was this day filed in the Clerk's Office, of Kings County, at the City Hall, Brooklyn, New York, and to answer to the complaint therein filed, which a copy is herewith served upon you, and to answer a

City of Brooklyn, within twenty

JOHN P. ROLES, Plaintiff's Attorney,
n22-law7F No. 41 Fulton st., Brooklyn.

bers at the office of EDWARD
Washington-street, in the City of
the 20th day of May next. B.

Nov. 27, 1866.

EDWARD CROMMELIN,
ABRAHAM MCBRIDE,
J. JOHANNA THISTLE, Executors.

IN PURSUANCE OF AN ORDER OF RO-
MAN B. DAWSON, Esq., Surrogate of the County of
Kings, notice is hereby given, according to law, to all per-
sons having claims against WILLIAM THORNE, late of
the city of Brooklyn, deceased, that they are required to
exhibit the same to the undersigned, at his residence, at New
York, within the term of thirty days next ensuing, to wit:
either the Administrator, at his residence, at New York.

in the city of Brooklyn, on or
 next.—Dated Sept. 24, 1854.

IN PURSUANCE OF AN ORDER OF THE
Surrogate of the County of New York, in and to the effect that the same be given to all persons having claims against **CLEMENT BUNNEMEYER**, late of the City of New York, deceased, to present the same, with vouchers thereof, to the subscribers, at the office of **HENRY G. SCUDDER**, No. 216 Washington-st., in the City of New-York, on or before the 12th day of April next.—Dated New-York, Oct. 9, 1888.
HENRY G. SCUDDER, Administrator.

MARY C. BONNEYER, A.
F.

Surrogate of the County of New-York, notice is hereby given to all persons having claims against PETER KLINTON, late of the City of New-York, deceased, to present the same with vouchers thereof to the subscribers, at the office of MATTHEW KLINTON, No. 579 Greenwich-st. in the City of New-York, on or before the 8th day of March next. DATED New-York, Aug. 21, 1864.

MARY KLINTON, Administratrix.
MATTHEW KLINTON, Administrator.

IN PURSUANCE OF AN ORDER OF THE

of the County of New York, in
the State of New York, do hereby
certify that the within and foregoing is a true and correct
copy of the original as the same appears from the records
of the County of New York, do hereby

the same of BARTOLAMEO BLANCO, to the subscribers, at the office of BARTOLAMEO BLANCO, No. 107 Nassau-st., in the City of New-York, on or before the 10th day of April next.—Dated _____

BARTOLAMEO BLANCO,
Wth of-lawm SALVADOR CHAPPELL, Esq.

FOR CALIFORNIA.

FOR CALIFORNIA.—NEW YORK AND SAN

DISCO STEAMSHIP LINE
NORTHEAST ROUTE BY 700 MI.
% REDUCED. The new deck

and at San Juan del Sur are now completed. The Steamer will hereafter lie at the wharves to receive passengers and freight, thus avoiding all exposures in small boats. The new and splendid steamer **TRINIDAD** will leave for **FINKEBAUGH**, 1,800 feet above the town, with the **TRINIDAD** on the North River, for **SAN JUAN DE NICARAGUA**, on WEDNESDAY, Dec. 24, 1884, at 2 o'clock P. M., to connect with the steamer **SIERRA NEVADA**, from San Juan del Sur, on the Pacific, for San Francisco. Passengers will find this the healthiest and cheapest route. 50 pounds baggage allowed each

for or passage, apply only to
CHARLES MORGAN &

FOR THE SOUTH.
FOR NEW ORLEANS, PETERSBURG AND
RICHMOND.—The United States Mail Steamship
ROANOKE, Capt. SKINNER, will leave for the above
 places on **SATURDAY AFTERNOON**, 6th inst., at 5
 o'clock, from Pier No. 18, N. R.
 The Wednesday's steamer of this line is discontinued.

DIAM & PLEASANTS, No. 3

FOR SAVANNAH AND FLORIDA—U. S. MAIL LINE.—The splendid steamship **AUGUSTA**, Capt. **THOMAS LYON**, will leave for Savannah on **SATURDAY, Dec. 6**, from Pier No. 4 North River, at 3 o'clock P. M. precisely.
Bills of lading signed only on board.
For freight or passage, apply to
SAM'L. L. MITCHELL, No. 13 Broadway.

TONCOAL—THE DELAY

Coal, and vessels to sell this superior Coal, shipped on board vessels at Ellishaethort, N. J., at the following prices, per ton of 2,240 pounds, viz.:	
Lump.....	\$4 15
Steamboat.....	4 20
Large Egg, for grates and house furnaces.....	4 20
Small Egg, for large stoves and grates.....	4 15
Nut or Stove, for cooking-stoves, ranges, &c.....	4 00
Chestnut, for small engines.....	3 75

Freight, Brooklyn, 1 cent per cwt., &c., in the
hands of the Company, 3 1/2 cents per ton.

W. E. WARREN

Charging from boats, the very superior Spring and Locust Mountain Lohick Coals, furnace and range sizes; also, black-mine and tunnel-vent red-ash, for grates and stoves, delivered dry, clean and free from impurity at the lowest cash prices. Yards No. 171 Locust-mine, Locust 2nd-st., Nos. 117 and 119 7th-av., between 15th and 16th sts

KINDLING WOOD.—BEST QUALITY VIR
ginia pine, seasoned oak and hickory at the lowest prices. Orders per post promptly delivered.
S. HARRISON & SON, No. 235 West 54th-st.

REMOVALS

NOTICE—DENNISTOWN, WOOD & CO. HAVE
removed to Mechanics' Block
at., where they have their
parts of the world, and to buy and sell Foreign Exchange.

NOTICE—THE RACINE AND MINNESOTA
Railroad Company have removed their office to No. 4
Exchange place.

NOTICE—CLARK & JESUP HAVE REMOVED
their new office, No. 44 East

GAS AND FIXTURES.
CHANDELIERS AND GAS FIXTURES
manufacture and vend various goods and materials, and have above goods on hand, and are prepared to supply the same at the lowest prices. Our large manufacturing is in New York, and at other places. The public are respectfully requested to the examination or purchase of them at our warehouse, No. 105 Broadway, corner of Spring st., opposite St. Nicholas Hotel. Dealers supplied at short notice. In any quantity, on the terms of cash or trade. For further particulars, apply to the favorable terms. CHANDLER & CO., 105 Broadway, New York.

and entire satisfaction.
MITCHELL, BAI

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Rich Velvet Vests \$3 to \$5.
At EVANS',
Nos. 66 and 68 Fulton-st.
(Advertisement.)
PRESENTS FOR THE HOLIDAYS.—There is nothing so acceptable for a holiday present as a beautiful Photograph, Daguerreotype or Ambrotype, which should be secured, as early as possible, at FARMER'S Magnificent Gallery, No. 555 Broadway opposite the Metropolitan Hotel.
(Advertisement.)
GAS, GAS.—GAS FIXTURES.—Several new and beautiful patterns just completed. Call at our gas manufacturing depot, No. 107 Broadway.
ANCHER, FARMER & CO.
(Advertisement.)

the two years compare as follows :		
In 1895 Remitted in American Gold.....	\$35,967,418	
And in Foreign Specie.....	2,939,926	
Total Specie sent Abroad.....	\$38,907,343	
Loss from Specie Sent Abroad.....	1,000,000	
Net Specie Remittances last Year.....	\$37,907,343	
In 1896 Remitted in American Gold.....	\$44,168,579	
And in Foreign Specie.....	1,007,295	
Total Specie sent Abroad.....	\$45,175,874	
Loss from Specie Sent Abroad.....	1,000,000	
Net Specie Remittances this Year.....	\$44,168,579	
The Classification of the Domestic Exports		
of the country is singularly interesting for the		
magnitude of the great staples, and by comparison		
with the previous years :		
	1895.	1896.
Cotton.....	\$12,828,351	\$99,143,544
Bread and Provisions.....	71,157,801	36,696,111
Wool.....	1,000,000	1,000,000
Rice.....	2,000,000	1,717,938
Product of the Sea.....	2,000,718	3,511,934
Other.....	1,000,000	1,000,000

done, utterly vain at Alodion. The next best
 measure might be the allocation of the penalty.
 Connect the forfeiture, by the same, in the whole
 expense or discount charged by its lenders. In the
 forfeiture the forfeiture the estate; or the dis-
 position of the estate, established; but there the
 part of Chancery will, on application, open up
 the estate, and compel the restoration of the excess, on
 the petition of creditors or assignors, or heirs and
 next of kin, or the estate, or the estate, or the
 bankruptcy of the borrower.

An important commercial issue has been
 introduced in our Courts on the immunity of Foreign
 consuls resident in this country. Most of these
 consuls resident in New-York are merchants or bank-
 ing men, and are doing business in the ordinary way, drawing
 indorsing bills of exchange, negotiating cheques,
 and contracting various other obligations.
 It is, in breach or default of which they would, as

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The U. S. Mail steamer, "The Labrador," from Havre Nov. 18, left Halifax on Thursday night at 7 o'clock and arrived at St. John's on Saturday morning. Her arrival has been awaited by many people at Halifax, which brought

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...ve, no day fixed for his departure, and he was...
...inger willingly on the scene of his past glories...
...his diplomatic luminary is setting, another...
...vibrant appearance on the verge of the...
...ount Kisseloff, who, as far as we know, is...

recognized Ambassador of Russia at the Court of St. James, will receive tomorrow and the day after the members of the diplomatic corps. He will then fairly enter on the Winter campaign."

Marxists and the reigning branch of the Spanish Republic is advancing towards its conclusion, but it requires the concurrence, or, perhaps, the knowledge of the

fight between the 30th and 31st of August, the Russian General obtained admittance into the fortress of Herat. The Affghans, however, soon repulsed their enemies, who retreated, leaving 1,000 dead and wounded behind them. It is further stated that the Russian force of Herat followed up its advantage and again defeated

THE AMERICAN ELECTION.

Spr: On the eve of the solution of the "crisis" in my country reaching Europe, permit me to offer American of some experience in the working of Transatlantic political institutions to make a few comments on our present "situation." The United States part on this periodical context of electromechanical change much resembles the exaggeration of the "crisis" in the late 19th century.

newspapers at the time of a discussion of race. You do not impute erroneous views to the States in recent leading articles, and, indeed, your latest review of OLIVER's volume on the Southern Slave States and your sensible Transatlantic correspondent's letters prove that you do not give your columns and large influence over to the opinion of the ultra acts or objects of

party of my excited countrymen. I wish, however, to guard some of your misapprehensions, earnest advocates of the "Abolition Slavery," against self-deceit on the real objects and chances of the contest. In their Anti-Slavery views the question in issue it is not a contest between "abolition" and "non-abolition;" nor was the result the next election to new individual opinions, etc.

time even doubtful. I believe that Mr. Fennell has not only won, but by a fully sufficient and in majority. I believe Colonel Fennell never had a reasonable prospect of success, divided as his own party was by the candidacy of Fennell. The United States is a republic in form, but practically less a republic than your mixed form of British and Americanism.

government. An agreement such as the long-term agreement in the Union—the report of a conversation between one of our deceased diplomats and the late Czar of Russia on the occasion of a visit of our former Berlin Minister in St. Petersburg. Mr. Wladimir one day at Peterhof, as frequent with my countrymen, was expounding to NICHOLAS the virtues of republicanism. The Czar answered, "Yes, Mr. Wladimir."

Now this fact, in a sense, is true; and I shall consequently briefly show that, in the American Constitution, there is confessedly a large alloy of selfishness in our political composition. But to my more immediate point—the results of the late contest. See

I may say that the Southern States have almost always carried or compromised the Presidency. They are usually unanimous in their nomination, and the Pro-Slavery Party has almost always been the best organized. Moreover, the influence and extent of

political agency of the existing executive and legislative holders have been on the same winning side. There are no small odds "against the field," on the last occasion particularly. Dr. Deussen was not alone in that your ex-Minister, Sir JAMES GRAMER, recognized the direction and control of post-offices when you Home Department. My United States' letter inform me that our post-offices are now under the

The Southern votes for the Presidency would probably be *unanimously given for Buchanan, except, perhaps, Maryland, which cannot have been won by Fremont, but which may have been carried by Fillmore*. This would leave 112 almost certain Southern

in favor of BUCHANAN. Pennsylvania may be considered as "gone" to the same candidate; and probably Indiana or Illinois, or, possibly, both States. Now, if BUCHANAN only required the absolute number of 296, my above calculation insured him 260. Nor do I think it improbable that his party might subtract from the Northern States of Connecticut,

...29 further votes), one or more of such States in
...tion to his certain numbers, and thus he may
...colled 180 votes. In fact, this last party strength
... (1856) is grossly misrepresented, so far as it
...the vexed and, at present, unsolvable problem of
...extinction of slavery. The real practical issue was,
...the calm judgment of the more sensible politicians

my country, the extension or non-extension of the
territory. This was the battle-field—the objects
of conflicts of parties. So far as concerns our true in-
terests, Mr. FILLMORE perhaps would have better
represented the large party of my countrymen of mod-
erate and balanced politics than either candidate
of the class; but that comparatively neutral and mod-
erate class acts more on our Congressional elections

tion than on the election of Congress or President. It is a fact, well known to you, that the higher classes of intellect, accomplishment, and property loathe the attrition of our Democratic electoral system, and perhaps, are chargeable with neglect of patriotic duties. Such men, unfortunately, only quit their isolation on rare occasions, such as the meeting of citizens

Cambridge, Pa., in June last, when the postmaster appointed even of CHARLES SUMNER, boldly, in public meeting, remonstrated against the outrage of Johnson and the peril of "Parliamentary Government." Be it also observed, that our State and Federal election contests are chiefly in the hands of that region of "rising" lawyers, local placemen, and extractants of office, who are ever the busy "electioneers."

our American candidates for representative positions. Unconsciously, our administrators (except some permanent officers of our judiciary) almost all have been and out of office dependent on the result of the political struggles. Hence, though you wisely deter some of our placeholders even from interferences in your general election contests, we grow under their busy shadows.

Now, I wish to observe that if Mr. BUCHANAN is elected President, (as certain in my humble opinion,) it will not only, for American and British interests, be superior to Mr. FRENCH, but that you must not stigmatize him by the standard of his antecedents; furnish with the Oxford Congress. Your public may judge him as the most Anti-British candidate of the age. In some respects, he is

... as it is observed; successfully settled, in our
 evidence, all questions pending during his Ministry
 in England, and which then, unfortunately,
 affected our international good feelings. His Cabinet
 will not be exclusively Southern. It cannot be so.
 The real landmarks of the United States are Conserva-
 tive. The North has to be secured, the Upper House

assembly than the new President cannot govern on the ultra principles of either of the two great parties. May be, the boundaries of that system of Slave-labor may be extended, as we hope. But what I most fear is the want of energy.

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York, and the work was done here, but the sails were furnished to the sloop while she was in New-Jersey, where she was owned.

Held by the Court.—That the ship was consigned to the State of New Jersey, where the sails were furnished, and that the vessel was not to be taken out of the State by the maritime law, whatever claims the respondent might have against the owner of the ship, and so it was decreed to approve of the decree for the total law of New Jersey, libel dismissed with costs.

GRAB OF THE PARACHUTE.
The trial of *Wendell Weeks and Capt. Weyburn* is still continued. The testimony for the defense was closed to-day. The testimony has not varied materially from that taken in the first brought to *Forster's* court, and the jury have not yet returned a verdict. The statements made by *Capt. Maylor* to that man *Weyburn*.

The testimony for the defense is continued. They deny that they shot the man *Weyburn*, and that it is a usual one, that the character of the account is good, and that the man *Weyburn* was not shot. The jury is directed to *Weyburn* & *Weeks* to know if they did not take the informant out of the way, to which *Weyburn* answered that he did not take the informant out of the way, but that he did not have him go away, and said that the very person a legitimate one, and they had nothing to fear in the matter.

SUPREME COURT.—SPECIAL TERM.
Before Hon. Justice Clarke.

Park vs. Hardy.—That part of the motion asking for amendment of order of 12th of November, granted. The rest denied, *no costs.*

York vs. York.—Motion to set aside attachment granted without costs.

Visiting vs. Lincoln.—Motion denied, with costs.

York vs. Lincoln.—Report of referee confirmed. *In re Central Park.*—Report confirmed.

In re Extension of the Brewery.—Report confirmed.

SUPREIOR COURT.—TRIAL TERM.
Before Hon. Justice Warren.

Junius Houston vs. The Third-Avenue Railroad.—That the plaintiff, who was shot by the defendant, years ago, was one day playing in the street when, while it was run over and his leg taken off. The father was injured, and the defendant was not. The plaintiff attended, the Court dismissed the complaint on the ground that there was negligence in allowing the child to be on the street without any guard.

COURT OF GENERAL SESSIONS.—Dec. 8.
Before Hon. Judge Cooper.

Alderman Wilson's Trial Testimony.—*Madame Leon Refused Ball.—The Humble by Italian in Ready-street.*

It was understood that *Alderman Wilson's* trial would be proceeded with yesterday before this court. Crowds of witnesses were in attendance, but the chief of the trial was not in attendance. The trial was held in the morning, but the defendant was not in attendance. The trial was held in the morning, but the defendant was not in attendance. The trial was held in the morning, but the defendant was not in attendance.

CASE OF MADAME LEON.
Madame Leon, indicted for grand larceny, was called to the bar. Recorder Burrill appeared on the bench to hear the application of her counsel for a writ of habeas corpus. The certificate of a physician, that she was laboring under a dangerous illness, and that her appearance would be detrimental to her health, was produced. The District-Attorney replied that Madame Leon was a notable character, and that she had eluded justice for some time, and that she was not to have an opportunity to escape on the present indictment. Madame's counsel said there was no evidence of her guilt. The Recorder disagreed with the Madame's counsel, as did every other person in Court. Ball refused.

THE ITALIAN HONOR.
The Italian who was shot in *Italianman in Ready-street* a month ago were next placed at the bar. Their names were *Giovannino Marchese* and *Giuseppe Marchese*. The Recorder was called to the bar by *James Myers*.

Catherine Vito deposed that she resided at the *Recorder's* residence, and that she was the wife of *Frederick, Germane, Italian, and was never*

dwelling there: Antonio Bianca was the manager of the bar-keeper; she was present when Myers was stabbed; she lived with Myers, not as his wife, but as his mistress; he

was stabbed with a knife by each of the prisoners. The bodies were taken to the morgue to be sent to the New-York Hospital, was read to the Court. He made the post-mortem examination, and found that the wounds indicated the abdominal cavity entered the liver. That wound was sufficient to cause death.

Antonio Bianchi, who is the Italian, for participation in the murder, was placed on the stand by the Assistant District Attorney to be placed on the stand for it is defendant. He charged the first witness to the stand, and the jury was charged to find the prisoners guilty of murder in the first degree and a verdict of guilty of murder in the first degree against both prisoners. Sentences reserved.

SURROGATES COURT.

During the past two weeks only three witnesses have been examined in the Parish will case, Mr. William V. Kingsland, was called by the defense, and James G. Fisher. Without concluding Mr. Fisher's testimony, the case has been adjourned to the 10th inst. This slow and easy pace we trust is satisfactory to all concerned.

Brooklyn Court.

SUPREME COURT—SPECIAL TERM.

Before Judge Strong.

Out of a panel of forty only nine Petit Jurors were obtained, and they were discharged.

The case of *People vs. James G. Fisher*, one of the owners of the *City of New York*, was postponed until the January Term.

Calendar for Saturday, Nov. 6.—Nos. 2, 4, 5, 7, 8, 9, 10, 11, 12, 13, 14, 15, 17, 17.

BROOKLYN CITY COURT.

Before Judge O'Brien.

Francis Vanbell, indicted for grand larceny, was placed upon trial, convicted, and sentenced to the State Prison at West Hill. The prisoner was taken to the board of the schooner *Stark*, and robbed a mailer of \$200.

years, more than six millions of dollars are expended
 and having now a large and desirable business, the Tooties
 are desirous of giving to the American household a
 host of delicacies, and consider the public welfare of
 the Company and the present condition of the
 investigated by a Committee of this Board, and
 sufficient assurance that the present capital stock
 prove a profitable investment.
 Subscribed to by the Board, received on and after
 Monday, the 1st of December, 1881, by the Clerk of the
 Company, No. 25 Wall st.
 Published by Direction of the Board of Directors
 ELLWOOD WALKER, President.
 C. J. DEBARREAU, Secretary.

WE WOULD GAIN ATTENTION
 TO OUR STOCK OF FANCY AND PLAIN GOODS
 FOR THE WINTER TRADE

Our stock of Plushes, Cashmeres, Cloths and Outer-
 coatings, comprises all that is new or desirable in the mar-
 ket, and we make them up with all the styles for which
 our houses has so long been celebrated.

CHAS. HUGGIE, who for the past several years has
 our patronage, still is with us.

A. & C. A. ARNOLD,
 Dry Goods and Cloths,
 No. 20 Broadway.

COPARTNERSHIP—STEPHEN NEUBEK has
 this day associated WALTER F. BRUSH, Jr. with

above, under the name of **FRANK & CO.** These papers of the **FRANK** are now in the hands of the **WILDER** and the **FRANK** are now on Commission and can be seen at my office at No. 116 Broadway, in this City.

NEW-YORK, Nov. 21, 1862.

GRANITE HALL, NO. 125 FULTON-ST. - A VIEW to this well-known Repository, as the **FRANK** are sold out of Winter Clothing, is one of the most judicious that any man can take, especially if he is a faithful man. **FRANK** cost is saved, for they wear well, do well, and are durable.

ANOTHER VIEW FOR THE

WILDER PATENT SALAMANDER SAVERS.

MURPHY, E. G. WILDER, & CO., 116 W. 4th St.

GENTLEMEN: We take pleasure in informing you that the **WILDER PATENT SALAMANDER SAVERS**, which have been ordered for 20 hours to an intense heat, by the burning of our **Wardrobe** and **Shirts**, are now on hand, and can be ordered up our Books, Papers, and Bags of Salamander and Money, in a perfectly safe condition.

THE PATENT SALAMANDER & HUNTER.

NEW-YORK, Nov. 24, 1862.

Still further victims for the celebrated

WILDER PATENT SALAMANDER SAVERS.

The Books, Bonds and Papers of **Wm. H. HERRICK** were preserved unharmed in consequence of the **WILDER PATENT SALAMANDER SAVERS**, at the great loss in **CHAMBERS ST.**

Also, at the **GRAND FIRE IN FRANKLIN ST.** on Monday, the Books, Papers, Money, &c., of **Messrs. C. HERRICK, BOND & CO.** were preserved by the **WILDER PATENT SALAMANDER SAVERS**, at the fire on the 21st of November.

The credit of both the above **FRANKS** is now in the hands of **C. HERRICK, BOND & CO.** and can be seen at my office at this celebrated **Fire-Proof Safe** under a **FRANK** name of **Mr. Wilder**, which has long since expired.

A 116 W. 4th St.

THE BEST FIRE-PROOF SAFE IN THE WORLD.

Warranted from dampness, secured with WILDER'S PATENT SALAMANDER SAVERS.

No. 125 Water-st. N. B. WILDER & CO.

PAINTERS AND CO.

GREAT FIRE AT SYRACUSE!

From the **RELIABLE CHRONICLE** of SYRACUSE, N. Y.

HERRICK'S PATENT CHAMBER SAVERS. - One of **HERRICK'S** Fire-Proof Safes, said by **D. S. & R. T. HERRICK**, of SYRACUSE, N. Y., to have been preserved by the **WILDER PATENT SALAMANDER SAVERS**, at the fire on the 21st of November.

First Ward of this city, and its contents were sold in a public sale, under the supervision of the Sheriff of this county, in the first order, as the following certificate will show:

SALINA, Mo., D. C.

Meers, D. S. & S. P. Goe, Agents, of the contents of the above may certify:

This is to certify that the Safe of S. C. HERRING & Co. which was brought up from the wreck of the *W. H. HERRING*, which occurred on the 22d of July 1876, and was found in the wreck of the *W. H. HERRING*, and that the Safe underwent and remained in the wreck of the *W. H. HERRING*, and was not removed until the 12th of August 1876, and that the contents of the Safe were removed in a good state of preservation, and that the contents of the Safe were sold at a public sale, and the proceeds of the sale were paid to the owner of the Safe.

The public are invited to call on the **HERRING & CO.** at the **GREEN BLOCK**, No. 122 and 124 Water and other patented Safe. For sale by

S. C. HERRING & CO.
Green Block, Nos. 122 and 124 Water
and No. 5 Main St., New York

GREAT SALE OF CHINA, BROWNE, CROCKERS, CHANDLER'S, HUNTER'S, AND PARISIAN FAIRY GOODS. Nos. 561 and 563 Broadway—**E. V. HAUGHTON** has for sale a large quantity of the above goods, and is prepared to receive proposals to remove to his new store, at the principal portion at once.

The goods have been selected in Europe this season of the greatest care, and comprise an unequalled assortment of the following articles:

Plated and decorated French China dining services.
Plain and decorated French China dessert services.
Plain and decorated French China tea services.
Plated and decorated French China services, from 50 to 500 pieces.
Bronze statuettes, candelabra, etc.
Parian statuettes, vases, pitchers, etc.
Silver-plated tea and coffee sets, cake baskets, etc.
Elegant French China vases, from \$25 to \$100 per pair.
Elegant French and American candelabra.
Elegant, rich and Bohemian glass.
Plumbers' basins, and an immense variety of other articles of the most elegant and useful character.

They will be arranged ready for sale on Monday, Dec. 1, with the prices of every article marked in plain figures and no deception whatever can be made.

HERRING'S PATENT CHAMPION FIRE-PROOF SAFE—With Hall's Patent Powder-Proof Lock.

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ALD, 8578. "We make it a rule never to recommend a medical nostrum in our columns; but having found that Dr. J. C. Brown's 'Bronchial Trochoc' has sold in a large state of the Throat, we suspend our rule in this case, believing that we do our General readers a real service in calling their attention to them." For sale by Druggists.

WRITING FLUID.
The public are invited to try our
IMPROVED LIMPID FLUID.
It is in all respects equal to the best English, and
more important quality, is superior to any. For sale by
the stationers.

THADDEUS DAVIDS & CO.

AUCTION SALE OF ENGLISH LINE ENGRAVING.
The largest assortment of choice Prints ever offered at
auction. LEAVITT, DELINGER & CO.,
General Auction and Commission House,
Nos. 377 and 379 Broadway, New York.

PIANOS AND MELODIONS. THE HORACE
W. Linn modern line of pianos and Melodions are to be
sold from No. 328 Broadway. Pianos to rent, and to be
allowed on purchase; for sale on monthly payments.
Grand and Upright pianos from \$20 to \$150; Melodions from \$20
to \$125.

IMPORTED FRENCH GAS FIXTURES AND
Clocks, portable articles only; suitable for saloons and
narrow places. Also, brass brackets, and gas and electric
lamps, and all sorts of gas and electric fittings, and
gas and electric lamps. For sale by DAWSON'S, 100 Nassau
Street, New York.

WINTER CLOTHING, WELL MADE AND VERY
cheap, of all sizes and quality, are now on hand at
No. 100 Nassau Street, New York. For sale by
Dawson's, 100 Nassau Street, New York.

UNDERSHIRT AND DRAWERS, MADE OF
wool, and of all sizes and quality, are now on hand at
No. 100 Nassau Street, New York. For sale by
Dawson's, 100 Nassau Street, New York.

JOHN WOOD'S DISCOVERY OF A REMEDY
will be sold at No. 100 Nassau Street, New York. For
friends and customers of the above, and for the
public, at No. 100 Nassau Street, New York.

JOHN WOOD'S DISCOVERY OF A REMEDY
will be sold at No. 100 Nassau Street, New York. For
friends and customers of the above, and for the
public, at No. 100 Nassau Street, New York.

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SAUL, OF THE MAGIC FLUTE
will give a new and original production of
THE WIZARD OF THE WISH-TUNE
ALBERG'S LAST CONCERT BUT ONE
ON TUESDAY, Dec. 2, at NINHO's Garden.
Admission tickets to the Upper boxes,
front row, only \$1.00.
It can only be had at the entrance in Crosby st., south
ing of the Concert.

CHINESE ROOMS.
No. 33 Broadway, near Broadway Opera House
GIVE A GRAND
TWO GRAND PERFORMANCES THIS DAY.
THEIR FIRST CONCERT WAS
FINNETT'S EVER-POPULAR MAGIC TROUPE OF
ACTING MONKEYS.
In their special costume, they would completely
open even at 1 and 6% o'clock. Admission 5 cents;
under 5 cents 6% cents; children half-price. Tickets
sold at 10 and 15 cents. The 6% o'clock
ALBERG'S AND PANGLOSS' LAST
APPEARANCE.
ON TUESDAY, DEC. 2, AT NINHO'S GARDEN.
Families and parties wishing to sit together are requested
to reserve their seats in advance. No money can be received in advance for the two
concerts on Tuesday and Thursday.

OCKLEY'S SENSATIONAL, NEW HALL.
No. 62 Broadway.
DOUBLE OPERA WEEK.
Grand revival of the two great operas,
THE TROJAN AND MARIUS.
of all the characters and popular music.
TUESDAY, THURSDAY, FRIDAY, SATURDAY, Dec. 2,
3, 4, 5, 6.
TEVOTORE.
THURSDAY, FRIDAY and SATURDAY, EV-
ING, 7 o'clock.
of all the popular music.
The concert commences at 7 1/2 o'clock. Tickets 25 Cents;
Boxes 50 Cents.

ALBERG'S AMERICAN MONKEYS.
ON TUESDAY, DEC. 2, 1892. - THIS AFTERNOON AT
5 o'clock, DON GREGG DE BAZAN, manager, will
give a new and original production of
"THE WIZARD OF THE WISH-TUNE."
After which, DEAF AS A POST, the famous
"MAGIC GLASS" is now here. One of the great SHAKES-
PEAREAN AND SHAKESPEAREAN plays.
"THE TROJAN AND MARIUS."
BUTTS! Another is expected to be had. The
company Family, Living Graham, Deaf, Lady, etc.
Admission, 5 cents to 15 cents.

CAMPBELL ON DUNDY
is at the old place of the opera, for concerts, lectures,
Accommodation for 4,000 persons. Prices per night
including light.

RAILS BRANCH.
The price for half-hints has been reduced to 50% of
the full price.

THE PALMER MEMORIAL.

On exhibition.
THE INDIAN GILL. At No. 506 Broad
avenue eleven other pieces of cabinet work. \$50
Open from 9 o'clock A.M. till 10 P.M. Admis-
\$5 cents.

**UNION-SPECIAL RE-
HARRAL.**—A special reception of ELI will take
place on Wednesday evening, Dec. 4 at the City Hall,
75 Broadway, near Grand St., commencing at
8 o'clock precisely.
Persons having Solo parts are particularly
desired to be punctual in their attendance. By order.
D. H. BROWN, Secy. Tickets for the performance will be distributed at this
manual.

MRS. RICHARDTS' GREAT NIAGARA
Library and collection of geographical paintings, is
open at the present time, at 60 Broadway, from
10 o'clock A.M. to 10 P.M. Admission 50 cents.
on tickets, 25.

INDEPENDENT WHAT PAYS-THE PRESS-
are delivered from the office of WOODWARD &
Co. Teachers at No. 281 Elm St., near
St. Free meeting.

PUBLIC MEETINGS.

A. BROWNSON, LL.D.—WILL DELIVER
a course of three lectures, on the *Characteristics of*
Modern Civilization, at Hope Chapel, No. 103 Broadway,
MONDAY, FRIDAY and WEDNESDAY, Dec. 4, 5
and 7, 1893. Tickets to be had at all Catholic book-
shops, and at the door on the night of the lecture.

HOMAS FRANCIS MEAGHER
Will deliver an address on
ROYALTY AND REPUBLICANISM.
EUROPE Before the "Young Men's Democratic Union Club,"
at the
ACADEMY OF MUSIC,
ON TUESDAY EVENING, Dec. 5, 1893.
Tickets 50 cents.
may be obtained at the door of the Academy and at the door of
Academy. Private boxes will be reserved for ladies
gentlemen accompanying them, without extra charge.
Commencement at 7 o'clock.
Admission commencing at 7½ o'clock.

JOHN E. WHITE, Secretary. S. W. CONE, President.

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NICKERBOCKER BASE BALL CLUB.
A meeting of this Club will be held this **THURSDAY EVENING**, at 8 o'clock, at the home of **Brownie and Charlie** at 8 o'clock. As business of some importance is to be brought before the members, all attendance is demanded.

E. E. BROTHERTON, Secretary.

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Arrived:
p. Arago, Lima, Hays Nov. 29, with party
of 30th, with men, and 121
ton. Has experienced a detention
of 1 A. at lat. 26. 34. 10, from
in New-York for Coward and
ward, after a short illness, of
achilles and 13 years, daughter
of New-York. A month the
Durtin, late of the brigantine

[illegible][illegible]

xillo, Mulligan, James to be, 70 Park
 ave., with coffee to E. Boon & Kunkin, 140
 1/2 hnd.
 and Bozman, Tamm, 320 to 100
 and molasses to Peck & Church, 314 to co-
 ordinate of Portland, 100 to 100
 The I. B. has experienced heavy weather
 days.
 Jones, Charleston 4 d., with coffee, 100
 & Tallman
 Annals, Shaw, Branding, with 400 to Allen
 ruins, Kingston, Baltimore, with 100 to
 & Quares
 E. Flett, M. Carter, coming, May West 4 d.
 side World, Dickinson, Wilmington, M. C. 2
 to 100 to 100 to 100 to 100 to 100 to 100
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 (of Fall River), 100 to 100 to 100 to 100
 14 d., 100 to 100 to 100 to 100 to 100
 H. Gaston—vessel to 100 to 100 to 100
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 in Morton, Perry, Havana 100 to 100 to 100
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 New-York. Experienced heavy weather, M. C.

[illegible][illegible]

is expected to be taken into the Dock on
Foreign Shipping Intelligence.
 Nov. 15.—Arr. Devonport, Mexico, New York,
 Ore. 15.—Arr. John Wade, Wash. Pac. steam-
 ship. 15.—Arr. Spillars, Jackson, Omaha for London.
 15.—Taylor, British, New York.
 Nov. 16.—Old. N. Nov. 16.—Old. N. Nov. 16.—
 Nov. 17.—Medford, from Bangor for
 Nov. 21.—Old. N. Calicut, Tromsø, Nor-
 Nov. 17.—Arr. Agnes Loom, Nominia, Nor-
 18.—Arr. L. 18.—Arr. L. 18.—Arr. L.
 Nov. 21.—There is more hope of the ice
 getting out, but it is still doubtful.
 Nov. 21.—Arr. M. 21.—Arr. M. 21.—Arr. M.
 Arr. having been able to start deeper; she will
 charge to report.
 Nov. 21.—Old. N. 21.—Arr. M. 21.—Arr. M.
 Nov. 21.—Arr. John Hanna, Bushnell, Ango-
Speaks, &c.

Double Headed Shot Kays, was passed back Boston, bound E.

Ferocious John

docs, Nov. 12, backs John Cankie, Whitman, New-York, from Passaic, N.J., who would do anything except Mayhem, Dorian or New Haven, N.H.; Wm. Chase, Hinton, N.Y., to lead and for Alexandria, Va. docs, Nov. 24, schr. W. A. Griffin, Durden, 1902.

Nov. 8, brig St. Leon, for New-York; sea; no island, Nov. 11, brig Trumet, for New-York; for do. and day.

Toronto, for do. and day.

Mr. Webster to Mr. Burck.

Philadelphia, March 2d, 1851.

MY DEAR SIR: My answer is right. I did repeat the words. I did say, "Let it rise, let it rise, till it rest, sir."

No objection to have the second Bunker Hill action immediately follow the first, and this again to be followed by whatever part you think is worth while to publish of my article in the North American Review. I do not want your words hardly think of publishing it all. I looked over a few of the first pages the other day, and thought they read well.

I will express no opinion on the one or less extended, from Mr. FROTHINGHAM's book.

DAN'L WEBSTER.

Mr. Webster to Porter Wright.

[illegible]

present in the Circuit Court of the United States in New York City. I have been engaged in the cause, and drew the original bill in favor of the Church South. I have been in hopes that the parties to this bill should have been made to make my place, with Mr. REV. JOSEPH J. JOHNSON, but they are not so inclined. Recent occurrences, perhaps, have caused me to look on with less interest in the probable value of my services on the occasion. The division between North and South, you know, took place a few days before the question.

A suit, equally odd, and of a similar nature, is on my hands in Massachusetts, to be tried the middle of next week, between the Old School Unitarian and the Hicksites, so-called, and the question is, which party is entitled to the lands and property, a hope notwithstanding that the Hicksites are the party to be inconsistent with my public duties.

As to the cause of the military means, it is to be feared we shall have trouble with the Indians in the southwest. And though it is our duty to do all we can for them, the means in our hands, yet it is necessary to remember also that the Government will be pressed to raise volunteers, mounted men, &c., by whom they would like the employment and pay. I have been asked to be enlisted as a volunteer, and I am so exceedingly well paid for doing very little.

I got up to be surprised to expect to meet the people in Faneuil Hall on Thursday.

I am not surprised at what you say about the country and the people. There is no doubt that

almost entirely covered by it. The country is so densely settled that I have been obliged to think that such statements are entirely carrying before the two Americas, and all other navigations in the Adriatic, Black and North Seas, as far as the intercourse is concerned, will be nearly severed. It will, however, be a great relief to be so sound of weekly. His project, therefore, of a revival of no more, for none can confine themselves which it is deemed.

Fortunate circumstances have been met by and other Northern ports. The passage of the bill from any class of men, and the expediency from the Chesapeake. The results from the West, and the results from the Chesapeake along the coast. The various circumstances now present the American Science, in the year 1850, of 37,500 tons, explains, in a manner that is not mistaken, for what uses the magnificent wealth of Chesapeake were intended. The forty per cent. which can be sold, and at all times dependent from the State. It is a vast deal of the traffic between Europe and America, and it is a great deal of the trade upon the Non-slaveholding States.

I am not surprised to hear that you will create commercial independence and national grandeur for the South as this project

[illegible]

When may we look the post? Captain Lunt left us this morning. Mr. Asmus has been here for a day, and leaves tomorrow evening. We are waiting for Mr. Brown. Continue.

You perceive the Keweenaw movement was checked a little by the House of Representatives, yesterday. Probably it will go on to-day.

The Senate have been reading the Report of the United States officers, who have returned from Utah. I never read so disgusting and terrific accounts of human depravity as Governor Newcomb's report. The reports were more than thirty wiles! All the money sent to him for territorial purposes, he has given to Dr. Morton. The reports are not the best of the beginning of the story of abominations. Yours ever, D. W.

John Taylor to Mr. Webster.

SUNDAY EVENING. Franklin, May 2, 1861.

DEAR SIR : I received your letter of the 28th concerning several things, all of which I understand very well. I am glad that our Spring work is over at last. I shall commence to-morrow, and go ahead with all the strength that I can use.

I thank you for the \$200. That, also, I understand, and I will be at my goat at the time appointed, if I am not ordered otherwise.

Yours truly, J. T. Taylor

P.S.—I have a check drawn on Merchants Bank, Boston, for one hundred dollars, which is all right. I have bought a mate for my old ox; he is worth about a third of a dollar.

It would be curious if Captain Lunt had been taken as they say he was, for his services were taken, as they say, before he was even arrested. It might be said that he was taken after he was grinding. The steamship reached us this morn'g. The sugar is generally better than most western quality that I have seen. The flour is much superior to the furthest grinding will be over on all our other cargoes.

WHO SHALL BE MASTER WHEN CAPTAIN DRACKET—?In the United States Circuit Court yesterday afternoon was a case of some interest. It concerned a man named Drackett, who was charged with having killed a crew of the harbor pilot, was tried for making a revolt on board the pilot boat *Phoenix*, in the lower anchorage on the 19th inst., and was found guilty. Captain JACOB C. LUNT was acting as master of the boat, and had her papers; that defendant was on board assisting in the trial of the case. There was a dispute between him and Captain LUNT, which resulted in Drackett's dispossessing Captain L. of the command of the boat, and counting down the crew. The question in the case was whether among pilots one of them can be regarded as one of the crew, as in other cases, so as to be held liable for their actions.

The Court (Judge BRAGG) instructed the jury that there must be some one in command of a pilot boat, as well as of any other vessel, and that if LUNT had the vessel's papers he must be presumed to be master in the absence of evidence to the contrary.

money.
 Last Friday, the last day of April, I drove off head of the ship, and turned them into the Punch Brook pasture. When we let them out of their several yards, where they had been shut up for six months, it was a scene of singing and bellowing. I yesterday saw creatures appear to be no happy; they ran nearly all the way up the sand-hill, and kept running, until they reached the top. I saw only one of the six hundred of hay to them, but they would not eat it. They were all full and tight. I saw not one of them any more hay, unless we have another cold storm.
 I am, Sir, your most obedient servant,
 JOHN TAYLOR.
 Mr. Webster to Mr. Harney.
 WASHINGTON, Friday morning, 7 o'clock,
 May 3, 1851.
 MY DEAR SIR: I hope to meet some Boston friends in New-York, to-morrow, and I shall be glad to see you, as well as others, and it may be a good time to confer. My own stay will be short, as we leave to-morrow, besides some engagements on the road. I ever come with you, may be able to stay a day or two.
 My letter to you expresses pretty much what I have to say on the subject. What remains must be left to friends.
 Yours, truly, DANIEL WEBSTER.
 Of course, I am writing to all acquainted with you.

CRUICKSHANK must be our standard-bearer.

Mr. Webster to Mr. Blackford.
MAY 11, 1858, Sunday, 1 o'clock.

MY DEAR SIR: I thank you for your letter from Philadelphia. I am glad to hear you were so successful. I see four elements of distress in Mr. L. Heat, 2. Crowds, 3. Limestone water. & 4. The necessity of making a new road.

This last is not the least, for I have exhausted my opinions and my illustrations, and my imagination all that remains in my mind is as dry as a remainder biscuit, after a voyage.

You are an earnest man from this just, careless me: but still I feel a caving in at the prospect before me. But never mind. If I should not be remarkable, I should not remarkably unwell. I will not spoil all the past. Yours,
D. W.

Mr. Webster to Mrs. Fletcher Webster.
BUFFALO, Mass, 20, 1851-9 o'clock, P. M.

MY DEAR CAROLINE: I am detained here, unavoidably, for two or three days beyond my expectation. I have been here for the last time in some twenty times, for his departure for home, but when the time came, I did not feel that I could spare him. I have, however, been here, and through well at present. I should be alarmed if I could get sick.

He is a very good man, and a very good soldier.

The Hudson's Bay Company.—We were somewhat surprised the other day to see in the Globe an intimation that "within a few days past, application had been made to the Governor-General of Canada, in relation to the Hudson's Bay Company's vast tract of land situated within and along the coast of Lakes Huron and Superior, and extending throughout the country, and the numerous forts and posts throughout the country, and at the mouths of the chief rivers emptying into the sea, commanding the navigation of the great river and the fur and trade." At the time, we were somewhat surprised at this as one of the many wrongs of which the Hudson's Bay Company had been guilty.

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1886.				
	New-York.	Pail- lo.	Western.	Salma.
January	212,120	25,446	9,497	19,543
February	118,260	12,646	5,927	16,989
March	151,300	17,600	10,667	24,336
April	203,500	19,050	12,610	30,611
May	208,360	10,193	13,574	17,613
June	133,108	3,305	7,623	33,546
July	129,730	23,710	8,660	17,291
August	129,730	23,710	8,660	17,291
September	121,650	10,128	10,493	27,019
October	129,900	10,686	23,696	18,784
November	151,000	94,631	4,064	41,505
December	151,000	94,631	4,064	41,505
1886.	1,866,000	159,263	90,139	442,711

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CITY.

FURS

HARLEY,
No. 84 John-st., and No. 23 Maiden-lane,
Has the best assortment of

VINE FUR IN THE CITY.
And he will challenge competition as to price and quality.

LADIES' CHOCOLATE ASSORTMENT OF FINE MINK ARTICLES,
AT HARLEY'S,
No. 84 John-st., and No. 23 Maiden-lan.

LADIES' FANCY FURS!
SABLES, ORGANDY & CO.
No. 70, NASSAU ST., N.Y.
Offer as WHOLESALE or RETAIL a large variety of assortments:

LADIES' FANCY FURS
Consisting of RUSSIAN SABLE, HUDSON'S GRAY HARE, MINK, STORM SKIN, FOXES, MANTELS, &c., &c., all made up in the latest style, and cheaply sold for CASH, RETAIL TRADE.

GENUINE FURS,
IN ROYAL ERMINE,
SABLE, MINK, SQUIRREL,
and other Furs.

A. T. STEWART & CO.,
Broadway, Chambers and Nassau Sts.

KUTZ & LANDWEHR FURS

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THE LATEST BOOK FROM WHOLESALE BOOKSELLERS
THE NEW YORK PUBLIC LIBRARY
ASTOR LENOX TILDEN FOUNDATION
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habits, a student of the South Sea Islands. Can furnish good City references. Address U. S. S. T. Office.

WANTED—BY TWO COMETTING GIRLS, SY-
ndicate, one an entertainer, in all the branches; taking
charge of the silver and parlor; in a good, neat dress of
wages \$7. Oras nurse and family maid; also the
best City reference. The other is a nurse; a 15 room;
near 10th St. and 10th St.

TV girl, attraction to do the
private family; is a first-rate
baker of bread; has the best of
last place. Call at No 217 10th
st.; between Avenue

WANTED-SITUATIONS BY THREE AMERICAN young women; one as nurse and chambermaid; one as chambermaid and waitress; one as waitress in a saloon, or chambermaid in a hotel; also, by one colored woman. Apply at No. 711½ St. Mark.

WANTED—A SITUATION BY A MIDDLE-
aged Scotch woman as housekeeper.
her present place, corner of Hamilton-
and Bloor-sts.

HELP WANTED.

TEACHERS.

WANTED—IN A PRIVATE FAMILY, A well educated, well qualified, and well recommended, single, middle-aged Protestant gentleman, French or German, to instruct in the above languages, with music (vocal and instrumental.) To a good scholar, capable of taking the charge of the English language, in a pleasant home, and

INVESTIGATOR OF BUREAU, WASHINGTON

is a strictly private family in Jersey City, where every home discomfort can be realized. Address HOWARD, of the office.

BOARD ON BROOKLYN HEIGHTS.
 Monthly meeting, Tuesday, 10:30 a.m., at the City Hall.

BOARD IN BROOKLYN.—Two single gentlemen, or a gentleman and wife, can be accommodated with board in a private family, No. 11 Tillary-st., near Fulton.

ROOMS TO LET.—A SUITE OF ROOMS AND A single room, suitable for a gentleman and lady, or a

INTELLIGENCE OFFICES.

A FULL ASSORTMENT OF SERVANTS
Are now at No. 14 Bowry, another full supply at No. 14 Sixth-avenue—wanting situations, City or country; wages moderate. They are equal to any which may be found elsewhere. The situation of housekeepers is requested. N. B.—Men and boys on hand. C. MASON.

NOTICE TO THE LADIES OF NEW-YORK AND VICINITY.—Having a great number of

No. 24 John-st., and No. 22 Maiden-lane,
Has the best assortment of
FINE FURS
IN THE CITY.

MENT OF
FINE MINK ARTICLES,
AT HARLEY'S,
No. 24 Lombard, and No. 22 Maiden Lane.

MARTEN, MINK, STONE MARTEN and FINE.
 manufactured in the latest (modernizable) styles:
EXPRESSLY FOR CITY RETAIL TRADE

GENUINE FURS.

A. T. STEWART & CO.,
Broadway, Chambers and Beede Sts.

BALLS.
THE YOUNG MEN'S REPUBLICAN GEN.

ON THURSDAY EVENING, Dec. 12, 1894
The Committee have invited the most distinguished
men in the Republican party to meet them on the com-
mon, and the invitations have been almost unanimously

The doors will open at 7½ o'clock.
The music, consisting of two full bands, of one hundred instruments, under the direction of A. PODWORTH, Esq., will commence at 8½ o'clock.
The members of the Corporation, invited by Mayor

The supper room will be under the charge of _____
The bar and cocktail room will be under the charge of _____

RAIRO

NEW YORK AND NEW ENGLAND

Express A. M. Mail train, running direct
 at Oswego, and passing the post office
 from 12:13 M. to Albany, New York.
 Express A. M. (From host of Connecticut
 and intermediate stations, New York
 P. M. for Newburgh, Middletown,
 stations. Night Express, at 4:00 P. M. for
 Berlin, Middletown, Newburgh, New
 and intermediate stations.
 THE ABOVE TRAINS ARE DAILY, EXCEPT
 THE EXPRESS TRAINS, WHICH RUN
 CANANDAigua and Niagara Falls
 Falls, at Middletown, Newburgh, New
 Railroad, for Syracuse; at
 Corning and New-York Railroad, for
 New York, and Buffalo and
 for Scranton; at Buffalo and Detroit
 Short Railroad, for Cleveland, Champlain
 West, Malone, and
 B. C. MCGILLIVRAY, General Agent

NEW-YORK AND ALBANY EXPRESS
 Express A. M. Mail train, running direct
 day, New York, at 10:00 A. M. to Albany,
 excepted. Passes at 8:00 from New-York to
 New-York on following, from Albany,
 and Central
 Express A. M. Express train for Albany, connecting with
 the Central Railroad, for Albany
 6:10 A. M. Mail train, running direct
 change of cars, and connecting at Albany
 with the Western train for Rochester, New York
 and other stations.
 Express P. M. Express, running direct
 change of cars, and connecting with Central train at
 P. M. for the West
 RETURNING, LEAVE ALBANY
 8:10 A. M. Mail train for New-York direct.
 10:10 A. M. Express train for New-York direct.

[illegible]

COMMERCIAL
Commeating at New-Haven—The **Commeating** at New-Haven, Conn., on Monday, Sept. 10, 1894, was as follows:—
Wheat—No. 1, 1.00; No. 2, .95; No. 3, .90; No. 4, .85; No. 5, .80; No. 6, .75; No. 7, .70; No. 8, .65; No. 9, .60; No. 10, .55; No. 11, .50; No. 12, .45; No. 13, .40; No. 14, .35; No. 15, .30; No. 16, .25; No. 17, .20; No. 18, .15; No. 19, .10; No. 20, .05; No. 21, .00; No. 22, .05; No. 23, .10; No. 24, .15; No. 25, .20; No. 26, .25; No. 27, .30; No. 28, .35; No. 29, .40; No. 30, .45; No. 31, .50; No. 32, .55; No. 33, .60; No. 34, .65; No. 35, .70; No. 36, .75; No. 37, .80; No. 38, .85; No. 39, .90; No. 40, .95; No. 41, 1.00; No. 42, 1.05; No. 43, 1.10; No. 44, 1.15; No. 45, 1.20; No. 46, 1.25; No. 47, 1.30; No. 48, 1.35; No. 49, 1.40; No. 50, 1.45; No. 51, 1.50; No. 52, 1.55; No. 53, 1.60; No. 54, 1.65; No. 55, 1.70; No. 56, 1.75; No. 57, 1.80; No. 58, 1.85; No. 59, 1.90; No. 60, 1.95; No. 61, 2.00; No. 62, 2.05; No. 63, 2.10; No. 64, 2.15; No. 65, 2.20; No. 66, 2.25; No. 67, 2.30; No. 68, 2.35; No. 69, 2.40; No. 70, 2.45; No. 71, 2.50; No. 72, 2.55; No. 73, 2.60; No. 74, 2.65; No. 75, 2.70; No. 76, 2.75; No. 77, 2.80; No. 78, 2.85; No. 79, 2.90; No. 80, 2.95; No. 81, 3.00; No. 82, 3.05; No. 83, 3.10; No. 84, 3.15; No. 85, 3.20; No. 86, 3.25; No. 87, 3.30; No. 88, 3.35; No. 89, 3.40; No. 90, 3.45; No. 91, 3.50; No. 92, 3.55; No. 93, 3.60; No. 94, 3.65; No. 95, 3.70; No. 96, 3.75; No. 97, 3.80; No. 98, 3.85; No. 99, 3.90; No. 100, 3.95; No. 101, 4.00; No. 102, 4.05; No. 103, 4.10; No. 104, 4.15; No. 105, 4.20; No. 106, 4.25; No. 107, 4.30; No. 108, 4.35; No. 109, 4.40; No. 110, 4.45; No. 111, 4.50; No. 112, 4.55; No. 113, 4.60; No. 114, 4.65; No. 115, 4.70; No. 116, 4.75; No. 117, 4.80; No. 118, 4.85; No. 119, 4.90; No. 120, 4.95; No. 121, 5.00; No. 122, 5.05; No. 123, 5.10; No. 124, 5.15; No. 125, 5.20; No. 126, 5.25; No. 127, 5.30; No. 128, 5.35; No. 129, 5.40; No. 130, 5.45; No. 131, 5.50; No. 132, 5.55; No. 133, 5.60; No. 134, 5.65; No. 135, 5.70; No. 136, 5.75; No. 137, 5.80; No. 138, 5.85; No. 139, 5.90; No. 140, 5.95; No. 141, 6.00; No. 142, 6.05; No. 143, 6.10; No. 144, 6.15; No. 145, 6.20; No. 146, 6.25; No. 147, 6.30; No. 148, 6.35; No. 149, 6.40; No. 150, 6.45; No. 151, 6.50; No. 152, 6.55; No. 153, 6.60; No. 154, 6.65; No. 155, 6.70; No. 156, 6.75; No. 157, 6.80; No. 158, 6.85; No. 159, 6.90; No. 160, 6.95; No. 161, 7.00; No. 162, 7.05; No. 163, 7.10; No. 164, 7.15; No. 165, 7.20; No. 166, 7.25; No. 167, 7.30; No. 168, 7.35; No. 169, 7.40; No. 170, 7.45; No. 171, 7.50; No. 172, 7.55; No. 173, 7.60; No. 174, 7.65; No. 175, 7.70; No. 176, 7.75; No. 177, 7.80; No. 178, 7.85; No. 179, 7.90; No. 180, 7.95; No. 181, 8.00; No. 182, 8.05; No. 183, 8.10; No. 184, 8.15; No. 185, 8.20; No. 186, 8.25; No. 187, 8.30; No. 188, 8.35; No. 189, 8.40; No. 190, 8.45; No. 191, 8.50; No. 192, 8.55; No. 193, 8.60; No. 194, 8.65; No. 195, 8.70; No. 196, 8.75; No. 197, 8.80; No. 198, 8.85; No. 199, 8.90; No. 200, 8.95; No. 201, 9.00; No. 202, 9.05; No. 203, 9.10; No. 204, 9.15; No. 205, 9.20; No. 206, 9.25; No. 207, 9.30; No. 208, 9.35; No. 209, 9.40; No. 210, 9.45; No. 211, 9.50; No. 212, 9.55; No. 213, 9.60; No. 214, 9.65; No. 215, 9.70; No. 216, 9.75; No. 217, 9.80; No. 218, 9.85; No. 219, 9.90; No. 220, 9.95; No. 221, 10.00; No. 222, 10.05; No. 223, 10.10; No. 224, 10.15; No. 225, 10.20; No. 226, 10.25; No. 227, 10.30; No. 228, 10.35; No. 229, 10.40; No. 230, 10.45; No. 231, 10.50; No. 232, 10.55; No. 233, 10.60; No. 234, 10.65; No. 235, 10.70; No. 236, 10.75; No. 237, 10.80; No. 238, 10.85; No. 239, 10.90; No. 240, 10.95; No. 241, 11.00; No. 242, 11.05; No. 243, 11.10; No. 244, 11.15; No. 245, 11.20; No. 246, 11.25; No. 247, 11.30; No. 248, 11.35; No. 249, 11.40; No. 250, 11.45; No. 251, 11.50; No. 252, 11.55; No. 253, 11.60; No. 254, 11.65; No. 255, 11.70; No. 256, 11.75; No. 257, 11.80; No. 258, 11.85; No. 259, 11.90; No. 260, 11.95; No. 261, 12.00; No. 262, 12.05; No. 263, 12.10; No. 264, 12.15; No. 265, 12.20; No. 266, 12.25; No. 267, 12.30; No. 268, 12.35; No. 269, 12.40; No. 270, 12.45; No. 271, 12.50; No. 272, 12.55; No. 273, 12.60; No. 274, 12.65; No. 275, 12.70; No. 276, 12.75; No. 277, 12.80; No. 278, 12.85; No. 279, 12.90; No. 280, 12.95; No. 281, 13.00; No. 282, 13.05; No. 283, 13.10; No. 284, 13.15; No. 285, 13.20; No. 286, 13.25; No. 287, 13.30; No. 288, 13.35; No. 289, 13.40; No. 290, 13.45; No. 291, 13.50; No. 292, 13.55; No. 293, 13.60; No. 294, 13.65; No. 295, 13.70; No. 296, 13.75; No. 297, 13.80; No. 298, 13.85; No. 299, 13.90; No. 300, 13.95; No. 301, 14.00; No. 302, 14.05; No. 303, 14.10; No. 304, 14.15; No. 305, 14.20; No. 306, 14.25; No. 307, 14.30; No. 308, 14.35; No. 309, 14.40; No. 310, 14.45; No. 311, 14.50; No. 312, 14.55; No. 313, 14.60; No. 314, 14.65; No. 315, 14.70; No. 316, 14.75; No.

[illegible]

**J. Market Street, by Steamer ISLAND CITY, at 8 A. M.,
and 10 A. M., at P. M. F. M. S. P. M. S. P. M. S. P. M. S. P. M. S.**
(L.I.) at the same hour, sailing, and carrying passengers
with the boat at Hunter's Point, through in 15
minutes. Fare 25 cents. **W.M. McINTOSH, Capt.**

plaint on the subscriber, at his office, No. 70 WALL ST., in the City of New York, on June twenty-seventh last, by the voice of his attorneys, who were duly sworn, and he was ordered to show cause why he should not pay the sum of \$25 for each service; and if you fail to answer the said complaint within the time aforesaid or to satisfy the claimant's demand, judgment against you for the sum of two hundred and forty dollars and thirty-five cents, with interest from the 16th day of October, 1894, until paid.

—Dated New-York, Nov. 8, 1894.

C. S. WEBB, Plaintiff's Attorney.
Control in this action was filed in
the office of the Clerk of the City and County of New-
York, No. 22, 23d,
234-1/2 W St

Plaintiff's Attorney.

SUPREME COURT-CITY AND COUNTY OF

ON NEW YORK.—RICHARD H. HINSDDALE against FRANK SPENCER and CHRISTOPHER SPENCER.
—Summons for motion to dismiss (Conn. news).
To the defendants: You are hereby summoned and required to answer the complaint in this action, which was filed in the office of the Clerk of the City and County of New-York, at the City Hall in the said City, and to serve a copy of your answer to the said complaint on the undersigned, at his office, No. 2 E. 12th street, City of New-York, within twenty days after the service of this summons on you, exclusive of the day of such service; and if you fail to answer the said complaint

within the time aforesaid, the plaintiff in the above named
 action took judgment against you for the sum of one hundred
 and fourteen dollars and five cents, with interest from the
 28th day of October, 1894, besides the costs of this action.
 -Dated _____ 189__

THEODORE HINSDALE, Plaintiff's Attorney.
 The complaint in the above entitled action was filed in
 the above named Clerk's office on the 1st day of November,
 1894.

THEODORE HINSDALE,
 Plaintiff's Attorney.

ns4-law7M*

SUPREME COURT.—DANIEL HOPKINS, Plaintiff, against LUCIUS CADY, Defendant. —Summons.
To LUCIUS CADY: You are hereby summoned and required to answer the complaint in this action, which will be filed in the office of the Clerk of the City and County of New-York, at the New-York City Hall, and to serve a copy of your answer to the said complaint on the undersigned.

written at their office, No. 218 Fulton-st., in the City of
 New-York, within twenty days after the service of this
 summons on you, exclusive of the day of such service;
 and if you fail to answer the said complaint within the
 time aforesaid, the plaintiff in this action will take judgment
 against you for the sum of three hundred and five
 dollars and thirteen cents, with interest from the 12th day
 of September, 1880, bearing the costs of this action.—Dated
 New-York, Aug. 18, 1884.
E. W. & G. F. CHESTER,
 Plaintiff's Attorneys.

Above defendant will take notice that said complaint was filed as above on the 11th day of September, 1894.
E. W. & G. E. CHESTNUT,
Plaintiffs vs. ALBERTA
n10-1st97W*

IN PURSUANCE OF AN ORDER OF EODMAN
IN DAWSON, Esq. Sheriff of the County of
notice is hereby given, according to law, to all persons
having claims against SUMNER STONE, late of the city
of Brooklyn, deceased, that they are required to exhibit

the same, with the vouchers thereon, as also as executor, at his office, No. 25 Exchange-place, in the City of New-York, on or before the 34 day of December next.
—Dated May 31, 1856.

ELIZABETH B. STONE, Executrix.
Jed-lawson^{sr} SUMNER E. STONE, Executor.

IN PURSUANCE OF AN ORDER OF RODMAN R. BAWSON, Esq., Surrogate of the County of Kings, notice is hereby given, according to law, to all persons having claims against **MARY A. STILES**, late wife of **Brooklyn**, deceased, that they are required

to exhibit the same, with the vouchers thereon, to the underscriber, the administrator, at his place of business, No. 301 Wall-street, in the City of New-York, on or before the 12th day of June next. Dated December 6, 1884.

d8 lawwm HUGH N. CAMP, Administrator.

IN PURSUANCE OF AN ORDER OF THE

1 Surrogate of the County of New-York, notice is hereby
 given to all persons having claims against BENJAMIN
 HYDE, late of the City of New-York, Insolvency, de-
 ceased, to present the same, with proper vouchers, on
 Saturday, at the Office of JAMES MCGAY, Esq. No. 55
 Chambers-st., in the City of New-York, before the
 15th day of January next—Dated New-York, July 11,
 1864. LOUISEA HYDE, Administratrix.

DENTISTRY.
CONTINUOUS GUM TREATMENT.—THE SUIT lately pending against me in the United States Circuit Court, for an infringement of the patent of **ALLAN'S** Continuous Gum Treatment, is now on for trial.

tinuous Gum Teeth, having been shown to the public, I am now prepared to manufacture full or partial sets of my Improved Continuous Gum Teeth, on an Improved atmospheric pressure plate, which can be used in any new, in use, and which can be inserted with or without extracting the roots. Persons in want of artificial teeth can save 50 per cent. by calling at my office, where specimens of all

the new series of lithographs can be made. Having every facility, I am now prepared to manufacture for the education, or give instructions in the art. I have recently discovered a new process of assembling the teeth, which can be made in all cases without the assistance of the patient. It is entirely different from the process of forcing the gums, which can only be used in few cases, and generally produces more pain than the extraction of the tooth.

No. 37 Fulton st., opposite Clinton St. Brooklyn.

11700-2000-30000

—Gable policy, 2,100 in

	Cotton	86 1/2	90 1/2	94 1/2	97 1/2	100 1/2	103 1/2	106 1/2	109 1/2	112 1/2	115 1/2	118 1/2	121 1/2	124 1/2	127 1/2	130 1/2	133 1/2	136 1/2	139 1/2	142 1/2	145 1/2	148 1/2	151 1/2	154 1/2	157 1/2	160 1/2	163 1/2	166 1/2	169 1/2	172 1/2	175 1/2	178 1/2	181 1/2	184 1/2	187 1/2	190 1/2	193 1/2	196 1/2	199 1/2	202 1/2	205 1/2	208 1/2	211 1/2	214 1/2	217 1/2	220 1/2	223 1/2	226 1/2	229 1/2	232 1/2	235 1/2	238 1/2	241 1/2	244 1/2	247 1/2	250 1/2	253 1/2	256 1/2	259 1/2	262 1/2	265 1/2	268 1/2	271 1/2	274 1/2	277 1/2	280 1/2	283 1/2	286 1/2	289 1/2	292 1/2	295 1/2	298 1/2	301 1/2	304 1/2	307 1/2	310 1/2	313 1/2	316 1/2	319 1/2	322 1/2	325 1/2	328 1/2	331 1/2	334 1/2	337 1/2	340 1/2	343 1/2	346 1/2	349 1/2	352 1/2	355 1/2	358 1/2	361 1/2	364 1/2	367 1/2	370 1/2	373 1/2	376 1/2	379 1/2	382 1/2	385 1/2	388 1/2	391 1/2	394 1/2	397 1/2	400 1/2	403 1/2	406 1/2	409 1/2	412 1/2	415 1/2	418 1/2	421 1/2	424 1/2	427 1/2	430 1/2	433 1/2	436 1/2	439 1/2	442 1/2	445 1/2	448 1/2	451 1/2	454 1/2	457 1/2	460 1/2	463 1/2	466 1/2	469 1/2	472 1/2	475 1/2	478 1/2	481 1/2	484 1/2	487 1/2	490 1/2	493 1/2	496 1/2	499 1/2	502 1/2	505 1/2	508 1/2	511 1/2	514 1/2	517 1/2	520 1/2	523 1/2	526 1/2	529 1/2	532 1/2	535 1/2	538 1/2	541 1/2	544 1/2	547 1/2	550 1/2	553 1/2	556 1/2	559 1/2	562 1/2	565 1/2	568 1/2	571 1/2	574 1/2	577 1/2	580 1/2	583 1/2	586 1/2	589 1/2	592 1/2	595 1/2	598 1/2	601 1/2	604 1/2	607 1/2	610 1/2	613 1/2	616 1/2	619 1/2	622 1/2	625 1/2	628 1/2	631 1/2	634 1/2	637 1/2	640 1/2	643 1/2	646 1/2	649 1/2	652 1/2	655 1/2	658 1/2	661 1/2	664 1/2	667 1/2	670 1/2	673 1/2	676 1/2	679 1/2	682 1/2	685 1/2	688 1/2	691 1/2	694 1/2	697 1/2	700 1/2	703 1/2	706 1/2	709 1/2	712 1/2	715 1/2	718 1/2	721 1/2	724 1/2	727 1/2	730 1/2	733 1/2	736 1/2	739 1/2	742 1/2	745 1/2	748 1/2	751 1/2	754 1/2	757 1/2	760 1/2	763 1/2	766 1/2	769 1/2	772 1/2	775 1/2	778 1/2	781 1/2	784 1/2	787 1/2	790 1/2	793 1/2	796 1/2	799 1/2	802 1/2	805 1/2	808 1/2	811 1/2	814 1/2	817 1/2	820 1/2	823 1/2	826 1/2	829 1/2	832 1/2	835 1/2	838 1/2	841 1/2	844 1/2	847 1/2	850 1/2	853 1/2	856 1/2	859 1/2	862 1/2	865 1/2	868 1/2	871 1/2	874 1/2	877 1/2	880 1/2	883 1/2	886 1/2	889 1/2	892 1/2	895 1/2	898 1/2	901 1/2	904 1/2	907 1/2	910 1/2	913 1/2	916 1/2	919 1/2	922 1/2	925 1/2	928 1/2	931 1/2	934 1/2	937 1/2	940 1/2	943 1/2	946 1/2	949 1/2	952 1/2	955 1/2	958 1/2	961 1/2	964 1/2	967 1/2	970 1/2	973 1/2	976 1/2	979 1/2	982 1/2	985 1/2	988 1/2	991 1/2	994 1/2	997 1/2	1000 1/2	1003 1/2	1006 1/2	1009 1/2	1012 1/2	1015 1/2	1018 1/2	1021 1/2	1024 1/2	1027 1/2	1030 1/2	1033 1/2	1036 1/2	1039 1/2	1042 1/2	1045 1/2	1048 1/2	1051 1/2	1054 1/2	1057 1/2	1060 1/2	1063 1/2	1066 1/2	1069 1/2	1072 1/2	1075 1/2	1078 1/2	1081 1/2	1084 1/2	1087 1/2	1090 1/2	1093 1/2	1096 1/2	10
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[illegible]

and previously provided a comprehensive short course, for resale through the district, to throw the rest of the members into confusion, and it was to restore the deal-equilibrium. We had also the top rates of the district, also, the closing of the district, which lower figures were remarking that the sense, compulsory a party referred to

a feeling of oppo-
 sition to advance in prices
 and commission and other
 position late which
 customers by the above
 er, there is a strong
 urge to take hold of
 in view of a higher
 of prices; freed
 to be operated on
 y single operator from
 of the affairs of the
 be known for some
 facts are variously

F. Gerard
In brief B. H.
lady, a daughter
Sun rise.....
Sandy Hook.....

MAR 1896

Wm. & G.
Arlow, Cutler
Vernard Hill
C. W. Hill

to the general re-
last paper, on the
to remind the *Her-
its misrepresen-
blocks" of Railway
direct, and the indi-
their money in rail-
failed on his ac-
s of the financial
is still indorsed by
market by its own co-
shares, or ten mil-*

ould the entire loans
the banks in this
ive-fifth the money
the members of the
re securities dealt in
t that of this year
if not five-sixths;
to the representa-
ill also be found by
trouble and fudgery
gating the real facts
ated, though by no
upon railway and
freedom with which
the present finan-

[illegible]

18.55.			
19.345	Dec.-	9, 892	
19.606	Inc.-	8, 944	
22.175	Inc.-	10, 132	
45.698	Inc.-	11, 855	
03.145	Inc.-	24, 101	
18.55.			
19.610			
18.587	Dec.-	153, 467	
46.020	Inc.-	165, 410	
39.392	Inc.-	51, 253	
39.392	Dec.-	93, 051	
31.542	Dec.-	10, 025	

receipts we have added
 November, which we
 those of the first four
 complete week, and
 road ended on the
 mid the week's agree-
 for the sake of
 of the coal receipts
 close in a week or
 abroad reports in their
 the date of its busi-
 week are large on all
 of the year.

Roston.
 9, Saturday, Dec. 6.
 goods at the port of
 6 were as follows:

with potatoe Brig Col. W. with coal coffee, with co of-war Sarato hatched by the Schtr. Brand Propeller; s mber to H. I Propeller P Propeller P Propeller W Propeller B WIND-D.	Steamship Duncan, G Augusta, L
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[illegible]

ay, Dec. 6—5 P. M.
bbls. at \$6 25 for
for Extra Oswego.
Imports to-day—5,197
; 22,960 bush. Corn.
ments.

Oct. 25 26, ship Olinde, Tampore, crew sick.
 1. Jan. 26 18, Catherine A. Walla, from
 Delphi—crew sick, and short-handed.
 Foreign Ports.
 1. Nov. 22, ship John Cunningham, Hong

W. H. Titcomb, Manning,
Duncan; E. Townsend, Ho

blocks" of Railway
street, and the indus-
trial failed on his
owns of the financial
a still indorsed by
market by its own
shares, or ten mil-
lions of the entire loss
of the bonds in this
case. The money
of the members of the
the securities dealt in
that that of this vast
if not five-sixths.

ted to the representa-
 tion will also be found by
 trouble and indulge
 in gratifying the real facts
 and, though by no
 means upon railway and
 freedom with which
 the grossest insinua-
 tion in Bank and Railway
 outside of Wall-
 Street. Prescriptions to nearly
 all within the present
 and more widely dis-
 tributed on the pe-

Y	with sugar and
r	Burg, E. T.
e	de., with brass
S	Schr. Beaman
c	cor. dec. to
H	H. Piercen
r	Schr. Danvers
	H. Piercen
	Schr. York
	Hunter & Co.
	Schr. Francis
	Schr. Medford
	Schr. L. A.
	Schr. Mattin
	Schr. Madison
	Sloop Joel H.
	Proneller V.
	Proneller V.
	Proneller S.
	Proneller B.

Inc.	10,732	Bark Pamp
Dec.	46,098	to Mors &
Inc.	11,805	New-York
Dec.	50,347	to Mors &
Inc.	10,732	to Mors &
Dec.	138,610	to Mors &
Inc.	165,410	to Mors &
Dec.	165,410	to Mors &
Inc.	51,233	to Mors &
Dec.	93,565	to Mors &
Inc.	10,732	to Mors &
Dec.	10,732	to Mors &

close in reports in their
the date of a week-
week are large on all
of the year.

Sooty.
Saturday, Dec. 2.
Goods at the port of
5 were as follows:

tre.....	\$21,928
.....	30,136
.....	36,689
.....	17,335
.....	61,124
Articles.....	\$263,790
.....	\$378,861

graph.
S. C. M.

Propeller G.
Propeller P.
Propeller B.
Propeller C.
Propeller H.
WIND-D.

Steamship,
Dunsmuir, Glasgow,
from Otago
New-Orleans
New-York.

Bank Gen.
steaming Sat.

The ship Ma
has been 8 day

[illegible]

Spoken, &c.
Strals of Sunda, was passed ship Car.
13 S. lon. 39 E., Fr. bark *Quatre Meurs*
14 lon. 69, brig *Lincoln*, from *Jackman*.
Perfite.
15 lon. 71 67, ship *les Ranges*, from *Ma-*
16 lon. 79 24, brig *Manassah*, from *Ma-*
17 bark, 18 bark.
19 lon. 73 24, ship *Odessa*, from *Ma-*
20 lon. 75 34, bark *Charles A. White*, from
21 bark, bark, bark, and bark bark.

Foreign Ports.
Nov. 23, ship *John Comstock*, from

[illegible][illegible]

"exposure" but the "about" is unexplained, and even the critics, having the manuscript, have learnt much in the "about" the poet's philosophical, that a little more nature and less restraint would have produced better practical results; while the "about" has studied in the school of experience, has found life superior to literature, and literature, and, woman of genius as she is, acquires in the attainable results.

There is a remarkable similarity, by the way, in *Aurora Leigh* to an incident in *Jane Eyre*—in the blindness of Romney. The reader will recall the same disaster—happening in each case too at the conflagration of the owner's dwelling—to Mr. Rochester, and its corresponding appeal to the sympathies of CORAUX BELL's heroine.

In this glance at a portion of the outline of a large volume, we have but feebly indicated its pervading interest, which is that of thoughtful, profound reflection on the problems of society and individual life. In these Mrs. Browning is no visionary, nor is she a mere thing, a didactic poetess, but a woman of the world, a woman of the times with a fullness which requires to get on with the narrative; but the whole is couched in so pure and elegant an expression, is relieved by so frequent playfulness and pathos—by such vivid touches of the imagination—that it will attract again and again.

It would be doing the reader injustice not to present a few of the numerous exquisite detachable passages in the book. Here is a bit of charming feminine gracefulness, in a sentiment too delicate for a masculine pen—Motherhood in its charge of Infancy:

Women know
 The way to rear up children, (to be just.)
 They know a simple, merry, tender knack
 Of being strong and sweet, and kind, and true,
 And singing pretty words that make no sense,
 And kissing full lips into empty words;
 They know things are too good to be true,
 Although such trifles: children learn by such,
 Love's holy earnest in a pretty play,
 And get not over-early acquainted
 With the world's ways, and its ways of sin.
 But, meeting as in infancy, the Divine,
 Which burns and hurts not,—not a single blow,
 Becomes aware and unafraid of Love.
 So, when a child is born, it comes as well
 —Mine did, I know,—but still with heavier brains,
 And will more consciously responsible,
 And not as wisely, as the mother's soul;
 So, when a child is born, it comes as well
 —Mine did, I know,—but still with heavier brains,
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 And will more consciously responsible,
 And not as wisely, as the mother's soul;

Another, not wholly unlike—A Girl's Blush:

Girl's blush, sometimes, because they are alive,
 Half wishing they were dead to save the shame,
 The sudden blush devours them, neck and brow;
 They draw too near the light, like ghosts,
 And flare up bodily, wings and all. What then?
 Who's sorry for a guilt—or girl?—I blushed,

I feel the brand upon my forehead now
 Stride hot, clear deep, as guiltless men may feel
 Of the iron, or the sword, or the mark
 Of that they are not. Most illogical.
 Irrational nature of our womanhood,
 That blushes one way, feels another way,
 And sways the heart of the man, who, after all,
 We cannot be the equal of the male,
 Who rules his blood a little.

There are many descriptions of scenery, rare glimpses of England, France and Italy. This of a London fog strikes us as eminently forcible and original:

Or I saw
 Fog only, the great tawny weltering fog,
 Involve the passive city, strangle it
 Alive, and draw it off into the void,
 By the great iron, or the sword, or the mark
 Of that they are not. Most illogical.
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 Who rules his blood a little.

There are many descriptions of scenery, rare glimpses of England, France and Italy. This of a London fog strikes us as eminently forcible and original:
 </

For ever, steadily, still, still, still
Could rest on Nature's warm bosom's back;
For ever, steadily, still, still, still
Could dream the sweetest of our dreams;—
Could dream the sweetest of our dreams;—
No! no! the sweetness of their singing
Held them to a captivation;—
Yet ask me not the reason why
I have delight in minstrelsy.

Five years later appeared *The Scorpion*, and other Poems, a great advance on the previous excellence. There was the inspiration of the Sybil in the transcendent rapture of spirituality. "Cowper's Grave" in this volume, proved, too, a firmer tread on the solid earth. It was about this time that the authors suffered from the breaking of a blood-vessel in the lungs, and the disaster doomed her to years of solitary confinement, if that may be said of one to whom all the great minds of the world were present. The death of a brother, with two of his companions, lost in the upsetting of a boat at a watering-place where she had gone for her health, was an additional blow which darkened the naturally grave temperament of the young poetess. The nature of her retirement was deepened. In 1844 the fruits of her retirement appeared in two new volumes of Poems. The chief was entitled "A Drama of Exile," an exquisite lyric version of a theme where not to fall was to succeed—and it was a success. "The Cry of the Children," "O Lady Geraldine's Courtship," and other universally recognised poems, accompanied the Drama. The next version of the poet's life was her marriage to the poet Browning, a happy event for both. It was now, indeed, that the triumphs they have since so orally gained in literature. BROWNING'S last book is his best, and Mrs. BROWNING has acquired a larger scope in her Italian poems—a consummate picture of the late revolutionary movement, *One Giddy Window*, or scenes from the chamber window in Florence, and *La Leggenda* is a still idiosyncratic—true to the classical tastes of the young artist, abounding in the classical tastes of her first love, infused with the pathos of her second period, broadening into the spirit of the age and the prophecy of the future. Nature, learning and life work harmoniously in the product.

PARIS GOSSIP.

Exciting Drama in English Life at Paris.—Fleeing Proprietors in the Maitrepolle.—The English Colony at Cannes.—Paul Delarocche.

Correspondence of the New-York Daily Times:

PARIS, Monday, Nov. 17, 1858.

The English population of Paris are in a great state of excitement this week on account of a singular drama which has just passed here, in which their countrymen were the principal actors. The incidents recall the points of interest in the history of WILLIAM PALMER, the elegant murderer, who associated with the habits of refined life the practices of the highest crime. I was about to repeat the history to you as I heard it in English circles, when the Sunday edition of *Le Nord*, the Russian Journal of Brussels, arrived, confirming the details in a concise, and I believe correct form. I send you these details almost in the form of the history of the drama, and give the names of the principal actors in the drama, which *Le Nord* does not give, and an important circumstance in connection with the last hours of the deceased. A judicial investigation has commenced, and at this moment it is believed by many that a crime is concealed behind the tragedy which I am going to recount.

On Sunday, two weeks ago, the last steppe chase of the season took place at a Madon or the park of the city, and the day had been unusually gay and animated. In the evening, as the elegant crowd returned to Paris, a phantom drawn by a spirited horse, was overtopped in the Avenue de l'Imperatrice, just outside the barrier. The phantom belonged to Mr. BURDET, cousin of the well-known English millionaire, Miss Burdett. Comrade in the Crimea, and one of the high life at Paris. The carriage was driven by Mr. BURDET himself, and at his side was seated Mr. BETTELL, a young friend and comrade.

Mr. BETTELL had gone to the races in the morning in his own calash, but he had lent it to bring back a Paris jockey who had been seriously wounded by the fall of his horse in one of the races, and mounted himself in the carriage of his friend BURDET. When the coachman, who was the nephew of the jockey, but gentlemen either sprang or fell to the ground clear of the carriage. Mr. BURDET was not hurt; the fall was much more serious for his companion. Mr. BETTELL died two days afterwards, on Tuesday, and was interred on Thursday.

MEETS BURDET and BETTELL lived together in the closest intimacy. They had the same tastes and shared the same pleasures since Mr. BETTELL had taken up his residence in the Avenue de l'Imperatrice, and one entirely independent of the will of the two parties, they would have been brothers-in-law. Mrs. CUNNINGHAM, sister of Mr. BURDET, had been on the point of marrying Mr. BETTELL. The affair had progressed so far that the house where the honeymoon was to have been passed had been rented and furnished at Brighton, when Mrs. CUNNINGHAM, who believed that she had good reasons for declining a widow, learned that Mr. CUNNINGHAM still lived.

This revelation brought to the now distracted woman a whole America of troubles. Mr. CUNNINGHAM, a vagabond of the lowest category, had left some time ago for Australia, from whence he wrote home occasionally to his family. There are good reasons in fact why these orphans from elegant life should not be so much friends. The father of the young man, the family is the only party which remains open to them, and they have recourse to it as often as the immense distance permits. When two or three packet-boats have arrived without bringing a draft drawn by the distress of the adventurer or the kindness of his mother, wife or sister, it may safely be concluded that he has found the end of his miseries in death.

It had been nearly two years since Mr. BURDET had heard and saw his sister-in-law, and his husband, so that he had made all her arrangements for contracting, in all surety of conscience, a new marriage. Suddenly the lost husband turned up in an obscure corner of London. He occupies the lowest place in the stable of a livery establishment. The wife, frightened at the resurrection of her husband, and shocked at his degradation, fled to the Continent. Mr. BETTELL, also, seeing his hopes of marriage thus destroyed, turned to the Channel and rejoined, at Paris, his late affianced bride.

The history commenced as a drama—a romance—interference. If these were adventures invented at pleasure, one might put more order and more of unity in their relation. But we must follow the reality in all its zigzags.

Mr. BETTELL and Mrs. CUNNINGHAM both belonged to a rank too distinguished, too obedient to the proprieties of the world to permit themselves an intimacy that could be seen by all this world. They, therefore, lived separately, each one having their own house, where they lived grandly, honorably, sumptuously, even, as was in keeping with their fortunes and their elevated rank in society.

At Paris Mr. BETTELL was led naturally to form an intimacy with Mr. BURDET, brother of Mrs. CUNNINGHAM, who came so near being his brother-in-law. I have already said that they had similar tastes and habits; I should add that they were about the same age, and that he was a few years, younger than his friend, who is about 35.

In friendship as in love, it is not possible to sustain a variety of habits or a variety of affections, without one taking the lead of the others. Mr. BETTELL neglected for his new companion his former comrades of predilection. The latter did not see themselves supplanted without conceiving a certain degree of hatred to the man who much more than himself, was so rich and a high rank in society. Perhaps, contempt scrupulously with them the cost of their common pleasures.

The day of the interment of Mr. BETTELL, his discontented friends, and especially one of them, Mr. CLEGGAN, Irish by birth, who had been replaced by Mr. BURDET in the functions of the livery establishment, did not stop at showing his displeasure to the friends of the deceased, but pronounced blows against him. The most atrocious accusations. He went so far as to accuse him of the death of Mr. BETTELL. A quarrel and great confusion ensued in the midst of the funeral ceremonies, which required the intervention of the police to arrest.

THE POOR PROPRIETORS!

The price of rents in Paris two years ago was about equal to the price of rents at this moment in London or New-York. Since that time this figure has been doubled. The cause is to be found, without the aid of any complicated calculations, in the enormous conditions which have taken place for the embellishment of the city. With the scarcity of houses, according to the natural laws of commerce, follows an augmentation of price, and at the same time of exigencies on the part of landlords. After thus having briefly disposed of the cause, it is the exigencies of the landlords to which I wish to devote a little space. When however I have said enough, but a little stretch of philosophy to understand and to quietly submit to the payment of an increased price; but it is another thing to admit all the absurd requirements of the landlords.

Thus we hear of one landlord who, the moment he heard the house-hunter speak in good French, exclaimed, "Oh! you will not suit, Sir. We only let to English."

Another was about to close a bargain a few days ago, for a suite of rooms with a balcony on the boulevard, when the proprietor stopped and said to his tenant: "Pardon, Sir, but I ought to tell you that all my tenants who occupy front rooms are in the habit of going to the country, and of leaving me the keys, every time there is a public ceremony on the boulevard, such as reviews, illustrious funerals, entry of a monarch and the like." "But Sir, I am a philosopher to understand and to quietly submit to the payment of an increased price; but it is another thing to admit all the absurd requirements of the landlords."

"You tenants are free to absent themselves under such circumstances, if they choose, but as I am very curious to see such shows, I shall remain at home."

"Oh, if that's the case, I am sorry. We will not be able to receive you, for my windows and balconies are all let to the large hotels of Paris, who occupy them for a long time with their lodgers." "But Sir, it seems to me —"

"It is the habit of the house."

Another proprietor whose apartments suit, the price included, objects because the tenant keeps a dog.

Another objected to a cat, and when asked what security there would be against mice, replied stotically that cats scratched the wall paper and did other damage to the apartment, while mice only damaged the goods of the tenants.

Another object to children. But this is not so serious a consideration, since it is the habit in Paris to send children to the country.

Another objects to a musician, and will not allow dancing in the house, because it shakes the floors.

A landlord objected to a tenant who proposed to take his sixth floor, because he had light hair: The landlord's lady, who lived on a lower floor, soon expected an addition to her household, and she desired a child with black hair, she feared the unhappy consequences of a rencontre with the light-haired man on the stairs.

A landlord who had been absent, found, on his return, one of his female tenants in an "interesting situation." He flew into a passion, and demanded to know how she had dared to take such a liberty, when it was expressly stated in lease that there were to be no children! He then hurried to the village, where he found a three years' residence in California, and found a similar state of affairs at home, he refused to acknowledge the situation "interesting."

THE ENGLISH COLONY AT CANNES.

The spot chosen by Lord BROUGHAM for a residence at Cannes, in the south of France, promises to become soon an exclusively English population. Lord EXETER has just purchased the property, at the price of fifty thousand dollars, of, of charming style, in the gothic style, constructed recently by another Englishman, Mr. WOLFE. In visiting Scotland, a few years ago, Mr. WOLFE was struck with the appearance of a gothic castle, beautifully situated on the borders of the Ben Lomond. He took the design of it, traced the plan and the elevation, and resolved to reproduce this building on the picturesque heights of Cannes. He almost immediately called by the village of Brougham, Leander, Osmanson, Bortington and others.

Eighteen months afterwards the salons on the boom of the Mediterranean could see rising up the high towers and battlements of the castle of Mr. WOLFE. Lord EXETERBROUGH, who lately visited Cannes, was astonished in seeing a thousand miles from home, the old manor of his ancestors. In a few hours the male was signed and sealed. The new owner immediately ordered his arms placed throughout the building, and already occupies his new residence. But his towers, his keepers and battlements, instead of being lowered by the fogs of Ben Lomond, reflect themselves in the blue crystal of the waters of the Mediterranean.

A WORD ON PAUL DELACROIX.

You have no doubt already announced the death of the great artist—the Walter Scott of painters, who has just left for the country where awaits him his little prizes smothered by RICHARD, of Gloucester, and his Jane Grey, cut in two by a blow of the ax. Since he had lost his wife, daughter of HORACE VERNET, DELACROIX resembled a body without a soul. The present society, so positive and so realistic, so loving of mammon and of the ugly facts of nature, so laughing and irritating to the eye, left this wretched man alone in the last ten years of his life. This wretched man became hypochondriac. He showed no signs of emotion in regard to the great Exhibition of last year, in which the works of artists of all nations were to enter into competition. He no longer looked at life on his bright side. Although his condition was alarming, his death was not expected so soon. From the death of the illustrious artist and his friends: "Will I ever see blossom the Spring of 1857?" He died taking a foothold, of hydrophy of the liver and aneurism of the heart.

MALAKOFF.

Farquhar Personal Gossip.

Speaking of Mr. BRIGHT'S rumored retirement from public life, the London Times says: The Hon. Member for Manchester was compelled, last session, from the effects of years of overwork of body and mind, and under medical advice, to discontinue for a while his attendance in the House of Commons. His subsequent tour to a wild portion of nature, and his subsequent teaching mission, to improve his general health, after an extremely unwholesome life, would have been the only means of maintaining his vitality.

[illegible]

DRY GOODS

**CLEARING OUT
AT AN IMMENSE SACRIFICE.
THE FALL AND WINTER TRADE.
A BARE CHANCE.**

CHAR. HEARD & CO., No. 301 Grand-st., having de-
termined to close out their Fall and Winter business, will
COMMENCE, MONDAY, DEC. 1, 1893,
A GENERAL REDUCTION OF 50 PER CENT.
ON THEIR
ENTIRE STOCK
OF RICH AND FASHIONABLE DRY GOODS.
For particulars, see advertisement elsewhere.

ALL OUR TEN BILLING AND DOLLAR SILKS,
Marked down to 60 per yard.
Wishing to reduce our large stock
of Rich Dress Silks and Silk Robes
previous to the close of the season,
we will offer them at a reduction in price
of from 25 to 50 per cent.

**BEEKMAN & COMPANY,
No. 478 Broadway.**

LUPIN'S RICH MERRINOES,
Are sold
AT HALF THEIR VALUE,
By
CHAR. HEARD & CO., No. 301 Grand-st.

SILKS: SILKS: SILKS!!!
FOR HOLIDAY PRESENTS,
SHAWLS! SHAWLS!!! SHAWLS!!!
FOR HOLIDAY PRESENTS.

Great bargains in all our goods. Ladies' and Children's Dress Goods.

for presents, at
ANDREW G. COLETT
 No. 230 Grand-st., corner Eldridge-st.
TO BUY A RICH LYONS VELVET,
 AT HALF ITS VALUE,
 Go to
CHAS. HEARD & CO.'s, No. 301 Grand-st.
 IMMENSE REDUCTION
 RICH DRESSING GOODS.
CHAS. G. HOOK, No. 708 Broadway,
 will offer,
 THIS DAY, (Monday), Dec. 8,
 his
GREAT BARGAINS IN
RICH DRESS SILKS,
 LUPIN'S FRENCH MERMOES,
 PARAMATTA,
 MUSLIN DE LAINES, &c. &c.
JAMES A. HEARN,
 NEW GOODS,
 Rich Silk Robes—Robe Silks.
NOVELTIES.
 Sample Book—Free on Application.

BOARDS, STAIRS, AND FURNITURE.
 LACES.
 Real Point, Chantilly, Appliqued, Houston Collars,
 Straws, Handkerchiefs, &c.
 No. 776 Broadway, above 34th St.

THE LARGEST CUSTOM
Establishment,
 In the United States.
F. DERBY & COMPANY,
 Of No. 12 Park Place,
 New York.
 Receive per steamers and sailing vessels, throughout the
 season, every desirable novelty for gentlemen's dress.

DO YOU WISH A RICH MILK.
AT HALF ITS VALUE!
 Go to
CHAS. HEARD & CO.'S, No. 301 Grand st.
RICH DRESSES FOR THE APPROACH-
ING HOLIDAYS.
 500 elegant Brocade and other
 SILK ROBES
 Will be offered on Monday, Dec. 8,

At 25c each.
Unal price 40c and 45c.
A. T. STEWART & CO.
Broadway, Chambers and Rensselaer sts.

SELLING OFF
RENOUVEAU, COSTABLE & CO.
Are now offering their Fall and Winter
DRESS GOODS
at a greatly reduced retail price and will call the attention of
the public to the following articles:

SILKS	PERFUMES
SILK ROBES	M. DE LAINE'S
EMBROIDERIES	CLOTHING
LACES	CALICOES

AND
HOUSEKEEPING GOODS.
Being desirous of closing out their stock at a
to removal. No. 63 Canal-st., near Broadway.

CLOAKS.
A SUPERB ASSORTMENT,
ALL NEW
SUPERIOR IN QUALITY,
SUPERIOR IN STYLE.
JAMES H. HENRY.

No. 716 Broadway, above 94th St.

500 PAIRS WET BLANKETS, 51 EACH.
A. 500 pairs handsome down filled, per yard.
Black and Gray Beaver Cloth, only 1c.
Broche long shawls, 4c. worth 30c.
Wide Paramatta, 4c. worth 30c. 20000.
Linen Napkins, 1c. per dozen.
Bedsheets, 1c. per yard. 10000.
OLIVER MOWBRAY, 320 3rd Grand, cor. Fourth St.

RICH HOLIDAY GIFTS.

Real India Camels Hair
SHAWLS AND SCARFS
(Ordice moderate)
Many of them rare beauty, just received by the *Paradise*
Express, from *Peruvia* and *Chile*.
Broadway, Chambers and Beale Sts.

RICH LACES FOR HOLIDAY PRESENTS.
Just received, per *Peruvia*, point collars and lace, black
Chantilly veil and flounce collars, capes and barrettes
Also, point lace, lace collars, capes and lace
trimmings, in entirely new designs. N. B.—A new lot at

MILLER & GRANT, No. 371 Broadway.

LACES AND EMBROIDERIES,
At Reduced Prices.
JAMES CROPEY
Offers the balance of his splendid and well-sorted stock of
Laces and Embroideries at a great reduction in price at
No. 441 Broadway.

CLOAKS, CLOAKS.
ARNOLD CO. STABLES, 110 N. 3d St.
Will offer their Fall Garments at reduced prices, on
Monday, the 8th inst. No. 62 Canal-st., near Broadway.

SPRIG SPRING SKIRTS, GUTTA PERCHA
CLOAKS, lace, embroideries, handkerchiefs, baby goods,
shawls and talmas, French woven corsets, and all kinds
of goods, at wholesale and retail prices, at
No. 100 Broadway, **FORMAN & CO., No. 706 Broadway.**

GUTTA PERCHA CORD FOR SKIRT
Springs can be had at MOOREN, and all kinds of corsets
and millinery at MOOREN, No. 235 Grand-st., one door
from Eldridge-st.

DRY GOODS, BLANKETS, FLANNELS,
Prints, De Laines, Broadcloths, Cassimeres, Sateens,
Linen, Table Cloths, Towels, &c. &c. Cashmere, &c.
for sale by
WILLIAM MATHEWS,
No. 54 Catherine-st.

FURS.
HARLEY,
No. 34 John-st., and No. 33 Maiden-lane,
Has the best assortment of
FINE FURS
IN THE CITY.
And he will challenge competition as to price and
quality.

**LADIES CAN SEE THE CHOICEST ASSORT-
MENT OF
FINE MINK ARTICLES,
AT HARLEY'S.**

No. 34 John-st., and No. 83 Maiden-lane.

LADIES' FANCY FURS.
BACKUS, OSBORNE & CO.,
Nos. 51 AND 53 MAIDEN-LANE, N. Y.,
Offer at WHOLESALE & RETAIL, a very desirable
assortment of

LADIES FANCY FUR
Consisting of RUSSIAN SABLE, HUDSON'S BAY
MARTEN, MINK, STONE MARTEN and FITCH,
manufactured in the latest (most fashionable) styles
EXPRESSLY FOR CITY RETAIL TRADE.

GENUINE FURS,
SABLE, MINK, SQUIRREL,
And other Furs.

A. T. STEWART & CO.
Broadway, Chambers and Reade sts.

FURS—LANDRY'S FURS.
None to surpass them this season.
Orders promptly filled. "The Fur Store."

FURS, FURS—A LARGE AND CHOICE ASSORTMENT for ladies and gentlemen, as well as **unexpensive by any** "Niece" and children's wear, in all their varieties; the newest styles of children's hats and cloth caps.

KEELOGG, Manufacturer, No. 121 Canal-st.

MILLINERY.

FALL MILLINERY GOODS.

P. T. WILDE.
Nos. 50 and 25 John-st.
IMPORTER AND MANUFACTURER
OF
SILK MILLINERY GOODS,
Bonnets, Gowns,
Silk and Fancy Bonnets,
Dress Caps and Head Dresses,
French Flowers, Feather, &c.
A complete stock of the above goods constantly on hand,
and for sale at the lowest market prices.

OFFICE OF RECEIVERS OF TAXES, New Court-House.

NOTICE—IN CONFORMITY WITH AN ACT for the collection of TAXES, passed April 18, 1864, I hereby give notice to all tax payers who have omitted to pay their taxes for the year 1864, that unless the same be paid to me at my office, on or before the first day of January, I shall proceed to collect the same by a writ of attachment at the rate of 25 per cent. per annum, calculated from the 10th day of last September to the day of payment.

HENRY H. HOWARD,
Recorder of the City.

DEAR!—DON'T GRUMBLE ABOUT SIZE, GO
The year 1864 is holding out to the w-er, cotton &c. 25-40-6. She is selling at 25, for you selling.

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WESTERN BANK - 1949

DEBTS OF U. S.		U. S. ARMY	
U. S. BANK		U. S. ARMY	
Exchange Bk	478.32		
Leah's Bank	707.79		
Bank of America	400.11		
of Commerce	1,271.42		
of Louisiana	11,273.28		
of New York	1,252.00		
of New Orleans	8,013.96		
of Republic	1,252.00		
of St. New York	2,438.12		
andway Bank	1,403.64		
U. S. Head Bank	300.215		
Rich'de Prov. Bk	550.980		
atham Bank	1,252.00		
um Bank	904.97		
Bank	1,078.107		
imental Bank	1,252.00		
Exch. Bank	1,252.00		
ilver Bank	428.791		
oton Bank	1,252.00		
enrich Bank	786.23		
Bank	1,252.00		
over Bank	1,252.00		
U. S. Traders Bk	1,252.00		

Bank	767,000	64,125	125,127
1st Nat. Bk.	5,416,000	177,000	1,000,000
Bank of Manhattan Co.	1,000,000	200,000	1,000,000
Bank of Montreal	1,404,974	1,000,000	1,000,000
Trust Bank	6,000,000	1,000,000	1,000,000
Chemical Bank	3,919,519	618,700	1,000,000
First Nat. Assoc.	1,110,665	5,416	1,000,000
Bank of Ind. & Pac.	1,000,000	1,000,000	1,000,000
Bank of Commerce	2,198,254	1,000,000	1,000,000
Manufacturers' Bank	3,380,308	981,000	1,000,000
First Nat. Bk.	2,548,417	1,000,000	1,000,000
Bank of Montreal	1,814,000	1,000,000	1,000,000
Bank of Montreal	1,200,000	1,000,000	1,000,000
Bank of Montreal	1,674,000	302,200	1,000,000
Bank of Montreal	1,000,000	1,000,000	1,000,000
Bank of Montreal	477,000	111,113	1,000,000
Bank of Montreal	300,440	10,000	1,000,000
Bank of Montreal	1,079,000	62,224	1,000,000
Bank of Montreal	1,000,000	1,000,000	1,000,000

Central Bank	\$6,000	14,000	117,000
First Bank	\$60,000	50,000	1,000,000
First Nat. Bank	\$2,000,000	1,000,000	1,000,000
People's Bank	\$750,000	500,000	1,000,000
Savings Bank	2,125,000	1,000,000	1,000,000
State Bank	710,000	500,000	1,000,000
South Ward Bk	1,100,000	500,000	1,000,000
W. & Leath, Bk	2,200,000	1,000,000	1,000,000
W. & Leath, Bk	1,000,000	500,000	1,000,000
Yonkers Bank	2,400,000	1,000,000	1,000,000
Total	\$10,000,000	\$5,000,000	\$10,000,000
State	\$1,000,000	500,000	1,000,000
City	1,000,000	500,000	1,000,000
County	1,000,000	500,000	1,000,000
Other	1,000,000	500,000	1,000,000
Total	\$4,000,000	\$2,000,000	\$4,000,000
Total	\$14,000,000	\$7,000,000	\$14,000,000

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chr. J. R. Marvel, Eugene, Oregon.
chr. N. Shaler, Lawrence, Portland, Conn.
chr. Celestial, Coe, Portland, Conn.
chr. Nerissa, Steadard, Boston, with notes.

chr. John H. Williams, Stevens, Milford, with com.
 ropeller Unca, Bates, Hartford.
 ropeller Sophia, Green, Philadelphia.
 ropeller Sberuckto, Geer, Norwich.
 FIND—Sunrise, W.; Sunset, N. W.

—**Sailed.**—

Steamship Quaker City, Shufeldt, New-Orleans via Ha-
 ma. Ship's Artel, Cutler, Melbourne; Memphis, Davis,
 New-Orleans; Panama, Hanson, Boston; John W.
 Harding, San Francisco; Texas, Merrill, Cadiz, and
 others.

—**Below.**—

Ship's Marmet, (of Eastport) Nickerson, from Salem.

Also, the Br. brig Jerome, recently ashore on Squam
low of steaming Hunters. Also, 2 brig to the south
—(By Capt. Hazard, of steaming W. H. Webb.)

Notice to Mariners.
LIGHT-HOUSE at SABINE PASS.
light-house has recently been erected on Point
of Sabine Pass. Light will be lighted for the
time on or about the evening of Jan. 1, 1885, of which
public notice will be given. The tower is 100 feet
high.

pe, and painted white. It is 75 feet in length and 12 feet in width of lantern. The following description is taken from a letter of August 18, 1896, from an observer at an elevation of 846 feet above sea level: "A fixed white light varied by flashes, and showed the position of the light-house. The light was observed from a vessel, at a distance of about 15 nautical miles, at an approximate position of this light-house as: Lat. 30° 20' N., Long. 90° 20' W. To cross the Gulf of Mexico, and to pass the light-house to bear N. by N. and 3 miles from the shore of the Louisiana shore abreast of the light-house." By order of the Light-house Board:

W. H. STEVENS, Corps of Eng'rs, U. S. N. Insp.

ALBUQUERQUE, N. M., Nov. 20, 1896.

CAPE HATTERAS BEACON LIGHT.

A wooden open frame-work beacon has been erected on the site of the Sand Spit, extending in nearly a due course from the Cape Hatteras Light-house. The beacon is a cylindrical tower, 10 feet in diameter at the base, and 12 feet in height. It is painted red; is painted red, and fitted with a 6th order electric light. A fixed white light will be placed on every night greater, from a elevation of 25 feet above the mean high water of the Light-house Board:

W. H. C. WHITING, Ins.-Gen. Corps of Eng'rs, U. S. N.

WILMINGTON, N. C., Nov. 21, 1896.

LIGHT-HOUSE AT ARNAPS PASS, TEXAS.

ARNAPS PASS, TEXAS, 472 feet above sea level.

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to be given. The light, when beaming, put the vessel
between the two points of the light, but the beam
often that no directions can be given for crossing with
a pilot.

By order of the Light-house Board:
W. H. STEVENS, Corps of Eng'rs, L. H. Insp.
BALTIMORE, Texas, Oct. 29, 1866.

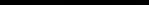
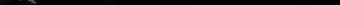
Domestic Ports.
At Jacksonville, Fla., Nov. 23, bark Northwood, Norris
Buenos Ayres, ready.

Spoken, &c.
Oct. 25, lat. 32 33, lon. 21 40, ship Mary, whaler, of Nan

Foreign Ports.

La Trinidad de Cuba, Nov. 23, brig R. L. Palmer, for New-York; also, C. P. Pennington, do de The bark "Porto Rico," from New-York, and sch. G. R. Gardner, for Boston, sailed Nov. 18.

Havana, Nov. 24, bark Lexington, from Mobile, just arrived.



ALL INFORMATION CONTAINED HEREIN IS UNCLASSIFIED

**CLEARING OUT
AT AN HENRIETTA'S SACRIFICE
THE FALL AND WINTER TRADE.
A RARE CHANCE.**

**CHAR. HEARD & CO., No. 96 Grand St., having re-
ceived a large stock of Fall and Winter Goods,
COMMENCE, MONDAY, DEC. 1, 1892,
A GENERAL REDUCTION OF 25 PER CENT.
ON THEIR
ENTIRE STOCK
OF RICH AND FASHIONABLE DRY GOODS.**

For particulars, see advertisement.

**LUPIN'S RICH HERRINGES,
AND
AT HALF THEIR VALUE.**

By
CHAR. HEARD & CO., No. 96 Grand St.

HOLIDAY PRESENTS.

Dress Goods of every description, Silks, Satins, Woolens,
Furts, Quills, De Laines, Prints, Table Covers, Towels, Linens,
Cordedens, Hosiery and Gloves, at great bargains. Goods
on stock, at

ANDREW J. COLEMAN

HOUSEKEEPERS' GOODS, AWFULLY SACRIFICED.

By
CHAS. HEARD & CO., No. 301 Grand St.
SILKS!! SILKS!! SILKS!!!
FOR HOLIDAY PRESENTS.
SHAWLS! SHAWLS!! SHAWLS!!!
FOR HOLIDAY PRESENTS.
Great bargain silk and shawl goods at these low
percentages, at
No. 306 Grand St., corner Williams St.
TO BUY A RICH LYONS VELVET—
AT HALF ITS VALUE,
Go to
CHAS. HEARD & CO.'S, No. 301 Grand St.
HOLIDAY PRESENTS.
UNUSUAL BARGAINS.
The following goods are on hand—

The following, low 51 remaining goods, consigned to
represents, will be sold at half their value, being a special
occasion, namely:

2 cases fine French calico, yard wide, 1c. per yard.
3 cases superfine blue and white, yard wide, 1c. 1/2c. per yard.
500 dresses, fine English, 5c. per yard.
1,800 dresses, superfine English, 5c. per yard.
3 cases fine de laine, 1c. per yard.
3 cases superfine de laine, 1c. 1/2c. per yard.
N. B. A handsome lot of umbrellas at a great reduction, at W. JACKSON'S new mourning store, No. 123 Pearl Street, between Spring and Prince sts., opposite Tiffany & Co.

THE LARGEST CUSTOM
Establishment
In the United States.
F. DERBY & COMPANY,
Of No. 123 Pearl Street.
Fall, and Winter
Receive per pleasers and selling, and for the
season, every desirable novelty for gentlemen's dress.

**DO YOU WISH A RICH SILK,
AT HALF ITS VALUE?**
Go to
CHAS. HERRING & CO.'S, No. 301 Grand-st.
SELLING OFF.

ARNOLD, CONSTABLE & CO.
Are now offering their Fall and Winter
DRESS GOODS

greatly reduced prices, and would call the attention
public to the following articles:

SILK ROBES.	MERIKOS.
EMBROIDERIES.	M. DE LAINE'S.
LACES.	CLOTHES.
	CALICOES.

AND
HOUSEKEEPING GOODS,
Relief of distress, and the most complete separate
to removal. No. 62 Canal-st., near Broadway.

THE LADIES AGAIN EXCITED!
at the
IMMENSE SACRIFICE
of these
RICH AND FASHIONABLE GOWNS
at
CHAS. HEARD & CO.'S, No. 361 Grand-st.

JAMES A. HEARN.
NEW GOODS.
Rich Silk Robes—Rich Silks.
NOVELTIES.

Real Point—Chantilly—Appiqué—Hemstitch

Collars — Sleeves — Handkerchiefs — Cuffbands —
No. 50 Canal-st., above 5th-st.

GAMBLET GLOVES
Just received by the *Parade* a case of plain and fine
Gamblet Cloth Gloves.

LE BOUTILLIER BROTHERS,
No. 50 Canal-st., No. 4 Howard-st.

ALL THE RAGE!
Those

RICH LYONS VELVETS
GIVEN AWAY ALMOST
AT
CHAS. HEARD & CO.'S, No. 301 Grand-st.

BLACK AND DARK GRAY BEAVER
CLOAKS.
A great bargain for \$10 to \$12.
A. W. JACKSON, Mourning Store,
No. 551 Broadway, between Spring and Prince.

SKIRTS! SKIRTS! SKIRTS! SKIRTS! SKIRTS!
SLAS & SHERWOOD, Wholesale Skirt Manufactory,
No. 100 Broadway, between Spring and Prince.

skirt manufactory in the country, employing 300 hands and using 150 sewing machines, making over 70 different

styles of ladies and children's skirts of every grade, from the lowest price child to the finest hair cloth and crepe de chine.

DRESS GOODS, BLANKETS, FLANNELS,
Prints, De Laines, Broadcloths, Cassimeres, Salmos, Linens, Table Cloths, Towels, Diaper, Cashmires, &c. &c. by the piece or by the yard.

WILLIAM HARTWIG,
No. 54 Catharine st.

CAMEL'S HAIR LONG SHAWL, WHITE,
Centre, and other very desirable East India Goods, offered THIS DAY, at FOUNTAIN'S India Store, No. 23 Broadway.

FURS.

HARLEY,
No. 54 John-st., and No. 23 Maiden-lane,
has the best assortment of

FINE FURS
IN THE CITY.

And he will challenge competition as to price and quality.

WALLACE CANSEY THE CHOICEST ASSORTMENT

LADIES CAN SEE THE CHOICEST ASSORTMENT OF
FINE MINK ARTICLES.

AT HARLETS,
No. 84 John-st., and No. 23 Maiden-lane.
LADIES' FANCY FURS!
BACKUS, OSBORNE & CO.,
Nos. 51 AND 52 MAIDEN-LANE, N. Y.
Offer at WHOLESALE and RETAIL, the very best Central
Assortment of **LADIES' FANCY FURS**
Consisting of RUSSIAN, BADLY, HUDSON'S, BEA
MARTEN, MINK, STONE MARTEN AND FITZ
manufactured in the latest (most fashionable) and
EXPENSIVE FOR CLOTHES AND FUR TRADE.
FURS-LANDMAY'S FURS.
None to surpass them this season.
Orders carefully executed. No. 68 Broadway.
LADIES' AND CHILDREN'S FANCY FURS!
If you wish to obtain fashionable and desirable
Furs at moderate prices, call on BANTA'S store, 100
Canal and Wooster sts., where you can make selections
from a large stock.

FURS, FURS.—A LARGE AND CHOICE AS-
sortment, for ladies and misses, unsurpassed by any
other; and children's costumes in all their variations: the

PUBLIC MEETINGS.

A. BROWNSON, LL. D.— WILL DELIVER
a course of three lectures, on the *Characteristics of Modern Civilization*, at Hope Chapel, No. 712 Broadway,
on MONDAY, FRIDAY and WEDNESDAY, Dec. 8, 9
and 10, 1856. Tickets to be had at the Catholic book-
stores, and at the door on the night of the lecture.

A LECTURE WILL BE DELIVERED BY
JAMES H. HENCH,
at the Tabernacle on FRIDAY EVENING, Dec. 11.
Subject, "FORAIGN INFLUENCE." (Body of the hall)
The subject will be discussed by Mr. H. and his
audience. To be had at Hall's Music Store, Broadway,
Dunigan's, N. 10 Fulton-st., Haverty's, N. 10 West
St., and at the office of the Irish News and Irish American
news-papers. Doors open at 7 o'clock; Lecture to commence at 8 o'clock.

AT THE REQUEST OF A LARGE NUMBER
OF COUNCILS OF THE AMERICAN PARTY OF THE STATE

[illegible]

HENRY MEIGS, Box 3027.

YOU'LL WANT A MOUSTACHE by the first of the New Year's Day, and my oment will make the whiskers and moustaches grow strong and thick in six weeks, and not stain or injure the skin. Price 61 per bottle, 50 per dozen. Sent to any part of the country. **E. G. GMA-AM.** No. 500th Broadway; **SPALDING,** No. 27 Tremont-row, Boston.

RAILROADS.

NEW YORK AND NEW ENGLAND RAILROAD TO CHINA.
 The New York and New England Railroad Company, of New York, has been authorized by the Board of Directors to construct a line of railroad from New York to China, via the Pacific Ocean, and to operate the same. The line will be constructed from New York to San Francisco, and from San Francisco to China, via the Pacific Ocean. The line will be constructed from New York to San Francisco, and from San Francisco to China, via the Pacific Ocean. The line will be constructed from New York to San Francisco, and from San Francisco to China, via the Pacific Ocean. The line will be constructed from New York to San Francisco, and from San Francisco to China, via the Pacific Ocean.

12:15 A. M., for Dunkirk and intermediate stations. Passengers by this train proceed the next morning at 12 M., for Dunkirk, Beckton, E. M., (from foot of Chambers-st.) and intermediate stations. Way to Newburg and Middlebrook. Night Express, at 4:30 P. M., for Dunkirk and intermediate stations. A. Emigrant, at 5 P. M., for Dunkirk and intermediate stations.

ABOVE TRAINS RUN DAILY. SUNDAYS AND HOLIDAYS TRAINS connect at Elmira with the Erie and Niagara Falls Railroad, for Niagara Falls.

D. C. MCGALLUM, General Superintendent.

NEW-YORK AND HARLEM RAILROAD.
SPECIAL ARRANGEMENTS FOR THE SUMMER SEASON.
From May 1st, 1884.—Three daily trains to Albany, leaving New-York at 7:15 a. m., 12:30 p. m., and 6:30 p. m.
Fare \$1 \$0 from New-York to Albany, leaving New-York as follows, from station corner of White and 12th sts.

Central Railroad and Northern trains.
A. M. Mail train, running directly through without
change of cars, and connecting at Chatham Four Corners
with the Western trains for Plotsford, North Adams, and
Watkinsville.
P. M. Express, running directly through without
change of cars, and connecting with Central train at W
for the West.

RETURNING, LEAVE ALBANY.
A. M. Mail train for New York direct.
S. A. M. Express, without change of cars.
M. Express, without change of cars.
 Tickets to be obtained, and baggage checked, at the office

WM. J. CAMPBELL, Superintendent.
**NEW-YORK TO RUTLAND, BURLING-
TON, PLATTSBURG, ROUSE'S POINT AND
TRENT, SAME DAY.**—Leave New-York via Mid-
dle Railroad at 6:59 A. M.; leave Troy by Troy and
Montreal Railroad at 1:50 P. M.; At Rutland 5:15
A. M.; Burlington 6:15, Plattsburg 7:15, Rouse's Point 8 P. M.,
arrive 10:30 P. M.; and Ogdensburg next morning.
New-York at 11:15 A. M.; (Nov. 3 this goes into
effect.) Leave Troy by Troy and Montreal Railroad at 6:45;
arrive Rutland 6:15 P. M.; lodge; leave at 6 A. M.; arrive
Ogdensburg and Montreal same afternoon. Leave New-

ISAAC V. BAKER
Superintendent of Troy and Eastern Railroad.
Troy, N. Y.

New Jersey Railroad, which leave New-York from
Yorkland-st. at 7:30 and 11 A. M.; 7:30 and 4 P. M.
JOHN O. STEKES, Superintendant.

HUDSON RIVER RAILROAD.—FROM NOV.
1884, the trains will leave Chambers-st. Station
for Croton Train, 6:30 P. M.; For Peekskill, 7:30
and 1 and 2:30 P. M.; For Sing. 7:30 A. M. and
7:30 P. M.; For Peekskill, 5:30 P. M. The Peekskill, Sing-
and Peekkill trains stop at the Way Stations. Pass-
engers taken at Chambers, Canal, Christopher and
St. John's. Trains for New-York leave New-York at 6:45 and 10:15 A.

**NEW-JERSEY RAILROAD-FOR PHILA-
DELPHIA AND THE SOUTH AND WEST via
PHILADELPHIA CITY**-Mail and Express Line. Leave New-
ark at 8 and 11 A. M. and 4 and 6 P. M. 23: 15 M.;
stopping at all way stations. Through tickets to
Cincinnati (617 and 618 50) and the West, and far
more, Washington, Norfolk, etc., and through bag-
gage checked to Washington in 8 A. M. and 6 P. M.
J. W. WOODRUFF, Assistant Superintendent.

ford on the arrival there of the express trains of the York and New Haven, and New Haven, Hartford Springfield Railroads, which leave New York at 8 A. M., 10 A. M., and 5 P. M., respectively. S. ASHBURNER, Chief Eng'g and Supt. H. A. and F. E. R.

USHING RAILROAD LEAVES FULTON
 Market Wharf, by steamer ISLAND CITY, at 6 A. M., 8 A. M., 11 A. M., and 5 P. M. The cars leave Flanders at the same hour, meeting and exchanging passengers with the boat at Hunter's Point. Through in 55 minutes. Fare 25 cents. WM. M. SMITH, Supt.

LEGAL NOTICES.
PREME COURT—CITY AND COUNTY OF NEW-YORK.—GARRET GREEN and EDWARD ENEN, plaintiffs, against GERRY MATHEWS, JERGE B. STACY, TO GERRY MATHEWS and JERGE B. STACY, the above-named defendants: are hereby summoned and required to answer the plaint in this action, which will be filed* in the office of the Clerk of the County of New-York at the City Hall of the City of New-York, and to serve a copy of your answer to the said complaint on the underscriber at his office, 1 Wall-st., Janney Court, in the said City, within

within the time aforesaid, the plaintiffs in this ac-
cused take judgment against you for the sum of two
hundred and twenty dollars and twenty cents, with in-
terest from the fourth day of November one thousand
and fifty-six, on the sum of seventy dol-
lars and twenty cents thereof, and from the eleventh day
of February, 1856, on the sum of one hundred and fifty
dollars thereof, besides the costs of this action.—Dated
New York, Sept. 21, 1856.

WM. B. ROSS, Plaintiffs' Att'y, No. 41 Wall-st.
The said complaint was filed the seventh day of Nov.
n12-lawww

N. B. DAWSON, Esq., Surrogate of the County of Kings, notice is hereby given, according to law, to all persons having claims against **MICHAEL MORAN**, late of the city of Brooklyn, deceased, that they are required to exhibit the same, with the vouchers thereof, to the undersigned, at the late residence of the deceased, corner of Atlantic and Court streets, in the city of Brooklyn, on or before the 29th day of May next. Dated Nov. 25, 1894.

CATHARINE MORAN, } Executrix.
Wm W. LONDON LENNON, }

PURSUANCE OF AN ORDER OF RODMAN DAWSON, Esq., Surrogate of the County of Kings.

The City of Brooklyn, deceased, that they are required
 to admit the same, with the vouchers thereof, to the sub-
 scribers the administrators, at their residence, No 229
 West-st., in the city of Brooklyn, on or before the 20th
 of May next. Dated Brooklyn, Nov. 24, 1864.
 M. MEAD, }
 SARAH MEAD, } Administrators.
 -law6mW*

PURSUANCE OF AN ORDER OF THE
Surrogate of the County of New-York, notice is hereby
given, that all persons having claims against the
ESTATE OF DR. JOHN H.
ATTAKER, late of the City of New-York, physician,
deceased, to present the same, with vouchers thereof, as

COAL.
ANTON COAL.—THE DELAWARE, LACKAWANNA and Western Coal Company, 51 Broadway, New York, continues to sell this superior Coal, mined on board works at Elizabethtown, N. J., at the prevailing prices, per ton of 2,240 pounds, viz.:
 \$4 15

Eggs, for grates and house furnaces.....	4 38
Bars, for large stoves and grates.....	4 75
Stoves, for cooking-stoves, ranges, &c.....	4 75
Boilers, for small engines, &c.....	3 00
Freight to New-York, Brooklyn, Jersey City, &c., in the lots of the Company, 37 1/2 cents per ton.	

W. E. WARREN, Treasurer.

COAL—ON HAND AND CONSTANTLY DIS-
cussing from boats, the very superior Spring and
West Mountain Lehigh Coals, furnaces and range stoves;
black-mine and clean-vein red-ash, for grates and
stoves; a delivered dry, clean and free from impurity at

AL: COAL!!—WE ARE NOW SELLING
Prime Red and White Ash coal from our yards, No.
 117 and 119 7th-av., between 10th and 12th-sts.
 Chrystie and 101 Division sts., also Cumberland,
 and all Liverpool, as cheap as from any yard in the
 City. Call and examine our large stock before purchas-
 ing elsewhere.
FELTER & BROMLEY.

SHINDLING WOOD—BEST QUALITY VIR-
 ginian pine, seasoned oak and hickory at the lowest
 prices. Orders per post promptly delivered.
S. HARRISON & SON, No. 250 West 54th-st.

PROPOSALS.
CAST IRON PIPES
 FOR
BROOKLYN WATER WORKS.
 Sealed proposals will be received until the first day of
 August 1886, at the office of the undersigned, Halsey &
 Sons, Brooklyn, for the cast iron pipes, branches and
 fittings required for the distribution of water to
 the City of Brooklyn.
 Plans, specifications and all information can be had at
 the office of the Nassau Water Company, or our office as

SHALEY'S BUILDINGS,
 ALBANY, N. Y., Dec. 2, 1883.

OFFICE OF RECEIVER OF TAXES, New Court-House,
 No. 215 Broadway, New York.

NOTICE IN CONFORMITY WITH AN ACT
 of the collection of TAXES, passed April 15, 1883, I
 give notice to all tax payers who have omitted to
 pay their taxes for the year 1883, that unless the same is
 paid at my office, on or before the first day of Janu-
 ary next, I shall proceed to collect the same by an addition of
 interest at the rate of 12 per cent. per annum, calculated

RECEIVED OF TAXES.

... ..

THE NEW YORK TIMES is published daily, except on Sundays and public holidays, at the office of the publishers, No. 105 Nassau-st., cor. of Beekman-st., New York. The price of the paper is five cents per copy, in advance, and ten cents per copy, on delivery. The price of the paper is five cents per copy, in advance, and ten cents per copy, on delivery. The price of the paper is five cents per copy, in advance, and ten cents per copy, on delivery.

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LEGAL NOTICES

NEW YORK, N. Y. (AP)—The
 following names were announced
 for relief:—To the
 either of them: You are
 and the committee
 killed in the office of the United States
 City Hall, in the city of Brooklyn,
 November, 1936, and to serve a
 the said completion of the subscription
 11 Broadway, New York, City, who
 the service of this summer, or from

plaint within the time aforesaid, the
will apply to the Court for the
plaint.—Dated New-York, Nov. 25,
J. D. & T. D. 8 H2P
Plaintiffs,
SUPERIOR COURT.—CITY AND COUNTY
NEW-YORK.—ANDREW WATERLOO
FERISSE, JAMES PREMISTRE
T. ANTONIO PELLETIER and H
defendants. Summons for money
(Cont. not Set.) To the above nam
are hereby summoned and require
plaint in this action, which will be
Clerk of the City and County of
Held in the City of New-York, and

the office No. 10 Wall Street, New York, within twenty days after the date of the above, exclusive of the day of the mailing of the said complaint, to answer the said complaint, and to defend the plaintiff in this action and to pay to the plaintiff the sum of two thousand dollars (\$2,000.00) as costs of this action. Dated at New York, this 10th day of November, 1934. **B. & B. Plaintiff's Attorney.**

[illegible]

CORONADO COURT--KINGS COUNTY.
REBEKAH against **ANDREW J. QUINN**,
 the mother, and Thomas Quinn,
 Mary Quinn Catharine Quinn,
 John Quinn, late of Williamsburg,
 and Francis McQuade, executor
 of said deceased. Summoned and
 every of the defendants to appear
 and answer to the complaint filed
 in this case on the 4th day of December, 1906.
 The undersigned hereby served upon you,
 my answer on him at his office, No.

city of Brooklyn, within twenty days
of, exclusive of the day of such ar-
rest, to answer the complaint as aforesaid.
Dated Nov. 27, 1899.
JOHN P. ROLFE, Plaintiff's A.
W.F. No. 241 Fulton st.

DEAN COUNTY, SHERIFF'S OFFICE.
PHILAS PEIFFER, Executor
of the last will and testament of
A. deceased, - Surrogate's order to
publish this 10th day of December, A.
publication of the above-named executor,
to execute give public notice to the cred-
itor of said deceased, to bring in their
claim against the same, under or
from this date, by filing the same
in twenty days hereinafter in spe-

In the County of Hudson, for and against the said twenty days by advertisement in the Newark Daily Advertiser and another newspaper, for the same space of time, and to select to exhibit his or her debt, within the said period of nine months, as aforesaid, such creditor shall be liable for his or her action, therefor against him or her.
 By order, **E. W. KINGSLEY**
 Clerk of the County of Hudson.

256.
 EDWARD CROMMELIN;
 ABRAHAM McBRIDE;
 JOHANNA THEISTE;
 INSURANCE OF AN ORDER.
 J. DAWSON, Esq., Receiver of the
 is hereby given, according to lea-
 claims against WILLIAM THORNE,
 Brooklyn, deceased, that they are
 same, with the vouchers thereon,
 the Administrator, at his residence
 in the city of Brooklyn, or be-
 and next.—Dated Sept. 1, 1886.
 J. THORNE, Administrator, with

ISSUANCE OF AN ORDER
of the County of New-York, notice
to all persons having claims against C
MEYER, late of the City of New-York
the same, with vouchers thereto,
the office of HENRY G. SCUDDER
-at, in the City of New-York, on
April next, at New-York, at
HENRY SCUDDER, Administrator
of C. BUNNEMEYER, Admini

ISSUANCE OF AN ORDER
of the County of New York, to
persons having claims against
of the City of New York, to
with vouchers thereof, to the subse
of New York, on or before the
dated New York, Aug. 31, 1884.
MARY CLINTON, Administrator.
MATTHEW CLINTON, Adm.

FOR CALIFORNIA.
CALIFORNIA.—NEW YORK & SAN FRANCISCO STEAMSHIP LINE via the **WEST COAST ROUTE BY 200 MILES REDUCED.**—The new docks at San Juan del Sur are now completed. 200 greater life at the wharves to receive thus avoiding all exposures in an and splendid steamship **TENNESSEE** (1,800 tons burden,) will call each at North River, for **SAN JUAN**, on **WEDNESDAY, Dec. 24, 11 A. M.**, to connect with the steamer

from San Juan del Sur, on the
landco. Passengers will find this the
easiest route. 50 pounds baggage all
10 cents on excess.
or passengers apply only to:
CHARLES MORGAN & SON
No. 2 Bowling Green, No.

FOR THE SOUTH.

SAVANNAH AND FLORENCE.
The splendid steamship Al-
fred S. SCRIBNER, will leave for Savannah
Dec. 13, from pier No. 4 North River.
Early. Bills of Lading signed only
or passengers apply to:

SAM'L. L. MITCHELL, No. 13 Bro-
wnship AUGUSTA, Capt. THOMAS
 e above, and leave on SATUR-

NORFOLK, PETERSBURG
OND.—The United States Mail
 ship Capt. SEYMOUR will leave for
ATURDAY AFTERNOON, 19th
 in Pier No. 13, N. F. The
 of this line is the
 but one will be dispatched for
 Saturday.

DOLAN & PLEASANTS, No. 23 Bro-

COAL

IRON COAL. THE DELAWARE
The Delaware and Western Railroad Company (incorporated in N. Y. City) continue to sell this superior quality of iron coal, in board vessels to all customers at M. & W. E. WARREN, per ton of 2,240 pounds, viz:

For grates and house furnaces.....	10.00
For large stoves and grates.....	9.00
For cooking stoves, ranges, &c.....	8.00
For small engines, &c.....	7.00

New York, Brooklyn, Jersey City, &c.
Company, 87 1/2 cents per ton.

W. E. WARREN, TR.
IRON HAND AND CONSTANTLY

COAL—WE ARE NOW S
and White Ash Coal from our yard
and in quantities, also Can
LAVES—As cheap as from any
and samples of our large stock
FELTER & SONS
BEST QUALITY
wood, seasoned oak and hickory of t
per foot promptly delivered.

A black and white photograph showing a dense, textured surface, possibly a wall or a large object, with a dark, irregular shape in the foreground. The image is grainy and has a high-contrast, almost abstract quality. The dark shape in the foreground appears to be a shadow or a silhouette of an object, possibly a person or a piece of furniture, against the lighter, textured background. The overall composition is somewhat indistinct due to the grain and contrast.

DESPERATE FIGHTING.

General Walker Successful in a Series of Battles.

The Costa Rican General Canas Defeated with Heavy Loss.

A FOUR DAYS' BATTLE AT MASSAYA.

Canada Burnt, and the Seat of Government Removed to Rivas.

Naval Battle—A Costa Rican Brig-of-war Blown Up.

News from California—The Vote for President.

NEW-ORLEANS, Friday, Dec. 12.

The steamship Tene, with California dates to the 10th of November and San Juan dates to the 6th inst., has arrived here.

The steamship Tennessee left San Juan for New-York with \$970,000 in treasure.

The news from Nicaragua is highly important. General WALKER has been successful in a series of battles with the Central Americans.

On the 10th ult. General HONORAT, with two hundred men, defeated eleven hundred of the enemy, under the Costa Rican General CANAS.

The enemy lost 300, while HONORAT had only 9 killed and 11 wounded.

Four days' fighting at Massaya had ended in the entire defeat of the enemy.

General WALKER had returned to Granada, and after giving three days' notice of his intention to allow time for the removal of valuables, fired the place, not leaving a vestige of it.

The inhabitants of Granada had removed to Rivas, with all their effects, which will hereafter be the capital of Nicaragua.

A naval battle had taken place between the Nicaraguan war schooner Granada, Capt. FAYON, and a Costa Rican brig-of-war three times the size of the Granada. The Costa Rican vessel was blown up, and all on board perished.

It is estimated that the enemy have lost 3,000 men in the various battles, since October.

The vote of California, for President, stands as follows:

BUCHANAN, 36,000.

FILLMORE, 35,000.

FREEMONT, 19,000.

BUCHANAN'S majority over both, 6,000.

The Democrats also obtained a majority in both branches of the State Legislature.

The California markets generally were dull.

FROM WASHINGTON.

Special Messenger from Kansas—Home-Strife Against the Admission of White-Slavery—Opening of the Case, &c.

Special Dispatch to the New-York Daily Times.

WASHINGTON, Friday, Dec. 12.

A Special Messenger from Kansas has arrived here, with a memorial, numerously signed, remonstrating against the admission of WHITEFIELD.

The Messenger reports all quiet in the Territory. The land sales were proceeding satisfactorily to the satisfaction of Col. TITTS' troops had been disbanded, and the Col. had left Leavenworth for Leavenworth, on his way to Nicaragua.

The Whitefield case will probably be reopened soon in the ordinary form of a contested election. The memorial from Kansas on the subject very earnestly protests against the admission of WHITEFIELD as the Delegate, upon the distinct ground that he is neither the choice of the people nor legally chosen.

It turns out upon investigation, that the election under which he claims to have been chosen Delegate, and by virtue of which Governor GRANT gave him the certificate, was held without authority or form of law, either valid or invalid; in other words, that there was no law, either Federal or Territorial, under which the Governor was authorized to call the special election.

Under these circumstances the proclamation for the election was a mere voluntary act, of no vitality, and the election itself is claimed to have no more authority than would have been possessed by an ordinary town meeting. If this is maintained, of course WHITEFIELD must stand before Congress in the precise attitude which Kansas occupied last session, claiming admission as the Representative of the people of the Territory, although not chosen under the form of law. Kansas' claim on that ground was rejected last year, and, of course, no honest man who voted against him then can vote to sustain WHITEFIELD now.

If the case is presented to the House again in this new aspect, it is reasonable to expect that a number of those who voted to sustain WHITEFIELD the other day on the primary question of his admission, pending the contest over his seat, will vote against his right to retain it, after due investigation has been had.

The President is awaiting the arrival of Senator MALLORY, Chairman of the Naval Committee, and sends to the Senate the nominations to fill the vacancies in the Navy.

A New Pacific Railroad Bill.

It is understood that another Pacific Railroad bill is about to be introduced in the House. It is on a magnificent scale, and is entitled "A bill to provide for the construction of Railroads and Telegraph communications from the Mississippi river and Lake Superior to the Pacific Ocean."

Three main roads are projected, viz:—One from a point on the Mississippi river, south of lat. 36 to San Francisco, with a branch to San Diego;—another from some point on the Missouri river, north of lat. 40, and south of lat. 42, to San Francisco, with a branch to Marysville, Sacramento, Stockton, and San Jose;—and the third from some point on Lake Superior, south of lat. 45, to San Francisco, with a branch to the mouth of the Willamette river.

To each of these routes, the bill proposes to grant thirty sections of land for each mile of railroad, the land to be selected by the parties named in the bill, and the same to be conveyed to the United States, to be sold to the parties named in the bill, at the rate of \$100 per acre, and the proceeds to be used for the construction of the railroad.

Further, they shall deposit with the Secretary of the Interior, as a guarantee, the sum of \$100,000 for each route.

The bill also provides that the Secretary of the Interior shall have the power to suspend the operation of the bill, in any case where the parties named in the bill shall fail to comply with the conditions of the bill.

It is understood that the bill will be introduced in the House, and that it will be passed by a large majority.

The bill is a very important one, and it is to be hoped that it will be passed by the House, and that it will be signed by the President.

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XXXIVth Congress—Second Session.

The Senate adjourned over from Thursday to Monday.

HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES.

WASHINGTON, Friday, Dec. 12.

Mr. DODD was designated as Chairman of the Committee on the District of Columbia; vice Mr. MATTHEWS, excused, and Mr. WOODBURN was appointed to fill the vacancy.

Parliamentary matters were the order of the day.

Mr. CAMPBELL, of Ohio, from the Committee of Ways and Means, reported a bill, providing for the payment of the legislative expenses and judicial expenses; and a bill making similar provisions for the consular and diplomatic service for the next fiscal year.

Mr. BROWN, from the Post-Office Committee, reported a bill authorizing the Postmaster-General to make a contract with COMMERCE VANDERBILT for carrying a mail between New-York and Southampton, at a compensation of \$10,000 for the round trip, a provision being made on the event of the line not making as quick time as the Cunard steamers, one thousand dollars shall be deducted for every twelve hours of deficiency.

Mr. TAPPAN made an unsuccessful attempt to introduce a bill repealing the laws of the so-called Legislature of Kansas.

Adjourned till Monday.

Southern Commercial Convention—Fourth Day.

ANOTHER MEETING TO BE HELD IN AUGUST NEXT.

—DUDLEY MAN'S STEAMSHIP SCHEME INDORSE—DEBATE ON REOPENING THE SLAVE-TRADE, &c.

SAVANNAH, Thursday, Dec. 11.

The Southern Commercial Convention resumed this morning. Mr. De Bow of Louisiana, from the Committee on Business, offered a series of resolutions appointing a meeting of the Convention at Knoxville, Tenn., on the second Monday in August next; endorsing Mr. DUNLAP's scheme for the establishment of a line of Iron Steamers, of 30,000 tons, to run between Chesapeake Bay and Millford Haven; favoring the introduction of Southern textbooks into Southern schools and colleges and the appointment of a committee of distinguished Southern Professors to prepare such works, recommending Southern Legislatures to order the use of said books in Southern schools; recommending the encouragement of books, periodicals and journals in place of Northern publications; and recommending the encouragement of the mining and manufacturing interests of the South. All these resolutions were adopted.

Mr. SAMMES reported favorably upon an inter-oceanic communication via the Isthmus of Tehuantepec, and offered a resolution recommending Congress to make a contract with the Sloc Company for the transportation of mails between New-Orleans and California by the route of the Tehuantepec.

The resolutions in favor of the Pacific Railroad, reported yesterday, were taken up and passed without amendment.

Many other resolutions were offered and referred.

A letter from Senator TOOMBS was read, in favor of absolute free-trade and direct taxation. One thousand copies of it were ordered to be printed.

Much demagogic debate and confusion took place in regard to the opening of the Slave-Trade, and the exclusion of everything of Northern manufacture from the South.

FIFTH DAY.

SAVANNAH, Friday, Dec. 12.

The resolutions in favor of free trade and direct taxation were laid on the table by a vote of 24 to 24, but were subsequently reconsidered, and in committee of one delegate from each State was appointed to consider the subject and report to the next Convention.

Resolutions in favor of the completion of certain railroads through Georgia, Alabama and Louisiana, were adopted.

Mr. HUNTER offered a resolution advocating detective police, to ferret out disturbers of the peace in the Southern States, and a union of the Southern planters for the establishment of a fiscal agency.

Resolutions for the appointment of a Committee to inquire into the expediency of reopening the slave-trade were debated.

Mr. ALBERT FISK made an eloquent speech for the opposition, on the ground of humanity. He hoped the whole world would ultimately be free.

Mr. BAKER, of Alabama, replied, and contrasted the condition of society in the North and the South, and drew the conclusion in favor of the latter, and hoped slavery would always exist.

The resolutions were rejected, by a vote of 24 to 24, but were subsequently reconsidered, and in committee of one delegate from Alabama, South Carolina and Texas voting in the affirmative.

Various resolutions were reported: In favor of mail contracts with the North and South American Steamship Company; the establishment of fund-raising societies to promote Southern emigration to Kansas; inquiring whether a due proportion of the arms and munitions of war belonging to Government is in the Southern States; and inquiring whether the Southern harbors in a state of defense; sympathizing with the Democratic movements in Central America, and the introduction of slavery there. All adopted.

A Committee was appointed to call the next Convention and issue an address to the Southern people.

The final adjournment will take place to-night.

CLOSE OF THE CORONER'S INQUIRY—VERDICT.

AGAINST THE ENGINEER OF THE CLEVELAND TRAIN.

PITTSBURGH, Friday, Dec. 12.

The Coroner's Jury in the case of those killed by the railroad accident at Alliance, have found a verdict attributing the cause of the accident to the Cleveland train, and finding that JOHN CREESE, engineer, was concerned in the perpetration of the outrage. CREESE is still at large at the headquarters of the Cleveland and Pittsburgh Road, but professes his willingness to give himself up, if protected from the violence of the people of Alliance.

The Reported Burning of Jefferson College.

PHILADELPHIA, Friday, Dec. 12.

The reported burning of Jefferson College proves to have been a hoax. It being a barn only that was burned, in the vicinity of it.

The reported destruction of the College and its extensive library, &c., found its way into the city papers through the special correspondence of one of our morning journals.

Burning of the Barge Gilboa.

BOSTON, Friday, Dec. 12.

The barge Gilboa, belonging to OUTWATER & Co., at Tivoli, caught fire near this place and floated down the river in flames. She was burned to the water's edge. The loss will be heavy. She was heavily loaded with grain, hay, &c. No lives were lost.

Sale of the Buffalo and New-York City R.R.

BUFFALO, Friday, Dec. 12.

The Buffalo and New-York City Railroad was sold yesterday, for the sum of \$1,000,000, to the Buffalo and New-York City Railroad Company, of Buffalo, who bid \$1,000,000 for it.

Vote of Mississippi at the Presidential Election.

JACKSON, Miss., Friday, Dec. 12.

The majority for BUCHANAN and BRUCKENRIDGE in the State of Mississippi, is 11,175.

ROMANTIC ESCALADE.

A Love Among the Ladies—Something about Matrimonial Advertisements and Government.

A great scandal has left the City of Love. He sailed from Philadelphia for Australia, via Europe, on Wednesday last, to avoid attention by a scandalous Police. He has left behind a sorrowful and forsaken host of women, who, smitten by his charms, lost their hearts and—some of them—a considerable quantity of money, besides other things of more or less value.

The character of whom we are speaking is decidedly a great man; he is even more, a perfect "gentleman" with a Roman nose, a certain elegance of person, and a Roman head, and such a nose as would be appreciated, especially by the ladies, appreciating souls! The widows all best him. And no wonder. He stood nearly six feet, erect and graceful, with fine wavy black hair, slightly tinged with gray, a piercing black eye, and most bewitching smile, such a Roman nose. Yes, it must have been a Roman nose, for he has a head, and such a nose as would be appreciated, especially by the ladies, appreciating souls! The widows all best him. And no wonder. He stood nearly six feet, erect and graceful, with fine wavy black hair, slightly tinged with gray, a piercing black eye, and most bewitching smile, such a Roman nose. Yes, it must have been a Roman nose, for he has a head, and such a nose as would be appreciated, especially by the ladies, appreciating souls! The widows all best him. And no wonder. 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2000, and that it ought to be taken to the Federal
 Court, if anywhere. Mr. Spencer's opinion, I under-
 stand, is addressed to another question concerning
 the immunities of foreign Consuls,—namely, whether
 such officer, being a citizen of the United States, is re-
 leased from militia or jury duty. The answer is, that
 he is no more relieved from these duties of a citizen
 than he is deprived by his Consular character of his
 rights as an American citizen.

family, Dr. W. H. Burrage, of
Woburn, Mass.; Dr. J. H. Burdett,
Boston; F. A. Jones, John H. Gove,
HENRY MAJOR, formerly an Episcopal minister
of Philadelphia, and who, a few years since,
the Roman Catholics, has returned to the bosom
of the Church from which he apostatized. He has
published a book, giving his reasons for leaving
the Episcopal Church, and was soon after appointed
pastor of the Catholic Church.

Another ecclesiastical luminary is visible
England. Since Mr. BRIDGEMAN's advent, Rev.
PETERSON, of Leeds, a young man, has attracted
massive audiences to the Rotunda of Dublin.
Exeter Hall of Ireland, and at Abbey-street Church,
Dublin, he is to be wonderful.

JOHN GRISWOLD, of W. N. N., writes to the
Advertiser of an intention to leave the Episcopal
Church, and to join the Roman Catholics, at New-
York, with Rev. C. C. HOFFMAN, an Episcopalian
minister, formerly of New-York. Mr. HOFFMAN has
sorely tried by the loss of his wife and child, and
his stay in Africa.

The Chamber of Commerce, of St. Louis, had
a meeting, and Resolutions were passed con-
cerning one of their members, J. H. McV.
CHRYSLER, who goes to Liverpool, to conduct
the business of the Chamber of Commerce.

Rev. ELI SMITH, D. D., whose delicate state of health required him to leave Syria, and spend the Summer in Trebizond, is improving. His life has been the translation of the Bible into Arabic, the great part of which is already made.

Mr. BANCROFT, the historian, will soon publish a book containing the "Seven articles from the City of Leyden," written in 1611; also, "The Creed of Pilgrims," and a "Journal of the First Landing of the Pilgrims."

Ex-United States Senator HAMMOND, formerly of Indiana, has set up the practice of the law at Louisville, in which place he proposes to dwell.

Archbishop HUGHES arrived at Savannah Saturday, and was to remain a week, intending to call there for Cuba for the restoration of the slave.

Dr. FRANCIS T. STEINBLAND, the Superintendent of the Virginia Western Asylum for the Insane, withdrawn his resignation.

RICHARD BUSTICK, Corporation Counsel of Savannah has arrived in Savannah, much improved in health. He will be the first to deliver a course of Anti-Slavery lectures to be this winter in Buffalo, with GARRETT, HAYS, & CLAY, and others, for speakers.

BUSINESS NOTIONS.

WE WOULD CALL ATTENTION TO OUR STOCK OF FANCY AND FINE GOODS FOR GENTLEMEN'S WEAR.

Our stock of Fines, comprising the best cuttings, comprises all that is new or desirable in the ket, and we make them up with all the style, our house has so long been celebrated.

CHAR. HUGUE, who for the past seven years has our pantaloons, still is with us.

A. & G. A. BROUKE.
Drapers and Tailors,
No. 204 Broad St.

FANCY ARTICLES FOR GIFTS AND PRESENTS.

The whole stock, embracing every variety of delicacy, &c., at ROGERS' extensive Fancy Department, 499 Broadway, is to be sold off this month, at less than ever before is offered in the City.

H. & ROGERS, No. 499 Broadway.

WATCHES AND JEWELRY FOR HOLIDAY PRESENTS.

Silver Ware for Holiday Presents.
Fancy Articles for Holiday Presents.
At CULBER BROTHERS, No. 136 Canal St.

GREAT FIRE AT SYRACUSE!
From the Daily Standard, Syracuse, Nov. 15.

HERRING'S PATENT CHAMPION SAFES.—One of the best of this city, passed through the ordeal of a recent fire in this Ward of this city, and its contents came out as solid as ever, the following articles being preserved:

Messrs. D. S. & S. P. Case

SALVADORA, NOV. 15, 1857.

[illegible]

use of a Sewing Machine. We may as well mention
that we have been successful in procuring a quantity
of \$1,000 a year is suffered by going without one.
I. M. SINGER, & CO., No. 238 Broadway.

BATCHELOR'S HAIR DYE, WIGS AND PER-
FECTION—The best in the world; the only reliable
dye for hair, beard or mustache; it cures itching
and keeps the scalp cool. Applied in twice private
BATCHELOR'S WIG SUPPLIES all, their most com-
modious and the interested that BATCHELOR'S
permanent. Avoid the ridicule attached to bad dyed
candidly wig. The price of each set, which always
includes delivery, is \$10.00. No. 238 Broad-

CANDY AND SUGAR PLUMS.—The
best. Steam Refined Candy Manufactured by
RIDLEY & COMPANY,
are preparing for the Holiday all their choice waf-
fers, Cream-Refined Candy and Sugar Plums, Cakes, Oran-
geas, Perfumed Candy Boxes, Bags, etc. RIDLEY &
Company, Hudson and Chambers sts., opposite H.R.
River Railroad Depot.

PATENT NONPAREIL SLEEVE-FASTENERS.
The attention of the jewelry trade is respectfully
drawn to the above novel and unique article
curving shirt wristbands, consisting of Frenchman
Gnyez, Jet, Cammeo, Malachite, solid Gold, etc., de-
signed and made solely by the manufacturer,
GRINNELL & BONS, No. 35 Maiden Lane.

MINISTERS' SORE THROAT.—A FORMIDABLE
Bronchitis, the approach of which renders so many
clergy unable to perform their duties, is cured by the
science of weariness and loss of power in the af-
ter public speaking or singing. **BROWN'S BRONCHITIS**
TROCHES, which are sold by all Druggists.

JEW ORNAMENTS.—COMPEING BEACON
brooches, ear-jets, necklaces, chainettes, hat-
pins, brooches, etc.; jet and gold corals, and sec-
lar ornaments of all kinds, at **OSBORNE'S**, Jewellers,
No. 67 Broadway, corner Spring-st.

WRITING FLUID.
The public are invited to try **FLOYD**
IMPROVED INK FOR WRITING.
It is an important requisite to the best penmen,
and its use will save them from the expense of
the stationery store.
THADDEUS DAVIS &
HOLDINGS APPROACHING THE BEST TO
to visit these hard times is to go to the **NEW**
COMPANY, Nos. 144 and 146 Nassau-st., prepared
for sk, while they last, at **one-half** the regular
price for the New-Year's call. November, No. 144
Nassau-st.

IMMENSE EXHIBITION!
Attraction! **THE**
MOSAIC PICTURE
Brussels Carpet Company

REPORTED
CHARGE
against
do you want to read a new, interesting
and book? The advertisement of TORRANCE &

VI. THE BRITISH FRONT

NEW EDITION OF THE
BY HENRY J. ...
11 ...
LAW ...
No. 12 ...

[illegible]

OSTS BUT FOUR CENTS!
S SOLD BY ALL NEW VANDERS!
TT FORGET THE LETTER!
S & TOWNEY, WHOLESALE AGENTS
No. 125 NASSAU-ST.

BOOK BY THE AUTHORS OF "IBONIA'S
THE TORCHLIGHT;
Or,
THROUGH THE WOOD.
BY HARRIET L. CLARKE.
One neat fimo. Price \$1 25.
See the New York *Mercury*; "Mr. Olcott, who

new-law of God, that the
 of the soul of "Lord's Chalice"
 we nearly, and not really
 and significantly ended. The
 the Wood, is a work of great interest
 spirit of it is genial and beautiful,
 by the reader, by the
 the Boston Post. "It has scenes of
 one laugh, and passages of sufficient
 awaken sympathy."
 the Philadelphia *Academy*: "It
 are fresh, its incidents life-like, and its
 reader a just appreciation of the
 sense of the work interesting, and we cannot
 to our readers."

[illegible]

New York Times. The story may carry the sympathies of many, but it is, nevertheless, true to life, and just in its conceptions of the persons, much more of the dramatic force, and of fiction in the present, than any and ancestral style of a previous generation. Home Journal, New York.

...and by her second work, *Hermitage*, to a realistic and freer character sharply defined in the general, and the individual is fully probable. But above all other qualities, *Hermitage* gives us a "commodity of good nature," that is, literature, without inclining to cynicism or gloom. We have the double of Mrs. O'Connell's "Department of Literature." "In nice distinction," the *New York Dispatch*: "In nice distinction of character it bears unmistakable evidence of the psychology of the age." The plot of the story is well wrought, and moves consistently forward to the end; while the persons appear and disappear as naturally as the clouds.

the very best characters of both men and women, and the best which they could do for the cause of the oppressed. The book has had one success for a second time. It has become popular—a good omen for the future. It may now be considered established as the work of a real lady writer."

In conclusion, the Publishers confidently assert that the **STORY OF UNFLAGGING INTEREST**, with its scenes of inimitable humor, and a picture-life-like description of City and Country Life, is a book containing a moral lesson of great value, never before has surpassed.

TORCHLIGHT THROUGH THE WOOD.
DERBY & JACKSON, Publishers.

THE INDEPENDENT.
DAILY RELIGIOUS AND FAMILY NEWS-PAPER.
CIRCULATION NEARLY
30,000!!!
larger than that of any similar journal in the
country, and is increasing rapidly.
Sustained by eminent Clergymen, assisted by the fol-
lowing distinguished
REGULAR CONTRIBUTORS:
GEORGE B. CHEEVER, D. D.,

MR. HENRI DE BEVER, Editor,
MRS. HARRIET DEBEVER, Correspondent,
MR. CHARLES L. BRACE, Correspondent,
AND SEVERAL OTHERS.
Correspondents of
sections of the United States, England, France,
Switzerland, Italy, and the whole world, con-
tributed the columns of THIS JOURNAL.
THE EIGHTH YEAR
The existence of the INDEPENDENT has now closed
our corps of contributors, and no more, previous
correspondents, unbroken by death or leave-
ing departments. The same parties who began the
unaided, are spared to witness the
UNEXAMPLED PROSPERITY.

...to the roll of its subscribers; but the most valuable contributions given by its discussions on the Evangelical in 1860, the ratio of yearly increase in this ratio is probably exceeded that of any other religious journal.
The editor of the community, and especially of the most influential church members upon the course of THE INDEPENDENT.
The editor to unrighteous Jews, shows that Christian mission for some outspoken non believers and not believers — some earnest and pointed application of the God to political doctrines and affairs.
The editor in the future, the plan of the paper will not be changed essential particulars, but improvements will be made in the sub stance of the editor of the paper will not be changed essential particulars, but improvements will be made in the sub stance of the editor of the paper will not be changed essential particulars, but improvements will be made in the sub stance of the editor of the paper will not be changed essential particulars, but improvements will be made in the sub stance of the editor of the paper will not be changed essential particulars, but improvements will be made in the sub stance of the editor of the paper will not be changed essential particulars, but improvements will be made in the sub stance of the editor of the paper will not be changed essential particulars, but improvements will be made in the sub stance of the editor of the paper will not be changed essential particulars, but improvements will be made in the sub stance of the editor of the paper will not be changed essential particulars, but improvements will be made in the sub stance of the editor of the paper will not be changed essential particulars, but improvements will be made in the sub stance of the editor of the paper will not be changed essential particulars, but improvements will be made in the sub stance of the editor of the paper will not be changed essential particulars, but improvements will be made in the sub stance of the editor of the paper will not be changed essential particulars, but improvements will be made in the sub stance of the editor of the paper will not be changed essential particulars, but improvements will be made in the sub stance of the editor of the paper will not be changed essential particulars, but improvements will be made in the sub stance of the editor of the paper will not be changed essential particulars, but improvements will be made in the sub stance of the editor of the paper will not be changed essential particulars, but improvements will be made in the sub stance of the editor of the paper will not be changed essential particulars, but improvements will be made in the sub stance of the editor of the paper will not be changed essential particulars, but improvements will be made in the sub stance of the editor of the paper will not be changed essential particulars, but improvements will be made in the sub stance of the editor of the paper will not be changed essential particulars, but improvements will be made in the sub stance of the editor of the paper will not be changed essential particulars, but improvements will be made in the sub stance of the editor of the paper will not be changed essential particulars, but improvements will be made in the sub stance of the

AN ENTIRELY NEW FEATURE
digest or record of the periodical literature
 especially in the departments of theology,
 philology and philosophy,
 departments of
LITERATURE AND ART
 conducted as heretofore; the *Journal*
 of a gentleman well known in the
 literary circles of New York
 and able critic.
THE ORDER OF THE PAGES
 substantially as follows:
 1. *General Literature*—History and Geography
 2. *THEATRE*—Fiction—Miscellaneous
 3. *Religion*, Religious, General and Literary

Editorial articles and discussions on
Commercial and Financial, National
and International news, original and
valuable, and the family. Special rates
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The RAIL gives up to Advertisement
Rates—Editor's Table, City News, and
Intelligence, Prices Current, Reviews,
Market, &c.
mail, 22 a year, in advance.
Twenty cents per line and
JOSEPH H. LADD, Publisher
Office No. 32 Beekman st., New York

THE MINISTER AND THE ACTRESS
A
FIRST-CLASS ROMANCE OF THE COURT
OF
GEORGE THE THIRD.
WILL BE COMMENCED
IN THE NEXT
GOLDEN AGE
THE WEEKLY LITERARY
HISTORY AND RECORDS
OF THE
LONDON CLUB

BUREAU OF THE
 Umo. Trustad. &
 By Me.
 KNIGHT RUDS OCKRIDE. M. D.
 And Me.
 Q. K. PHILLANDER DORRINGTON, F. M.
 praise this volume.
 from the *New-York Day Book*.
 is the best attempt at wit that has been remarkably
 individual. It is a book to be read and made.
 from the *Philadelphia Evening Bulletin*.
 sibly well, and by far his best presentation.
 it caught by thousands, and laughed over by tens of
 thousands.
 from the *Indianapolis Sentinel*.

the greatest and best of the producers of the in-
Duchess.

From the Boston Transcript.

have a great deal to say for them are excellent.
From the New York Leader.

the most funny and witty book in print.
From the New York News.

thing is so good that it would be hard to pick out
here,

LIVERMORE & RUDD,
No. 514 Broadway, New-York.

is by bookstores everywhere. Copies sent
by receipt of \$1.

MINISTERS AND OTHER AGENTS.

ST-GLASS ROMANCE OF THE COURT
OF
GEORGE THE THIRD.
WILL BE COMMENCED
IN THE NEW YORK SUN
ON MONDAY NEXT.
GET THE FIRST OF IT.

100

particular change to notice. In London the bottom for the week will be about 24. The market very flat, and American freely

Our Corn market has been dropping since prices are under those of last Friday. Starter for Wheat, and 1s. 7 bbl. 100 lbs. note fine American Red Wheat, 64s. 62 lbs. ? White, 68s. 47s. Flour, 38s. 38s.; good, 34s. 45s. 7 bbl. Indiana 10 lbs. of sale. Yellow, 34s. 35s.; pure 10 lbs.

The price of Rails is rather higher.

[illegible]

Geo. C. Nichols, Mrs. S. C. Shay, Mrs. F. C. Brady and daughter, W. T. Dumas, H. Hardcastle, P. Mitchell, Gen. W. E. Rowland, S. D. Walters, F. G. Palmer, Norway, P. C. Walters, Capt. J. J. Jones.

and 4 children, and 19 in the storage.

MINIATURE ALMANAC—THIS
Sun rises..... 7 16 | Sun sets..... 4 33
HIGH WATER—THIS DAY
Sandy Hook... 6 58 | Gov. Island. 9 20

MARINE INTELLIGENCE
NEW-YORK....FRIDAY,
Cleared.
Steamship Arago, Lines, Havre, M. I.
Ships Wm. Tapscott, Bell, Liverpool
Sailed. H. M. S. ...

Edmund, Hulse, Liverpool, E. Thos.
 Alexander, Esq., Liverpool, Taylor &
 Esq., New Orleans, N. H. Bridges
 Park, Esq., Percival, Montserrat and
 & Trinidad.
 Brigs D. Webster, Williams, Jamaica
 Co.; Jean Bar (Fr.), Hedeama, Jamaica
 Co.; Bagley, Dunham, Cardenas, Jamaica
 Esq., New Orleans, N. H. Bridges
 Schooners Adeline, Brett
 Passport, Hawkins, Savannah, Ga.
 G. M. Robertson, Merrill, Nassau
 Maria Morton, Penny, Havana, C.
 comb, Apalachicola, Evans, & Hays
 Boston, Peyton & Hays
 Esq., Park, Esq., New Orleans, N. H. Bridges
 Proprietor Ann Eliza, Robinson, Nassau

Arrived.

Steamship Roanoke, Elders, Norfolk
Richmond, with m&c, and passengers
anta. Thursday, at 11 A. M., save
New-York. Same day, off For Ham
bound N.

Ship Erie, Knudson, Cotte Oct. 12
Oct. 22, with salt &c., to Ralph
Ship Anglo-Saxon, Mayo, Calcutta
&c., to Samuel Judd's Sons & Co.
Ship St. Louis, Hori, Liverpool Oct.
20 passengers to W. T. Frost.
Ship Maria, Sampson, Rio Janeiro Oct.
Stoken & Ironside.
Bark American, Witham, Cardenas
ees to Mora & Nara.
Bark Jasper, Vane, Oct.

Barb Col. Ledyard, Hallowell, St. Mary's Co. Has had very heavy weather and rigging.

with pointers to D. E. De Wicke, who had
8738, at 4 P. M., fell in with the scho. 221
M. C. Capt. Jones, from Calais for Boston
waterlogged, and sails blown away; it
and crew, and brought them to land
experienced very heavy weather, and sprung
load, stove boat & 7th inst. lat. 40° 15' N.
a heavy blow from N. W., saw from the
first quarter, the hull of a large vessel;
line; was painted black.

Brig Lady Seymour, (Br.) Shaw, D
Nov. 23, with pinnace, &c., to master.
Brig G. T. Ward, Fish, Galveston-
cotton, &c., to master. Sch last, lat.
with schr. H. W. Godfrey, from Cape
York, in distress; took from her and
and brought them to this port. The cap-
G. reports: Had been at anchor under

[illegible]

Scho. McCrory, Mechanicsville.
Scho. John, Burton, Wilmington, with
J. Powell.
Scho. La Plata, Hutchins, Franklin, &
master.
Scho. E. Sheddon, White, Virginia, with
Scho. Lombard, Harding, Alexandria.
Scho. Leaville, Smith, Alexandria.
Scho. Emma Furness, Kendall, Boston.
Scho. Ellen, Smith, Sag Harbor, with a
Sloop Aurora, Bennett, Norfolk.
Scho. Ellen Rodman, Osgood, New-Ber-
Scho. Buena Vista, Lott, Georgetown.
Scho. J. Fremont, Crahan, Virginia.

Schr. Oregon, Spoken, Virginia.
Schr. Rodina, Sopher, Virginia.
Schr. E. C. Concklin, Sopher, Virginia.
Schr. Catherine and Elizabeth, Thomas.
Schr. J. B. Cunningham, Ward, Virginia.
Schr. H. Parker, Parker, Virginia.
Schr. John Cockford, Smith, Virginia.
Schr. E. C. Whitliff, Shelden, Alaska.
Propeller Locust Point, Francis, Alaska.
with mads. to H. B. Crosswell.
Propeller Antrachite, Jones, Philadelphia.
Der Mann, Kober, Philadelphia.

WIND—During the day, W. & W.
Sailed.
 Steamship *Oahu*, S. S. Hav. Co.
 Ships Arctic, Zeeburg, Liverpool
 Magna, Antwerp; H. E. Boston, Cal.
 Byrnie, New-Orleans. Bark *Patron*, Cal.
Memoranda.
 The steamship C. Vanderick of the
 did not arrive until 11 o'clock A. M., but
 heavy gale on the Sound.
By Telegraph.
 BOSTON, Dec. 11.—Arr. bark *Con-*
 tinental, Valparaiso; bark *Albatross*,
 Valparaiso, Costa Rica; bark *Albatross*,
 the bark *Albatross* from Wilmington, N. C.
 bark, the South Shark Light-bark, two

[illegible]

Laguayra, arr. 30th. The sun. 1000
at the windward and New-York, rld. 20th
at Dry Harbor, Jam., Nov. 22, brig Flo
10th. The brig Florence, for New-York,
man's Bay, to load.
at Black River, Jam., Nov. 20, Br. 1
leigh, for Liverpool.

Central American Troops Successful.

Important from Guatemala.

CHARLESTON, Saturday, Dec. 15.

The steamship Isabel, from Havana and Key West, arrived here this morning.

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THE SIEGE OF PUEBLA—VIDAURI'S TREATY—SPREAD OF THE REVOLUTIONARY SENTIMENT—DOUBTS CIRCULATING ABOUT COMONFORT'S GOOD FAITH TO THE REPUBLIC.

Correspondence of the New-York Daily Times.

HAVANA, Tuesday, Dec. 9, 1856.

The Spanish steamer Mexico arrived here on the 6th, and brings news from Vera Cruz up to the 1st.

The siege of Puebla had been actively carried on, but up to latest accounts the besiegers had been frequently repulsed with severe losses.

The town was defended by the citizens and a few companies of "Pronunciados," and were constantly urged on to renewed exertions by the friars, who walked through the ranks with crucifixes in their hands, appealing to their religious sentiments to die fighting the battle of the Church.

General Mejia and Gutierrez had been repulsed by Comonfort's troops from Zacatlan after a severe fight.

Gen. VIDAURI had commissioned Señors MANUEL LLAÑO, MANUEL MORALES and DOMINGO MARTINEZ to treat with Gen. ROSAS LARREA for a suspension of hostilities.

Gen. VIDAURI proceeded to the capital to have his terms of peace presented to the President.

The revolution seems to have reached the capital also, and the clergy were very busy in bribing the soldiers to desert, and pronounce in favor of the Church.

VIDAURI still holds out in Monterey, though surrounded by an army of from six to seven thousand men.

I have been shown a letter dated "Mexico, Nov. 16," in which it is asserted that the report is gaining ground that Gen. VIDAURI is playing false to his party, and intends throwing his influence into the Church.

As soon as he finds that the outside pressure is too strong for him, he will probably give up additional details of the affair at Puebla.

Among the persons who have been in the house of General GARCERAN, late United States Minister to the Republic of Mexico, he proceeds home in the *Isabel*, via Charleston.

Our latest advices from Central America represent the Republic of San Salvador and Guatemala fully imbued with the necessity of driving out WALKER at all hazards.

The greatest enthusiasm seems to prevail among all classes of the population.

The clergy here also are using their influence over the masses to induce them to take up arms.

The forces of the allied armies have been increased and provided with abundance of material for the active prosecution of the war of extermination.

VERITAS.

NEWS FROM THE WEST COAST OF MEXICO.

Correspondence of the Panama Star and Herald.

ACAPULCO, Thursday, Nov. 27, 1856.

We have papers here to Nov. 19, from the city of Mexico, and from the fact that the revolution against Comonfort.

In this city I find the general impression is that the present will be too strong for him.

The recent meeting of all classes at his ball in honor of the Queen, has been cited as a masterpiece of policy.

Men there shook hands and embraced each other, and the result was a complete victory.

Other with deadly feelings of enmity hankering in their breasts.

The Marquis of Havana was kind and affable to all, even to the men who were so lately the enemies of the Government.

A grand ball was given by the Lyceum last Sunday, on the occasion of the distribution of the prizes offered by the Government.

The Lyceum affords gratification to the young men who choose to frequent its halls.

It embraces all the arts, and supports three or four Professors of the Modern Languages.

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THE NEW ADMINISTRATION.

Mr. Buchanan's Intentions—The Purchase of Cuba Probable—Mr. Calhoun's Opinions—New-York City and State Politics—Intrigues of the Calhoun—R. J. Walker and his Backers—The Collectors—Mayor Wood, &c.

FROM AN OCCASIONAL CORRESPONDENT OF THE NEW-YORK DAILY TIMES.

WASHINGTON, Saturday, Dec. 13, 1856.

Mr. BUCHANAN has definitely decided upon his first week in February as the period for his coming to Washington.

He will stay at the National, which is his headquarters.

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LOSS OF A MAINE VESSEL—CAPTAIN AND CREW BROUGHT TO THIS PORT.

Brig. LORRAINE, of Windsor, N. H., Captain EZEKIEL LORRAINE, arrived at this port on Friday, having on board Captain Levi Jones and crew of schooner Mary, of Calais, Me., which was taken by Dec. 8, in a sinking condition, lat. 42° 10' N., long. 68° 30' W.

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of the 11th section of an act of the Legislature of this State, which is as follows: "That all corporations, companies, firms, partnerships, or individuals, who shall be required to furnish for the Corporation, an expenditure of more than \$200, shall be required to file and publish in the public place, in compliance with public notice for the said day, and all such contracts, when given, shall be given to the said auditor with adequate security, and shall be subject to the inspection of the departments advertising for them, in the presence of the Comptroller; and such of the parties making such contracts as shall be found to be in violation of the said act shall be liable to a fine of \$100."

A motion was yesterday made for writs of mandamus to compel the payment in the above cases of the money claimed by the plaintiffs, on the ground that the Charter of 1830, which was then in force, gave to the Legislature the right to determine that the Charter of 1830 was not to be applied to the cases in question.

It was submitted, so for, the motion was denied, and the question was referred to a vote of the members of the Legislature, and the result was that the Charter of 1830 was to be applied to the cases in question, and cannot be applied to the people at the ballot box. The same question was decided in the cases of Delaware and Pennsylvania, and in this case, and the same result was reached, and once by the Court of Appeals.

In answer to an argument of the Corporation, C. C. Charter of 1863, as enacted in April, 1864, ratified by the Legislature in May, 1864, the Commissions insisted that the act of June did not repeal the act of April—it having merely enacted that the same should take effect on July 1, and merely corrected a doubt as to when the act of April would take effect. The argument that provisions of the same date passage, could not be repealed by subsequent acts, he claimed that it was not competent for the Legislature to ratify a law which was void, as against the Constitution, as by their indirection the Legislature had been ratifying the Constitution, and that, inasmuch as the Constitution was the basis upon which they are prohibited from passing laws, support of this doctrine, the Commissions also claimed that upon the pleadings, it was not

pear laws and resolutions were not passed on the
 subject, and the Legislature was adjourned, and
 that it was so. (Phil. Ed. Cow & K. v. Phil. Ed.
 N. 10.) Where there is authority, every legisla-
 tive act is to be presumed, and so the power is
 against a breach of law. (6 Litt. Rep. 12-13
 Hill v. Fort, 1893, and others.)

The Chief Justice, who dissented, said that
 on the above-cited act of the Legislature, "The
 act claimed that the act became an act independent
 of the action of the people. The act was passed
 without the people's approval, and the Legisla-
 ture, in its supplementary act, was passing, 'that
 the act of the Legislature, in effect immediately
 rendered the act valid.'

It therefore had a double sanction, the sanction
 of the Legislature will and the approval of the people.

In the new cases (Downing) a mandamus was granted with expedition. By a special statute the father of a child, deceased, is entitled to a regulation and no further action is required, except the filing of the bills. In the other cases the decision was postponed.

DECISIONS.

Patrick McCafferty vs. Hugh McCulloch.
—an application for an injunction to restrain defendant from exercising his right of eminent domain in accordance with his contract to build a railroad. The motion was denied on the ground that there were other remedies open to the plaintiff if the should not be properly done.

Colonial Life Insurance Co. vs. The Board of Health Officers.—This is an action for a mandamus to the officers of the board of health to issue a license to the company to do business in the city of New York.

lators from the assessment rolls for the year 1881. The motion must be denied with costs. But the relators desire it, the same direction or order was made as by Judge Mitchell in the case of *The Farmers and Merchants' Savings Bank v. The State*. See *Henry Eberle v. Supervisors of Lee County*. (20 Barn. & C. 429.)

Henry Eberle v. Supervisors of Lee County.—This was for an allowance.

Made for the allowance in which the case can be ordered to the court before which the trial is had, the judgment rendered, (Rule 61.) The trial was before the circuit court, but as the application was not made then, it cannot be done. The judgment in this cause was rendered at General Term, and it must be made there.

Hercules E. Gilliam v. Isaac T. Grimes.—Motion to change place of trial to Rensselaer County, upon

Motion denied.
Richard Tenbroeck vs. Alford Douglas.—Motion to make complaint more certain and definite.
Motion granted. See Wells vs. Jewett, 11 Rep. 242.
Seaboard Railway Transit Company vs. Isaac Elavitz.—Case settled.
Snipes vs. Franklin.—Case settled.
Smith Ely vs. George Cook.—I think the fact assignment of the judgment to the Attorneys the notice of this motion is a sufficient answer especially as they had equities which the Court protect if it can.
The motion for the set-off denied.
Before Hon. Justice Clark.
SUITS AGAINST COMMISSIONER KILLING—ROVER, JR.

Lewis Lang vs. The Commissioner of the Market.—The plaintiff failed and assigned a writ of habeas corpus to the court, and the court granted it, except that the plaintiff was not to be removed from the stall. The plaintiff claims the stall No. 7 Washington Market as one of his tools and implements of livelihood. The defendant claims the stall as the property of the superintendent of the Market to give the stall to whom he pleases. The plaintiff is a member of the William Marshall. The plaintiff applied to the Market Council for relief. They refused the plaintiff a committee, and on their report ordered Mr. Lang to restore the stall, which he refuses to do. Mr. Lang has moved for a mandamus compelling the defendant to do so.

The defence put in that Mr. Marshall is a member of Mr. Ehling, and a creditor of Mr. Lang; Mr. Lang is not wishing to see his friend lose money, order the stall to be removed.

COURT OF COMMON PLEAS—SPECIAL TERM.
Before Judge Brady.

Joe de Ferreira vs. Wm. Depen.—Action to assignee of a claim. Defendant sets up as a claim an unsettled demand against the assignor.

BRADY, J.—The defense interposed in this case by way of counter claim, is not available against the cause of action set up. It is not a defense to an action against an assignee of a claim, the assignee is entitled to no affirmative relief on such a defense. (Vassar vs. Livingston; 8d Kernan, 206.) It is equitable defense, doubtless, the plaintiff has taken the claim subject to the equities existing between the defendant and the assignor. The

would not render it good, or the defence good, in legal aspect or relation in which it is presented, rule will not justify me in construing a defence asserted as a counter claim to be good as an equity defence to the claim after a demurrer. The plaintiff has a right to try his defence to the claim after a demurrer, and that right cannot be interfered with as caselike this. The judgment must be for the plaintiff and the demurrer, with liberty to defend amendment, on payment of costs of the demurrer serving this answer in ten days after service of order.

Before Judge Daly,
Philip Hise vs. William Foly, dec. Motion & with \$1 costs.

In the matter of the petition of Jacob Pearson

REDUCTION OF POSTAGE TO BORNEO, LABUAN, SUMATRA, THE MOLUCCAS AND THE PHILIPPINE ISLANDS.—We are requested to state that the subject of letter-postage to the said islands and islands of Borneo, Labuan, Sumatra, the Moluccas and the Philippine Islands, when specially addressed to be

VESSELS FROZEN IN AT CHICAGO.—The ice at Chicago frozen over with ice so thick that not likely it will be broken again before spring. The total number of vessels in port is only ten, larger at the time the river froze over last year, which, however, nearly two weeks later. The value of the cargo is \$1,000,000. The value of the cargo is \$1,000,000. The value of the cargo is \$1,000,000.

The Gloucester fishing-vessels have all arrived except some three or four ashore and stranded on the Bay of Lawrence, two or three of which are badly injured. Nearly three hundred vessels are hauls up to the harbor of Gloucester. In a week some seventy-five sail will be fitted out for early voyage to George's Banks. The fishing dogs winds up badly this season, and with a few very little voyages. Many of the vessels hardly pay bills.

(continued)

Deceased was found on Thursday last, lying in street, without hat or boots on, in a state of emaciation, and was removed to the City Hospital, where he died next day. He was a married man, and resided at No. 124 Cherry-street.

BUSINESS NOTICES

TERRIBLE ACCIDENT AT LACVILLE.
MAN AND HORSE THROWN DOWN A
SCIPINE TWENTY-FIVE FEET DEEP.—Young
 Spring, son of T. D. Secker, Esq., proprietor of
 the Villa Hotel, met with a frightful accident on the
 morning of the 11th of October. As he was riding along
 on the path of the Canal, his horse became frightened
 suddenly plunged down a precipice of 25 feet deep.
 horse was instantly killed, and the rider severely

Spring was carried home to his afflicted parents as a corpse. The father, who was a member of the church, would have given the father's evidence as to the exact accident:

"I was looking on the bleeding and mangled face of my son. My heart sickened. I never saw such a horrible sight before. All his front teeth were knocked out; his eyes bulged out through his throat and chin went into his mouth; his jaw was broken, and his body was full of bruises and cuts; every one thought him dead, and many said they did much rather find him dead than alive. I felt as if I

and washed the blood from his face and hands, for 24 hours rubbed his whole body with a liniment—bless it! that will never be forgotten—RADWAY'S TALKER. He then became sensible to pain. It seemed as if a new life had entered his shattered body. At this, I applied the RADWAY'S TALKER every six hours for three days and two nights. To the end and end I applied RADWAY'S TALKER and sweet oil. He is now nearly well, and is walking about the place; his wounds are healed, and his limbs secured; the sores are all well. If any one requires further information,

Let them address me, at Lacyville, Tenn. I am the proprietor of the Lacyville Hotel at this place, and will answer in this State.

T. D. SPRING.

Messrs. RADWAY & Co.
No. 1, 1894.

Yours original letter of T. D. Spring, Esq., can be seen in publication at our office. RADWAY'S KIDNEY PILLS cleans the action of the heart and equalizes the circulation of the blood; it establishes in the system of the weak, debilitated, feeble, and those who meet with sudden shocks or falls, by which, to all appearance, the organs of

system cease to perform their functions, NEW LIFE, those who are in pain give RADWAY'S KIDNEY PILLS. Sold by druggists, merchants and others. RADWAY & CO., No. 128 Fulton st., New-York.

GROUP! GROUP!!—THIS AWFUL COMPLAINT immediately cured by **DR. TOBIAS VENETIAN**. No family who value the lives of their children should be without a bottle in the house. Sold by all druggists and storekeepers. Depot No. 54 Cortlandt-New-York.

GOLD AND SILVER WATCHES, DIAMOND
rings and Pins, Jewelry and Silver Ware, for sale at
wholesale and retail, at less than the usual prices, by G. C.
LEWIS, Importer of Watches and Jewelry, No. 11 Wall-
street, second floor, near Broadway.

GREAT FIRE AT SYRACUSE
 From the Daily Standard, Syracuse, Nov. 15, 1891.
 KEELING'S PATENT CHAMBLISS GATE—One of the
 Fire Proof Safes, sold by D. S. & E. P. Geer, of
 this city, passed through the flames of the great
 fire at Ward of this city, and its contents came out in
 perfect order, as the following certificate testifies
 to:

SALINA, Nov. 12, 1891.
 Messrs. D. S. & E. P. Geer, Agents, or to all whom it
 may concern:
 We do hereby certify that the Safe of S. C. Hastings & Co.,
 which was bought of you Oct. 15, was burned at the
 fire which occurred here on the morning of the 15th inst.

that the Hafe underwent and related the manifestations
and was not removed until the afternoon of the
20th, having remained in the fire 105 hours, and having
the contents in a good state of preservation, and the
paper on which this is written was part of the same lot
and safe.

AVERY & EVANS
The public are invited to call, examine and compare
HERRING'S PATENT CHAMFAIN with Wilson's
other patented Safes. For sale by
S. C. HERRING & CO.
Green Block, Nos. 123, 121 and 120 Water-st.,
and No. 5 Murray-st., New-York.

A HEXAMETER BALLAD.
COMPOSED BY

love her, I will with her be—till death in the trial.”
 And a youth whose stormy passion would admit of no denial;
 He spoke, and from a trunk he took a sum he had been
 hoarding,
 And rushed, with passion-frenzied feet, from the house
 where
 he was hoarding;
 Went—but not to hang himself, nor yet to kill her
 father;
 Was too wide awake for that—I guess that he was—
 rather,
 He flew to SMITH'S MAHOGANY STORES, and begged
 them to assist him
 in his terrible *task*—their price is marked—and what

THAT BROTHERS' One-Price Wholesale and Retail
Wholesale Warerooms, Nos. 123 and 140 Fulton-st., New-
York.

THE PATENT CHAMPION FIRE-PROOF
SAFES—With Hall's Patent Powder-Proof Locks, the
safes that were awarded separate medals at the World's
Fair, London, 1861, and the World's Fair, New-York,
1864, and the only ones that were awarded
medals at the London World's Fair.

These Safes are now admitted to be superior to any
offered the public, and the subscribers challenge the
ability to produce an instance of these Safes failing to pre-

their contents through the hottest fire, or a burglar
opening the lock.

The subscribers and their agents are the only persons
authorized to make and sell Herring's Patent Churns,
and, with Hall's Patent Power-Proof Locks.

R. G. HERRING & CO., Green Rock,
127 and 129 Water-st., and 5 Murray-st., New-York.

CURTAIN MATERIALS AND WINDOW SHADES
AT WHOLESALE.

HELIOT & FERGUSON, No. 391 Broadway,
and 54 Beade-st., have a full and choice stock of Blinds,
and SATIN DE LAINES, WORSTED DAMASKS, LACE CURTAINS,
LINEN CURTAINS, COFFEENS, GENTS, &c., which are

WINDSOR SHADERS.—Our stock of **WINDSOR SHADERS** is largest in New-York, and our superior manufacturing facilities enable us to offer these goods less than any other dealer. We invite the attention of close buyers.

SEWING MACHINES.—THE EXHIBITION of elections having ceased, we invite the attention of all judicious and money-making persons to our new and extra-rapid Sewing Machines. Long of time while attending to political matters, and less of office, or the more to obtain office, may speedily be made up by the use of a Sewing Machine. We say to every man in the free trade a Sewing Machine will save money; that a man who is not a sewing machine owner is a fool.

L. M. SINGER & CO., No. 223 Broadway.

NATIVE WINES.

SPARKLING AND STILL CAYUGA
in the vineyards of Joseph P. Farnes, Glenshire, N. Y.
warranted only the pure juice of the grape, and supe-
rior to the best French Champagnes and German stock,
being more generous, rich and fruity by retaining the
natural flavor of the grape.

FARNES & PARK, No. 264 Broadway, cor. Duane st.

**HATCHERLOH'S HAIR DYE, WIGS AND TOU-
PEES.**—The best in the world; the only reliable Hair
Dye known, perfect and instantaneous; reliable hair
restorer.

BATCHLORE'S WIGS surpass all; their new improve-
ments satisfy the interested that BATCHLORE'S
are marcat. Avoid the ridicule attached to bad eyes and
lighty eyes. The largest and best stock always at
BATCHLORE'S, No. 325 Broadway.

ANDY AND SUGAR PLUMS.—THE CHAM-
-st. Steam Refined Candy Manufactory, by
RIDLEY & CO.
preparing for the Holidays all their choice variety of
Steam-Refined Candy and Sugar Plums, Cornets, Candi-
-es, French Fancies, Creams, etc., in the most
-est and most attractive manner. Call on
-ed Refined Candy.

VALERIE MOTT, ONLY FINEST LACE AND
MARSH & CO., No. 26 Madison Ave., New-York.
at the City Hall, from 7 A. M. to 8 P. M.
trans. References to the Secretary of the
Valentine Mott, Willard Parker and John E. C.
Open from 7 A. M. to 8 P. M.
MARSH & CO., No. 26 Madison Ave., New-York.

HAVING TAKEN THE ELEPHANT BY THE TAIL, (the St. Nicholas Road), we are now cutting our Fall coats, and for that purpose have partially reduced the prices of our summer suits. We have many new styles of fancy cashmere and worsted importations, at G. A. ARBORE, No. 200 Broadway.

ST. NICHOLAS SALAMANDER BRAND—Suits, Ties, and Hosiery, sole manufacturers for the United States. We have contracted with the best French and English makers in Lyons and China for the best quality of goods. Prices below market.

SPECIAL NOTICES.

GRANDFATHERS AND GAS FIXTURES
can now be bought at half
price. **THIRTY PER CENT**
below cost.
COLT & WHITELEY,
No. 22 Broadway, cor. 21st St.

New and Choice Fancy Articles for
Christmas Presents—Just received per steamer *Arco*,
and for sale at reasonable prices.
HIGMAN, CLARK & CO.,
Nos. 155, 157, 159 and 161 Broadway.

The Young Men's Republican General
Committee will hold a grand festival of
entertainment in the Free Church at
GRAND FETTERAL

ACADEMY OF MUSIC.
On **THURSDAY EVENING, Dec. 18, 1886.**
The Committee have invited the most distinguished
artists in the musical world to meet them on the occasion,
and the invitations have been almost unanimously
accepted.

The arrangements for the concert are all
in the hands of the artist, and it is believed that
the concert will be a most successful one. The
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NEW PUBLICATIONS.

MRS. STEPHENS'
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CONDUCTED BY
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WITH THE JANUARY NUMBER COMMENCES

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It is now established upon the firmest basis. At the very

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ATTRACTIVE

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Encouraged by the great favor with which it has been

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NEW FEATURES FOR 1887,

and beautiful and unequalled as our illustrations have

hitherto been, in the new volume we shall

FAR EXCEL

what we have hitherto done. The exquisite pencil of Mr.

Dallas, who has given us already so many beautiful ar-

tistic conceptions, and whose

POETRY OF THE PENCIL

has been admired everywhere, and received the most

flattering encomiums, will largely contribute to future

issues.

We shall also commence in the January number a new

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"WEST POINT,"

by an officer of the United States Army, each monthly

portion finely illustrated by Mr. Dallas. This novel is in

a field hitherto untouched by the novelist. This hero is

taken through West Point, and we have an insight into

the workings of this noble Military Academy—the pride

of our country. The story is splendidly told; the style is

clear, graphic, and humorous; the interest dram-

atic; it cultivates a rich variety of character and incident—

and altogether is a work of making a sensation.

THE YOUNG MEN OF AMERICA

could not possibly find a work more sure of interesting

them.

In response to numerous requests of our subscribers, a

new feature—

ILLUSTRATED FASHIONS,

will be presented in every number.

THE FIRESIDES OF THE REVOLUTION.

BY MRS. E. P. HUNT.

A series of sketches of personal incident, and adven-

tures, during the Revolution, gathered from private

sources, by Mrs. Hunt personally, will be continued from

month to month.

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various literary branches,

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HUMOROUS PAPERS.

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EDITORIAL GOSSIP.

Well-known authors will contribute, and render this

Magazine, in its general literature, unequalled by any

other in the country.

In a department, entitled,

THINGS WE TALK ABOUT,

will be found a bright, amusing, witty chat about current

and things of passing occurrence.

The price will remain unchanged; and the above ad-

ditional attractions to a magazine that has already been

pronounced "The most beautiful in the world," and

"The cheapest in the world," will certainly secure for it a

support commensurate with its claims.

PUBLISHED AT 125 CENTS PER MONTHLY NUMBER.

LOST JEWELS. BY MRS. ANN S. STEPHENS. (With

an illustration by DALLAS.)

Chapter XIII. Evil Councils.

Chapter XIII. Evil Councils.

NEW PUBLICATIONS.

THE GREAT JANUARY NUMBER OF
GODDESS' LADY'S BOOK.
See it and judge for yourselves if it is not the handsom-
est and most valuable of a Magazine ever published.
Mrs. H. W. Goddard, 115 West Broadway, New York,
and other celebrated writers contribute. The contents are
too numerous to mention. Three of the best Steel En-
gravings, one of them is a
EX-LIBRIS COLORED FASHION PLATE.
The "Only Child," the best Magazine ever published.
"Godde's Title Page," a Library in itself.
A Brooch Emblem, printed in Steel and Gold.
EIGHTY ENGRAVINGS
for the ladies, comprising everything that can interest
them.
One hundred pages of reading.
Twenty-five cents for this No. and convince yourself that
Godde's Lady's Book is the only Magazine for the ladies
that is now published. For sale by all the Booksellers.

STANDARD BOOK FOR PRESENTS.

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extra, \$6.75.

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IRVING'S WASHINGTON. 3 vols. 8vo. Half calf

LEGAL NOTICES.

THREE COURT: RICHARD MORRELL
IN A C. HANDEBEEK against CORNELIUS

REASON.—Summons, for a money demand on
me, to take testimony; You are hereby commanded
to answer the complaint in this action,
with a check on the office of the Clerk of the City
of New York, at the City Hall in the City of
New York, and to serve a copy of your answer in the said
office on the subscriber, at his office No. 22 Nassau-
street, City of New York, within twenty days after the
date of this summons on you, examine at the day of

the time of arrest, the plaintiff in this action will
judgment against you for the sum of two hundred
twenty-five dollars and thirty-two cents with interest
the 7th day of November, 1864, together the costs of
action.—Dated Nov. 7, 1864.

WESSELL & SMITH, Plaintiffs, Attorney.
summons and complaint in the above action was
a the office of the Clerk of the City and County of
York at the City Hall, in the City of New York, on
the 7th day of Nov. 1864.

WESSELL & SMITH, Attorneys.

PREME COURT—CITY AND COUNTY OF
W-YORK, AS—HENRY W. JOHNSON AND
REW FOSTER HIGGINS against WILLIAM
NELL.—Summons for money demand, 28 cop.
(Com. not cr.)—To the defendant above named:
are hereby summoned and required to answer the
plaint in this action, which was this day filed in the
of the Clerk of the City and County of New York.

any claim, made by or on behalf of said complainant, against the City of New York, within twenty days after the service of this summons upon you, exclusive of the day of service; and if I fail to answer the said complaint within the time so provided, the plaintiffs in this action will take judgment as you for the sum of one thousand and twenty dollars with interest from the 17th day of October, 1906, to the date of payment of the costs of this action.—Dated New-York, Nov. 21,

PREMIER COURT. — JOHN D. WRIGHT against **CHAS. BYRNE**, administrator of the goods, debts and credits of **Illegit Byrne**, deceased, **Charles Byrne** and **Sarah** his wife, **Daniel Byrne** and **Mary** his wife, **James Byrne**, and **Ellen** his wife, **William Byrne**, **Charles Brennan** and **Mary**, his wife. The people of the State of New-York To the defendants and each of them, you are hereby summoned to appear before the

complaint in the action which was filed in the office of the Clerk of the city and county of New-York at the Hall, in the City of New-York, on the 27th day of per instant, 1866, and to serve a copy of your answer said complaint on the subscriber at his office, No. 51 at-st., in said city, within twenty days after the service summons on you, exclusive of the day of such service and if you fail to answer the said complaint within the time aforesaid, the plaintiff in this action will apply to the Court for the relief demanded in the complaint.

PREME COURT, WILLIAM D. RUSSELL
against **LOUIS ROGALINER**, defendant. — Spurious
money demand on contract — To the above-named
defendant: You are hereby summoned and required to
answer this complaint in this action, which was filed in
the office of the Clerk of the City and County of New-

On the 24th day of November, 1886, and to serve a copy of your answer on the subscribers, at their offices, No. 11 Wall-st., Janney & Co., in the City of New-York, on twenty days after the service hereof, exclusive of any day of such service; and if you fail to answer the complaint as aforesaid, the plaintiff will take judgment against you for the sum of nine hundred and thirty dollars ninety-one cents, with interest as follows: on the sum of five hundred and four dollars and sixty-five cents, from Sept. 1. 1886, to the sum of one hundred and thirty-

dollars and ten cents, from Sept. 22, 1886; and on
undred and sixty dollars, and sixteen cents, from
30, 1886, besides the costs of this action. Dated,
24, 1886.
SOMMERS & JOHNSON,
Plaintiff's Attorneys.

Under the complaint is this action, which was initiated in the office of the Clerk of the City and County of New-York, at the City Hall in said City, and to serve you of your answer to the said complaint on the subscribers, at their office, No. 64 Wall-st., in said City, within twenty days after the service of this summons on you, on or before the day of such service; and if you fail to answer the said complaint within the time aforesaid, the plaintiff in this action will apply to the Court for the remedy demanded in the complaint.—Dated Nov. 22, 1864.

EDWARD, MAN & FLEMING,
Plaintiffs vs. **AMERICA.**

PURSUANCE OF AN ORDER OF THE
Surrogate of the County of New-York, notice is hereby
given to all persons having claims against **OGDEN**
HOFFMAN, late of the City of New-York, demand, to
present the same, with vouchers thereof, to the undersigned,
at the office of **HOFFMAN & TEN BROOK**, No. 2
over-street, in the City of New-York, on or before the

day by the local press. About New York, the same day
 December, 1866.

CHARLES BURRELL HOFFMAN,
 Attorney.

PURSUANCE OF AN ORDER OF THE
 Surrogate of the County of New-York, notice is hereby
 given to all persons having claims against the ESTATE OF
 SPATULLO, late of the City of New-York, mar-
 ried, deceased, to present the same, with vouchers there-
 for, to the undersigned, at his office, in the City of New-York,
 at the expiration of thirty days after the date of the pub-
 lication of this notice.

Witness my hand and seal, this 11th day of January, 1867.

CHAS. B. HOFFMAN,
 Surrogate.

133 Nassau-st., in the City of New-York, on or before
the day of February next.—Dated New-York, Aug. 4.
FRANCISCO DEL HOYO, Esq., Adv.
EUPHEMIA P. DEL HOYO, Esq., Adv.
5-law8mTu*.

PURSUANCE OF AN ORDER OF THE
Surrogate of the County of New-York, notice is hereby
given to all persons having claims against JAMES TAR-
NIT, late of the City of New-York, deceased, deceased.

present the same with vouchers thereof to the subdivider,
his place of business, No. 278 Greenwich-st., in the City
of New-York, on or before the 30th day of December
-Dated New-York, June 23, 1865.
JOHN A. TARRANT, Administrator.
4-law6mdu

PURSUANCE OF AN ORDER OF THE
Surrogate of the County of New-York, notice is hereby
given to all persons having claims against MARGARET-

UNBORN, late Margaret Edwards, and late Martin Crow, late of the City of New-York, deceased, be-
come the same with vouchers thereof to the subscriber,
a notice No. 134 Warren-st., in the City of New-York,
on or before the 18th day of December next.—Dated
New-York, June 16, 1856.
J. B. NOLAN, Executor.

ERON, late of the City of New-York, deceased, to
 the same with vouchers thereof to the undersigned,
 residence, No. 91 West 50th-st., in the City of New-
 York, on or before the 9th day of February next.—Dated
 New-York, Aug. 4, 1854.
 MARY M. LEVERICH, Administratrix.

**PURSUANCE OF AN ORDER OF RODMAN
 HAWSON, Esq., Surrogate of the County of Kings.**

is hereby given, according to law, to all persons making claims against **THOMAS THOMAS**, late of the city of Brooklyn, deceased, that they are required to exhibit the same, with the vouchers thereon, to the undersigned, at the office of **N. B. MOESE, Esq., No. 3 Court-street** in the city of Brooklyn, on or before the 14th day of January next.—Dated Aug. 11, 1866.

MARGARET THOMAS,
Administrator.

FURNISHANCE OF AN ORDER OF ARREST
 Jurrogate of the County of New-York, notice is hereby
 given to all persons having claims against HERMAN
 BREHRENS, late of the City of New-York, deceased, to
 appear, to present the same, with vouchers thereof, to the
 Jurrogate, at his domicile, corner Sixty-first and Third
 Avenues in the City of New-York, on or before the 24 day of
 August next.—Dated New-York, Aug. 27, 1884.
 J. LAWSON TU* CATARINA BREHRENS.

jurats of the County of New-York, notice is hereby
 given to all persons having claims against ELIZABETH
 DOCTOR, late of the City of New-York, deceased, to
 present the same with vouchers thereof to the undersigned,
 at the law office of MARTIN & SMITH, No. 22 New-
 York, in the City of New-York, on or before the
 1st day of May next—Dated New-York, the 24
 day of November, 1854.

AUGUSTUS F. SMITH, Esquire.

PURSUANCE OF AN ORDER OF THE
Surrogate of the County of New-York, notice is hereby
given to all persons having claims against GIDEON OGDEN
ORDER, late of the City of New-York, deceased, to
appear with the same with vouchers therefor to the undersigned,
his office No. 130 Bowery, in the City of New-York, on
or before the 17th day of March next.—Dated New-York,
15, 1886.

PURSUANCE OF AN ORDER OF THE
Surrogate of the County of New-York, notice is hereby
given to all persons having claims against JAMES DU-
BURY, late of the City of New-York, deceased, to
present the same, with vouchers thereof, to the subscriber,
at his office, No. 86 West-st., in the City of New-York, on
or before the 4th day of March next.—Dated New-York,
1. 1886.
Jawson Tu*
Administrator.

NOTICE.—THE AMERICAN FEMALE GUARDIAN Society will apply to the New-York Legislature, at the next Session, for an amendment to their charter relative to the commitment of children.

STEAM POWER.

STEAM POWER TO LET—AT THE EMPIRE

Works, foot of 24th and 25th sts., near river. Known
as, erected expressly for mechanical purposes, are ge-
nerally adapted for either heavy or light machinery: the
engines are of 1,000 horse power, and the whole establish-
ment is fitted up in a manner unsurpassed in this country.
Terms, &c., apply at the Office on the premises.

READY POWER—IN THE DEPOT BUILD-
ing corner of Elm and Franklin sts., one square from
driv. Croton water, gas, water closets, and every

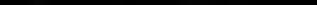
nfluence, inquire of T. BENNETT, on this premises.
 ted by steam pipes.

STEAM POWER TO LIFT IN LIGHT AND
 ury rooms, in a new building, in CHATEAU, Ave. to J.
 FULL & SON, No. 128 CHATEAU.

WATCHES AND JEWELRY.

OLD WATCHES SECOND HAND. THE subscriber has a number of gold English patent lever watches and detached levers; also one fine pocket Chronometer which all of which have been worn, and which selling very low. G. C. ALLEN, No. 11 Wall St., Second floor.

PLAYING CARDS, SOUTHWARD
 Southward and club cards with 1000 cards
 of all well seasoned playing cards, for sale
 at the Philadelphia Card Company, 1000
HART & CO., No. 2 Barclay St.,



New-York Daily Times

VOL. VI.—NO. 1637. NEW-YORK, WEDNESDAY, DECEMBER 17, 1856. PRICE TWO CENTS.

WELCOME TO DR. NOTT.
More than one hundred graduates of Union College, who were present at the annual meeting of the New-York University, to which the venerable Dr. Nott, President of the institution, to inaugurate a system of medicine, and to take steps for the erection of a "Graduate Hall," in connection with the long-occupied Central Chapel. Among those present were Messrs. Potter, of New-York and of Pennsylvania; Dr. D. W. W. and Campbell; Judge Edmonds; Messrs. Clark, Ex-Mayor of the City of New-York; Messrs. Cooper, C. Van Vorst; Hiram Barney, Messrs. Allen, W. Bradford; R. M. Bradford; H. W. Taylor; H. M. Taylor; King; Judge John A. Zane; Alfred G. Cunningham; John Biglow; and many others who have obtained distinction in the profession.

Some time previous to the organization of the meeting the venerable Dr. Nott appeared and received the congratulations of his pupils. Although eighty years of age, he seemed free from ailments, and was in the vigor of his faculties. He was in the habit of attending a meeting at which which he proposed to hold should be presided over by some one of distinction. He saw many such before him, and from them he would nominate for President.

The nomination was unanimously approved. And on taking the oath, the venerable Dr. Nott said the very words which he had said when he was elected to the office of President of the institution; and he said that it was good that they should gather together. And at such a time it was a pleasure to be able, as they were, to greet most cordially their venerable and respected President.

When the reverend doctor had concluded, Hiram Barney, Esq., was appointed Secretary of the meeting. Judge Edmonds then arose, and offered the following resolutions:

RESOLUTIONS.
Resolved, That association among the Alumni of Union College, residing in the City of New-York, cannot but be an agreeable and pleasant to them, and that it is the duty of the Alumni to promote the same, and to take steps for the erection of a "Graduate Hall," in connection with the long-occupied Central Chapel.

Resolved, That association among the Alumni of Union College, residing in the City of New-York, cannot but be an agreeable and pleasant to them, and that it is the duty of the Alumni to promote the same, and to take steps for the erection of a "Graduate Hall," in connection with the long-occupied Central Chapel.

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But not to insist on these things it will be the duty of the Alumni to promote the same, and to take steps for the erection of a "Graduate Hall," in connection with the long-occupied Central Chapel.

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death we shall approve, and reprobate the parody on the same. The remarks of the venerable Doctor elicited many marks of approval, and when he had resumed his seat, the following were appointed a Committee to raise contributions:

Richard M. Blatchford, George N. Titus, Stephen Crambling, Oliver D. P. Grant, Aaron Clark, Alexander W. Bradford, John A. Zane, Augustus Schell, Hiram Barney.

LATEST INTELLIGENCE.

By Telegraph to the New-York Daily Times.

Magazine Telegraph Co.'s Office—40 Nassau-st., and 10 Broadway. Home Printing Telegraph Office No. 11 Wall-st.

FROM WASHINGTON.

The House debates to-day, were rather dull. The House debates to-day, were rather dull. The House debates to-day, were rather dull.

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any part of the Union; but to choose only from those States which have given Democratic majorities. The consequence has not been unimportant, but second or third rate statesmen have been entrusted with the task which demanded the highest talent in the nation; and that prominent demagogues have been rewarded, while politicians of ability and integrity have been neglected. Mr. Buchanan has formed the noble resolution of trampling under foot a custom which is disgusting to patriotic Democrats, of enlarged national views, and which necessarily tends to perpetuate the most sordid description of political office. He believes that it is the duty of the Chief Magistrate of the country, to be ready to resign the office, if he is unable to perform the duties of the office.

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twelve terms by the President, who has added insult to injury. The very man who has added insult to injury, the very man who has added insult to injury, the very man who has added insult to injury.

Mr. Crawford approved of every word in the President's Message. He believed, notwithstanding their denials that the Republicans were prepared to interfere with the institutions of the country, that they were prepared to come forward boldly and manfully, meeting their political adversaries face to face, they undertake to attack slavery at the outposts and destroy the institutions in the interior where it is the most deeply seated.

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THE SINKING OF THE "MEXICAN."—THE "MEXICAN," a small steamer, was sunk off the coast of Yucatan, on the 15th inst. The vessel was carrying a large number of passengers and crew. The cause of the sinking is not yet ascertained.

A HOSPITALITY OF GEN. WALKER'S FORTUNE.—The General's fortune is said to be very large. He is said to have received a large sum of money from the Government. The exact amount is not yet ascertained.

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NEW PUBLICATIONS

SECOND EDITION!
GRATON OF HOWE NEWBORN EVERETT
Delivered at the University of Denver Observatory at
Albany with proceedings at Dedication of SEARS
GEOLOGICAL MUSEUM.
A few copies of **GRATON** **NEWBORN** only left. Price \$5
cents each. **Everett** five copies for \$1.
For sale at **DALLAS** **BOOK** office.

LIFE ILLUSTRATED.
For to-day, contains an excellent **LIFE** from **Frederick A. Story** for the "Higher Standard"; **LIFE** from **Brooksbrough**; **Boes**; **Chinase Sugar-Cane**; **Temperature and Obesity**; **Fanned the Development of Muskling**; **Good to Dinner**; "Where **Past** is **It**?" to **Intelligence**; **How to Write**; **Notes from **Tobacco** **Manufacture****; **The Climate**.

Night be Strong; Items; Miscellaneous—*Quick Ready*;
 Gently; *The Canary Bird*; *Various*; *The Swallow*
World's Market; *Kane's Arctic Expedition*,
 and other Illustrations. Price of *set*, 40¢; per
 copy, 10¢. **NEW YORK: BOWEN AND WELLES;**
 No. 200 Broadway, New York.
From the Panama Star and Herald, Nov. 10.
 One of the best papers published in the United States is
The Panama Star and Herald. It is published by
 a Journal of Entertainment, Improvement,
 and we know of no more instructive and interesting pub-
 lication. It contains a full and complete list of
 children, high and low, rich and poor, and will endeavor
 to suit them in the columns.
MADON'S LIBRARY OF STANDARD TALES.
 BY
 HARNET LEES
CANTERBURY TALES.
 3 vols., cloth, 12mo. Price, 45¢.
 We propose issuing, in uniform style, a series of vol-
 umes of the best of our English literature.

[illegible]

"The Standard Novels" with feelings of far more interest than we take up any new novel of the day."—*Field and Cottrell*.

"Few readers of German literature can be ignorant of these popular productions, and we are, therefore, spared the necessity of saying how much we have been captivated by the power of the novel which has been created by the narrative of 'Arundel'; how truly these are the stories of 'Constance' and 'Lutharis'. The pure sentimentality which reigns through these tales—which we ourselves would not have been able to detect—has been

"There are fine things in 'The Canterbury Tales,'
 Nothing of Scott's is surer than 'The German's Tale.'"
 "I have read it, and I like it very much," said the
 "what I did then. This, I remember, particularly affected me."
 He also said of "The German's Tale": "It was a
 deep impression on me, and it has led me to combine the
 germ of much that I have since written."
 Referring to this, *Chambers's Cyclopædia of English*
 Literature, says:
 "The public were unanimous in considering Mr.
 Lee as more interesting, passionate, and even more poet-
 ical than his brilliant rival."
 Published by MASON BROTHERS,
 Nos. 106 and 110 Duane-st., New-York.
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1998, 1999, 2000, 2001, 2002, 2003, 2004, 2005, 2006, 2007, 2008, 2009, 2010, 2011, 2012, 2013, 2014, 2015, 2016, 2017, 2018, 2019, 2020, 2021, 2022, 2023, 2024, 2025, 2026, 2027, 2028, 2029, 2030, 2031, 2032, 2033, 2034, 2035, 2036, 2037, 2038, 2039, 2040, 2041, 2042, 2043, 2044, 2045, 2046, 2047, 2048, 2049, 2050, 2051, 2052, 2053, 2054, 2055, 2056, 2057, 2058, 2059, 2060, 2061, 2062, 2063, 2064, 2065, 2066, 2067, 2068, 2069, 2070, 2071, 2072, 2073, 2074, 2075, 2076, 2077, 2078, 2079, 2080, 2081, 2082, 2083, 2084, 2085, 2086, 2087, 2088, 2089, 2090, 2091, 2092, 2093, 2094, 2095, 2096, 2097, 2098, 2099, 2100, 2101, 2102, 2103, 2104, 2105, 2106, 2107, 2108, 2109, 2110, 2111, 2112, 2113, 2114, 2115, 2116, 2117, 2118, 2119, 2120, 2121, 2122, 2123, 2124, 2125, 2126, 2127, 2128, 2129, 2130, 2131, 2132, 2133, 2134, 2135, 2136, 2137, 2138, 2139, 2140, 2141, 2142, 2143, 2144, 2145, 2146, 2147, 2148, 2149, 2150, 2151, 2152, 2153, 2154, 2155, 2156, 2157, 2158, 2159, 2160, 2161, 2162, 2163, 2164, 2165, 2166, 2167, 2168, 2169, 2170, 2171, 2172, 2173, 2174, 2175, 2176, 2177, 2178, 2179, 2180, 2181, 2182, 2183, 2184, 2185, 2186, 2187, 2188, 2189, 2190, 2191, 2192, 2193, 2194, 2195, 2196, 2197, 2198, 2199, 2200, 2201, 2202, 2203, 2204, 2205, 2206, 2207, 2208, 2209, 2210, 2211, 2212, 2213, 2214, 2215, 2216, 2217, 2218, 2219, 2220, 2221, 2222, 2223, 2224, 2225, 2226, 2227, 2228, 2229, 2230, 2231, 2232, 2233, 2234, 2235, 2236, 2237, 2238, 2239, 2240, 2241, 2242, 2243, 2244, 2245, 2246, 2247, 2248, 2249, 2250, 2251, 2252, 2253, 2254, 2255, 2256, 2257, 2258, 2259, 2260, 2261, 2262, 2263, 2264, 2265, 2266, 2267, 2268, 2269, 2270, 2271, 2272, 2273, 2274, 2275, 2276, 2277, 2278, 2279, 2280, 2281, 2282, 2283, 2284, 2285, 2286, 2287, 2288, 2289, 2290, 2291, 2292, 2293, 2294, 2295, 2296, 2297, 2298, 2299, 2300, 2301, 2302, 2303, 2304, 2305, 2306, 2307, 2308, 2309, 2310, 2311, 2312, 2313, 2314, 2315, 2316, 2317, 2318, 2319, 2320, 2321, 2322, 2323, 2324, 2325, 2326, 2327, 2328, 2329, 2330, 2331, 2332, 2333, 2334, 2335, 2336, 2337, 2338, 2339, 2340, 2341, 2342, 2343, 2344, 2345, 2346, 2347, 2348, 2349, 2350, 2351, 2352, 2353, 2354, 2355, 2356, 2357, 2358, 2359, 2360, 2361, 2362, 2363, 2364, 2365, 2366, 2367, 2368, 2369, 2370, 2371, 2372, 2373, 2374, 2375, 2376, 2377, 2378, 2379, 2380, 2381, 2382, 2383, 2384, 2385, 2386, 2387, 2388, 2389, 2390, 2391, 2392, 2393, 2394, 2395, 2396, 2397, 2398, 2399, 2400, 2401, 2402, 2403, 2404, 2405, 2406, 2407, 2408, 2409, 2410, 2411, 2412, 2413, 2414, 2415, 2416, 2417, 2418, 2419, 2420, 2421, 2422, 2423, 2424, 2425, 2426, 2427, 2428, 2429, 2430, 2431, 2432, 2433, 2434, 2435, 2436, 2437, 2438, 2439, 2440, 2441, 2442, 2443, 2444, 2445, 2446, 2447, 2448, 2449, 2450, 2451, 2452, 2453, 2454, 2455, 2456, 2457, 2458, 2459, 2460, 2461, 2462, 2463, 2464, 2465, 2466, 2467, 2468, 2469, 2470, 2471, 2472, 2473, 2474, 2475, 2476, 2477, 2478, 2479, 2480, 2481, 2482, 2483, 2484, 2485, 2486, 2487, 2488, 2489, 2490, 2491, 2492, 2493, 2494, 2495, 2496, 2497, 2498, 2499, 2500, 2501, 2502, 2503, 2504, 2505, 2506, 2507, 2508, 2509, 2510, 2511, 2512, 2513, 2514, 2515, 2516, 2517, 2518, 2519, 2520, 2521, 2522, 2523, 2524, 2525, 2526, 2527, 2528, 2529, 2530, 2531, 2532, 2533, 2534, 2535, 2536, 2537, 2538, 2539, 2540, 2541, 2542, 2543, 2544, 2545, 2546, 2547, 2548, 2549, 2550, 2551, 2552, 2553, 2554, 2555, 2556, 2557, 2558, 2559, 2560, 2561, 2562, 2563, 2564, 2565, 2566, 2567, 2568, 2569, 2570, 2571, 2572, 2573, 2574, 2575, 2576, 2577, 2578, 2579, 2580, 2581, 2582, 2583, 2584, 2585, 2586, 2587, 2588, 2589, 2590, 2591, 2592, 2593, 2594, 2595, 2596, 2597, 2598, 2599, 2600, 2601, 2602, 2603, 2604, 2605, 2606, 2607, 2608, 2609, 2610, 2611, 2612, 2613, 2614, 2615, 2616, 2617, 2618, 2619, 2620, 2621, 2622, 2623, 2624, 2625, 2626, 2627, 2628, 2629, 2630, 2631, 2632, 2633, 2634, 2635, 2636, 2637, 2638, 2639, 2640, 2641, 2642, 2643, 2644, 2645, 2646, 2647, 2648, 2649, 2650, 2651, 2652, 2653, 2654, 2655, 2656, 2657, 2658, 2659, 2660, 2661, 2662, 2663, 2664, 2665, 2666, 2667, 2668, 2669, 2670, 2671, 2672, 2673, 2674, 2675, 2676, 2677, 2678, 2679, 26

NY-100A, Dec. 17, 1960,

the Holdings of every desirable pattern and fabric.

FOR THE HOLIDAYS

FOR EUROPE.

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NEW YORK AND LIVERPOOL & LONDON.
Steamship **NEW YORK**, Capt. E. Collins, will depart with the United States mail for Liverpool, on Saturday, 12th inst. The steamer of this line has improved water-tight bottom, and is fitted with the latest appliances and comfort for passengers.

EDWARD E. COLLINS, N. & W. Collins, Agents.
A. M. All letters must pass through the Post Office.

RAILROADS.

GREAT AMERICAN ROUTE!

MICHIGAN SOUTHERN RAILROAD TO CHICAGO. Leave for Chicago from Detroit at 10:00 a. m. for places West and Southwest, via New York & Erie, York Central, American Lakes Shore Railroad, to New York, and thence by the shortest, quickest and most economical route to the Great West. For Through Tickets and rates of fare apply at the Company's Office, No. 141 Broadway, New York City, or at the Ticket Office, 1000 Woodward Building, Detroit, Mich.

NEW-YORK AND NEW ENGLAND RAILROAD.

On and after Monday, Nov. 3, 1896, and thereafter notice, Passenger Trains will leave New York for Buffalo, Dunkirk Express, at 6:30 A. M.; for Dunkirk, at 8:15 A. M.; for Dunkirk and Buffalo and intermediate stations, at 9:00 A. M.; for Dunkirk and Oswego, and proceed the next morning, Chicago, at 11:15 A. M.; for Dunkirk, Rochester, Albany, and New York, at 12:00 P. M.; for Buffalo, Dunkirk Express, at 1:00 P. M.; for Dunkirk, at 1:45 P. M.; for Dunkirk and Buffalo and intermediate stations, at 2:30 P. M.; for Dunkirk and Oswego, and proceed the next morning, Chicago, at 3:45 P. M.; for Dunkirk, Rochester, Albany, and New York, at 4:30 P. M.; for Buffalo, Dunkirk Express, at 5:30 P. M.; for Dunkirk, at 6:15 P. M.; for Dunkirk and Buffalo and intermediate stations, at 7:00 P. M.; for Dunkirk and Oswego, and proceed the next morning, Chicago, at 8:15 P. M.; for Dunkirk, Rochester, Albany, and New York, at 9:00 P. M.

NEW-YORK AND HALLMARK RAILROADS.

SUNDAY TRAINS.—**ALBANY TO NEW YORK.**—Leave Albany, Sunday, Nov. 4, 1894.—Three daily trains to Albany, Sunday excepted. Fare 60 from New-York to Albany. General Agents, C. P. Smith & Co., 107 Wall Street, New York.

NEW-YORK TO ALBANY.—Leave New-York, Sunday, Nov. 4, 1894.—One train per day, Sunday excepted. Fare 60 from New-York to Albany. General Agents, C. P. Smith & Co., 107 Wall Street, New York.

WEEK-DAY TRAINS.—**ALBANY TO NEW-YORK.**—Leave Albany, Monday, Tuesday, Wednesday, Thursday, Friday, Saturday, Sunday, Nov. 4, 1894.—Four daily trains to Albany, Sunday excepted. Fare 60 from New-York to Albany. General Agents, C. P. Smith & Co., 107 Wall Street, New York.

NEW-YORK TO ALBANY.—Leave New-York, Monday, Tuesday, Wednesday, Thursday, Friday, Saturday, Sunday, Nov. 4, 1894.—Four daily trains to Albany, Sunday excepted. Fare 60 from New-York to Albany. General Agents, C. P. Smith & Co., 107 Wall Street, New York.

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NEW JERSEY RAILROAD SOUTH AND WEST
JERSEY CITY, N. J. and Express Cars, Leave
New York at 8 and arrive at Jersey City at 10:30.
Stop at all regular stations. Through service
for (Chicago) (Ct. and 1st St.) and the York
Baltimore, Washington, Philadelphia, New
York, and Washington, S. A. M. and P. M.
respective.

J. W. WOODRUFF, Agent, Jersey City, N. J.
No baggage will be received for freight unless
checked 16 hours in advance of the time
leaving.

LAND ROUTE NEW-YORK TO PROVIDENCE
Leave New York at 10:30 A. M. and arrive at
Providence at 10:30 P. M. via
Hartford, Springfield and Plainfield. Leave
Hartford on the arrival of the above train at
Hartford and arrive at Springfield at 10:30
P. M. and Springfield Railroad, which leave
Springfield at 11:30 P. M. and arrive at
Providence at 1:30 P. M. respectively.

W. H. WOODRUFF, Agent, New York, N. Y.

FLUORINE RAILROAD
Leave New York at 10:30 A. M. and arrive at
Providence at 10:30 P. M. via
Hartford, Springfield and Plainfield. Leave
Hartford on the arrival of the above train at
Hartford and arrive at Springfield at 10:30
P. M. and Springfield Railroad, which leave
Springfield at 11:30 P. M. and arrive at
Providence at 1:30 P. M. respectively.

LINEN PLAYING CARDS
 LINEN PLAYING CARDS. Southern
 will find a
 of all
 Card Factory
 U.S. MAIL & CO. No. 1 Barclay St., oppo
 House

NEW-YORK DAILY NEWS.

NEW-YORK, FRIDAY, DEC. 10, 1896.

THE NEW-YORK DAILY NEWS is published every morning, except on Sundays and public holidays, at the office of the publisher, No. 125 Nassau-st., New-York. It is published at the rate of \$100 per annum in advance, and is sent by mail at the rate of \$100 per annum in advance, and is sent by mail at the rate of \$100 per annum in advance.

THE NEW-YORK EVENING NEWS is published every evening, except on Sundays and public holidays, at the office of the publisher, No. 125 Nassau-st., New-York. It is published at the rate of \$100 per annum in advance, and is sent by mail at the rate of \$100 per annum in advance, and is sent by mail at the rate of \$100 per annum in advance.

THE NEW-YORK WEEKLY NEWS is published every week, except on Sundays and public holidays, at the office of the publisher, No. 125 Nassau-st., New-York. It is published at the rate of \$100 per annum in advance, and is sent by mail at the rate of \$100 per annum in advance, and is sent by mail at the rate of \$100 per annum in advance.

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White Mountains, and other places of fashionable resort.

This is all very amusing, but the remedy for Southern absenteeism proposed by the Independent editor is much more so. It is his opinion that "the system ought to be denounced, and the persistent absentees and Boston and Brooklyn buyers of real estate for future homes, should be made to cover under the frown of a just and virtuous indignation."

Even the Antocrat of all the Russias—the terrible Czar—permits his wealthy subjects, who have made their fortunes in St. Petersburg, Moscow, and Odessa, to spend their money in Italy, Paris, or London, or wherever their inclination may lead them; but down South they believe in the restrictive system; and if they are going to frown indignantly on every merchant who comes among them for business purposes, they will soon discover that no merchants will come, and New-Orleans, instead of being the Dublin of America, will become the Tyre or Sidon.

Street Inconveniences.

It is the duty of the Commissioner of Streets and Lamps, or more particularly of the Superintendent of Streets, to order "any article or thing whatsoever, which may incumber or obstruct any street, wharf, or pier to be removed; and, in case the same shall not be removed within twenty-four hours after notice shall have been given, to order the same to be carted or removed to the yard occupied by the Superintendent of Repairs to Public Buildings, or other suitable place." In order to fulfill this requirement, the Commissioner of Streets and Lamps, (Mr. Ealing,) is empowered to appoint a Street Inspector for each Ward, whose functions are, to visit, daily, the different localities within his district and to procure the rigid enforcement of the law. The salary of these inspectors is, we understand, about two dollars for each week day, or about six hundred and twenty dollars a year. The value of the office of Inspector is far greater, averaging from fifteen hundred to three thousand dollars yearly. The manner in which the increased amount of earnings is obtained, is one of those gross abuses which is the necessary consequence of the present Department system.

It is unnecessary to state that there is scarcely a dock, nor a sidewalk, nor a square, in the business portions of the Metropolis, which is not continually incumbered with packages of dry goods, bales of cotton, piles of lumber, hogheads of sugar or molasses, and such other commodities as are offered for sale by our merchants. We do not, of course, speak of the necessary loading and unloading of wares; but of those merchandise only which are permitted to remain in the streets, or on the docks, from day to day, sometimes being sold and resold—changing hands many times—before they are removed. It is not many days since a boy, in the Seventh Ward, was shockingly mutilated by the falling of a pile of lumber, which had been illegally permitted to remain on one of the thoroughfares. Accidents, occasionally of a fatal character, occur constantly upon the docks, where crates of crockery, hogheads, &c., are left, in order to save storage and cartage, until they are finally disposed of. The reason for this gross violation of law is supposed to be, that the official whose sworn duty it is to enforce it receives a pecuniary consideration for not doing so; and this corrupt custom has become so usual that the ordinance against "obstructing streets, &c.," may be said to be nearly inoperative.

The inconveniences which accrue to merchants, and especially to ship owners, from the obstacles which are thrown in the way of unloading vessels, have lately got to be so annoying as to have created an unusual amount of unavailing complaint. In some places, along the East River, piles of lumber, thirty feet high, may be seen by any one who will take the trouble to look at them. In others, a walk along the wharf, at night time, will show hundreds if not thousands of packages which, if the Inspector had performed his duty, would be transferred to the yard of the Superintendent of Repairs to Public Buildings. Cartmen find it next to impossible to wind their way to the ships from which they are hired to carry goods; and pedestrians can only thread a passage for themselves, at the peril of life or limb. Remonstrances are worse than useless, and encounter such volleys of foul-mouthed epithets, as many of those are proficient in, who are intrusted with the interests of the bribers and the bribed. Application to Mr. Ealing or to Mr. Morr, is, of course, totally unavailing, as the Inspectors are never appointed with a view to their integrity or fitness for the position, but to reward political service, or gratify private friendship. In the few instances where articles removed to the yard of the Superintendent of Repairs of Public Buildings, have been sold according to law, funds are said to have been practiced in rendering an account of the sale, which we may take another occasion to refer to; but these cases are rare, because the enforcement of the law at all is so unfrequent, that its very existence has begun to be considered by some, a matter of doubt.

There is but a single positive remedy for such evils, and that is the one we have so frequently pointed out, viz.: the removal of power from such a number of Departments, and its concentration in the hands of some one who can be resorted to, at all times, and who can instantly correct abuses, by removing incompetent and corrupt officials, and substituting honest, efficient individuals in their places. Until this be done, and so long as EALINGS, SELAHs, PURDYs, FUREYs and IRTVINGs remain antocrators—each one in his own independent, irresponsible sphere—there can be no well-founded hope of a change for the better.

CONGRESS.—In the Senate, yesterday, a resolution was passed directing inquiry as to the propriety of discontinuing appropriations for the Military Asylums in the District of Columbia and at Harrisburg, Ky. The Secretary of the Navy was authorized to present suitable medals to Dr. KANE and the officers and men of the Arctic Expedition. The memorial of E. K. COLLINS and associates, asking to be relieved from their mail contract, was presented and referred to the Post-Office Committee. The President's Message was then considered.

In the House, the debate on the Message occupied the day. Mr. QUTTMAN, in speaking on the subject of Central America, declared himself opposed to the policy of making treaties with European Governments

for the regulation of affairs there, and he asserted that General WALKER was an instrument in the hands of Providence to carry on American civilization. Twenty thousand copies of the message, and accompanying documents, were ordered to be printed.

Fate of the Bulls.

Every school-boy is familiar with the story told by Dr. FRANKLIN, in his biography, of the man who endeavored to dissuade him from engaging in any business in Philadelphia, because that city had reached its maximum of prosperity, and everything was too much expanded, and going to the dogs generally. He was the leading Bear of his day, we have no doubt, and was regarded as a marvellously sagacious person. If he had had his way, everything would have gone to the dogs, as he predicted, and Philadelphia would not now be the great rival of the Commercial Metropolis of the New World. But, happily for the world at large, the Bears have been a small part of society; the Bulls have been the ruling power, and, in spite of the stupid and growling Bears, the great work was completed, which has added so immensely to the wealth and grandeur, not only of this State, but of the whole country. But it is not in the nature of a Bear to be anything but a bear. Experience teaches him nothing; he wraps himself up in his gloomy predictions, like a blanket, and will neither hear nor see the true state of facts as they exist. It is against these drags on public improvement that all our great public works have been undertaken, and the obstacles thrown in their way by preventing the negotiation of loans necessary to carry them on, have cost the country hundreds of millions of dollars. If the mercantile interests of the country had been generally treated with that unrelenting persecution and severity which have been systematically employed against the great railroad undertakings, there would hardly be an American ship afloat on the Ocean. The daily organ of the Bear party in this City says that "in the end all Bulls must be ruined," which is simply reviving the old gloomy humbug doctrine of Doctor FRANKLIN's Philadelphia adviser.

For a man who is constitutionally a Bear, who, from an excess of bile, a dyspeptic constitution, a disappointment in foolish speculations, whether in love or finance, or any other cause, takes a dismal view of human affairs, and sees nothing but ruin in the prospect, we can feel a genuine commiseration, if not respect. But for the more speculator in public misfortune, who first stakes his money on the ruin he imagines will overwhelm the world, and then tries all his arts to produce the disaster which he has predicted, we have about as much respect as we could feel for the base wretch who sets fire to a house that he may be enabled to rob it of part of its contents.

The Bulls may, now and then, get fooled; but, in the end they generally come out victorious; and, at the worst, if they do not enrich themselves, they assist others to do so. Dr. WITZ CLINTON was the leading Bull of his day, and it is probably a great comfort to the Bear party, and its organ, to know that he died poor. But the State has been enriched beyond computation, by his confident trust in the future.

The Assyrians deified Bulls and gave them wings in their sculptures, typifying thereby the very spirit of strength, and a rising power. It would not be a bad idea for the members of the Stock Exchange who owe all their prosperity to the Bull party, to have a copy of LARSEN's great Nineveh bull placed in their rooms as an emblem of their corporate strength. As to all the Bulls being ruined in the end, as the Bear organ says, the facts of history, and daily experience, prove just the contrary. Without the Bulls the Bears would be absolutely nowhere; a community of Bears would be like a company of pick-pockets trying to live by robbing each other. But, with the Bulls the case would be very different; if there were not a Bear party in existence the Bulls would prosper very well by themselves.

SOUTHERN LITERATURE.—The Savannah Convention did not confine itself solely to commercial considerations, but diverged into matrimonial and literary speculations. One of its members was opposed to marrying Northern women, and another introduced a resolution against the periodicals of the Free States. It was resolved by this Convention that it is the duty of the Southern people, as far as possible, to withdraw their support from periodicals published in the Northern States. The members of the Convention must have a much lower and meaner opinion of the people of the South, than the most rabid anti-Slavery ranters ever had the courage to give utterance to, if they think that their compatriots will give any heed to such an utterly absurd and senseless recommendation. The people of the South who pay for Northern periodicals, do it, of course, because they find them entertaining and serviceable, and they will continue to read Free-State literature until the South can furnish them something better on as good terms.

Mr. STRONG, of South-Carolina, took a practical and common sense view of the matter, and thought that the ladies of the South would continue to take *Godey's Magazine* for the sake of its fashion plates, whether or no. They would not give up a fashionable bonnet for any feeling of patriotism. This brought out the chivalric Croaker, of Virginia, who "thought the ladies of Virginia and of all the other Southern States, would do as much for, and stand by the rights of the South as long as her men would. The other gentleman from South Carolina, (Mr. CALHOUN,) had spoken about the young men of the South being educated in the North as being beneficial to the interests of the South. He himself thought that the sending of the young ladies there for their education was more to be deprecated."

In this sensible and philosophical spirit did the Convention discuss the interests of a Southern literature. In the meanwhile the poor people of the South must read Northern books and periodicals, or remain in a most deplorable state of ignorance as to the current literature of the day. What would be said at the South, we wonder, if any Northern man outside of a lunatic hospital should gravely propose in a public meeting that it was the duty of the people

FOR CALIFORNIA

up before being sent into a **SALE** of
MR. KING, at Colton's auction room, No. 55 Beek-
 man street.

NAMBELED CHAMBER FURNITURE—AT
H. F. PARSONS'S Manhattans' Warerooms
 No. 44 and 45 W. 42nd st., between Grand and Broome

REMOVALS.

REMOVED—ROGERS, KETCHUM & GROSVENOR, and their successors, the Rogers Locomotive Works, 14 Madison street, have removed their offices from Broadway to No. 14 Exchange-place.

OFFICE—DENNITTUN, WOOD & CO. HAVE removed to Mechanic Bank Buildings, No. 100 Broadway, where they are commencing office, available in all parts of the world, and to buy and sell Foreign Exchange.

HORSES AND CARRIAGES.

CARRIAGES—PERSONS WISHING GOOD family Carriages or Hacks of any description, can be had of **MR. J. H. BROADWAY**, at the corner of Coenties, Callecous, Courten, Barlowes, & Savoy, 2nd, 4th, 6th, 8th, 10th, 12th, 14th, 16th, 18th, 20th, 22nd, 24th, 26th, 28th, 30th, 32nd, 34th, 36th, 38th, 40th, 42nd, 44th, 46th, 48th, 50th, 52nd, 54th, 56th, 58th, 60th, 62nd, 64th, 66th, 68th, 70th, 72nd, 74th, 76th, 78th, 80th, 82nd, 84th, 86th, 88th, 90th, 92nd, 94th, 96th, 98th, 100th, 102nd, 104th, 106th, 108th, 110th, 112th, 114th, 116th, 118th, 120th, 122nd, 124th, 126th, 128th, 130th, 132nd, 134th, 136th, 138th, 140th, 142nd, 144th, 146th, 148th, 150th, 152nd, 154th, 156th, 158th, 160th, 162nd, 164th, 166th, 168th, 170th, 172nd, 174th, 176th, 178th, 180th, 182nd, 184th, 186th, 188th, 190th, 192nd, 194th, 196th, 198th, 200th, 202nd, 204th, 206th, 208th, 210th, 212th, 214th, 216th, 218th, 220th, 222nd, 224th, 226th, 228th, 230th, 232nd, 234th, 236th, 238th, 240th, 242nd, 244th, 246th, 248th, 250th, 252nd, 254th, 256th, 258th, 260th, 262nd, 264th, 266th, 268th, 270th, 272nd, 274th, 276th, 278th, 280th, 282nd, 284th, 286th, 288th, 290th, 292nd, 294th, 296th, 298th, 300th, 302nd, 304th, 306th, 308th, 310th, 312th, 314th, 316th, 318th, 320th, 322nd, 324th, 326th, 328th, 330th, 332nd, 334th, 336th, 338th, 340th, 342nd, 344th, 346th, 348th, 350th, 352nd, 354th, 356th, 358th, 360th, 362nd, 364th, 366th, 368th, 370th, 372nd, 374th, 376th, 378th, 380th, 382nd, 384th, 386th, 388th, 390th, 392nd, 394th, 396th, 398th, 400th, 402nd, 404th, 406th, 408th, 410th, 412th, 414th, 416th, 418th, 420th, 422nd, 424th, 426th, 428th, 430th, 432nd, 434th, 436th, 438th, 440th, 442nd, 444th, 446th, 448th, 450th, 452nd, 454th, 456th, 458th, 460th, 462nd, 464th, 466th, 468th, 470th, 472nd, 474th, 476th, 478th, 480th, 482nd, 484th, 486th, 488th, 490th, 492nd, 494th, 496th, 498th, 500th, 502nd, 504th, 506th, 508th, 510th, 512th, 514th, 516th, 518th, 520th, 522nd, 524th, 526th, 528th, 530th, 532nd, 534th, 536th, 538th, 540th, 542nd, 544th, 546th, 548th, 550th, 552nd, 554th, 556th, 558th, 560th, 562nd, 564th, 566th, 568th, 570th, 572nd, 574th, 576th, 578th, 580th, 582nd, 584th, 586th, 588th, 590th, 592nd, 594th, 596th, 598th, 600th, 602nd, 604th, 606th, 608th, 610th, 612th, 614th, 616th, 618th, 620th, 622nd, 624th, 626th, 628th, 630th, 632nd, 634th, 636th, 638th, 640th, 642nd, 644th, 646th, 648th, 650th, 652nd, 654th, 656th, 658th, 660th, 662nd, 664th, 666th, 668th, 670th, 672nd, 674th, 676th, 678th, 680th, 682nd, 684th, 686th, 688th, 690th, 692nd, 694th, 696th, 698th, 700th, 702nd, 704th, 706th, 708th, 710th, 712th, 714th, 716th, 718th, 720th, 722nd, 724th, 726th, 728th, 730th, 732nd, 734th, 736th, 738th, 740th, 742nd, 744th, 746th, 748th, 750th, 752nd, 754th, 756th, 758th, 760th, 762nd, 764th, 766th, 768th, 770th, 772nd, 774th, 776th, 778th, 780th, 782nd, 784th, 786th, 788th, 790th, 792nd, 794th, 796th, 798th, 800th, 802nd, 804th, 806th, 808th, 810th, 812th, 814th, 816th, 818th, 820th, 822nd, 824th, 826th, 828th, 830th, 832nd, 834th, 836th, 838th, 840th, 842nd, 844th, 846th, 848th, 850th, 852nd, 854th, 856th, 858th, 860th, 862nd, 864th, 866th, 868th, 870th, 872nd, 874th, 876th, 878th, 880th, 882nd, 884th, 886th, 888th, 890th, 892nd, 894th, 896th, 898th, 900th, 902nd, 904th, 906th, 908th, 910th, 912th, 914th, 916th, 918th, 920th, 922nd, 924th, 926th, 928th, 930th, 932nd, 934th, 936th, 938th, 940th, 942nd, 944th, 946th, 948th, 950th, 952nd, 954th, 956th, 958th, 960th, 962nd, 964th, 966th, 968th, 970th, 972nd, 974th, 976th, 978th, 980th, 982nd, 984th, 986th, 988th, 990th, 992nd, 994th, 996th, 998th, 1000th, 1002nd, 1004th, 1006th, 1008th, 1010th, 1012th, 1014th, 1016th, 1018th, 1020th, 1022nd, 1024th, 1026th, 1028th, 1030th, 1032nd, 1034th, 1036th, 1038th, 1040th, 1042nd, 1044th, 1046th, 1048th, 1050th, 1052nd, 1054th, 1056th, 1058th, 1060th, 1062nd, 1064th, 1066th, 1068th, 1070th, 1072nd, 1074th, 1076th, 1078th, 1080th, 1082nd, 1084th, 1086th, 1088th, 1090th, 1092nd, 1094th, 1096th, 1098th, 1100th, 1102nd, 1104th, 1106th, 1108th, 1110th, 1112th, 1114th, 1116th, 1118th, 1120th, 1122nd, 1124th, 1126th, 1128th, 1130th, 1132nd, 1134th, 1136th, 1138th, 1140th, 1142nd, 1144th, 1146th, 1148th, 1150th, 1152nd, 1154th, 1156th, 1158th, 1160th, 1162nd, 1164th, 1166th, 1168th, 1170th, 1172nd, 1174th, 1176th, 1178th, 1180th, 1182nd, 1184th, 1186th, 1188th, 1190th, 1192nd, 1194th, 1196th, 1198th, 1200th, 1202nd, 1204th, 1206th, 1208th, 1210th, 1212th, 1214th, 1216th, 1218th, 1220th, 1222nd, 1224th, 1226th, 12

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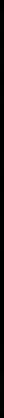
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SITUATIONS WANTED.

WANTED—A SITUATION BY A PROTESTANT de housewife; also by a Protestant, Catholic, or would like to go abroad as a nurse, seamstress, or milliner.
Address: Mrs. J. H. Brown, care of Rev. Dr. C. M. Smith,
London, Ont., Can. at St. N's Brewery, near first-class
brewery.

WANTED—A SITUATION BY A YOUNG WOMAN as chambermaid and waitress does private family.
Address: B. G., this office, or apply at No. 13
Merritt-st.

WANTED—A SITUATION BY AN AMERICAN GIRL, as household-servant, or would like to wait on an old lady, where she can get her education.
Can best be heard days at No. 1st & 7th streets, st. 17

WANTED—A SITUATION BY A REPUBLICAN the Protestant girl, as seamstress in a private family.
Send no money! Apply day 90, No. 87, Merritt-st.,
between Astor & Esplanade, C. M. Smith.

WANTED.—A SITUATION BY A YOUNG MAN

HELP WANTED.⁷⁰

WANTED—A GERMAN PROTESTANT GIRL, of the name of **WILHELMINE**, to go to the States, work, and is a good woman able to do any work at a distance in the country with a small family. Answer, with satisfactory references, to **W. ALARIO, JR.**, 33 Beverly, corner Bond, between the hours of 1 and 11 o'clock.

WANTED—AGENTS TO SELL THE NEW-YORK Limited Express, the fastest and most comfortable of rolling-boats, in the City and vicinity; and also on the railroad cars, during the winter. Apply to **W. H. BROTH**, 232 N. 2d St., New York.

WANTED—TWO OR THREE JOURNEYMEN, to work on several boats—union work. Good hands can find steady employment and good wages by applying to
No. 75 Thomas-st., New York, N. Y.

AGENTS WANTED—FOR THE SALE OF AN Arctic by which from \$6 to \$15 per day, may readily be made. For particulars apply to **W. H. BROWN,** 100 N. 2d St., New York.

WANTED—YOUNG MAN IN A FIRST-CLASS
position. Apply at No. 392 Hudson-st., between 15
and 20'clock. Best of references required.

TEACHERS.

A FRENCH LADY, A THOROUGH TEACHER
of French, German and Italian, besides all that pertains
to a solid and refined education, offers her services
as a teacher in her own home, or at the residence of her
pupil. She is accustomed to the management of
classes, and has the advantage of a French and Italian
speaking companion. Address Mrs. OTTO,
Post-Office, Boston.

WANTED—A SWISS LADY, WHO SPEAKS
French, English and German, wishes to conduct a
family school, or to be employed as a teacher. She has been
employed in this City as teacher for the last six months,
and can give the best references. Address E. M. MATHZ,
No. 423 Broadway.

A FIRST-CLASS TEACHER—U. S. COL-
lege Graduate—A Principal several years,
and a Superintendent of schools, desires to be
employed in this City. Address J. H. HARRIS,
No. 423 Broadway.

BOARDING—A GRADUATE OF A COLLEGE OF
the United States, who has been in the U. S. for
or higher English branches. Address G. H. H., No. 16
Dulch et, corner Fulton.

BOARDING.

BOARDING—A VERY PLAIN BUT PRIVATE
family desires to let to a gentleman, a pleasant room
room, second floor, neatly furnished, having a grate and
water to the bath, and a view of the city. Apply at
very best railroad and omnibus routes. Apply at No. 224
West 11th st., between 8th and 9th ave.

BOARDING—A PLEASANT PARLOR AND
bedroom, with bathroom, and a view of the city, for
rent Union-square. Also a single room. Dinner at 6
o'clock.

BOARDING—PERMANENT OR TEMPORARY.
For families or single persons. 16 1/2 West 10th
Murray st. Dinner 1st and F. H.

BOARD IN WILLIAMSBURG—A GENTLE

DMan and his wife, or two single gentlemen, who desire obtain
a room for themselves, in a desirable location, near
City, Location desirable. **Two gentlemen** wish to rent Post-
office or Grand St. Ferry. Apply at No 113 South 4th st.,
near City. Telephone 1000.

BOARD IN BROOKLYN.—ACCOMMODA-
tion for two single gentlemen may be obtained.
Between Fulton and Wall st. Ferry. Apply at No 28 Wil-
son St. Telephone 1000.

BOARD WANTED.—WANTED BY A YOUNG
Man in business, board between 4th and 10th st. and
Broadway and 5th av. Private family preferred. Ad-
dress 1000.

WANTED.—BURNISHED MAN WITH
WOUT BOARD.—Within two blocks of Broadway and
not above 14th st., by a young man, who spends his even-
ings at the theatre. Apply at No 1000, near City with gas
and gas. Address Box No 2, 1st Post-Office.

NO. 3 MONROE STREET.—A GENTLEMAN
and his wife, and a few single gentlemen, may be accom-
modated with board at 3 Monroe st., near City.

INTELLIGENCE OFFICES.

WANTED AT NO. 76 BROADWAY, TELEGRAPH
for shipping of clothing and baggage, by colored
men, 3 conductors, 3 baggage-men, 1 fireman, 1 brakeman,
3 barkeepers, 5 waiters, 3 porters, 1 driver, 10 men for car-
riage and horse hire, 10 men for carrying of goods, and
for stores and trade. KAUFMAN & GARRETT, Proprietors.

SOCIETY INTELLIGENCE OFFICE, NO. 10
NASSAU-ST., NORTH BROADWAY, Boston, Mass.,
with good references can be obtained here for city or
country, with or without salary, for men, women, or
girls in various work, young girls, &c. Also farm ser-
vants, gardeners, coachmen, porters, waiters, &c.

SOCIETY FOR THE ENCOURAGEMENT
OF Faithful Domestic and Professional Employment
OF WOMEN, 77 NASSAU-ST., N. BROADWAY, Boston,
at No. 7 Carmine-st., near Blooming-st. The best of servants
always in this office.

LECTURES.

JAMES O. MILLER, JR., of GEORGETOWN
ERY, formerly known as the "GREAT COTTON
farmer," will lecture in Clinton Hall, New Place, THIS
EVENING, (Monday) December 23, 7 1/2 o'clock.

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of the evening, so that the local peasant may go toward setting out a large orchard in Orange County, and partly to the aid of Mr. Miller, as a performer in his annual singing party to set out more of better fruit. Admission 25 cents. Tickets sold at the door.

A COURSE OF LECTURES ON "HUMANITY" will be delivered by A. SCOTT WILSON, D.D., one of the editors of the *Harvard World*, at the Hall of the Board of Christian Missions, 100 Broadway, on Monday evening next, for the members of the Board and the school officers and teachers of the City of New-York, on the evenings of the 19th, 20th, 21st, 22d, 23d, 24th, 25th, 26th, 27th, 28th, 29th, 30th, and 31st inst., at 7½ o'clock. Gentlemen and ladies interested in the subject are invited to attend the lectures.

NEW YORK YOUNG MEN'S CHRISTIAN ASSOCIATION.—LIEUT. J. C. MAURY, U. S. N., will deliver a lecture on "The Moral Condition of the Nation," at the Methodist Episcopal Church, Washington-square, on MONDAY EVENING, NOVEMBER 13th, at 7½ o'clock. Free admission. Tickets for sale at the bookstores, and at the rooms No. 37 Westery-place.

GEO. V. COLLARD, Chairman Lecture Com.

FAIRS.

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\$26,000.—PARTNER WANTED.—THE
above is a well located and established
manufacturing business of enormous
profits and would be very successful
with an energetic and profitable
partner. The owner is a man of
experience and has a large number of
customers. A cash capital of \$26,000
is given and required. Address to New York Post-
Office.

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AMUSEMENTS

**GRAND ORATORIC OF THE
MUSICAL ASSOCIATION**
of the New York Harmonic Society.
**CHRISTIAN NIGHT, Dec. 21, in the Broadway The-
atricals.** Taken by
Miss **ELIZABETH STUART LEACH, Soprano;**
Mrs. **E. S. JAMISON**, who has kindly consented
to sing the contralto.
Miss **JAMES JOHNSON, Tenor;**
Mr. **STEPHEN W. LEACH, Bass.**
The choruses will be sung by the strength of
the Society, the oratorio to be accompanied by an orchestra
drawn from the Philharmonic Society and the organ.
Cost, 50 cents. Tickets, 50 cents. Tickets, 50 cents.
Tickets, 50 cents, for sale at the principal music stores
at the door on the evening of performance. Subscrip-
tions, 50 cents per year, in advance. The program
of the concert and an admission to all the rehearsals, re-
hearsals, held every Monday evening, at
7 o'clock, at the rehearsal hall.

**BROOKLYN ATHENÆUM.
THALBERG'S CONCERT,
MONDAY, Dec. 22.
GRAND COMBINATION,
For one evening only.
THALBERG,
Mme. D'ANGRI,**

The grand duet for two pianos, by
Mr. THALBERG and Mr. GOTTSCHALK.
Reserved seats at \$1 50 and \$1.
The sale of seats will commence on FRIDAY, Dec. 26.

Broadway music made its debut in Fulton st., Rose's book-
 store, 43 Wall st., New York, on Monday, Dec. 22, the first
 tickets, and on Monday, Dec. 22, the first and remainder
 50 tickets.

BROADWAY THEATRE, DEC. 26, 1856.
TO THE PUBLIC.
 A report having been circulated and promulgated for some
 weeks past, by some malicious persons, to the effect that
 the above named theatre was about to be removed from
 under the building now occupied by the Broadway Theatre, and
 to be removed to some other place, the following
 statement is hereby made, to the effect that the above
 day examined the premises and edifice known as the
 Broadway Theatre, that the repairs and alterations have
 been made, and the building is now ready to receive
 on Monday, Dec. 26, the first and remainder 50 tickets
 and we are unwillingly pronounce the said building
 to be the same as the Broadway Theatre, and no apprehensions need
 be entertained by the public in regard to the same.
 Dec. 27, 1856.

FLOYD T. GILLES, Fire Wardens of the City
 ROBT. R. SANDERSON, of the County of New York.
 JOHN S. GILES, Builder.

OWENS & KETTLEMAN, Builders.
P. SCHMIDT, Architect.
THEODORE HUNT, Builder.
JAMES L. MILLER, Builder.

CHRISTMAS IS COMING—AND WITH IT
has already brought that beautiful fairy spectacle,
CINDERELLA;
Or, THE LITTLE GLASS SLIPPER.

and Wednesday and Saturday afternoons, with entirely new scenery, &c.

BROADWAY THEATRE.—E. A. MARSHALL.
 People leave. Prices of admission—Boxes 50c.; Parquette, 50c.; Family Circle and Upper Tier, 50c.; Private Boxes, \$5 and \$8. **THIS EVENING, Dec. 22, the**

ay, in five acts, called the
LADY OF LYONS.
 ande Melnotte..... Mr. Lorraina
 online..... Mrs. Lizzie Weston Davenport
 To be followed by the excellent Farce of a
ROLAND FOR AN OLIVER.

DON'T LET THE CHILDREN CRY.—LET

Or, **THE LITTLE GLASS SLIPPER,**
which is presented at Barnum's Museum
EVERY EVENING THIS WEEK,
and Wednesday and Saturday afternoons.

ACADEMY OF MUSIC

let, on the off-nights of the opera, for concerts, lectures, etc. Accommodation for 4,000 persons. Price per night \$100, including light.

HALL SEASON.

The price for ball-nights has been reduced to \$750, including all the privileges of the bar, supper-rooms and smoking-rooms, together with the lighting and scoring. Apply to N. H. WOLFE, of the Executive Committee, No. 3 South St.

COME, FACE THE MUSIC!—FOR VERY
beautiful music it is, and very beautiful is the new
enery in that charming fairy piece,
CINDERELLA;
OR, THE LITTLE GLASS SLIPPER.
Written up at great expense, and performed in elegant
style at Barnum's Museum every evening this week, and
will be a grand success.

THE PALMER MARBLES.
On exhibition,
THE INDIAN GIRL,
and eleven other pieces of sculpture, at No. 543 Broad-
way. Open from 9 o'clock A. M. till 10 P. M. Admis-
sion 25 cents.

CHRISTMAS! CHRISTMAS! IF YOU

Want to enjoy yourselves this week, and make all your family jolly, go and see
**CINDERELLA;
 OR, THE LITTLE GLASS SLIPPER,**
 performed in splendid style at
BARNUM'S MUSEUM
 every evening, and Wednesday and Saturday afternoons.

RABBIT'S CELEBRATED EGYPTIAN MUSEUM—The most popular, attractive and instructive Exhibition in the City, and the continual resort of persons of literary taste and refinement, is now open at the Suryessant Institute, No. 659 Broadway. Admission 6 cents.

RATS TURNED INTO HORSES!—WHAT
An astonishing change! What a magical metamor-

OR, THE LITTLE GLASS SLIPPER,
Bernum's Museum, as well as on
WEDNESDAY AND SATURDAY AFTERNOONS.

GRAND NATIONAL PANORAMA—REPRESENTING
the Escape of the Pilgrims from England, their

JOJOURS in Hottland, Landing in America, Revolution,
 attles and Surrenders. Athenaeum, No. 664 Broadw.
 AFTERNOONS, at 3½ o'clock; EVENING3, at 7½
 clock. Admission, 25 cents; children, 12½ cents.

HOLIDAY FAMILY FROLIC!—BRING OUT
 Your little folks. Make them laugh and about in their
 merry hearts. Take them to see
CINDERELLA;

ON THE LITTLE GLASS SLIPPER,
played every evening this week at
BARNUM'S MUSEUM,
and Wednesday and Saturday afternoons.

**THIRTY-FIFTH CONCERT—THEODORE
EISELDF'S Classical Soiree, the second of the rev-
erth season, on TUESDAY, Dec. 23, at Dodworth's Acad-
emy. Measrs. OTTO FEDER, ROBERT GOLDBECK.**

HUZZA ! FOR THE BEAUTIFUL !—NOTHING could be more so than the great fairy, romantic opera of
CINDERELLA :
OR, THE LITTLE GLASS SLIPPER,
represented at this week, and

announced every evening this week, and
WEDNESDAY AND SATURDAY AFTERNOONS,
AT BARNUM'S MUSEUM,
 with new scenery, magical changes, new tricks, &c.

VELASQUEZ IS THE GREATEST PAINTER
 of actual life and nature that ever lived, and his portrait
 of Charles the First is the most famous of all his
 admirable productions. This celebrated historical picture

NEW TRICKS AND NEW ILLUSIONS.
As well as new and beautiful scenery, &c., in the
and Christmas Holiday piece of
CINDERELLA;
OR, THE LITTLE GLASS SLIPPER.
performed in magnificent style every evening this week.

MUSEMENT THAT PAYS—THE PLEASURE derived from practicing WOOD'S system of landscape painting. He teaches at No. 231 6th-av., near 4th St. See specimens.

beautiful fairy and operatic spectacle of
CINDERELLA;
Or, THE LITTLE GLASS SLIPPER.
With new scenery, magical changes, &c., will be performed
at the Barnum's Museum every evening this week, and Wed-
nesday and Saturday afternoons.

USSELDORF GALLERY, NO. 457 BROAD-

BALLS.
VETERAN CORPS OF 1812.—THE THIRD

Annual Military and Civic War for the Veterans of the War of 1912 will take place at the Apollo, No. 412 Broadway, on **TUESDAY EVENING, Dec. 24**, for the benefit of the aged, infirm and blind members of the Corps. The young military, the young men, and all their young friends, are so incited to aid their old fathers in so laudable an object. The feeble survivors of the heroic band who valiantly defended our country forty years ago, who freely gave all they had in time and money to defend her in sea-

Dodworth's celebrated Cornet Band is engaged for the occasion. Tickets One Dollar, to admit one gentleman and ladies, and can be obtained from Col. H. RAYMOND, No. 128 Nassau-st., Chairman of the Committee; Maj. J. M. PHYFE, Treasurer, No. 383 Broadway; or any of the Committee, (see bills,) and at the door on the evening of the Ball.

N. B.—The Corps will meet on MONDAY EVENING.

22d inst., at the XIVth Ward Hotel, corner Grand
at Elizabeth st., at 7 o'clock, to pay in the proceeds for
the sale of tickets. By order,
Col. H. RAYMOND, Chairman.
Adj. J. M. PHYFF, Treasurer.

NOTICE.—NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN TO the creditors of B. KIPPORT & CO. that they are required to file their claims, properly authenticated, on or before the 29th inst., with NORTHBROP & NORTHRUP, Counselors at Law, at their office, No. 51 William-st.,

CHURCH PEW FOR SALE.—A WELL LO-
cated pew in the Church of All Souls, corner of 4th-av.
and 50th st., Arden to

No. 55 Broadway.

THE UNIVERSITY OF CHICAGO

HAINES' BROS., PIANO-ORGER
 authentic. Have removed from No. 1124 1/2
 to NEWBURY ST. NEWBURY ST. 1124 1/2
 corner 326 to 324 1/2 St. corner 324 1/2 St. 324 1/2
 here, with their improved facilities, they will
 family on hand a full assortment of the
 of the best quality pianos, organs, etc.,
 which they offer on the most liberal terms
FOR CASH OR APPROVED PAPER.
PIANOS FOR HOLIDAY PRESENTS.
 large assortment of splendid received piano-organs
 by J. and C. Schaefer, designed as Christmas presents for
 the holidays. The quality of goods is excellent, prices for
 until Jan. 1, 1894. For particulars, call on J. H. Haines,
 corner 324 1/2 St., near 9th St., Waterworks No. 125 Broadway,
 125 Broadway Theatre.

BEAUTIFUL PIANOS. SCHUETZ & LUDLOF.
 Beautifully invite purchasers of Pianos to their
 assortment of American Pianos. They are also
 superior to any other establishments, having a variety of
 articles; Mrs. Seaton, Mr. Paul, and others, who
 are at the Pianos, by whom the best of the
 pianos are exhibited at the American Institute, Octo-
 ber, New-York, and the same place. Schuetz & Ludlof,
 No. 428 Broome-st., near the west side of Broadway.

BEAUTIFUL ROSEWOOD 7-OCTAVE
 Pianos, with elegant cases, and beautiful
 richly inlaid, handsome carved case, and superb
 best manner, and in a elegant and perfect instu-
 ment. Price \$100.00. The piano is to be sold in
 Room in
 No. 428 Broome-st., near the west side of Broadway.

BEAUTIFUL PIANOS.
 Beautifully invite purchasers of Pianos to their
 assortment of American Pianos. They are also
 superior to any other establishments, having a variety of
 articles; Mrs. Seaton, Mr. Paul, and others, who
 are at the Pianos, by whom the best of the
 pianos are exhibited at the American Institute, Octo-
 ber, New-York, and the same place. Schuetz & Ludlof,
 No. 428 Broome-st., near the west side of Broadway.

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MAJ. W. L. TON FOR SALE. Born under a few
 stars. Can be seen at No. 14 St. Paul street.
 MAJUT-UT-TONED ROSEWOOD PIANO-
 forte, double pump. For sale cheap at the private
 residence of J. W. FIELDER, No. 113 Lexington-
 ave. Can be seen at No. 14 St. Paul street.
 H. CHAMBERS' PIANOS-PIANOFORTE
 sale, repaired and to rent. Second-hand Pianos at
 retail and gift, by
 T. H. CHAMBERS,
 No. 83 Broadway.

INSTRUCTION.
CARD—OLIVER K. GOLDMINTZ'S ACADEMY
 of Penmanship and Book-keeping, No. 328 Broad-
 way. The most advanced and complete establishment for
 instruction in the art of writing, in English, old and young,
 free daily.
 From the New York Courier and Recorder.
 "The college and the work done in it are man-
 than it is generally considered, and Mr. Goldmintz
 very highly commended at the board."

NEW-BRITISH VENTING, AIR-TIGHT,
 COLLEGE and a much more than the
 the Commercial Academy in New-York, and being
 the best of the kind in the world.

admission to qualify students for business in superior industrial style. Applicants before Christmas may consider the cost of season, and secure private houses without charge.

CLASSICAL AND ENGLISH SCHOOL, No. 108 BROADWAY.—The discipline is mild, but decidedly thorough. The curriculum is liberal, and the teachers are the sole charge of the subscription, except in the case of the French and German departments, which are conducted by particularists, apply as above, No. 108 Broadway, second floor.

R. B. WIGGIN, A. M.

CLASSICAL, FRENCH AND ENGLISH SCHOOL, No. 101 N. 5TH ST., NEW YORK.—This school is conducted by the French and English departments. French, by Frey, Junius, Lesclapart, and others. English, by Frey, Junius, Lesclapart, and others. Seven assistant teachers and a number of Greek and Latin teachers. The school is open from 9 A. M. to 5 P. M. and at No. 101 N. 5TH ST., NEW YORK.

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THE PRINCIPAL'S SCHOOL FOR BOYS.—This school is open from 9 A. M. to 5 P. M. and is designed to be preeminently select, thorough and efficient in every respect. A Primary Department is attached, and for the purpose of giving the young gentlemen large and, provided with every comfort.

JOE-KEPPE, WRITING, ALGEBRA.

BRITISH EMERALD, 4-5, Fought every day and evening
at 8 o'clock. **WINTER**, 10-11, Fought every day and evening
at 8 o'clock. **Brooklyn Ladies' writing class**, 6, 12
including instruction. **Communion** by the month
at 8 o'clock.

ADDISON RIVER INSTITUTE-AT CLAYVILLE
Clayville, Columbia Co., N. Y. 3 miles east of Hudson.
1, washing, food and tuition, in common
bathhouse, 2, winter term, 10-11, 12-13, 14-15, 16-17, 18-19, 20-21, 22-23, 24-25, 26-27, 28-29, 30-31, 32-33, 34-35, 36-37, 38-39, 40-41, 42-43, 44-45, 46-47, 48-49, 50-51, 52-53, 54-55, 56-57, 58-59, 60-61, 62-63, 64-65, 66-67, 68-69, 70-71, 72-73, 74-75, 76-77, 78-79, 80-81, 82-83, 84-85, 86-87, 88-89, 90-91, 92-93, 94-95, 96-97, 98-99, 100-101, 102-103, 104-105, 106-107, 108-109, 110-111, 112-113, 114-115, 116-117, 118-119, 120-121, 122-123, 124-125, 126-127, 128-129, 130-131, 132-133, 134-135, 136-137, 138-139, 140-141, 142-143, 144-145, 146-147, 148-149, 150-151, 152-153, 154-155, 156-157, 158-159, 160-161, 162-163, 164-165, 166-167, 168-169, 170-171, 172-173, 174-175, 176-177, 178-179, 180-181, 182-183, 184-185, 186-187, 188-189, 190-191, 192-193, 194-195, 196-197, 198-199, 200-201, 202-203, 204-205, 206-207, 208-209, 210-211, 212-213, 214-215, 216-217, 218-219, 220-221, 222-223, 224-225, 226-227, 228-229, 230-231, 232-233, 234-235, 236-237, 238-239, 240-241, 242-243, 244-245, 246-247, 248-249, 250-251, 252-253, 254-255, 256-257, 258-259, 260-261, 262-263, 264-265, 266-267, 268-269, 270-271, 272-273, 274-275, 276-277, 278-279, 280-281, 282-283, 284-285, 286-287, 288-289, 290-291, 292-293, 294-295, 296-297, 298-299, 300-301, 302-303, 304-305, 306-307, 308-309, 310-311, 312-313, 314-315, 316-317, 318-319, 320-321, 322-323, 324-325, 326-327, 328-329, 330-331, 332-333, 334-335, 336-337, 338-339, 340-341, 342-343, 344-345, 346-347, 348-349, 350-351, 352-353, 354-355, 356-357, 358-359, 360-361, 362-363, 364-365, 366-367, 368-369, 370-371, 372-373, 374-375, 376-377, 378-379, 380-381, 382-383, 384-385, 386-387, 388-389, 390-391, 392-393, 394-395, 396-397, 398-399, 400-401, 402-403, 404-405, 406-407, 408-409, 410-411, 412-413, 414-415, 416-417, 418-419, 420-421, 422-423, 424-425, 426-427, 428-429, 430-431, 432-433, 434-435, 436-437, 438-439, 440-441, 442-443, 444-445, 446-447, 448-449, 450-451, 452-453, 454-455, 456-457, 458-459, 460-461, 462-463, 464-465, 466-467, 468-469, 470-471, 472-473, 474-475, 476-477, 478-479, 480-481, 482-483, 484-485, 486-487, 488-489, 490-491, 492-493, 494-495, 496-497, 498-499, 500-501, 502-503, 504-505, 506-507, 508-509, 510-511, 512-513, 514-515, 516-517, 518-519, 520-521, 522-523, 524-525, 526-527, 528-529, 530-531, 532-533, 534-535, 536-537, 538-539, 540-541, 542-543, 544-545, 546-547, 548-549, 550-551, 552-553, 554-555, 556-557, 558-559, 560-561, 562-563, 564-565, 566-567, 568-569, 570-571, 572-573, 574-575, 576-577, 578-579, 580-581, 582-583, 584-585, 586-587, 588-589, 590-591, 592-593, 594-595, 596-597, 598-599, 600-601, 602-603, 604-605, 606-607, 608-609, 610-611, 612-613, 614-615, 616-617, 618-619, 620-621, 622-623, 624-625, 626-627, 628-629, 630-631, 632-633, 634-635, 636-637, 638-639, 640-641, 642-643, 644-645, 646-647, 648-649, 650-651, 652-653, 654-655, 656-657, 658-659, 660-661, 662-663, 664-665, 666-667, 668-669, 670-671, 672-673, 674-675, 676-677, 678-679, 680-681, 682-683, 684-685, 686-687, 688-689, 690-691, 692-693, 694-695, 696-697, 698-699, 700-701, 702-703, 704-705, 706-707, 708-709, 710-711, 712-713, 714-715, 716-717, 718-719, 720-721, 722-723, 724-725, 726-727, 728-729, 730-731, 732-733, 734-735, 736-737, 738-739, 740-741, 742-743, 744-745, 746-747, 748-749, 750-751, 752-753, 754-755, 756-757, 758-759, 760-761, 762-763, 764-765, 766-767, 768-769, 770-771, 772-773, 774-775, 776-777, 778-779, 780-781, 782-783, 784-785, 786-787, 788-789, 790-791, 792-793, 794-795, 796-797, 798-799, 800-801, 802-803, 804-805, 806-807, 808-809, 810-811, 812-813, 814-815, 816-817, 818-819, 820-821, 822-823, 824-825, 826-827, 828-829, 830-831, 832-833, 834-835, 836-837, 838-839, 840-841, 842-843, 844-845, 846-847, 848-849, 850-851, 852-853, 854-855, 856-857, 858-859, 860-861, 862-863, 864-865, 866-867, 868-869, 870-871, 872-873, 874-875, 876-877, 878-879, 880-881, 882-883, 884-885, 886-887, 888-889, 890-891, 892-893, 894-895, 896-897, 898-899, 900-901, 902-

[illegible]

The New-Orleans Consolidated City Board No. 1,297,
 held its 1,188th, at forty cents for 100,000, on
 Friday, July 1, 1884, at 3 o'clock on the 6th of November.
 A. R. Rathbone, President of the Canal Board, presided.
 All persons are hereby cautioned not to
 name for the same.

STOLEN NEAR THE CORNER OF BROADWAY
 and Bead-st., on Friday last, certificate No. 561, of
 (green) number of stock in the name of J. M. Smith,
 for \$100,000, was stolen. The certificate was
 found in the office of the Canal Board, and the
 owner is now in the hands of the Canal Board.
 The owner is now in the hands of the Canal Board.
 The owner is now in the hands of the Canal Board.

STOLEN IN AN OMNIBUS, ON FRIDAY NIGHT
 A small BLACK LEATHER BAG, containing
 a small amount of money, was stolen from an omnibus at the
 corner of the Canal Board, and the owner is now in the
 hands of the Canal Board.

LOST IN PLAYING CARDS.
 A small amount of money, was lost in playing cards,
 at the corner of the Canal Board, and the owner is now in
 the hands of the Canal Board.

OFFICE OF RECEIVERS OF TAXES, New County House,
No. 12 CHURCH STREET,
NOTICE.—IN CONFORMITY WITH AN ACT
of the collection of Texas, passed April 12, 1864,
I give notice to all tax payers who have omitted to
pay their taxes for the year 1862, that unless the same is
done at my office, on or before the first day of January
next, I shall proceed to collect the same by an addition of
interest at the rate of 12 per cent. per annum, calculated
from the 16th day of last September, to the day of pay-
ment.

HENRY HOWARD,
Receiver of Taxes.

RAILROAD

[illegible][illegible][illegible][illegible]

LEGAL NOTICES.

NEW-YORK SUPREME COURT.
COUNTY OF NEW-YORK.
against **CATHERINE LEVINE**—Summons for
the purpose of enforcing a judgment rendered by the
court above named: You are hereby summoned to
appear in person or by your attorney on the 10th day of
October next, at the office of the Clerk of the City of
New-York, at the City Hall in the City of New-York,
to answer the complaint on file in the office of the
Clerk of the City of New-York, at his office, No. 70
Nassau Street, City of New-York, within twenty days
after the date of the service of this summons on you,
and if you fail to answer the said complaint within
the time aforesaid, the plaintiff in this action will
obtain judgment against you for the sum of one hun-
dred dollars and thirty-five cents, with interest
from the 1st day of October, 1884, to the date of the
judgment.
—Dated New-York, Nov. 1, 1884.
The summons and complaint in this action was
filed in the office of the Clerk of the City of New-York,
at the City Hall, on the 1st day of November, 1884.

the office of the Clerk of the City and County of Kings, New York, on the 23d day of June, 1886.

Witness my hand and the seal of said office, this 23d day of June, 1886.

Plaintiff's A.

SUPREME COURT-TILLY LYND.
DAVID M. MUCHMORE, SAMUEL
M. MUCHMORE, JOHN M. MUCHMORE, ERNEST A. CONY,
TIMOTHY ABBEY, Surviving assignees of
JAMES M. MUCHMORE, Deceased, vs. JAMES
M. MUCHMORE, Deceased, for relief. (Com. not ser.). To the above-named
defendant, the undersigned, Clerk of the County of Kings,
do hereby certify that the following is the complaint
to answer the complaint in this action, which
was filed in the office of the Clerk of the County of Kings
on the 23d day of June, 1886, and which is the substance
of your answer to the said complaint on the 23d day of
June, 1886, at New York City, New York, at
his office, No. 9 Court-street, Brooklyn.

The complaint in this action is as follows: That the
complaintive of the day of such service; and if you
ever the said complaint within the time before
mentioned, you shall be liable to pay the costs of the
liet demanded in the complaint.—Dated Dec.
23, 1886.

The complaint in this action was filed in the
office of the Clerk of the County of Kings, New York,
on the 23d day of June, 1886.

"SOCIETY LAWYER" Plaintiff's A
"SUPERIOR COURT, CITY AND COUNTY OF NEW YORK - RICHARD H. BINDSAD"
"SPENCER AND CHURCH" Plaintiff's B
- Summons for money demand on contract.
- To the defendants to appear on behalf of the plaintiff, to answer the complaint which was filed in the office of the Clerk of the City and County of New York, and to show cause why they should not be ordered to pay to the plaintiff the sum of \$100,000, and to the costs of the suit.
- The complaint is filed in the office of the Clerk of the City and County of New York, and the summons is served on you, exclusive of your own service, and if you fail to appear and answer the complaint in this case, judgment against you for the sum of \$100,000, and to the costs of the suit, shall be rendered on the 26th day of August, 1884, besides the costs of the suit.
- Dated the 18th day of August, 1884.
- **THEODORE BINDSAD, Plaintiff's A**
- **THEODORE BINDSAD, Plaintiff's B**
- **"SOCIETY LAWYER"** Plaintiff's A
- **"SUPERIOR COURT, CITY AND COUNTY OF NEW YORK - RICHARD H. BINDSAD"**
- **"SPENCER AND CHURCH"** Plaintiff's B

IN FURNISHANCE OF AN ORDER OF
IMAN B. DAWSON, Esq., Surrogate of the County of Kings, notice is hereby given, according to the provisions of the City of Brooklyn, declared, that they are authorized to exhibit the same, with the vouchers thereon, to the City of New York, on the 15th day of June, next, before the 24th day of June, next, at his office, NO. 25, Exchange Place, New York City.

ELIZABETH STONE, Executrix.

je2-1astm4 **HUGH N. CAMP, Administrator.**

IN FURNISHANCE OF AN ORDER OF
IMAN B. DAWSON, Esq., Surrogate of the County of Kings, notice is hereby given, according to the provisions of the City of Brooklyn, declared, that they are authorized to exhibit the same, with the vouchers thereon, to the City of New York, on the 15th day of June, next, before the 24th day of June, next, at his office, NO. 25, Exchange Place, New York City.

ELIZABETH STONE, Executrix.

HUGH N. CAMP, Administrator.

Kings, notice is hereby given: **HENRY ELLING**,
 the city of Brooklyn, deceased, that they are re-
 spective the same, with the vouchers thereon, to
 exhibit, to the administratrix, at her residence, No.
 street, in the city of Brooklyn, on or before the 3d
 of June, 1864. Dated Dec. 15, 1863.
MARY ELLING, Administratrix.

IN PUBLICATION OF AN ORDER OF
 the Surrogate of the County of New-York, making
 given, to wit: **JOHN J. CLARK**, of the County of
 New-York, late of the City of New-York, having
 deceased, to present the same, with vouchers thereon,
 to the administratrix, at her residence, No. 10
 Chambers-st., in the City of New-York, on or be-
 fore the 15th day of June, 1864. Dated Dec. 15, 1863.
LOUISA HYDE, Administratrix.

NOTICE: THE PUBLIC ARE HEREBY
 And trusting may be by **RALPH S. GILLES**,
 of the County of ALBANY, in the State of NEW-YORK,
 Extra and Choice Meat.

22 Bag of Beer, 100 lbs. 100 lbs. 100 lbs.
curements, by THOMAS F. DEVOR, Nov. 7
crown license, from antimony seized.

NEW PUBLICATIONS

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 "Everything thought of or unthought of, in the clear, appears weekly in the columns of this *Home*—epicure correspondence, sparkling stories, daily miscellany, and the like, with a sprinkling of facts, fancies, fashions, news, and reviews. There are interspersed with moral essays, and a

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SATURDAY NIGHT.
YOUR LADY WILL EXPECT
For her Christmas present
GOODIECH'S COURT OF NAPOLI
A galaxy of
BEAUTY, WIT AND HEROISM.
Secure a copy without delay.
SATURDAY NIGHT.
**RECORDS OF THE HEART; AND OF
POEMS.**

Illustrated in the highest style of art.
D. APPLETON & CO.
Nos. 346 and 348 Broadway, New York.

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FURS.

LADIES CAN SEE THE CHOICEST ASSORTMENT OF
FINE MINK ARTICLES,
AT HARLEY'S.

No. 24 John-st., and No. 23 Maiden-lane.

CHOICE FURS FOR THE HOLIDAYS.
Sable, Ermine, Mink; &c.,
At **HARLEY'S**
No. 24 John-st., and No. 23-Maiden-lane.
Just received, a few-64 sets.

FURS-LANDREY'S FURS.
None to surpass them this season.
Orders carefully executed. No. 65 Broadway.

FURS, FURS—AT REDUCED PRICES.
Large and choice assortment, the ladies can
select from.

all their places by day. Misses and children wear all their varieties; the newest styles of children's and cloth caps.

KELLOGG, Manufacturers, No. 528

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HAINES BROS.'S, PIANO-SORTS
Manufacturers of No. 114
THEIR NEW MANUFACTURE
Nos. 225 to 244 N. W., corner 1st St., New-Y.
Where, with their increased facilities, they
constantly on hand a large assortment of their

CELEBRATED PIANO-FORTES
which they offer on the most favorable terms
FOR CASH OR APPROVED PAYMENTS.

PREMIUM PIANOS—SCHUETZ & CO.
would respectfully invite purchasers of Pianos to
choose from the largest and best stock of pianos
leged superior to any other manufacturer's instru-
ments, and have found great appreciation by the
eminent artists: Mrs. Seguin, Mr. Paul Janigro,
Geckel and Mr. M. K. Strubose, by whom the
instruments are widely given. Our Pianos were award-
ed a Gold Medal at the American Institute
Palace, New-York, 1883-4. **ADVERTISING**
Pianos. **SCHUETZ & CO.**

A BEAUTIFUL, ROSEWOOD T-SAX
A Piano-forte for sale cheap, and in a fine corner, richly inlaid, handsome carved corn, and in the best manner, and is an elegant and perfect instrument with rich tones, which can be tuned. Bass a short time. Made by the celebrated makers, with a year warranty. Price, \$240 cash, or \$100 down, 6th-av., between 50th and 62nd sts., for four days only. A. M. 511 5 P. M.

A BEAUTIFUL PIANO FOR SALE
PRESENTS—The warrens of T. G. W. CO. are now full of superb instruments, and

GOLD MEDAL PIANOS! STENOGRAPHS!
 PRIZES have again been awarded the First prize in the late Fair of the American Institute, New York City, to the FINEST and BEST of the PIANO and the STENOGRAPH, by the Maryland Institute, Baltimore, in addition to the ready received, making five first prize medals within 18 months. No. 84 Wallace st.

BARGAINS—BOSTON PIANOS, WITH
 Grand, Knabe, Steinway, Mason & Hamlin, etc.

LEFT, DAVIS & CO.'S celebrated, Mammoth—of
prices for cash. **MARY & HANNAH'S** famous
socioeconomic and horticultural, in every day. **MA-**
SONS, Molesters, and Hammers—
applied if purchased. **S. T. GORDON, 25**
GOLD AND SILVER MEDALS—
G. HANNAH'S Model Molesters and Hammers
have taken, in one month, the
competition. A full assortment constantly for
manufacturer's prices, or for rent. Prices, and to
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No. 257 Broadway

PLANOES—BUYERS WHO WOULD CONSIDER
prudence and economy will find especially attractive the new 10' octave rowwood piano. This new piano has surplus woods in tone, material and workship. **C. F. HILL, No. 54 Great Jamaica St., Bovey and Broadway.**

GREAT IMPROVEMENT IN PIANO-FORTES.
—Messrs. LIGHT & NEWTON & BRAD-
No. 41 Broome-st., respectfully invite attention to
Piano-fortes, constructed with the most superior
which is undoubted the most substantial im-
over introduced into this instrument.

PREMIUM PIANO FORTES.—G & N

**DAVEN, BACON, & CO., SUCCESSORS
HILSON & HAVEN, Piano-forte Manufacturers,
ROOM NO. 125 Grand-st., near Broadway, Wm.**
full assortment of instruments may be found
of our own manufacture. Warranted to every satisfaction.

**THREE SUPERB PIANOS AT GREAT
BARAINS.**—I have two 6½ octave first class
wood piano, and one 7 octave, which I will sell

BEAUTIFUL-TONED ROSEWOOD
 Forte, double bass. For sale cheap at the
 residence of J. W. FIELDER, No. 118 Lombard.
 Can be seen at any time.

T. H. CHAMBERS' PIANOS, FIAN
 for sale, repaired and to rent. Second-hand
 \$50, \$100 and \$125, by T. H. CHAMBERS
 No. 254 Franklin

SPECIAL NOTICE TO MERCHANTS

OTHER—Carriers of freight to **COLUMBIAN** valley, Indianapolis, St. Louis, and all Southern cities, and to all the principal cities of the New-York and Erie, or New-York Central roads, and mark their goods, **C. C. & C.** marked or shipped by **Standard's Express**, or leave the direct (**C. C. & C.**) Road at Graham, sent around by the Cleveland and Toledo and River Roads.

HOLSTEIN
Agents: **C. C. & C.**

The **C. C. & C.** Road have exclusive connection with the mail line of steamers to Louisville and other Ohio River,

LEGAL NOTICES

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FREDDIE COYNE, **JOHN D. WARD**
and **CHAR. BYRNE**, administrators of the goods
and credits of **Hugh Byrne**, deceased, Charles
and Sarah his wife, Daniel Byrne and Mar-
garet his wife, James Byrne, John Byrne and
Charles Brennan and Mary, his wife. The people
of New York To the defendants and each of
them are hereby notified that the estate of

print in this action which was filed in the office of the clerk of the court of New York, at the City of New York, on the 11th day of August, 1886, and to serve a copy of your answer upon the complainant, at his office, No. 81 Nassau street, within twenty days after the date of the return of your writ, and to cause the same to be served upon you, exclusive of the day of such return, if you fail to answer the said complaint within the time hereinbefore limited, the court will apply to the clerk of the court for the relief demanded in the complaint for the recter demanded in the complaint.

NEW YORK, OCT. 27, 1886.

ROBERT C. EMBREE, Plaintiff's Attorney.
Twelfth

ERNEST C. WILLIAM D. RUSSELL
LOUIS ROGALINE, defendant. Summons
money demand on contract.—To the above-named

the complaint in this action, which was filed in
of the Clerk of the City and County of New
the 94th day of March, 1866, and the return
your answer on the subpoena, at their office, to-
-last, January-court, in the City of New York,
twenty days after the service hereof, evidence of
of such service, and the return of the same,
as aforesaid, the plaintiff will take judgment
you for the sum of one hundred and three dollars
and twenty cents, and costs, and interest thereon
one hundred and four dollars and sixty-five cents,
apt. 1, 1866; on the sum of one hundred and thirty-
and ten dollars and ten cents, and costs, and inter-
and sixty dollars and sixpence, from the
1865, besides the costs of this action. Dated,
1866.
SOMMER & JOHNSON,
Attorneys.

REMER COURT CITY AND COUNTY OF NEW YORK—**STEPHEN C. WILLIAMS** against **H. HARRY**, defendant.—To the defendant answered: Your honor is requested to over the complaint in this action, which was filed in the office of the Clerk of the City and County of New York, at the City Clerk, and to, serve your answer to the said complaint, at the City Clerk's office, No. 64 Wall-st. in said City, within days after the service of this summons on you, on the day of the month of 1906. The defendant said complaint within the time aforesaid, the in this action will apply to the Court for the remainder in the premises.—**STEPHEN C. WILLIAMS**.
EDWARDS, MAN & FIANDETTE
Attorneys.

PURSUANCE OF AN ORDER OF THE
 Justice of the County of New-York, notice is hereby
 given to all persons having claims against **ANDREW**
TRULLO, late of the City of New-York, deceased, to
 the same, with vouchers therefor, to the subscriber,
 Justice of the County of New-York, at the Court
 street, in the City of New-York, on or before the
 15th day of June next. Dated New-York, the 3rd day
 of September, 1882.

CHARLES BURRELL HOFFMAN,
 Justice of the County of New-York.

Pursuant to an order of the
 Justice of the County of New York, notice is hereby
 given that all persons having claims against JAMES TARRANT,
 of the County of New York, who have drawn or cashed
 any check or note in the name with vouchers therefor to the said
 JAMES TARRANT, on or after the 1st day of December
 1934, are to appear before the undersigned at the City
 of New York, on or before the 15th day of December
 1934, at 11 o'clock in the forenoon, to show cause why
 they should not be held jointly and severally liable to
 pay to the undersigned the amount of such claims.
 JOHN A. TARRANT, Administrator.

all persons having claims against WILLIAM H. KILPATRICK, late of the City of New-York, deceased, to the same with the above-named County Clerk, on or before the 5th day of February next.—Dated New-York, Aug. 4, 1850.

MARY M. LEVERICH, Administratrix.

Witness my hand and the Seal of said County, this 4th day of August, 1850.

TESTAMENTS OF AN ORDER OF RODMAN LAWSON, Esq., Surrogate of the County of Kings, New-York, given according to law, to all persons having claims against THOMAS THOMAS, late of the Brooklyn, deceased, that they are required to exhibit the same with the above-named County Clerk, on or before the 5th day of February next.—Dated New-York, Aug. 4, 1850.

City of Brooklyn, on or before the 14th day of
 my next—Dated Aug. 11, 1892.
 MARGARET THOMAS,
 Administrative.

RESERVATION OF AN ORDER OF THE
COUNCIL OF THE County of New-York, notice to hereby
 that all persons having claims against the City of New-York, late of the City of New-York, greater, do not
 present the same, with vouchers therefor, to the Comptroller, at his home, corner Nassau Street, in the City of New-York, on or before the 24 day of
 my next—Dated New-York, Aug. 7, 1892.
 CATARINA BERNERS.

RESERVATION OF AN ORDER OF THE
COUNCIL OF THE County of New-York, notice to hereby

OR, late of the City of New-York, deceased, to the same with vouchers thereof to the subscriber, the office of the Mayor of the City of New-York, in the City of New-York, on or before the 7 of May next.—Dated New-York, the 24 November, 1834.

AUGUSTUS F. SMITH, Executive.

6émTú No. 39 Nassau-street, New-York City.

PERFORMANCE OF AN ORDER OF THE
sale of the County of New-York, notice is hereby
all persons having claims against GIBBON OBT-
late of the City of New-York, deceased, to the same with vouchers thereof to the subscriber, on No. 126 Bowery, in the City of New-York, on
the 17th day of March next.—Dated New-York,
1834.

ASSAULT **ISAAC WARD, Esquire.**
RESURRECTION OF AN ORDER OF THE
 Judges of the County of New-York, JAMES H. HERBY
 all persons having claims against JAMES DU-
 PONT, late of the City of New-York, deceased, be
 the same, with vouchers thereon, to the undersigned,
 No. 10 West-st., in the City of New-York, on
 the 4th day of March next. Dated at New-York,
 1866.
CHARLES SPEAR,
 Administrator.

FOR CALIFORNIA.
CALIFORNIA—NEW YORK AND SAN
FRANCISCO STEAMSHIP LINE—NICKARA-
BORE—SHORTEST ROUTE BY 700 MILES—PRICES
REDUCED.—The new docks at Virginia Bay
near San Juan del Sur are now completed. The new
structure line at the wharves to receive passengers
right, thus avoiding all exposure in small boats,
and splendid steamship TENNESSEE, 3000 tons,
average, 1,080 horsepower, will sail from Fair
Beach, N. C., North River, for SAN JUAN DEL

FOR THE SOUTH.
NORFOLK, PETERSBURG AND
MONROE.—The United States mail steamship
Capt. STEVENSON, will leave port No. 14, M. R.,
WEDNESDAY, 27th inst., at 2 o'clock, taking freight

On Sunday evening, from whence passengers can proceed by the grand mail line, or they can go through to City Dock and take the **Passage**—Fitz with watercraft, to Norfolk, 68; Burg and Richmond, 30. Storage, half-price, and on to Norfolk, 10.

UDALL & FLEASANTS, No. 33 Broadway.

SAVANNAH AND FLORIDA—V. S. MAIL LINE. The splendid steamship **ALABAMA**, of E. B. SCHUCHER, will leave for Savannah on SAT. 11 Dec. 7, from pier No. 4 North River, at 1 o'clock. BARGAIN. BARGAIN. BARGAIN. On board, hit or missage, apply to

SAM'L L. MITCHELL, No. 13 Broadway.

Wednesday's ships of this line are withdrawn for

THE WRECKS.
Particulars of the Loss of the Ship
New-York and Bark Tasse.
Tumble Suffering from Hunger, Cold
and Mutiny.
ALL SAVED BUT SEVEN.

CAPT. McKENNON'S CONDITION.
Survivors of the Wrecked Passen-
gers Arrived in New-York.
Statements of the Underwriters' Agent,
Capt. Goldworthy, and of several
Passengers.

A STEERAGE PASSENGER'S COMPLAINT.

Notes: Light-house, Decent Station-house,
and Culinary Help Wanted.

We published yesterday morning a full account of the wreck on Saturday, of the large Liverpool ship New-York, of this City, and of the bark Tasse, of Barnegat, New-Jersey. On board the New-York were 207 souls. Of these, all escaped to the shore with their lives. One of the crew froze to death on the beach, however. A crippled stevedore passenger, expected to be landed at the City, was killed by the shock of the wreck. The ship was blown from the crew when he found in a state of mutiny when he returned to the ship on Sunday morning. As our last edition the Captain was more comfortable, and there are hopes of his ultimate recovery.

A messenger left the wreck at 9 o'clock yesterday. All the passengers had left the vicinity of the wreck, and the ship was being towed to the City. The ship was blown from the crew when he found in a state of mutiny when he returned to the ship on Sunday morning. As our last edition the Captain was more comfortable, and there are hopes of his ultimate recovery.

The ship's mail was all saved. We have had no information from the Tasse for the last 24 hours. An agent of the Underwriters has gone to her, but no news has been received from her for the last 24 hours. The ship was blown from the crew when he found in a state of mutiny when he returned to the ship on Sunday morning. As our last edition the Captain was more comfortable, and there are hopes of his ultimate recovery.

From One of Our Special Reporters.
WEAR VILLAGE, Sunday, Dec. 21-11 P. M.
Having failed to secure a passage to the scene of the wreck near this place by other means, your Reporters hastened down by the Camden and Amboy Railroad, and by stages from Freehold, leaving the City at 8 o'clock this morning, and reaching this place about 4 o'clock P. M.

The wreckers are in the place where the ship New-York lies, and in plain sight, about four miles from the shore of the inlet, but the bay of Barnegat is six miles wide here, and we arrived too late to cross over, on account of the darkness and the ice, which tonight is forming quite fast. The bark Tasse lies two miles south of the inlet, on what is called Long Beach, and all the passengers and crews of both vessels are camped on the beach, and are waiting for the beach opposite their respective locality.

The darkness which has occurred, though not so fatal to human life as many that have taken place on this coast, are, nevertheless, characterized by circumstances of a thrilling and painful character. Six have perished, some of them while making the most heroic efforts to save others; one, at least, leaving a large family in a wretched condition, and another a large family in a wretched condition, and another a large family in a wretched condition.

The wreckers are in the place where the ship New-York lies, and in plain sight, about four miles from the shore of the inlet, but the bay of Barnegat is six miles wide here, and we arrived too late to cross over, on account of the darkness and the ice, which tonight is forming quite fast. The bark Tasse lies two miles south of the inlet, on what is called Long Beach, and all the passengers and crews of both vessels are camped on the beach, and are waiting for the beach opposite their respective locality.

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New-York Times
VOL. VI.....NO. 1643.
WEDNESDAY, DECEMBER 21, 1882.
PRICE TWO CENTS.

succeeded in saving the life of Mr. PARKER, who was ultimately holding on to the boat and the vessel's rigging. Mr. JONES, probably injured by the spar, sunk at once. Mr. PARKER was swept away from the vessel and swam half a mile in order to reach the shore; but, owing to the set of the current seaward, was compelled to succumb and sink in sight of his friends, who were unable to render him any assistance, but followed him along the beach, and the light about the wreck also sank in the boiling surge, making six who have perished. I transmit, herewith, a copy of a letter from Captain McKennon to the British Consul in New-York, commencing the family of Mr. Jones to the protection of the British Government.

One of the passengers, the son of a well-known family taken on board the bark, and the other a sailor, were the only survivors of the wreck. The ship was blown from the crew when he found in a state of mutiny when he returned to the ship on Sunday morning. As our last edition the Captain was more comfortable, and there are hopes of his ultimate recovery.

The ship New-York, Capt. McKennon, with 200 passengers and a crew of 21 men, came ashore about the same hour as the Tasse, and about five miles to the north of her, and was observed by the people on the beach. The ship was blown from the crew when he found in a state of mutiny when he returned to the ship on Sunday morning. As our last edition the Captain was more comfortable, and there are hopes of his ultimate recovery.

Capt. JOHN A. BROWN, the keeper of the Life-Saving Station, was soon on the spot, and, assisted by his neighbors, he soon effected a connection with the ship by means of the mortar and line, at which practice he is said to be very expert. His own life-car was put immediately in use, and soon another was brought from the station next to the northward, when both were constantly piled in transporting the passengers from the ship to the shore by this means. The entire ship's company were all landed without an accident, at midnight of Sunday; but owing to the severity of the weather, and the great destitution of the immigrants, great suffering exists among them. Let the reader picture to himself nearly three hundred human beings, of all ages, sexes and condition, some too old and infirm to move without assistance, some crippled, some helpless infancy, with their families, and the entire ship's company were all landed without an accident, at midnight of Sunday; but owing to the severity of the weather, and the great destitution of the immigrants, great suffering exists among them.

It is reported here that word was received from the owner of the ship New-York that no assistance would be sent to the passengers to remove them to the City, and that they would have to take care of themselves. In consequence of this, the whole company started up the beach about noon to-day, with the hope of finding shelter and food, and, if possible, some of the men, though less than a dozen, were seen in their weak and suffering condition, heaven only knows. The people of this region, whose hospitality has been so often and so severely taxed, have given the best assurance that they will continue to extend a helping hand to these unfortunates; but what unaided suffering would have been saved had one hundred soldiers been sent by the Government to the parties whose duty it is to protect these people, by which they might all have been safely housed in the City. We are told that the British Government, in its anxiety to save the lives of these unfortunates, has sent a large force of soldiers to the beach, and that they will be able to manage the boats, and return to the ship.

Copy of Capt. James Goldworthy, of Bark Tasse, of St. Johns, N. F., to the British Consul in New-York.
The undersigned begs leave respectfully to call your attention, and, through you, that of the British Government, to a case which I think deserves and will place before the first of the year. The undersigned, master of the bark Tasse, would respectfully represent that on the morning of the 20th of December last, the bark Tasse, of St. Johns, N. F., was wrecked on Long Beach, near Barnegat Inlet, and the lives of all on board (fifteen in number) were placed in imminent danger. The lives being exposed to the rigors of the winter, and the lives of all on board (fifteen in number) were placed in imminent danger. The lives being exposed to the rigors of the winter, and the lives of all on board (fifteen in number) were placed in imminent danger.

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NINE DAYS LATER FROM EUROPE.
ARRIVAL OF THE CANADA AT HALIFAX.
The America put back to Liverpool
Disabled.
DISASTERS AT SEA.

Safety of the Captain and Fifteen more of the Passengers and Crew of the Lyonnais.
Unsuccessful Attempt on the Life of the King of Naples.
POLITICAL NEWS UNIMPORTANT.
Bank of England's Rate of Discount Reduced.
COTTON FIRM--BREADSTUFFS DROOPING.
Consols 93 7/8@94 for Account.

[By the American Printing Telegraph Company's Line-Office No. 51 Wall-street.]

HALIFAX, Tuesday, Dec. 21.
The Royal Mail Steamship Canada, Capt. LANG, arrived at this port en route for Boston this forenoon. She left Liverpool on the morning of Friday, the 12th inst. Her arrival here is consequently nine days later than that received by the City of Baltimore at Philadelphia, and two days later than those taken out by the Baltic, now due at New-York.

The steamship America, Capt. COOMES, from Liverpool on the 6th inst., and the arrival of which we have expected for a week past, encountered a furious sea, and was disabled here, and was put back to Liverpool, where she arrived on the morning of the 10th inst. The Canada was immediately put back to Liverpool, and the America was put back to Liverpool, and the America was put back to Liverpool, and the America was put back to Liverpool.

The ship America, from Quebec, grounded on the 15th inst., and was discharging her cargo outside the harbor of Aberystwyth.

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LAW INTELLIGENCE.

Trial of Chas. B. Huntington for Forgery

CASE FOR THE DEFENDANT.
Testimony of Samuel Randall, Ebenezer
Thwing, and Paul D. Durband.
COURT OF GENERAL SESSIONS—Dec. 22.
The trial of Chas. B. Huntington, indicted for
forgery in the third degree, was resumed this morning at
10 o'clock. The first witness called was Samuel Randall,
whose examination by Mr. Bryan for the defence, was
as follows:

Q.—What is your business? A.—I am in no business
present.
Q.—What has it been? A.—Fancy goods, formerly.
Q.—Do you know the defendant? A.—Yes, Sir.
Q.—How long have you known him? A.—About two
years.
Q.—Where did you first become acquainted with him?
A.—At No. 69 Vandon-street.
Q.—Were you boarding in the same house? A.—Yes,
Sir.
Q.—What was his occupation at that time? A.—Forn

ture dealer; he was one of the firm of Huntington & Co.

Q—Were you acquainted with the affairs of that firm? A—I was one of the assignees when they failed.

Q—What time was that? A—I think it was about the month of May, 1848.

Q—Did you close up the business? A—Yes.

Q—What time was that? A—I think it was. Mr. Huntington was the one who was paid for it; he kept them at that time.

Q—What condition did you find those books? A—There was no head or tail to them, as you might see; you could find out nothing by them.

Q—What time was that? A—That concern you say? A—We were able to make a dividend of ten per cent.

Q—What time was that? A—That was about the time that Mr. Huntington was in the city, and was the new business in Mr. Huntington's hands. A—He went into Wall-street.

Q—What time was that? A—I think it was the back room of No. 17; it was either No. 17 or No. 18 in the rear of a bookstore.

Q—What time was that? A—That was in one of the Fall months of 1848; he had no particular facilities for business that I know of at the time.

Q—What time was that? A—I was acquainted with the concern

[illegible]

Q—Did these two projects occupy much of his time in the early 1930s, when he was living here and the project was there, but they were in his mind here and the project was there? Or did he have other projects in mind at that time?

A—He had a number of projects in mind at that time. Do you know of his having any interest in the City Cemetery enterprise? A—Just after that, he tried to go out on a road leading on the upper end of the island, here, where the City Cemetery is, to the City Cemetery, which was in the New York City Cemetery—[to what extent, or how] I do not exactly know.

Q—Did he have anything of the Steam Locomotive operation? A—Yes; I believe it was proposed to him to build to him a person just come from the Lethbridge, that he had been in the Lethbridge, and he had been in the Lethbridge that day that he was spoken to of it. He went and bought a steam locomotive, and he had a steam locomotive, and he asked me if I would go out there and see the machinery, and he asked me if I told him I would, but I should not put out any more money, and he said that he would finance the war, the paying out of the money, which I did.

Q—About how much was invested in that undertaking?

Q.—What became of that enterprise? A.—It all we could. It never realized a copper.

Q.—What was the reason of that? A.—I regard it to just before I returned home the last time he wrote to me that he was going to get up a stock company and he asked me to be one of the first subscribers to the stock.

Q.—What was the name of that? A.—As I told him, I first told him. It looked so perfect a farce on the part of him that he would get nobody to do anything with it. No one of our friends would have been one of the subscribers.

Q.—What was the name of it? A.—It was the Lithuanian.—That was in July, 1872.

Q.—What was the name of the Lithuanian? A.—It was to be called the Lithuanian in Wall-street from 1872 to 1872? A.—Yes, Sir.

Q.—What did he take hold of then? A.—The Wall Street Lithuanian. It was the next enterprise of a large size.

Q.—What was the character of that institution? A.—It was a Lithuanian bill-brokerage, and he was to get up an amount of it to circulate by allowing them ten per cent.

[illegible]

Q.—Were the particulars of that affair published exclusively in the newspapers at the time? A.—Yes, Sir.

Counsel.—Tell us what you know about the Androscoquin Company.

A.—That was afterwards; he went to Maine, to a manufacturing charter through the Legislature with clause in it that he supposed would allow banking. The clause in the charter was this, as nearly as I can recollect: "The President and Treasurer shall have the power to borrow money on the credit of the Company, or otherwise, for the purposes of said Company." It was a manufacturing charter for manufacturing paper, linen, or other thing the Company might see fit to make. At

[illegible]

Q.—Did you lost anything by him during his operations? A.—Yes, Sir; something over \$12,000, I should think. If it were added on.

Q.—Did he apply to you for a release? A.—Yes, Sir.
Q.—Did you give it to him? A.—Yes Sir.
Q.—About what time? A.—The Fall of '55.
Q.—Did his other creditors come in to that agreement?
A.—I believe they did.
[Here counsel for defendant asked the other side for a release, but being informed that it was not to be released, the motion was made of Mr. Halsey as to whether he would then make a motion for a release, to which he then it, to which he replied in the negative.]
Q.—Before he obtained this release, was he pressed much by his creditors? A.—Not that I am aware of.

Q.—Were they friendly to him? A.—Yes, all the
know of.
Q.—During all this time that you knew Huntington,
you were friendly to him? A.—Yes Sir.
Q.—You were intimate with him? A.—Yes Sir.
Q.—Did you know during this time of his having com-
mitted forgery? A.—Yes Sir.
Q.—On what occasion and in whose name. A.—Serve

Counsel.—State the names, the occasions, and give some particulars concerning them.

Witness.—James C. Griffin, a marble dealer, August L. Brown, a lawyer, Foster & Van Nostrand, lumber dealers, Beere & Bogart, liquor dealers; I believe, though I never was acquainted with them, Westervelt & Bogart, and in our own names, J. & S. Randall.

Q.—When were these forgeries committed? What

Q.—What did the parties do whose names were forgotten?
A.—Nothing that I know of.
Q.—Did they enter any complaint against him—
him up the papers, or what? A.—No, Sir; they ultimately
gave him up the paper; I cannot say exactly what
they did it; I did not see it, I am sorry to know
that.
Q.—Do you know of their associating with him after
ward? A.—Yes, Sir.

Q.—Did you associate with him afterwards? A.—We
I did not know of his forging our names till within
last few months.

AQ.—You know of his committing these other forgeries?

—Yes, Sir; I associated with him after that; I knew
those about the time they were done.

Q.—Did you talk with him about it? A.—Yes, Sir.

Q.—He admitted it? A.—Yes, Sir.

Q.—What impression did it make upon you? A.—It did not make much impression at all; he and I had been very intimate, and he often used to tell me everything he thought of, and I would tell him everything I thought of. I am sure that we would talk just as freely as two friends, and I am sure that we were intimate, and that I knew of many things about him—that had it been otherwise I should not have known so much of him. Q.—I ask you what impression this made upon you? A.—I never had any impression that he intended to marry.

Q—What were his prospects fluctuating? A—Yes, Sir.
Q—His prosperity, I mean? A—Yes.
Q—What was the general condition of his affairs, from time to time, with regard to property? A—Well, it would be up, and he would be down.

...when he was there, but I had no transaction with him; he was there four months; I forget what he was doing when he was there. He came back in the year 1864; I answered him afterwards to be engaged at Wall-street, as a broker; I had transactions with him; I lent him some money; I could not see

[illegible][illegible]

wrong any one; his actions led to that belief; I said
informer against him, as I did not suppose it was neces-
sary; I did not know whether the debts he owed or
California had been paid; we had a falling-out
with him about it; I wrote him a letter telling him
him drafts to that amount; there was a claim ag-
ainst another party; I ought to have said that;
tingdon said it was hurting me with his de-
mand; I said I would like to settle it; he
said I should give him two drafts, which I did
and he told my another party that Ed-
wards claimed \$1000 more than I had

[illegible]

one witness for him; I have talked considerably with Bryan about his defence, especially about his financial means to say that I had a serious quarrel with him, and that I was not a witness for him. I was done to remember that I was a witness of helping him for all the trouble and expense to me; he has caused me great trouble and quarrelled in March.

Recommended by Mr. Brady.—The Baltimore case was in the Spring of 1848; the Buffalo case was in the Fall of 1848; the New-York Bay case was in 1849; the Farmers and Mechanics Bank case was in 1850.

When I came back from the Creek Agency at Muskogee, I learned that Susan had been taken by the Indians in the Summer of 1833; I do not know whether anything out of these speculations; she was indeed taken when I gave him the \$2,500 - I deducted what he owed me, and gave him about \$1,500 - when I charged him with forging on me, he said "You can make take;" that was all he said; I don't think my wife took about it; the \$2,500 affair is on a note of V. J. & Co. which I have in my hand and the balance of \$900 was obtained against me; they pressed her and made a levy on some property; Humphreys

to him the claim was pressing him, as he could do
with Belden till it was paid; he proposed that I should
him two drafts drawn on Clarke, of Buffalo; I
the drafts; when I told him again he handed them
to me, and said, "I understand you may want
able to understand; he gave me a satisfaction
them; I understand it has been filed; Foster told
Huntingdon owned that claim; sometimes I told
Huntingdon, and sometimes I did not; he often
tell stories that I knew were untrue.

Te the Judge—There were seven or eight persons

to a Jurer.—That forgery was committed on the 20th of June, 1832, by the said John Griffin and Drivers' Bank in 1832.

To the Judge—I never had any communication with the Bank or its officers to ascertain whether they had been deceived; this being a forgery.

Benjamin Thuring examined by Mr. Brady.—I am a broker at No. 23 Wall street; I have known Mr. Allen, as he is called, since he came to New York; he was introduced to him by the hands of our mutual business with him was in exchange and money; we received forged paper from him in the month of 1853 to the amount of one check for \$500, and one for \$450 or \$500; the first was on Western Bank.

and the other on August 11. Brown, I told them was on the Merchant Exchange Bank, and they are returned to the Hamilton office in six months; returned them, they were sent at the Bank as near as I can remember, person said they were forgotten, but Mr. Brown and Mr. Brown, all said they were signed them; I told Hamilton; he said it was some mistake, and that it would be all right; and the money for these checks; he insisted they were not paid, and that they were not paid, and he insisted they were genuine, and you know I

Q: Mr. [redacted] there was no complaint made about them; I had general release of all obligations to him, about the same time; I have not lost his money since; I have had money from him since; it was suggested by someone some complaint ought to be made about those other party said I should only get myself fastened business at all times broken up; the last thing he told me of what things happened in his office; I was in July or August 1962 or 1968.

A: Cross-examined by Mr. Novak—These are questions I have had with Washington, New York

rise; his connection with
 up I remember he was
 a man for whom I
 regarded as a
 noble; it was a man who
 - there; I
 devoted in them; I
 o be redeemed, and had them returned to
 parties whose names were forged on the
 they were forged; I told nobody
 to Huntington about the checks as soon

signed them; when I told Hinton there was some mistake, and he was right; one of the firm of Weston said a complaint ought to be made in business as much as mine almost as strong as mine. I went back to take any view to the experience I had had in the past, and I applied to all the firms; he said I was not to be taken into business.

To a Jury. The checks were for \$300 each.

time : 10:30. *Spang*—here are the names of the
about the same. I was acquainted with
Spang's handwriting; his writing was not always
sometimes it was totally distinct; he kept accurate
accounts, and his signatures for the different banks
widely different; I cannot recognize these check-
ing filled up by him; I have no belief on the proba-
may be his or not; he generally wrote in an elegant
To the *Judges*.—I probably \$100,000; we bought
him on that time; their accounts were not

Mr. Brady read the affidavit of Mr. Palmrose as to the frame-up of the Hunsingtons in the case of the Merchants Bank affair, for which Hunsingtons are indicted by the Grand Jury.

years; he obtained it at my place;
living-place he sent to my place;
containing many things; his name was
he moved to the Metropolitan Hotel, and after
Nineteenth-street; I do not know Mr. Gillespie;
in Nineteenth-street about a year;
house; he moved back to Thirty-ninth-street;
there about six months; he broke up
and went west; he did not see him again.
of New York City; he was very poor;
very poor; he was very poor.

lease to be made out for five years; I sold him the furniture; he paid me \$800 for it; he did not examine the furniture before he bought it; I think he was deceived; after he bought it; some of it was returned; I cut; I was occupying the house for three days; he desired; wanted to get the cut in three days; as he had before; he returned; he moved from the house; before he could get out; it was elegant rosewood; I told him; I saw the house afterwards; it was great deal like an auction-room, where a lot of furniture had been moved in to be sold; he next

[illegible]

himself and I went to the hiring house, making the lease and
the furniture from me was all done in about
minutes; there was no inventory made out; the h
96 was very elegantly furnished by Russell's;
thing was in the most costly style; the furn
niture to furnish three bedrooms well; th
many ornaments; he paid me two hundred
was a very large one; he paid me the \$
carriage hire in the fall of 1855; it was c
\$300 for it had been standing something like a
for (I utilize, a number of times; he rode with su

[illegible][illegible]

When et
ing re-
make
to him

horses; I bargained with
the fore part of July; he gave \$1,000 for them;
also a pair of bay horses, which he gave \$1,500.
kcyt them in Fourth-avenue, corner of Twen-

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[illegible]

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WEDNESDAY, DEC. 24, 1896.
The NEW-YORK DAILY TIMES is served in New York and vicinity for one week. Single copies Two Cents. Mail subscribers Six Dollars a year.
The NEW-YORK EVENING TIMES is published every evening, (Sundays excepted). One edition will be issued at 6 o'clock P. M. and the other at 11 o'clock P. M. It will be sent by mail at the same rates as the DAILY TIMES.
The WEEKLY TIMES, containing nearly all the reading matter of the Daily, published Tuesday and Friday, is mailed at THREE DOLLARS a year.
The WEEKLY TIMES, published Saturday, is mailed at TWO DOLLARS a year for single copies.
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Te Advertisers.
The increased circulation of the DAILY TIMES requires it absolutely necessary to put the paper to press at an earlier hour in the morning. Advertisers will please hand in their advertisements before 10 o'clock P. M., or it will be impossible to place them under their appropriate headings.
The WEEKLY TIMES has now a circulation of over 30,000 copies. Advertisers must hand in their advertisements on or before Wednesday, P. M., of each week, or they cannot be inserted until the week after.

About Stock-Swindling Operations.
We have already received quite a budget of letters from persons who have been seduced, by the money articles of the Herald, into investing their savings in some of the numerous swindling companies which that paper has pushed into notice, and who have lost everything they had by the explosion of these nefarious concerns. We cannot find room for them now, though after the pressure of the holiday season is over we may publish a collection of the most startling and instructive of these cases. But it will all be of little use. The impudent shamelessness with which the Herald confesses everything that has been charged upon it in relation to these matters, shows conclusively that it pursues this policy upon a regular system, and that its columns are always in the service of the men who get up these bogus companies for the express purpose of swindling the poor, and that the proceeds of the operation are undoubtedly shared by parties inside the Herald office, if not by the Editor and Proprietor himself.

Some of our readers may not understand how these things are managed. But it is perfectly simple. Nothing is easier than to swindle the people out of a hundred thousand dollars by this process. All that is necessary is the complicity of some newspaper of large circulation, through which the minds and pockets of the victims can be reached.
Let half a dozen men put their heads together and get up a prospectus for a Mining Company, setting forth the possession of a tract of land, covering a very valuable gold mine, which can be very cheaply worked and is certain to yield an immense profit. The prospectus may be had for \$500,000, and the company may have a chance to become rich in this way, \$500,000 is issued and offered for sale. Of the five thousand shares into which the capital is divided, 250 are given to somebody for the use of his name as President; as much more to somebody else for his services as Secretary; and some person "connected" with the Herald, acting either for himself or perhaps *sub rosa* for the proprietor, is credited with 200 or 300 more. The machine is then ready for operation. The money article of the Herald publishes the prospectus, indorses the respectability of the parties, insists on the great value of the property, predicts a prodigious demand for the stock, and advises everybody who has stock in any of the mammoth Railroad Companies to sell it out and invest their money in the Parker Vein, or some other mining Company, where they are certain to double their money in six months. Then come reports of sales of stock, at ten, twenty, fifty per cent. above par. By-and-by the Company declares a dividend—six, eight or ten per cent.—which the Herald quotes as proof of the truth of its predictions, and makes the basis of fresh appeals to the holders of railroad stocks and to all who desire to make a fortune. The stock rises rapidly. Fictitious reports of sales are multiplied. Everybody who has a few hundred dollars laid by, and who believes the Herald, is excited about this extraordinary stock and eager to get some of it. And so it goes up, until presently there is a trouble in the camp; the dividends stop—the puffs in the Herald stop—holders of stock are called on to pay assessments; inquiry is excited—and it is presently discovered that the whole thing was a swindle, and that there is no gold mine, and that the dividends were decoy ducks, and that the large sales of stock reported in the Herald never took place, and that no capital was ever paid in, and that tremendous issues of stock have been made, and that the parties in the Herald concern sold out their stock, when it reached its highest point, to some of the readers of its disinterested anti-stock-jobbing columns, and that others of its subscribers bought of its accomplices, the prime movers in the transaction, and the whole bubble is then allowed to explode. Then the Herald grows virtuous, denounces swindlers, preaches edifying homilies about stock-jobbing, and embarks in some new operation of the same kind.

We gave a list the other day of six or eight bogus concerns of this kind which the Herald has pushed into public favor, and robbed its readers by inducing them to invest in their worthless stock. The Herald confessed it all, and said we might easily have made the list six hundred! Hear how coolly it confesses:
"The Times enumerates some six or eight Companies of various kinds which may have been pushed into the Herald, and subsequently exploded. The Times is not posted. Not six, but six hundred Companies of various kinds, Mining, Manufacturing and other kinds, have been pushed into the Herald, and the same Companies have again been exposed and attacked when at last it is a course which appears to us, after thirty years' experience, to be proper and just, we propose to pursue it in future."
The Parker Vein was puffed, "so long as it deserved it"—that is, until the concern was ripe until the stock was pushed up to its highest point—until the Herald holders had sold out, and then it was "exposed and attacked." Precisely so with the Gold Hill Company—the Potomac Lead Company, the Ulster Mining Company, and as the Herald confesses six hundred others of the same sort! Some of the letters we have on hand give very edifying ex-

amples of the way in which this whole thing has been managed.
The Herald pleads that it may be misled, in its opinion about these companies. So may any Journal. But with the Herald the thing is too systematic to allow any such construction to be put upon it. It is the rule with that paper to puff everything that is worthless, and denounce everything that is really valuable. It does this systematically and steadily, from one year's end to another. This of itself shows conclusively that it is either the accomplice or the tool of the unprincipled rogues who thus rob the poor of the earnings of their labor. Some of the leaders in these swindling schemes are under indictment, and awaiting their trial. They are in a fair way of expiating their crimes by a residence in Sing Sing. The Herald may find, some day, that legally, as well as morally, "the partaker is as bad as the thief."

More Survivors from the Wreck of the Lyonnais.
The telegraph, which announces the arrival of the Canada at Halifax, reports, on the authority of a dispatch from Bordeaux, that a vessel had reached the latter port with the Captain and fifteen other survivors from the wreck of the ill-fated steamship Lyonnais. No names or particulars are given; and such careless neglect, when so many people on this side of the Atlantic are waiting anxiously for tidings of lost friends, merits severe reprehension. We are not, however, wholly without a clue to the identity of some of those who have been thus signally saved.

It will be remembered that, according to the statement of the second officer of the Lyonnais, LUGUIERRE, to the French Consul-General of this City, four boats were fully equipped and provisioned for sea. In the first, commanded by chief officer ROUSSEL, there were some twenty-five persons, including the first and second engineers, the steward, his nephew, and all the cabin servants. A second boat also took off some twenty-five persons, and was commanded by two sea captains, passengers in the Lyonnais. The third was a life boat, and contained about twenty persons, under the command of DUBLOT, third Lieutenant; and the fourth, whose passengers were picked up by the Euse and brought to this City, was commanded by LUGUIERRE, the second officer. The third boat, under DUBLOT, sank before she could leave the wreck. Her passengers were, however, rescued, and placed upon a raft, which, it seems, was well constructed and supplied with provisions sufficient to last fifty people for a month.

The Captain of the Lyonnais was the last to leave the ship. There were with him the first lieutenant, four petty officers, the stewards, and Messrs. CLAIRIN and BONESTAC, the doctor and purser—all of whom were seen to embark in two yaws detailed for the purpose. It was at this time that the three boats, commanded by ROUSSEL, the two sea captains, and LUGUIERRE, left the scene of the disaster. These who were with LUGUIERRE were brought to this City, and from the tenor of the Bordeaux dispatch, it is scarcely possible that any of those in the other two boats were rescued and conveyed to that port, as the Captain did not form one of either party. We therefore conclude that among those now saved are the party who embarked with the Captain in the yaws, and, probably, a portion of those placed on the raft. If all on the raft and in the yaws had been rescued, they would number some twenty-eight instead of sixteen as reported. But it is not unreasonable to suppose that several must have died from exposure before they were picked up. The names of the survivors will probably be received by the Europa, which will be due at this port tomorrow.

COLONEL BENTON ON BENTONISM.—It is a pleasant thing to see a gentleman perfectly satisfied with himself, and whoever wishes to enjoy that agreeable spectacle—to see a man so overflowing with *amour propre* that it oozes from every pore in his body, illuminates his eyes, glistens in his silvery hair, is developed in every motion of his limbs, modulates the tones of his voice, and lies in every fold and wrinkle of his garments—whoever wishes to witness all this, should go and hear Colonel BENTON lecture. The man who the Colonel is bent on illustrating is Bentonism; and he has the advantage of being full of it, has an enthusiastic love of it, and knows more about it than anybody else. It is rather unusual for a public speaker to make himself the subject of his orations, but that is no reason why Colonel BENTON should not do it. He did something towards enlightening the public in relation to his personal affairs, in his *Thirty Years in the United States Senate*, and he has another volume nearly ready for the press, on the same interesting subject; but the lecture-room affords him opportunities for discoursing on his favorite topic, which must give him greater consolation than doing it in print. Unlike most lecturers, the political Nestor from Missouri declines to name any price for his services, rating them, doubtless, beyond all price. In reply to an application from an Association in this City, he stated that he had never received any pay for his lectures, and never would; but the Boston people had complimented him by making him a present of two hundred dollars for a lecture, and that a similar compliment would be satisfactory to him. There was a charming Bentonian simplicity in this ingenuous method of getting over the awkwardness of so distinguished a gentleman's receiving pay, like a common lecturer, for his services.

At the New-England dinner, on Monday night, the veteran made a speech which, as usual, was full of himself. He gave the company present a great variety of novel and interesting information. He stated that those who had mothers embraced the whole company present, and that he himself had a great regard for mothers, and for ladies in general, and told them the number of John's daughters. Proceeding from these generalities, he said that his mother asked him never to use "the weed," and he had never done so to the present day. She asked him, also, not to drink nor gamble, and he had complied with her request. He did not make much account of the lords of creation in raising up men; the whole credit belonged to the mothers; but the only women he held in high esteem were those who were mothers of men. He had lately traveled a good deal over railroads built by New-England enterprise—had spoken to the masses very often, visited New-England factories, and been greatly astonished at the comfortable condition of the

people of the way in which this whole thing has been managed.
The Herald pleads that it may be misled, in its opinion about these companies. So may any Journal. But with the Herald the thing is too systematic to allow any such construction to be put upon it. It is the rule with that paper to puff everything that is worthless, and denounce everything that is really valuable. It does this systematically and steadily, from one year's end to another. This of itself shows conclusively that it is either the accomplice or the tool of the unprincipled rogues who thus rob the poor of the earnings of their labor. Some of the leaders in these swindling schemes are under indictment, and awaiting their trial. They are in a fair way of expiating their crimes by a residence in Sing Sing. The Herald may find, some day, that legally, as well as morally, "the partaker is as bad as the thief."

News from Europe.—By the arrival of the Canada at Halifax, we receive nine days' later intelligence from Europe. The Canada sailed from Liverpool on the morning of the 12th instant, taking out the passengers by the American, which left on the 6th, but having encountered a severe gale off Cape Clear that swept her decks, was compelled to put back to Liverpool.

Although our intelligence from Europe is nine days later, it is very scanty. The chief points are the official announcement that the Congress of Paris will meet again during the present month, and the report that an unsuccessful attempt has been made against the life of the King of Naples. In regard to this latter event our dispatch represents the different accounts as very contradictory.

The remaining news is made up of miscellaneous items of no special importance. The London Times, it will be seen, has at length thought proper to back out of the Arrowsmith Georgia Railroad hoax—a concession that may probably be attributed to the return of the Editor with more correct notions of men and things in the United States. We judge from the fact that the Corporation and citizens of Portsmouth are about to give a banquet to the American officers in command of the *Rassau*, that that vessel had safely arrived at her destination.

THE RIGHT KIND OF AID FOR NICARAGUA.—It will be seen by a correspondence, which we publish elsewhere, between Gen. GOICOURIA and MARSHALL O. ROBERTS, that the latter gentleman, as President of the U. S. Steamship Company, has directed that one of the steamers of his line should stop at Greytown, on the passage from Aspinwall, that such of the unfortunate followers of General WALKER as may desire shall have an opportunity to return to their homes. The agency of Gen. GOICOURIA in this matter, as well as the prompt compliance of Mr. ROBERTS with his request, is highly commendable.

DESTITUTION.—Commodore VANDERBILT wrote not long since to Mr. McKENZIE a letter in which he declared that he could not imagine why people should suspect him of being a filibuster, unless it was for the purpose of "giving respectability to filibustering." This expression of surprise does more credit to the Commodore's self-complacency than to the sagacity of those who stand in such pressing need of respectability. Perhaps they are after the money, or the ships, or the credit, with which the Commodore is understood to be quite as well supplied as with the other commodity.

CONGRESS.—The Senate yesterday debated the bill for the settlement of the claims of officers in the Revolution, but came to no conclusion with reference to it.
In the House, a substitute for the bill for the revision of the Tariff was reported from the minority of the Committee of Ways and Means. The report of the Superintendent of the Coast Survey was presented. The Indian Pension and the West Point Academy bills were passed.

SALE OF MR. FORRESTER'S ESTATE AT FORTMILL.—The negotiations for some time pending for the purchase of Fortmill—the country seat of Mr. FORRESTER—have finally terminated. The estate passes to the possession of the Sisters of Charity, of this city, and will immediately be occupied by them. They pay Mr. F. \$100,000—about the sum which it has cost him. Two-thirds of the purchase money is paid in cash—the remaining \$33,333 is secured by a bond and mortgage—payable in twenty years. Mr. FORRESTER obligates himself to protect the purchasers against the claim of Mrs. FORRESTER for right of dower—the mortgage being the security.

PERSONAL.
Rev. DANIEL WALDO, who was on Monday elected Chaplain of the House of Representatives, is in his 95th year. He is a graduate of Yale, and was the room-mate of Hon. JEREMIAH MASON, was a Chaplain of the Revolutionary Army, suffered imprisonment in the Sugar House, on account of which he draws a pension from the Government. He is now the oldest living graduate of Yale. His election as Chaplain was the pastor of the Congregational Church at Manlius, N. Y., over which he presided for seventy years.

Col. BENTON, during his visit to the city of Lawrence, visited the "Oliver School-House," and addressed the pupils. He afterwards visited the Atlantic Cotton Mills with Gen. OLIVER, the Agent, and minutely examined every stage of the process of manufacturing, asking a great variety of questions of the operators, with whose appearance he was both surprised and pleased. He had never before visited either a public school or a manufactory in New-England.

Mr. BURLINGAME's health is so broken that he has signified to his friends in Providence his inability to pay them a promised visit during the holidays.
OBITUARY.
The Montreal papers announce the death of Mr. WALKER, formerly organist of Christ's Church Cathedral in that city. He occupied that post for eighteen years, and played the magnificent instrument which has been destroyed, with consummate ability. He was also very popular as a teacher of music. The Montreal Gazette says: "There is, perhaps, more than coincidence in his loss so soon following that of the organ. He was an old man, and of that age may have shocked his feelings in such manner as to have hastened his death."

PETER ACKER, Jr., one of the proprietors of the St. Nicholas Hotel, in this City, died yesterday, in his 43d year. He formerly resided in Albany, and at one time had an interest in the establishment known as the "Marble Pillar," in that city.
Mrs. SUSAN D. CONNOR, widow of the late Commodore DAVID CONNOR, died on the 3d of November last, at Torquay, Devonshire, England. She left Philadelphia in September in feeble health.

Hon. A. S. LIPSCOMB, one of the Justices of the Supreme Court of Texas, died in Austin, on the 8th inst.
The Steamship Tennessee.
CORRESPONDENCE BETWEEN MR. MORGAN AND THE UNITED STATES DISTRICT ATTORNEY.
NEW-YORK AND SAN FRANCISCO S. S. LINE.
No. 10 Bowling-green, New-York, Dec. 23, 1896.
SIR: The steamship Tennessee is advertised to sail for San Juan del Norte to-morrow, the 24th inst., on her regular trip. The owners of this vessel have engaged to carry out passengers for California via the Nicaragua Transit Route, and emigrants, provisions, and merchandise for Nicaragua. It is stated in the newspapers of this City that the Government of the United States has given instructions to detain the steamship, provided she has emigrants, provision and merchandise for the latter destination. It is a matter of the greatest importance, therefore, to the undersigned, that if any instructions upon the subject have been issued they should be informed of the fact, and how far such instructions are to affect the departure of the Tennessee as above stated.
An early reply is respectfully requested.
Very respectfully, your obedient servant,
CHARLES MORGAN & SONS.
To Hon. J. M. McKENZIE, U. S. District Attorney.
We hope it will be convenient for you to reply by the bearer, who will wait your answer.
SOUTHERN DISTRICT OF NEW-YORK.
U. S. DISTRICT ATTORNEY'S OFFICE, Dec. 23, 1896.
Messrs. Charles Morgan & Sons, New-York.
GENTLEMEN: In reply to your letter of this date, I

LATEST INTELLIGENCE.
By Telegraph to the New-York Daily Times.
Magazine Telegraph Co.'s Office—4th Floor, 101 Broadway.
Room Printing Telegraph Office—No. 21 Wall street.

FROM WASHINGTON.
The Provisions of Mr. Letcher's Tariff Bill—Revolutionary Claims—The Transatlantic Telegraph.
Special Dispatch to the New-York Daily Times.

WASHINGTON, Tuesday, Dec. 23.
Mr. LETCHER'S Tariff bill, reported to-day, is substantially Mr. HOBSON'S proposition of January, 1896.

It proposes a uniform reduction of 50 per cent. on the duties levied by the Tariff of 1846. Also, the transfer of manufactures of silk to the schedule now paying 30 per cent; manufactures of flax, and blankets of all kinds, to the schedule now paying 35 per cent; unmanufactured wool to the 10 per cent. schedule, and the raw silk, most of the crude dyestuffs, unmanufactured vegetable dye-stuffs, dyewoods, tow, seeds, animals, etc., to the free list. It also provides for additional duties of 10 per cent. on all foreign importations in foreign bottoms not exempt from such discrimination by treaty or by act of Congress.

It also makes the decision of the Collectors conclusive as to the liability of goods to duty, within a written notice of dissatisfaction shall be given within ten days, and an appeal be made within thirty days to the Secretary of the Treasury, whose decision shall be final and conclusive, except a suit to recover duties be brought within thirty days.

The Act to take effect on the 1st of July next.
The debate in the Senate to-day seems to indicate the defeat of the House bill providing for the settlement of the claims of the heirs of Revolutionary officers for half pay.

If the President transmits the information called for by Senator Seward's resolution, to-day, the correspondence will show that the British Government has declared its readiness to cooperate with the United States Government in steps to secure the early success of the Trans-Atlantic Magnetic Telegraph. It is hoped that Congress will take some steps to carry out the suggestion.

Report of the Superintendent of the Coast Survey—The Tariff—Rise in the Price of Lead.
WASHINGTON, Tuesday, Dec. 23.

It appears from the report of the Superintendent of the Coast Survey, that that Survey has been carried on during the year in all the States and Territories of the Atlantic, the Gulf of Mexico and Pacific Coast. The survey is more than half finished on the Atlantic and Gulf Coasts. Professor BACHMAN estimates that the Coast Survey, as far as it has proceeded, essentially completed in all the sections, has two, recently begun. A general hydrographic reconnaissance has been made of the Coast of California and Oregon. Every harbor has been surveyed and a considerable portion of Washington Territory. Among the developments made in the hydrography of the coast, the most worthy of notice is the extensive bank of comparatively recent growth between George's Bank and the mainland. The report is voluminous, and contains much valuable information concerning the navigating interest of all portions of the country.

The bill reported by Mr. LETCHER, in the House, to-day, as a substitute for the pending Tariff-Revision bill, is the same as offered by him two years ago, when it passed the House, but which failed to receive the sanction of the Senate. The bill proposes to reduce the present rates 50 per cent., on and after the 1st of July, 1897, and enlarge the free list with specified articles, which enter into manufactures, the object being to reduce the annual receipts to \$40,000,000 or \$45,000,000.

The President has brought into the market one million and a half of acres of land lying in the north of Iowa, which has caused an active demand for land warrants, at an advance of three cents per acre. The selling price is now about one cent for one hundred and twenty-acre warrants, and ninety-six cents for one hundred and sixty and one hundred and eighty-acre warrants.

XXXIV Congress—Second Session.

SENATE.—WASHINGTON, Tuesday, Dec. 23.
Mr. BUTLER presented the joint resolutions of the South Carolina Legislature relative to the fortification at Port Royal Harbor.

On motion of Mr. Seward a resolution was adopted requesting the President to communicate, if not incompatible with the public service, such line of business as he may have concerning the present condition and prospects of a plan for connecting, by submerged wires of the magnetic telegraph, this Continent and Europe.

GEORGE SCOTT'S PAY.
Among other resolutions of inquiry adopted, was one offered by Mr. CLAY, requesting the President to furnish information to the Committee on Finance, relative to the pay and emoluments of Lieutenant-General SCOTT or his staff, under the resolution of February, 1865.

The Senate considered the House's bill relative to the settlement of the claims of officers of the Revolutionary Army, and the widows and children of those who died in the service.

Mr. EVANS was opposed to an amendment, as it might delay it if not defeat the bill.
The bill was then passed, and the House adjourned.

HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES.
WASHINGTON, Tuesday, Dec. 23.

Mr. LETCHER, from the minority of the Committee on Ways and Means, reported a substitute for the bill for the revision of the Tariff.

The Speaker laid before the House the report of the Superintendent of the Coast Survey, showing the progress that had been made in that work during the past year.

APPROPRIATION BILLS.
Mr. CAMPBELL, of Ohio, from the Committee of Ways and Means, reported the Navy and Fortification Appropriation bills.

TEXAS CLAIMS.
The House passed the bill for the settlement of the claims of the late Republic of Texas, which presents their claims to the United States, and repealing an act of March 3, 1877, as providing that the residue (about \$460,000) of the sum thereby appropriated shall be divided pro rata among the creditors who have filed their claims.

INDIAN DIFFICULTIES.
Mr. CAMPBELL, in moving the House to go into Committee on the Indian Appropriation Bill, said it was very important that it should pass speedily, as it contained the appropriation for carrying out the treaty of the Creeks and Seminoles, made in August last.

Mr. MAXWELL trusted the bill would be considered, as Florida was now engaged in Indian difficulties. There has been no better prospect, for the last twenty years, than this time, for clothing the war. Under this treaty the Creeks and Seminoles who have emigrated to the west are to be employed in order to bring it to a termination.

Mr. QUINCY had a bill to report from the Military Committee, giving an increased compensation to keep the officers of the army from starving. Unless it pass, the best portion of the army will be disbanded; therefore he regarded it as equally important with the measure suggested by the gentleman from Ohio.

The House went into Committee of the Whole on the Indian, Military Academy and Invalid Pension appropriation bills, and subsequently passed them. Adjourned.

THREE DESTRUCTIVE FIRES IN PHILADELPHIA.
PHILADELPHIA, Tuesday, Dec. 23.
There have been three destructive fires here in which the firemen have been engaged all night. James Furman's Brush Block Factory in the Sixth Ward was totally destroyed, throwing two hundred persons out of employment.
Messrs. MILLIS & FURMAN's omnibus stables in West Philadelphia were destroyed, and one hundred and forty horses and many carriages were burned.
Wilson's Planing Mill was likewise destroyed. The total losses by these fires is \$100,000.
The omnibus establishment was to be sold by the Sheriff to-day. Four watchmen were on the premises. The origin of the fire is mysterious.

DESTRUCTIVE FIRE AT ST. LOUIS.
St. Louis, Tuesday, Dec. 23.
The extensive Soap and Candle Factory of SCHWARTZ & CO. was burnt last night. Loss \$150,000. Insurance not ascertained.

The United States Supreme Court.
WASHINGTON, Tuesday, Dec. 23.
No. 80—*James Harbison et al., plaintiffs, vs. Horace H. Day.*—Argued by Mr. O'CONNOR for plaintiffs, and by Mr. RICHARDSON for defendant.

REPUBLICAN COMMITTEES FOR 1897.
Delegates were chosen at evening in the various Wards to the Republican Committees—the Central and Young Men's for the year 1897. Each Ward is entitled to five delegates in each Committee. The election passed off very harmoniously, there being but one ticket presented in most of the Wards.

We give below the names of the elected so far as learned:
FIRST WARD.
Central Committee—J. J. Garlick, M. A. Van Lier, Joseph Jackson, James McKenna, J. F. Puppe, Young Men's Committee—James McKenna, J. F. Puppe, J. Charleton, C. F. E. Leuder, John C. Kian.

SECOND WARD.
Central Committee—James H. Welch, John Ship-ton, Thomas D. Cole, Charles Bower, Eliza Fargo, Young Men's Committee—James E. Carter, Edward Pepper, Moore Dupuy, Michael McGowan, William Gardia.

THIRD WARD.
Central Committee—M. N. Jones, Sheridan Shook, J. D. Garne, George Parker, John Rosa, Young Men's Committee—James McKenna, J. F. Puppe, J. Charleton, C. F. E. Leuder, John C. Kian.

FOURTH WARD.
Central Committee—J. S. Kelly, Henry H. Hudal, George Manchor, Alexander Laue, Patrick O'Donnell, Young Men's Committee—Louis M. Gaudier, J. Charleton, C. F. E. Leuder, John C. Kian.

FIFTH WARD.
Central Committee—John A. Kennedy, George J. Cornell, Charles Heike, Jeremiah Lohr, J. P. Olinstead, Young Men's Committee—Charles C. Neit, Charles C. Neit, John C. Kian, George L. Gaudier, J. Charleton, C. F. E. Leuder, John C. Kian.

SIXTH WARD.
Central Committee—F. C. Van Wyck, James B. Taylor, Owen W. Brennan, Julius Brill, Chas. B. Foot, Young Men's Committee—Noah L. Farnham, Mosely Lyon, Robert Irwin, L. M. Gaudier, J. Charleton, C. F. E. Leuder, John C. Kian.

SEVENTH WARD.
Central Committee—Daniel L. Pettie, Thomas Murphy, Dr. Snodgrass, Stuart L. Woodford, E. P. Reed.

EIGHTH WARD.
Central Committee—Andrew Henry Bleakley, Henry David, B. A. Maynard, William Pool, John J. Silcock, Young Men's Committee—Elmore Haley, Wm. McK. Chapman, Wm. C. McConeny, John J. Shaw, Wm. Bogert.

NINTH WARD.
Central Committee—Solomon H. Hull, Augustus F. Deane, C. C. Lohr, Robert H. Johnson, Arthur B. Smith, Young Men's Committee—C. T. Evans, Asa S. Lathrop, Richard P. Clark, H. W. Smith, S. B. Dutcher.

TENTH WARD.
Central Committee—Nathaniel Dunn, Joseph S. Dwyer, James Anderson, Charles V. Farney, Theodore Glanzenbach, Young Men's Committee—Leidy Bilger, Wm. D. Chase, Charles Thompson, John Sampson, James P. Bowron.

ELEVENTH WARD.
Central Committee—George W. Blunt, Charles A. Deane, James Anderson, Charles V. Farney, Theodore Glanzenbach, Young Men's Committee—Leidy Bilger, Wm. D. Chase, Charles Thompson, John Sampson, James P. Bowron.

THIRTEENTH WARD.
Central Committee—Charles Elliott, E. Deland Smith, James Anderson, Charles V. Farney, Theodore Glanzenbach, Young Men's Committee—Leidy Bilger, Wm. D. Chase, Charles Thompson, John Sampson, James P. Bowron.

FOURTEENTH WARD.
Central Committee—George W. Blunt, Charles A. Deane, James Anderson, Charles V. Farney, Theodore Glanzenbach, Young Men's Committee—Leidy Bilger, Wm. D. Chase, Charles Thompson, John Sampson, James P. Bowron.

FIFTEENTH WARD.
Central Committee—George W. Blunt, Charles A. Deane, James Anderson, Charles V. Farney, Theodore Glanzenbach, Young Men's Committee—Leidy Bilger, Wm. D. Chase, Charles Thompson, John Sampson, James P. Bowron.

SIXTEENTH WARD.
Central Committee—George W. Blunt, Charles A. Deane, James Anderson, Charles V. Farney, Theodore Glanzenbach, Young Men's Committee—Leidy Bilger, Wm. D. Chase, Charles Thompson, John Sampson, James P. Bowron.

SEVENTEENTH WARD.
Central Committee—George W. Blunt, Charles A. Deane, James Anderson, Charles V. Farney, Theodore Glanzenbach, Young Men's Committee—Leidy Bilger, Wm. D. Chase, Charles Thompson, John Sampson, James P. Bowron.

EIGHTEENTH WARD.
Central Committee—George W. Blunt, Charles A. Deane, James Anderson, Charles V. Farney, Theodore Glanzenbach, Young Men's Committee—Leidy Bilger, Wm. D. Chase, Charles Thompson, John Sampson, James P. Bowron.

NINETEENTH WARD.
Central Committee—George W. Blunt, Charles A. Deane, James Anderson, Charles V. Farney, Theodore Glanzenbach, Young Men's Committee—Leidy Bilger, Wm. D. Chase, Charles Thompson, John Sampson, James P. Bowron.

Twentieth Ward.
Central Committee—George W. Blunt, Charles A. Deane, James Anderson, Charles V. Farney, Theodore Glanzenbach, Young Men's Committee—Leidy Bilger, Wm. D. Chase, Charles Thompson, John Sampson, James P. Bowron.

Twenty-first Ward.
Central Committee—George W. Blunt, Charles A. Deane, James Anderson, Charles V. Farney, Theodore Glanzenbach, Young Men's Committee—Leidy Bilger, Wm. D. Chase, Charles Thompson, John Sampson, James P. Bowron.

Twenty-second Ward.
Central Committee—George W. Blunt, Charles A. Deane, James Anderson, Charles V. Farney, Theodore Glanzenbach, Young Men's Committee—Leidy Bilger, Wm. D. Chase, Charles Thompson, John Sampson, James P. Bowron.

Twenty-third Ward.
Central Committee—George W. Blunt, Charles A. Deane, James Anderson, Charles V. Farney, Theodore Glanzenbach, Young Men's Committee—Leidy Bilger, Wm. D. Chase, Charles Thompson, John Sampson, James P. Bowron.

Twenty-fourth Ward.
Central Committee—George W. Blunt, Charles A. Deane, James Anderson, Charles V. Farney, Theodore Glanzenbach, Young Men's Committee—Leidy Bilger, Wm. D. Chase, Charles Thompson, John Sampson, James P. Bowron.

Twenty-fifth Ward.
Central Committee—George W. Blunt, Charles A. Deane, James Anderson, Charles V. Farney, Theodore Glanzenbach, Young Men's Committee—Leidy Bilger, Wm. D. Chase, Charles Thompson, John Sampson, James P. Bowron.

Twenty-sixth Ward.
Central Committee—George W. Blunt, Charles A. Deane, James Anderson, Charles V. Farney, Theodore Glanzenbach, Young Men's Committee—Leidy Bilger, Wm. D. Chase, Charles Thompson, John Sampson, James P. Bowron.

Twenty-seventh Ward.
Central Committee—George W. Blunt, Charles A. Deane, James Anderson, Charles V. Farney, Theodore Glanzenbach, Young Men's Committee—Leidy Bilger, Wm. D. Chase, Charles Thompson, John Sampson, James P. Bowron.

Twenty-eighth Ward.
Central Committee—George W. Blunt, Charles A. Deane, James Anderson, Charles V. Farney, Theodore Glanzenbach, Young Men's Committee—Leidy Bilger, Wm. D. Chase, Charles Thompson, John Sampson, James P. Bowron.

Twenty-ninth Ward.
Central Committee—George W. Blunt, Charles A. Deane, James Anderson, Charles V. Farney, Theodore Glanzenbach, Young Men's Committee—Leidy Bilger, Wm. D. Chase, Charles Thompson, John Sampson, James P. Bowron.

Thirtieth Ward.
Central Committee—George W. Blunt, Charles A. Deane, James Anderson, Charles V. Farney, Theodore Glanzenbach, Young Men's Committee—Leidy Bilger, Wm. D. Chase, Charles Thompson, John Sampson, James P. Bowron.

Thirty-first Ward.
Central Committee—George W. Blunt, Charles A. Deane, James Anderson, Charles V. Farney, Theodore Glanzenbach, Young Men's Committee—Leidy Bilger, Wm. D. Chase, Charles Thompson, John Sampson, James P. Bowron.

Thirty-second Ward.
Central Committee—George W. Blunt, Charles A. Deane, James Anderson, Charles V. Farney, Theodore Glanzenbach, Young Men's Committee—Leidy Bilger, Wm. D. Chase, Charles Thompson, John Sampson, James P. Bowron.

Thirty-third Ward.
Central Committee—George W. Blunt, Charles A. Deane, James Anderson, Charles V. Farney, Theodore Glanzenbach, Young Men's Committee—Leidy Bilger, Wm. D. Chase, Charles Thompson, John Sampson, James P. Bowron.

Thirty-fourth Ward.
Central Committee—George W. Blunt, Charles A. Deane, James Anderson, Charles V. Farney, Theodore Glanzenbach, Young Men's Committee—Leidy Bilger, Wm. D. Chase, Charles Thompson, John Sampson, James P. Bowron.

Thirty-fifth Ward.
Central Committee—George W. Blunt, Charles A. Deane, James Anderson, Charles V. Farney, Theodore Glanzenbach, Young Men's Committee—Leidy Bilger, Wm. D. Chase, Charles Thompson, John Sampson, James P. Bowron.

Thirty-sixth Ward.
Central Committee—George W. Blunt, Charles A. Deane, James Anderson, Charles V. Farney, Theodore Glanzenbach, Young Men's Committee—Leidy Bilger, Wm. D. Chase, Charles Thompson, John Sampson, James P. Bowron.

Thirty-seventh Ward.
Central Committee—George W. Blunt, Charles A. Deane, James Anderson, Charles V. Farney, Theodore Glanzenbach, Young Men's Committee—Leidy Bilger, Wm. D. Chase, Charles Thompson, John Sampson, James P. Bowron.

Thirty-eighth Ward.
Central Committee—George W. Blunt, Charles A. Deane, James Anderson, Charles V

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and agreement with the national
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LECTURES.

LECTURE WILL BE DELIVERED BY
FRANK MORTON, of the Boston
DAY EVENING, Dec. 8, 1884, for the benefit of
widow and child of the late
THOMAS DEVIN REILLY.

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..... *and Contemporaries*
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 F. L. LYONS, Secretary.
 Tickets to the gallery, 25 cents; Reserved seats (back of
 Hall) 50 cents. To be had of HALL & SON, Broad-
 way, and of the Ticket Agent, J. H. FULTON & SONS,
 140 Fulton, at the Park Hotel, New York. Tickets
 of, and of any member of the Committee.
 The exhibition is open at 7 o'clock. Lectures to commence at 8 o'clock.
 COURSE OF LECTURES ON MUSEUMS
 will be delivered by R. BROWN WILLIS, one of the
 officers of the Museum. First, at the Hall of the

of Education (corner of Grand and Elm sts.) has been made a member of the Board and the School Committee and the members of the Board and the School Committee of the City of New York, on the 20th and 21st of December last, commencing at 10 o'clock. Gentlemen and Ladies interested in the subject are invited to attend the lectures.

NEW YORK YOUNG MEN'S CHRISTIAN ASSOCIATION.—Rev. Dr. Farnsworth will lecture on "Fetichism," at Hope Chapel on **WEDNESDAY EVENING, Dec 24, at 8 o'clock.** Doors open at 7 o'clock. Tickets, 50 cents. Collection at 9 o'clock. Free will contribution. Address, No. 33 Water-st., New York. GEO. W. COLLARD, Secy. and Lectures Committee.

YOUNG MEN'S CHRISTIAN UNION.—The 7th of a course of seven Lectures, will be delivered by E. H. CHAPIN, at the Church No. 140 Broadway.

FAIRS.

SUNDAY SCHOOL FAIR.—THE FAIR IN the Sunday School room of the Memorial Church, earlier place, on the afternoon of the 1st inst. from the junction of 11th & Commercial and on will close THIS (Wednesday) EVENING. The remaining on hand will be sold at auction in the afternoon. Those wishing to purchase Christmas cards for their children will find a good opportunity.

DIER'S FAIR.—THE BIRDING CIRCLE OF

CONSEQUENCE OF THE STORM OF
 Monday, the Ladies Fair for the Free Church of the
 Martine will continue MONDAY, TUESDAY and
 WEDNESDAY of this week, at the 123 Broadway, oppo-
 site New York Hotel. Will not the Christian public
 aid and patronize this thrilling Mission?

PUBLIC MEETINGS.

THE BROADWAY LADIES FAIR.

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...VIA, Nov. 22, 1894.
 COND—THOMAS W. E. GUMBERT, CHAIRMAN.
 CALLING THIS EVENING to the aid of the many
 of our country, we cordially invite you to our
 Free, the "Sunday School Family," of Brethren,
 JOSEPH A. H. BARNARD, Pres. Also, an address by
 JESSE T. PUGH, D. D. Admission 10c; women and
 all-ages. Doors open at 6 o'clock; refreshments
 served.
 YOUNG MEN'S CHRISTIAN UNION.
 Their next meeting on WEDNESDAY, Dec. 26 (eve-
 ning of Thanksgiving), at 8 o'clock, at the
 Convention—What manner and to what extent are
 scriptures inspired?
 ULENTIN D. NEWMAN, Sec. Sec.

BREWERY.—CHRISTMAS.—Public services this day, at the Five-Point Station, will consist of U. S. A. M. (Steam) Ambulance, and other fire fighting exercises, by the children.

N. MEAD, Director.

AMERICAN INSTITUTE OF MECHANICS
(U. S. A.)—A regular meeting will be held at the Rensselaer (No. 52) Broadway, on **WEDNESDAY, Dec. 24, at 8 P. M.** Subject—Steam Drives. Students are especially welcome. Admission free.

H. M. MEIGS, Secretary.

SONIC NOTICE.—THE MEMBERS OF
the Henry Ford Club of the U. S. F. M. are hereby summoned to attend at the Lodge room, **TO-NIGHT**, for the purpose of electing officers for the next year.

By order, **WM. HARRISON, W. M.**

NEW-YORK FEMALE SHELTER SOCIETY.—In consequence of the first Thursday of the coming New-Year's Day, the Society will have its monthly meeting on the second Thursday, Jan. 6, Bible House, at 19 o'clock, as usual.

LOST AND FOUND.

LOST OR STOLEN—THIS AFTERNOON, SUPPOSED TO BE TAKEN FROM WALL ST. TO THE HUDSON RIVER RAILROAD, IN CHAMBERS ST., AN SADDLE CONTAINING CURRENCY AND OTHER VALUABLES FOR THE FOLLOWING CITIES BELONGING TO THE SUBURBANS:

Cleveland, Columbia & Cincinnati Railroad Company,
Cincinnati,
Chicago & Rock Island Railroad Company,
Cincinnati & Muskegon Railroad Company.

Erie Cincinnati, Hamilton & Dayton Railroad Company,
 Erie Cleveland & Toledo Railroad Company,
 Erie Pennsylvania Coal Company, Rock
 Public safety is the paramount consideration and
 as the transfers are forbidden.
 Double reward will be given to the finder of delivery
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 GEO. C. MARSHALL, Photographer.
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AMERICAN

HANDS.

First Lane
Capt. Williams.
Capt. Ryan,
Capt. J. Lott,
and at most kindly

Monday, Dec. 26,
Friday, Dec. 31,
Monday, Jan. 7,
experienced and

responsible for
serious stress or
harder, and the

following items.

WORK AND

... Commander.
... Commander.
... Commander.
... Company
... from ...

at 13 o'clock M.
at 12 o'clock M.
at 13 o'clock M.
cooked provisions
a dinner.
SYMON,
17 Broadway,
red for passage.
L. UNDER
For Liverpool
C. Oakes & Son,
For Europe, pass-
book M., from bar-
nery of this line
For freight or
For elegance
No. 66 Wall st.
and at 11 A.M. AR
any others will
Liverpool to New-
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connecting with
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Four Corners
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P. M.
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1912.
at the office
White and Con-
York,
Superintendent.
RAILROAD
and, and
Pier 36 of
at 1000 A. M.
for Dunkirk.

Chicago, Ill.
Passenger, at
the Hotel
for New York and
at Chicago, at
Grand Central
Station.
At Chicago,
with the Niagara,
and the Niagara,
and the Niagara,
with Buffalo,
at Grand
Central Station,
with the Lake
and Erie, N.Y.
Independent.

V. BAKER,
Station Engineer.

W. JEROME
in the Delaware
Marine Corps, Graduated
with the Legion
of Merit.
Immediate Comm.
M. and S. P.
M. and S. P.
M. and S. P.
New York and
S. and K. F. M.
Superintendent.

FOR RENT.

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FULTON
CITY, C.A.S.
have planning
through in 16
MAY, 1907.

Although the pleadings and proofs maintain throughout this dissenting conflict in relation to the facts conducing to and predating the collision in question, there would seem to be no insuperable difficulty in determining where the weight of proof really rests, in regard to the transaction. The task is not undertaken, because, in the opinion of the Court, a

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liability to a suit under the Constitution, but that liability could not save proceedings under a statute which directed the suit to be brought in Federal court.

Mr. Justice DAVIS expressed some doubts whether the rule of prohibition was the proper remedy, because the writ could not be granted, unless the defendant had been in default of appearance, and this proceeding was in this Court. But the same result could be obtained by writ of mandamus or by an order vacating the proceedings and restraining any further proceedings in the State court. The question at that question as well as the main point involved. Decision reserved.

SUPREME COURT—CIRCUIT.
FIRST JUDICIAL DISTRICT.
NEW-YORK, Tuesday, Dec. 23, 1856.

ORDERED.—That the Clerk give notice of the following order.

All new calendars of causes noticed for trial will be made up for the January Term, 1857, for which notes of issues must be filed on or before Saturday, the 27th day of December, inst.

All notes of issue, for that and every subsequent term, must state distinctly the nature of the issue between the parties, and the grounds of law and fact, and also state whether the cause was on the Calendar as of the close of December Term, 1856, and if so, shall state the number of the cause on that Calendar; and notes of issue shall be so stated shall state whether the cause is then on the Calendar, and the number thereof; and if the cause has been marked "down" on the Calendar since December, 1856, shall state the date when marked down, and the cause thereof.

The Clerk is directed not to enter any cause upon the Calendar unless the notes of issue therein conform to the foregoing order.

And when a cause is placed on the Calendar, it will not be necessary to file in it any note of issue for the term for which it is placed on the Calendar.

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AGRICULTURAL.

the current movements are limited. Corn improved in demand and value, but it closes heavily and languidly. Dearerable lots of Erye are scarce, and are much needed. They would be sold at 100 cents. Corn and wheat. (Data are from Mr. Barley is inactive and nominal.

Two weeks since we published a comparative state the date of the opening and closing of the market, each year, for a period of fifteen years, and number of days it was open each year. Now Hudson River Navigation is ended for the season. It will prove advantageous to many of them, to obtain a statement of its opening, closing and duration, for the past fifteen years:

Hudson River.

	Class.	Days open.
Jan. 1.	Nov. 93.	308
Feb. 1.	Dec. 10.	246
Mar. 1.	Jan. 11.	278
Apr. 1.	Feb. 12.	278
May 1.	Mar. 13.	283
June 1.	Apr. 14.	283
July 1.	May 15.	282
Aug. 1.	June 16.	298
Sept. 1.	July 17.	303
Oct. 1.	Aug. 18.	303
Nov. 1.	Sept. 19.	307
Dec. 1.	Oct. 20.	314
Jan. 2.	Nov. 21.	316
Feb. 2.	Dec. 22.	305
Mar. 2.	Jan. 23.	301

is in less freely offered, and is in pretty better at price indicative of an advance of $\frac{1}{2}$ c. per bushel over last week's closing rates. Our available

now about 70,700 bales, against 82,300 bales the same last year. The receipts of Cotton, at all the shipping ports, to latest date this season, have been 694,000 bales, against 1,361,934 bales to the corresponding period of the preceding season. Total exports of Cotton from the United States so far this season are 418,410 bales, against 678,975 bales to the same time last season. The total stock on hand and aboard in all the shipping ports at the latest date was 620,938 bales, against 626,738 bales at the same time last year. The stock in the interior at the latest dates, was 120,094 bales, against 140,000 bales at the corresponding period of this year.

We are indebted to Messrs. NUNN, BROTHERS & Co., of New Orleans, La., for the following statement of the subjoined table, furnishing an analysis of the Receipts of Cotton for the first three months of the present season, showing the proportion in which they were contributed by each district, compared with the same for the corresponding period, and for the same season.

	Three months 1866.	Three months 1865.	Total last season.
Mississippi River.....	281,000	295,000	948,000
Gulf River.....	2,000	3,000	50,000
Ohio River.....	11,000	20,000	115,000
Alabama River.....	11,000	11,000	51,000
Texas River.....	85,000	17,000	122,000
Arkansas River.....	7,000	11,000	28,000
Red River.....	1,000	1,000	10,000
Colorado River.....	367,000	530,000	1,841,000
New Mexico and Texas.....	23,000	26,000	260,000
California River.....	50,000	53,000	.....
Sacramento River.....	14,000	37,000	.....

River.....	1,500	4,000	.....	Iver quon.....
Mobile.....	305,000	194,000	.....	and tallo.....
Alabama.....	128,000	124,000	.....	and some.....
Carolina.....	116,000	126,000	.....	estimate.....
Florida.....	4,000	5,000	.....	tain quan.....
Gulf.....	4,000	5,000	.....	as agree.....

total of total receipts to end of November, \$98,000, against \$92,000 last season, leaving to be re-
in the remaining three-fourths of the year, (if
\$90,000,000,000), 9,000,000 bales, against 9,500,000,
season period last year.

estimates are generally bricker and dearer.
prices appear dull and heavy, with only a limi-
is even less abundant, white being in good re-
for shipment and City use at a further advance
of \$100 lbs.

and Leather are actively sought after at
prices.

Oil is less freely offered, and though it clo-
sely, prices are decidedly firmer.
is plenty,—very moderately inquired for, and
dear.

are generally inactive at about previous rates,
cacao is in fair demand and is steady.

Chestle Whisky is dull and heavy at about former
prices.

is in reduced supply and lively demand at
firm prices—factors having any existing advan-

important change has occurred in other
editions.

various market reports, brought up to the
moment, will furnish all further necessary in-
formation in the different departments of business.

Wholesale Produce Markets.

retail exclusively for the New-York Daily Times:

WEDNESDAY EVENING, Dec. 24, 1886.

prices given in our reports from week to
are the average wholesale prices obtained by
this market.

[illegible][illegible]

LIVE STOCK MARKET.

[illegible]

	A.S.	M	N	T	C	Total
.....	1646	1898	51	169	2219	8994
.....	814	10	30	4765	.....	.....
.....	154	68	37	6043	.....	.....
.....	150	50	58	.....	.....	.....
.....	136	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
.....	2281	184	.....	10999	.....	2564
.....	5007	5979	523	550	9138	7087

Weekly receipts of Bees at Forty-
set for the year 1955..... 1,961
Week ending to-day..... 1,058
Corresponding week last year..... 1,681
Weekly receipts of Bees at the
Forty-sets for the year 1955..... 3,961
Receipts for week ending to-day..... 2,361
Receipts for corresponding week last
year..... 2,969

Chas. H. Brown, proprietor, reports the animals at
his station Drive-Tards, received as follows:

MANOR.	Acres.	Marsh Acres.	Feet.	Feet and Acres.	Feet.
—	616	—	—	739	—
—	844	—	—	178	—
—	804	51	163	2513	961
—	284	—	—	—	—

at Forty-fourth-street were derived from the sources:

566 Pennsylvania.	—
304 Texas.	—
189 Compositions.	111
100 New York.	—
14 Wisconsin.	—
— Canada.	—

sold by the estimated dead weight of the same; the so-called "fifth quarter" hide is not reckoned, as it is too small to be weighed or measured. When cattle are weighed or measured, the dead weight is reckoned at a cer-

[illegible]

1,545, against 2,807 last Wednesday.

It was not expected the butchers to buy very close upon the holidays, when, poultry carcasses of beef, but they did expect from the numbers in the yards, that the market was more active than the event showed. After darkness in the morning, during which the hogs were sold at the best prices, the market decided dullness from which it did not recover the day. Forwarding was scarce, and the country trade bought sparingly. One western customer, brought to 15 head none too customers, brought to 6 cattle to-day, and others bought in the same proportion, so surprising that of the small number.

There are no weights. Corn, Forty-five, while large dry hogs, and drive.

The receipts previous week

[illegible][illegible][illegible][illegible][illegible]

receipts of 4,055 Sheep and
 \$5,094; and some extra, at \$3
 per head, last week but one
 this week. Receipts mostly
 from New-Jersey. Of the 1,900 lost
 very few are in good shape, crivials
 making a good portion of these as
 extra reports receipts of 3,751 Sheep
 and \$4,569, Selling slightly
 less extra have brought from \$150
 they are in good demand.

**REMARKS AT BROWNSDALE, FOR WEEK
 ENDING DEC. 24.**

Receipts of 1,195 Sheep and
 \$1,444, at \$1.20 to \$1.41 each,
 and few reports sales of:

Sheep and Lambs.	\$425 25
1,194 00	144 00
1,038 00	75 00
230 00	108 00
1,021 37	89 00
800 00	00 00

They report the following sales:

\$548 38	174 00
1,021 37	89 00
1,035 00	108 00
1,195 00	144 00
809 62	00 00
1,021 37	89 00

J. J. Van, Sheep Broker, at
 he following sales:

Amount.	Average price per head.
\$503 50	\$3 57 1/2
500 00	5 00
570 00	5 14
1,074 80	5 00
1,021 37	5 00
528 00	3 00
528 00	3 00
528 00	3 00
528 00	3 00

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500 00	5 00
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1,074 80	5 00
1,021 37	5 00
528 00	3 00
528 00	3 00

Dressed heavy,
(Dressed Right). — A
man.

[illegible][illegible]

Portland, Me. 1890. 1891. 1892. 1893. 1894. 1895. 1896. 1897. 1898. 1899. 1900. 1901. 1902. 1903. 1904. 1905. 1906. 1907. 1908. 1909. 1910. 1911. 1912. 1913. 1914. 1915. 1916. 1917. 1918. 1919. 1920. 1921. 1922. 1923. 1924. 1925. 1926. 1927. 1928. 1929. 1930. 1931. 1932. 1933. 1934. 1935. 1936. 1937. 1938. 1939. 1940. 1941. 1942. 1943. 1944. 1945. 1946. 1947. 1948. 1949. 1950. 1951. 1952. 1953. 1954. 1955. 1956. 1957. 1958. 1959. 1960. 1961. 1962. 1963. 1964. 1965. 1966. 1967. 1968. 1969. 1970. 1971. 1972. 1973. 1974. 1975. 1976. 1977. 1978. 1979. 1980. 1981. 1982. 1983. 1984. 1985. 1986. 1987. 1988. 1989. 1990. 1991. 1992. 1993. 1994. 1995. 1996. 1997. 1998. 1999. 2000. 2001. 2002. 2003. 2004. 2005. 2006. 2007. 2008. 2009. 2010. 2011. 2012. 2013. 2014. 2015. 2016. 2017. 2018. 2019. 2020. 2021. 2022. 2023. 2024. 2025. 2026. 2027. 2028. 2029. 2030. 2031. 2032. 2033. 2034. 2035. 2036. 2037. 2038. 2039. 2040. 2041. 2042. 2043. 2044. 2045. 2046. 2047. 2048. 2049. 2050. 2051. 2052. 2053. 2054. 2055. 2056. 2057. 2058. 2059. 2060. 2061. 2062. 2063. 2064. 2065. 2066. 2067. 2068. 2069. 2070. 2071. 2072. 2073. 2074. 2075. 2076. 2077. 2078. 2079. 2080. 2081. 2082. 2083. 2084. 2085. 2086. 2087. 2088. 2089. 2090. 2091. 2092. 2093. 2094. 2095. 2096. 2097. 2098. 2099. 2100. 2101. 2102. 2103. 2104. 2105. 2106. 2107. 2108. 2109. 2110. 2111. 2112. 2113. 2114. 2115. 2116. 2117. 2118. 2119. 2120. 2121. 2122. 2123. 2124. 2125. 2126. 2127. 2128. 2129. 2130. 2131. 2132. 2133. 2134. 2135. 2136. 2137. 2138. 2139. 2140. 2141. 2142. 2143. 2144. 2145. 2146. 2147. 2148. 2149. 2150. 2151. 2152. 2153. 2154. 2155. 2156. 2157. 2158. 2159. 2160. 2161. 2162. 2163. 2164. 2165. 2166. 2167. 2168. 2169. 2170. 2171. 2172. 2173. 2174. 2175. 2176. 2177. 2178. 2179. 2180. 2181. 2182. 2183. 2184. 2185. 2186. 2187. 2188. 2189. 2190. 2191. 2192. 2193. 2194. 2195. 2196. 2197. 2198. 2199. 2200. 2201. 2202. 2203. 2204. 2205. 2206. 2207. 2208. 2209. 2210. 2211. 2212. 2213. 2214. 2215. 2216. 2217. 2218. 2219. 2220. 2221. 2222. 2223. 2224. 2225. 2226. 2227. 2228. 2229. 2230. 2231. 2232. 2233. 2234. 2235. 2236. 2237. 2238. 2239. 2240. 2241. 2242. 2243. 2244. 2245. 2246. 2247. 2248. 2249. 2250. 2251. 2252. 2253. 2254. 2255. 2256. 2257. 2258. 2259. 2260. 2261. 2262. 2263. 2264. 2265. 2266. 2267. 2268. 2269. 2270. 2271. 2272. 2273. 2274. 2275. 2276. 2277. 2278. 2279. 2280. 2281. 2282. 2283. 2284. 2285. 2286. 2287. 2288. 2289. 2290. 2291. 2292. 2293. 2294. 2295. 2296. 2297. 2298. 2299. 2300. 2301. 2302. 2303. 2304. 2305. 2306. 2307. 2308. 2309. 2310. 2311. 2312. 2313. 2314. 2315. 2316. 2317. 2318. 2319. 2320. 2321. 2322. 2323. 2324. 2325. 2326. 2327. 2328. 2329. 2330. 2331. 2332. 2333. 2334. 2335. 2336. 2337. 2338. 2339. 2340. 2341. 2342. 2343. 2344. 2345. 2346. 2347. 2348. 2349. 2350. 2351. 2352. 2353. 2354. 2355. 2356. 2357. 2358. 2359. 2360. 2361. 2362. 2363. 2364. 2365. 2366. 2367. 2368. 2369. 2370. 2371. 2372. 2373. 2374. 2375. 2376. 2377. 2378. 2379. 2380. 2381. 2382. 2383. 2384. 2385. 2386. 2387. 2388. 2389. 2390. 2391. 2392. 2393. 2394. 2395. 2396. 2397. 2398. 2399. 2400. 2401. 2402. 2403. 2404. 2405. 2406. 2407. 2408. 2409. 2410. 2411. 2412. 2413. 2414. 2415. 2416. 2417. 2418. 2419. 2420. 2421. 2422. 2423. 2424. 2425. 2426. 2427. 2428. 2429. 2430. 2431. 2432. 2433. 2434. 2435. 2436. 2437. 2438. 2439. 2440. 2441. 2442. 2443. 2444. 2445. 2446. 2447. 2448. 2449. 2450. 2451. 2452. 2453. 2454. 2455. 2456. 2457. 2458. 2459. 2460. 2461. 2462. 2463. 2464. 2465. 2466. 2467. 2468. 2469. 2470. 2471. 2472. 2473. 2474. 2475. 2476. 2477. 2478. 2479. 2480. 2481. 2482. 2483. 2484. 2485. 2486. 2487. 2488. 2489. 2490. 2491. 2492. 2493. 2494. 2495. 2496. 2497. 2498. 2499. 2500. 2501. 2502. 2503. 2504. 2505. 2506. 2507. 2508. 2509. 2510. 2511. 2512. 2513. 2514. 2515. 2516. 2517. 2518. 2519. 2520. 2521. 2522. 2523. 2524. 2525. 2526. 2527. 2528. 2529. 2530. 2531. 2532. 2533. 2534. 2535. 2536. 2537. 2538. 2539. 2540. 2541. 2542. 2543. 2544. 2545. 2546. 2547. 2548. 2549. 2550. 2551. 2552. 2553. 2554. 2555. 2556. 2557. 2558. 2559. 2560. 2561. 2562. 2563. 2564. 2565. 2566. 2567. 2568. 2569. 2570. 2

[illegible][illegible]

aga. Come, Esther—come, Pale
to seek of me."

"Fragments rejoice you," said Eden.
"And hurrying on, he mounted his horse quickly away."

CHAPTER II.
THE HUNTERS' DEPARTURE.

A little before noon of the same day occurred a party of the old men, four of which were already moving across a small opening to the Mammoes, where a dimly built house was fastened to the shore. Seven of the men were clad in different bearded, articles, immediately for each of them, among which character which had been previously known to their dwelling; and being now all aboard, and having with them all their things from their deserted homes, they forthwith took and pushed it out into the middle of the gulf for the time being. It was allowed to float upon the bosom of the current.

This party, as the reader has doubtless consisted of our young hero, Eden Danforth, a mother, sister, uncle, and aunt, and Mahal I. Taylor.

Having stated a short detail of the

[illegible][illegible]

By this time Peleg had become fairly well acquainted with the savages, and he was able to find the way to the wigwag where he hid the savages themselves. He was not a word in his defence.

"I am the only one of the party," he said out of the quiver; and Eaten Stand-off, sound of alarm, had started up and a savage had rushed forward. Peleg turned his whole attention to quelling the disturbance, and the other two, being so near, were still trembling from the shock of the alarm-bells for the future.

"I am the only one," he said, and he astonished you should permit such a cowardly act as Peleg. While to frighten you all out of the wigwag, I have no objection to making you see, for really I do not think there is anything to be feared. I believe that if you should have heard something of them, you would have been frightened."

"From what I've heard of them, they are about as good as dead."

"Until they make an attack," said Eaten Stand-off, "they give you to their most terrific belts. I have seen them do this, and I have seen them have attached some of our noblest braves to their belts. I have seen them do this, and I have seen them do this."

"I don't feel altogether at ease," said the other, "but my son said and speaking in the name of the Great Spirit, I don't feel altogether at ease."

with something like a presentiment of danger, this to yourself—not a word of it to the others. I have no doubt that you are not only good enough to be sagged, to keep him from knowing that you are sagged, but I never yet saw a boaster that was not a liar. I am sure that you will have replied Eden; "and Palsey" by boasting that he is not sagged, so fortunate as to be placed in a position where he can be sagged. Here is his reply: "worthy work! I have here in this place a man who is sagging for an unknown foe! I wonder how he can do it."

"The dawn cannot be far off," replied Edson, over the tree-tops, to the eastward! I have seen the dawn of the day of the world."

"The sky looks reddish in that direction," said Edson, looking toward the west.

"Amos?" he continued, addressing his brother standing within a few feet of him, appeared to be looking at the trees, and the heavy trees on the nearest bank rendered a strange appearance."

"It's not the dawn, David, if I'm a jagged answer, in a low, cautious tone."

"I have seen the dawn of the day of the world," said Edson, looking toward the west.

"Fire!" was the acclamatory reply.

"Hail!" said Eden, with a start: "then I have seen the dawn of the day of the world."

their horrible work! Had we not
or and drop further down the st
"Hush! Hush!" returned the

[illegible]

er down the stream!" again sug-
th not a little anxiety, as he

[illegible]

caves off here. If you cannot
see, the publisher of the Ledger
the receipt of five cents. Faint

"THE REFUGERS; AN INDIAN
THE WAGON OF 1812," is the name of
BENNETT'S great Illustrated Story of
which is commended in the NEW YORK
which is out this (CHRISTMAS) month.

Besides the three original tales, "THE
LIONEL LINCOLN," "THE WAGON OF 1812,"
ORION, THE GOLD-BEATER; also, more than
Shakespeare's intensely thrilling tale of "SARAH
VAL," "THE BRIDE OF THE HORNS OF GIL-
FANNY Fern's Sketches of Mrs. Signourney
Cary's poems; Cobb's "The Old Sketches,"
and "The Refugers," all of which are
of interest, entertaining, rare, rich and

ter, constituting the very pith and
e. novelty, wit and incidents of

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BORDER LIFE.—READ EMERSON'S
BUTT'S great story of BORDER LIFE
REFUGEES: AN INDIAN TALK OF THE WILDS
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**CHRISTMAS DAY AND THE NEW
LEDGER!**—What a combination!

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[illegible]

[illegible]

silk goods greatly exceed in value, every year, our imports of woolens. Their consumption

14 very late, and now, from a luxury, silk has become a necessity,—like tea and coffee, which, before 1863, were treated by our Tariff as silks are now. Our imports of silk goods have risen in value since 1847, from less than twelve to more than twenty-four millions; and the customs from \$2,88,860 to \$6,129,568. During this time the total amount of duties received from silk goods is \$51,898,871: while the total amount of revenue from iron, manufactures of iron, and of iron and steel, is only \$50,186,942.

From these facts it is evident that our Industrial Independence can only be attained by a Tariff, which shall (1) admit all raw materials, entering into our manufactures, free of duty; so that our own labor can be enriched by manufacturing them;—and (2) impose a duty upon the manufactured articles of foreign countries, which shall be such a tax upon foreign labor as

to prevent it from competing too closely with
GNS 0002

This is the time to establish a Tariff of this character, and to establish it permanently. Heretofore our tariffs have been but the football of politics, kicked up or down the political arena, according to the strength of the opposing parties. There was a new Tariff enacted

in 1824, another in 1828, another in 1832, another in 1842, and another, the worst of all,

as results prove, in 1846. Under these vasillating tariffs, it was hazardous to embark capital in industrial enterprises, for, with perhaps one exception, they paralyzed the chief branches of American industry. The Tariff of 1842 certainly was probably the best; and if it had never been changed, there would doubtless be in the country, to-day, one hundred millions of gold more than there now are. This surplus of money would have been in the pockets of the people. It would have built all our railroads

with good American iron; and none would have gone to Europe to buy cheap iron, because it could be bought there on credit. The United States Treasury would not have become, as it is, full of a revenue from imports, which lies there as booty for the plundering hordes that haunt the lobbies of the Capital. Most of the goods now imported would have been manufactured here; and the markets at the East, for the products of the West, would have been much larger than they are now.

We believe that such a Tariff as the country needs may result from a COMPROMISE between these two bills which have been reported from the Committee of Ways and Means to the House of Representatives.

Value of a Bad Character.

It has been the theory of certain charitable philosophers that all men are more or less mad. The body, they argue, acts directly and powerfully on the mind. A fit of indigestion utterly disqualifies an epicure for calm and consecutive thought, vitiates the temper, and misdirects the reasoning faculties. If the brain is disordered, so is the understanding; a brain fever sets the imagination on fire; a typhoid stupifies and debilitates. At all points of contact between the mental and physical, there is more or less of reciprocal action; so that, phrenology aside, a man's intellectual condi-

tion may be gauged by the sleekness and good order of his animal frame. Applied to human life, this pleasant little hypothesis yields most curious results. All such things as accountability for crime—all such things as sin, in the theological sense of the word—are at once swept away from the moral code. For deeds done in the body, the body is alone answerable. Your most abandoned and naughty sinner goes clear upon the plea that not he, but some accident of physical conformation,—not he, but that last paroxysm of fever,—not he, but the irritation resulting from that last access of gout,—is responsible for a neighbor's missing pocket-book, or for that atrocious assault or robbery, or for that heinous and revolting murder, which he, helpless innocent, is charged withal. None but the rare individual, who possesses the Aristotelian requisite of a perfect man—a sound mind in a sound body—can ever be justly held to answer for crime, since he alone is free from the involuntary impulse to which his less perfect, and indeed irresponsible brother, is now and again exposed. The buoyancy and reckless levity of life in the acceptance of these dogmas will suggest to the wretched homicides, cheats and thieves, who infest society, it is at once edifying and grotesquely amusing to contemplate.

Obviously, with the introduction of these novelties into penal law, the sooner our advocates burn their books, the better. The whole process of evidence is reversed. There is no longer a reason for the counsel of a criminal to file in a long series of witnesses to manifest the impeccability of his client's character, his spotless repute, and unexampled integrity. That becomes the business of the prosecution. The defence must exaggerate the indictment, produce State Prison records to show how

often the unhappy prisoner has undergone the indiscriminating penalties of a mistaken law; rake up proofs of chronic familiarity with crime in its most repulsive forms; of foul murders, daring robberies, adroit cheats, the more startling the more effectual; and having harrowed up the souls of the jury to the last pitch of indignation at the wickedness of the culprit, demand of the horrified twelve a triumphant verdict of acquittal. What else can we anticipate? If the mere fact of habitual sin be evidence of insanity, and insanity be an excuse for crime, who shall be punished? Who but the unfortunate, that upon trial fails to muster evidence that he has transgressed bona fide, and not through habit.

A WARLIKE FRATERNITY.—The *Independent* this week is unusually belligerent. It seems that Rev. H. W. BEECHER, its star correspondent, in an article last week upon a review in the *New-Englander*, reviewing a Connecticut hymn book, stated that the review was written by the compiler of the book; but this week, having ascertained that he had been misinformed, he publishes a card acknowledging his error, expressing regret for it, and saying that he should submit to Mr. BACON the source of the information which had misled him. But in addition to this, the *Independent* publishes a long and very severe letter from Mr. BACON on the subject, a brief one from the writer of the review, and a long editorial on the subject, disclaiming all responsibility for Mr. BACON's articles, and rather sharply censuring his

course. After Mr. BLECHER's prompt and

INCENDIARY SENTIMENTS.—A DANGEROUS T
AN.—A few days ago Mr. BIGLER of Penn-
sylvania, read to the Senate the following ex-

from a letter written by Mr. HALE, of New Hampshire, to prove that the Republican party designs interference for the abolition of slavery in the States; and that the true day will come when the word slave shall be without meaning on this or the Eastern coast,—when man will acknowledge no master but universal Lord of us all, and recognize no Government but one founded on the principles of eternal justice.

These sentiments were eagerly availed of by Southern men to make the unconstitutional character of Mr. HALE and his political associates to make upon the South,—and as one of the evidences of Northern aggression, the abstract doctrine certainly is unexceptionable; although it must be confessed that it is used in millions of cases, when all good

The framers of the Constitution did not mean to exclude a slave war a mere chattel; they meant to recognize him as having a right to life, liberty and property, and to encourage the master to raise him in the way of civilization until, in God's good time, he would come voluntarily upon our earth would be "the true end which God's good providence, the Father of mercies, has designed to accomplish." ("The Appeal.")

A "true regard for the interests of the South" unquestionably demands that Mr. FICKS be banished to some Siberia, north of Mason and Dixon's line. He is much more bookbinder than farmer UNDERWOOD, the Professor, or the North Carolina Professional, who have been recently expelled from the University of the South for their unbecoming conduct, for he is a man of wealth, high standing, eminent ability and great popularity. His expulsion would be a difficult matter, but that only proves the more its necessity. Some day.

ally. Some not-ready, it is true, immediately rebuked him for the sentiment above expressed; but Mr. PIKE defended and repeated expression, explaining, "If that betwixt me and the most of it,"—and was again greeted with great applause. Dangerous man is Mr. PIKE. Turn him out.

Death of Father Mathew.

The *Canada* brings intelligence of the death of FATHER MATHEW, the distinguished Apostle of Temperance. He died in the City of Cork on the 24th of December, at the age of 68.

THOMAS MATHEW was born in Thomastown, Ireland, on the 10th of October, 1790; was an orphan at an early age, and was adopted by aunt, a lady of some fortune, who bestowed on him care upon his education, and placed him in a academy at Kilkenny at the age of 13. The

manifested a strong inclination to study for priesthood, and the desire was at once encouraged. After remaining at school in Kilkenny some seven years, he entered at Maynooth at the age of 20, and underwent a course of theological study which enabled him, four years subsequently, to present himself for ordination in the Roman Catholic Church. He was admitted to orders at the age of 24, having previously taken upon himself the religious vows of the Capuchins. Immediately after his ordination, the young priest took up his residence

Cork, and, becoming greatly interested in observing the condition of the poorer classes of that city, began to devote himself to those labors of charity which he afterwards prosecuted with unending industry and faithfulness, and which have rendered his name famous and his memory gratefully to thousands of his fellow-countrymen. His benevolent feelings were early enlisted in behalf of the victims of intemperance, and he set his mind vigorously to the consideration of plans for checking the evil which had become, but too apparent. He arrived at the conclusion that his efforts as a priest might be very suitably combined with the vocation of a Temperance exponent, and accordingly began in Cork a series of bi-weekly

tings, at which he enlarged upon the evils of
 temperance, and besought his hearers, who came
 crowds to hear him, to lay by the bottle and
 give the pledge of Total Abstinence. His arts of
 the stage, the cogitations of the originator of
 temperance prevailed. Hundreds took the pledge
 meeting, and the seed soon began to multi-
 ply. He presently set forth upon a journey from
 Carrara to town in Ireland, holding Temperance
 meetings at every place; and enrolling extraor-
 dinary numbers of persons in the ranks of his
 total army. At Nenagh, he administered the
 pledge to twenty thousand persons in one day; at
 Limerick, to not less than one hundred thousand
 persons in the space of two days; between Galway
 and Loughrea, to upwards of one hundred and
 thirty thousand. His success having been
 wonderful in Ireland, he next went to Eng-
 land, and was received with enthusiasm.
 About six years ago he visited the United
 States, returning to Ireland in the Fall

1851. During his stay here, he received marked attention, was honored with a public re-
ception, spent some time in this City, and added a
considerable number of names to the prodigious
list of Total-Abstinence men and women which had
been the result of his previous ministrations. After
returning to his own country, Father MATHEW has

compelled to struggle with poverty, his means, those of a brother who assisted him at the outset of his undertaking, having been wholly absorbed in the prosecution of the work to which his was devoted. In order to enable him to provide for his pressing wants, the British Government settled upon him a pension of £300, but this was barely sufficient to meet the premium on an insurance policy which was held by his creditors, as a security for his debts, and his friends, anxious to offer him some testimonial of regard, procured, in this country, a subscription for his benefit, the amount of which proved sufficient to supply some of his pecuniary deficiencies. Of late years Father MAXWELL had withdrawn, in a great measure, from public life. The advance of years and ill-health left him less strength to prosecute his labors, and he is at last gathered to his fathers, a ripe age, and with an undimmed reputation. Any one who saw him in this country will remember

THE PASSENGERS OF THE LYONNAIS INCORRECTLY REPORTED SAVED.—A paragraph copied from the New-Haven *Journal*, appeared in most of the City papers, yesterday, announcing as the

The City papers yesterday, announcing, on the authority of a telegraphic dispatch from Halifax, that Mrs. STRONO, of New-Haven, and her son-in-law and daughter, Mr. and Mrs. BAILEY, were among those rescued from the wreck of the *Lyonnais*, and taken to Bordeaux. We are informed by one of Mrs. STRONO's relatives that this statement is erroneous. It is not known that Mrs. STRONO or any of her family have been saved.

ness has been put forth by leading citizens of Providence, the venerable Dr. WATLAND heading the list of influential names. The appeal states that Rhode Island has hitherto done comparatively little for the benefit of the sufferers, and suggests the propriety of lowering and village organizations to furnish means of relief.

Political.

A convention for nominating State officers for the next election is to be held at New Bedford, January 22. It is signed by the members of the People's party, American and Republican State Committees, and is strongly opposed to the policy of the present National Administration, and the principles of the Clackson reform.

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foreign
also

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A Little Learning is a Dangerous Thing.
The following Ordinance, in relation to negroes, passed the Mayor and Board of Aldermen of Memphis, Tenn., Dec. 9, we find in the *Memphis* of that city:

Be it ordained by the Board of Mayor and Aldermen of the City of Memphis, That it shall be unlawful hereafter to induce or to negroes in Sabbath Schools or elsewhere within the limits of the corporation, and that the Mayor cause the Superintendent of negro Sabbath Schools, &c., to be notified of the passage of this Ordinance, and that he cause to be posted upon every school so offending shall be taken before the Recorder, and upon conviction, be fined not less than \$50, nor exceeding \$100, for each and every offense.

Since the passage of this Ordinance, so that no night meetings for religious or other purposes, of negroes, shall be allowed between sun-down and sun-rise, except by the written order of the Mayor, under the supervision of a Police force, it is probable that the number of attending such meeting; and that any person withdrawing such meeting of negroes, or permitting it to be held, without the written order of the Mayor, upon conviction thereof before the Recorder, \$25 for each and every offense.

It is to be regretted that the Mayor, in this Ordinance, has allowed any negro to preach in this city, and that any one so offending, the other thereof shall be fined \$50 for each and every offense.

WILLIAM CARROLL, Mayor.
Attest: L. R. Richards, City Register.

BUSINESS NOTICES.

NEW-ORLEANS, LA. Dec, 1898

O. O. WOODMAN, MANUFACTURER OF CHEMISTRY,
has discovered in the Krupp of France

curative power for the quick cure of Coughs, Colds, Influenza, Whooping Cough, Croup, Bronchitis, and all diseases and complaints of the Throat, Lungs or Chest.

This wonderful remedy has cured so many persons who were given up as incurable with consumption and other scrofulous diseases of the Lungs and Throat, and children afflicted with Whooping Cough and Croup, that Dr. WOODMAN has been induced to prepare this remarkable medicine for general use, and has given it the name of

WOODMAN'S CHERRY EXPECTORANT

It is truly the most astonishing discovery in medical science of the present century. A few weeks after using my great remedy the cough entirely ceases, and the most weak, lank, weak and emaciated become fat, strong and robust.

It is not like a medicine-for, while it heals the throat, it does not hurt; it gives nourishment and strength to the enfeebled body; it is pleasant to take, and will not offend the most delicate stomach.

Dr. WOODMAN will guarantee that this nourishing remedy will restore the weak, emaciated consumptive to sound health, and good condition of body quicker than any other medicine ever used by him for such consumptive treatment in use. From the first day this Cherry-Rose-Specimen is used, the patient begins to grow fat.

Specimen Bottles of this famous remedy are at Mr. J. H. Fulton's, where the Consumptives and those afflicted with Throat, Chest or Lung complaints are invited to call and make a trial of the same. Price, \$1 per bottle.

O. O. WOODMAN-NEW ORLEANS, LA., PROPRIETOR.
At the R.F.D. No. 10, New Orleans, La.

CLOTHING.—THE BEST PLACE IN NEW-YORK
for a complete fit-out is Granite Hall, No. 143 Fulton-st.,
where everything is supplied on the only true principle—
cash payment. Their Vests, Pants and Coats are the
strongest made in the City; and the elegance of their
make is a proverb. There is no better store for Clothing
than Granite Hall, No. 143 Fulton-st.

FANCY ARTICLES FOR GIFTS AND PRESENTS.
—The whole stock, embracing every variety of Dolls, Games, Toys, &c., at ROGERS' extensive Fancy Store, No. 429 Broadway, is to be sold off this month, at less prices than ever before offered in this City.
H. S. ROGERS, No. 429 Broadway.

GOLD AND SILVER WATCHES, DIAMOND
Rings and Pins, Jewelry and Silver Ware, for sale at
wholesale and retail, at less than the usual prices, by G. C.
ALLEN, Importer of Watches and Jewelry, No. 11 Wall-
st., second floor, near Broadway.

HOLIDAY PRESENTS.
Persons about purchasing Pianos or Melodions for the
Holidays are invited to call and examine the superior as-
sortment of
PIANOS AND ÆOLICONS,
at the warehouses of the subscribers, which they confident-
ly believe cannot be excelled by any others.
GROVETREEN & TRUSLOW,
No. 506 Broadway, adjoining St. Nicholas Hotel.

HERRING'S PATENT CHAMPION FIRE-PROOF SAFES—With Hall's Patent Powder-Proof Locks, the same that were awarded separate medals at the World's Fair, London, 1861, and the World's Fair, New-York, 1864, and are the only American Safes that were awarded medals at the London World's Fair.

These Safes are now admitted to be superior to any

The subscribers and their agents are the only persons authorized to make and sell Herring's Patent Champion Safe, with Hall's Patent Powder-Proof Locks.

**S. C. HERRING & CO., Green Block,
124, 127 and 129 Water-st., and 5 Murray-st., New-York.**

HOLIDAY GIFTS

FRENCH, CHINA, DINNER, DESSERT and TEA SETS,
Parian Statuary, French Bronze Clocks and Figures, Silver-plated Ware, &c.,
 in great variety, **now offering at very low prices.**

**W. J. F. DAILEY & CO., Marble Mosaic,
Nos. 631 and 633 Broadway.**

SINGER'S SEWING MACHINES.—THE EXCITE-
ment of elections having ceased, we invite the attention
of all judicious and money-making persons to our im-
proved extra-rapid Sewing Machines. Loss of time while
tending to trivial matters and loss of sleep or the

failure to obtain office, may speedily be made up by the use of a Sewing Machine. We say to every woman in whose trade a Sewing Machine can be employed, that a loss of \$1,000 a year is suffered by going without one.

I. M. SINGER, & CO., No. 215 Broadway.

CERTAIN MATERIALS AND WINDOW SHADERS

KELTY & FERGUSON, No. 261 Broadway, and No. 54 Rensselaer-st., have a full and choice stock of BROOKLYN, BATES DE LAINES, WOOLLED DAMASKS, LACE and MURPLE CURTAINS, COFFEINS, GENTS, &c., which are offered at the lowest prices.

HOLIDAY CLOTHING.
Our extensive stock, comprising Raglan, sack and buttoned overcoats, frocks, pantalones, vests, etc., is such as we believe to compare them as superior in style and finish.

ish to what can be purchased elsewhere, it being our determination to retain the supremacy of our productions, whilst the prices are such as to render them as cheap as the cheapest, whilst they are as good as the best.

WM. T. JENKINGS & CO., No. 231 Broadway,
3 doors above the Astor House.

DAMONSON'S HAIR DYE WIGS AND TOPS.

BATCHELOR'S HAIR is the best in the world; the only reliable Hair
Dye known, perfect and instantaneous; harmless and
beautiful in its results. Applied in twenty, privateors at
BATCHELOR'S WIGS surprise all: their own inspec-
tions satisfy the interested that BATCHELOR'S are
permanent. Avoid the ridicule attached to bad dyes and
unsightly wigs. The largest and best stock always at
BATCHELOR'S WIGS, 100 N. 3rd St., Phila.

RICH FANCY ARTICLES FOR PRESENTS.
Jewel caskets set with cameo and mosaic, gilt mounted
toilet bottles with stands, shell, glove and mouchoir boxes,
ornamented bique vases, glass and gilt odor cases, fancy
cigar boxes, rich opera glasses, music boxes, &c. &c.
OSBORNE, BOARDMAN & TOWNSEND.

No. 537 Broadway, corner of Spring-st.

RUPTURE—ONLY PRIZE MEDAL AWARDED
to MAESSE & CO., by the Industrial Exhibition of 1883
Nations, at the Crystal Palace, for their new patent radical
cure truss. References as to its superiority: Professor
Valentine Mott, Willard Parker and John M. Carne-
y, M. D. to S. P. M.

MARSH & CO., No. 24 Maiden-lane, New-York.
DEFIANCE SALAMANDER SAFES.—ROBERT M. PATRICK, sole manufacturer, in the United States of the above celebrated Safes, and Patent Powder-proof Defiance Locks and Cross Bars. Dépôt, No. 121 Pearl-st. One door below Maiden-lane.

IMPORTED FRENCH GAS FIXTURES AND
Clocks, superior articles only; shades for windows and
newly painted; Paris bronzes, candlesticks, brackets, con-
ditions with flexible tubing for gas; ornate and modern
lamps. For sale by **DARDONVILLE, 46 Broadway**
PLATED COFFEE URNS AND KETTLES, CAKE

PIANO-FORTES AND MELODEONS—AT AN IMMENSE reduction in price, until the close of the year. Call and see, at the manufactory of JOHN P. WAKE & CO.

BEEBE & CO., NO. 115 BROADWAY. HATS FOR
the Holidays of every desirable pattern and fabric.

18

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may be secured for two days in advance, at the rate of \$3.00 to \$5.00.
From 3.00 to 5.00 P. M.
and not sold during the day will be thrown open to the patrons in the course of the evening.

NIRKLO'S SALOON.
L. M. GOTTSCHALK'S
LAST CONCERT IN NEW-YORK.
FRIDAY EVENING NEXT, Dec. 25, 1884.
Admission by
Miss. PATANIA and CHARLES WEIS, 150c.
appearance of
ALFRED THALBERG
and L. M. GOTTSCHALK.
THALBERG, Miss. PATANIA and CHARLES WEIS have kindly volunteered their services at this which will be the last given by Mr. GOTTSCHALK in New York. He has been in the United States and Europe. It will also be the last appearance of THALBERG, previous to his Eastern tour. He will be accompanied by Miss. PATANIA and CHARLES WEIS. The concert for two Pianos, to be performed by Mr. THALBERG and himself.
Concert to commence at 8 o'clock.
at 5c, 25c, \$1.00 and \$5.00.
The sale of seats will commence on MONDAY, December 22nd, at 10 o'clock.
M. HALL & SONS Music Store, No. 238 Broadway.
THURSDAY, December 24th, at 10 o'clock.
Y. Ticket office open from P. M. 4 to 6 P. M.

WALLACK'S THEATRE.
OR AMUSEMENT—Boxes and Parquette, 50 cents;
Front, 25 cents; Orchestra Seals, 5c.
GREAT RINGS
Dec. 24, will be produced, second time.

EIGHTS AND WRONGS OF WOMEN.....	Mr. Lester
de Beaux.....	Mr. Dyott
Belmont.....	Mr. Lester
Archmont.....	Mr. Hay
.....	Mr. Lester
..... which will be produced for the first time, based upon the idea advanced by Byron, that "there are more things made revolting by the theatre than there are deplorable."	
ATROCIOUS OUTRAGE.....	
..... perpetrated wantonly for this Theatre, and deemed	
HIAWATHA: OR ARDENT SPIRITS AND "LAUGHING WATER." IMMEDIATE AIDS AND ARTISTS.	
Start.....	Lester
R. Phillips.....	Stage Manager
.....	Mr. Lester
ACCOBRIE AFTER THE FACT.....	
Servant.....	Scenic Artist
William Walker.....	Audience Artist
Mumms.....	Arranger of Music
.....	Coffman
Johnny.....	Madison
.....	Property Man
NEW DRESSES AND MUSIC. The character strikingly more in the line of a character from a Long-fellow, Mr. Waverley, than a French revolution, Mr. Terrell's Mantio, presented as a spirit, but	
..... small part.....	Mr. Lester
..... down town.....	Ms. M. F. Phillips
..... of the North.....	Mr. Leroy

the original "Young New York," Mr. C. Stuart
and Mr. A. arrow minded person.
(fellowship) M. O'Brien
she, surmised "Laughing With"
and eminently calculating (when she
felt that change of heart had been
reference to the immediate danger of judy
bands and strings Mrs. John Wood.
..... the consequences of her first ap-
pearance here.)
judy face, an indescribable self-witted young
lady, in fact, a sort of a.... secretary
..... Miss Mary Genoux.
..... Mrs. H. Holland.
Miss. Heath's granddaughters Mrs. H. Holland.
Miss. Heath's granddaughters Mrs. H. Holland.
..... Mrs. Harriette, Rosa, Ben, Oliver, Cotton,
..... James B. ...
..... Meddies Carman, Thompson, Hall, Pyne,
Bishop, De Voe, Browne, Carter, &c., &c.,
..... with the capital of the state solidified.
OUT FOR A HOLIDAY.

BURT'S NEW THEATRE.
DAY-Shakespeare's comedy of
TWELFTH NIGHT,
his immortal cast:
Mr. Burrows, Olivia, Miss Jane Coombs; Mis-
selle Fully Marshall as Malvolio, Mr. Burton
as Sir Andrew Aguechee, Mr. C.
Clown, Mr. M. Smith; Malvolio, Mr. C.
Burton, as Sir Andrew Aguechee.
WITH THE BOTTLE IN: A DEVIL'S TALE.
A beautiful scenery, magic effects, richly and ex-
traordinary acting, and a fine orchestra.
Burton, Mr. C. Fisher, Mr. C. Howard, &c., &c.

LADY'S NATIONAL THEATRE.—DRESS

will commence with the pantomime
IE: OR, THE LIVELY FAIR.

to be followed by the drama of the
TRUST OF THE FORTY-FOUR, which
will conclude with the Irish Drama of
BRIAN BOROHME.

BROOKLYN ATHENEUM.
TUESDAY EVENING
MONDAY, DEC. 23.
GRAND COMBINATION
FOR ONE NIGHT ONLY.

TALBERG.
Madame D'ANGELI.
Madame DE WILHORST.
L. M. GOITSCHALK.
TALBERG will play FANNY
GIANNINI, LUCREZIA BORGIA, ELISIR
D'AMORE, and will conclude with
O, ROMEO AND GIULIETTA, CENEREN-
TOLA.

Madame DE WILHORST will sing Arias from
NINA, LUCREZIA BORGIA, MACBETH.
Madame D'ANGELI and Madame DE WILHORST

will play
THE FANTASIA OF NORMA

on two grand piano-fortes.
 recop. at 7 1/2; to commence at 8 o'clock.
 The first of the series of 21
 of seats will commence on FRIDAY, Dec. 5,
 at 8 o'clock, at the Grand Piano-forte.
 Brano's Music store in Fulton St. Roe's Book
 in Adams St. and the Grand Piano-forte &
 No. 5 as Wall St., New York.
 FRIDAY, Dec. 5, and MONDAY, Dec. 29, the \$1 and remain-
 50 tickets

BROOKLYN ATHLETIC.
THALBERG'S CONCERT,
 MONDAY, DECEMBER 29,
 GRAND COMBINATION,
 For one evening only.

THALBERG,
 MRS. D'ANGEL,
 MISS DE WILHOUT,
 L. M. GOTTSCHEK,
 The grand duo for two pianos.
 MR. THALBERG, SOLO.

eat will commence on FRIDAY
a music store in Fulton-st.; Ba
c-st., Brooklyn; and Van Norden

Well-st. New York.
FRIDAY and SATURDAY will be sold the \$1.50
and on Monday, Dec. 22, the \$1 and remaining
tickets.

THALBERG and GOTTSCHALK'S
LAST GRAND CONCERT
New York, assisted by Madame D'ANGRI, will take
place at Niblo's Saloon THIS (Friday) EVENING.
New choice seats left to be sold at 25c each, at Mises
& MUNGER'S Piano-forte store, No. 412
Broadway.

NIBLO'S SALOON.
GOTTSCHALK and THALBERG's last and only Con-
cert in New York, commencing on
FRIDAY EVENING, Dec. 22.

DANCING.
ODWORTH'S DANCING ACADEMIES,
NO. 606 BROADWAY, NEW YORK.
No. 137 MONTAGUE-PLACE, BROOKLYN.
York classes on **WEDNESDAYS** and **SATUR-**
SDAYS, 8 o'clock, on **TUESDAYS** and **THUR-**
SDAYS, at 4 P. M. for ladies and children, at 8 P. M.
 gentlemen. Ladies' private class at 9 P. M. Every
 session includes a 15 minute instruction in
 modern assemblies for ladies and gentlemen **EVERY**
DAY EVENING in Brooklyn, and **EVERY SAT-**
URDAY EVENING in New York. Former pupils can
 return for the assemblies alone.

8, CHAFES, TENDER FLESH.
very best shaving compound ever

RAUDS PODRESBUTLE, the proceeds from his
 RAUDA, apple, or any part of the body, effects and
 VY-RAUDS, ROUGE, ROUGE, ROUGE, ROUGE, ROUGE,
 A LILLY WHITE, for converted, rough, perishing
 HAIR DYING instantly dyes red, gray, or black
 to a beautiful color, and restores the hair to its
 HAIR RESTORATIVE forces the hair to grow
 makes stiff, wavy hair soft, glossy and silky. A
 QUARANTINE, for the hair, for the hair, for the hair,
 WALT, first store from Broadway, Mrs. HAYES,
 dyer, T. R. CALLENDER, Philadelphia, BAYES,
 of Washington, Boston, and drugists generally.

ALL WHOM IT MAY CONCERN
 NOTICE is hereby given that the undersigned has
 been appointed for the purpose of investigating the MOBER
 in England. The Constitution and by-laws of

Y., and may be had of him by
press the sum of \$1. By order of
S. M. WRIGHT C.

Combined.

00170
market is not active in-day, yet over
the week. The week ending 1
and other goods
very tight; prices have
been rising and

DOVE AND HEN..... Deposited in the office of the a <i>deputative</i> <i>deputative</i> <i>deputative</i> still <i>deputative</i> <i>deputative</i> <i>deputative</i> consist of <i>deputative</i> <i>deputative</i> <i>deputative</i> Ordinary <i>deputative</i> <i>deputative</i> <i>deputative</i> Straight <i>deputative</i> <i>deputative</i> <i>deputative</i> Furrows and <i>deputative</i> <i>deputative</i> <i>deputative</i> Common to Good <i>deputative</i> <i>deputative</i> <i>deputative</i> Our love to Good <i>deputative</i> <i>deputative</i> <i>deputative</i>	in the office of the a <i>deputative</i> <i>deputative</i> <i>deputative</i> still <i>deputative</i> <i>deputative</i> <i>deputative</i> consist of <i>deputative</i> <i>deputative</i> <i>deputative</i> Ordinary <i>deputative</i> <i>deputative</i> <i>deputative</i> Straight <i>deputative</i> <i>deputative</i> <i>deputative</i> Furrows and <i>deputative</i> <i>deputative</i> <i>deputative</i> Common to Good <i>deputative</i> <i>deputative</i> <i>deputative</i> Our love to Good <i>deputative</i> <i>deputative</i> <i>deputative</i>
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Fancy Michigan.....		
Extra Michigan.....		
Prime Michigan, &c.....		
Extra Ohio.....		
Fancy Genesee.....		
Extra Genesee.....	.....	.....
Extra Wisconsin.....	.....	.....
Canadian muscovado imported.....	.....	.....

thereat. Southern Lard and Tallow. The transaction since our last, comprise almost 1,000 bbls. low Mixed Fancy and Extra at 57 00 and 56 00 bbl. Five Flour scarce and quiet, at 56 00 and 55 00 for fine to Superior bbls. Corn Meal, medium and fine, at 25 00 and 24 00 for Jersey, and at 23 00 and 22 00 for Maryland. The latter brings 2 1/2 cents in premium. wheat Flour is plenty and quiet, mainly at 22 00 and

GRAIN—Wheat is inactive. The reduced quantity on the market and the high claims of owners check operations. The sales reported since our last account are only as follows: 13,700 bushels, including very good Canadian White No. 1 78; and choice Southern White at 60 50 7 bushels. Eye is inactive yet steady, at 40 00c, for inferior choice 7 bushels. Oats are stable and firm, at 24 00c for Ohio and Lake; 22 00c for State; 21 00c for

Jersey; and 40c. 50lb. for Southern; 37c. bushel. Hay remains in moderate demand, and is quoted at \$1.00 for inferior to choice; 97c. bushel. Turkey Malt commands \$1.40 @ \$1.45. 50 lb. bushel. Corn is dull and dropping; the best sales reported of about 21,000 bushels at 65c. for unshelled; 62c. 50 lb. for mixed, in ear and shelled; 72c. 50 lb. for Northern and Southern Yellow, and 70c. for Northern and Western White 50 lb. bushel.

U. S. HAY. Sales were reported of 120,000 b. of

HIDES—Are quite scarcer, and are in fair request rising prices.

HOPS—New contains plenty and heavy, at from 7 10c. **W. R.** Old rate full and nominal, at 2c. **Sec. W. R.**

IRON—About 100 tons Scotch Pig brought \$20 00 to \$20 50, usual terms, **W. R.**

LEATHS—Demand at six 1/2 M.
LEAD—Is dull and heavy, as before reported.
LEATHER—Is in very tight supply and brisk request at advancing prices.
LIME—Rockland is still scarce and in slack request steady prices, 95c. for Common, and \$1.20 for Lamp
bbl.
MOLASSES—The supply and demand continue tight at irregular prices. N. Y., 10c. to 12c. Porto Rico

NAVAL STORES—Resin, Tar, and Crude Turpentine are quiet at old rates. We hear of renewed activity. Spirits Turpentine at 43½c. 44½c. 45 gallon. 5-6 cask m. erate.

OILS—Whale, Sperm, and Olive are inactive at changed figures. Linseed is in fair demand and is

PROVISIONS—Pork is in fair request at rather high prices, with sales reported at about 625 bbis., in lots of \$19 25 to \$19 37 for old Mow; \$19 75 to \$19 37 1/2 for new and \$19 50 to \$19 62 1/2 for new Prime, &c. We old Prime offering. Dressed mow hogs, to less 25, 26, 27, and 28.

50 lb. C^o Meats are in moderate supply and demand
 5% C^o 10% C^o for Hams, and 7% C^o 8% C^o for Shoulders
 Bacon is in pret y good request for immediate and
 future delivery, and it is quite firm, at about 9% C^o 10% C^o
 Lard is more sought after at improving prices.
 Transactions since our last reach about 1,200 bbls. and
 ordinary to strict Prime, at 12% C^o 15% C^o.
 Beef is in good demand, at rising rates. The transac-

Prime: \$16 @ 12 1/2 for Country Meat; \$16 @ 12 1/2 for
 packed do.; \$14 50 @ 4 7/8 for new Chicago Ham;
 \$15 50 for extra do. do. 7 hbl. Prime Meat abun-
 dant and steady at \$12 50 to \$13 50. Beef Hides
 scarce and quiet, at \$11 50 @ 12 hbl. Butter is abundant
 and depressed, at 14c @ 15c for Ohio; 20c @ 25c for com-
 mon to very good State; and 25c @ 30c for prime loc-
 al choice do. 3 hbl. Cheese is in fair supply and rather

The Cincinnati Price Current, of the 24th Inst., says that "The weather, during the greater portion of the week, has not been favorable for Post-Office business. Thursday and Friday it was too warm, and yesterday too cold." The market, nevertheless, has been very firm, and prices have further improved, though the clove were rather shabby, holders waiting, for higher prices.

There were buyers at 70¢ to 75¢ for No. 1 extra large Hogs; whilst for heavy commercial ones the receipts have been quite light for the week, and impression seems to be general that within the next two weeks the season will close. Of this, however, think there is some doubt, as last season and the one previous the business continued for five weeks after the close of the past week, as will be seen.

\$7,750, whilst for the corresponding week last season it was \$6,575. A very heavy business has been done Mess Pork during the week, at \$26.80, but at the close it was none to be had at less than \$17. Lard has also largely dealt in, and the market closes firm. The opinion is that the Pork crop this season will be a short one to be general, but there are many who feel present prices are unprofitable, who are yet operating with a loss here and there.

RICE—There have been 150 tons of common to cheap sold at 35 cents 37½¢ 100 lbs.

SOAP—There were 125 boxes Castile sold at 10½¢ 10½¢ 10½¢.

SUGARS—Are very dull, yet quoted pretty firm, sales of about 340 hhds, Cuba, etc., in lots, at from 24½¢ 25¢ 25¢.

TALLOW—There have been 18,000 Ea. prime sold for export rates.

WHISKY—Sales were reported of about 500 bbls. C and Fries at about 25c. $\frac{1}{2}$ gallon.

FREIGHTS—were rather quiet, yet steady. For export—Cotton, 40-42. $\frac{1}{2}$ Ea. Flour, 1s. 9d. $\frac{1}{2}$ cts. 10-12 $\frac{1}{2}$ cts. 13-14. $\frac{1}{2}$ cts. 15-16. $\frac{1}{2}$ cts. 17-18. $\frac{1}{2}$ cts. 19-20. $\frac{1}{2}$ cts. 21-22. $\frac{1}{2}$ cts. 23-24. $\frac{1}{2}$ cts. 25-26. $\frac{1}{2}$ cts. 27-28. $\frac{1}{2}$ cts. 29-30. $\frac{1}{2}$ cts. 31-32. $\frac{1}{2}$ cts. 33-34. $\frac{1}{2}$ cts. 35-36. $\frac{1}{2}$ cts. 37-38. $\frac{1}{2}$ cts. 39-40. $\frac{1}{2}$ cts. 41-42. $\frac{1}{2}$ cts. 43-44. $\frac{1}{2}$ cts. 45-46. $\frac{1}{2}$ cts. 47-48. $\frac{1}{2}$ cts. 49-50. $\frac{1}{2}$ cts. 51-52. $\frac{1}{2}$ cts. 53-54. $\frac{1}{2}$ cts. 55-56. $\frac{1}{2}$ cts. 57-58. $\frac{1}{2}$ cts. 59-60. $\frac{1}{2}$ cts. 61-62. $\frac{1}{2}$ cts. 63-64. $\frac{1}{2}$ cts. 65-66. $\frac{1}{2}$ cts. 67-68. $\frac{1}{2}$ cts. 69-70. $\frac{1}{2}$ cts. 71-72. $\frac{1}{2}$ cts. 73-74. $\frac{1}{2}$ cts. 75-76. $\frac{1}{2}$ cts. 77-78. $\frac{1}{2}$ cts. 79-80. $\frac{1}{2}$ cts. 81-82. $\frac{1}{2}$ cts. 83-84. $\frac{1}{2}$ cts. 85-86. $\frac{1}{2}$ cts. 87-88. $\frac{1}{2}$ cts. 89-90. $\frac{1}{2}$ cts. 91-92. $\frac{1}{2}$ cts. 93-94. $\frac{1}{2}$ cts. 95-96. $\frac{1}{2}$ cts. 97-98. $\frac{1}{2}$ cts. 99-100. $\frac{1}{2}$ cts. 101-102. $\frac{1}{2}$ cts. 103-104. $\frac{1}{2}$ cts. 105-106. $\frac{1}{2}$ cts. 107-108. $\frac{1}{2}$ cts. 109-110. $\frac{1}{2}$ cts. 111-112. $\frac{1}{2}$ cts. 113-114. $\frac{1}{2}$ cts. 115-116. $\frac{1}{2}$ cts. 117-118. $\frac{1}{2}$ cts. 119-120. $\frac{1}{2}$ cts. 121-122. $\frac{1}{2}$ cts. 123-124. $\frac{1}{2}$ cts. 125-126. $\frac{1}{2}$ cts. 127-128. $\frac{1}{2}$ cts. 129-130. $\frac{1}{2}$ cts. 131-132. $\frac{1}{2}$ cts. 133-134. $\frac{1}{2}$ cts. 135-136. $\frac{1}{2}$ cts. 137-138. $\frac{1}{2}$ cts. 139-140. $\frac{1}{2}$ cts. 141-142. $\frac{1}{2}$ cts. 143-144. $\frac{1}{2}$ cts. 145-146. $\frac{1}{2}$ cts. 147-148. $\frac{1}{2}$ cts. 149-150. $\frac{1}{2}$ cts. 151-152. $\frac{1}{2}$ cts. 153-154. $\frac{1}{2}$ cts. 155-156. $\frac{1}{2}$ cts. 157-158. $\frac{1}{2}$ cts. 159-160. $\frac{1}{2}$ cts. 161-162. $\frac{1}{2}$ cts. 163-164. $\frac{1}{2}$ cts. 165-166. $\frac{1}{2}$ cts. 167-168. $\frac{1}{2}$ cts. 169-170. $\frac{1}{2}$ cts. 171-172. $\frac{1}{2}$ cts. 173-174. $\frac{1}{2}$ cts. 175-176. $\frac{1}{2}$ cts. 177-178. $\frac{1}{2}$ cts. 179-180. $\frac{1}{2}$ cts. 181-182. $\frac{1}{2}$ cts. 183-184. $\frac{1}{2}$ cts. 185-186. $\frac{1}{2}$ cts. 187-188. $\frac{1}{2}$ cts. 189-190. $\frac{1}{2}$ cts. 191-192. $\frac{1}{2}$ cts. 193-194. $\frac{1}{2}$ cts. 195-196. $\frac{1}{2}$ cts. 197-198. $\frac{1}{2}$ cts. 199-200. $\frac{1}{2}$ cts. 201-202. $\frac{1}{2}$ cts. 203-204. $\frac{1}{2}$ cts. 205-206. $\frac{1}{2}$ cts. 207-208. $\frac{1}{2}$ cts. 209-210. $\frac{1}{2}$ cts. 211-212. $\frac{1}{2}$ cts. 213-214. $\frac{1}{2}$ cts. 215-216. $\frac{1}{2}$ cts. 217-218. $\frac{1}{2}$ cts. 219-220. $\frac{1}{2}$ cts. 221-222. $\frac{1}{2}$ cts. 223-224. $\frac{1}{2}$ cts. 225-226. $\frac{1}{2}$ cts. 227-228. $\frac{1}{2}$ cts. 229-230. $\frac{1}{2}$ cts. 231-232. $\frac{1}{2}$ cts. 233-234. $\frac{1}{2}$ cts. 235-236. $\frac{1}{2}$ cts. 237-238. $\frac{1}{2}$ cts. 239-240. $\frac{1}{2}$ cts. 241-242. $\frac{1}{2}$ cts. 243-244. $\frac{1}{2}$ cts. 245-246. $\frac{1}{2}$ cts. 247-248. $\frac{1}{2}$ cts. 249-250. $\frac{1}{2}$ cts. 251-252. $\frac{1}{2}$ cts. 253-254. $\frac{1}{2}$ cts. 255-256. $\frac{1}{2}$ cts. 257-258. $\frac{1}{2}$ cts. 259-260. $\frac{1}{2}$ cts. 261-262. $\frac{1}{2}$ cts. 263-264. $\frac{1}{2}$ cts. 265-266. $\frac{1}{2}$ cts. 267-268. $\frac{1}{2}$ cts. 269-270. $\frac{1}{2}$ cts. 271-272. $\frac{1}{2}$ cts. 273-274. $\frac{1}{2}$ cts. 275-276. $\frac{1}{2}$ cts. 277-278. $\frac{1}{2}$ cts. 279-280. $\frac{1}{2}$ cts. 281-282. $\frac{1}{2}$ cts. 283-284. $\frac{1}{2}$ cts. 285-286. $\frac{1}{2}$ cts. 287-288. $\frac{1}{2}$ cts. 289-290. $\frac{1}{2}$ cts. 291-292. $\frac{1}{2}$ cts. 293-294. $\frac{1}{2}$ cts. 295-296. $\frac{1}{2}$ cts. 297-298. $\frac{1}{2}$ cts. 299-300. $\frac{1}{2}$ cts. 301-302. $\frac{1}{2}$ cts. 303-304. $\frac{1}{2}$ cts. 305-306. $\frac{1}{2}$ cts. 307-308. $\frac{1}{2}$ cts. 309-310. $\frac{1}{2}$ cts. 311-312. $\frac{1}{2}$ cts. 313-314. $\frac{1}{2}$ cts. 315-316. $\frac{1}{2}$ cts. 317-318. $\frac{1}{2}$ cts. 319-320. $\frac{1}{2}$ cts. 321-322. $\frac{1}{2}$ cts. 323-324. $\frac{1}{2}$ cts. 325-326. $\frac{1}{2}$ cts. 327-328. $\frac{1}{2}$ cts. 329-330. $\frac{1}{2}$ cts. 331-332. $\frac{1}{2}$ cts. 333-334. $\frac{1}{2}$ cts. 335-336. $\frac{1}{2}$ cts. 337-338. $\frac{1}{2}$ cts. 339-340. $\frac{1}{2}$ cts. 341-342. $\frac{1}{2}$ cts. 343-344. $\frac{1}{2}$ cts. 345-346. $\frac{1}{2}$ cts. 347-348. $\frac{1}{2}$ cts. 349-350. $\frac{1}{2}$ cts. 351-352. $\frac{1}{2}$ cts. 353-354. $\frac{1}{2}$ cts. 355-356. $\frac{1}{2}$ cts. 357-358. $\frac{1}{2}$ cts. 359-360. $\frac{1}{2}$ cts. 361-362. $\frac{$

Cheating in Flour.

The Detroit Tribune says that a fraud in manufacture has just come to light, which is likely to lead to extensive litigation and a serious depreciation in the price of flour. The fraud is in the adulteration of the flour. The flour is adulterated with bran and other refuse, and is sold as pure flour. The flour is sold in large quantities to the army and navy, and to the public. The flour is sold in large quantities to the army and navy, and to the public. The flour is sold in large quantities to the army and navy, and to the public.

the selling of Illinois Red Wheat at a rate of 100 bushels in the interior of the State, for Western White Wheat. It is said that thousands of barrels have been thus fraudulently disposed of, and that Eastern merchants are justly indignant at the cheat. The consequences will do not stop with the sale of flour on the market, but will damage the reputation of all the flour in the State, can hardly fail to depreciate its value.

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EATON & FOLSON, (Late the "Co." of H. Tomc
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Written expressly for the Weekly Times.
III. LITERARY INTELLIGENCE.
IV. WRITERS OF WRITERS.—Full particulars of the
names of the poets, and incidents of the Times, with
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VII.—EDITORIAL ARTICLES. The Atlantic Telegraph. The Sugar Tax. More Insects. Extraordinary Phase of the Hurricane. Trial of the Dead Scott Case. The Kansas Law. Kansas Territory. More Survivors from the Wreck of the "Albatross." Gen. Walker. Civil Rights on Pacific Coast. The United Church Property Assets.
VIII.—KANSAS CORRESPONDENCE.
IX.—WASHINGTON CORRESPONDENCE.
X.—PERSONAL ITEMS.
XI.—AGRICULTURAL DEPARTMENT.

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VI.—EDITORIAL ARTICLES.—The Armistice; The South Sea; The Mexican Revolution; The Greek Crisis; The Kansas Law; The American People; Gen. Survivors from the Wreck of the Lusitania; The German Question; The Russian Revolution; The Genocide at Bessarabia; Church Progress; America's Foreign Policy.

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XI.—AGRICULTURAL DEPARTMENT.—Reports of the Experiment Station.

XII.—SUMMARY OF FOREIGN NEWS.

XIII.—SUMMARY OF DOMESTIC NEWS.—The National Congress.

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 Episcopal Church of the Good Shepherd, Rev.
 Hort, Rector, will continue open until THURSDAY
 at the Chinese Hall, Broadway, above Spring-st.
 and Fanny Goods, East-church-st., and the W. C. C.
 Young Men's Association. Admission Free. Contri-

thankfully acknowledged.

LADIES OF THE FIRST UNIVERSALIST Church of Brooklyn, hold a Fair at Mottage MONDAY, Dec. 29, after noon, and evening; for the of the Sabbath school. Tickets, 25 cents.

YOU GETTING BALD?—IS YOUR
hair turning gray? Do you wish to combine good
looks with a watchful hair? Your hair to be soft, silken
and long? Your head to be cool, comfortable and free
from dandruff? Mothers! are your children to have in-
creasing hair? Then use **BOGLE'S HYGIENE**

WOMEN NEVER FAIL IN THE MORNING. DR. BENTON'S
OF CYTHERIA. 100 cents, and 150 cents. BOTTLES
and plunger, and containing the complete
cents. Inventor and proprietor, W. DOOLE,
Sold wholesale and retail by W. DOOLE, No.
Washington St., Boston; and in this City by RALPH
RUBENSON, 112 N. 3d St., PHILADELPHIA, P. O.
Box 112. Sent by mail, 100 cents, and 150 cents.
H. CARRY & CO., P. O. Box 112, PHILADELPHIA,
Philadelphia; and by druggists everywhere.

PHYSIO-PsYCHOLOGY: DR. BENTON
tauses his lectures and amusing experiments at
the same time.

WANTED—AN EFFICIENT SALESMAN, WHO
 command a trade in the
 to be engaged in business
 agreement with the business. **ADDRESS C. H.,**

WANTED—A SECOND-HAND
 chair, cabinet, table and
 and show op. **Address:**

FOR EUROPE

PROPOSED DATES OF MAILING.

ON NEW YORK:	FOR LIVERPOOL:
7, Jan. 12	10, Jan. 2
14, Jan. 12	17, Jan. 9
21, Jan. 12	24, Jan. 16
28, Jan. 12	31, Jan. 23
4, Feb. 12	7, Feb. 30

March 11	1897	Wednesday	1897
March 12	1897	Thursday	1897
March 13	1897	Friday	1897
March 14	1897	Saturday	1897
March 15	1897	Sunday	1897
March 16	1897	Monday	1897
March 17	1897	Tuesday	1897
March 18	1897	Wednesday	1897
March 19	1897	Thursday	1897
March 20	1897	Friday	1897
March 21	1897	Saturday	1897
March 22	1897	Sunday	1897
March 23	1897	Monday	1897
March 24	1897	Tuesday	1897
March 25	1897	Wednesday	1897
March 26	1897	Thursday	1897
March 27	1897	Friday	1897
March 28	1897	Saturday	1897
March 29	1897	Sunday	1897
March 30	1897	Monday	1897
March 31	1897	Tuesday	1897

ALD COLLEGE, 100 Wall st., New-York.
W. H. KINNEY & Co., Liverpool.
JOHN KENNED & CO., No. 21 Astor Place.
WADSWORTH & Co., Paris.
 The following are the names of the persons who have been
 for, tuition, social, jewelry, and other articles of
 or number of his. Having no signs, therefore, the
 of the goods.

BRITISH AND AMERICAN
ROYAL MAIL STEAMSHIP
NEW-YORK TO LIVERPOOL. *Call at the Post-office.*
 The following are the names of the persons who have been
 for, tuition, social, jewelry, and other articles of
 or number of his. Having no signs, therefore, the
 of the goods.

[illegible][illegible]

14. **ANTWERP VIA SOUTHAMPTON.**
 15. For new steamship CONSTITUTION,
 16. E. Peters, will leave for Antwerp, Calcutta,
 17. Southampton, on TUESDAY, Jan. 30, from Pier No. 44
 18. at 12 o'clock.
 19. **RATE OF PASSAGE.**
 20. First Cabin, £10 10s.
 21. Second Cabin, £7 10s.
 22. Freight taken after Saturday, Jan. IV, and no title
 23. of cargo, or parcels received on the day of sailing.
 24. Freight or passage, having superior accommodations.
 25.

AUGUST BELMONT, No 1 Hanover St.

FOR CALIFORNIA.

COLUMBIAN'S CALIFORNIA LINE.

SPECIAL NOTICE
TO CALIFORNIA SHIPPERS.
The ship **ARA KILBUCK** will positively be dis-
patched for San Francisco on her regular day, the 1st
of September, and will receive all your goods on
"WITHOUT DELAY," and hand in their bills of
lading for signatures as soon as shipments are complete.

WILLIAM A. COZOLLO, CALIF. AGT.
YORK, Dec. 24, 1884. No. 10, 2nd St.
to be followed by the elegant clipper-ship **COLUMBIAN**,
has made the passage to San Francisco in 100 days,
4 days, respectively.

FOR THE SOUTH.

SAVANNAH AND FLORIDA.-U. S. MAIL LINE.—The splendid steaming ship **ALABAMA**, Capt. J. S. Smith, will leave Savannah on **WEDNESDAY, 12 Dec. 77, from 6 A. M.** for North River, at 8 o'clock. Freight and passage rates, and all other particulars, apply to
Wm. L. MITCHELL, No. 18 Broadway.
Savannah's ships of this line are withdrawn for want.

EXPRESSES.

**THE HOUSE OF CUBA EXPRESS, P. C. BOM-
BARDIER & CO.** are prepared to forward packages and
freight of all kinds to and from Havana, Santiago de
Cuba, La Grande, Trinidad, Colombia, Puerto Princi-
pe, Jago de Cuba, &c., by the United States Mail
Steamers, and to receive and deliver all packages for-
warded by this express are promptly delivered.
Particular extra rates and conditions of service apply.
**THE HOUSE OF CUBA EXPRESS, P. C. BOM-
BARDIER & CO., Agents, No. 25 Broadway.**

Office in Havana, No. 8 Mercaderes-st.

LEGAL NOTICES.

SUPERIOR COURT.—WASHINGTON E. NICHOLS vs. SAMUEL L. ROSENBERG, surviving partner of ROSENBERG & CO. INC., ROSENBERG, Samuel R. Rosenberg, Ann Nichols, Emma Rosenberg, J. Dillon, Harry Rosenberg, Benjamin Rosenberg, and Benjamin R. Gould, Pees. The said Washington E. Nichols, deceased, and the said Benjamin Rosenberg, deceased. The said Nichols was the husband of the said Emma Rosenberg, the wife of John P. Morris, also deceased. The said Nichols died on September 11th, 1911, and the said Emma Rosenberg died on September 11th, 1911, and required to answer the supplemental complaint of the said Samuel L. Rosenberg, et al., for the purpose of this Court in the City of New York, and to serve of your answer to the said complaint on the subscribers at this office, 16 E. 16th-st., New York, within twenty days after the serving of this

TO THE CREDITORS OF GEORGE
 DELBART, late of the town of Bathurst, in the
 County of Genes, deceased. In pursuance of
 the order of the Court of the County of Genes,
 notice is hereby to all persons having claims against GEORGE
 DELBART, deceased, to present the same, with
 vouchers therefor, to the undersigned, at the
 office of the Court of the County of Genes, at
 Bathurst, on or before the 30th day of March next. Dated
 the 15th day of March, 1884.
 JAMES TAGGART, Administrator.
 ADALINE M. HURLBURT, Administratrix.
 Attest:
 JAMES J. HANCOCK, CLERK OF THE COURT.

ED. DAWSON, Esq., Surrogate of the County of New York is hereby giving notice to all persons who have knowledge of the whereabouts of the body of BROOKLYN, deceased, that they are required to appear before him on the 26th day of May next, at the same place with the vouchers thereto, to show cause why they should not be ordered to pay the costs of the proceedings in the City of New-York, on or before the 26th day of May next.—Dated 12th of May, 1866.

PETER KAUTE, Administrator.

PURSUANCE OF AN ORDER OF EDWARD DAWSON, Esq., Surrogate of the County of New York, in and to all persons who have knowledge of the whereabouts of the body of BROOKLYN, deceased, that they are required to appear before him on the 26th day of May next, at the same place with the vouchers thereto, to show cause why they should not be ordered to pay the costs of the proceedings in the City of New-York, on or before the 26th day of May next.—Dated 12th of May, 1866.

CATHARINE H. SCUDDER, Administrator.

NOTICE TO CREDITORS OF WILLIAM

[illegible]

ALLER & COATES, 24 St Paul St, New York.

STROGAN T-MAN

WAVE - A BRILLIANTLY CON-
tributed in a
WAVE - A BRILLIANTLY CON-

ED A CHANCE IN THE
Employers, in which in 19

WANTED - GIRLS TO MAKE WIGS. -
We are looking for girls to make wigs. The
prices will be paid, and the work is easy. The
work is done at home, and the girls can make
as much as \$10 per week. All girls who want to
make wigs should send their names to the
address below. The girls should be at least 18
years old, and should be able to read and write.
The girls should also be able to make wigs.
The girls should send their names to the
address below. The girls should be at least 18
years old, and should be able to read and write.
The girls should also be able to make wigs.

is willing to work in any
field and good accommodations, &
to A. L. L. AND Co. No.

WANTED - AN INDUSTRIOUS, TIDY AND
 clean or German girl to do the general housework of a
 small family; must be good cook, washer and ironer,
 and of course well recommended. Salary \$10.00 per week.
 Apply at No. 12 River-street, New York.

WANTED - AN EFFICIENT SALESMAN. Who
 can command a trade - \$200 a week, a book
 business, hardware store. None other apply. No
 bulky correspondence with the advertiser. Address: 127
 office.

TEACHERS.
 Wanted, qualified by three or four years' experience, in
 a school of a situation on various grounds. Address: 204
 No. 424 New York Post-Office.

BOARDING.
BOARDING - WANTED A PARLOR AND TWO
 bedrooms in a nice home house, and pleasant location.
 Address: 127 office.

STATISTICAL DEPARTMENT OF

Dinner 1 and 3 P. M.

WANTED BY A GENTLEMAN—A lady residing in a private family where the complete facilities for a lady are afforded. Dressing room, bath, and a New York Post-Office. No. 1011 1st St.

BOARD WANTED FOR A GENTLEMAN—A single gentleman, attending school, in a pleasant, comfortable accommodations may be had. The rate price; a room will be needed for the day. The conveniences for fire; the gentleman would like to have a room with a bath, and a dressing room. **DRESS COMFORT**. Call, for this paper.

A SINGLE GENTLEMAN WANTS—A lady breakfast and tea in a small, private family, residing in a pleasant location in the upper part of the city. The gentleman gives and required. Address: **1011 1st St.** Time Office.

NO. 5 UNIVERSITY PLACE—A FLEMISH—A superior and delicious; also, single rooms to let; most given to gentlemen. Dinner at 6 o'clock.

NO. 5 HUDSON STREET—A GENTLEMAN—A single gentleman, attending school, in a pleasant, comfortable accommodations with board at 5 Morris-st., near Chatham-st.

ELLIGENCE OF
 FEB. AT NO. 78, WOOD

[illegible]

Department of Premium Plans

[illegible]

easy terms. Do not fail to call
H. E. MEA

NO. 418 and 421 Broadway, corner of Chatham, and
GRANT IMPROVEMENT TRIPLANE PIANO
NO. 421 BROADWAY, CORNER OF CHATHAM
MR. HENRY NEWTON & BROADWAY
 No. 421 Broadway, respectfully invite attention to the
 Piano forte, constructed with the patent crank wrenching
 mechanism, and the improved method of construction
 ever introduced into this instrument.
SAVE YOUR MONEY BY BUYING AT
DISCOUNT, FINELY FINISHED BEAUTIFUL
GRAND PIANOS, AT THE
 In the holidays. Fine second-hand piano very cheap.
 Moderate at bargain. **T. B. BERRY, No. 65 Broadway**
RAVE, JACOB & CO., SUCCESSORS TO
GRAND PIANOS, AT THE
POOR, NO. 25 GRAND ST. BROADWAY, WHEEL
 full assortment of instruments may be found, consisting
 of our own manufacture. Warranted in every respect.
M. S. CHAMBERS' PIANO, PIANO FOR
ST. N. L. repaired and for sale
at 25 GRAND ST. BROADWAY, WHEEL
T. H. CHAMBERS
 Warranted \$65 received carved piano for \$50.
NO. 25 GRAND ST. BROADWAY, WHEEL

and brilliant tone, cost \$250, which was used a few months and was the best machine will be sold for

[illegible]

Inventory **with** **for** **products,** **&**

[illegible]

FOR EUROPE.

NEW YORK AND LIVERPOOL UNITED STATES MAIL SERVICE. The ship **CLARA**, Capt. **OLIVER EMMERSON**, will sail for **LIVERPOOL**, on **Monday, Jan. 10, 1869**, at 10 o'clock, A. M. Passengers should have their bills by contract strictly paid, and their baggage checked in, at least 24 hours before sailing, and take to their cabins, to insure strength and speed; and their accommodations for passengers are the best.

Freight of passage from New York to Liverpool, in five days, 1869, in second box, 50¢. Expressive sent by express, 10¢. Freight of goods, 10¢ per cubic foot, or 20¢ per 100 pounds. An experienced stevedore attended to the cargo. No barrels can be secured until paid for. The dates of sailing are subject to change, and the weather and danger from ice will not cross the Banks north of 45° north, until after the 1st of August.

FROM NEW YORK:	FROM LIVERPOOL:
Monday, Jan. 12.....	1867 Wednesday, Jan. 28.....
Tuesday, Jan. 21.....	1867 Wednesday, Feb. 18.....
Wednesday, Feb. 4.....	1867 Thursday, Feb. 27.....
Thursday, Feb. 11.....	1867 Friday, Mar. 6.....
Friday, March 13.....	1867 Wednesday, March 25.....
Saturday, April 11.....	1867 Wednesday, April 23.....
Sunday, May 1.....	1867 Thursday, May 10.....
Tuesday, May 23.....	1867 Wednesday, May 27.....
Thursday, June 3.....	1867 Wednesday, June 11.....
Friday, June 12.....	1867 Thursday, June 20.....
Saturday, July 4.....	1867 Wednesday, July 8.....
Sunday, July 12.....	1867 Wednesday, July 22.....

For further particulars apply to
EDWARD COLLINS, No. 56 Wall st., New York.
Or to **STEPHEN KENNARD & CO.**, No. 27 Austin Place.

[illegible]

NEW YORK AND LIVERPOOL UNITED STATES MAIL STEAMSHIP COMPANY.—**NEW YORK MAIL STEAMSHIPS FOR LIVERPOOL.**—The U. S. M. steamer **PALTON**, Captain Connelley, will depart with the U. S. Mails for Europe per week, on **WEDNESDAY, Jan. 4,** at 12 o'clock M. Freight for goods to Liverpool, Canada, or other ports, and also for improved water-tight bunkbeds. For freight or stowage on guaranteed accommodations for passengers and comfort, apply to

EDWARD K. COLLINS, N. Y. 6 Wall-st.

Passengers requiring tickets and other information must pass through the Post-Office; any others who are not returned.

NOTICE.—The rate of freight from Liverpool to New York is reduced to Four Pounds per ton measurement until further notice.

THE ANTIPOY VIA SOUTHEASTERN CONSTITUTION.—**Captain R. Porrett**, will leave for Antwerp, calling at **London, on TUESDAY, Jan. 26,** from Pier No. 44 North River.

RATE OF PASSAGE.

in First Cabin.....	\$75
in Second Cabin.....	50
in Steerage.....	25
for Passage, including food, and with luggage, bedding, or parcels received on day of sailing.	10
Free freight of passage, having superior accommodations for Cabin and Steerage.	10
AUGUST BELMONT, No. 7 Hanover-st.	

THE LEGAL NOTICES.

NEW YORK SUPREME COURT.—CITY AND COUNTY OF NEW YORK.—HENRY PHILLIPS

[illegible]

CITY HALL, in the city of Brooklyn, and to serve a copy of your answer to me at that place, at three o'clock, on the 10th day of November, 1886. No. 9 Court-street, Brooklyn, within twenty days after the service of this summons on you, exclusive of the day of service of said summons, and if you fail to do so, I will move the court to appoint a receiver of the property of the plaintiff in this action will apply to the Court for the relief demanded in said complaint, and to the costs of this proceeding.

MORRIS & LYND, Plaintiff's Attorneys.

The complaint in this action was filed in the office of the Clerk of the City and County of New-York, on the 21st day of December, 1886.

MORRIS & LYND, Plaintiff's Attorneys.

SUPREME COURT-CITY AND COUNTY OF NEW-YORK.—**RICHARD H. HINSDALE, Plaintiff, vs. JAMES F. MORRIS and JAMES LYND, Defendants.**

—**Summons for money demand on contract.**—(Case not set.)—To the defendants: You are hereby summoned to appear before the Supreme Court of the City and County of New-York, at the City Hall in said City, and to answer to your answer to the complaint in this action, which was filed in the office of the Clerk of the City and County of New-York, at the City Hall in said City, and to the costs of this proceeding, on the 10th day of November, 1886, at three o'clock, at the office of the undersigned, at his office, No. 9 Hanover-st., in the City of New-York, within twenty days, exclusive of the day of such service; and if you fail to answer the said complaint within the time aforesaid, the plaintiff will move the court to appoint a receiver of the property of the plaintiff in this action, and to the costs of this proceeding. For the sum of two hundred and fourteen dollars and five cents, with interest from the 28th day of October, 1886, besides the costs of this action.

—**THEODORE HINSDALE, Plaintiff's Attorney.**

The complaint in this action was filed in the office of the Clerk of the City and County of New-York, on the 21st day of November, 1886.

THEODORE HINSDALE, Plaintiff's Attorney.

IN PURSUANCE OF AN ORDER OF ROBERT B. HENRY, Judge of the Court of Sessions of the County of New-York.

of Kings, note is hereby given, according to law, to all persons having claims against **MARY A. STILLER**, late of the City of Brooklyn, deceased, that they are required to exhibit the same, with the vouchers thereof, to the subscriber, the administratrix, at his place of residence, No. 1710 Broadway, in the City of New-York, on or before the 18th day of June next. Dated December 6, 1864.
429-lawyer's HUGH N. CAMP, Administrator.

IN PURSUANCE OF AN ORDER OF ROBERT M. DAWSON, Esq., Surrogate of the County of Kings, note is hereby given, according to law, to all persons having claims against **HENRY KLING**, late of the City of Brooklyn, deceased, that they are required to exhibit the same, with the vouchers thereof, to the subscriber, the administratrix, at her residence, No. 6 Popple Street, in the City of New-York, on or before the 18th day of June next. Dated Dec. 18, 1864.
429-lawyer's MARY KLING, Administratrix.

IN PURSUANCE OF AN ORDER OF ROBERT M. DAWSON, Esq., Surrogate of the County of Kings, note is hereby given, according to law, to all persons having claims against **WILLIAM KAYLOR**, late of the City of Brooklyn, deceased, that they are required to exhibit the same, with the vouchers thereof, to the subscriber, the administratrix, at the office of **ELI BOGART**, No. 156 Broadway, in the City of New-York, on or before the 18th day of June next. Dated Dec. 27, 1864.
429-lawyer's ANN LINES, formerly ANN KAYLOR, Administratrix.

IN PURSUANCE OF AN ORDER OF THE Surrogate of the County of Kings, note is hereby given, to all persons having claims against **BENJAMIN BYRDE**, late of the City of New-York, deceased, that they are required to exhibit the same, with the vouchers thereof, to the subscriber, at the office of **JAMES MCGRAY**, Esq., 28 Chambers Street, in the City of New-York, on or before the 18th day of June next. Dated Dec. 27, 1864.
429-lawyer's JAMES MCGRAY, Administrator.

LOUISA HYDE, Administratrix.
WILLIAM MARLOW.
NOTICE TO CREDITORS OF WILLIAM MARLOW. Is hereby given that the estate of WILLIAM MARLOW, lately deceased, has been placed in the last city of Philadelphia, (Brooklyn, East River, New York), and that the undersigned, as Administratrix, do hereby give notice to the creditors of said MARLOW, on the above date, to present their claims, and to file the same with the undersigned, on or before the 15th day of February next. Dated New-York, Dec. 24, 1884.
 LOUISA HYDE, Administratrix.
 Assignee of Wm. Marlow, No. 355 Water st., New-York.

NOTICE.—WILLIAM IS BEERY GIVEN TO THE creditors of J. KIPPERT & CO., that they are required to present their claims, and to file the same with the undersigned, on or before the 15th day of February next, at their office, on Dec. 24, 1884, and that their claims will be made at their office on Dec. 24, 1884.
 GEORGE J. NORTON & NORTON, Attorneys,
 175 North Street, New-York.

[illegible][illegible][illegible][illegible][illegible]

Is There a Bomb Letter? *By J. Edgar Hoover*
To the Editors of the New York Daily News
 In February last a firm of business mailers of New York City, containing a check on the Bank of the United States for \$25, addressed to Exchange National Bank, New Haven, Connecticut. There is no such place or institution, and the letter has never reached its destination. It was, however, found in New York, where it should have been delivered.

Devlin Kellly Testimonial.
JOHN MITCHELL delivered a lecture last evening at the Tabernacle, in aid of the "Devlin Kellly Testimonial." Subject: "THOMAS DEVLIN KELLY." The audience was a large one.

BUSINESS NOTICES.
A TERRIBLE ACCIDENT AT LACKVILLE, PA.
MAN AND HORSE THROWN DOWN A PRECIPITOUS CLIFF.

FIVE FEET DEEP.—Young Mr. Spring, son of T. B. Spring, Esq., proprietor of the Lacyville Hotel, was the victim of a fatal accident on the evening of the 21st of October. He was riding along the topwalk of the hotel when he became frightened, and suddenly plunged down a shaft twenty-five feet deep. The body of Mr. Spring was carried home by the mangled limbs of his horse, and was found by his afflicted parents as a corpse. * * * We will have to wait for the father's evidence as to the result of the examination.

On looking on the bleeding and mangled state of my heart sickened. I never saw such a horrible sight before. All his front teeth were knocked out.

were cut through his throat and chin and into his body. His jaw was broken, and his body was full of bruises and cuts. Every one thought him dead, and many said he would much rather find him dead than alive. I worked and washed the blood from his face and cut and for thirty-six hours rubbed his whole body with Remedy—God bless it!—that will never be forgotten. **Rayday's Ready Relief.** He then became quite free of pain. It seemed as if a new life had entered his whole body. After this I applied the **Ready Relief** every five minutes for three days and two nights. To the out-

Widmeyer's appeared Radway's Ready Relief and wrote to him: "He is now nearly well, and is walking about the house, his wounds are healed and but little scarred; the rest of his system is nearly well, and he is now nearly as well as all well. Many one requires further information, and we have addressed me at Lacynville, Pa. I am the proprietor of the Leysville Hotel, at this place, and will know in the State."

T. D. SPRING

TO MESSRS. RADWAY & CO. **Member, Dear Sirs:**

The original letter of T. D. Spring, Esq., can be seen and applied at our office. Radway's Ready Relief quickens the action of the heart and equalizes the circulation of blood; it establishes in the system, the equilibrium of the

feeble, and those who meet with sudden accidents or
by which, to all appearance, the organs of the sys-
tem cease to perform their functions, new life. Let those
be in pain give Radway's Ready Relief one trial
by Druggists, Merchants and others.

RADWAY & CO., No. 102 Fulton-st., New-York.

BRECKENRIDGE GOAL—THE MOST BEAUFUL burning fuel in the world, for sale by E. L. BRECKENRIDGE, No. 239 2d-av., corner 27th-st.

Orders can be left at the depot of the Breckenger
ON CONVEYANCE. No. 92 Broadway.

TO dealers wishing to supply their customers, a desirable quantity of \$1 per ton will be made by sending carts to the yard.
This Coal is sold by the ton, which is much more to the chaldron. Price \$15 per ton.

JET ORNAMENTS, BROOCHES, BRACELETS, &c.—A lot, embracing the latest styles and patterns, sold at greatly reduced prices; also, every variety of Dry Goods and Toys, at

ROGERS' BAZAR, No. 439 Broadway,
Four doors above Spring

GOLD AND SILVER WATCHES, DIAMOND
Rings and Pins, Jewelry and Silver Ware, for
wholesale and retail, at less than the usual prices, by
ALLEN, Importer of Watches and Jewelry, No. 11 W
st., second floor, near Broadway.

HOLIDAY PRESERVE.
Persons about purchasing Pianos or Violoncellos for
Holidays are invited to call and examine the superior
assortment of
PIANOS and VIOLONCELLOS,
at the warehouses of the subscribers, which they can
see at any time.

GREENSTEEN & TEULOU,
No. 505 Broadway, adjoining St. Nicholas Ho
HERRING'S PATENT CHAMPION FIRE-PRO
SAFES—With Hall's Patent Fire-Proof Lock
These safes were awarded medals at the World's
Fair, London, 1881, and the World's Fair, New
1884, and are the only American Safes that were aw
medals at the London World's Fair.
These Safes are now admitted to be superior to
ever offered the public, and the subscribers challenge
world to produce an instance where these Safes have
serve their contents through the hottest fire, or a bu
picking the lock.

The subscribers and their agents are the only persons authorized to make and sell Herring's Patent Cream Balm, with Herring's Patent Cream Balm, at
C. S. HERRING & CO., Green Bay,
 125, 127 and 129 Water-st., and 5 Murray-st., New-York.

HATCHER'S HAIR DYE, WIGS AND TRESS.—The best in the world; the only reliable dye known, perfect and permanent; resists the action of the sun, and is applied in ten minutes. **HATCHER'S WIGS** surpass all; their new inventions satisfy the interested that **HATCHER'S** is permanent. Avoid the ridicule attached to bad dyed unsightly wigs. The largest and best stock always on hand.

GENIN'S FESTAL PRESENTS
 For Gentlemen.
 GENIN'S SUPERB FESTIVAL HATS,
 Christmas and New-Year's calls. No. 214 Broadway
 GENIN'S FESTIVAL HATS FOR YOUNG MEN
 No. 214 Broadway
 GENIN'S SOFT HATS, FOR GENTLEMEN
 Youths and Boys, all new styles. No. 214 Broadway

GENIN'S TRAVELING CAPS, OF FUR, CLOTH &c. New designs. No. 214 Broadway.

GENIN'S HOLIDAY PRESENTS
For Children.

INFANTS' AND CHILDREN'S FANCY WIGS.
Hats, a brilliant assortment, imported and manufactured for the holidays. **GENIN'S, No. 214 Broadway.**

BOYS' CAPS OF ALL KINDS OF FURS
Fashions, at **GENIN'S, No. 214 Broadway.**

GENIN'S FESTAL PRESENTS

FOR LADIES.
At his Fur Emporium, No. 214 Broadway, splendid
of Russian Sable.
Isth. Capes, Half Capes, Victorines, Muffs, Cuffs,
Rich, Glor., &c. of American Mink.
Full sets and single articles of Royal Ermine, at
GENIN'S, No. 214 Broadway.

MUFFS, CAPES, VICTORINES, CUFFS, &c.
Hudson's Bay Sable, at
GENIN'S, No. 214 Broadway.

BEAUTIFUL SETS OF STONE MARTEN, AT
GENIN'S, No. 214 Broadway.

FANCY FURS OF ALL DESCRIPTIONS MADE
in the Paris styles, at **GENINE, No. 314 Broadway**

SINGER'S SEWING MACHINES.—THE BEST
all kinds of goods. Singer's Sewing Machine
machines, which is capable of earning for its owner
a year. All who have female relations or friends for
circumstances can in this way, at a moderate cost,
provide for their permanent and comfortable support.

I. M. SINGER & CO., No. 325 Broadway

MEAKIN'S GLYCERIN BALM WILL PROTECT
the skin from chapping and chafing during the most

PICTORIAL AND ORIENTAL HAT-WEAR.
Novel and elegant memorables of departed friends and scenes of affection, in the form of bristly hats and stilettoes, elegantly decorated by Mrs. FOSTER, the first style of excellence. Specimens may be seen and applied to by Mrs. FOSTER, No. 18 Walker-st.

LAST SALE OF JAPANESE GOODS.—LEAVING

DELIBERATE & CO., NEW YORK
White-st., will sell, **THIS MORNING**, at 10 o'clock, a fine variety of Japanese and fancy goods, suitable for Holidays.

PIANOS AND MELODIONS—THE HORA
WATERS modern imported pianos and Melodions for sale at 100 No. 107 Broadway. Piano and Melodion to rent, and rent allowed on purchase, for only monthly payments. Second-hand Pianos at great bargains.

GIFTS FOR GENTLEMEN—TRAVEL
shawls, rich scarves, smoking jackets, smoking shawls, silk shirts and drawers, all at low prices, wholesale or retail.

IRA PEREGO & SON, No. 61 Nassau
URNS FOR NEW-YEAR'S DAY.
PLATED COFFEE URNA, OAK BASKETS, VASES,
TEA, TEA SETS, &c., for sale by
LUCIUS HART, Nos. 4 and 6 Burling-
PLATED COFFEE URNA AND KETTLES, Oak
Baskets, Cordia, &c., with, Whiskers, Castles, Tea Sets,
for Turnover, &c., for sale by
YOUNG, STEUBINS & CO., No. 12 Maiden
PIANO-FORTES AND MELODEONS - AT AN
enormous reduction in price, until the close of the year.

BEZEE & CO., NO. 125 BROADWAY, WATER
the Holdings of every desirable estate and farm.

FINE ARTS

HOLIDAY SOUVENIR
 THE AMBLYTYPE CO. HAS PREPARED
 A SPECIAL LINE OF
 No. 25 Souvenir
 The Amblytype you can purchase the Gift for the Holidays. A compact, indestructible reproduction of the greatest work of art or of great old, is preserved in its increased value with years, giving to the possessor of it with no more expenditure of time than that required in purchasing a picture, and it is as fresh and brilliant as cheap.

AMBROTYPE.
 One of its graceful specialties is that two Portraits are the result of a single sitting, and both are finished in a single pace, of the same instant to the taste of the purchaser. BRADY was the introducer of the Amblytype in this City, and his success has given it general currency.

AMBROTYPE.
 As usual, however, many imitations are produced, which, in a few months, are so far surpassed in interest and other causes, become worthless.

To be certain of securing a perfect and durable Picture, you should visit his Gallery, Nos. 220 and 25 Broadway. The extensive preparation necessitated by the greater demand enable him to produce, without delay, the requisite number. No considerable delay will be experienced by his visitors.

THE MILAINTYPE
 is an entirely new and unique invention in the world of PORTRAITURE. It embodies the peculiarities of both the DAGUERRETYPE and AMBROTYPE, and in some respects surpasses both. For setting in Location, Fine, Rapid, and colored, it has no equal. They are generally called, and sometimes by the name of

MILANO TYPES.
They are produced at a very trifling cost, and rival in durability the renowned AMBROTYPE. MR. BRADY has organized a department especially adapted to the production of this PICTURE, and invites especial attention to it.

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THE PHOTOGRAPH.
From the Miniature to the full and unabridged Size of Life, colored in Oil, Pastel and Water-colors, finished in superior Crayon and Mezzotint, and inclosed in any style of setting, from the tiny Locket to the massive Frame, is produced at

BRADY'S GALLERY

In unsurpassing perfection.

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PHOTOGRAPHS.
An Immense Camera, one of the largest ever constructed, has just been completed for Mr. BRADY, and the results produced have elicited the admiration of artists, and among other scientific men, of Froth, Moore and Draper, the pioneers of the art in America.

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PHOTOGRAPHS.

PHOTOGRAPHS. MR. BRADY HAS THE EQUIPMENT
 IN THIS COUNTRY. AN INSPECTION OF THE superb and extensive
 collection of specimens PHOTOGRAPHS is all that is
 necessary to establish their unsurpassable superiority.

PHOTOGRAPHS.

THE VIGNETTE PHOTOGRAPH is a specialty of
 BRADY'S GALLERY, being made nowhere else in the
 world. It will be found a sumptuous and unique Holiday
 gift.

THE GALLERY

Contains a large and interesting collection of
 PORTRAITS OF DISTINGUISHED MEN,
 which the public is invited to visit and inspect.
 It will be open on Jan. 1, till 8 o'clock P. M.
 No. 308 Broadway, over Thompson's Saloon.

GOUFIL & CO.,
 PRINT PUBLISHERS,
 No. 308 Broadway, New-York,
 have recently received the following beautiful mezzotints:

THE CHRISTMAS PRESENT. Oval, plain, 25; colored, 35.
FAMILY PRAYER. Oval, plain, 25; colored, 35.
MUTUAL INSTRUCTION. Oval, plain, 25; colored, 35.
THE ANNUNCIATION. Arched top, plain, 25; colored, 35.
WASHINGTON CROSSING THE DELAWARE. (Reproduction.) Plain, 25; colored, 35.
FIDELITY—A Dog at the Grave of his Master. Plain 25; colored, 35.
THE APOSTLES WITH THE LAMB OF GOD. Plain, 25; colored, 35.
SHROUDDING OF CHRIST. By Dugout, after Delacroix. Plain, 25 50.

PUBLIC MEETINGS.

THE ANNIVERSARY OF THE SUNDAY SCHOOL. Church, Third-st., near Fifth-st., will take place on **TUESDAY EVENING, Dec. 10th, 7 o'clock.** The subject of the evening will be **THE SUNDAY SCHOOL CHAIR;** also music, Prizes, gratification, etc.

by the children; addresses by the pastor, D. S. BURKE, and Dr. E. FAIRLY; and will conclude with the distribution of rewards and presents to all the children belonging to the School—the whole under the direction of JAMES BURKE, Superintendent. The public are invited to attend. Admittance free.

KINGS COUNTY REPUBLICAN GENERAL COMMITTEE.—An adjourned meeting of this Committee will be held at the Committee room, New Brighton, on Monday, June 10, at 8 o'clock.

THE SECOND WARD REPUBLICAN ASSOCIATION will meet at the Museum Hotel, No. 23 Ann-st., on TUESDAY EVENING, 30th inst., 7 1/2 o'clock. Members of the Committee are requested to attend, as business of importance will be transacted. By order, JOHN G. BERGEN, President. S. ALPHEUS SMITH, Secretary.

EDWARD PETTER, Secretary.
TWENTY-SECOND WARD--THE REFUG-
 A local association of the 22d Ward will hold a special
 meeting for the election of officers for the ensuing year,
 and other business, on the 30th day of December next,
 at 7 o'clock P. M., at Jacob Coltrin's Hotel, corner 64th-st.
 and Broadway. By order. D. T. EASTON, Pres.
 JAMES G. McMILLAN, Sec. per tem.

LECTURES.
BROOKLYN YOUNG MEN'S CHRISTIAN ASSOCIATION.—The third lecture of the course before this Association will be delivered THIS (Tuesday) evening, at 8 o'clock, on the second THURSDAY, Jan. 4, at the Bible House, at 13 o'clock, as usual.

day) EVENING, in Hudson-st. Church, at 8 o'clock, by Rev. W. H. MILBURN, Superintendent of the Bureau of Prisons, on the subject of "THE REFORMATION OF THE DOORS OPEN" on TUESDAY, Dec. 29, at 8 o'clock. Tickets 25 cents, to be had at the door, or at SWAYNE'S, Fulton-st., and at the rooms of the Association. C. F. HAYES, Chairman Lec. Com.

REV. JAMES PRESTLEY, OF NEW-YORK
will deliver a lecture in the First Reformed Dutch Church, Hudson-st., Hoboken, before the Ladies' Literary Association, on TUESDAY, EVENING, Dec. 29, at 8 o'clock. Tickets 25 cents, to be had at the door, or at SWAYNE'S, Fulton-st., and at the rooms of the Association. C. F. HAYES, Chairman Lec. Com.

REV. DR. E. H. CHAPIN—WILL DELIVER A
Lecture, THIS EVENING, at 7½ o'clock, in the
Middle Reformed Dutch Church, (Harrison-st., South
Brooklyn.) Subject: *Modern Chivalry*. Tickets 25 cents.
For the benefit of the Church.

FAIRS.

FAIR AND FESTIVAL, IN AID OF THE
 Gothic M. E. Church, will be held at Washington
 Hall, corner South 7th and 4th sts., Williamsburg.
AFTERNOON AND EVENING, Dec. 30 and 31, 1885.
 all DAY and EVENING, Jan. 1, 1887. Admission 12 1/2
 cents.

DANCING.

DANCING ACADEMIES.

A. DUDWORTH'S DRESSING.
No. 806 BROADWAY, NEW-YORK.
No. 157 MONAGUE-PLACE, BROOKLYN.
New-York classes on **WEDNESDAYS** and **SATUR-**
DAY. Brooklyn classes on **TUESDAYS** and **FRI-**
DAYS, at 8 and 4 P. M. for ladies and children, at 1 P. M.
for gentlemen. Ladies' private class at 1 P. M. Pupils
can commence at any time during the season.
Practising assemblies for ladies and gentlemen **EVERY**
MONDAY EVENING in Brooklyn, and **EVERY SAT-**
URDAY EVENING in New-York. Former pupils can
re-subscribe.

BALLS.

THE TWENTY-EIGHTH ANNUAL BALL OF THE NEW YORK FIRE DEPARTMENT, in aid of the **Widows and Orphans**, will take place at the **Auditorium of Music, 14th-st., on MONDAY EVENING, Jan. 28, 1897.** Tickets may be had by applying to the **Manager, HENRY A. BURR, President.**

JAMES WYMAN, Secretary.

LOST AND FOUND.

\$50 REWARD.—STOLEN FROM THE RESIDENCE OF the undersigned, No. 160 Railroad av., Jersey City, on the afternoon of Thursday, Dec. 23, the following articles: 1 gold fob chain, 1 silver trumpet, marked John J. Bloomfield; gold plate, marked K. E. H.; 10 silver teaspoons, marked J. H. B.; 2 silver parerive spoons, 2 silver butter knives, 1 silver spoon

100,000 HORNS TO SAVE MANUFACTURERS AND OTHERS.—The Buckhorn Hide and Molding Association, of that City, are now prepared to enter into contracts for all the horns the Association may receive the coming year. Parties interested

BONNET COVER, A NEW AND VERY DESIRABLE Patented (India) Rubber Cover, for the purpose of holding the Bonnet in its place when on the head, which is much approved by ladies, just received by D. M. KURTZ & CO., No. 25 West 4th, New York.

MEDICAL

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only on receiving a

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ATTS' FRIEND.—
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established in 1994

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CONSULTATION
ing series of years co
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less than twenty thousand cases, without an instance of failure. The remedy is so simple, and so infallible, that it is the best chance of cure. Dr. Watson is a constant attendant, from the morning until six o'clock, at the consulting room and treatment. Walkers, a few years ago, were twenty times as numerous as they are now. WM. WATSON, M.D., is separately.

Formerly of New York.

DR. WATSON'S NEW YORK. — THE
DR. WATSON AND CURE. — A complete practical treatise on nervous disorders and premature extinction, with loss of ability, and its early relief, and on other diseases of the brain, which the author has cured. This is a valuable remedy, which the treatment, are fully explained, illustrated by many cases explained here and elsewhere. W.D. is a constant attendant, from the morning until six o'clock, at the consulting room and treatment. Walkers, a few years ago, were twenty times as numerous as they are now. WM. WATSON, M.D., is separately.

To be had of the author, who may be consulted confidentially at No. 10, Walker-st., a few doors west of Broadway.

DE LAURENCE'S PARIS AND LONDON
MEDICAL ADVISOR AND MARSHALL GUIDE. — A complete practical treatise on nervous disorders and premature extinction, with loss of ability, and its early relief, and on other diseases of the brain, which the author has cured. This is a valuable remedy, which the treatment, are fully explained, illustrated by many cases explained here and elsewhere. W.D. is a constant attendant, from the morning until six o'clock, at the consulting room and treatment. Walkers, a few years ago, were twenty times as numerous as they are now. WM. WATSON, M.D., is separately.

To be had of the author, who may be consulted confidentially at No. 10, Walker-st., a few doors west of Broadway.

The advertised remedies, and shows the superiority of the

at No. 88 Mercer-st.,
Hotel from 10 A.

composed of L. LARSON to the effect:—*Overseer* said
State Union, Remond Salomon, Day Street, Newmarket, N. Y.
SPERMATOCOPHORIA OR NOCTURNAL
EMERSON'S REMOND SALOMON has been
 remedy, that men say I have discovered. This is no
 "humbler" sent on receipt of one shilling or four stamps.
 Address Box No. 289, Middletown, New York.

DOCTOR WATKINSON'S PULMONARIA—
 For the cure of consumption, or, nearly any other
 of the lungs, and all other diseases of the
 throat and lungs. Price all per bottle, for sale only at No.
 148 Broadway.

DENTISTRY.

CONTINUOUS GUM THERM.—The
 lately perfected apparatus in the United States is
 known for an infringement of the patent of ALLEN O. GUM
 Continuous Gum Therm, having been decided in my favor. I

sure plates, which can be inserted with

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ER SAVINGS
the door from

every day from the week A. M. until 5 o'clock P. M. on Thursday evenings from 5 to 7 o'clock. Six cents for each family of four persons, and 10 cents for a sum over \$400. All sums deposited on or before the first of January will draw interest at the rate of 5 per cent. Cash on Demand. See **PETER SITUS, Pres.**

SAVING SAVINGS INSTITUTION, No. 86
Warren-st., near Greenwich-st.—Open daily from 10 A. M. to 2 P. M., and 4 to 7 P. M., on MONDAYS, THURSDAYS and FRIDAYS. Deposits of \$100 and upwards from that of 40 cents.

SAVING SAVINGS BANK, 100 NASSAU ST.,
VALERIE L. PETER, Secretary.

MARKET BANK.—THE ANNUAL ELECTION
for seventeen Directors of the Bank will be held at the Bank on Monday, the 27th of January, 1866, at 10 o'clock; at 3, for three Inspectors of Election for the next year. The Transfer book will be closed from December 27 until January 15.

R. H. HAYDOCK, Cashier.

MORRILL SAVING BANK, No. 241
NINTH AVENUE.—All sums of \$100 and under,

monita. J. BRIN
n. 1, 1857.

SAINT NICHOLAS BANK—NEW YORK.
Dec. 2, 1884.—The Annual Election for Officers Directors of this Bank, and for three Incumbents of the governing Board, will be held at the Bankers' house on TWENTY-NINTH ST., the 12th January next. Poll will open at 12 M. and close at 1 o'clock P. M. J. M. PARKER, Secy.

THE FIRST SAVINGS BANK—FIDELITY.
The Annual Meeting of the Shareholders of this Bank, for the purpose of electing Officers and Directors, will be held on WEDNESDAY and THURSDAY next, from 5 to 8 o'clock, at the Bankers' house, 29, N. 29th St. Deposits of \$500 and under, 5 per cent.

THOMAS B. STILLMAN, President.

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The Dead of 1856. This year, old field-hand, Time, has harvested more than his usual crop of greatness in this out-going season of 1856. Few names strike the eye, in glancing over the record, as distinguished in any of the paths of eminence where time is achieved, or mankind benefited; none perhaps who will find an enduring place in history, or more than a passing notice in some comprehensive biographical dictionary, yet to be compiled. If anything can be said to characterize the year, it will rather be the paucity of noted men on the bills of mortality. Other annals have been rendered remarkable by the multiplicity of such entries. The year 1832, for instance, has always been memorable for the number of its illustrious dead; the literary world having then lost its two greatest names, WALTER SCOTT and WOLFGANG VON GOETHE, with sundry of less distinction, though the poets unquestionably of the greatest eminence, SIR JAMES MACGILLIVRAY, GEORGE CHANNING, JACOB GRAY, ANNA MARIA PORTER, DIVAN, and others, the learned ADAM CLARKE, LAW, Chief Justice TRENCHARD, and JEREMY BENTHAM, Science, CIVIL, CRISTAL, and STRUTHERS. Bating the year 1616, when both CHRYSTIAN and SHAKESPEARE passed away, that year which mourned Scott, Goethe, BENTHAM, and CIVIL, must stand unparalleled in the melancholy record.

Yet the closing twelvemonth has a few losses meriting sincere regret, and more than a careless reader. There was HENRY GOULDEN, who died Jan. 22, a stout old Conservative statesman of the Peelite order, Chancellor of the Exchequer when the Duke of Wellington formed the Anti-Reform Cabinet, and always in power, whenever PEEL, ARDEN, and the rest of that brilliant school, gained and retained the ascendancy. Mr. GOULDEN sat in Parliament for the University of Cambridge, from 1831 to the period of his death; VISCOUNT HARDING, Commander-in-Chief of the British Army, and Field Marshal, decorated with crosses, and orders, and scars, and prizes innumerable, for services in the Peninsular and Spanish and Hindostani, died on the 28th September. His military reputation unquestionably reflected a slight eclipse in the conduct of the late war with Russia. A contemporary of Lord HARDING in the India service, Sir HENRY PORTINGHAM, preceded him to the grave by a few months, having died on the 18th March. Though a Major-General, Sir HENRY rather distinguished himself by diplomatic and administrative talents, than by more brilliant facilities. His loss fell most heavily upon the East India Company. Russia names, in its secretary of state and soldiers, several noted personages. Prince PASKIEWITZ, the conqueror of Poland, and its Viceroy since the conquest, died at Warsaw on the 1st February. Count RYDICK, another old gamecock who had bristled his feathers in sundry contests with Turkey, Hungary, and Persia, succumbed to the last victory, June 23. Prince WOLFF, who earned his title and a few meagre laurels in the Caucasus, pursuing the untamable SHAMIT, perished on the 18th November. And on June 11, IGNAZIUS TURKULL, a Pole who sold himself to NICHOLAS I. for an office and pension, and was the acting Minister for the affairs of his unhappy country, at St. Petersburg, joined old PASKIEWITZ in the paradise of libicides.

In the person of the gallant Gen. GUTON, Russia lost a troublesome antagonist, and Turkey a valuable soldier. Guyon, although an Englishman, spent his life in European service, chiefly in the cause of the oppressed Spaniards, Hungarians, and Turks. He died on the 15th October. Of statesmen, we of the cis-Atlantic side have to regret JOHN M. NILES, Postmaster-General under President VAN BUREN, and long a conspicuous Senator in Congress, an able, upright, though not always a judicious politician. WILLIAM C. DAWSON, of Georgia, likewise formerly a United States Senator, is on the roll of the dead. He will be remembered as an ardent advocate of those principles attributed to Messrs. TOOMBS, STEPHENS and BROWN. The Army list loses Gen. BANKHEAD, Commander of the Western Division. From the Navy list are missing the names of Captains McKENZIE, MORRIS, CORNER and DULANT. ALVARO HUNTER disappeared from the same record before he was enrolled on that of Fate. Spanish America is not without its losses in this kind; Gen. LOPEZ, one of the cut-throat contemporaries of ROSAS, in Buenos Ayres, having passed to his last reckoning; and Central America, lamenting SALASAR and BOGANO, two of its most distinguished patriots.

The legal profession has also experienced noteworthy losses. On the 1st day of January died JOHN MACPHERSON BERRIET, of Georgia, the youngest constitutional lawyer and wisest statesman of the South. OGDEN HOFFMAN, one of the kindest gentlemen, and most persuasive advocates of the New-York bar, died suddenly on the 1st of May; and subsequently that same fraternity had to lament the loss of EDWARD CURTIS, the friend of DANIEL WEBSTER; and LORENZO B. SHEPHERD, a fine-hearted fellow, and promising lawyer and politician. The profession in New-England regret the death of Judge BURGESS, of Rhode Island, and SAMUEL HOAR, of Massachusetts. JOHN M. CLAYTON, of Delaware, has equal title to rank as a politician, statesman, and jurist; but his reputation will, we imagine, rest, if it remains at all, upon the latter character.

The schools of divinity have been lightly touched by the destroyer. Dr. JOHN O. CHOWLES, a genial and popular gentleman, and clergyman of the Baptist communion, died Jan. 5. In the same month PHILIP TAYLOR, and PATRICK WILLIAMS, a pair of nonconformists, this of Massachusetts, that of Kentucky, withdrew tardily from the stage; in February, JAMES BYRN, a self-devoted, courageous missionary in Central Africa, passed thence to his master. One name, however, deserves especial mention as likely to outlast all others we shall have occasion to enumerate. THOMAS MATTHEW, who added to the pious meekness of the priest the energy of an enthusiastic philanthropist, died on the 9th December. As an advocate of temperance reform, it is quite possible, few of his works will follow him; but the example of his labors in that profuse direction; his real preference, and self-sacrifice, will always classify him with the Howards, and Frys, and Safes Vincents.

Science has to deplore several distinguished votaries. BRILL, who discovered and attached his name to a comet; RING, a cunning stargazer and observer at the Paris Observatory; are among the dead. Of geologists, Dr. BUCK-

LAND, who first taught the Wernerian theory to the English, and while he lived ranked at the head of that department of physics; and DANIEL SMITH, President of the Royal Geological Society, are of the noted. Education will long lament honest JORGE CURTIS, one of our own undying philanthropists, with whom we should name M. KORTY, the French Minister of Public Instruction—a faithful and intelligent friend of popular education. In inventive science, ROBERT L. STAVENS is not to be forgotten; the contriver of endless improvements in steam navigation, the planner of that masked battery at Hoboken, supposed to be built of bullion, so costly has it proved; and, what is most wonderful, an inventor that was not a painter. Still more memorable in the same class is GEORGE STRECKER, the boat-builder; a mechanic whose name is a household word everywhere in America; a standing incentive to industrial skill and ambition; a name attended with many regrets for genius prematurely lost to the world. Medical circles deplore the death of Dr. WILLIAM P. C. BARLOW, Senior Surgeon of the Navy, a gentleman of some considerable celebrity as a medical botanist; and Dr. JOHN C. WALKER, of Boston, a very eminent and popular physician, and valuable citizen. While Arctic research is enlightened by the result of Dr. KANE's explorations, it loses two names over to be remembered in the annals of such adventure. Sir JOHN ROSS figured in two famous expeditions polewards, the first commanded by the famous PARRY; the second commanded by himself. The discoveries effected by these attempts were indispensable prelude to the later labors of McCLURE and KANE. Sir JOHN died in August. On the fourth of December died Admiral FREDERICK BERRYET, the participator or leader in four highly interesting voyages to the Polar seas. Distinguished early by gallantry at the battle of New Orleans, BERRYET was selected to accompany FRANKLIN in his first expedition; and afterwards adventured thrice himself, approaching the theatre of research from Behring's Straits. The fruits of his explorations are of the very highest value.

Art enumerates more than its usual losses. In music, two composers have experienced the common lot, namely, ADOLPHUS ADAM and PETER LINDEPETER. Neither of them belongs to the front rank of *maestri*; and yet it will be long before choice bits of the *Portillon de Longjumeau* are forgotten to the credit of the former, and before gems of the latter vanish from the repertoire of the German school. There was old JOHN BRAHAM who sang first in 1785, an infant phenomenon in those days, and who sang on, to the delight and astonishment of three generations, until the last days of his life. His last day was February 17. A veteran only ten years "less aged," died in Australia in January—CHARLES BOCHSA, the traveling companion and manager for Mrs. ANNA BISHOP, a noted harpist and not noticable composer. A name, known and blessed of all beginners at the piano-forte, and to be set down in this year's necrology, is that of BERTINI, whose elementary work in that kind is a boarding-school treasure. The dramatic art comes from its roll the name of Jo. FIELD, whose comic acting was the delight of the Southern public, and whose comic sketches have been thought worthy of preservation and repeated editions among readers at the North. Old ROBERT MAYWOOD is also to be debited to this year—a well-known manager, and once popular actor—long, however, retired from the stage. ELIZA VESTRIS, a daughter of BARTOLOZZI, the greatest of engravers, is also down in the black list—a famous beauty, actress, danseuse, songstress, and manager of her day. The French theatre this year is *en deuil* for Madame MORREAU-SAINT, a contemporary and sometime rival of Mademoiselle MARS. GEORGE WILKIE and GEORGE MAYNE YOUNG are missing from the English stage. Sir RICHARD WESTMACOTT, who succeeded CHANTREY in the favor of the British public as a sculptor, died on the 1st September. His imperishable monuments are the figure of Achilles in Hyde Park—bronze, gigantic, in its early days the grandest in the world—together with statues of FOX, CARRINGTON and others, and the superb national monument to PITT. A master of the French school of painting is also in our record in the person of PAUL DELAROCHE, the competitor of the VERNETS and DAVIDS of that ostentatious style of art. The portraits of DELAROCHE will be treasured when his historical inventions are forgotten, so characteristic, original and faithful were they. The art pictorial has experienced no other loss, unless it be Mr. JOHN ARTHUR HERBERT, a promising English artist who seemed to perish on the very threshold of fame.

On Feb. 8, died at Paris HENRICH HEINE, the German poet, patriot, philosopher, martyr. The literary *wygwar* has sought him these nine years in his garret as one of the lions of the French capital. Out upon the Illinois prairies, broad contrast to the cooped-up cabin of poor HEINE, perished, May 2, JAMES G. PERCIVAL, poet, clergyman and geologist. The hammer had been assumed for the abandoned pen some years before, earning the pervers of the office of State Geologist for Wisconsin, an office of great interest and some little profit. Poor ROWECROFT, the dismissed Consul of H. B. M. at Cincinnati, is the only romancer who finds place in our list. His stories once enjoyed very considerable popularity in England, some of them securing republication here. Female authorship suffered in the loss of Mrs. CAROLINE LEE HENTZ and Mrs. ELIZABETH J. EAMES, both of them American women. Mrs. HENTZ's stories were chiefly anti-slavery. Mrs. STOW'S Anti-Slavery tales, having a strong Pro-Slavery bias, such as a generous-hearted lady, who sees the Institution only in its rosy lights, were prompted to indite and utter. Mrs. EAMES belonged to that mob of indefatigable women who best Philadelphia magazine literature with prose and verse. Some of the latter was decidedly above female mediocrity.

Journalism suffers the loss of Judge THOMAS WALKER, of the *Cincinnati Gazette*; of DANIEL BOWEN, the dean of the American Press; of VICTOR MONTROSS, one of the most active contributors to the *Paris Presse*. GILBERT A. BUCKETT, of the *London Punch*, should perhaps class in this category, though his many humorous publications entitle him to less fugitive honors. WILLIAM HAYDEN, the Chronologist; FREDERICK VON DER HAEGE, the literary historian and antiquary; JOHN ROOKE, a busy English pamphleteer, should not go unmentioned. Perhaps Sir WILLIAM HAMILTON should have had place among scientific notori-

ties in that arid region the metaphysician is certainly more at home than in more flowery walks of literature. Sir WILLIAM will have no high rank in the history of Philosophy, having invented no new theory of mental science, nor added evidence and light to the peculiar system he expounded, in the disconnected essays he left behind him. He was rather a formal than an original thinker. ARTHUR TAINAR, the historian of the Normans, will command higher esteem, as being the first of Frenchmen to apply the critical principles of NIEZEMER to Anglo-French history. His latter years were darkened by the same malady that afflicts our own PATERSON.

Shall we not pass in silence the file of more notoriety, the Princes, Dukes, Duchesses, and other infinite nobility, who have come down to the "vulgar level of the great"—and small? Yet might it be disrespectful not to name HERZ, Duke of Norfolk, the senior Peer of England; and CATHERINE, Countess of PARSONAGE, daughter of the Russian Prince WOLGAST; heretofore named, and mother of Right Hon. SIDNEY HERBERT, M. P.; and the Countess DE BONNELLE, an aristocratic blackleg, who disgraced herself by becoming the third husband of the Ex-Empress MARIA-JOZEF. Outside of the Peerage, and perhaps all the better for it, we should name poor CANN, who failed in his Italian attempt to found an Italian community; and WATSON G. HAYNES, one of WALKER's victims, who formerly did some service in aiding the abolition of flogging in the Navy; Major JOHN EATON, a confidential friend of Gen. JACKSON; SAMUEL SWARTWOUT, distinguished in the same way, and also for being largely indebted to the Federal Treasury; JOHN SADLER, an Irish M. P., who died of an excess of debts; WILLIAM PALMER, who was put to death for forgetting that toxicological experiments should be made in *corporibus vivibus*; JAMES, or YANKEE, SULLIVAN, who put himself to death for fear of the vindictive justice of an excited community.

Such is the necrology of the year. It contains little that will be long regretted; little that the world will look back upon as losses fifty years hence. The profit and loss account leans obviously to the advantage of mankind. We shall have little to reproach Time withal, if this incoming year be dealt as gently with the living as in the year now going out. So may it be.

KAISER IN KANSAS.

Quiet in Kansas—Gov. Geary's Position—The Territorial Government—Treatment of the Free-State Press—Kansas Legislature—Miscellaneous.

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On Feb. 8, died at Paris HENRICH HEINE, the German poet, patriot, philosopher, martyr. The literary *wygwar* has sought him these nine years in his garret as one of the lions of the French capital. Out upon the Illinois prairies, broad contrast to the cooped-up cabin of poor HEINE, perished, May 2, JAMES G. PERCIVAL, poet, clergyman and geologist. The hammer had been assumed for the abandoned pen some years before, earning the pervers of the office of State Geologist for Wisconsin, an office of great interest and some little profit. Poor ROWECROFT, the dismissed Consul of H. B. M. at Cincinnati, is the only romancer who finds place in our list. His stories once enjoyed very considerable popularity in England, some of them securing republication here. Female authorship suffered in the loss of Mrs. CAROLINE LEE HENTZ and Mrs. ELIZABETH J. EAMES, both of them American women. Mrs. HENTZ's stories were chiefly anti-slavery. Mrs. STOW'S Anti-Slavery tales, having a strong Pro-Slavery bias, such as a generous-hearted lady, who sees the Institution only in its rosy lights, were prompted to indite and utter. Mrs. EAMES belonged to that mob of indefatigable women who best Philadelphia magazine literature with prose and verse. Some of the latter was decidedly above female mediocrity.

Journalism suffers the loss of Judge THOMAS WALKER, of the *Cincinnati Gazette*; of DANIEL BOWEN, the dean of the American Press; of VICTOR MONTROSS, one of the most active contributors to the *Paris Presse*. GILBERT A. BUCKETT, of the *London Punch*, should perhaps class in this category, though his many humorous publications entitle him to less fugitive honors. WILLIAM HAYDEN, the Chronologist; FREDERICK VON DER HAEGE, the literary historian and antiquary; JOHN ROOKE, a busy English pamphleteer, should not go unmentioned. Perhaps Sir WILLIAM HAMILTON should have had place among scientific notori-

ties in that arid region the metaphysician is certainly more at home than in more flowery walks of literature. Sir WILLIAM will have no high rank in the history of Philosophy, having invented no new theory of mental science, nor added evidence and light to the peculiar system he expounded, in the disconnected essays he left behind him. He was rather a formal than an original thinker. ARTHUR TAINAR, the historian of the Normans, will command higher esteem, as being the first of Frenchmen to apply the critical principles of NIEZEMER to Anglo-French history. His latter years were darkened by the same malady that afflicts our own PATERSON.

Shall we not pass in silence the file of more notoriety, the Princes, Dukes, Duchesses, and other infinite nobility, who have come down to the "vulgar level of the great"—and small? Yet might it be disrespectful not to name HERZ, Duke of Norfolk, the senior Peer of England; and CATHERINE, Countess of PARSONAGE, daughter of the Russian Prince WOLGAST; heretofore named, and mother of Right Hon. SIDNEY HERBERT, M. P.; and the Countess DE BONNELLE, an aristocratic blackleg, who disgraced herself by becoming the third husband of the Ex-Empress MARIA-JOZEF. Outside of the Peerage, and perhaps all the better for it, we should name poor CANN, who failed in his Italian attempt to found an Italian community; and WATSON G. HAYNES, one of WALKER's victims, who formerly did some service in aiding the abolition of flogging in the Navy; Major JOHN EATON, a confidential friend of Gen. JACKSON; SAMUEL SWARTWOUT, distinguished in the same way, and also for being largely indebted to the Federal Treasury; JOHN SADLER, an Irish M. P., who died of an excess of debts; WILLIAM PALMER, who was put to death for forgetting that toxicological experiments should be made in *corporibus vivibus*; JAMES, or YANKEE, SULLIVAN, who put himself to death for fear of the vindictive justice of an excited community.

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New York Daily Times

NEW YORK, WEDNESDAY, DEC. 31, 1856.

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Red Republicanism in the United States.

On the 20th of September, 1793, an individual calling himself an American citizen, dared to write to the Father of his country: "And as to you, Sir, treacherous in private friendship, and a hypocrite in public life, the world will be troubled to decide whether you are an apostate or an impostor—whether you have abandoned good principles, or whether you ever had any." Such was the language addressed from Paris, by THOMAS PAINE, a foreigner by birth, to GEORGE WASHINGTON, because the latter refused to prostitute his power as President of the United States, in the service of Red Republicanism. The National Convention had not been dissolved; the 18th Vendémiaire had not rendered impossible a return of the Reign of Terror; the bloody carnival which preceded the Directory, still continued; PAINE had been a witness of the excesses which had resulted from a system of false freedom similar to his own; but the horrors of the Revolution had failed to convince him that a people, voluntarily submitted to Robespierre and Marat, becomes a nation of demons. Hence his animosity against General WASHINGTON, and his sneers at the prudence which opposed a barrier to any active demonstration of sympathy in the United States, for the anarchical period which succeeded the first fall of the Bourbon dynasty. Hence, too, the slighting terms in which the first and best of our Presidents, has been ever spoken of by those who consider licentiousness to be identical with liberty.

In most of the editions of the life and writings of THOMAS PAINE, which were published previous to 1848, his attacks upon WASHINGTON were suppressed; and it is only since that time, that the increased number of his disciples, has given them boldness to condemn, as "mealy-mouthed," the policy of excluding "those passages which wound the feelings of veneration entertained for the memory of WASHINGTON, by all true Americans. Particularly after the foreign influx commenced, which was the consequence of the failure of the revolutionary movements eight years ago, upon the Continent of Europe, many socialist fanatics were to be found among the immigrants who passed into the United States; and it was feared by superficial observers, that they could never acquire proper sympathy for the conservative element in our institutions, and that their affiliation to every species of radicalism in the land boded evil to the future welfare of our Republic. These fears have passed away, and the experience of less than eight years, has demonstrated that the surest cure for those theoretical dreams of false liberty which are the natural growth of the mind under despotism, is the practical enjoyment of true freedom.

The papers of the country, two years ago, teemed with articles upon the subject of Paine political organizations, especially among the Germans in the United States. The Richmond platform of the so-called "Free Germans," looked, at first sight, quite appalling; and when it became known that it had branches in every State, and every principal town in the land, the saddest auguries were formed as to the result. The abolition of all religion whatsoever; women's rights; the adoption of Red Republicanism against all monarchial governments; such a revision of the Constitution; that the office of President of the United States and two houses of Congress should be done away with; instant admission to citizenship by all emigrants, etc., were provided for by the Richmond delegates, and France, in 1793, was to be revived in America. Yet, less than three years have elapsed, and the "Free German" Association has totally changed its complexion.

Every member of it, has had full sweep to say all he pleased, propagate his opinions without let or hindrance, and do as much as the law and free suffrage, would allow, in active furtherance of his views. There has been no oppression—not even the tyranny of public opinion, or any unusual interference on the part of the American press—and what has been the consequence? Where are our Red Republicans? Why have they ceased to exist as a party altogether; confine their movements within their own clubs; and, practically, have become as good "Americans" as the most orderly disposed could wish for.

Utopian extremes cannot long live upon the soil of this Republic. Those of PAINE died before he did, and have been succeeded by myriads of others, each of which has been equally short-lived. From time to time, individual schemes or fancies may be exchanged and made to flutter through a second or third existence; but common sense prevails in the end, and that which was "crooked" is very speedily "made straight." The immigration from the European Continent, after 1848, which was looked upon by many so anxiously, turns out to have been a blessing and not a curse. The evil was of short duration, but the good remains.

ANOTHER REVOLUTION IN PERU.—The Republic of Peru, according to late advices, is once more on the eve of revolution. Disorder and an utter disregard of law have been the characteristics of all the Spanish-American Republics since the day they separated from the mother country, but this has especially been the case with Peru. A Government which ought to be the most flourishing—it is, with the exception of Nicaragua, the most miserable south of the Rio Grande. With an immense revenue from the guano trade, it is too poor and too indolent to adopt any measures that would benefit the condition of the people or develop the inexhaustible resources of the country. When EGUENOR assumed Presidential honors, the public debt was only some six thousand dollars. During his administration that debt was increased to sixty thousand. Public men in Peru take office for the sole purpose of robbery. The source from whence the public revenue is derived affords them, in this respect, every facility. They make immense fortunes during the short time they are permitted to remain in power, and when a revolution comes, they leave for Europe, and, in London or Paris, for the remainder of their lives, live sumptuously and enjoy their ill-gotten gains. The people who permit themselves to be thus cheated are scarcely worthy of a better destiny. They are indolent in the extreme, and can only be reared from their lethargy when some monopolist of the spoils is to be overthrown. Their country has all the advantages, with none of the disadvantages, of a tropical climate. Its temperature is moderate and healthy. The soil is luxuriant and yields

A thousand fold with little or no labor.

It is splendidly watered and rich in minerals. Its natural advantages are such as few nations in the world possess, and yet, despite in addition an extraordinary revenue from the trade of the Chincha Islands, the first step towards opening up the interior has still to be taken. Centuries ago the Incas established roads throughout the country, and the modern Peruvians have not ventured to improve or to alter them. The fact speaks volumes, and illustrates the character of the people. We shall probably hear by next mail of the overthrow of CASTILLA and the nomination of VIVANCO in his place. The change in the Presidency depends upon the Army, which has the power to do as it pleases. Its favorite now seems to be VIVANCO, though, a short time since, when the last attempted revolution was unsuccessful, CASTILLA was the prominent man. It matters little, however, who is President. There is not much difference among any of them. Private gain is the ambition of all, and the only conclusion we can arrive at, is, that, as long as Peru receives her revenue from the guano trade, she will be afflicted with perpetual revolution and commotion. A bright prospect, then, for the next century! It is not unworthy of notice that Peru is the only Spanish-American Republic that has not abolished Slavery—another cause, no doubt, why, despite her superior advantages, she lags far behind her sister States in civilization and general prosperity.

THE AMBITION OF ENGLAND.—The brief passages of words between the French and English Press on the subject of the "alliance" are still continued; but the last number of the London Times contains a rejoinder to the Debates which may be regarded as a gun to leeward. The Thunderer thus concludes its reply, which discloses what may be regarded as the aim and ambition of England:

"Let the Debates be tranquil," says the Times, "France has nothing to fear from the ambition of England. Our spheres are separate; French ideas and French habits are copied and imitated at Madrid and Milan, at Stockholm and Bucharest; England is at work far away to the east of the Red Sea or the west of the American Gulf Stream. Now, the Anglo-French alliance, great as its importance is, is essentially European. The existence of the United States makes it inapplicable to the New World, and we ourselves can never admit even a coadjutor in our dealings with the monarchies of Asia, which form parts of our Indian system. It follows, then, that in this alliance, confined as it is to Europe, France must ever be the leader. In war, in diplomacy, in social influence she must ever bear the first part."

These are remarkable admissions on the part of England; she yields the whole continent of Europe to France, admits she must ever play a secondary part on that great stage where she has, heretofore, contended for supremacy, and contrasts herself with the East Indies, and the territory west of the Gulf Stream. It is something wholly new to hear the organ of British opinion humbly confessing that on the continent France must ever be the leader—in war, in diplomacy, and in social influence. Hereafter, then, England's ambition contents itself with such influence as can be exerted east of the Red Sea and west of the Gulf Stream. Precisely what is meant by the latter phrase we do not quite understand.

So, the world has been parcelled out by these two great powers; they have formed an alliance to let each other alone. The Journal Debates and the Times have arranged the matter between them in an amicable manner. The whole continent of Europe has been given up to LOUIS NAPOLÉON, while John Bull modestly appropriates to himself all the rest of the universe. John's modesty is only equalled by his cunning. He cares nothing for old, decayed and worn-out Europe. France may have it all, if she wants it; but the wealthy East and the great and growing West he chooses to keep for himself. He will admit not even a coadjutor in his dealings with the monarchies of the East. But, it is possible that France may not submit to those terms. We await with interest the reply of the Debates to the Times' proposition.

CONVICTION AND SENTENCE OF HUNTINGDON.

It would be an affectation of maudlin sentimentality, if we expressed any other opinion in reference to the conviction of HUNTINGDON, than that of satisfaction; and we believe that the public at large will feel relieved from an impending disgrace by knowing that the ends of justice have been fulfilled in his sentence. We have no disposition to exult over the debasement of a fellow creature; but the monstrous frauds of this man were so undeniable, he had, apparently, been riding in his extravagant course of wickedness, because he imagined that the Law could not reach such dashing villainy as his, that when his counsel set up the defence of insanity, it was felt to be an outrage upon the public. If he had been exonerated from the consequences of his gigantic forgeries on the ground of insanity, or even if the Jury had not been able to agree upon a verdict, it would not only have had a damaging effect upon public morals, but it would have been a disgrace to our whole community. Happily, we have been spared such a result. It has long been a reproach to us that a wealthy rogue could not be convicted in our Courts; but the conviction and prompt sentence of HUNTINGDON will do something toward offsetting this stain upon our character. The remarkable course pursued by the defence in attempting to establish the insanity of the prisoner by proving how irreclaimably bad he had been from his boyhood, deprives him of all claim upon the sympathies of the public; and if society congratulate itself upon being rid of a most dangerous character, of whose reformation there could be no reasonable hope, the fault must be laid at the door of his own counsel.

MORE RECRUITS FOR GEN. WALKER.—We have stated elsewhere that about sixty-five tickets were sold for passages to Nicaragua, by the steamer James Alder, which left yesterday for Norfolk, to receive the Tennessee's passengers, and that some sixty persons actually went in that vessel. The information was obtained from a party fully acquainted with the facts, and may be relied upon. This will swell the number of recruits to sail from Norfolk to over two hundred. There is also information from New-Orleans that some five hundred are also about to embark from that point. There appears to be no ground for the rumor, that a large portion of the Tennessee's recruits were in Baltimore, on their way back to New-York.

Colonel Barron on Mrs. Williams.

We should hardly have expected that an expected politician as Col. Barron, who must have witnessed, in his time, the downfall of many an aspiring man of talent, from indulging in a insane desire to write letters to the public, to make so great a mistake as he did in the letter to the National Intelligencer, which we published last Monday. The object of the Colonel was two-fold—first, to rap us over the knuckles for having intimated that he was slightly egotistical in his lectures, and secondly to air his erudition on the subject of the word lady. He said that he not only never used the word himself, but that it was not to be found in the Bible, nor in any Latin or Roman book. As the word is pure Saxon, we do not see how it could well be found in any Greek or Latin author; and he might have added, with great force, too, that no Sanscrit, nor Hebrew, nor Chinese word contained the word.

The Colonel's reference to the Bible has caused a shower of letters to fall upon us, mostly from ladies, quoting various texts from both the Old Testament and the New, in which the word lady is used. We cannot, for a moment, imagine that Old Bullion was so very ignorant of the Good Book as to suppose that the word lady does not occur in it; and therefore we presume he meant the original Scriptures, and not King James' translation, when he made his assertion. He must have a Concordance in his library, and nothing could have been more easy than for him to have satisfied himself as to the correctness of his assertion by consulting it. As the Col. stands, we fear the gallant Colonel has done himself an irreparable injury with the public, by letting it be known how liable he is to be mistaken when he makes a positive assertion.

STOPPING THE TELEGRAPH.—The Charleston Mercury has discovered a new source of trouble to the South, and seeks to apply a remedy. The telegraph has been put to uses which the Mercury deems detrimental to the planting interest. The operators in the Southern States, instigated of course by Northern agitators, have seen fit to forward accounts of the insurrectionary movements among the Slaves—which statements, according to the Mercury's showing, have always been contradicted by the mails. The remedy suggested is the establishment of a police surveillance over the telegraph. It is complained that all sorts of wrong reports are sent over the wires, that the telegraph companies are wholly irresponsible, and that Southern newspapers do wrong in countenancing an agency which is perverted to such vile uses. The result of the Mercury's recommendations, provided they are adopted—would naturally be the loss of the news now published in the best of the Southern press; but that would not be a serious damage, after all. The Mercury is mistaken, however, in the assertion that the telegraphic reports of the Slave troubles have been always contradicted. We have had occasion to publish details from the Southern papers which confirmed the telegraphic accounts in every particular.

CONGRESS.—In the Senate, yesterday, the Committee on Territories was directed to make inquiries as to the settlement of the boundary between California and Utah. Ten thousand extra copies of the report of the Superintendent of the Coast Survey were ordered to be printed. A resolution was adopted calling on the President for information relative to the pay and allowances to Gen. SCOTT.

In the House, after speeches from Messrs. WASHBURN and HARRIS, of Illinois, and MARSHALL, on the President's Message, the Diplomatic and Consular bill was considered, and passed after amendment.

Both Houses adjourned to Friday.

THE LAST OF 1856.—We take our leave today of 1856; and, though the Old Year has not been all that we hoped of it, yet it has done so well upon the whole, and parts from us in so mild and gentle a manner, that we cannot find it in our hearts to utter a word against it. It is a common and a pardonable weakness to think only of the good qualities and pleasant acts of our friends when they leave us forever; and now, while our old friend Fifty-six is in *articulo mortis*, we only remember the many kindnesses he rendered us, and devoutly pray that '57 may prove no worse.

THE NORTH AMERICANS.—A business convention of the "North Americans" was held yesterday at Syracuse, to decide upon a plan of action for the future. The feeling was very unanimous in favor of a reunion with the regular American Party, and a committee was appointed for conference with any committee that might be appointed by the "regulars" for that purpose, and with authority to call a future Convention. The attendance was small.

SHYSTERISM AGAIN.—If the allegations contained in an affidavit recently made at the Lower Police Court, before Justice WALSH, be well founded, it is plain that that peculiar phase of villainy known by the name of Shysterism, had not yet entirely disappeared from among us. The substance of the case which the said affidavit sets forth is as follows:

About a month since, a Mr. LEOPOLD WILLIAMS, the proprietor of a tavern or boarding-house, at No. 40 West Broadway, was arrested for keeping a disorderly establishment at that place. His better half, Mrs. LOUISE WILLIAMS, was naturally in great alarm and tribulation on account of the arrest and captivity of her liege lord. But a comforter soon appeared to restore peace to her perturbed spirit. On the evening of the very day on which Mr. W. was nabbed, a messenger of mercy presented himself to her in the shape of a Mr. ISAAC FISKE, a Police Court practitioner, who seemed to sympathize much with Mrs. LOUISE WILLIAMS, afflictions, and who gave proof of the extent to which he was interested to her by volunteering to procure her husband's immediate liberation from prison. He intimated, however, at the same time that it would be wholly out of his power to effect this for her without the instrumentality of money. Himself, though a philanthropist of the first water, could not afford to labor in his vocation for nothing, and Judges were now-a-days, alas! so selfish and so venal, that they must be bribed ere they could be managed. Hence money would be a indispensable agent in this matter. But the sum required would not be considerable—say about \$75,—and surely so true-hearted and affectionate a wife as Mrs. W. would not regard so much cash in comparison to the freedom and welfare of her husband.

This intimation astounded Mrs. WILLIAMS not a little, and she begged to be allowed until the next morning to meditate on it. When the next morning arrived, Mr. ISAAC FISKE again presented himself to the distressed lady, and with him a Mr. ROSENBERG, who assured Mrs. W. that Brother Fiske had under-valued the cupidity of the Judge, and the costs which must attend the liberation of Mr. WILLIAMS. The lastest Judge

would not be satisfied with less than \$100, the highest sum he had asked; and, surely the public-spirited services of Brother Fiske could not be estimated at a lower figure than the value of his tree. This it would take \$120 to cut her husband free, and on receiving this sum, Brother Fiske would be at liberty to quit in effect that desperate object.

If Mrs. LOUISE WILLIAMS had been contented with the evening before by Fiske's comparatively moderate demand, she was doubly astounded, we may rest assured, at that which ROSENBERG had the audacity to advance. As soon as she had recovered sufficient presence of mind to make reply, she hastened to inform the gentlemen that she was poor and could not pay any such sum, but that she would give them \$25 in cash; Mr. W.'s gold watch, worth \$50; a gold chain, worth \$17, together with a gold locket and key, which had cost herself \$6. So much Mrs. W. was willing to give them for procuring her husband's liberation. Beyond this, however, her means would not allow her to go. This declaration, coming from a lady in distress, of course decided the matter. The two philanthropists seemed to feel much for Mrs. W.'s sufferings, and Mr. ISAAC FISKE kindly said that in consideration of her poverty, he would prevail on the Judge to put up with the \$25 and watch and chain, while himself and the bail would be content with the other trinkets. The bargain being thus closed, Mrs. WILLIAMS handed over to Fiske & Co. the cash and jewelry aforesaid, and shortly afterwards these gentlemen procured the release of Mr. WILLIAMS on bail, and pledged themselves to Mrs. W. that if her husband was ever called up for trial they would forfeit to her the sum of \$500.

Notwithstanding all this, however, hardly had two weeks elapsed from the liberation of WILLIAMS, ere that unfortunate individual was re-arrested on the old charge, and cast into the City Prison, where he now lies in despite of the philanthropy of FISKE and ROSENBERG. Mrs. WILLIAMS, perceiving at length to what an extent she had been imposed on, made repeated efforts, in the first instance, to get back her property from these wretches, but failing in this, she finally proceeded to the Police Court and made that affidavit which revealed to the world her own folly, and, if her statements are true, the villainy of her advisers, for whose arrest a warrant has been issued, which, we trust, has been ere this executed. Such deeds should not be suffered to go unpunished.

GERMAN OPERA.—It is many months since so large an audience assembled in this popular place of amusement as that which congregated there on Monday night to give a welcome to the German Opera troupe, after its long retirement. We accept the apology as a favorable one for the prosperity of the campaign thus happily initiated, and trust that the enthusiasm of our German friends will not again cool down until German Opera has become a permanent institution, and entitled to the suffrages of a larger public.

The Opera selected for the occasion was BERNARDINI'S "Fidelio," a work which has been known here in English language, but never, we believe, in its original form. It is a classical work, and in its characteristics betrays the profound invention of the master of symphonic composition. To a musician it is interesting principally for the variety and originality of its musical forms, and for the abundant coloring of its harmonies and orchestral treatment. To the public it is rather heavy; to the artist somewhat laborious. For these reasons "Fidelio" is not what may be termed a popular Opera, although it is highly achieves a temporary success. But it is an Opera which benefits the act to which it belongs, and which in its appointed way prepares the mind for better or for worse—thereby resembling the marriage service.

BARNABY, when he wrote, never condescended to contemplate the possibility of having moderate artists to interpret his works. Instrumentally and really he wrote for the best, and the best only. Hence it happens that in the present day, when executive talent is common, there are but few orchestras that can play his symphonies, and but few singers who can sing his vocal music. In both particulars "Fidelio" makes heavy demands on the resources of an Operatic Company; and when we say that it was given creditably on Monday night, we wish to be understood in a general and appreciative sense. There are many reasons why it could not be given well, foremost amongst which we may mention, absence of good singers to fill all its parts, and deficient numbers in the orchestra. In German music—and BarnabY's particularly—so much depends on the just elucidation of the orchestral figures, that in the absence of proper interpreting power, noise is apt to take the place of well balanced musical thought. Without a due proportion of violins, this is inevitable; and in an orchestra of thirty performers a due proportion is out of the question. Mr. BARNABY—an excellent conductor in many respects—very often mistakes loudness for volume, and is full of parts, and deficient numbers in the orchestra. In German music—and BarnabY's particularly—so much depends on the just elucidation of the orchestral figures, that in the absence of proper interpreting power, noise is apt to take the place of well balanced musical thought. Without a due proportion of violins, this is inevitable; and in an orchestra of thirty performers a due proportion is out of the question. Mr. BARNABY—an excellent conductor in many respects—very often mistakes loudness for volume, and is full of parts, and deficient numbers in the orchestra. 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at Elizabeth, N. J., at the	
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house furnaces.....	4.30
and grain.....	4.75
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not, properly authenticated, on ac-
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are said to have who file back
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stoves, ranges, etc.....	4.30
and gas.....	4.50
stoves, ranges, etc.....	4.75
and, etc.....	4.75
Brooklyn, Jersey City, etc., taking	5.00
75 cents per ton.	
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